SF200

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## **SENATE** STATE OF MINNESOTA NINETY-THIRD SESSION

# S.F. No. 200

(SENATE AUTHORS: LATZ)				
DATE	D-PG	OFFICIAL STATUS		
01/12/2023	166	Introduction and first reading		
		Referred to Judiciary and Public Safety		
04/25/2023	5909a	Comm report: To pass as amended		
		Joint rule 2.03, referred to Rules and Administration		
05/01/2023	6895	Comm report: Adopt previous comm report Jt rule 2.03 suspended		
	6895	Second reading		
		Referred to for comparison to HF447		
05/02/2023	6905a	Rule 45-amend, subst. General Orders HF447, SF indefinitely postponed		

### A bill for an act

1.2	relating to judiciary; amending policy provisions governing data privacy and access,
1.3	civil remedies, human rights, civil forfeiture, criminal procedure, marriage, name
1.4	changes, real property, and multimember agency appointments; amending
1.5	Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 13.72, subdivision 19, by adding a subdivision;
1.6	15.0597, subdivisions 1, 4, 5, 6; 168B.07, subdivision 3, by adding subdivisions;
1.7	169A.63, subdivision 8; 259.11; 259.13, subdivision 1; 325F.70, by adding a
1.8	subdivision; 336.9-601; 351.01, subdivision 2; 363A.02, subdivision 1; 363A.03,
1.9	subdivisions 23, 44, by adding a subdivision; 363A.04; 363A.06, subdivision 1;
1.10	363A.07, subdivision 2; 363A.08, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, by adding a subdivision;
1.11	363A.09, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; 363A.11, subdivision 1; 363A.12, subdivision
1.12	1; 363A.13, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; 363A.16, subdivision 1; 363A.17; 363A.21,
1.13	subdivision 1; 364.021; 364.06, subdivision 1; 473.387, subdivision 4; 504B.301;
1.14	507.07; 508.52; 517.04; 517.08, subdivisions 1a, 1b; 518.191, subdivisions 1, 3;
1.15	541.023, subdivision 6; 550.365, subdivision 2; 559.209, subdivision 2; 573.01;
1.16	573.02, subdivisions 1, 2; 582.039, subdivision 2; 583.25; 583.26, subdivision 2;
1.17	590.01, subdivision 4; 600.23; 609.5151; 609.5314, subdivision 3; proposing
1.18	coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 13; 259; 480; 484; 634;
1.19	repealing Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 346.02; 363A.20, subdivision 3;
1.20	363A.27; 504B.305; 582.14.
1.21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.22	ARTICLE 1
1.23	DATA PRIVACY
1.24	Section 1. [13.204] POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS LICENSING DATA.
1.25	(a) The following data submitted to a political subdivision by a person seeking to obtain
1.26	a license are classified as private data on individuals or nonpublic data:
1.20	a neede and endonned ab private data on marvidadio or nonpuone data.
1.27	(1) a tax return, as defined by section 270B.01, subdivision 2; and
1.28	(2) a bank account statement.

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2.1	(b) Notv	withstanding section 1	38.17, data colle	ected by a political su	bdivision as part of
2.2	a license ap	plication and classifie	d under paragra	ph (a) must be destroy	yed no later than 90
2.3	days after a	final decision on the	license applicati	on.	
2.4	<b>EFFEC</b>	TIVE DATE. This se	ection is effectiv	e the day following fir	nal enactment. Data
2.5	which a pol	itical subdivision coll	ected or created	before the effective d	late of this section,
2.6	and which w	would otherwise be sub	oject to the destr	uction requirement in	paragraph (b), must
2.7	be destroye	d no later than 90 day	s following fina	l enactment.	
2.8	Sec. 2. M	innesota Statutes 2022	2, section 13.72,	subdivision 19, is am	nended to read:
2.9	Subd. 19	9. Transit customer d	<b>lata.</b> (a) The fol	lowing data on applic	ants, users, and
2.10	customers of	of public transit are pri	ivate data on ind	lividuals: (1) data coll	ected by or through
2.11	a governme	ent entity's personalized	d web services o	r the Metropolitan Co	uncil's regional fare
2.12	collection s	ystem <del>are private data</del>	<del>on individuals</del> ;	and (2) data collected	d by telephone or
2.13	through a th	nird-party software pro	gram for the pu	rposes of booking and	using public transit
2.14	services. As	s used in this subdivis	ion, the followir	ng terms have the mea	nings given <del>them</del> :
2.15	(1) "reg	ional fare collection sy	ystem" means th	e fare collection syste	em created and
2.16	administere	ed by the council that is	s used for collect	ing fares or providing	fare cards or passes
2.17	for transit s	ervices which include	s:		
18	(i) regul	ar route bus service wi	thin the metropo	litan area and paratrar	nsit service, whether
19	provided by	the council or by oth	er providers of	regional transit service	e;
0	(ii) light	t rail transit service wi	thin the metrop	olitan area;	
1	(iii) ride	share programs admir	nistered by the c	ouncil;	
2	(iv) spec	cial transportation serv	vices provided u	nder section 473.386;	; and
5	(v) com	muter rail service;			
4	(2) "pers	sonalized web service	s" means service	es for which transit se	ervice applicants,
5	users, and c	customers must establi	sh a user accour	nt; <del>and</del>	
6	(3) "met	tropolitan area" means	the area define	d in section 473.121,	subdivision 2 <del>.</del> ; and
27	<u>(4)</u> "thir	d-party software prog	ram" means a so	oftware program that i	is proprietary to a
8	third party,	including a third-party	y software progr	am commonly known	n as a mobile app,
	that collects	s and uses a public tra	nsit customer's 1	name and other persor	nally identifiable
	information	, pick-up and drop-off	flocations, and o	other trip data for the p	ourposes of booking
	and using p	ublic transit services.			

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3.1	(b) A government entity may disseminate data on user and customer transaction history
3.2	and fare card use to government entities, organizations, school districts, educational
3.3	institutions, and employers that subsidize or provide fare cards to their clients, students, or
3.4	employees. "Data on user and customer transaction history and fare card use" means:
3.5	(1) the date a fare card was used;
3.6	(2) the time a fare card was used;
3.7	(3) the mode of travel;
3.8	(4) the type of fare product used; and
3.9	(5) information about the date, time, and type of fare product purchased.
3.10	Government entities, organizations, school districts, educational institutions, and employers
3.11	may use customer transaction history and fare card use data only for purposes of measuring
3.12	and promoting fare card use and evaluating the cost-effectiveness of their fare card programs.
3.13	If a user or customer requests in writing that the council limit the disclosure of transaction
3.14	history and fare card use, the council may disclose only the card balance and the date a card
3.15	was last used.
3.16	(c) A government entity may disseminate transit service applicant, user, and customer
3.17	data to another government entity to prevent unlawful intrusion into government electronic
3.18	systems, or as otherwise provided by law.
3.19	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
3.20	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 13.72, is amended by adding a subdivision to
3.21	read:
3.22	Subd. 20. Transit assistance program data. (a) Data on applicants and users of
3.23	Metropolitan Council programs established under section 473.387, subdivision 4, are
3.24	classified as private data on individuals under section 13.02, subdivision 12.
3.25	(b) The council may disclose transit assistance program data to public or private agencies
3.26	or organizations for the purposes of administering and coordinating human services programs
3.27	and other support services for the applicants or users.
3.28	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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4.1	Sec. 4. [1]	3.991] JUDICIAL O	FFICIAL DAT	A; PERSONAL INFO	RMATION.
4.2	Persona	l information of all ju	dicial officials c	ollected, created, or ma	intained by a
4.3	governmen	t entity is private data	on individuals.	For purposes of this sec	tion, the terms
4.4	"personal in	nformation" and "judi	cial official" hav	ve the meanings given ir	n section 480.40,
4.5	subdivision	1.			
4.6	Sec. 5. M	innesota Statutes 202	2, section 473.38	87, subdivision 4, is amo	ended to read:
4.7	Subd. 4	. Transit disadvanta	ged. The council	l shall establish a progra	m and policies to
4.8	reduce trans	sportation costs for pe	rsons who are, b	ecause of limited incom	es, age, disability,
4.9	or other rea	sons, especially deper	ndent on public	transit for common mob	oility. Data on
4.10	applicants a	and users of council p	rograms under tl	his subdivision are class	ified as private
4.11	data on ind	ividuals under section	13.72, subdivis	ion 20.	
4.12	<b>EFFEC</b>	TIVE DATE. This so	ection is effectiv	e the day following fina	ll enactment.
4.13	Sec. 6. [4	80.40] PERSONAL ]	INFORMATIO	N; CONFIDENTIALI	<u>TY.</u>
4.14	Subdivi	sion 1. Definitions. (a	a) For purposes of	of this section, the follow	wing terms have
4.15	the meaning	gs given.			
4.16	<u>(b)</u> "Jud	icial official" include	5:		
4.17	<u>(1) ever</u>	y Minnesota district c	ourt judge, senio	r judge, and every judge	of the Minnesota
4.18	Court of Ap	opeals and every activ	e, senior, recalle	ed, or retired federal jud	ge who resides in
4.19	Minnesota;				
4.20	<u>(2) each</u>	justice of the Minnes	sota Supreme Co	ourt; and	
4.21	<u>(3) all e</u>	mployees of the Minr	esota judicial br	ranch.	
4.22	<u>(c)</u> "Per	sonal information" me	eans:		
4.23	(1) the h	nome address of a jud	icial official;		
4.24	(2) the h	nome address of the sp	oouse, domestic	partner, or children of a	judicial official;
4.25	<u>(3) a not</u>	njudicial branch issue	d telephone num	ber or email address of	a judicial official;
4.26	(4) the r	name of any child of a	judicial official	; and	
4.27	(5) the r	name of any childcare	facility or school	ol that is attended by a c	hild of a judicial
4.28	official.				

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5.1	<u>Subd. 2.</u>	Confidentiality. Th	e personal infor	mation of all judicial of	officials maintained
5.2	by a person,	, business, or associa	tion shall be cor	ifidential and no perso	on, business, or
5.3	association	shall publicly post, di	splay, or otherw	ise make publicly avai	lable on the Internet
5.4	the personal	information of any j	udicial official.	Personal information	shall be kept in a
5.5	secure mann	ner to prevent unauth	orized access. P	ersonal information m	ay be disseminated
5.6	pursuant to a	a specific authorization	on in law or with	the written consent of	the judicial official.
5.7	Sec. 7. <u>[48</u>	34.94] ATTORNEY	ACCESS TO C	COURT RECORDS.	
5.8	An attor	ney who is admitted	and licensed to	practice law in the stat	te may apply for a
5.9	Minnesota (	Government Access a	account to acces	s electronic court reco	rds and documents
5.10	stored in the	e Minnesota Court In	formation Syste	m for cases in state di	strict courts. An
5.11	attorney sha	ll be able to view and	l print case docu	ments and information	n without cost to the
5.12	attorney.				
5.13	Sec. 8. Mi	nnesota Statutes 202	2, section 609.5	151, is amended to rea	ad:
5.14	609.515	1 DISSEMINATIO	N OF PERSON	AL INFORMATION	N ABOUT LAW
5.15	ENFORCE	MENT <u>OR THE J</u>	UDICIARY PR	OHIBITED; PENAI	.TY.
5.16	Subdivis	sion 1. <b>Definitions.</b> A	As used in this se	ection:	
5.17	(1) "fami	ily or household mem	ber" has the mea	ning given in section 5	18B.01, subdivision
5.18	2;				
5.19	(2) <u>"judi</u>	cial official" include	<u>s:</u>		
5.20	(i) every	Minnesota district co	ourt judge, senic	or judge, and every jud	ge of the Minnesota
5.21	Court of Ap	peals and every activ	ve, senior, recall	ed, or retired federal j	udge who resides in
5.22	Minnesota;				
5.23	<u>(ii) each</u>	justice of the Minne	sota Supreme C	ourt; and	
5.24	<u>(iii)</u> all e	employees of the Min	nesota judicial l	oranch;	
5.25	<u>(3)</u> "law	enforcement official	" means both pe	ace officers as defined	l in section 626.84,
5.26	subdivision	1, and persons emplo	oyed by a law er	nforcement agency; an	d
5.27	<del>(3)<u>(4)</u> "]</del>	personal information	" means a home	address, directions to	a home, or
5.28	photographs	s of a home.			
5.29	Subd. 2.	Crime described. (a	) It is a misdeme	anor for a person to kno	owingly and without
5.30	consent mak	e publicly available,	including but no	ot limited to through th	ne Internet, personal

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6.1 6.2	information a		nent official <u>or</u>	judicial official or an	official's family or
6.3 6.4		ssemination poses an official's family or ho		serious threat to the o er; and	fficial's safety or the
6.5 6.6		erson making the info	-	ly available knows or	reasonably should
6.7 6.8 6.9	a law enforce		cial official or	r if the person violate an official's family or he violation.	
6.10 6.11	(c) A person		of a second or s	ubsequent violation of	f this section is guilty
6.12 6.13		<b>TIVE DATE.</b> This send or after that date.	ection is effectiv	ve August 1, 2023, an	d applies to crimes
6.14 6.15			ARTICL CIVIL REM		
6.16	Section 1.1	Minnesota Statutes 2	022, section 16	8B.07, subdivision 3,	is amended to read:
6.17	Subd. 3. ]	Retrieval of content	s; right to recl	<u>aim</u> . (a) For purposes	s of this subdivision:
6.18 6.19 6.20		parts; automobile bod		ntly affixed mechanic omobile accessories, i	
<ul><li>6.21</li><li>6.22</li><li>6.23</li></ul>	Work Progra	m, medical assistanc	e, general assis	mited to, receipt of Ml tance, emergency ger ssistance, Minnesota(	neral assistance,
6.24 6.25				sistance, Supplemental lit, or Minnesota work	
<ul><li>6.26</li><li>6.27</li><li>6.28</li></ul>	(b) A uni procedures fo	t of government or ir	npound lot ope e contents, and	rator <del>shall<u>must</u> estab may establish reasona</del>	lish reasonable
<ul><li>6.29</li><li>6.30</li><li>6.31</li></ul>	a registered of	owner of a vehicle w	ho provides <u>pro</u>	iting periods provided oof of identity that inc nent or nonprofit agen	eludes photographic

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7.1	that the registered owner is homeless, receives relief based on need, or is eligible for legal
7.2	aid services, has the unencumbered right to retrieve any and all contents without charge and
7.3	regardless of whether the registered owner pays incurred charges or fees, transfers title, or
7.4	reclaims the vehicle. A refusal by the impound lot operator to allow the registered owner
7.5	to retrieve the vehicle contents after the owner provides valid documentation is a violation
7.6	of this paragraph.
7.7	(d) An impound lot operator may make copies of the documents presented by the
7.8	registered owner under paragraph (c), and the impound lot operator must return all of the
7.9	original documents to the registered owner immediately after copying them.
7.10	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168B.07, is amended by adding a subdivision to
7.11	read:
7.12	Subd. 3a. Retrieval of contents; identification, medicine, and medical equipment. An
7.13	impound lot operator must allow any registered vehicle owner to retrieve, or must retrieve
7.14	for the vehicle owner, the following from the impounded vehicle: proof of identification;
7.15	prescription medicine; and durable medical equipment, including but not limited to
7.16	wheelchairs, prosthetics, canes, crutches, walkers, and external braces.
7.17	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168B.07, is amended by adding a subdivision to
7.18	read:
7.19	Subd. 3b. Retrieval of contents; notice of denial. (a) This subdivision applies to an
7.20	impound lot operator (1) who operates a nonpublic impound lot, or (2) with which a unit
7.21	of government exclusively contracts to operate an impound lot solely for public use under
7.22	section 168B.09.
7.23	(b) An impound lot operator who denies a request of a registered vehicle owner to retrieve
7.24	vehicle contents after the registered owner presents documentation pursuant to subdivision
7.25	3, paragraph (c), must, at the time of denial, provide the registered owner with a written
7.26	statement that identifies the specific reasons for the denial.
7.27	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 168B.07, is amended by adding a subdivision to
7.28	read:
7.29	Subd. 3c. Retrieval of contents; public notice. (a) This subdivision applies to an
7.30	impound lot operator (1) who operates a nonpublic impound lot, or (2) with which a unit
7.31	of government exclusively contracts to operate an impound lot solely for public use under
7.32	section 168B.09.

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8.1	(b) An imp	bound lot operator	must post a cons	picuous notice at its pl	ace of operation in
8.2	the following	-	•		<b>i</b>
8.3	"If you receive	e government bene	fits, are currently	y homeless, or are elig	ible for legal aid
8.4	services, you l	nave the right to get	the contents out	of your car free of cha	rge IF you provide:
8.5	<u>(1) a photo</u>	ID (such as a driv	er's license, pass	port, or employer ID);	; AND
8.6	<u>(2) docume</u>	entation from a gov	ernment or nonp	rofit agency or from a	legal aid office that
8.7	shows you get	benefits from a gov	vernment progran	n based on your income	e, you are homeless,
8.8	or you are elig	ible for legal aid se	rvices. Examples	of this documentation	include BUT ARE
8.9	NOT LIMITE	D TO:			
8.10	- an EBT c	ard;			
8.11	- a Medica	l Assistance or Mi	nnesotaCare carc	<u>l;</u>	
8.12	- a Suppler	mental Nutrition A	ssistance Program	m (SNAP) card; and	
8.13	<u>- a letter, e</u>	mail, or other docu	ment from a gov	vernment agency, nonp	profit organization,
8.14	or legal aid or	ganization showing	g that you get be	nefits from a governm	ent program based
8.15	on your incom	ie, you are homeles	ss, or you are elig	gible for legal aid serv	ices."
8.16	Sec. 5. Minn	iesota Statutes 202.	2, section 168B.(	)7, is amended by addi	ng a subdivision to
8.17	read:			· ·	C
8.18	<u>Subd. 3d.</u>	<b>Retrieval of conte</b>	nts; remedy. (a)	This subdivision appl	ies to an impound
8.19	lot operator (1)	) who operates a nor	npublic impound	lot, or (2) with which a	unit of government
8.20	exclusively co	entracts to operate a	n impound lot so	lely for public use und	er section 168B.09.
8.21	(b) If an im	pound lot operator	denies the regist	ered owner the right to	retrieve the vehicle
8.22	contents in vic	lation of subdivision	on 3, paragraph (	c), an aggrieved regist	ered vehicle owner
8.23	has a cause of	action against the	impound lot ope	rator as provided in th	is subdivision.
8.24	<u>(c)</u> If the v	ehicle and its conte	ents remain in the	e possession of the imp	pound lot operator
8.25	and retrieval o	of the vehicle conten	nts was denied in	violation of subdivision	on 3, paragraph (c),
8.26	an aggrieved r	registered vehicle c	wner is entitled	to injunctive relief to 1	etrieve the vehicle
8.27	contents as we	ell as reasonable at	torney fees and c	osts.	
8.28	<u>(d) If an im</u>	pound lot operator	sells or disposes	of the vehicle contents	after the registered
8.29	owner has pro	vided the documer	ntation required u	under subdivision 3, pa	aragraph (c), an
8.30	aggrieved regi	stered vehicle own	er is entitled to s	tatutory damages in ar	<u>1 amount of \$1,000</u>
8.31	and reasonable	e attorney fees and	costs. An action	brought pursuant to the	nis paragraph must
8.32	be brought wi	thin 12 months of v	when the vehicle	was impounded.	

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9.1	Sec 6 Mint	nesota Statutes 2022	section 325F	70, is amended by add	ing a subdivision to
9.2	read:	lesota Statutes 2022	2, 50001011 5251 . 1	o, is unrended by udd.	
9.3	Subd. 3. P	rivate enforcemen	<b>t.</b> (a) In addition	n to the remedies other	wise provided by
9.4				s 325F.68 to 325F.70,	<u> </u>
9.5				hold, or agricultural p	
9.6	a civil action	and recover damage	es, together with	costs and disburseme	nts, including costs
9.7	of investigatio	n and reasonable att	orney fees, and r	receive other equitable	relief as determined
9.8	by the court.	An action brought u	nder this section	n benefits the public.	
9.9	(b) For the	e purposes of this su	bdivision:		
9.10	<u>(1)</u> "consu	mer" means a natur	al person or fan	nily farmer;	
9.11	<u>(2) "family</u>	y farmer" means a p	erson or person	s operating a family fa	arm; and
9.12	<u>(3) "family</u>	y farm" has the mea	ning given in se	ection 116B.02, subdiv	vision 6.
9.13	EFFECT	IVE DATE. This se	ection is effectiv	e August 1, 2023, and	applies to causes
9.14	of action com	menced on or after	that date.		
9.15	Sec. 7. Mini	nesota Statutes 2022	2, section 573.0	l, is amended to read:	
9.16	573.01 SU	RVIVAL OF CAU	JSES.		
9.17	A cause of	action arising out o	of an injury to th	e person <del>dies with the</del>	person of the party
9.18	in whose favo	<del>r it exists, except as</del>	provided in sur	vives the death of any	party in accordance
9.19	with section 5	73.02. All other cau	uses of action by	one against another,	whether arising on
9.20	contract or no	t, survive to the per	sonal representa	tives of the former an	d against those of
9.21	the latter.				
9.22	EFFECT	IVE DATE. This se	ection is effectiv	e the day following fi	nal enactment and
9.23	applies to cau	ses of action pendir	ng on or comme	nced on or after that d	ate.
9.24	Sec. 8. Mini	nesota Statutes 2022	2, section 573.02	2, subdivision 1, is am	ended to read:
9.25	Subdivisio	on 1. Death action.	When death is c	caused by the wrongfu	l act or omission of
9.26	any person or	corporation, the tru	stee appointed a	s provided in subdivis	ion 3 may maintain
9.27	an action there	efor if the decedent	might have mai	ntained an action, had	the decedent lived,
9.28	for an injury o	aused by the wrong	gful act or omiss	ion. An action to reco	ver damages for a

9.29 death caused by the alleged professional negligence of a physician, surgeon, dentist, hospital
9.30 or sanitarium, or an employee of a physician, surgeon, dentist, hospital or sanitarium shall

9.31 be commenced within three years of the date of death, but in no event shall be commenced

beyond the time set forth in section 541.076. An action to recover damages for a death 10.1 caused by an intentional act constituting murder may be commenced at any time after the 10.2 death of the decedent. Any other action under this section may be commenced within three 10.3 years after the date of death provided that the action must be commenced within six years 10.4 after the act or omission. The recovery in the action is the amount the jury deems fair and 10.5 just in reference to for all damages suffered by the decedent resulting from the injury prior 10.6 to the decedent's death and the pecuniary loss resulting from the death, and shall be for the 10.7 10.8 exclusive benefit of the surviving spouse and next of kin, proportionate to the pecuniary loss severally suffered by the death. The court then determines the proportionate pecuniary 10.9 loss of the persons entitled to the recovery and orders distribution accordingly. Funeral 10.10 expenses and any demand for the support of the decedent allowed by the court having 10.11jurisdiction of the action, are first deducted and paid. Punitive damages may be awarded as 10.12 provided in section 549.20. 10.13

10.14 If an action for the injury was commenced by the decedent and not finally determined 10.15 while living, it may be continued by the trustee for recovery of <u>all</u> damages for the exclusive 10.16 benefit of the surviving spouse and next of kin, proportionate to the pecuniary loss severally 10.17 suffered by the death. The court on motion shall make an order allowing the continuance 10.18 and directing pleadings to be made and issues framed as in actions begun under this section.

# 10.19 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and 10.20 applies to causes of action pending on or commenced on or after that date.

10.21 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 573.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

10.22Subd. 2. Injury action. When injury is caused to a person by the wrongful act or omission10.23of any person or corporation and the person thereafter dies from a cause unrelated to those10.24injuries, the trustee appointed in subdivision 3 may maintain an action for special damages10.25all damages arising out of such injury if the decedent might have maintained an action10.26therefor had the decedent lived. An action under this subdivision may be commenced within10.27three years after the date of death provided that the action must be commenced within six10.28years after the act or omission.

# 10.29 EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and 10.30 applies to causes of action pending on or commenced on or after that date.

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11.1			ARTICL	E 3	
11.2			HUMAN RI	GHTS	
11.3	Section 1	. Minnesota Statutes 2	022, section 36	3A.02, subdivision	1, is amended to read:
11.4	Subdivi	sion 1. Freedom from	n discriminatio	<b>n.</b> (a) It is the public	e policy of this state to
11.5	secure for p	persons in this state, fr	eedom from dis	scrimination:	
11.6	(1) in er	nployment because of	race, color, cre	ed, religion, nationa	ıl origin, sex, marital
11.7	status, disal	bility, status with regar	rd to public assi	stance, gender identi	ity, sexual orientation,
11.8	familial sta	tus, and age;			
11.9	(2) in he	ousing and real proper	ty because of ra	ace, color, creed, reli	igion, national origin,
11.10	sex, marital	l status, disability, statu	us with regard to	o public assistance, <u>g</u>	gender identity, sexual
11.11	orientation,	, and familial status;			
11.12	(3) in p	ublic accommodations	because of rac	e, color, creed, religi	ion, national origin,
11.13	sex, gender	<u>identity,</u> sexual orient	tation, and disa	bility;	
11.14	(4) in pı	ublic services because	of race, color, c	reed, religion, natior	nal origin, sex, marital
11.15	status, disal	bility, gender identity,	sexual orientat	ion, and status with	regard to public
11.16	assistance;	and			
11.17	(5) in ed	lucation because of rac	e, color, creed, 1	eligion, national orig	gin, sex, marital status,
11.18	disability, s	tatus with regard to pu	ublic assistance	, <u>gender identity,</u> sex	cual orientation, and
11.19	age.				
11.20	(b) Such	n discrimination threat	ens the rights ar	nd privileges of the in	nhabitants of this state
11.21	and menace	es the institutions and	foundations of	democracy. It is also	the public policy of
11.22	this state to	protect all persons fro	om wholly unfo	unded charges of dis	scrimination. Nothing
11.23	in this chap	oter shall be interpreted	d as restricting	the implementation of	of positive action
11.24	programs to	o combat discriminatio	on.		
11.25	Sec. 2. M	innesota Statutes 2022	2, section 363A	.03, subdivision 23,	is amended to read:
11.26	Subd. 2	3. Local commission.	"Local commi	ssion" means an age	ncy of a city, county,
11.27	or group of	counties created purs	uant to law, rese	olution of a county b	board, city charter, or
11.28	municipal o	ordinance for the purp	ose of dealing v	vith discrimination of	on the basis of race,
11.29	color, creed	l, religion, national ori	igin, sex, age, d	isability, marital stat	tus, status with regard
11.30	to public as	ssistance, gender ident	<u>ity, </u> sexual orier	ntation, or familial st	atus.

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12.1 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.03, subdivision 44, is amended to read:

Subd. 44. **Sexual orientation.** "Sexual orientation" means having or being perceived as having an emotional, physical, or sexual attachment to another person without regard to the sex of that person or having or being perceived as having an orientation for such attachment<del>,</del> or having or being perceived as having a self-image or identity not traditionally associated with one's biological maleness or femaleness. "Sexual orientation" does not include a physical or sexual attachment to children by an adult.

# Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.03, is amended by adding a subdivision toread:

### 12.10 Subd. 50. Gender identity. "Gender identity" means a person's inherent sense of being

12.11 a man, woman, both, or neither. A person's gender identity may or may not correspond to

12.12 their assigned sex at birth or to their primary or secondary sex characteristics. A person's

12.13 gender identity is not necessarily visible to others.

12.14 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.04, is amended to read:

#### 12.15 **363A.04 CONSTRUCTION AND EXCLUSIVITY.**

The provisions of this chapter shall be construed liberally for the accomplishment of the purposes thereof. Nothing contained in this chapter shall be deemed to repeal any of the provisions of the civil rights law or of any other law of this state relating to discrimination because of race, creed, color, religion, sex, age, disability, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, national origin, gender identity, sexual orientation, or familial status; but, as to acts declared unfair by sections 363A.08 to 363A.19, and 363A.28, subdivision 10, the procedure herein provided shall, while pending, be exclusive.

12.23 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Formulation of policies. (a) The commissioner shall formulate policies
to effectuate the purposes of this chapter and shall do the following:

(1) exercise leadership under the direction of the governor in the development of human
rights policies and programs, and make recommendations to the governor and the legislature
for their consideration and implementation;

(2) establish and maintain a principal office in St. Paul, and any other necessary branch
offices at any location within the state;

12.31 (3) meet and function at any place within the state;

(4) employ attorneys, clerks, and other employees and agents as the commissioner may 13.1 deem necessary and prescribe their duties; 13.2 (5) to the extent permitted by federal law and regulation, utilize the records of the 13.3 Department of Employment and Economic Development of the state when necessary to 13.4 effectuate the purposes of this chapter; 13.5 (6) obtain upon request and utilize the services of all state governmental departments 13.6 and agencies; 13.7 (7) adopt suitable rules for effectuating the purposes of this chapter; 13.8 (8) issue complaints, receive and investigate charges alleging unfair discriminatory 13.9 practices, and determine whether or not probable cause exists for hearing; 13.10 (9) subpoena witnesses, administer oaths, take testimony, and require the production for 13.11 examination of any books or papers relative to any matter under investigation or in question 13.12 as the commissioner deems appropriate to carry out the purposes of this chapter; 13.13 (10) attempt, by means of education, conference, conciliation, and persuasion to eliminate 13.14 unfair discriminatory practices as being contrary to the public policy of the state; 13.15 (11) develop and conduct programs of formal and informal education designed to 13.16 eliminate discrimination and intergroup conflict by use of educational techniques and 13.17 programs the commissioner deems necessary; 13.18 (12) make a written report of the activities of the commissioner to the governor each 13.19 year; 13.20 (13) accept gifts, bequests, grants, or other payments public and private to help finance 13.21 the activities of the department; 13.22 (14) create such local and statewide advisory committees as will in the commissioner's 13.23 13.24 judgment aid in effectuating the purposes of the Department of Human Rights; (15) develop such programs as will aid in determining the compliance throughout the 13.25 13.26 state with the provisions of this chapter, and in the furtherance of such duties, conduct research and study discriminatory practices based upon race, color, creed, religion, national 13.27 origin, sex, age, disability, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, familial 13.28 status, gender identity, sexual orientation, or other factors and develop accurate data on the 13.29 nature and extent of discrimination and other matters as they may affect housing, 13.30 employment, public accommodations, schools, and other areas of public life; 13.31

(16) develop and disseminate technical assistance to persons subject to the provisions
of this chapter, and to agencies and officers of governmental and private agencies;

14.3 (17) provide staff services to such advisory committees as may be created in aid of the
14.4 functions of the Department of Human Rights;

(18) make grants in aid to the extent that appropriations are made available for that
purpose in aid of carrying out duties and responsibilities; and

(19) cooperate and consult with the commissioner of labor and industry regarding the
investigation of violations of, and resolution of complaints regarding section 363A.08,
subdivision 7.

In performing these duties, the commissioner shall give priority to those duties in clauses(8), (9), and (10) and to the duties in section 363A.36.

(b) All gifts, bequests, grants, or other payments, public and private, accepted under
paragraph (a), clause (13), must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a special
account. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner of human rights to help
finance activities of the department.

14.16 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.07, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Referral from commissioner. The commissioner, whether or not a charge has
been filed under this chapter, may refer a matter involving discrimination because of race,
color, religion, sex, creed, disability, marital status, status with regard to public assistance,
national origin, age, gender identity, sexual orientation, or familial status to a local
commission for study and report.

Upon referral by the commissioner, the local commission shall make a report and make
recommendations to the commissioner and take other appropriate action within the scope
of its powers.

14.25 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.08, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Labor organization. Except when based on a bona fide occupational
qualification, it is an unfair employment practice for a labor organization, because of race,
color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, marital status, status with regard to public
assistance, familial status, disability, gender identity, sexual orientation, or age:

(1) to deny full and equal membership rights to a person seeking membership or to amember;

15.1 (2) to expel a member from membership;

(3) to discriminate against a person seeking membership or a member with respect to
hiring, apprenticeship, tenure, compensation, terms, upgrading, conditions, facilities, or
privileges of employment; or

15.5 (4) to fail to classify properly, or refer for employment or otherwise to discriminate15.6 against a person or member.

15.7 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.08, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Employer. Except when based on a bona fide occupational qualification, it is
an unfair employment practice for an employer, because of race, color, creed, religion,
national origin, sex, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, familial status,
membership or activity in a local commission, disability, gender identity, sexual orientation,
or age to:

15.13 (1) refuse to hire or to maintain a system of employment which unreasonably excludes15.14 a person seeking employment; or

15.15 (2) discharge an employee; or

(3) discriminate against a person with respect to hiring, tenure, compensation, terms,upgrading, conditions, facilities, or privileges of employment.

15.18 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.08, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Employment agency. Except when based on a bona fide occupational
qualification, it is an unfair employment practice for an employment agency, because of
race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, marital status, status with regard to public
assistance, familial status, disability, gender identity, sexual orientation, or age to:

(1) refuse or fail to accept, register, classify properly, or refer for employment orotherwise to discriminate against a person; or

(2) comply with a request from an employer for referral of applicants for employment
if the request indicates directly or indirectly that the employer fails to comply with the
provisions of this chapter.

15.28 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.08, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Employer, employment agency, or labor organization. (a) Except when
based on a bona fide occupational qualification, it is an unfair employment practice for an

16.1

employer, employment agency, or labor organization, before a person is employed by an employer or admitted to membership in a labor organization, to: 16.2

16.3 (1) require or request the person to furnish information that pertains to race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, familial 16.4 status, disability, gender identity, sexual orientation, or age; or, subject to section 363A.20, 16.5 to require or request a person to undergo physical examination; unless for the sole and 16.6 exclusive purpose of national security, information pertaining to national origin is required 16.7 16.8 by the United States, this state or a political subdivision or agency of the United States or this state, or for the sole and exclusive purpose of compliance with the Public Contracts 16.9 Act or any rule, regulation, or laws of the United States or of this state requiring the 16.10 information or examination. A law enforcement agency may, after notifying an applicant 16.11 for a peace officer or part-time peace officer position that the law enforcement agency is 16.12 commencing the background investigation on the applicant, request the applicant's date of 16.13 birth, gender, and race on a separate form for the sole and exclusive purpose of conducting 16.14 a criminal history check, a driver's license check, and fingerprint criminal history inquiry. 16.15 The form shall include a statement indicating why the data is being collected and what its 16.16 limited use will be. No document which has date of birth, gender, or race information will 16.17 be included in the information given to or available to any person who is involved in selecting 16.18 the person or persons employed other than the background investigator. No person may act 16.19 both as background investigator and be involved in the selection of an employee except that 16.20 the background investigator's report about background may be used in that selection as long 16.21 as no direct or indirect references are made to the applicant's race, age, or gender; or 16.22

(2) seek and obtain for purposes of making a job decision, information from any source 16.23 that pertains to the person's race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, marital status, 16.24 status with regard to public assistance, familial status, disability, gender identity, sexual 16.25 orientation, or age, unless for the sole and exclusive purpose of compliance with the Public 16.26 Contracts Act or any rule, regulation, or laws of the United States or of this state requiring 16.27 the information; or 16.28

16.29 (3) cause to be printed or published a notice or advertisement that relates to employment or membership and discloses a preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination based 16.30 on race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, marital status, status with regard to public 16.31 assistance, familial status, disability, gender identity, sexual orientation, or age. 16.32

(b) Any individual who is required to provide information that is prohibited by this 16.33 subdivision is an aggrieved party under sections 363A.06, subdivision 4, and 363A.28, 16.34 subdivisions 1 to 9. 16.35

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17.1	Sec. 12. Mir	nnesota Statutes 202	22, section 3632	A.08, is amended by ac	lding a subdivision
17.2	to read:				
17.3	Subd. 8. II	nquiries into pay h	istory prohibit	ed. (a) "Pay history" a	s used in this
17.4	subdivision m	leans any prior or cu	ırrent wage, sal	ary, earnings, benefits	, or any other
17.5	compensation	of an applicant for	employment.		
17.6	<u>(b) An em</u>	ployer, employment	agency, or lab	or organization shall n	ot inquire into,
17.7	consider, or re	equire disclosure fro	m any source t	he pay history of an ap	pplicant for
17.8	employment f	for the purpose of de	etermining wag	es, salary, earnings, be	mefits, or other
17.9	compensation	for that applicant.	The general pro	hibition against inquir	ing into the pay
17.10	history of an a	applicant does not ap	oply if the job a	pplicant's pay history i	s a matter of public
17.11	record under f	federal or state law,	unless the emp	loyer, employment age	ency, or labor
17.12	organization s	ought access to those	se public record	ls with the intent of ob	taining pay history
17.13	of the application	nt for the purpose of	f determining v	vages, salary, earnings,	benefits, or other
17.14	compensation	for that applicant.			
17.15	(c) Nothing	g in this subdivision s	shall prevent an	applicant for employm	ent from voluntarily
17.16	and without a	sking, encouraging,	or prompting c	lisclosing pay history f	for the purposes of
17.17	negotiating w	ages, salary, benefit	s, or other com	pensation. If an applica	ant for employment
17.18	voluntarily an	d without asking, er	ncouraging, or	prompting discloses pa	ay history to a
17.19	prospective er	nployer, employmen	t agency, or lab	or organization, nothin	g in this subdivision
17.20	shall prohibit	that employer, empl	loyment agency	y, or labor organization	from considering
17.21	or acting on th	at voluntarily disclo	osed salary histo	ory information to supp	ort a wage or salary
17.22	higher than in	itially offered by the	e employer, em	ployment agency, or la	abor organization.
17.23	(d) Nothin	g in this subdivisior	n limits, prohib	ts, or prevents a perso	n from bringing a
17.24	charge, grieva	ince, or any other ca	use of action a	lleging wage discrimin	nation because of
17.25	race, color, cr	eed, religion, nation	al origin, sex, g	gender identity, marital	status, status with
17.26	regard to publ	lic assistance, famili	al status, mem	pership or activity in a	local commission,
17.27	disability, sex	ual orientation, or a	ge, as otherwis	e provided in this chap	ter.
17.28	(e) Nothin	g in this subdivisior	n shall be const	rued to prevent an emp	bloyer from:
17.29	(1) provid	ing information abor	ut the wages, b	enefits, compensation,	or salary offered in
17.30	relation to a p	osition; or			
17.31	(2) inquiri	ng about or otherwis	se engaging in	discussions with an ap	plicant about the
17.32	applicant's exp	pectations or reques	ts with respect	to wages, salary, bene	fits, or other
17.33	compensation	L <u>.</u>			

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18.1	EFFECTIV	<b>E DATE.</b> This sectio	n is effective Janua	ary 1, 2024. For e	mployment covered
18.2	by collective ba	rgaining agreements	, this section is no	t effective until t	he date of
18.3	implementation	of the applicable col	llective bargaining	agreement that	is after January 1,
18.4	2024.				

18.5 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Real property interest; action by owner, lessee, and others. It is an
unfair discriminatory practice for an owner, lessee, sublessee, assignee, or managing agent
of, or other person having the right to sell, rent or lease any real property, or any agent of
any of these:

(1) to refuse to sell, rent, or lease or otherwise deny to or withhold from any person or
group of persons any real property because of race, color, creed, religion, national origin,
sex, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, disability, gender identity, sexual
orientation, or familial status; or

(2) to discriminate against any person or group of persons because of race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, disability, gender identity, sexual orientation, or familial status in the terms, conditions or privileges of the sale, rental or lease of any real property or in the furnishing of facilities or services in connection therewith, except that nothing in this clause shall be construed to prohibit the adoption of reasonable rules intended to protect the safety of minors in their use of the real property or any facilities or services furnished in connection therewith; or

18.21 (3) in any transaction involving real property, to print, circulate or post or cause to be printed, circulated, or posted any advertisement or sign, or use any form of application for 18.22 the purchase, rental or lease of real property, or make any record or inquiry in connection 18.23 with the prospective purchase, rental, or lease of real property which expresses, directly or 18.24 indirectly, any limitation, specification, or discrimination as to race, color, creed, religion, 18.25 national origin, sex, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, disability, gender 18.26 identity, sexual orientation, or familial status, or any intent to make any such limitation, 18.27 specification, or discrimination except that nothing in this clause shall be construed to 18.28 prohibit the advertisement of a dwelling unit as available to adults-only if the person placing 18.29 the advertisement reasonably believes that the provisions of this section prohibiting 18.30 discrimination because of familial status do not apply to the dwelling unit. 18.31

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19.1

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Real property interest; action by brokers, agents, and others. It is an unfair
discriminatory practice for a real estate broker, real estate salesperson, or employee, or agent
thereof:

19.5 (1) to refuse to sell, rent, or lease or to offer for sale, rental, or lease any real property to any person or group of persons or to negotiate for the sale, rental, or lease of any real 19.6 property to any person or group of persons because of race, color, creed, religion, national 19.7 origin, sex, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, disability, gender identity, 19.8 sexual orientation, or familial status or represent that real property is not available for 19.9 19.10 inspection, sale, rental, or lease when in fact it is so available, or otherwise deny or withhold any real property or any facilities of real property to or from any person or group of persons 19.11 because of race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, marital status, status with regard 19.12 to public assistance, disability, gender identity, sexual orientation, or familial status; or 19.13

(2) to discriminate against any person because of race, color, creed, religion, national
origin, sex, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, disability, gender identity,
sexual orientation, or familial status in the terms, conditions or privileges of the sale, rental
or lease of real property or in the furnishing of facilities or services in connection therewith;
or

(3) to print, circulate, or post or cause to be printed, circulated, or posted any 19.19 advertisement or sign, or use any form of application for the purchase, rental, or lease of 19.20 any real property or make any record or inquiry in connection with the prospective purchase, 19.21 rental or lease of any real property, which expresses directly or indirectly, any limitation, 19.22 specification or discrimination as to race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, marital 19.23 status, status with regard to public assistance, disability, gender identity, sexual orientation, 19.24 or familial status or any intent to make any such limitation, specification, or discrimination 19.25 19.26 except that nothing in this clause shall be construed to prohibit the advertisement of a dwelling unit as available to adults-only if the person placing the advertisement reasonably 19.27 believes that the provisions of this section prohibiting discrimination because of familial 19.28 status do not apply to the dwelling unit. 19.29

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Real property interest; action by financial institution. It is an unfair
discriminatory practice for a person, bank, banking organization, mortgage company,
insurance company, or other financial institution or lender to whom application is made for

financial assistance for the purchase, lease, acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, repair
or maintenance of any real property or any agent or employee thereof:

(1) to discriminate against any person or group of persons because of race, color, creed,
religion, national origin, sex, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, disability,
<u>gender identity</u>, sexual orientation, or familial status of the person or group of persons or
of the prospective occupants or tenants of the real property in the granting, withholding,
extending, modifying or renewing, or in the rates, terms, conditions, or privileges of the
financial assistance or in the extension of services in connection therewith; or

(2) to use any form of application for the financial assistance or make any record or
inquiry in connection with applications for the financial assistance which expresses, directly
or indirectly, any limitation, specification, or discrimination as to race, color, creed, religion,
national origin, sex, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, disability, gender
<u>identity</u>, sexual orientation, or familial status or any intent to make any such limitation,
specification, or discrimination; or

(3) to discriminate against any person or group of persons who desire to purchase, lease,
acquire, construct, rehabilitate, repair, or maintain real property in a specific urban or rural
area or any part thereof solely because of the social, economic, or environmental conditions
of the area in the granting, withholding, extending, modifying, or renewing, or in the rates,
terms, conditions, or privileges of the financial assistance or in the extension of services in
connection therewith.

20.21 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.09, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Real property transaction. It is an unfair discriminatory practice for any real 20.22 estate broker or real estate salesperson, for the purpose of inducing a real property transaction 20.23 from which the person, the person's firm, or any of its members may benefit financially, to 20.24 represent that a change has occurred or will or may occur in the composition with respect 20.25 to race, creed, color, national origin, sex, marital status, status with regard to public 20.26 assistance, gender identity, sexual orientation, or disability of the owners or occupants in 20.27 the block, neighborhood, or area in which the real property is located, and to represent, 20.28 directly or indirectly, that this change will or may result in undesirable consequences in the 20.29 block, neighborhood, or area in which the real property is located, including but not limited 20.30 to the lowering of property values, an increase in criminal or antisocial behavior, or a decline 20.31 in the quality of schools or other public facilities. 20.32

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Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 21.1 Subdivision 1. Full and equal enjoyment of public accommodations. (a) It is an unfair 21.2 discriminatory practice: 21.3 (1) to deny any person the full and equal enjoyment of the goods, services, facilities, 21.4 privileges, advantages, and accommodations of a place of public accommodation because 21.5 of race, color, creed, religion, disability, national origin, marital status, gender identity, 21.6 sexual orientation, or sex, or for a taxicab company to discriminate in the access to, full 21.7 utilization of, or benefit from service because of a person's disability; or 21.8 (2) for a place of public accommodation not to make reasonable accommodation to the 21.9 known physical, sensory, or mental disability of a disabled person. In determining whether 21.10 an accommodation is reasonable, the factors to be considered may include: 21.11 (i) the frequency and predictability with which members of the public will be served by 21.12 the accommodation at that location: 21.13 (ii) the size of the business or organization at that location with respect to physical size, 21.14 annual gross revenues, and the number of employees; 21.15 (iii) the extent to which disabled persons will be further served from the accommodation; 21.16 (iv) the type of operation; 21.17 (v) the nature and amount of both direct costs and legitimate indirect costs of making 21.18 the accommodation and the reasonableness for that location to finance the accommodation; 21.19 and 21.20 (vi) the extent to which any persons may be adversely affected by the accommodation. 21.21 (b) State or local building codes control where applicable. Violations of state or local 21.22 building codes are not violations of this chapter and must be enforced under normal building 21.23 21.24 code procedures.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 21.25 Subdivision 1. Access to public service. It is an unfair discriminatory practice to 21.26 discriminate against any person in the access to, admission to, full utilization of or benefit 21.27 21.28 from any public service because of race, color, creed, religion, national origin, disability, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, or status with regard to public assistance or to fail 21.29 to ensure physical and program access for disabled persons unless the public service can 21.30 demonstrate that providing the access would impose an undue hardship on its operation. In 21.31

22.1 determining whether providing physical and program access would impose an undue

22.2 hardship, factors to be considered include:

22.3 (1) the type and purpose of the public service's operation;

22.4 (2) the nature and cost of the needed accommodation;

22.5 (3) documented good faith efforts to explore less restrictive or less expensive alternatives;
22.6 and

22.7 (4) the extent of consultation with knowledgeable disabled persons and organizations.

Physical and program access must be accomplished within six months of June 7, 1983,
except for needed architectural modifications, which must be made within two years of June
7, 1983.

22.11 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Utilization; benefit or services. It is an unfair discriminatory practice 22.12 to discriminate in any manner in the full utilization of or benefit from any educational 22.13 institution, or the services rendered thereby to any person because of race, color, creed, 22.14 22.15 religion, national origin, sex, age, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, gender identity, sexual orientation, or disability, or to fail to ensure physical and program 22.16 access for disabled persons. For purposes of this subdivision, program access includes but 22.17 is not limited to providing taped texts, interpreters or other methods of making orally 22.18 delivered materials available, readers in libraries, adapted classroom equipment, and similar 22.19 auxiliary aids or services. Program access does not include providing attendants, individually 22.20 prescribed devices, readers for personal use or study, or other devices or services of a 22.21 personal nature. 22.22

22.23 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.13, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Exclude, expel, or selection. It is an unfair discriminatory practice to exclude,
expel, or otherwise discriminate against a person seeking admission as a student, or a person
enrolled as a student because of race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, age, marital
status, status with regard to public assistance, gender identity, sexual orientation, or disability.

22.28 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.13, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

22.29 Subd. 3. Admission form or inquiry. It is an unfair discriminatory practice to make or 22.30 use a written or oral inquiry, or form of application for admission that elicits or attempts to 22.31 elicit information, or to make or keep a record, concerning the creed, religion, gender identity,

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23.1 sexual orientation, or disability of a person seeking admission, except as permitted by rules23.2 of the department.

23.3 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.13, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Purpose for information and record. It is an unfair discriminatory practice
to make or use a written or oral inquiry or form of application that elicits or attempts to
elicit information, or to keep a record concerning the race, color, national origin, sex, gender

23.7 <u>identity, sexual orientation, age, or marital status of a person seeking admission, unless the</u>

23.8 information is collected for purposes of evaluating the effectiveness of recruitment,

admissions, and other educational policies, and is maintained separately from the application.

23.10 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Personal or commercial credit.** It is an unfair discriminatory practice to discriminate in the extension of personal or commercial credit to a person, or in the requirements for obtaining credit, because of race, color, creed, religion, disability, national origin, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, or marital status, or due to the receipt of federal, state, or local public assistance including medical assistance.

23.16 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.17, is amended to read:

23.17 **363A.17 BUSINESS DISCRIMINATION.** 

It is an unfair discriminatory practice for a person engaged in a trade or business or inthe provision of a service:

(1) to refuse to do business with or provide a service to a woman based on her use ofher current or former surname; or

(2) to impose, as a condition of doing business with or providing a service to a woman,that a woman use her current surname rather than a former surname; or

23.24 (3) to intentionally refuse to do business with, to refuse to contract with, or to discriminate

23.25 in the basic terms, conditions, or performance of the contract because of a person's race,

23.26 national origin, color, sex, gender identity, sexual orientation, or disability, unless the alleged

23.27 refusal or discrimination is because of a legitimate business purpose.

23.28 Nothing in this section shall prohibit positive action plans.

23.29 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 363A.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

23.30 Subdivision 1. Housing. The provisions of section 363A.09 shall not apply to:

24.1 (1) rooms in a temporary or permanent residence home run by a nonprofit organization,
24.2 if the discrimination is by sex; or

(2) the rental by a resident owner or occupier of a one-family accommodation of a room 24.3 or rooms in the accommodation to another person or persons if the discrimination is by sex, 24.4 marital status, status with regard to public assistance, gender identity, sexual orientation, 24.5 or disability. Except as provided elsewhere in this chapter or other state or federal law, no 24.6 person or group of persons selling, renting, or leasing property is required to modify the 24.7 24.8 property in any way, or exercise a higher degree of care for a person having a disability than for a person who does not have a disability; nor shall this chapter be construed to relieve 24.9 any person or persons of any obligations generally imposed on all persons regardless of any 24.10 disability in a written lease, rental agreement, or contract of purchase or sale, or to forbid 24.11 distinctions based on the inability to fulfill the terms and conditions, including financial 24.12 obligations of the lease, agreement, or contract; or. 24.13

24.14 (3) the rental by a resident owner of a unit in a dwelling containing not more than two
24.15 units, if the discrimination is on the basis of sexual orientation.

- 24.16 Sec. 26. <u>**REPEALER.**</u>
- 24.17 Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 363A.20, subdivision 3; and 363A.27, are repealed.
- 24.18

24.19

## **ARTICLE 4**

### CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PROCEDURE

24.20 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 169A.63, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Administrative forfeiture procedure. (a) A motor vehicle used to commit a
designated offense or used in conduct resulting in a designated license revocation is subject
to administrative forfeiture under this subdivision.

(b) Within 60 days from when a motor vehicle is seized under subdivision 2, or within 24.24 a reasonable time after seizure, the appropriate agency shall serve the driver or operator of 24.25 the vehicle with a notice of the seizure and intent to forfeit the vehicle. Additionally, when 24.26 a motor vehicle is seized under subdivision 2, or within a reasonable time after that, all 24.27 persons known to have an ownership, possessory, or security interest in the vehicle must 24.28 be notified of the seizure and the intent to forfeit the vehicle. For those vehicles required to 24.29 be registered under chapter 168, the notification to a person known to have a security interest 24.30 in the vehicle is required only if the vehicle is registered under chapter 168 and the interest 24.31 is listed on the vehicle's title. Upon motion by the appropriate agency or prosecuting 24.32

authority, a court may extend the time period for sending notice for a period not to exceed 25.1 90 days for good cause shown. Notice mailed by certified mail to the address shown in 25.2 Department of Public Safety records is sufficient notice to the registered owner of the 25.3 vehicle. For motor vehicles not required to be registered under chapter 168, notice mailed 25.4 by certified mail to the address shown in the applicable filing or registration for the vehicle 25.5 is sufficient notice to a person known to have an ownership, possessory, or security interest 25.6 in the vehicle. Otherwise, notice may be given in the manner provided by law for service 25.7 25.8 of a summons in a civil action.

- 25.9 (c) The notice must be in writing and contain:
- 25.10 (1) a description of the vehicle seized;

25.11 (2) the date of seizure; and

(3) notice of the right to obtain judicial review of the forfeiture and of the procedure for
obtaining that judicial review, printed in English. This requirement does not preclude the
appropriate agency from printing the notice in other languages in addition to English.

25.15 Substantially the following language must appear conspicuously in the notice:

"WARNING: If you were the person arrested when the property was seized, you will
automatically lose the above-described property and the right to be heard in court if you do
not file a lawsuit and serve the prosecuting authority within 60 days. You may file your
lawsuit in conciliation court if the property is worth \$15,000 or less; otherwise, you must
file in district court. You do not have to pay a filing fee for your lawsuit.

WARNING: If you have an ownership interest in the above-described property and were not the person arrested when the property was seized, you will automatically lose the above-described property and the right to be heard in court if you do not notify the prosecuting authority of your interest in writing within 60 days."

(d) If notice is not sent in accordance with paragraph (b), and no time extension is granted
or the extension period has expired, the appropriate agency shall return the vehicle to the
owner. An agency's return of property due to lack of proper notice does not restrict the
agency's authority to commence a forfeiture proceeding at a later time.

(e) Within 60 days following service of a notice of seizure and forfeiture under this
subdivision, a claimant may file a demand for a judicial determination of the forfeiture. The
demand must be in the form of a civil complaint and must be filed with the court
administrator in the county in which the seizure occurred, together with proof of service of
a copy of the complaint on the prosecuting authority having jurisdiction over the forfeiture.

The claimant may serve the complaint by certified mail or any means permitted by court rules. If the value of the seized property is \$15,000 or less, the claimant may file an action in conciliation court for recovery of the seized vehicle. A copy of the conciliation court statement of claim <u>must may</u> be served personally or <u>by mail as permitted by the Rules of</u> <u>Conciliation Court Procedure</u> on the prosecuting authority having jurisdiction over the forfeiture within 60 days following service of the notice of seizure and forfeiture under this subdivision. The claimant does not have to pay the court filing fee.

No responsive pleading is required of the prosecuting authority and no court fees may be charged for the prosecuting authority's appearance in the matter. The prosecuting authority may appear for the appropriate agency. Pleadings, filings, and methods of service are governed by the Rules of Civil Procedure and, where applicable, by the Rules of Conciliation Court Procedure.

(f) The complaint must be captioned in the name of the claimant as plaintiff and the seized vehicle as defendant, and must state with specificity the grounds on which the claimant alleges the vehicle was improperly seized, the claimant's interest in the vehicle seized, and any affirmative defenses the claimant may have. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, an action for the return of a vehicle seized under this section may not be maintained by or on behalf of any person who has been served with a notice of seizure and forfeiture unless the person has complied with this subdivision.

26.20 (g) If the claimant makes a timely demand for a judicial determination under this
26.21 subdivision, the forfeiture proceedings must be conducted as provided under subdivision
26.22 9.

#### 26.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

26.24 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 504B.301, is amended to read:

#### 26.25 **504B.301 EVICTION ACTION FOR UNLAWFUL DETENTION.**

A person may be evicted if the person has unlawfully or forcibly occupied or taken possession of real property or unlawfully detains or retains possession of real property.

# A seizure under section 609.5317, subdivision 1, for which there is not a defense under section 609.5317, subdivision 3, constitutes unlawful detention by the tenant.

# 26.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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27.1	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 590.01, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
27.2	Subd. 4. Time limit. (a) No petition for postconviction relief may be filed more than
27.3	two years after the later of:
27.4	(1) the entry of judgment of conviction or sentence if no direct appeal is filed; or
27.5	(2) an appellate court's disposition of petitioner's direct appeal.
27.6	(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a court may hear a petition for postconviction relief
27.7	if:
27.8	(1) the petitioner establishes that a physical disability or mental disease precluded a
27.9	timely assertion of the claim;
27.10	(2) the petitioner alleges the existence of newly discovered evidence, including scientific
27.11	evidence, that provides the factual predicate for one or more claims for relief, if such evidence
27.12	could not have been ascertained by the exercise of due diligence by the petitioner or
27.13	petitioner's attorney within the two-year time period for filing a postconviction petition, and
27.14	the evidence is not cumulative to evidence presented at trial, and is not for impeachment
27.15	purposes, and establishes by a clear and convincing standard that the petitioner is innocent
27.16	of the offense or offenses for which the petitioner was convicted;
27.17	(3) the petitioner asserts a new interpretation of federal or state constitutional or statutory
27.18	law by either the United States Supreme Court or a Minnesota appellate court and the
27.19	petitioner establishes that this interpretation is retroactively applicable to the petitioner's
27.20	case;
27.21	(4) the petition is brought pursuant to subdivision 3; or
27.22	(5) the petitioner establishes to the satisfaction of the court that the petition is not frivolous
27.23	and is in the interests of justice.
27.24	(c) Any petition invoking an exception provided in paragraph (b) must be filed within
27.25	two years of the date the claim arises.
27.26	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective August 1, 2023.
27.27	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 609.5314, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
27.28	Subd. 3. Judicial determination. (a) Within 60 days following service of a notice of
27.29	seizure and forfeiture under this section, a claimant may file a demand for a judicial
27.30	determination of the forfeiture. The demand must be in the form of a civil complaint and
27.31	must be filed with the court administrator in the county in which the seizure occurred,

together with proof of service of a copy of the complaint on the prosecuting authority for 28.1 that county. The claimant may serve the complaint on the prosecuting authority by certified 28.2 mail or any means permitted by court rules. If the value of the seized property is \$15,000 28.3 or less, the claimant may file an action in conciliation court for recovery of the seized 28.4 property. A copy of the conciliation court statement of claim may be served personally or 28.5 as permitted by the Rules of Conciliation Court Procedure on the prosecuting authority 28.6 having jurisdiction over the forfeiture within 60 days following service of the notice of 28.7 seizure and forfeiture under this subdivision. The claimant does not have to pay the court 28.8 filing fee. No responsive pleading is required of the prosecuting authority and no court fees 28.9 may be charged for the prosecuting authority's appearance in the matter. The district court 28.10 administrator shall schedule the hearing as soon as practicable after, and in any event no 28.11 later than 90 days following, the conclusion of the criminal prosecution. The proceedings 28.12 are governed by the Rules of Civil Procedure and, where applicable, by the Rules of 28.13 Conciliation Court Procedure. 28.14

(b) The complaint must be captioned in the name of the claimant as plaintiff and the seized property as defendant, and must state with specificity the grounds on which the claimant alleges the property was improperly seized and the plaintiff's interest in the property seized. Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, an action for the return of property seized under this section may not be maintained by or on behalf of any person who has been served with a notice of seizure and forfeiture unless the person has complied with this subdivision.

(c) If the claimant makes a timely demand for judicial determination under this
subdivision, the appropriate agency must conduct the forfeiture under section 609.531,
subdivision 6a. The limitations and defenses set forth in section 609.5311, subdivision 3,
apply to the judicial determination.

(d) If a demand for judicial determination of an administrative forfeiture is filed under
this subdivision and the court orders the return of the seized property, the court may order
sanctions under section 549.211. If the court orders payment of these costs, they must be
paid from forfeited money or proceeds from the sale of forfeited property from the appropriate
law enforcement and prosecuting agencies in the same proportion as they would be distributed
under section 609.5315, subdivision 5.

#### 28.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

#### 28.32 Sec. 5. [634.025] CONFESSION; INADMISSIBLE WHEN DECEPTION IS USED.

28.33 <u>Any admission, confession, or statement, whether written or oral, made by any person</u> 28.34 during a custodial interrogation by a law enforcement agency official, juvenile court official,

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29.1	or their agen	nt, is involuntarily ma	ade and inadmis	ssible in any proceedin	g if, during the
29.2				or juvenile court offic	
29.3	knowingly:				
29.4	(1) comn	nunicated false facts	about evidence	:	
				<u> </u>	
29.5	(2) misre	presented the accura	cy of facts; or		
29.6	<u>(3) comm</u>	nunicated unauthoriz	ed statements r	egarding leniency.	
29.7	EFFECT	<b>FIVE DATE.</b> This se	ction is effective	e January 1, 2024, and a	pplies to admission,
29.8	confession, o	or statement, whethe	r written or ora	l, made on or after that	date.
29.9	Sec. 6. <u>RE</u>	PEALER.			
29.10	Minneso	ta Statutes 2022, sec	tion 504B.305,	is repealed.	
29.11	EFFEC	<b>FIVE DATE.</b> This so	ection is effecti	ve the day following fi	nal enactment.
29.12			ARTICL		
29.13		MARR	IAGE AND N.	AME CHANGE	
29.14	Section 1.	Minnesota Statutes 2	2022, section 25	59.11, is amended to re	ad:
29.15	259.11 0	ORDER; FILING C	OPIES.		
29.16	(a) Upon	meeting the requirem	nents of section	259.10, the court shall g	grant the application
29.17	unless: (1) it	finds that there is an	intent to defra	ud or mislead; (2) secti	on 259.13 prohibits
29.18	granting the	name change; or (3)	in the case of th	e change of a minor ch	ild's name, the court
29.19	finds that suc	ch name change is no	ot in the best int	erests of the child. The	court shall set forth
29.20	in the order	the name and age of	the applicant's	spouse and each child	of the applicant, if
29.21	any, and sha	ll state a description	of the lands, if	any, in which the appli	cant and the spouse
29.22	and children	, if any, claim to have	e an interest. Th	ne court administrator s	shall file such order,
29.23	and record th	he same in the judgm	ent book. If lan	ds be described therein	, a certified copy of
29.24	the order sha	all be filed for record,	, by the applicat	nt, with the county reco	order of each county
29.25	wherein any	of the same are situa	ated. Before doi	ing so the court admini	strator shall present
29.26	the same to t	the county auditor w	ho shall enter th	ne change of name in th	ne auditor's official
29.27	records and i	note upon the instrum	nent, over an off	ficial signature, the wor	ds "change of name
29.28	recorded." A	any such order shall r	not be filed, nor	any certified copy the	reof be issued, until
29.29	the applicant	t shall have paid to th	e county record	ler and court administra	ator the fee required

29.30 by law. No application shall be denied on the basis of the marital status of the applicant.

(b) When a person applies for a name change, the court shall determine whether the 30.1 person has a criminal history in this or any other state. The court may conduct a search of 30.2 national records through the Federal Bureau of Investigation by submitting a set of 30.3 fingerprints and the appropriate fee to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. If it is 30.4 determined that the person has a criminal history in this or any other state, the court shall, 30.5 within ten days after the name change application is granted, report the name change to the 30.6 Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. The person whose name is changed shall also report the 30.7 30.8 change to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension within ten days. The court granting the name change application must explain this reporting duty in its order. Any person required 30.9 to report the person's name change to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension who fails to 30.10 report the name change as required under this paragraph is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. 30.11

30.12 (c) Paragraph (b) does not apply to either:

30.13 (1) a request for a name change as part of an application for a marriage license under
30.14 section 517.08; or

30.15 (2) a request for a name change in conjunction with a marriage dissolution under section
 30.16 518.27; or

30.17 (3) a request for a name change filed under section 259.14.

30.18 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 259.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

30.19 Subdivision 1. **Procedure for seeking name change.** (a) A person with a felony 30.20 conviction under Minnesota law or the law of another state or federal jurisdiction shall serve 30.21 a notice of application for a name change on the prosecuting authority that obtained the 30.22 conviction against the person when seeking a name change through one of the following 30.23 procedures:

30.24 (1) an application for a name change under section 259.10;

30.25 (2) a request for a name change as part of an application for a marriage license under
 30.26 section 517.08; or

- 30.27 (3) (2) a request for a name change in conjunction with a marriage dissolution under
   30.28 section 518.27-; or
- 30.29 (3) a request for a name change under section 259.14.

30.30 If the conviction is from another state or federal jurisdiction, notice of application must also30.31 be served on the attorney general.

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(b) A person who seeks a name change under section 259.10 or 518.27 shall file proof
of service with the court as part of the name change request. A person who seeks a name
change under section 517.08 shall file proof of service with the county as part of the
application for a marriage license.

31.5 (c) The name change request may not be granted during the 30-day period provided for 31.6 in subdivision 2 or, if an objection is filed under subdivision 2, until satisfaction of the 31.7 requirements in subdivision 3 or 4. Nothing in this section shall delay the granting of a 31.8 marriage license under section 517.08, which may be granted without the name change.

#### 31.9 Sec. 3. [259.14] POSTDISSOLUTION NAME CHANGE.

31.10 (a) Unless section 259.13 applies, a person who has resided in this state for at least six
 31.11 months and obtained the person's most recent final marriage dissolution from a district court

31.12 may apply to the district court in the county where the person resides to change the person's

31.13 name to the legal name on the person's birth certificate. A person applying for a name change

31.14 <u>must submit a certified copy of the certificate of dissolution issued pursuant to section</u>

31.15 <u>518.148 and a certified copy of the person's birth certificate. A person applying for a name</u>

31.16 change who obtained a divorce in a state other than Minnesota must submit a certified copy

31.17 of the certificate of dissolution or a certified copy of an equivalent court order ending the

31.18 marriage and a certified copy of the person's birth certificate.

31.19 (b) A court shall not require a person applying for a name change to pay filing fees for
 an application submitted pursuant to this section. Notwithstanding section 259.10, a court
 31.21 shall not require the person applying for a name change pursuant to this section to provide
 31.22 proof of the person's identity by two witnesses unless the proof of identity is necessary to
 31.23 determine whether the person has an intent to defraud or mislead the court.

31.24 (c) Upon meeting the requirements of this section, the court shall grant the application

31.25 for a name change unless the court finds that (1) the person has an intent to defraud or

31.26 mislead the court; or (2) the name change is subject to section 259.13. The court shall notify

31.27 the person applying for a name change that using a different surname without complying

31.28 with section 259.13, if applicable, is a gross misdemeanor.

31.29 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 517.04, is amended to read:

### 31.30 **517.04 PERSONS AUTHORIZED TO PERFORM CIVIL MARRIAGES.**

31.31 Civil marriages may be solemnized throughout the state by an individual who has attained 31.32 the age of 21 years and is a judge of a court of record, a retired judge of a court of record,

a court administrator, a retired court administrator with the approval of the chief judge of 32.1 the judicial district, a former court commissioner who is employed by the court system or 32.2 is acting pursuant to an order of the chief judge of the commissioner's judicial district, the 32.3 residential school superintendent of the Minnesota State Academy for the Deaf and the 32.4 Minnesota State Academy for the Blind, a licensed or ordained minister of any religious 32.5 denomination, an individual who registers as a civil marriage officiant with a local registrar 32.6 in a county of this state, or by any mode recognized in section 517.18. For purposes of this 32.7 32.8 section, a court of record includes the Office of Administrative Hearings under section 14.48. 32.9

32.10 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 517.08, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

32.11 Subd. 1a. **Form.** Application for a civil marriage license shall be made by both of the 32.12 parties upon a form provided for the purpose and shall contain the following information:

32.13 (1) the full names of the parties and the sex of each party;

32.14 (2) their post office addresses and county and state of residence;

32.15 (3) their full ages;

32.16 (4) if either party has previously been married, the party's married name, and the date,
32.17 place and court in which the civil marriage was dissolved or annulled or the date and place
32.18 of death of the former spouse;

32.19 (5) whether the parties are related to each other, and, if so, their relationship;

32.20 (6) the address of the parties after the civil marriage is entered into to which the local
32.21 registrar shall send a certified copy of the civil marriage certificate;

(7) the full names the parties will have after the civil marriage is entered into and the
parties' Social Security numbers. The Social Security numbers must be collected for the
application but must not appear on the civil marriage license. If a party listed on a civil
marriage application does not have a Social Security number, the party must certify on the
application, or a supplement to the application, that the party does not have a Social Security
number;

(8) if one or both of the parties party to the civil marriage license has a felony conviction
 under Minnesota law or the law of another state or federal jurisdiction, the parties shall
 provide to the county proof of service upon the prosecuting authority and, if applicable, the
 attorney general, as required by party may not change the party's name through the marriage

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application process and must follow the process in section 259.13 to change the party's
 <u>name</u>; and

(9) notice that a party who has a felony conviction under Minnesota law or the law of
another state or federal jurisdiction may not use a different name after a civil marriage
except as authorized by section 259.13, and that doing so is a gross misdemeanor.

33.6 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 517.08, subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

Subd. 1b. Term of license; fee; premarital education. (a) The local registrar shall 33.7 examine upon oath the parties applying for a license relative to the legality of the 33.8 contemplated civil marriage. Both parties must present proof of age to the local registrar. 33.9 If one party is unable to appear in person, the party appearing may complete the absent 33.10 applicant's information. The local registrar shall provide a copy of the civil marriage 33.11 application to the party who is unable to appear, who must verify the accuracy of the 33.12 appearing party's information in a notarized statement. The verification statement must be 33.13 accompanied by a copy of proof of age of the party. The civil marriage license must not be 33.14 released until the verification statement and proof of age has been received by the local 33.15 registrar. If the local registrar is satisfied that there is no legal impediment to it, including 33.16 the restriction contained in section 259.13, the local registrar shall issue the license, 33.17 containing the full names of the parties before and after the civil marriage, and county and 33.18 33.19 state of residence, with the county seal attached, and make a record of the date of issuance. The license shall be valid for a period of six months. Except as provided in paragraph (b), 33.20 the local registrar shall collect from the applicant a fee of \$115 for administering the oath, 33.21 issuing, recording, and filing all papers required, and preparing and transmitting to the state 33.22 registrar of vital records the reports of civil marriage required by this section. If the license 33.23 should not be used within the period of six months due to illness or other extenuating 33.24 circumstances, it may be surrendered to the local registrar for cancellation, and in that case 33.25 a new license shall issue upon request of the parties of the original license without fee. A 33.26 local registrar who knowingly issues or signs a civil marriage license in any manner other 33.27 than as provided in this section shall pay to the parties aggrieved an amount not to exceed 33.28 \$1,000. 33.29

(b) The civil marriage license fee for parties who have completed at least 12 hours of
premarital education is \$40. In order to qualify for the reduced license fee, the parties must
submit at the time of applying for the civil marriage license a statement that is signed, dated,
and notarized or marked with a church seal from the person who provided the premarital
education on their letterhead confirming that it was received. The premarital education must

be provided by a licensed or ordained minister or the minister's designee, a person authorized
to solemnize civil marriages under section 517.18, or a person authorized to practice marriage
and family therapy under section 148B.33. The education must include the use of a premarital
inventory and the teaching of communication and conflict management skills.

34.5 (c) The statement from the person who provided the premarital education under paragraph34.6 (b) must be in the following form:

The names of the parties in the educator's statement must be identical to the legal names of the parties as they appear in the civil marriage license application. Notwithstanding section 138.17, the educator's statement must be retained for seven years, after which time it may be destroyed.

34.17 (d) If section 259.13 applies to the request for a civil marriage license, the local registrar
34.18 shall grant the civil marriage license without the requested name change. Alternatively, the
34.19 local registrar may delay the granting of the civil marriage license until the party with the
34.20 conviction:

34.21 (1) certifies under oath that 30 days have passed since service of the notice for a name
34.22 change upon the prosecuting authority and, if applicable, the attorney general and no
34.23 objection has been filed under section 259.13; or

34.24 (2) provides a certified copy of the court order granting it. The parties seeking the civil
 34.25 marriage license shall have the right to choose to have the license granted without the name
 34.26 change or to delay its granting pending further action on the name change request.

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35.1			ARTICLI	E <b>6</b>	
35.2			REAL PROP	ERTY	
35.3	Section 1. Mi	innesota Statutes 2	2022, section 33	6.9-601, is amended t	o read:
35.4				UDICIAL ENFORC	
35.5				CHATTEL PAPER	-
35.6		ES, OR PROMIS			,
35.7	(a) <b>Rights</b> (	of secured party	after default. A	fter default, a secured	party has the rights
35.8	provided in this	s part and, except a	as otherwise prov	vided in section 336.9-	·602, those provided
35.9	by agreement o	of the parties. A se	ecured party:		
35.10	(1) may red	uce a claim to jud	lgment, foreclose	e, or otherwise enforce	e the claim, security
35.11	interest, or agri	cultural lien by a	ny available judi	cial procedure; and	
35.12	(2) if the co	llateral is docume	ents, may procee	d either as to the docu	ments or as to the
35.13	goods they cov	er.			
35.14	(b) Rights a	and duties of sec	ured party in po	ossession or control.	A secured party in
35.15	possession of c	collateral or contro	ol of collateral un	nder section 336.7-10	6, 336.9-104,
35.16	336.9-105, 336	.9-106, or 336.9-1	07 has the rights	and duties provided in	n section 336.9-207.
35.17	(c) Rights a	cumulative; simu	lltaneous exerci	se. The rights under s	ubsections (a) and
35.18	(b) are cumulat	tive and may be ex	xercised simultar	neously.	
35.19	(d) Rights (	of debtor and ob	ligor. Except as	otherwise provided in	subsection (g) and
35.20	section 336.9-6	505, after default, a	a debtor and an o	bligor have the rights	provided in this part
35.21	and by agreeme	ent of the parties.			
35.22	(e) Lien of	levy after judgm	ent. If a secured	party has reduced its	claim to judgment,
35.23	the lien of any	levy that may be	made upon the c	ollateral by virtue of a	an execution based
35.24	upon the judgm	nent relates back t	to the earliest of:		
35.25	(1) the date	of perfection of t	he security inter	est or agricultural lien	in the collateral;
35.26	(2) the date	of filing a financi	ing statement co	vering the collateral;	or
35.27	(3) any date	e specified in a sta	utute under which	n the agricultural lien	was created.
35.28	(f) Executio	on sale. A sale pur	suant to an execu	tion is a foreclosure of	f the security interest
35.29	or agricultural l	lien by judicial pro	ocedure within th	e meaning of this sect	ion. A secured party
35.30	may purchase a	at the sale and the	reafter hold the o	collateral free of any c	other requirements
35.31	of this article.				

36.1 (g) Consignor or buyer of certain rights to payment. Except as otherwise provided
36.2 in section 336.9-607 (c), this part imposes no duties upon a secured party that is a consignor
36.3 or is a buyer of accounts, chattel paper, payment intangibles, or promissory notes.

- (h) Security interest in collateral that is agricultural property; enforcement. A 36.4 person may not begin to enforce a security interest in collateral that is agricultural property 36.5 subject to sections 583.20 to 583.32 that has secured a debt of more than the amount provided 36.6 in section 583.24, subdivision 5, unless: a mediation notice under subsection (i) is served 36.7 on the debtor after a condition of default has occurred in the security agreement and a copy 36.8 served on the director of the agricultural Minnesota extension service; and the debtor and 36.9 creditor have completed mediation under sections 583.20 to 583.32; or as otherwise allowed 36.10 under sections 583.20 to 583.32. 36.11
- 36.12 (i) Mediation notice. A mediation notice under subsection (h) must contain the following
  36.13 notice with the blanks properly filled in.

36.14 "TO: ...(Name of Debtor)...

36.15 YOU HAVE DEFAULTED ON THE ...(Debt in Default)... SECURED BY
36.16 AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY DESCRIBED AS ...(Reasonable Description of Agricultural
36.17 Property Collateral). THE AMOUNT OF THE OUTSTANDING DEBT IS ...(Amount of
36.18 Debt)...

36.19 AS A SECURED PARTY, ...(Name of Secured Party)... INTENDS TO ENFORCE
36.20 THE SECURITY AGREEMENT AGAINST THE AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY
36.21 DESCRIBED ABOVE BY REPOSSESSING, FORECLOSING ON, OR OBTAINING A
36.22 COURT JUDGMENT AGAINST THE PROPERTY.

36.23 YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION.
36.24 IF YOU REQUEST MEDIATION, A DEBT THAT IS IN DEFAULT WILL BE
36.25 MEDIATED ONLY ONCE. IF YOU DO NOT REQUEST MEDIATION, THIS DEBT
36.26 WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO FUTURE MEDIATION IF THE SECURED PARTY
36.27 ENFORCES THE DEBT.

36.28 IF YOU PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, THE DIRECTOR OF THE
36.29 AGRICULTURAL MINNESOTA EXTENSION SERVICE WILL PROVIDE AN
36.30 ORIENTATION MEETING AND A FINANCIAL ANALYST TO HELP YOU TO
36.31 PREPARE FINANCIAL INFORMATION. IF YOU DECIDE TO PARTICIPATE IN
36.32 MEDIATION, IT WILL BE TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO ASSEMBLE YOUR FARM
36.33 FINANCE AND OPERATION RECORDS AND TO CONTACT A COUNTY EXTENSION

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37.1	OFFICE A	S SOON AS POSSIB	LE. MEDIATI	ON WILL ATTEMPT	TO ARRIVE AT
37.2	AN AGRE	EMENT FOR HAND	LING FUTUR	E FINANCIAL RELA	TIONS.
37.3	TO HA	VE THE DEBT REVI	EWED FOR M	IEDIATION YOU MU	JST FILE A
37.4	MEDIATIO	ON REQUEST WITH	THE DIRECT	OR WITHIN 14 DAY	S AFTER YOU
37.5	RECEIVE	THIS NOTICE. THE	MEDIATION	REQUEST FORM IS	AVAILABLE <del>AT</del>
37.6	ANY COU	JNTY RECORDER'S	OR COUNTY	EXTENSION OFFIC	E FROM THE
37.7	DIRECTO	R OF THE MINNESC	DTA EXTENSI	ON SERVICE.	
37.8	FROM	:(Name and Address	s of Secured Pa	rty)"	
37.9	Sec. 2. M	linnesota Statutes 2022	2, section 507.0	07, is amended to read	:
37.10	507.07	WARRANTY AND	QUITCLAIM	DEEDS <del>; FORMS</del> .	
37.11	Warran	ty and quitclaim deeds	may be substa	ntially in the followin	g forms:
37.12			WARRANTY	' DEED	
37.13	A.B., g	rantor, of (here insert t	he place of res	idence), for and in con	sideration of (here
37.14	insert the c	consideration), conveys	s and warrants	to C.D., grantee, of (he	ere insert the place
37.15	of residenc	e), the following descr	ribed real estate	e in the county of	, in the
37.16	state of Mi	nnesota: (here describe	e the premises)		
37.17	Dated t	his day of	,		
37.18	(Signat	ure)			
37.19	Every s	such instrument, duly e	executed as req	uired by law, shall be a	a conveyance in fee
37.20	simple of t	he premises described	to the grantee,	the grantee's heirs and	l assigns, with
37.21	covenants	on the part of the grant	tor, the grantor	s heirs and personal re	presentatives, that
37.22	the grantor	is lawfully seized of t	he premises in	fee simple and has go	od right to convey
37.23	the same; t	hat the premises are fro	ee from all enc	umbrances; that the gra	antor warrants to the
37.24	grantee, the	e grantee's heirs and as	signs, the quiet	and peaceable possess	ion thereof; and that
37.25	the grantor	will defend the title the	ereto against all	persons who may law:	fully claim the same.
37.26	Such cover	nants shall be obligator	ry upon any gra	antor, the grantor's heir	rs and personal
37.27	representat	ives, as fully and with	like effect as i	f written at length in s	uch deed.
37.28			QUITCLAIM	I DEED	

A.B., grantor, of (here insert the place of residence), for the consideration of (here insert the consideration), conveys and quitclaims to C.D., the grantee, of (here insert the place of residence), all interest in the following described real estate in the county of ....., in the state of Minnesota: (here describe the premises). -\_\_\_

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38.1 Dated this ..... day of ....., .....

38.2 (Signature) .....

Every such instrument, duly executed, shall be a conveyance to the grantee, the grantee's heirs and assigns, of all right, title, and interest of the grantor in the premises described, but shall not extend to after acquired title, unless words expressing such intention be added.

38.6 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 508.52, is amended to read:

## 38.7 508.52 CONVEYANCE; CANCELLATION OF OLD AND ISSUANCE OF NEW 38.8 CERTIFICATE.

An owner of registered land who desires to convey the land, or a portion thereof, in fee, 38.9 shall execute a deed of conveyance, and record the deed with the registrar. The deed of 38.10 conveyance shall be recorded and endorsed with the number and place of registration of 38.11 the certificate of title. Before canceling the outstanding certificate of title the registrar shall 38.12 show by memorial thereon the registration of the deed on the basis of which it is canceled. 38.13 The encumbrances, claims, or interests adverse to the title of the registered owner shall be 38.14 stated upon the new certificate, except so far as they may be simultaneously released or 38.15 discharged. The registrar shall not carry forward as a memorial on the new certificate of 38.16 38.17 title any memorials of a transfer on death deed if the grantors of the transfer on death deed retain no fee interest in the land covered by the new certificate. The certificate of title shall 38.18 be marked "Canceled" by the registrar, who shall enter in the register a new certificate of 38.19 title to the grantee and prepare and deliver to the grantee a copy of the new certificate of 38.20 title. The registrar, upon request, shall deliver to the grantee a copy of the new certificate 38.21 of title. If a deed in fee is for a portion of the land described in a certificate of title, the 38.22 memorial of the deed entered by the registrar shall include the legal description contained 38.23 in the deed and the registrar shall enter a new certificate of title to the grantee for the portion 38.24 of the land conveyed and, except as otherwise provided in this section, issue a residue 38.25 certificate of title to the grantor for the portion of the land not conveyed. The registrar shall 38.26 prepare and, upon request, deliver to each of the parties a copy of their respective certificates 38.27 of title. In lieu of canceling the grantor's certificate of title and issuing a residue certificate 38.28 to the grantor for the portion of the land not conveyed, the registrar may if the grantor's 38.29 deed does not divide a parcel of unplatted land, and in the absence of a request to the contrary 38.30 by the registered owner, mark by the land description on the certificate of title "Part of land 38.31 conveyed, see memorials." The fee for a residue certificate of title shall be paid to the 38.32 registrar only when the grantor's certificate of title is canceled after the conveyance by the 38.33 grantor of a portion of the land described in the grantor's certificate of title. When two or 38.34

more successive conveyances of the same property are filed for registration on the same 39.1 day the registrar may enter a certificate in favor of the grantee or grantees in the last of the 39.2 successive conveyances, and the memorial of the previous deed or deeds entered on the 39.3 prior certificate of title shall have the same force and effect as though the prior certificate 39.4 of title had been entered in favor of the grantee or grantees in the earlier deed or deeds in 39.5 the successive conveyances. The fees for the registration of the earlier deed or deeds shall 39.6 be the same as the fees prescribed for the entry of memorials. The registrar of titles, with 39.7 the consent of the transferee, may mark "See memorials for new owner(s)" by the names 39.8 of the registered owners on the certificate of title and also add to the memorial of the 39.9 transferring conveyance a statement that the memorial shall serve in lieu of a new certificate 39.10 of title in favor of the grantee or grantees therein noted and may refrain from canceling the 39.11 certificate of title until the time it is canceled by a subsequent transfer, and the memorial 39.12 showing such transfer of title shall have the same effect as the entry of a new certificate of 39.13 title for the land described in the certificate of title; the fee for the registration of a conveyance 39.14 without cancellation of the certificate of title shall be the same as the fee prescribed for the 39.15 entry of a memorial. 39.16

39.17 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 518.191, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

39.18 Subdivision 1. Abbreviated judgment and decree. If real estate is described in a 39.19 judgment and decree of dissolution, the court may shall direct either of the parties or their 39.20 legal counsel to prepare and submit to the court a proposed summary real estate disposition 39.21 judgment. Upon approval by the court and filing of the summary real estate disposition 39.22 judgment with the court administrator, the court administrator shall provide to any party 39.23 upon request certified copies of the summary real estate disposition judgment.

39.24 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 518.191, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Court order.** An order or provision in a judgment and decree that provides that the judgment and decree must be recorded in the office of the county recorder or filed in the office of the registrar of titles means, if a summary real estate disposition judgment has been approved by the court, that the summary real estate disposition judgment, rather than the judgment and decree, must be recorded in the office of the county recorder or filed in the office of the registrar of titles. <u>The recorder or registrar of titles is not responsible for</u> determining if a summary real estate disposition judgment has been approved by the court. 40.1 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 541.023, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Limitations; certain titles not affected. This section shall not affect any rights 40.2 of the federal government; nor increase the effect as notice, actual or constructive, of any 40.3 instrument now of record; nor bar the rights of any person, partnership, state agency or 40.4 department, or corporation in possession of real estate. This section shall not impair the 40.5 record title or record interest, or title obtained by or through any congressional or legislative 40.6 grant, of any railroad corporation or other public service corporation or any trustee or receiver 40.7 40.8 thereof or of any educational or religious corporation in any real estate by reason of any failure to record further evidence of such title or interest even though the record thereof is 40.9 now or hereafter more than 40 years old; nor shall this section require the recording of any 40.10 notice as provided for in this section as to any undischarged mortgage or deed of trust 40.11 executed by any such corporation or any trustee or receiver thereof or to any claim or action 40.12 founded upon any such undischarged mortgage or deed of trust. The exceptions of this 40.13 subdivision shall not include (1) reservations or exceptions of land for right-of-way or other 40.14 railroad purposes contained in deeds of conveyance made by a railroad company or by 40.15 trustees or receivers thereof, unless said reserved or excepted land shall have been put to 40.16 railroad use within 40 years after the date of said deeds of conveyance, (2) nor any rights 40.17 under any conditions subsequent or restrictions contained in any such deeds of conveyance. 40.18

40.19 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 550.365, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

40.20 Subd. 2. Contents. A mediation notice must contain the following notice with the blanks40.21 properly filled in.

40.22 "TO: ....(Name of Judgment Debtor)....

40.23 A JUDGMENT WAS ORDERED AGAINST YOU BY ....(Name of Court).... ON
40.24 ....(Date of Judgment).

40.25 AS A JUDGMENT CREDITOR, ....(Name of Judgment Creditor).... INTENDS TO
40.26 TAKE ACTION AGAINST THE AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY DESCRIBED
40.27 AS....(Description of Agricultural Property).... TO SATISFY THE JUDGMENT IN THE
40.28 AMOUNT OF ....(Amount of Debt)....

40.29 YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION.
40.30 IF YOU REQUEST MEDIATION, A DEBT THAT IS IN DEFAULT WILL BE
40.31 MEDIATED ONLY ONCE. IF YOU DO NOT REQUEST MEDIATION, THIS DEBT
40.32 WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO FUTURE MEDIATION IF THE SECURED PARTY
40.33 ENFORCES THE DEBT.

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 41.1
 IF YOU PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, THE DIRECTOR OF THE

 41.2
 AGRICULTURAL MINNESOTA EXTENSION SERVICE WILL PROVIDE AN

- 41.3 ORIENTATION MEETING AND A FINANCIAL ANALYST TO HELP YOU PREPARE
- 41.4 FINANCIAL INFORMATION. IF YOU DECIDE TO PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION,
- 41.5 IT WILL BE TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO ASSEMBLE YOUR FARM FINANCE AND
- 41.6 OPERATION RECORDS AND TO CONTACT A COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE AS
- 41.7 SOON AS POSSIBLE. MEDIATION WILL ATTEMPT TO ARRIVE AT AN
- 41.8 AGREEMENT FOR HANDLING FUTURE FINANCIAL RELATIONS.
- 41.9 TO HAVE THE DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION YOU MUST FILE A
- 41.10 MEDIATION REQUEST WITH THE DIRECTOR WITHIN 14 DAYS AFTER YOU

41.11 RECEIVE THIS NOTICE. THE MEDIATION REQUEST FORM IS AVAILABLE AT

41.12 ANY COUNTY RECORDER'S OR COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE FROM THE

41.13 **DIRECTOR OF THE MINNESOTA EXTENSION SERVICE**.

- 41.14 FROM: ....(Name and Address of Judgment Creditor)...."
- 41.15 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 559.209, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Contents. A mediation notice must contain the following notice with the blanksproperly filled in.

41.18 "TO: ....(Name of Contract for Deed Purchaser)....

41.19 YOU HAVE DEFAULTED ON THE CONTRACT FOR DEED OF THE

41.20 AGRICULTURAL PROPERTY DESCRIBED AS ....(Size and Reasonable Location of
41.21 Property, Not Legal Description). THE AMOUNT OF THE OUTSTANDING DEBT IS

41.22 ....(Amount of Debt)....

41.23 AS THE CONTRACT FOR DEED VENDOR, ....(Contract for Deed Vendor)....
41.24 INTENDS TO TERMINATE THE CONTRACT AND TAKE BACK THE PROPERTY.

41.25 YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE CONTRACT FOR DEED DEBT

41.26 REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION. IF YOU REQUEST MEDIATION, A DEBT THAT IS

41.27 IN DEFAULT WILL BE MEDIATED ONLY ONCE. IF YOU DO NOT REQUEST

41.28 MEDIATION, THIS DEBT WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO FUTURE MEDIATION IF

41.29 THE CONTRACT FOR DEED VENDOR BEGINS REMEDIES TO ENFORCE THE

41.30 DEBT.

41.31 IF YOU PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, THE DIRECTOR OF THE

41.32 AGRICULTURAL MINNESOTA EXTENSION SERVICE WILL PROVIDE AN

41.33 ORIENTATION MEETING AND A FINANCIAL ANALYST TO HELP YOU PREPARE

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42.1 FINANCIAL INFORMATION. IF YOU DECIDE TO PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION,

42.2 IT WILL BE TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO ASSEMBLE YOUR FARM FINANCE AND

42.3 OPERATION RECORDS AND TO CONTACT A COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE AS

42.4 SOON AS POSSIBLE. MEDIATION WILL ATTEMPT TO ARRIVE AT AN

42.5 AGREEMENT FOR HANDLING FUTURE FINANCIAL RELATIONS.

42.6 TO HAVE THE CONTRACT FOR DEED DEBT REVIEWED FOR MEDIATION

42.7 YOU MUST FILE A MEDIATION REQUEST WITH THE DIRECTOR WITHIN 14

42.8 DAYS AFTER YOU RECEIVE THE NOTICE. THE MEDIATION REQUEST FORM

42.9 IS AVAILABLE AT ANY COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE FROM THE DIRECTOR

42.10 OF THE MINNESOTA EXTENSION SERVICE.

42.11 FROM: ....(Name and Address of Contract for Deed Vendor)...."

42.12 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 582.039, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

42.13 Subd. 2. Contents. A mediation notice must contain the following notice with the blanks42.14 properly filled in.

42.15 "TO: ....(Name of Record Owner)....

42.16 YOU HAVE DEFAULTED ON THE MORTGAGE OF THE AGRICULTURAL

42.17 PROPERTY DESCRIBED AS ....(Size and Reasonable Location, Not Legal Description).

42.18 THE AMOUNT OF THE OUTSTANDING DEBT ON THIS PROPERTY IS ....(Amount42.19 of Debt)....

42.20 AS HOLDER OF THE MORTGAGE, ....(Name of Holder of Mortgage).... INTENDS
42.21 TO FORECLOSE ON THE PROPERTY DESCRIBED ABOVE.

42.22 YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO HAVE THE MORTGAGE DEBT REVIEWED FOR
42.23 MEDIATION. IF YOU REQUEST MEDIATION, A DEBT THAT IS IN DEFAULT WILL
42.24 BE MEDIATED ONLY ONCE. IF YOU DO NOT REQUEST MEDIATION, THIS DEBT
42.25 WILL NOT BE SUBJECT TO FUTURE MEDIATION IF THE SECURED PARTY
42.26 ENFORCES THE DEBT.

42.27 IF YOU PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION, THE DIRECTOR OF THE
42.28 AGRICULTURAL MINNESOTA EXTENSION SERVICE WILL PROVIDE AN
42.29 ORIENTATION MEETING AND A FINANCIAL ANALYST TO HELP YOU PREPARE
42.30 FINANCIAL INFORMATION. IF YOU DECIDE TO PARTICIPATE IN MEDIATION,
42.31 IT WILL BE TO YOUR ADVANTAGE TO ASSEMBLE YOUR FARM FINANCE AND
42.32 OPERATION RECORDS AND TO CONTACT A COUNTY EXTENSION OFFICE AS

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43.1 43.2		SIBLE. MEDIATION FOR HANDLING F			AN
43.3	TO HAVE T	THE MORTGAGE D	EBT REVIEWED	FOR MEDIATION	I YOU MUST
43.4	FILE A MEDIA	TION REQUEST W	ITH THE DIREC	FOR WITHIN 14 I	DAYS AFTER
43.5	YOU RECEIVE	E THIS NOTICE. TH	E MEDIATION R	EQUEST FORM I	S AVAILABLE
43.6	AT ANY COUR	NTY RECORDER'S (	<del>OR COUNTY EX</del>	TENSION OFFICE	FROM THE
43.7	DIRECTOR OF	THE MINNESOTA	EXTENSION SE	RVICE.	
43.8	FROM:(1	Name and Address of	Holder of Mortga	ge)"	

43.9 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 583.25, is amended to read:

## 43.10 **583.25 VOLUNTARY MEDIATION PROCEEDINGS.**

A debtor that owns agricultural property or a creditor of the debtor may request mediation
of the indebtedness by a farm mediator by applying to the director. The director shall make
<u>provide</u> voluntary mediation application forms available at the county recorder's and county
extension office in each county when requested. The director must evaluate each request
and may direct a mediator to meet with the debtor and creditor to assist in mediation.

43.16 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 583.26, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Mediation request. (a) A debtor must file a mediation request form with the 43.17 director by 14 days after receiving a mediation notice. The debtor must state all known 43.18 creditors with debts secured for agricultural property and must authorize the director to 43.19 obtain the debtor's credit report from one or more credit reporting agencies. The mediation 43.20 request form must include an instruction that the debtor must state all known creditors with 43.21 debts secured by agricultural property and unsecured creditors that are necessary for the 43.22 farm operation of the debtor. It is the debtor's discretion as to which unsecured creditors 43.23 are necessary for the farm operation but the mediation request form must notify the debtor 43.24 that omission of a significant unsecured creditor could result in a bad-faith determination 43.25 pursuant to section 583.27, subdivisions 1, paragraph (a), clause (2), and 2. The mediation 43.26 request must state the date that the notice was served on the debtor. The director shall make 43.27 provide mediation request forms available in the county recorder's and county extension 43.28 office of each county when requested. 43.29

(b) Except as provided in section 583.24, subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (3), a
debtor who fails to file a timely mediation request waives the right to mediation for that
debt under the Farmer-Lender Mediation Act. The director shall notify the creditor who

(c) If a debtor has not received a mediation notice and is subject to a proceeding of a
creditor enforcing a debt against agricultural property under chapter 580 or 581 or sections
336.9-601 to 336.9-628, terminating a contract for deed to purchase agricultural property
under section 559.21, or garnishing, levying on, executing on, seizing, or attaching
agricultural property, the debtor may file a mediation request with the director. The mediation
request form must indicate that the debtor has not received a mediation notice.

44.9 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 600.23, is amended to read:

## 44.10 600.23 RECORDERS AND COURT ADMINISTRATORS.

44.11 Subdivision 1. Deposit of papers. Every county recorder, upon being paid the legal fees
44.12 therefor, shall may receive and deposit in the office any instruments or papers which shall
44.13 be are offered for that purpose and, if required requested, shall give to the person depositing
44.14 the same a receipt therefor.

Subd. 2. Endorsed and filed. <u>Any</u> such instruments or papers so received shall be filed by the officer receiving the same, and so endorsed as to indicate their general nature, the names of the parties thereto, and time when received, and shall be deposited and kept by the officer and successors in office in the same manner as the officer's official papers, but in a place separate therefrom.

Subd. 3. Withdrawal. Papers and instruments so deposited shall not be made public or
withdrawn from the office except upon the written order of the person depositing the same,
or the person's executors or administrators, or on the order of some court for the purpose
of being read in the court, and then to be returned to the office.

44.24 Subd. 3a. Retention and disposal. Papers and instruments deposited for safekeeping
44.25 shall be retained, at a minimum, until the earlier of:

44.26 (1) the county recorder learns of the depositor's death, at which time the county recorder
44.27 may deliver the paper or instrument to the appropriate court, or deliver the paper or instrument
44.28 to the depositor's executors or administrators; or

44.29 (2) 20 years following the deposit of the paper or instrument, at which time the county
 44.30 recorder shall dispose of the paper or instrument pursuant to its county's retention policy.

44.31 Subd. 4. Certificate that instrument cannot be found. The certificate of any officer
44.32 to whom the legal custody of any instrument belongs, stating that the officer has made

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diligent search for such instrument and that it cannot be found, shall be prima facie evidenceof the fact so certified to in all cases, matters, and proceedings.

45.3 Sec. 13. <u>**REPEALER.**</u>

45.5

45.6

45.4 Minnesota St	tatutes 2022, sections	346.02; and 582.14,	are repealed.
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#### **ARTICLE 7**

## MULTIMEMBER AGENCY APPOINTMENTS

45.7 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15.0597, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
45.8 Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) As used in this section, the following terms shall have
45.9 the meanings given them.

(b) "Agency" means (1) a state board, commission, council, committee, authority, task
force, including an advisory task force created under section 15.014 or 15.0593, a group
created by executive order of the governor, or other similar multimember agency created
by law and having statewide jurisdiction; and (2) the Metropolitan Council, metropolitan
agency, Capitol Area Architectural and Planning Board, and any agency with a regional
jurisdiction created in this state pursuant to an interstate compact.

(c) "Vacancy" or "vacant agency position" means (1) a vacancy in an existing agency, 45.16 or (2) a new, unfilled agency position. Vacancy includes a position that is to be filled through 45.17 appointment of a nonlegislator by a legislator or group of legislators; Vacancy does not 45.18 mean (1) a vacant position on an agency composed exclusively of persons employed by a 45.19 political subdivision or another agency, or (2) a vacancy to be filled by a person required 45.20 to have a specific title or position, (3) a vacancy that is to be filled through appointment of 45.21 a legislator by a legislator or group of legislators, or (4) a position appointed by a private 45.22 entity or individual, in the manner specified in the document creating the agency, unless 45.23 otherwise provided. 45.24

45.25 (d) "Secretary" means the secretary of state.

(e) "Appointing authority" means the individual or entity with the specific authority to
appoint open or direct appointment positions. This includes, but is not limited to, the
governor, state agency commissioners, indigenous Tribal leaders, designated legislative
leaders and local agency heads, persons who have been specifically delegated the authority
to make those appointments, or private entities or persons as designated by the document
creating the agency. Appointments should be evidenced by a document signed by the

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46.1	appointing auth	ority's most senior of	fficial. Appointmer	nts that do not speci	ify an appointing
46.2	authority shall b	be made in the mann	er provided in sect	ion 4.04.	
46.3	(f) "Direct ap	ppointments" means:	(1) the appointmen	nt of members to an	agency, pursuant
46.4	to a process not	subject to this section	on; and (2) those m	embers of an agend	cy appointed
46.5	through a proce	ss not subject to this	section. Direct app	pointments must be	e provided for

46.6 specifically in the documents creating the agency, whether enabling law, executive order,

46.7 <u>commissioner's order, or otherwise.</u>

46.8 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15.0597, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Notice of vacancies. The chair of an existing agency, shall notify the secretary 46.9 by electronic means of a vacancy scheduled to occur in the agency as a result of the expiration 46.10 of membership terms at least 45 days before the vacancy occurs. The chair of an existing 46.11 agency shall give electronic notification to must notify the secretary of each vacancy 46.12 occurring as a result of newly created agency positions and of every other vacancy occurring 46.13 46.14 for any reason other than the expiration of membership terms as soon as possible upon learning of the vacancy and in any case within 15 days after the occurrence of the vacancy. 46.15 46.16 The chair may submit vacancy notices by posting seat openings on the secretary of state's boards and commissions website. 46.17

(b) If a vacancy is to be appointed by the governor, the chair must first notify the governor
and receive permission to post the vacancy. Where a vacancy is created by resignation, the
vacancy may not be posted until receipt and acceptance of the resignation of the incumbent
as provided by section 351.01, subdivision 1, clause (2), is confirmed by the governor.

46.22 (c) The appointing authority for newly created agencies shall give electronic notification
46.23 to the secretary of all vacancies in the new agency within 15 days after the creation of the
46.24 agency. The secretary may require the submission of notices required by this subdivision
46.25 by electronic means.

(d) The secretary shall publish monthly on the website of the secretary of state a list of
all vacancies of which the secretary has been so notified. Only one notice of a vacancy shall
be so published, unless the appointing authority rejects all applicants and requests the
secretary to republish the notice of vacancy. One copy of the listing shall be made available
at the office of the secretary to any interested person. The secretary shall distribute by mail
or electronic means copies of the listings to requesting persons.

47.1 (e) The listing for all vacancies scheduled to occur in the month of January shall be
47.2 published on the website of the secretary of state together with the compilation of agency
47.3 data required to be published pursuant to subdivision 3.

47.4 (f) If a vacancy occurs within three months after an appointment is made to fill a regularly
47.5 scheduled vacancy, the appointing authority may, upon notification by electronic means to
47.6 the secretary, fill the vacancy by appointment from the list of persons submitting applications
47.7 to fill the regularly scheduled vacancy.

47.8 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15.0597, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Nominations for vacancies. Any person may make a self-nomination for 47.9 appointment to an agency vacancy by completing an application on a form prepared and 47.10 distributed by the secretary. The secretary may provide for the submission of the application 47.11 by electronic means. Any person or group of persons may, on the prescribed application 47.12 form, nominate another person to be appointed to a vacancy so long as the person so 47.13 nominated consents on the application form to the nomination. The application form shall 47.14 specify the nominee's name, mailing address, electronic mail address, telephone number, 47.15 preferred agency position sought, a statement that the nominee satisfies any legally prescribed 47.16 qualifications, a statement whether the applicant has ever been convicted of a felony, and 47.17 any other information the nominating person feels would be helpful to the appointing 47.18 47.19 authority. The nominating person has the option of indicating the nominee's sex, political party preference or lack thereof, status with regard to disability, race, veteran status, and 47.20 national origin on the application form. The application form shall make the option known. 47.21 If a person submits an application at the suggestion of an appointing authority, the person 47.22 shall so indicate on the application form. Twenty-one days after publication of a vacancy 47.23 47.24 on the website of the secretary of state pursuant to subdivision 4, the secretary shall submit electronic copies of all applications received for a position to the appointing authority 47.25 charged with filling the vacancy. If no applications have been received by the secretary for 47.26 the vacant position by the date when electronic copies must be submitted to the appointing 47.27 authority, the secretary shall so inform the appointing authority. Applications received by 47.28 the secretary shall be deemed to have expired one year after receipt of the application. An 47.29 application for a particular agency position shall be deemed to be an application for all 47.30 47.31 vacancies in that agency occurring prior to the expiration of the application and shall be public information. 47.32

48.1 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 15.0597, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Appointments. (a) In making an appointment to a vacant agency position, the 48.2 appointing authority shall consider applications for positions in that agency supplied by the 48.3 secretary. No appointing authority may appoint someone to a vacant agency position until 48.4 (1) ten five days after receipt of the applications for positions in that agency from the 48.5 secretary or (2) receipt of notice from the secretary that no applications have been received 48.6 for vacant positions in that agency as provided for in subdivision 5. At least five days before 48.7 48.8 the date of appointment, the appointing authority shall issue a public announcement and inform the secretary by electronic means of the name of the person the appointing authority 48.9 intends to appoint has appointed to fill the agency vacancy and the expiration date of that 48.10 person's term. 48.11

(b) No person may serve in a position until the appointing authority has submitted either
(1) a signed notice of appointment or (2) the documents required by paragraph (e) to the
secretary of state, and the term of the appointee may not commence on a date preceding the
date of the signature on the notice of appointment or the paragraph (e) submission.

48.16 (c) An oath of office for each appointee to an agency must be submitted to the secretary
48.17 of state under section 358.05.

(d) If the appointing authority intends to appoint a person other than one for whom an
application was submitted pursuant to this section, the appointing authority shall complete
an application form on behalf of the appointee and submit it to the secretary indicating on
the application that it is submitted by the appointing authority.

(e) An appointing authority making a direct appointment must submit a letter to the
secretary of state stating the name of the person appointed, the agency and the specific seat
to which they are appointed, contact information, the date on which the term begins, and
length of the term.

48.26 (f) No person may simultaneously occupy more than one position on the same agency
48.27 board. Appointment or designation of a member as chair of an agency does not constitute
48.28 a violation of this paragraph.

48.29 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 351.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
48.30 Subd. 2. When effective. Except as provided by subdivision 3 or other express provision
48.31 of law or charter to the contrary, a resignation is effective when it is received by the officer,
48.32 body, or board authorized to receive it. In the case of a position appointed by the governor
48.33 under section 15.0597, the resignation must be submitted to the governor.

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49.1

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 364.021, is amended to read:

# 49.2 364.021 PUBLIC AND PRIVATE EMPLOYMENT; CONSIDERATION OF 49.3 CRIMINAL RECORDS.

49.4 (a) A public or private employer may not inquire into or consider or require disclosure
49.5 of the criminal record or criminal history of an applicant for employment until the applicant
49.6 has been selected for an interview by the employer or, if there is not an interview, before a
49.7 conditional offer of employment is made to the applicant.

49.8 (b) This section does not apply to the Department of Corrections or to employers who
49.9 have a statutory duty to conduct a criminal history background check or otherwise take into
49.10 consideration a potential employee's criminal history during the hiring process.

49.11 (c) This section does not prohibit an employer from notifying applicants that law or the
49.12 employer's policy will disqualify an individual with a particular criminal history background
49.13 from employment in particular positions.

49.14 (d) An appointing authority may not inquire into or consider or require disclosure of the
49.15 criminal record or criminal history of an applicant for appointment to multimember agencies,
49.16 including boards, commissions, agencies, committees, councils, authorities, advisory task
49.17 forces, and advisory councils, on an application form or, until the applicant has been selected
49.18 for an interview by the appointing authority or is otherwise selected as a final candidate for
49.19 appointment.

49.20 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 364.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

49.21 Subdivision 1. Public employers. Any complaints or grievances concerning violations
49.22 of sections 364.01 to 364.10 by public employers or violations of section 364.021 by public
49.23 appointing authorities shall be processed and adjudicated in accordance with the procedures
49.24 set forth in chapter 14, the Administrative Procedure Act.

#### APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes: S0200-1

#### 346.02 FINDER TO GIVE NOTICE; PENALTY.

A person who finds an estray and knows who owns it shall notify the owner within seven days after finding the estray and request the owner to pay all reasonable charges and take such estray away. A finder who does not know who owns the estray shall within ten days file a notice with the town clerk. The clerk shall transmit a copy thereof to the county recorder, who shall record the same in a book designated "estray book." The finder shall give posted notice of the finding of the estray in said town. The notice shall briefly describe the estray, giving its marks, natural and artificial, as nearly as practicable, naming the residence of the finder, and specifying the town, section, and time when taken up. For failure to give such notice, the finder shall be liable to the owner of the estray in double the amount of damages sustained by the owner thereby.

#### 363A.20 EXEMPTION BASED ON EMPLOYMENT.

Subd. 3. **Nonpublic service organization.** The provisions of section 363A.08 shall not apply to a nonpublic service organization whose primary function is providing occasional services to minors, such as youth sports organizations, scouting organizations, boys' or girls' clubs, programs providing friends, counselors, or role models for minors, youth theater, dance, music or artistic organizations, agricultural organizations for minors, including 4-H clubs, and other youth organizations, with respect to qualifications of employees or volunteers based on sexual orientation.

#### 363A.27 CONSTRUCTION OF LAW.

Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to:

(1) mean the state of Minnesota condones homosexuality or bisexuality or any equivalent lifestyle;

(2) authorize or permit the promotion of homosexuality or bisexuality in education institutions or require the teaching in education institutions of homosexuality or bisexuality as an acceptable lifestyle;

(3) authorize or permit the use of numerical goals or quotas, or other types of affirmative action programs, with respect to homosexuality or bisexuality in the administration or enforcement of the provisions of this chapter; or

(4) authorize the recognition of or the right of marriage between persons of the same sex.

#### 504B.305 NOTICE OF SEIZURE PROVISION.

Landlords shall give written notice to tenants of the provision relating to seizures in section 504B.301. Failure to give such notice does not subject the landlord to criminal or civil liability and is not a defense under section 609.5317, subdivision 3.

## 582.14 LIMITATION ON OLD FORECLOSURE ACTIONS.

No action or proceeding to foreclose a real estate mortgage executed prior to November 1, 1909, shall be maintained after January 1, 1946, unless prior to said date the owner of said mortgage shall have filed in the office of the county recorder of the county in which is located the real estate covered thereby, a notice setting forth the name of the claimant, a description of said real estate and of said mortgage including the volume and page at which it is of record and a statement of the amount claimed to be due thereon. Such notices may be discharged in the same manner as notices of lis pendens, and, so discharged, shall, together with all information included therein, cease to constitute either actual or constructive notice.