Senator Wiklund from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

- 1.3 S.F. No. 2212: A bill for an act relating to health; changing provisions in vital records
 1.4 for stillbirths; amending Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 144.2151; 144.222.
- 1.5 Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:
- 1.6 Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:
- ^{1.7} "Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62J.17, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:

1.8 Subd. 5a. **Retrospective review.** (a) The commissioner shall retrospectively review

1.9 each major spending commitment and notify the provider of the results of the review. The

1.10 commissioner shall determine whether the major spending commitment was appropriate.

1.11 In making the determination, the commissioner may consider the following criteria: the

1.12 major spending commitment's impact on the cost, access, and quality of health care; the

1.13 clinical effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of the major spending commitment; and the

- 1.14 alternatives available to the provider. If the major expenditure is determined to not be
- 1.15 <u>appropriate, the commissioner shall notify the provider.</u>

(b) The commissioner may not prevent or prohibit a major spending commitment subject
to retrospective review. However, if the provider fails the retrospective review, any major
spending commitments by that provider for the five-year period following the commissioner's
decision are subject to prospective review under subdivision 6a.

1.20 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62Q.675, is amended to read:

1.21

62Q.675 HEARING AIDS; PERSONS 18 OR YOUNGER.

A health plan must cover hearing aids for <u>all</u> individuals 18 years of age or younger for
hearing loss that is not correctable by other covered procedures. Coverage required under
this section is limited to one hearing aid in each ear every three years. No special deductible,
coinsurance, co-payment, or other limitation on the coverage under this section that is not
generally applicable to other coverages under the plan may be imposed.

1.27 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 62U.04, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. Restricted uses of the all-payer claims data. (a) Notwithstanding subdivision
4, paragraph (b), and subdivision 5, paragraph (b), the commissioner or the commissioner's
designee shall only use the data submitted under subdivisions 4 and 5 for the following
purposes:

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2.1	(1) to evaluate the performance of the health care home program as authorized under
2.2	section 62U.03, subdivision 7;
2.3	(2) to study, in collaboration with the reducing avoidable readmissions effectively
2.4	(RARE) campaign, hospital readmission trends and rates;
2.5	(3) to analyze variations in health care costs, quality, utilization, and illness burden based
2.6	on geographical areas or populations;
2.7	(4) to evaluate the state innovation model (SIM) testing grant received by the Departments
2.8	of Health and Human Services, including the analysis of health care cost, quality, and
2.9	utilization baseline and trend information for targeted populations and communities; and
2.10	(5) to compile one or more public use files of summary data or tables that must:
2.11	(i) be available to the public for no or minimal cost by March 1, 2016, and available by
2.12	web-based electronic data download by June 30, 2019;
2.13	(ii) not identify individual patients, payers, or providers;
2.14	(iii) be updated by the commissioner, at least annually, with the most current data
2.15	available;
2.16	(iv) contain clear and conspicuous explanations of the characteristics of the data, such
2.17	as the dates of the data contained in the files, the absence of costs of care for uninsured
2.18	patients or nonresidents, and other disclaimers that provide appropriate context; and
2.19	(v) not lead to the collection of additional data elements beyond what is authorized under
2.20	this section as of June 30, 2015.
2.21	(b) The commissioner may publish the results of the authorized uses identified in
2.22	paragraph (a) so long as the data released publicly do not contain information or descriptions
2.23	in which the identity of individual hospitals, clinics, or other providers may be discerned.
2.24	(c) Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to prohibit the commissioner from
2.25	using the data collected under subdivision 4 to complete the state-based risk adjustment
2.26	system assessment due to the legislature on October 1, 2015.
2.27	(d) The commissioner or the commissioner's designee may use the data submitted under
2.28	subdivisions 4 and 5 for the purpose described in paragraph (a), clause (3), until July 1,
2.29	2023.
2.30	(e) (d) The commissioner shall consult with the all-payer claims database work group
2.31	established under subdivision 12 regarding the technical considerations necessary to create
2.32	the public use files of summary data described in paragraph (a), clause (5).

2

Sec. 3.

ADB

3.1	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.1481, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
3.2	Subdivision 1. Establishment; membership. The commissioner of health shall establish
3.3	a 16-member Rural Health Advisory Committee. The committee shall consist of the following
3.4	$\underline{22}$ members, all of whom must reside outside the seven-county metropolitan area, as defined
3.5	in section 473.121, subdivision 2:
3.6	(1) two members from the house of representatives of the state of Minnesota, one from
3.7	the majority party and one from the minority party;
3.8	(2) two members from the senate of the state of Minnesota, one from the majority party
3.9	and one from the minority party;
3.10	(3) a volunteer member of an ambulance service based outside the seven-county
3.11	metropolitan area;
3.12	(4) a representative of a hospital located outside the seven-county metropolitan area;
3.13	(5) a representative of a nursing home located outside the seven-county metropolitan
3.14	area;
3.15	(6) a medical doctor or doctor of osteopathic medicine licensed under chapter 147;
3.16	(7) a dentist licensed under chapter 150A;
3.17	(8) an allied dental personnel as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 3100.0100, subpart
3.18	<u>5:</u>
3.19	(8)(9) a midlevel practitioner an advanced practice professional;
3.20	(9)(10) a registered nurse or licensed practical nurse;
3.21	(10)(11) a licensed health care professional from an occupation not otherwise represented
3.22	on the committee;
3.23	(11)(12) a representative of an institution of higher education located outside the
3.24	seven-county metropolitan area that provides training for rural health care providers; and
3.25	(13) a member of a Tribal nation;
3.26	(14) a representative of a local public health agency or community health board;
3.27	(15) a health professional or advocate with experience working with people with mental
3.28	<u>illness;</u>
3.29	(16) a representative of a community organization that works with individuals
3.30	experiencing health disparities;

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4.1	(17) an individual with expertise in e	conomic development	, or an employer w	<u>orking</u>
4.2	outside the seven-county metropolitan a	rea;		
4.3	(12) three (18) two consumers, at lea	st one of whom must b	e an advocate for :	persons
4.4	who are mentally ill or developmentally	disabled from a comm	unity experiencing	g health
4.5	disparities; and			
4.6	; and (19) one consumer who is an ac	lvocate for persons wh	o are development	ally_
4.7	disabled.			
4.8	The commissioner will make recomm	nendations for committ	ee membership. Co	ommittee
4.9	members will be appointed by the gover	nor. In making appoint	ments, the govern	or shall
4.10	ensure that appointments provide geogra	phic balance among the	ose areas of the stat	e outside
4.11	the seven-county metropolitan area. The	chair of the committee	e shall be elected b	y the
4.12	members. The advisory committee is gov	verned by section 15.05	59, except that the	members
4.13	do not receive per diem compensation.			
4.14	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, sectio	on 144.2151, is amende	ed to read:	
4.15	144.2151 <u>FETAL DEATH</u> RECOR	D<u>AND CERTIFICA</u>	<u>TE</u> OF BIRTH	
4.16	RESULTING IN STILLBIRTH.			
4.17	Subdivision 1. Filing Registration.	A fetal death record of t	sirth for each birth	resulting
4.18	in a stillbirth in this state, on or after Au	gust 1, 2005<u>,</u> must be e	stablished for which	ch a each
4.19	fetal death report is required reported an	d registered under sect	ion 144.222, subdi	ivision 1 ,
4.20	shall be filed with the state registrar with	nin five days after the l	wirth if the parent o	r parents
4.21	of the stillbirth request to have a record	of birth resulting in stil	lbirth prepared.	
4.22	Subd. 2. Information to parents. Th	ne party responsible for	filing a fetal deat	h report
4.23	under section 144.222, subdivision 1, sh	all advise the parent or	parents of a stillb	irth:
4.24	(1) that they may request preparation	of a record of birth re	sulting in stillbirth	<u>.</u>
4.25	(2) that preparation of the record is o	ptional; and		
4.26	(3) how to obtain a certified copy of	the record if one is req	uested and prepare	xd.
4.27	(1) that the parent or parents may che	pose to provide a full n	ame or provide on	<u>ly a last</u>
4.28	name for the record;			
4.29	(2) that the parent or parents may req	uest a certificate of birt	<u>h resulting in stillt</u>	oirth after
4.30	the fetal death record is established;			

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5.1	(3) that the parent who gave birth	may request an info	ormational copy of t	<u>he fetal death</u>
5.2	record; and			
5.3	(4) that the parent or parents nam	ed on the fetal death	record and the part	y responsible
5.4	for reporting the fetal death may corr		_	- –
5.5	accuracy of vital records.			
5.6	Subd. 3. Preparation <u>Responsib</u>	ilities of the state re	<u>gistrar</u> . (a) Within f	ïve days after
5.7	delivery of a stillbirth, the parent or p	parents of the stillbir	th may prepare and f	File the record
5.8	with the state registrar if the parent or	parents of the stillbir	t h, after being advise	d as provided
5.9	in subdivision 2, request to have a re	cord of birth resultin	ig in stillbirth prepa	ed.
5.10	(b) If the parent or parents of the	stillbirth do not choo	ə se to provide a full	name for the
5.11	stillbirth, the parent or parents may c	hoose to file only a l	last name.	
5.12	(c) Either parent of the stillbirth c	or, if neither parent is	s available, another	person with
5.13	knowledge of the facts of the stillbirth	shall attest to the acc	uracy of the persona	l data entered
5.14	on the record in time to permit the fil	ing of the record wi	thin five days after o	lelivery.
5.15	The state registrar shall:			
5.16	(1) prescribe the process to:			
5.17	(i) register a fetal death;			
5.18	(ii) request the certificate of birth	resulting in stillbirth	n; and	
5.19	(iii) request the informational cop	by of a fetal death rec	<u>cord;</u>	
5.20	(2) prescribe a standardized forma	t for the certificate of	birth resulting in sti	llbirth, which
5.21	shall integrate security features and b	e as similar as possi	ble to a birth certific	cate;
5.22	(3) issue a certificate of birth resul	ting in stillbirth or a	statement of no vital	record found
5.23	to the parent or parents named on the	fetal death record up	on the parent's prop	er completion
5.24	of an attestation provided by the com	missioner and paym	ent of the required	fee;
5.25	(4) correct or amend the fetal dea	th record upon a req	uest from the parent	t who gave
5.26	birth, parents, or the person who regi	stered the fetal deatl	n or filed the report;	and
5.27	(5) refuse to amend or correct the	fetal death record w	<u>hen an applicant do</u>	es not submit
5.28	the minimum documentation required	d to amend the recor	d or when the state	<u>registrar has</u>
5.29	cause to question the validity or com	pleteness of the appl	licant's statements o	<u>r any</u>
5.30	documentary evidence and the deficie	encies are not correct	ed. The state registra	r shall advise
5.31	the applicant of the reason for this ac	tion and shall furthe	r advise the applicat	nt of the right
5.32	of appeal to a court with competent j	urisdiction over the	Department of Heal	<u>th.</u>

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6.1	Subd. 4. Retroactive application Delayed registration. Notwithstanding subdivisions
6.2	1 to 3, If a birth that fetal death occurred in this state at any time resulted in a stillbirth for
6.3	which a fetal death report was required under section 144.222, subdivision 1, but a record
6.4	of birth resulting in stillbirth was not prepared under subdivision 3, a parent of the stillbirth
6.5	may submit to the state registrar, on or after August 1, 2005, a written request for preparation
6.6	of a record of birth resulting in stillbirth and evidence of the facts of the stillbirth in the
6.7	form and manner specified by the state registrar. The state registrar shall prepare and file
6.8	the record of birth resulting in stillbirth within 30 days after receiving satisfactory evidence
6.9	of the facts of the stillbirth. fetal death was not registered and a record was not established,
6.10	a person responsible for registering the fetal death, the medical examiner or coroner with
6.11	jurisdiction, or a parent may submit to the state registrar a written request to register the
6.12	fetal death and submit the evidence to support the request.
6.13	Subd. 5. Responsibilities of state registrar. The state registrar shall:
6.14	(1) prescribe the form of and information to be included on a record of birth resulting
6.15	in stillbirth, which shall be as similar as possible to the form of and information included
6.16	on a record of birth;
6.17	(2) prescribe the form of and information to be provided by the parent of a stillbirth
6.18	requesting a record of birth resulting in stillbirth under subdivisions 3 and 4 and make this
6.19	form available on the Department of Health's website;
6.20	(3) issue a certified copy of a record of birth resulting in stillbirth to a parent of the
6.21	stillbirth that is the subject of the record if:
6.22	(i) a record of birth resulting in stillbirth has been prepared and filed under subdivision
6.23	3 or 4; and
6.24	(ii) the parent requesting a certified copy of the record submits the request in writing;
6.25	and
6.26	(4) create and implement a process for entering, preparing, and handling stillbirth records
6.27	identical or as close as possible to the processes for birth and fetal death records when
6.28	feasible, but no later than the date on which the next reprogramming of the Department of

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7.1	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.222, is amended to read:
7.2	144.222 <u>FETAL DEATH REPORTS OF FETAL OR INFANT DEATH AND</u>
7.3	REGISTRATION.
7.4	Subdivision 1. Fetal death report required. A fetal death report must be filed registered
7.5	or reported within five days of the death of a fetus for whom 20 or more weeks of gestation
7.6	have elapsed, except for abortions defined under section 145.4241. A fetal death report must
7.7	be prepared must be registered or reported in a format prescribed by the state registrar and
7.8	filed in accordance with Minnesota Rules, parts 4601.0100 to 4601.2600 by:
7.9	(1) a person in charge of an institution or that person's authorized designee if a fetus is
7.10	delivered in the institution or en route to the institution;
7.11	(2) a physician, certified nurse midwife, or other licensed medical personnel in attendance
7.12	at or immediately after the delivery if a fetus is delivered outside an institution; or
7.13	(3) a parent or other person in charge of the disposition of the remains if a fetal death
7.14	occurred without medical attendance at or immediately after the delivery.
7.15	Subd. 2. Sudden infant death. Each infant death which is diagnosed as sudden infant
7.16	death syndrome shall be reported within five days to the state registrar.
7.17	Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.382, is amended by adding a subdivision to
7.18	read:
7.19	Subd. 2a. Connector. "Connector" means gooseneck, pigtail, and other service line
7.20	connectors. A connector is typically a short section of piping not exceeding two feet that
7.21	can be bent and used for connections between rigid service piping.
7.22	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.382, is amended by adding a subdivision to
7.23	read:
7.24	Subd. 3a. Galvanized requiring replacement. "Galvanized requiring replacement"
7.25	means a galvanized service line that is or was at any time connected to a lead service line
7.26	or lead status unknown service line, or is currently or was previously affixed to a lead
7.27	connector. The majority of galvanized service lines fall under this category.
7.28	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.382, is amended by adding a subdivision to
7.29	read:
7.30	Subd. 3b. Galvanized service line. "Galvanized service line" means a service line made
7.31	of iron or piping that has been dipped in zinc to prevent corrosion and rusting.

Sec. 9.

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8.1	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, sea	ction 144.382. is a	mended by adding a	subdivision
8.2	to read:	,		
	Subd 2. Lood compositor "I code		and a star made of	laad
8.3	Subd. 3c. Lead connector. "Lead c	onnector means a	connector made of	<u>leau.</u>
8.4	Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, sec	ction 144.382, is an	nended by adding a	subdivision
8.5	to read:			
8.6	Subd. 3d. Lead service line. "Lead	service line" mear	ns a portion of pipe t	hat is made
8.7	of lead, which connects the water main			
8.8	owned by the water system, by the pro-			· -
8.9	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2022, see	ction 144.382, is an	mended by adding a	subdivision
8.10	to read:			
8.11	Subd. 3e. Lead status unknown se	ervice line or unki	<u>nown service line. "</u>	Lead status
8.12	unknown service line" or "unknown se	rvice line" means a	a service line that ha	<u>s not been</u>
8.13	demonstrated to meet or does not meet t	he Safe Drinking V	Vater Act section 14	17, definition
8.14	of lead free.			
8.15	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, sec	ction 144.382, is an	mended by adding a	subdivision
8.16	to read:			
8.17	Subd. 3f. Nonlead service line. "No	onlead service line	" means a service lin	e determined
8.18	through an evidence-based record, met	hod, or technique i	not to be a lead servi	ice line or
8.19	galvanized service line requiring replace	cement. Most nonle	ead service lines wil	<u>l be copper</u>
8.20	or plastic.			
		. 144.200	1 11 11.	1 1
8.21	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2022, sec	ction 144.382, is ai	mended by adding a	subdivision
8.22	to read:			
8.23	Subd. 4a. Service line. "Service lin	e" means a portion	of pipe that connec	ts the water
8.24	main to the building inlet. A service line	e may be owned by	the water system, by	the property
8.25	owner, or both. A service line may be n	nade of many mate	erials, such as lead, o	copper,
8.26	galvanized steel, or plastic.			
8.27	Sec. 15. [144.3853] CLASSIFICAT	ION OF SERVIC	FLINFS	
0.27				
8.28	Subdivision 1. Classification of lea			
8.29	classify the actual material of a service	line, such as copp	er or plastic, as an a	lternative to

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9.1	classifying the service line as a not	nlead service line, for th	ne purpose of the lea	ad service line
9.2	inventory.			
9.3	(b) It is not necessary to physic	cally verify the material	composition, such	as copper or
9.4	plastic, of a service line for its lead	status to be identified. Fo	or example, if record	s demonstrate
9.5	the service line was installed after	a municipal, state, or fe	ederal ban on the in	stallation of
9.6	lead service lines, the service line	may be classified as a r	nonlead service line	<u>.</u>
9.7	Subd. 2. Lead connector. For	the purposes of the lead	l service line invent	tory and lead
9.8	service line replacement plan, if a	service line has a lead	connector, the servi	ce line shall
9.9	be classified as a lead service line	or a galvanized service	line requiring repla	acement.
9.10	Subd. 3. Galvanized service l	ine. A galvanized servi	ce line may only be	classified as
9.11	a nonlead service line if there is de	ocumentation verifying	it was never conne	cted to a lead
9.12	service line or lead connector. Rar	ely will a galvanized ser	vice line be conside	ered a nonlead
9.13	service line.			
9.14	Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 202	2, section 144.55, subdi	ivision 3, is amende	ed to read:
9.15	Subd. 3. Standards for licensu	ire. (a) Notwithstanding	g the provisions of se	ection 144.56,
9.16	for the purpose of hospital licensu	re, the commissioner of	f health shall use as	minimum
9.17	standards the hospital certification	regulations promulgat	ed pursuant to title	XVIII of the
9.18	Social Security Act, United States	Code, title 42, section	1395, et seq. The co	ommissioner
9.19	may use as minimum standards ch	nanges in the federal ho	spital certification r	regulations
9.20	promulgated after May 7, 1981, if	the commissioner finds	that such changes a	are reasonably
9.21	necessary to protect public health	and safety. The commi	ssioner shall also pr	omulgate in
9.22	rules additional minimum standar	ds for new construction	-	
9.23	(b) Hospitals must meet the ap	plicable provisions of t	he 2022 edition of t	the Facility
9.24	Guidelines Institute Guidelines for	r Design and Construct	<i>ion of Hospitals</i> . Tl	<u>his minimum</u>
9.25	design standard must be met for all	new licenses, new const	truction, change of u	ise, or change
9.26	of occupancy for which plan revie	w packages are received	d on or after Januar	<u>y 1, 2024. For</u>
9.27	the purposes of this subdivision, "	Facility Guidelines Inst	itute Guidelines for	r Design and
9.28	Construction of Hospitals" does n	ot include any appendic	tes to the guidelines	<u>5.</u>
9.29	(c) The commissioner shall rev	view each new edition of	of the guidelines to	determine if
9.30	they will be updated. If the comm	issioner decides to upda	ate the edition of the	e guidelines
9.31	specified in paragraph (b) for purp	ooses of this subdivision	n, the commissioner	r must notify
9.32	the chairs and ranking minority m	embers of the legislativ	e committees and d	livisions with
9.33	jurisdiction over health care and p	bublic safety of the plan	ned update by Janu	ary 15 of the

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10.1 year in which the new edition will become effective. Following notice from the

10.2 <u>commissioner, the new edition shall become effective for hospitals beginning August 1 of</u>

10.3 that year, unless otherwise provided in law. The commissioner shall, by publication in the

10.4 State Register, specify a date by which hospitals must comply with the updated edition. The

10.5 date by which hospitals must comply shall not be sooner than 12 months after publication

10.6 of the commissioner's notice in the State Register and applies only to plan review submissions

10.7 <u>received on or after that date.</u>

(d) Hospitals shall be in compliance with all applicable state and local governing laws,
regulations, standards, ordinances, and codes for fire safety, building, and zoning
requirements. The commissioner shall develop guidance to outline how the commissioner
will resolve conflicts between the guidelines and other applicable state and local governing
laws, regulations, standards, ordinances, and codes for fire safety, building, and zoning.
Guidance must be made publicly available at the time a new edition of the guidelines

10.14 <u>becomes effective and shall be periodically updated.</u>

(b) (e) Each hospital and outpatient surgical center shall establish policies and procedures
to prevent the transmission of human immunodeficiency virus and hepatitis B virus to
patients and within the health care setting. The policies and procedures shall be developed
in conformance with the most recent recommendations issued by the United States
Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease
Control. The commissioner of health shall evaluate a hospital's compliance with the policies
and procedures according to subdivision 4.

10.22 (c) (f) An outpatient surgical center must establish and maintain a comprehensive tuberculosis infection control program according to the most current tuberculosis infection 10.23 control guidelines issued by the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention 10.24 (CDC), Division of Tuberculosis Elimination, as published in CDC's Morbidity and Mortality 10.25 Weekly Report (MMWR). This program must include a tuberculosis infection control plan 10.26 that covers all paid and unpaid employees, contractors, students, and volunteers. The 10.27 Department of Health shall provide technical assistance regarding implementation of the 10.28 10.29 guidelines.

10.30 (d) (g) Written compliance with this subdivision must be maintained by the outpatient
 10.31 surgical center.

10.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2024.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.6535, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 11.1 11.2 Subdivision 1. **Request for variance or waiver.** A hospital may request that the commissioner grant a variance or waiver from the provisions of Minnesota Rules, chapter 11.3 4640 or 4645 section 144.55, subdivision 3, paragraph (b). A request for a variance or waiver 11.4 must be submitted to the commissioner in writing. Each request must contain: 11.5 (1) the specific rule or rules requirement for which the variance or waiver is requested; 11.6 (2) the reasons for the request; 11.7 (3) the alternative measures that will be taken if a variance or waiver is granted; 11.8 (4) the length of time for which the variance or waiver is requested; and 11.9 (5) other relevant information deemed necessary by the commissioner to properly evaluate 11.10 the request for the variance or waiver. 11.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2024. 11.12 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.6535, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 11.13 Subd. 2. Criteria for evaluation. The decision to grant or deny a variance or waiver 11.14 must be based on the commissioner's evaluation of the following criteria: 11.15 (1) whether the variance or waiver will adversely affect the health, treatment, comfort, 11.16 safety, or well-being of a patient; 11.17 (2) whether the alternative measures to be taken, if any, are equivalent to or superior to 11.18 11.19 those prescribed in Minnesota Rules, chapter 4640 or 4645 section 144.55, subdivision 3, paragraph (b); and 11.20 11.21 (3) whether compliance with the rule or rules requirements would impose an undue burden upon the applicant. 11.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2024. 11.23 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.6535, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 11.24 Subd. 4. Effect of alternative measures or conditions. (a) Alternative measures or 11.25 conditions attached to a variance or waiver have the same force and effect as the rules 11.26 requirement under Minnesota Rules, chapter 4640 or 4645 section 144.55, subdivision 3, 11.27

11.28 paragraph (b), and are subject to the issuance of correction orders and penalty assessments

in accordance with section 144.55.

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12.1	(b) Fines for a violation of this sect	ion shall be in the	same amount as that	specified for
12.2	the particular rule requirement for which	ch the variance or	waiver was requeste	:d.
12.3	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	is effective Janua	<u>ry 1, 2024.</u>	
12.4	Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, se	ction 144.9501, su	bdivision 17, is ame	ended to read:
12.5	Subd. 17. Lead hazard reduction.	(a) "Lead hazard r	eduction" means aba	itement <u>, swab</u>
12.6	team services, or interim controls under	taken to make a re	sidence, child care fa	cility, school,
12.7	playground, or other location where lea	d hazards are iden	tified lead-safe by co	mplying with
12.8	the lead standards and methods adopte	d under section 14	4.9508.	
12.9	(b) Lead hazard reduction does not	include renovation	activity that is prima	arily intended
12.10	to remodel, repair, or restore a given st	ructure or dwellin	g rather than abate o	or control
12.11	lead-based paint hazards.			
12.12	(c) Lead hazard reduction does not	include activities	that disturb painted s	surfaces that
12.13	total:			
12.14	(1) less than 20 square feet (two sq	uare meters) on ex	terior surfaces; or	
12.15	(2) less than two square feet (0.2 sc	<u>uare meters) in ar</u>	<u>i interior room.</u>	
12.16	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, sec	ction 144.9501, su	bdivision 26a, is ame	ended to read:
12.17	Subd. 26a. Regulated lead work.	(a) "Regulated lead	1 work" means:	
12.18	(1) abatement;			
12.19	(2) interim controls;			
12.20	(3) a clearance inspection;			
12.21	(4) a lead hazard screen;			
12.22	(5) a lead inspection;			
12.23	(6) a lead risk assessment;			
12.24	(7) lead project designer services;			
12.25	(8) lead sampling technician service	es;		
12.26	(9) swab team services;			
12.27	(10) renovation activities; or			
12.28	(11) lead hazard reduction; or			

- 13.1 (11)(12) activities performed to comply with lead orders issued by a community health
 13.2 board an assessing agency.
- (b) Regulated lead work does not include abatement, interim controls, swab team services,
 or renovation activities that disturb painted surfaces that total no more than:
- 13.5 (1) 20 square feet (two square meters) on exterior surfaces; or
- 13.6 (2) six square feet (0.6 square meters) in an interior room.
- 13.7 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.9501, subdivision 26b, is amended to read:

13.8 Subd. 26b. **Renovation.** (a) "Renovation" means the modification of any pre-1978

13.9 affected property <u>for compensation</u> that results in the disturbance of known or presumed

13.10 lead-containing painted surfaces defined under section 144.9508, unless that activity is

13.11 performed as lead hazard reduction. A renovation performed for the purpose of converting

a building or part of a building into an affected property is a renovation under thissubdivision.

- (b) Renovation does not include minor repair and maintenance activities described in
 this paragraph. All activities that disturb painted surfaces and are performed within 30 days
 of other activities that disturb painted surfaces in the same room must be considered a single
 project when applying the criteria below. Unless the activity involves window replacement
 or demolition of a painted surface, building component, or portion of a structure, for purposes
 of this paragraph, "minor repair and maintenance" means activities that disturb painted
 surfaces totaling:
- 13.21 (1) less than 20 square feet (two square meters) on exterior surfaces; or
- 13.22 (2) less than six square feet (0.6 square meters) in an interior room.
- 13.23 (c) Renovation does not include total demolition of a freestanding structure. For purposes

13.24 of this paragraph, "total demolition" means demolition and disposal of all interior and

13.25 exterior painted surfaces, including windows. Unpainted foundation building components

- 13.26 remaining after total demolition may be reused.
- 13.27 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.9501, is amended by adding a subdivision
 13.28 to read:
- 13.29 Subd. 33. Compensation. "Compensation" means money or other mutually agreed upon
- 13.30 form of payment given or received for regulated lead work, including rental payments,
- 13.31 rental income, or salaries derived from rent payments.

14.1	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.9501, is amended by adding a subdivision
14.2	to read:

14.3

Subd. 34. Individual. "Individual" means a natural person.

14.4 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.9505, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Licensing, certification, and permitting. (a) Fees collected under this
section shall be deposited into the state treasury and credited to the state government special
revenue fund.

(b) Persons shall not advertise or otherwise present themselves as lead supervisors, lead
workers, lead inspectors, lead risk assessors, lead sampling technicians, lead project designers,
renovation firms, or lead firms unless they have licenses or certificates issued by the
commissioner under this section.

(c) The fees required in this section for inspectors, risk assessors, and certified lead firms
are waived for state or local government employees performing services for or as an assessing
agency.

(d) An individual who is the owner of property on which regulated lead work is to be 14.15 performed or an adult individual who is related to the property owner, as defined under 14.16 section 245A.02, subdivision 13, is exempt from the requirements to obtain a license and 14.17 14.18 pay a fee according to this section. Individual residential property owners who perform regulated lead work on their own residence are exempt from the licensure and firm 14.19 certification requirements of this section. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraphs (a) 14.20 to (c), this exemption does not apply when the regulated lead work is a renovation performed 14.21 for compensation, when a child with an elevated blood level has been identified in the 14.22 14.23 residence or the building in which the residence is located, or when the residence is occupied by one or more individuals who are not related to the property owner, as defined under 14.24 section 245A.02, subdivision 13. 14.25

(e) A person that employs individuals to perform regulated lead work outside of the
person's property must obtain certification as a certified lead firm. An individual who
performs lead hazard reduction, lead hazard screens, lead inspections, lead risk assessments,
clearance inspections, lead project designer services, lead sampling technician services,
swab team services, and activities performed to comply with lead orders must be employed
by a certified lead firm, unless the individual is a sole proprietor and does not employ any
other individuals, the individual is employed by a person that does not perform regulated

15.1 lead work outside of the person's property, or the individual is employed by an assessing
15.2 agency.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.9505, subdivision 1g, is amended to read: 15.3 Subd. 1g. Certified lead firm. A person who performs or employs individuals to perform 15.4 regulated lead work, with the exception of renovation, outside of the person's property must 15.5 obtain certification as a lead firm. The certificate must be in writing, contain an expiration 15.6 date, be signed by the commissioner, and give the name and address of the person to whom 15.7 it is issued. A lead firm certificate is valid for one year. The certification fee is \$100, is 15.8 nonrefundable, and must be submitted with each application. The lead firm certificate or a 15.9 copy of the certificate must be readily available at the worksite for review by the contracting 15.10 entity, the commissioner, and other public health officials charged with the health, safety, 15.11 and welfare of the state's citizens. 15.12

15.13 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.9505, subdivision 1h, is amended to read:

Subd. 1h. Certified renovation firm. A person who performs or employs individuals 15.14 to perform renovation activities outside of the person's property for compensation must 15.15 obtain certification as a renovation firm. The certificate must be in writing, contain an 15.16 expiration date, be signed by the commissioner, and give the name and address of the person 15.17 to whom it is issued. A renovation firm certificate is valid for two years. The certification 15.18 fee is \$100, is nonrefundable, and must be submitted with each application. The renovation 15.19 firm certificate or a copy of the certificate must be readily available at the worksite for 15.20 review by the contracting entity, the commissioner, and other public health officials charged 15.21 with the health, safety, and welfare of the state's citizens. 15.22

15.23 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 144.9508, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Regulated lead work standards and methods.** (a) The commissioner shall adopt rules establishing regulated lead work standards and methods in accordance with the provisions of this section, for lead in paint, dust, drinking water, and soil in a manner that protects public health and the environment for all residences, including residences also used for a commercial purpose, child care facilities, playgrounds, and schools.

(b) In the rules required by this section, the commissioner shall require lead hazard
reduction of intact paint only if the commissioner finds that the intact paint is on a chewable
or lead-dust producing surface that is a known source of actual lead exposure to a specific
individual. The commissioner shall prohibit methods that disperse lead dust into the air that

could accumulate to a level that would exceed the lead dust standard specified under this 16.1 section. The commissioner shall work cooperatively with the commissioner of administration 16.2 to determine which lead hazard reduction methods adopted under this section may be used 16.3 for lead-safe practices including prohibited practices, preparation, disposal, and cleanup. 16.4 The commissioner shall work cooperatively with the commissioner of the Pollution Control 16.5 Agency to develop disposal procedures. In adopting rules under this section, the 16.6 commissioner shall require the best available technology for regulated lead work methods, 16.7 paint stabilization, and repainting. 16.8

(c) The commissioner of health shall adopt regulated lead work standards and methods
for lead in bare soil in a manner to protect public health and the environment. The
commissioner shall adopt a maximum standard of 100 parts of lead per million in bare soil.
The commissioner shall set a soil replacement standard not to exceed 25 parts of lead per
million. Soil lead hazard reduction methods shall focus on erosion control and covering of
bare soil.

(d) The commissioner shall adopt regulated lead work standards and methods for lead
in dust in a manner to protect the public health and environment. Dust standards shall use
a weight of lead per area measure and include dust on the floor, on the window sills, and
on window wells. Lead hazard reduction methods for dust shall focus on dust removal and
other practices which minimize the formation of lead dust from paint, soil, or other sources.

(e) The commissioner shall adopt lead hazard reduction standards and methods for lead
in drinking water both at the tap and public water supply system or private well in a manner
to protect the public health and the environment. The commissioner may adopt the rules
for controlling lead in drinking water as contained in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40,
part 141. Drinking water lead hazard reduction methods may include an educational approach
of minimizing lead exposure from lead in drinking water.

(f) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall adopt rules to ensure that
removal of exterior lead-based coatings from residences and steel structures by abrasive
blasting methods is conducted in a manner that protects health and the environment.

(g) All regulated lead work standards shall provide reasonable margins of safety that
are consistent with more than a summary review of scientific evidence and an emphasis on
overprotection rather than underprotection when the scientific evidence is ambiguous.

(h) No unit of local government shall have an ordinance or regulation governing regulatedlead work standards or methods for lead in paint, dust, drinking water, or soil that require

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a different regulated lead work standard or method than the standards or methods establishedunder this section.

(i) Notwithstanding paragraph (h), the commissioner may approve the use by a unit of
local government of an innovative lead hazard reduction method which is consistent in
approach with methods established under this section.

(j) The commissioner shall adopt rules for issuing lead orders required under section
144.9504, rules for notification of abatement or interim control activities requirements, and
other rules necessary to implement sections 144.9501 to 144.9512.

(k) The commissioner shall adopt rules consistent with section 402(c)(3) of the Toxic
Substances Control Act <u>and all regulations adopted thereunder</u> to ensure that renovation in
a pre-1978 affected property where a child or pregnant female resides is conducted in a
manner that protects health and the environment. Notwithstanding sections 14.125 and
14.128, the authority to adopt these rules does not expire.

(1) The commissioner shall adopt rules consistent with sections 406(a) and 406(b) of the
Toxic Substances Control Act. Notwithstanding sections 14.125 and 14.128, the authority
to adopt these rules does not expire.

17.17 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148.512, subdivision 10a, is amended to read:

Subd. 10a. Hearing aid. "Hearing aid" means an instrument a prescribed aid, or any of
its parts, worn in the ear canal and designed to or represented as being able to aid or enhance
human hearing. "Hearing aid" includes the aid's parts, attachments, or accessories, including,
but not limited to, ear molds and behind the ear (BTE) devices with or without an ear mold.
Batteries and cords are not parts, attachments, or accessories of a hearing aid. Surgically
implanted hearing aids, and assistive listening devices not worn within the ear canal, are
not hearing aids.

17.25 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148.512, subdivision 10b, is amended to read:

Subd. 10b. Hearing aid dispensing. "Hearing aid dispensing" means making ear mold
impressions, prescribing, or recommending a hearing aid, assisting the consumer in
prescription aid selection, selling hearing aids at retail, or testing human hearing in connection
with these activities regardless of whether the person conducting these activities has a
monetary interest in the dispensing of prescription hearing aids to the consumer. Hearing
aid dispensing does not include selling over-the-counter hearing aids.

- 18.1 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148.512, is amended by adding a subdivision
 18.2 to read:
- 18.3 <u>Subd. 10c.</u> Over-the-counter hearing aid or OTC hearing aid. "Over-the-counter
- 18.4 <u>hearing aid</u>" or "OTC hearing aid" has the meaning given to that term in Code of Federal
 18.5 <u>Regulations, title 21, section 800.30(b).</u>
- 18.6 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148.512, is amended by adding a subdivision
 18.7 to read:

18.8 Subd. 13a. Prescription hearing aid. "Prescription hearing aid" means a hearing aid
 18.9 requiring a prescription from a certified hearing aid dispenser or licensed audiologist that
 18.10 is not an OTC hearing aid.

- 18.11 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148.513, is amended by adding a subdivision18.12 to read:
- 18.13 Subd. 4. Over-the-counter hearing aids. Nothing in sections 148.511 to 148.5198 shall
 18.14 preclude licensed audiologists from dispensing or selling over-the-counter hearing aids.
- 18.15 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148.515, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Dispensing audiologist examination requirements. (a) Audiologists are
exempt from the written examination requirement in section 153A.14, subdivision 2h,
paragraph (a), clause (1).

(b) After July 31, 2005, all applicants for audiologist licensure under sections 148.512
to 148.5198 must achieve a passing score on the practical tests of proficiency described in
section 153A.14, subdivision 2h, paragraph (a), clause (2), within the time period described
in section 153A.14, subdivision 2h, paragraph (c).

(c) In order to dispense prescription hearing aids as a sole proprietor, member of a 18.23 partnership, or for a limited liability company, corporation, or any other entity organized 18.24 for profit, a licensee who obtained audiologist licensure under sections 148.512 to 148.5198, 18.25 before August 1, 2005, and who is not certified to dispense prescription hearing aids under 18.26 chapter 153A, must achieve a passing score on the practical tests of proficiency described 18.27 in section 153A.14, subdivision 2h, paragraph (a), clause (2), within the time period described 18.28 in section 153A.14, subdivision 2h, paragraph (c). All other audiologist licensees who 18.29 obtained licensure before August 1, 2005, are exempt from the practical tests. 18.30

- 19.1 (d) An applicant for an audiology license who obtains a temporary license under section
- 19.2 148.5175 may dispense <u>prescription</u> hearing aids only under supervision of a licensed
- 19.3 audiologist who dispenses <u>prescription</u> hearing aids.
- 19.4 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148.5175, is amended to read:
- 19.5 **148.5175 TEMPORARY LICENSURE.**

(a) The commissioner shall issue temporary licensure as a speech-language pathologist,an audiologist, or both, to an applicant who:

(1) submits a signed and dated affidavit stating that the applicant is not the subject of a
disciplinary action or past disciplinary action in this or another jurisdiction and is not
disqualified on the basis of section 148.5195, subdivision 3; and

19.11 (2) either:

(i) provides a copy of a current credential as a speech-language pathologist, an audiologist,
or both, held in the District of Columbia or a state or territory of the United States; or

(ii) provides a copy of a current certificate of clinical competence issued by the American
Speech-Language-Hearing Association or board certification in audiology by the American
Board of Audiology.

(b) A temporary license issued to a person under this subdivision expires 90 days after
it is issued or on the date the commissioner grants or denies licensure, whichever occurs
first.

(c) Upon application, a temporary license shall be renewed twice to a person who is able
to demonstrate good cause for failure to meet the requirements for licensure within the
initial temporary licensure period and who is not the subject of a disciplinary action or
disqualified on the basis of section 148.5195, subdivision 3. Good cause includes but is not
limited to inability to take and complete the required practical exam for dispensing
prescription hearing instruments aids.

(d) Upon application, a temporary license shall be issued to a person who meets the
requirements of section 148.515, subdivisions 2a and 4, but has not completed the
requirement in section 148.515, subdivision 6.

19.29 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148.5195, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

19.30 Subd. 3. Grounds for disciplinary action by commissioner. The commissioner may
19.31 take any of the disciplinary actions listed in subdivision 4 on proof that the individual has:

20.1 (1) intentionally submitted false or misleading information to the commissioner or the20.2 advisory council;

20.3 (2) failed, within 30 days, to provide information in response to a written request by the
 20.4 commissioner or advisory council;

20.5 (3) performed services of a speech-language pathologist or audiologist in an incompetent
 20.6 or negligent manner;

20.7 (4) violated sections 148.511 to 148.5198;

20.8 (5) failed to perform services with reasonable judgment, skill, or safety due to the use
20.9 of alcohol or drugs, or other physical or mental impairment;

20.10 (6) violated any state or federal law, rule, or regulation, and the violation is a felony or
20.11 misdemeanor, an essential element of which is dishonesty, or which relates directly or
20.12 indirectly to the practice of speech-language pathology or audiology. Conviction for violating
20.13 any state or federal law which relates to speech-language pathology or audiology is
20.14 necessarily considered to constitute a violation, except as provided in chapter 364;

20.15 (7) aided or abetted another person in violating any provision of sections 148.511 to
20.16 148.5198;

20.17 (8) been or is being disciplined by another jurisdiction, if any of the grounds for the
20.18 discipline is the same or substantially equivalent to those under sections 148.511 to 148.5198;

20.19 (9) not cooperated with the commissioner or advisory council in an investigation20.20 conducted according to subdivision 1;

20.21 (10) advertised in a manner that is false or misleading;

20.22 (11) engaged in conduct likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public; or demonstrated
20.23 a willful or careless disregard for the health, welfare, or safety of a client;

(12) failed to disclose to the consumer any fee splitting or any promise to pay a portion
of a fee to any other professional other than a fee for services rendered by the other
professional to the client;

20.27 (13) engaged in abusive or fraudulent billing practices, including violations of federal
20.28 Medicare and Medicaid laws, Food and Drug Administration regulations, or state medical
20.29 assistance laws;

20.30 (14) obtained money, property, or services from a consumer through the use of undue
20.31 influence, high pressure sales tactics, harassment, duress, deception, or fraud;

21.1 (15) performed services for a client who had no possibility of benefiting from the services;

21.2 (16) failed to refer a client for medical evaluation or to other health care professionals

when appropriate or when a client indicated symptoms associated with diseases that could
be medically or surgically treated;

21.5 (17) had the certification required by chapter 153A denied, suspended, or revoked
21.6 according to chapter 153A;

(18) used the term doctor of audiology, doctor of speech-language pathology, AuD, or
SLPD without having obtained the degree from an institution accredited by the North Central
Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools, the Council on Academic Accreditation
in Audiology and Speech-Language Pathology, the United States Department of Education,
or an equivalent;

(19) failed to comply with the requirements of section 148.5192 regarding supervision
of speech-language pathology assistants; or

21.14 (20) if the individual is an audiologist or certified <u>prescription</u> hearing <u>instrument aid</u>
21.15 dispenser:

(i) prescribed or otherwise recommended to a consumer or potential consumer the use 21.16 of a prescription hearing instrument aid, unless the prescription from a physician or 21.17 recommendation from, an audiologist, or <u>a certified dispenser is in writing</u>, is based on an 21.18 audiogram that is delivered to the consumer or potential consumer when the prescription 21.19 or recommendation is made, and bears the following information in all capital letters of 21.20 21.21 12-point or larger boldface type: "THIS PRESCRIPTION OR RECOMMENDATION MAY BE FILLED BY, AND PRESCRIPTION HEARING INSTRUMENTS AIDS MAY 21.22 BE PURCHASED FROM, THE LICENSED AUDIOLOGIST OR CERTIFIED DISPENSER 21.23 **OF YOUR CHOICE":** 21.24

21.25 (ii) failed to give a copy of the audiogram, upon which the prescription or

21.26 recommendation is based, to the consumer when the consumer requests a copy;

21.27 (iii) failed to provide the consumer rights brochure required by section 148.5197,
21.28 subdivision 3;

(iv) failed to comply with restrictions on sales of prescription hearing instruments aids
in sections 148.5197, subdivision 3, and 148.5198;

(v) failed to return a consumer's <u>prescription hearing instrument aid</u> used as a trade-in
or for a discount in the price of a new <u>prescription hearing instrument aid</u> when requested
by the consumer upon cancellation of the purchase agreement;

(vi) failed to follow Food and Drug Administration or Federal Trade Commission
 regulations relating to dispensing prescription hearing instruments aids;

22.3 (vii) failed to dispense a <u>prescription hearing instrument aid</u> in a competent manner or
22.4 without appropriate training;

(viii) delegated <u>prescription</u> hearing <u>instrument aid</u> dispensing authority to a person not
authorized to dispense a <u>prescription</u> hearing <u>instrument aid</u> under this chapter or chapter
153A;

(ix) failed to comply with the requirements of an employer or supervisor of a prescription
hearing instrument aid dispenser trainee;

(x) violated a state or federal court order or judgment, including a conciliation court
judgment, relating to the activities of the individual's <u>prescription</u> hearing <u>instrument aid</u>
dispensing; or

(xi) failed to include on the audiogram the practitioner's printed name, credential type,credential number, signature, and date.

22.15 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148.5196, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Membership. The commissioner shall appoint 12 persons to a
Speech-Language Pathologist and Audiologist Advisory Council. The 12 persons must
include:

(1) three public members, as defined in section 214.02. Two of the public members shall
be either persons receiving services of a speech-language pathologist or audiologist, or
family members of or caregivers to such persons, and at least one of the public members
shall be either a hearing instrument aid user or an advocate of one;

(2) three speech-language pathologists licensed under sections 148.511 to 148.5198,
one of whom is currently and has been, for the five years immediately preceding the
appointment, engaged in the practice of speech-language pathology in Minnesota and each
of whom is employed in a different employment setting including, but not limited to, private
practice, hospitals, rehabilitation settings, educational settings, and government agencies;

(3) one speech-language pathologist licensed under sections 148.511 to 148.5198, who
is currently and has been, for the five years immediately preceding the appointment,
employed by a Minnesota public school district or a Minnesota public school district
consortium that is authorized by Minnesota Statutes and who is licensed in speech-language
pathology by the Professional Educator Licensing and Standards Board;

(4) three audiologists licensed under sections 148.511 to 148.5198, two of whom are
currently and have been, for the five years immediately preceding the appointment, engaged
in the practice of audiology and the dispensing of prescription hearing instruments aids in
Minnesota and each of whom is employed in a different employment setting including, but
not limited to, private practice, hospitals, rehabilitation settings, educational settings, industry,
and government agencies;

23.7 (5) one nonaudiologist <u>prescription hearing instrument aid</u> dispenser recommended by
23.8 a professional association representing <u>prescription hearing instrument aid</u> dispensers; and

(6) one physician licensed under chapter 147 and certified by the American Board ofOtolaryngology, Head and Neck Surgery.

23.11 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148.5197, is amended to read:

23.12 **148.5197 HEARING AID DISPENSING.**

Subdivision 1. Content of contracts. Oral statements made by an audiologist or certified
dispenser regarding the provision of warranties, refunds, and service on the prescription
hearing aid or aids dispensed must be written on, and become part of, the contract of sale,
specify the item or items covered, and indicate the person or business entity obligated to
provide the warranty, refund, or service.

Subd. 2. Required use of license number. The audiologist's license number or certified
dispenser's certificate number must appear on all contracts, bills of sale, and receipts used
in the sale of <u>prescription hearing aids</u>.

Subd. 3. **Consumer rights information.** An audiologist or certified dispenser shall, at the time of the recommendation or prescription, give a consumer rights brochure, prepared by the commissioner and containing information about legal requirements pertaining to dispensing of <u>prescription</u> hearing aids, to each potential consumer of a <u>prescription</u> hearing aid. The brochure must contain information about the consumer information center described in section 153A.18. A contract for a <u>prescription</u> hearing aid must note the receipt of the brochure by the consumer, along with the consumer's signature or initials.

Subd. 4. Liability for contracts. Owners of entities in the business of dispensing
prescription hearing aids, employers of audiologists or persons who dispense prescription
hearing aids, supervisors of trainees or audiology students, and hearing aid dispensers
conducting the transaction at issue are liable for satisfying all terms of contracts, written or
oral, made by their agents, employees, assignees, affiliates, or trainees, including terms
relating to products, repairs, warranties, service, and refunds. The commissioner may enforce

the terms of <u>prescription</u> hearing aid contracts against the principal, employer, supervisor,
or dispenser who conducted the transaction and may impose any remedy provided for in
this chapter.

24.4 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 148.5198, is amended to read:

24.5 **148.5198 RESTRICTION ON SALE OF PRESCRIPTION HEARING AIDS.**

Subdivision 1. 45-calendar-day guarantee and buyer right to cancel. (a) An audiologist
or certified dispenser dispensing a prescription hearing aid in this state must comply with
paragraphs (b) and (c).

(b) The audiologist or certified dispenser must provide the buyer with a 45-calendar-day 24.9 written money-back guarantee. The guarantee must permit the buyer to cancel the purchase 24.10 for any reason within 45 calendar days after receiving the prescription hearing aid by giving 24.11 or mailing written notice of cancellation to the audiologist or certified dispenser. If the buyer 24.12 24.13 mails the notice of cancellation, the 45-calendar-day period is counted using the postmark date, to the date of receipt by the audiologist or certified dispenser. If the prescription hearing 24.14 aid must be repaired, remade, or adjusted during the 45-calendar-day money-back guarantee 24.15 period, the running of the 45-calendar-day period is suspended one day for each 24-hour 24.16 period that the prescription hearing aid is not in the buyer's possession. A repaired, remade, 24.17or adjusted prescription hearing aid must be claimed by the buyer within three business 24.18 days after notification of availability, after which time the running of the 45-calendar-day 24.19 period resumes. The guarantee must entitle the buyer, upon cancellation, to receive a refund 24.20 of payment within 30 days of return of the prescription hearing aid to the audiologist or 24.21 certified dispenser. The audiologist or certified dispenser may retain as a cancellation fee 24.22 no more than \$250 of the buyer's total purchase price of the prescription hearing aid. 24.23

(c) The audiologist or certified dispenser shall provide the buyer with a contract written 24.24 in plain English, that contains uniform language and provisions that meet the requirements 24.25 under the Plain Language Contract Act, sections 325G.29 to 325G.36. The contract must 24.26 include, but is not limited to, the following: in immediate proximity to the space reserved 24.27 for the signature of the buyer, or on the first page if there is no space reserved for the 24.28 signature of the buyer, a clear and conspicuous disclosure of the following specific statement 24.29 in all capital letters of no less than 12-point boldface type: "MINNESOTA STATE LAW 24.30 GIVES THE BUYER THE RIGHT TO CANCEL THIS PURCHASE FOR ANY REASON 24.31 AT ANY TIME PRIOR TO MIDNIGHT OF THE 45TH CALENDAR DAY AFTER 24.32 RECEIPT OF THE PRESCRIPTION HEARING AID(S). THIS CANCELLATION MUST 24.33 BE IN WRITING AND MUST BE GIVEN OR MAILED TO THE AUDIOLOGIST OR 24.34

25.1 CERTIFIED DISPENSER. IF THE BUYER DECIDES TO RETURN THE <u>PRESCRIPTION</u>
25.2 HEARING AID(S) WITHIN THIS 45-CALENDAR-DAY PERIOD, THE BUYER WILL
25.3 RECEIVE A REFUND OF THE TOTAL PURCHASE PRICE OF THE AID(S) FROM
25.4 WHICH THE AUDIOLOGIST OR CERTIFIED DISPENSER MAY RETAIN AS A
25.5 CANCELLATION FEE NO MORE THAN \$250."

Subd. 2. Itemized repair bill. Any audiologist, certified dispenser, or company who
agrees to repair a prescription hearing aid must provide the owner of the prescription hearing
aid, or the owner's representative, with a bill that describes the repair and services rendered.
The bill must also include the repairing audiologist's, certified dispenser's, or company's
name, address, and telephone number.

This subdivision does not apply to an audiologist, certified dispenser, or company that repairs a <u>prescription</u> hearing aid pursuant to an express warranty covering the entire <u>prescription</u> hearing aid and the warranty covers the entire cost, both parts and labor, of the repair.

Subd. 3. Repair warranty. Any guarantee of <u>prescription</u> hearing aid repairs must be
in writing and delivered to the owner of the <u>prescription</u> hearing aid, or the owner's
representative, stating the repairing audiologist's, certified dispenser's, or company's name,
address, telephone number, length of guarantee, model, and serial number of the <u>prescription</u>
hearing aid and all other terms and conditions of the guarantee.

Subd. 4. Misdemeanor. A person found to have violated this section is guilty of amisdemeanor.

Subd. 5. Additional. In addition to the penalty provided in subdivision 4, a person found
to have violated this section is subject to the penalties and remedies provided in section
325F.69, subdivision 1.

Subd. 6. Estimates. Upon the request of the owner of a prescription hearing aid or the 25.25 owner's representative for a written estimate and prior to the commencement of repairs, a 25.26 repairing audiologist, certified dispenser, or company shall provide the customer with a 25.27 25.28 written estimate of the price of repairs. If a repairing audiologist, certified dispenser, or company provides a written estimate of the price of repairs, it must not charge more than 25.29 the total price stated in the estimate for the repairs. If the repairing audiologist, certified 25.30 dispenser, or company after commencing repairs determines that additional work is necessary 25.31 to accomplish repairs that are the subject of a written estimate and if the repairing audiologist, 25.32 25.33 certified dispenser, or company did not unreasonably fail to disclose the possible need for the additional work when the estimate was made, the repairing audiologist, certified 25.34

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dispenser, or company may charge more than the estimate for the repairs if the repairing 26.1 audiologist, certified dispenser, or company immediately provides the owner or owner's 26.2 representative a revised written estimate pursuant to this section and receives authorization 26.3 to continue with the repairs. If continuation of the repairs is not authorized, the repairing 26.4 audiologist, certified dispenser, or company shall return the prescription hearing aid as close 26.5 as possible to its former condition and shall release the prescription hearing aid to the owner 26.6 or owner's representative upon payment of charges for repairs actually performed and not 26.7 in excess of the original estimate. 26.8

26.9 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 151.37, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Administration of opiate antagonists for drug overdose. (a) A licensed physician, a licensed advanced practice registered nurse authorized to prescribe drugs pursuant to section 148.235, or a licensed physician assistant may authorize the following individuals to administer opiate antagonists, as defined in section 604A.04, subdivision 1:

26.14 (1) an emergency medical responder registered pursuant to section 144E.27;

26.15 (2) a peace officer as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraphs (c) and (d);

26.16 (3) correctional employees of a state or local political subdivision;

26.17 (4) staff of community-based health disease prevention or social service programs;

26.18 (5) a volunteer firefighter; and

26.19 (6) a licensed school nurse or certified public health nurse any other personnel employed
26.20 by, or under contract with, a school board under section 121A.21 charter, public, or private
26.21 school.

(b) For the purposes of this subdivision, opiate antagonists may be administered by oneof these individuals only if:

26.24 (1) the licensed physician, licensed physician assistant, or licensed advanced practice
26.25 registered nurse has issued a standing order to, or entered into a protocol with, the individual;
26.26 and

26.27 (2) the individual has training in the recognition of signs of opiate overdose and the use26.28 of opiate antagonists as part of the emergency response to opiate overdose.

26.29 (c) Nothing in this section prohibits the possession and administration of naloxone26.30 pursuant to section 604A.04.

27.1 (d) Notwithstanding section 148.235, subdivisions 8 and 9, a licensed practical nurse is
 authorized to possess and administer according to this subdivision an opiate antagonist in
 a school setting.

27.4 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 152.29, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. Transportation of medical cannabis; transport staffing. (a) A medical
cannabis manufacturer may staff a transport motor vehicle with only one employee if the
medical cannabis manufacturer is transporting medical cannabis to either a certified
laboratory for the purpose of testing or a facility for the purpose of disposal. If the medical
cannabis manufacturer is transporting medical cannabis for any other purpose or destination,
the transport motor vehicle must be staffed with a minimum of two employees as required
by rules adopted by the commissioner.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a medical cannabis manufacturer that is only
transporting hemp for any purpose may staff the transport motor vehicle with only one
employee.

27.15 (c) A medical cannabis manufacturer may contract with a third party for armored car
27.16 services for deliveries of medical cannabis from its production facility to distribution
27.17 facilities. A medical cannabis manufacturer that contracts for armored car services remains
27.18 responsible for the transportation manifest and inventory tracking requirements in rules
27.19 adopted by the commissioner.

27.20 (d) Department of Health staff may transport medical cannabis for the purposes of
27.21 delivering medical cannabis and other samples to a laboratory for testing under rules adopted
27.22 by the commissioner and in cases of special investigations when the commissioner has
27.23 determined there is a potential threat to public health. The transport motor vehicle must be
27.24 staffed with a minimum of two Department of Health employees. The employees must carry
27.25 with them their Department of Health identification card and a transport manifest.

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Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.13, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Hearing instrument aid. "Hearing instrument aid" means an instrument, or
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any of its parts, worn in the ear canal and designed to or represented as being able to aid or
enhance human hearing. "Hearing instrument" includes the instrument's parts, attachments,
or accessories, including, but not limited to, ear molds and behind the ear (BTE) devices
with or without an ear mold. Batteries and cords are not parts, attachments, or accessories
of a hearing instrument. Surgically implanted hearing instruments, and assistive listening

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28.1 devices not worn within the ear canal, are not hearing instruments. as defined in section
28.2 <u>148.512</u>, subdivision 10a.

28.3 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.13, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Hearing instrument aid dispensing. "Hearing instrument aid dispensing"
means making ear mold impressions, prescribing, or recommending a hearing instrument,
assisting the consumer in instrument selection, selling hearing instruments at retail, or testing
human hearing in connection with these activities regardless of whether the person conducting
these activities has a monetary interest in the sale of hearing instruments to the consumer.
has the meaning given in section 148.512, subdivision 10b.

28.10 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.13, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Dispenser of hearing instruments <u>aids</u>. "Dispenser of hearing instruments
<u>aids</u>" means a natural person who engages in <u>prescription</u> hearing instrument <u>aid</u> dispensing,
whether or not certified by the commissioner of health or licensed by an existing
health-related board, except that a person described as follows is not a dispenser of
<u>prescription</u> hearing instruments <u>aids</u>:

(1) a student participating in supervised field work that is necessary to meet requirements
of an accredited educational program if the student is designated by a title which clearly
indicates the student's status as a student trainee; or

(2) a person who helps a dispenser of <u>prescription</u> hearing <u>instruments aids</u> in an
administrative or clerical manner and does not engage in <u>prescription</u> hearing <u>instrument</u>
<u>aid</u> dispensing.

A person who offers to dispense a <u>prescription</u> hearing <u>instrument aid</u>, or a person who advertises, holds out to the public, or otherwise represents that the person is authorized to dispense <u>prescription</u> hearing <u>instruments aids</u>, must be certified by the commissioner except when the person is an audiologist as defined in section 148.512.

28.26 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.13, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Advisory council. "Advisory council" means the Minnesota Hearing Instrument
 <u>Aid</u> Dispenser Advisory Council, or a committee of it the council, established under section
 153A.20.

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Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.13, subdivision 7, is amended to read: 29.1 Subd. 7. ANSI. "ANSI" means ANSI S3.6-1989, American National Standard 29.2 Specification for Audiometers from the American National Standards Institute. This 29.3 document is available through the Minitex interlibrary loan system as defined in the United 29.4 States Food and Drug Administration, Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, section 29.5 <u>874.1050</u>.

29.6

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.13, subdivision 9, is amended to read: 29.7

Subd. 9. Supervision. "Supervision" means monitoring activities of, and accepting 29.8 responsibility for, the prescription hearing instrument aid dispensing activities of a trainee. 29.9

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.13, subdivision 10, is amended to read: 29.10

Subd. 10. Direct supervision or directly supervised. "Direct supervision" or "directly 29.11 supervised" means the on-site and contemporaneous location of a supervisor and trainee, 29.12 when the supervisor observes the trainee engaging in prescription hearing instrument aid 29.13 dispensing with a consumer. 29.14

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.13, subdivision 11, is amended to read: 29.15

Subd. 11. Indirect supervision or indirectly supervised. "Indirect supervision" or 29.16 29.17 "indirectly supervised" means the remote and independent performance of prescription hearing instrument aid dispensing by a trainee when authorized under section 153A.14, 29.18 subdivision 4a, paragraph (b). 29.19

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.13, is amended by adding a subdivision 29.20 to read: 29.21

Subd. 12. Over-the-counter hearing aid or OTC hearing aid. "Over-the-counter 29.22 hearing aid" or "OTC hearing aid" has the meaning given in section 148.512, subdivision 29.23 29.24 10c.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.13, is amended by adding a subdivision 29.25 to read: 29.26

Subd. 13. Prescription hearing aid. "Prescription hearing aid" has the meaning given 29.27 in section 148.512, subdivision 13a. 29.28

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30.1 Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.14, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

30.2 Subdivision 1. Application for certificate. An applicant must:

30.3 (1) be 21 years of age or older;

30.4 (2) apply to the commissioner for a certificate to dispense <u>prescription</u> hearing instruments
 30.5 <u>aids</u> on application forms provided by the commissioner;

30.6 (3) at a minimum, provide the applicant's name, Social Security number, business address

30.7 and phone number, employer, and information about the applicant's education, training,

30.8 and experience in testing human hearing and fitting <u>prescription</u> hearing <u>instruments aids;</u>

30.9 (4) include with the application a statement that the statements in the application are
30.10 true and correct to the best of the applicant's knowledge and belief;

30.11 (5) include with the application a written and signed authorization that authorizes the
30.12 commissioner to make inquiries to appropriate regulatory agencies in this or any other state
30.13 where the applicant has sold <u>prescription</u> hearing <u>instruments aids;</u>

30.14 (6) submit certification to the commissioner that the applicant's audiometric equipment
30.15 has been calibrated to meet current ANSI standards within 12 months of the date of the
30.16 application;

30.17 (7) submit evidence of continuing education credits, if required;

30.18 (8) submit all fees as required under section 153A.17; and

30.19 (9) consent to a fingerprint-based criminal history records check required under section
30.20 144.0572, pay all required fees, and cooperate with all requests for information. An applicant
30.21 must complete a new criminal background check if more than one year has elapsed since
30.22 the applicant last applied for a license.

30.23 Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.14, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Issuance of certificate.** (a) The commissioner shall issue a certificate to each dispenser of <u>prescription hearing instruments aids</u> who applies under subdivision 1 if the commissioner determines that the applicant is in compliance with this chapter, has passed an examination administered by the commissioner, has met the continuing education requirements, if required, and has paid the fee set by the commissioner. The commissioner may reject or deny an application for a certificate if there is evidence of a violation or failure to comply with this chapter.

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31.1	(b) The commissioner shall not issue a certificate to an applicant who refuses to consent
31.2	to a criminal history background check as required by section 144.0572 within 90 days after
31.3	submission of an application or fails to submit fingerprints to the Department of Human
31.4	Services. Any fees paid by the applicant to the Department of Health shall be forfeited if
31.5	the applicant refuses to consent to the background study.
31.6	Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.14, subdivision 2h, is amended to read:
31.7	Subd. 2h. Certification by examination. An applicant must achieve a passing score,
31.8	as determined by the commissioner, on an examination according to paragraphs (a) to (c).
31.9	(a) The examination must include, but is not limited to:
31.10	(1) A written examination approved by the commissioner covering the following areas
31.11	as they pertain to prescription hearing instrument aid selling:
31.12	(i) basic physics of sound;
31.13	(ii) the anatomy and physiology of the ear;
31.14	(iii) the function of <u>prescription</u> hearing instruments aids; and
31.15	(iv) the principles of <u>prescription</u> hearing instrument <u>aid</u> selection.
31.16	(2) Practical tests of proficiency in the following techniques as they pertain to prescription
31.17	hearing instrument aid selling:
31.18	(i) pure tone audiometry, including air conduction testing and bone conduction testing;
31.19	(ii) live voice or recorded voice speech audiometry including speech recognition
31.20	(discrimination) testing, most comfortable loudness level, and uncomfortable loudness
31.21	measurements of tolerance thresholds;
31.22	(iii) masking when indicated;
31.23	(iv) recording and evaluation of audiograms and speech audiometry to determine proper
31.24	selection and fitting of a prescription hearing instrument aid;
31.25	(v) taking ear mold impressions;
31.26	(vi) using an otoscope for the visual observation of the entire ear canal; and
31.27	(vii) state and federal laws, rules, and regulations.
31.28	(b) The practical examination shall be administered by the commissioner at least twice
31.29	a year.

(c) An applicant must achieve a passing score on all portions of the examination within 32.1 a two-year period. An applicant who does not achieve a passing score on all portions of the 32.2 examination within a two-year period must retake the entire examination and achieve a 32.3 passing score on each portion of the examination. An applicant who does not apply for 32.4 certification within one year of successful completion of the examination must retake the 32.5 examination and achieve a passing score on each portion of the examination. An applicant 32.6 may not take any part of the practical examination more than three times in a two-year 32.7 period. 32.8

32.9 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.14, subdivision 2i, is amended to read:

Subd. 2i. Continuing education requirement. On forms provided by the commissioner, 32.10 each certified dispenser must submit with the application for renewal of certification evidence 32.11 of completion of ten course hours of continuing education earned within the 12-month 32.12 period of November 1 to October 31, between the effective and expiration dates of 32.13 certification. Continuing education courses must be directly related to prescription hearing 32.14 instrument aid dispensing and approved by the International Hearing Society, the American 32.15 Speech-Language-Hearing Association, or the American Academy of Audiology. Evidence 32.16 of completion of the ten course hours of continuing education must be submitted by 32.17 December 1 of each year. This requirement does not apply to dispensers certified for less 32.18 than one year. 32.19

32.20 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.14, subdivision 2j, is amended to read:

32.21 Subd. 2j. Required use of certification number. The certification holder must use the
32.22 certification number on all contracts, bills of sale, and receipts used in the sale of prescription
32.23 hearing instruments aids.

32.24 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.14, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

32.25 Subd. 4. Dispensing of <u>prescription hearing instruments aids</u> without

32.26 certificate. Except as provided in subdivisions 4a and 4c, and in sections 148.512 to

32.27 148.5198, it is unlawful for any person not holding a valid certificate to dispense a

32.28 prescription hearing instrument aid as defined in section 153A.13, subdivision 3. A person

32.29 who dispenses a <u>prescription</u> hearing <u>instrument aid</u> without the certificate required by this

32.30 section is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

33.1 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.14, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

Subd. 4a. Trainees. (a) A person who is not certified under this section may dispense
prescription hearing instruments aids as a trainee for a period not to exceed 12 months if
the person:

33.5 (1) submits an application on forms provided by the commissioner;

33.6 (2) is under the supervision of a certified dispenser meeting the requirements of this33.7 subdivision;

33.8 (3) meets all requirements for certification except passage of the examination required
33.9 by this section; and

33.10 (4) uses the title "dispenser trainee" in contacts with the patients, clients, or consumers.

(b) A certified <u>prescription hearing instrument aid</u> dispenser may not supervise more than two trainees at the same time and may not directly supervise more than one trainee at a time. The certified dispenser is responsible for all actions or omissions of a trainee in connection with the dispensing of <u>prescription</u> hearing <u>instruments aids</u>. A certified dispenser may not supervise a trainee if there are any commissioner, court, or other orders, currently in effect or issued within the last five years, that were issued with respect to an action or omission of a certified dispenser or a trainee under the certified dispenser's supervision.

Until taking and passing the practical examination testing the techniques described in 33.18 subdivision 2h, paragraph (a), clause (2), trainees must be directly supervised in all areas 33.19 described in subdivision 4b, and the activities tested by the practical examination. Thereafter, 33.20 trainees may dispense prescription hearing instruments aids under indirect supervision until 33.21 expiration of the trainee period. Under indirect supervision, the trainee must complete two 33.22 monitored activities a week. Monitored activities may be executed by correspondence, 33.23 telephone, or other telephonic devices, and include, but are not limited to, evaluation of 33.24 audiograms, written reports, and contracts. The time spent in supervision must be recorded 33.25 and the record retained by the supervisor. 33.26

33.27 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.14, subdivision 4b, is amended to read:
 33.28 Subd. 4b. <u>Prescription hearing testing protocol.</u> A dispenser when conducting a hearing
 33.29 test for the purpose of <u>prescription hearing instrument aid dispensing must</u>:

(1) comply with the United States Food and Drug Administration warning regarding
potential medical conditions required by Code of Federal Regulations, title 21, section
801.420 801.422;

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(2) complete a case history of the client's hearing; 34.1 (3) inspect the client's ears with an otoscope; and 34.2 (4) conduct the following tests on both ears of the client and document the results, and 34.3 if for any reason one of the following tests cannot be performed pursuant to the United 34.4 States Food and Drug Administration guidelines, an audiologist shall evaluate the hearing 34.5 and the need for a prescription hearing instrument aid: 34.6 (i) air conduction at 250, 500, 1,000, 2,000, 4,000, and 8,000 Hertz. When a difference 34.7 of 20 dB or more occurs between adjacent octave frequencies the interoctave frequency 34.8 must be tested; 34.9 (ii) bone conduction at 500, 1,000, 2,000, and 4,000 Hertz for any frequency where the 34.10 air conduction threshold is greater than 15 dB HL; 34.11 (iii) monaural word recognition (discrimination), with a minimum of 25 words presented 34.12 for each ear; and 34.13 (iv) loudness discomfort level, monaural, for setting a prescription hearing instrument's 34.14 aid's maximum power output; and 34.15 (5) include masking in all tests whenever necessary to ensure accurate results. 34.16 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.14, subdivision 4c, is amended to read: 34.17 Subd. 4c. Reciprocity. (a) A person who has dispensed prescription hearing instruments 34.18 aids in another jurisdiction may dispense prescription hearing instruments aids as a trainee 34.19 under indirect supervision if the person: 34.20 (1) satisfies the provisions of subdivision 4a, paragraph (a); 34.21 (2) submits a signed and dated affidavit stating that the applicant is not the subject of a 34.22 disciplinary action or past disciplinary action in this or another jurisdiction and is not 34.23 disqualified on the basis of section 153A.15, subdivision 1; and 34.24 (3) provides a copy of a current credential as a prescription hearing instrument aid 34.25 dispenser held in the District of Columbia or a state or territory of the United States. 34.26 (b) A person becoming a trainee under this subdivision who fails to take and pass the 34.27 practical examination described in subdivision 2h, paragraph (a), clause (2), when next 34.28 offered must cease dispensing prescription hearing instruments aids unless under direct 34.29 supervision. 34.30

35.1 Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.14, subdivision 4e, is amended to read:

- Subd. 4e. <u>Prescription hearing aids; enforcement.</u> Costs incurred by the Minnesota
 Department of Health for conducting investigations of unlicensed <u>prescription hearing aid</u>
 dispensers <u>dispensing</u> shall be apportioned between all licensed or credentialed professions
 that dispense <u>prescription hearing aids</u>.
- 35.6 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.14, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

35.7 Subd. 6. <u>Prescription hearing instruments aids</u> to comply with federal and state 35.8 requirements. The commissioner shall ensure that <u>prescription hearing instruments aids</u> 35.9 are dispensed in compliance with state requirements and the requirements of the United 35.10 States Food and Drug Administration. Failure to comply with state or federal regulations 35.11 may be grounds for enforcement actions under section 153A.15, subdivision 2.

35.12 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.14, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

35.13 Subd. 9. Consumer rights. A prescription hearing instrument aid dispenser shall comply
35.14 with the requirements of sections 148.5195, subdivision 3, clause (20); 148.5197; and
35.15 148.5198.

35.16 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.14, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

35.17 Subd. 11. Requirement to maintain current information. A dispenser must notify the
 35.18 commissioner in writing within 30 days of the occurrence of any of the following:

35.19 (1) a change of name, address, home or business telephone number, or business name;

35.20 (2) the occurrence of conduct prohibited by section 153A.15;

35.21 (3) a settlement, conciliation court judgment, or award based on negligence, intentional
acts, or contractual violations committed in the dispensing of prescription hearing instruments
aids by the dispenser; and

35.24 (4) the cessation of <u>prescription hearing instrument aid</u> dispensing activities as an
individual or a business.

35.26 Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.14, is amended by adding a subdivision
35.27 to read:

35.28 Subd. 12. Over-the-counter hearing aids. Nothing in this chapter shall preclude certified
 35.29 hearing aid dispensers from dispensing or selling over-the-counter hearing aids.

03/23/23 **SENATEE** ADB SS2212R Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 36.1 Subdivision 1. **Prohibited acts.** The commissioner may take enforcement action as 36.2 provided under subdivision 2 against a dispenser of prescription hearing instruments aids 36.3 for the following acts and conduct: 36.4 (1) dispensing a prescription hearing instrument aid to a minor person 18 years or younger 36.5 unless evaluated by an audiologist for hearing evaluation and prescription hearing aid 36.6 evaluation: 36.7 (2) being disciplined through a revocation, suspension, restriction, or limitation by 36.8 another state for conduct subject to action under this chapter; 36.9 (3) presenting advertising that is false or misleading; 36.10 (4) providing the commissioner with false or misleading statements of credentials, 36.11 training, or experience; 36.12 (5) engaging in conduct likely to deceive, defraud, or harm the public; or demonstrating 36.13 a willful or careless disregard for the health, welfare, or safety of a consumer; 36.14 (6) splitting fees or promising to pay a portion of a fee to any other professional other 36.15 than a fee for services rendered by the other professional to the client; 36.16 (7) engaging in abusive or fraudulent billing practices, including violations of federal 36.17 Medicare and Medicaid laws, Food and Drug Administration regulations, or state medical 36.18 assistance laws: 36.19 (8) obtaining money, property, or services from a consumer through the use of undue 36.20 influence, high pressure sales tactics, harassment, duress, deception, or fraud; 36.21 (9) performing the services of a certified hearing instrument aid dispenser in an 36.22 incompetent or negligent manner; 36.23 (10) failing to comply with the requirements of this chapter as an employer, supervisor, 36.24

36.25 or trainee;

(11) failing to provide information in a timely manner in response to a request by the
 commissioner, commissioner's designee, or the advisory council;

(12) being convicted within the past five years of violating any laws of the United States,
or any state or territory of the United States, and the violation is a felony, gross misdemeanor,
or misdemeanor, an essential element of which relates to prescription hearing instrument
<u>aid</u> dispensing, except as provided in chapter 364;
37.1 (13) failing to cooperate with the commissioner, the commissioner's designee, or the
 advisory council in any investigation;

37.3 (14) failing to perform <u>prescription</u> hearing <u>instrument aid</u> dispensing with reasonable
37.4 judgment, skill, or safety due to the use of alcohol or drugs, or other physical or mental
37.5 impairment;

37.6 (15) failing to fully disclose actions taken against the applicant or the applicant's legal
 authorization to dispense prescription hearing instruments aids in this or another state;

37.8 (16) violating a state or federal court order or judgment, including a conciliation court
37.9 judgment, relating to the activities of the applicant in prescription hearing instrument aid
37.10 dispensing;

(17) having been or being disciplined by the commissioner of the Department of Health,
or other authority, in this or another jurisdiction, if any of the grounds for the discipline are
the same or substantially equivalent to those in sections 153A.13 to 153A.18;

(18) misrepresenting the purpose of hearing tests, or in any way communicating that the
hearing test or hearing test protocol required by section 153A.14, subdivision 4b, is a medical
evaluation, a diagnostic hearing evaluation conducted by an audiologist, or is other than a
test to select a prescription hearing instrument aid, except that the prescription hearing
instrument aid dispenser can determine the need for or recommend the consumer obtain a
medical evaluation consistent with requirements of the United States Food and Drug
Administration;

37.21 (19) violating any of the provisions of sections 148.5195, subdivision 3, clause (20);
37.22 148.5197; 148.5198; and 153A.13 to 153A.18; and

37.23 (20) aiding or abetting another person in violating any of the provisions of sections
37.24 148.5195, subdivision 3, clause (20); 148.5197; 148.5198; and 153A.13 to 153A.18.

37.25 Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Enforcement actions. When the commissioner finds that a dispenser of
 prescription hearing instruments aids has violated one or more provisions of this chapter,
 the commissioner may do one or more of the following:

37.29 (1) deny or reject the application for a certificate;

37.30 (2) revoke the certificate;

37.31 (3) suspend the certificate;

(4) impose, for each violation, a civil penalty that deprives the dispenser of any economic
advantage gained by the violation and that reimburses the Department of Health for costs
of the investigation and proceeding resulting in disciplinary action, including the amount
paid for services of the Office of Administrative Hearings, the amount paid for services of
the Office of the Attorney General, attorney fees, court reporters, witnesses, reproduction
of records, advisory council members' per diem compensation, department staff time, and
expenses incurred by advisory council members and department staff;

- 38.8 (5) censure or reprimand the dispenser;
- 38.9 (6) revoke or suspend the right to supervise trainees;
- 38.10 (7) revoke or suspend the right to be a trainee;

38.11 (8) impose a civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 for each separate violation; or

38.12 (9) any other action reasonably justified by the individual case.

38.13 Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.15, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Penalties. Except as provided in section 153A.14, subdivision 4, a person
violating this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor. The commissioner may impose an automatic
civil penalty equal to one-fourth the renewal fee on each prescription hearing instrument
seller aid dispenser who fails to renew the certificate required in section 153A.14 by the
renewal deadline.

38.19 Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.17, is amended to read:

38.20 **153A.17 EXPENSES; FEES.**

(a) The expenses for administering the certification requirements, including the complaint 38.21 handling system for prescription hearing aid dispensers in sections 153A.14 and 153A.15, 38.22 and the Consumer Information Center under section 153A.18, must be paid from initial 38.23 application and examination fees, renewal fees, penalties, and fines. The commissioner shall 38.24 only use fees collected under this section for the purposes of administering this chapter. 38.25 The legislature must not transfer money generated by these fees from the state government 38.26 special revenue fund to the general fund. Surcharges collected by the commissioner of health 38.27 under section 16E.22 are not subject to this paragraph. 38.28

38.29 (b) The fees are as follows:

- 38.30 (1) the initial certification application fee is \$772.50;
- 38.31 (2) the annual renewal certification application fee is \$750;

(3) the initial examination fee for the practical portion is \$1,200, and \$600 for each time 39.1 it is taken, thereafter; for individuals meeting the requirements of section 148.515, subdivision 39.2 2, the fee for the practical portion of the prescription hearing instrument aid dispensing 39.3 examination is \$600 each time it is taken; 39.4 (4) the trainee application fee is \$230; 39.5

(5) the penalty fee for late submission of a renewal application is \$260; and 39.6

(6) the fee for verification of certification to other jurisdictions or entities is \$25. 39.7

(c) The commissioner may prorate the certification fee for new applicants based on the 39.8 number of quarters remaining in the annual certification period. 39.9

(d) All fees are nonrefundable. All fees, penalties, and fines received must be deposited 39.10 in the state government special revenue fund. 39.11

(e) Hearing instrument dispensers who were certified before January 1, 2018, shall pay 39.12 a onetime surcharge of \$22.50 to renew their certification when it expires after October 31, 39.13 2020. The surcharge shall cover the commissioner's costs associated with criminal 39.14 background checks. 39.15

Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.175, is amended to read: 39.16

153A.175 PENALTY FEES. 39.17

(a) The penalty fee for holding oneself out as a hearing instrument aid dispenser without 39.18 a current certificate after the credential has expired and before it is renewed is one-half the 39.19 amount of the certificate renewal fee for any part of the first day, plus one-half the certificate 39.20 renewal fee for any part of any subsequent days up to 30 days. 39.21

(b) The penalty fee for applicants who hold themselves out as hearing instrument aid 39.22 dispensers after expiration of the trainee period and before being issued a certificate is 39.23 one-half the amount of the certificate application fee for any part of the first day, plus 39.24 one-half the certificate application fee for any part of any subsequent days up to 30 days. 39.25 This paragraph does not apply to applicants not qualifying for a certificate who hold 39.26 themselves out as hearing instrument aid dispensers. 39.27

(c) The penalty fee for practicing prescription hearing instrument aid dispensing and 39.28 failing to submit a continuing education report by the due date with the correct number or 39.29 type of hours in the correct time period is \$200 plus \$200 for each missing clock hour. 39.30 "Missing" means not obtained between the effective and expiration dates of the certificate, 39.31 the one-month period following the certificate expiration date, or the 30 days following 39.32

notice of a penalty fee for failing to report all continuing education hours. The certificate 40.1 holder must obtain the missing number of continuing education hours by the next reporting 40.2 due date. 40.3

(d) Civil penalties and discipline incurred by certificate holders prior to August 1, 2005, 40.4 for conduct described in paragraph (a), (b), or (c) shall be recorded as nondisciplinary penalty 40.5 fees. Payment of a penalty fee does not preclude any disciplinary action reasonably justified 40.6 by the individual case. 40.7

Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.18, is amended to read: 40.8

40.9

153A.18 CONSUMER INFORMATION CENTER.

The commissioner shall establish a Consumer Information Center to assist actual and 40.10 potential purchasers of prescription hearing aids by providing them with information 40.11 regarding prescription hearing instrument aid sales. The Consumer Information Center shall 40.12 40.13 disseminate information about consumers' legal rights related to prescription hearing instrument aid sales, provide information relating to complaints about dispensers of 40.14 prescription hearing instruments aids, and provide information about outreach and advocacy 40.15 services for consumers of prescription hearing instruments aids. In establishing the center 40.16 and developing the information, the commissioner shall consult with representatives of 40.17 prescription hearing instrument aid dispensers, audiologists, physicians, and consumers. 40.18

40.19 Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 153A.20, is amended to read:

40.20

153A.20 HEARING INSTRUMENT AID DISPENSER ADVISORY COUNCIL.

Subdivision 1. Membership. (a) The commissioner shall appoint seven persons to a 40.21 Hearing Instrument Aid Dispenser Advisory Council. 40.22

(b) The seven persons must include: 40.23

(1) three public members, as defined in section 214.02. At least one of the public members 40.24 shall be a prescription hearing instrument aid user and one of the public members shall be 40.25 either a prescription hearing instrument aid user or an advocate of one; 40.26

(2) three hearing instrument aid dispensers certified under sections 153A.14 to 153A.20, 40.27 each of whom is currently, and has been for the five years immediately preceding their 40.28 appointment, engaged in prescription hearing instrument aid dispensing in Minnesota and 40.29 who represent the occupation of prescription hearing instrument aid dispensing and who 40.30 are not audiologists; and 40.31

41.1 (3) one audiologist licensed as an audiologist under chapter 148 who dispenses

41.2 <u>prescription hearing instruments aids</u>, recommended by a professional association

41.3 representing audiologists and speech-language pathologists.

41.4 (c) The factors the commissioner may consider when appointing advisory council
41.5 members include, but are not limited to, professional affiliation, geographical location, and
41.6 type of practice.

(d) No two members of the advisory council shall be employees of, or have binding
contracts requiring sales exclusively for, the same prescription hearing instrument aid
manufacturer or the same employer.

41.10 Subd. 2. Organization. The advisory council shall be organized and administered
41.11 according to section 15.059. The council may form committees to carry out its duties.

41.12 Subd. 3. **Duties.** At the commissioner's request, the advisory council shall:

41.13 (1) advise the commissioner regarding hearing <u>instrument aid</u> dispenser certification
41.14 standards;

41.15 (2) provide for distribution of information regarding hearing instrument <u>aid</u> dispenser
41.16 certification standards;

41.17 (3) review investigation summaries of competency violations and make recommendations41.18 to the commissioner as to whether the allegations of incompetency are substantiated; and

- 41.19 (4) perform other duties as directed by the commissioner.
- 41.20 Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245.4661, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

41.21 Subd. 9. Services and programs. (a) The following three distinct grant programs are
41.22 funded under this section:

- 41.23 (1) mental health crisis services;
- 41.24 (2) housing with supports for adults with serious mental illness; and
- 41.25 (3) projects for assistance in transitioning from homelessness (PATH program).
- 41.26 (b) In addition, the following are eligible for grant funds:
- 41.27 (1) community education and prevention;
- 41.28 (2) client outreach;
- 41.29 (3) early identification and intervention;
- 41.30 (4) adult outpatient diagnostic assessment and psychological testing;

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(5) peer support services; 42.1 (6) community support program services (CSP); 42.2 (7) adult residential crisis stabilization; 42.3 (8) supported employment; 42.4 (9) assertive community treatment (ACT); 42.5 (10) housing subsidies; 42.6 (11) basic living, social skills, and community intervention; 42.7 (12) emergency response services; 42.8 (13) adult outpatient psychotherapy; 42.9 (14) adult outpatient medication management; 42.10 (15) adult mobile crisis services; 42.11 (16) adult day treatment; 42.12 42.13 (17) partial hospitalization; (18) adult residential treatment; 42.14 42.15 (19) adult mental health targeted case management; and (20) intensive community rehabilitative services (ICRS); and 42.16 (21) (20) transportation. 42.17 Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 245.469, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 42.18 Subd. 3. Mental health crisis services. The commissioner of human services shall 42.19 increase access to mental health crisis services for children and adults. In order to increase 42.20 access, the commissioner must: 42.21 (1) develop a central phone number where calls can be routed to the appropriate crisis 42.22 services; 42.23 (2) provide telephone consultation 24 hours a day to mobile crisis teams who are serving 42.24 people with traumatic brain injury or intellectual disabilities who are experiencing a mental 42.25 health crisis; 42.26

42.27 (3) expand crisis services across the state, including rural areas of the state and examining
42.28 access per population;

(4) establish and implement state standards and requirements for crisis services as outlined 43.1 in section 256B.0624; and 43.2 (5) provide grants to adult mental health initiatives, counties, tribes, or community mental 43.3 health providers to establish new mental health crisis residential service capacity. 43.4 Priority will be given to regions that do not have a mental health crisis residential services 43.5 program, do not have an inpatient psychiatric unit within the region, do not have an inpatient 43.6 psychiatric unit within 90 miles, or have a demonstrated need based on the number of crisis 43.7 residential or intensive residential treatment beds available to meet the needs of the residents 43.8 in the region. At least 50 percent of the funds must be distributed to programs in rural 43.9 Minnesota. Grant funds may be used for start-up costs, including but not limited to 43.10 renovations, furnishings, and staff training. Grant applications shall provide details on how 43.11 the intended service will address identified needs and shall demonstrate collaboration with 43.12 crisis teams, other mental health providers, hospitals, and police. 43.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment. 43.14 Sec. 75. [245.4903] CULTURAL AND ETHNIC MINORITY INFRASTRUCTURE 43.15 **GRANT PROGRAM.** 43.16 Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of human services must establish a 43.17 43.18 cultural and ethnic minority infrastructure grant program to ensure that mental health and substance use disorder treatment supports and services are culturally-specific and 43.19 culturally-responsive to meet the cultural needs of communities served. 43.20 Subd. 2. Eligible applicants. An eligible applicant is a licensed entity or provider from 43.21 a cultural or ethnic minority population who: 43.22 43.23 (1) provides mental health or substance use disorder treatment services and supports to individuals from cultural and ethnic minority populations, including individuals who are 43.24 lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, or queer, and from cultural and ethnic minority 43.25 populations; 43.26 (2) provides, or is qualified and has the capacity to provide, clinical supervision and 43.27 support to members of culturally diverse and ethnic minority communities so they may 43.28 become qualified mental health and substance use disorder treatment providers; or 43.29 (3) has the capacity and experience to provide training for mental health and substance 43.30 use disorder treatment providers on cultural competency and cultural humility. 43.31

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44.1	Subd. 3. Allowable grant activities. (a) Grantees must engage in activities and provide
44.2	supportive services to ensure and increase equitable access to culturally-specific and
44.3	responsive care and build organizational and professional capacity for licensure and
44.4	certification for the communities served. Allowable grant activities include but are not
44.5	limited to:
44.6	(1) providing workforce development activities focused on recruiting, supporting,
44.7	training, and supervising mental health and substance use disorder practitioners and
44.8	professionals from diverse racial, cultural, and ethnic communities;
44.9	(2) helping members of culturally diverse and ethnic minority communities become
44.10	qualified mental health and substance use disorder professionals, practitioners, clinical
44.11	supervisors, recovery peer specialists, mental health certified peer specialists, and mental
44.12	health certified family peer specialists;
44.13	(3) providing culturally-specific outreach, early intervention, trauma-informed services,
44.14	and recovery support in mental health and substance use disorder services;
44.15	(4) providing trauma-informed and culturally-responsive mental health and substance
44.16	use disorder supports and services to children and families, youth, or adults who are from
44.17	cultural and ethnic minority backgrounds and are uninsured or underinsured;
44.18	(5) expanding mental health and substance use disorder services, particularly in greater
44.19	Minnesota;
44.20	(6) training for mental health and substance use disorder treatment providers on cultural
44.21	competency and cultural humility; and
44.22	(7) providing activities that increase the availability of culturally responsive mental
44.23	health and substance use disorder services for children and families, youth, or adults, or
44.24	that increase the availability of substance use disorder services for individuals from cultural
44.25	and ethnic minorities in the state.
44.26	(b) The commissioner must assist grantees with meeting third-party credentialing
44.27	requirements, and grantees must obtain all available third-party reimbursement sources as
44.28	a condition of receiving grant funds. Grantees must serve individuals from cultural and
44.29	ethnic minority communities regardless of health coverage status or ability to pay.
44.30	Subd. 4. Data collection and outcomes. (a) Grantees must provide monthly data
44.31	summaries to the commissioner for the purposes of evaluating the effectiveness of the grant
44.32	program. The commissioner must evaluate program activities by analyzing whether the
44.33	program:

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45.1	(1) increased access to culturally	-specific services for	[•] individuals from cu	<u>ltural and</u>
45.2	ethnic minority communities across	the state;		
45.3	(2) increased the number of indiv	viduals from cultural	and ethnic minority	communities
45.4	served by grantees;			
45.5	(3) increased cultural responsive	ness and cultural con	npetency of mental h	nealth and
45.6	substance use disorder treatment pro	oviders;		
45.7	(4) increased the number of menta	al health and substance	e use disorder treatm	ent providers
45.8	and clinical supervisors from cultura	al and ethnic minority	communities;	
45.9	(5) increased the number of men	tal health and substar	nce use disorder trea	<u>tment</u>
45.10	organizations owned, managed, or le	ed by individuals who	are Black, Indigenc	ous, or People
45.11	<u>of Color;</u>			
45.12	(6) reduced health disparities three	ough improved clinic	cal and functional ou	itcomes for
45.13	those accessing services; and			
45.14	(7) led to an overall increase in c	ulturally-specific me	ntal health and subs	tance use
45.15	disorder service availability.			
45.16	(b) The commissioner must subm	it the results of the ev	valuation to the chair	s and ranking
45.17	minority members of the legislative	committees with juri	sdiction over menta	l health.
45.18	EFFECTIVE DATE. This secti	on is effective the da	y following final ena	actment.
45.19	Sec. 76. [245.4906] MENTAL HE	CALTH CERTIFIEI	D PEER SPECIAL	IST GRANT
45.20	PROGRAM.			
45.21	Subdivision 1. Establishment. T	The commissioner of	human services mus	st establish a
45.22	mental health certified peer specialis	st grant program to pr	rovide funding for th	<u>ne training of</u>
45.23	mental health certified peer specialis	sts who provide servi	ces to support indivi	iduals with
45.24	lived experience of mental illness ur	nder section 256B.06	<u>15.</u>	
45.25	Subd. 2. Eligible applicants. An	eligible applicant is	a licensed entity or	provider who
45.26	employs a mental health certified pee	r specialist qualified u	inder section 245I.04	, subdivision
45.27	10, and who provides services to ind	lividuals receiving as	sertive community t	reatment or
45.28	intensive residential treatment service	es under section 256E	3.0622, adult rehabili	itative mental
45.29	health services under section 256B.06	23, or crisis response	services under sectio	<u>n 256B.0624.</u>
45.30	Subd. 3. Allowable grant activit	<mark>ies.</mark> Grantees must use	e grant funding to pro	ovide training
45.31	for mental health certified peer spec	ialists as specified in	section 256B.0615,	subdivision
45.32	<u>5.</u>			

46.1	Subd. 4. Outcomes. (a) Grantees must provide an annual report to the commissioner
46.2	for the purposes of evaluating the effectiveness of the grant program. The report must
46.3	include:
46.4	(1) the number of mental health certified peer specialists who received training using
46.5	the grant funds under this section; and
46.6	(2) the extent to which individuals receiving peer services experienced progress on
46.7	achieving treatment goals and experienced a reduction in hospital admissions.
46.8	(b) The commissioner must submit the results of the evaluation to the chairs and ranking
46.9	minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over mental health.
46.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
46.11	Sec. 77. [245.4907] MENTAL HEALTH CERTIFIED FAMILY PEER SPECIALIST
46.12	<u>GRANT PROGRAM.</u>
46.13	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of human services must establish a
46.14	mental health certified peer family specialist grant program to provide funding for training
46.15	for mental health certified peer family specialists who provide services to support individuals
46.16	with lived experience of mental illness under section 256B.0616.
46.17	Subd. 2. Eligible applicants. An eligible applicant is a licensed entity or provider who
46.18	employs a mental health certified peer family specialist qualified under section 245I.04,
46.19	subdivision 12, and who provides services to families who have a child:
46.20	(1) with an emotional disturbance or severe emotional disturbance under chapter 245;
46.21	(2) receiving inpatient hospitalization under section 256B.0625, subdivision 1;
46.22	(3) admitted to a residential treatment facility under section 245.4882;
46.23	(4) receiving children's intensive behavioral health services under section 256B.0946;
46.24	(5) receiving day treatment or children's therapeutic services and supports under section
46.25	<u>256B.0943; or</u>
46.26	(6) receiving crisis response services under section 256B.0624.
46.27	Subd. 3. Allowable grant activities. Grantees must use grant funding to provide training
46.28	for mental health certified family peer specialists as specified in section 256B.0616,
46.29	subdivision 5.

47.1	Subd. 4. Outcomes. (a) Grantees must provide an annual report to the commissioner
47.2	for the purposes of evaluating the effectiveness of the grant program. The report must
47.3	include:
47.4	(1) the number of mental health certified peer specialists who received training using
47.5	the grant funds under this section; and
47.6	(2) the extent to which individuals receiving family peer services experienced progress
47.7	on achieving treatment goals and experienced a reduction in hospital admissions.
47.8	(b) The commissioner must submit the results of the evaluation to the chairs and ranking
47.9	minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over mental health.
47.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.
47.11	Sec. 78. [245.991] PROJECTS FOR ASSISTANCE IN TRANSITION FROM
47.12	HOMELESSNESS PROGRAM.
17.10	Subdivision 1. Establishment The commission of human convises must establish
47.13	Subdivision 1. Establishment. The commissioner of human services must establish
47.14	projects for assistance in transition from homelessness program to prevent or end
47.15	homelessness for people with serious mental illness or co-occurring substance use disorder
47.16	and ensure the commissioner achieves the goals of the housing mission statement in section
47.17	<u>245.461, subdivision 4.</u>
47.18	Subd. 2. Eligible applicants. Applicants for a grant under this section must be a nonprofit
47.19	organization, county, or other entity who provides services to help individuals transition
47.20	from homelessness.
47.21	Subd. 3. Allowable grant activities. Grantees must provide homeless outreach and case
47.22	management services. Projects may provide clinical assessment, habilitation and rehabilitation
47.23	services, community mental health services, substance use disorder treatment, housing
47.24	transition and sustaining services, or direct assistance funding. Services must be provided
47.25	to individuals with serious mental illness, or with co-occurring substance use disorder, and
47.26	who are homeless or at imminent risk of homelessness. Individuals receiving homeless
47.27	outreach services may be presumed eligible until a serious mental illness can be verified.
47.28	Subd. 4. Outcomes. (a) Grantees must submit an annual report to the commissioner for
47.29	the purposes of evaluating the effectiveness of the grant program. The report must include:
47.30	(1) the number of individuals the grantee provided homeless outreach services to;
47.31	(2) the number of individuals the grantee enrolled in case management services;

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48.1	(3) the number of individuals that	t were able to access	mental health and	substance use
48.2	disorder treatment services; and			
48.3	(4) the number of individuals that	were able to transitio	n from homelessn	ess to housing.
48.4	(b) The commissioner must subm	it the results of the ev	aluation to the chai	irs and ranking
48.5	minority members of the legislative	committees with juris	diction over ment	al health and
48.6	homelessness.			
48.7	Subd. 5. Federal aid or grants. T	he commissioner of h	uman services mus	st comply with
48.8	all conditions and requirements nece	ssary to receive feder	al aid or grants wi	ith respect to
48.9	homeless services or programs as spe	ecified in section 245	.70.	
48.10	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	on is effective the day	following final en	nactment.
48.11	Sec. 79. [245.992] HOUSING WI	TH SUPPORT FOR	R ADULTS WITH	<u>H SERIOUS</u>
48.12	<u>MENTAL ILLNESS PROGRAM.</u>			
48.13	Subdivision 1. Establishment. T	he commissioner of h	numan services mu	<u>ist establish a</u>
48.14	housing with support for adults with	serious mental illnes	s program to preve	ent or end
48.15	homelessness for people with serious	s mental illness, to inc	crease the availabi	<u>lity of housing</u>
48.16	with support, and to ensure the comm	iissioner may achieve	the goals of the ho	ousing mission
48.17	statement in section 245.461, subdiv	ision 4.		
48.18	Subd. 2. Eligible applicants. Prog	gram activities must b	e provided to peop	le with serious
48.19	mental illness, or with co-occurring	substance use disorde	er, who meet home	eless criteria
48.20	determined by the commissioner.			
48.21	Subd. 3. Allowable grant activit	ies. Grantees must pr	ovide a range of a	ctivities and
48.22	supportive services that ensure indivi	duals obtain and retai	n permanent suppo	ortive housing.
48.23	Program activities may include case	management, site-ba	sed housing servic	es, housing
48.24	transition and sustaining services, ou	treach services, comr	nunity support ser	vices, or direct
48.25	assistance funding.			
48.26	Subd. 4. Outcomes. (a) Grantees	<u>must submit an annu</u>	al report to the cor	nmissioner for
48.27	the purposes of evaluating the effecti	veness of the grant p	ogram. The report	t must include:
48.28	(1) whether the grantee's housing	and activities utilize	d evidence-based	practices;
48.29	(2) the number of individuals that	were able to transitio	n from homelessn	ess to housing;
48.30	(3) the number of individuals that	t were able to retain h	nousing; and	
48.31	(4) whether the individuals were	satisfied with their he	ousing.	

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49.1	(b) The commissioner must submi	t the results of the e	valuation to the chairs	and ranking
49.2	minority members of the legislative c	committees with jur	isdiction over mental	health and
49.3	homelessness.			
49.4	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sectio	n is effective the da	ay following final ena	<u>ctment.</u>
49.5	Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2022, s	ection 256.478, is a	amended by adding a	subdivision
49.6	to read:			
49.7	Subd. 3. Authorized uses of gran	nt funds. Grant fun	ds may be used for bu	it are not
49.8	limited to the following:			
49.9	(1) increasing access to home and	community-based	services for an individ	<u>lual;</u>
49.10	(2) improving caregiver-child rela	tionships and aidin	g progress toward trea	tment goals;
49.11	and			
49.12	(3) reducing emergency departme	nt visits.		
49.13	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	n is effective the da	ay following final ena	ctment.
49.14	Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2022, s	ection 256.478, is a	amended by adding a	subdivision
49.15	to read:	,		
49.16	Subd. 4. Outcomes. Program eval	luation is based on	but not limited to the	following
49.17	criteria:			-
49.18	(1) expediting discharges for indiv	viduals who no lon	ger need hospital leve	l of care;
49.19	(2) individuals obtaining and retai	ning housing;		
49.20	(3) individuals maintaining comm	unity living by div	erting admission to A	noka Metro
49.21	Regional Treatment Center and Forer	nsic Mental Health	Program;	
49.22	(4) reducing recidivism rates of in	dividuals returning	g to state institutions; a	and
49.23	(5) individuals' ability to live in th	ne least restrictive c	community setting.	
49.24	EFFECTIVE DATE. This sectio	n is effective the da	ay following final ena	ctment.
49.25	Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2022, se	ection 256B.056, is	amended by adding a	subdivision
49.26	to read:			
49.27	Subd. 5d. Medical assistance roo	om and board rate	. "Medical assistance	room and
49.28	board rate" means an amount equal to	81 percent of the fea	deral poverty guideline	for a single
49.29	individual living alone in the communit	ty less the medical a	ssistance personal need	ls allowance

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^{50.1} under section 256B.35. The amount of the room and board rate, as defined in section 256I.03,

50.2 <u>subdivision 2, that exceeds the medical assistance room and board rate is considered a</u>

50.3 remedial care cost. A remedial care cost may be used to meet a spenddown obligation under

50.4 this section. The medical assistance room and board rate is to be adjusted on January 1 of
50.5 each year.

50.6 Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0622, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

50.7 Subd. 8. Medical assistance payment for assertive community treatment and 50.8 intensive residential treatment services. (a) Payment for intensive residential treatment 50.9 services and assertive community treatment in this section shall be based on one daily rate 50.10 per provider inclusive of the following services received by an eligible client in a given 50.11 calendar day: all rehabilitative services under this section, staff travel time to provide 50.12 rehabilitative services under this section, and nonresidential crisis stabilization services 50.13 under section 256B.0624.

(b) Except as indicated in paragraph (c), payment will not be made to more than one
entity for each client for services provided under this section on a given day. If services
under this section are provided by a team that includes staff from more than one entity, the
team must determine how to distribute the payment among the members.

50.18 (c) The commissioner shall determine one rate for each provider that will bill medical 50.19 assistance for residential services under this section and one rate for each assertive community 50.20 treatment provider. If a single entity provides both services, one rate is established for the 50.21 entity's residential services and another rate for the entity's nonresidential services under 50.22 this section. A provider is not eligible for payment under this section without authorization 50.23 from the commissioner. The commissioner shall develop rates using the following criteria:

50.24 (1) the provider's cost for services shall include direct services costs, other program
50.25 costs, and other costs determined as follows:

(i) the direct services costs must be determined using actual costs of salaries, benefits,
payroll taxes, and training of direct service staff and service-related transportation;

(ii) other program costs not included in item (i) must be determined as a specified
percentage of the direct services costs as determined by item (i). The percentage used shall
be determined by the commissioner based upon the average of percentages that represent
the relationship of other program costs to direct services costs among the entities that provide
similar services;

(iii) physical plant costs calculated based on the percentage of space within the program
that is entirely devoted to treatment and programming. This does not include administrative
or residential space;

(iv) assertive community treatment physical plant costs must be reimbursed as part of
the costs described in item (ii); and

(v) subject to federal approval, up to an additional five percent of the total rate may be
added to the program rate as a quality incentive based upon the entity meeting performance
criteria specified by the commissioner;

(2) actual cost is defined as costs which are allowable, allocable, and reasonable, and
consistent with federal reimbursement requirements under Code of Federal Regulations,
title 48, chapter 1, part 31, relating to for-profit entities, and Office of Management and
Budget Circular Number A-122, relating to nonprofit entities;

51.13 (3) the number of service units;

51.14 (4) the degree to which clients will receive services other than services under this section;51.15 and

51.16 (5) the costs of other services that will be separately reimbursed.

(d) The rate for intensive residential treatment services and assertive community treatment
must exclude the medical assistance room and board rate, as defined in section 256I.03,
subdivision 6 256B.056, subdivision 5d, and services not covered under this section, such
as partial hospitalization, home care, and inpatient services.

(e) Physician services that are not separately billed may be included in the rate to the
extent that a psychiatrist, or other health care professional providing physician services
within their scope of practice, is a member of the intensive residential treatment services
treatment team. Physician services, whether billed separately or included in the rate, may
be delivered by telehealth. For purposes of this paragraph, "telehealth" has the meaning
given to "mental health telehealth" in section 256B.0625, subdivision 46, when telehealth
is used to provide intensive residential treatment services.

(f) When services under this section are provided by an assertive community treatmentprovider, case management functions must be an integral part of the team.

(g) The rate for a provider must not exceed the rate charged by that provider for thesame service to other payors.

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(h) The rates for existing programs must be established prospectively based upon the
expenditures and utilization over a prior 12-month period using the criteria established in
paragraph (c). The rates for new programs must be established based upon estimated
expenditures and estimated utilization using the criteria established in paragraph (c).

(i) Entities who discontinue providing services must be subject to a settle-up process 52.5 whereby actual costs and reimbursement for the previous 12 months are compared. In the 52.6 event that the entity was paid more than the entity's actual costs plus any applicable 52.7 performance-related funding due the provider, the excess payment must be reimbursed to 52.8 the department. If a provider's revenue is less than actual allowed costs due to lower 52.9 utilization than projected, the commissioner may reimburse the provider to recover its actual 52.10 allowable costs. The resulting adjustments by the commissioner must be proportional to the 52.11 percent of total units of service reimbursed by the commissioner and must reflect a difference 52.12 of greater than five percent. 52.13

52.14 (j) A provider may request of the commissioner a review of any rate-setting decision52.15 made under this subdivision.

52.16 Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0625, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

52.17 Subd. 3a. Sex reassignment surgery Gender affirming services. Sex reassignment
 52.18 surgery is not covered Medical assistance covers gender affirming services.

52.19 Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0946, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

52.20 Subd. 6. **Excluded services.** (a) Services in clauses (1) to (7) are not covered under this 52.21 section and are not eligible for medical assistance payment as components of children's 52.22 intensive behavioral health services, but may be billed separately:

- 52.23 (1) inpatient psychiatric hospital treatment;
- 52.24 (2) mental health targeted case management;
- 52.25 (3) partial hospitalization;
- 52.26 (4) medication management;
- 52.27 (5) children's mental health day treatment services;
- 52.28 (6) crisis response services under section 256B.0624;
- 52.29 (7) transportation; and
- 52.30 (8) mental health certified family peer specialist services under section 256B.0616.

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53.1	(b) Children receiving intensive beh	avioral health services	are not eligible fo	r medical
53.2	assistance reimbursement for the follow		-	
53.3	behavioral health services:	0	C	
			1 (1 (*	. 1
53.4	(1) psychotherapy and skills training	components of childr	en's therapeutic ser	rvices and
53.5	supports under section 256B.0943;			
53.6	(2) mental health behavioral aide ser	vices as defined in sec	tion 256B.0943, su	ubdivision
53.7	1, paragraph (l);			
53.8	(3) home and community-based wai	ver services;		
53.9	(4) mental health residential treatme	nt; and		
53.10	(5) medical assistance room and boa	rd costs<u>rate</u>, as define	ed in section 256I.() 3,
53.11	subdivision 6 256B.056, subdivision 5d			
53.12	Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2022, sect	ion 256B.0947, subdiv	ision 7a, is amende	ed to read:
53.13	Subd. 7a. Noncovered services. (a) The rate for intensive rehabilitative mental health			
53.14	services does not include medical assistance payment for services in clauses (1) to (7).			
53.15	Services not covered under this paragraph may be billed separately:			
53.16	(1) inpatient psychiatric hospital trea	atment;		
53.17	(2) partial hospitalization;			
53.18	(3) children's mental health day treat	tment services;		
53.19	(4) physician services outside of care	e provided by a psychia	atrist serving as a r	nember of
53.20	the treatment team;			
53.21	(5) medical assistance room and boa	rd costs rate , as define	ed in section 256I.()3,
53.22	subdivision 6 256B.056, subdivision 5d	;		
53.23	(6) home and community-based wai	ver services; and		
53.24	(7) other mental health services identi	fied in the child's indivi	dualized education	program.
53.25	(b) The following services are not co	overed under this section	on and are not elig	ible for
53.26	medical assistance payment while youth	are receiving intensive	e rehabilitative men	ntal health
53.27	services:			
53.28	(1) mental health residential treatme	nt; and		
53.29	(2) mental health behavioral aide ser	vices, as defined in sec	tion 256B.0943, sı	ubdivision
53.30	1, paragraph (l).			

54.1 Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256D.02, is amended by adding a subdivision
54.2 to read:

54.3 Subd. 20. Date of application. "Date of application" has the meaning given in section 54.4 256P.01, subdivision 2b.

54.5 Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256D.07, is amended to read:

54.6 **256D.07 TIME OF PAYMENT OF ASSISTANCE.**

An applicant for general assistance shall be deemed eligible if the application and the 54.7 54.8 verification of the statement on that application demonstrate that the applicant is within the eligibility criteria established by sections 256D.01 to 256D.21 and any applicable rules of 54.9 the commissioner. Any person requesting general assistance shall be permitted by the county 54.10 agency to make an application for assistance as soon as administratively possible and in no 54.11 event later than the fourth day following the date on which assistance is first requested, and 54.12 54.13 no county agency shall require that a person requesting assistance appear at the offices of the county agency more than once prior to the date on which the person is permitted to make 54.14 the application. The application shall be in writing in the manner and upon the form 54.15 prescribed by the commissioner and attested to by the oath of the applicant or in lieu thereof 54.16 shall contain the following declaration which shall be signed by the applicant: "I declare 54.17 that this application has been examined by me and to the best of my knowledge and belief 54.18 is a true and correct statement of every material point." Applications must be submitted 54.19 according to section 256P.04, subdivision 1a. On the date that general assistance is first 54.20 requested, the county agency shall inquire and determine whether the person requesting 54.21 assistance is in immediate need of food, shelter, clothing, assistance for necessary 54.22 transportation, or other emergency assistance pursuant to section 256D.06, subdivision 2. 54.23 A person in need of emergency assistance shall be granted emergency assistance immediately, 54.24 and necessary emergency assistance shall continue for up to 30 days following the date of 54.25 application. A determination of an applicant's eligibility for general assistance shall be made 54.26 by the county agency as soon as the required verifications are received by the county agency 54.27 and in no event later than 30 days following the date that the application is made. Any 54.28 verifications required of the applicant shall be reasonable, and the commissioner shall by 54.29 rule establish reasonable verifications. General assistance shall be granted to an eligible 54.30 applicant without the necessity of first securing action by the board of the county agency. 54.31 54.32 The first month's grant must be computed to cover the time period starting with the date a signed application form is received by the county agency of application, as defined by 54.33

refer the matter to the county attorney. The county attorney may commence a criminal
prosecution or a civil action for the recovery of any general assistance wrongfully received,
or both.

55.9 Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256I.03, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. Supportive housing. "Supportive housing" means housing that is not
time-limited and, provides or coordinates services necessary for a resident to maintain
housing stability, and is not assisted living licensed under chapter 144G.

55.13 Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256I.03, is amended by adding a subdivision55.14 to read:

55.15 Subd. 16. Date of application. "Date of application" has the meaning given in section
 55.16 256P.01, subdivision 2b.

55.17 Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256I.04, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

55.18 Subd. 2. **Date of eligibility.** An individual who has met the eligibility requirements of 55.19 subdivision 1, shall have a housing support payment made on the individual's behalf from 55.20 the first day of the month <u>in which a signed of the date of application form is received by</u> 55.21 <u>a county agency, as defined by section 256P.01, subdivision 2b, or the first day of the month</u> 55.22 in which all eligibility factors have been met, whichever is later.

55.23 Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256I.06, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

55.24Subd. 3. Filing of application. The county agency must immediately provide an55.25application form to any person requesting housing support. Application for housing support55.26must be in writing on a form prescribed by the commissioner. Applications must be submitted55.27according to section 256P.04, subdivision 1a. The county agency must determine an55.28applicant's eligibility for housing support as soon as the required verifications are received55.29by the county agency and within 30 days after a signed application is received by the county55.30agency for the aged or blind or within 60 days for people with a disability.

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56.1	Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2022, sec	tion 256I.09, is amende	ed to read:	

56.2 **256I.09 COMMUNITY LIVING INFRASTRUCTURE.**

The commissioner shall award grants to agencies and multi-Tribal collaboratives through 56.3 an annual competitive process. Grants awarded under this section may be used for: (1) 56.4 outreach to locate and engage people who are homeless or residing in segregated settings 56.5 to screen for basic needs and assist with referral to community living resources; (2) building 56.6 capacity to provide technical assistance and consultation on housing and related support 56.7 service resources for persons with both disabilities and low income; or (3) streamlining the 56.8 administration and monitoring activities related to housing support funds. Agencies may 56.9 collaborate and submit a joint application for funding under this section. 56.10

56.11 Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256J.08, subdivision 21, is amended to read:

Subd. 21. Date of application. "Date of application" means the date on which the county
agency receives an applicant's application as a signed written application, an application
submitted by telephone, or an application submitted through Internet telepresence has the
meaning given in section 256P.01, subdivision 2b.

56.16 Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256J.09, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

56.17 Subd. 3. **Submitting application form.** (a) A county agency must offer, in person or 56.18 by mail, the application forms prescribed by the commissioner as soon as a person makes 56.19 a written or oral inquiry. At that time, the county agency must:

(1) inform the person that assistance begins on the date that the <u>of</u> application is received
by the county agency either as a signed written application; an application submitted by
telephone; or an application submitted through Internet telepresence; as defined in section
<u>256P.01</u>, subdivision 2b, or on the date that all eligibility criteria are met, whichever is later;

(2) inform a person that the person may submit the application by telephone or throughInternet telepresence;

(3) inform a person that when the person submits the application by telephone or through
Internet telepresence, the county agency must receive a signed written application within
30 days of the date that the person submitted the application by telephone or through Internet
telepresence of the application submission requirements in section 256P.04, subdivision
<u>1a;</u>

(4) inform the person that any delay in submitting the application will reduce the amountof assistance paid for the month of application;

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57.1 (5) inform a person that the person may submit the application before an interview;

(6) explain the information that will be verified during the application process by the
county agency as provided in section 256J.32;

57.4 (7) inform a person about the county agency's average application processing time and
57.5 explain how the application will be processed under subdivision 5;

(8) explain how to contact the county agency if a person's application information changesand how to withdraw the application;

(9) inform a person that the next step in the application process is an interview and what
a person must do if the application is approved including, but not limited to, attending
orientation under section 256J.45 and complying with employment and training services
requirements in sections 256J.515 to 256J.57;

(10) inform the person that an interview must be conducted. The interview may be
conducted face-to-face in the county office or at a location mutually agreed upon, through
Internet telepresence, or by telephone;

(11) explain the child care and transportation services that are available under paragraph
(c) to enable caregivers to attend the interview, screening, and orientation; and

57.17 (12) identify any language barriers and arrange for translation assistance during
57.18 appointments, including, but not limited to, screening under subdivision 3a, orientation
57.19 under section 256J.45, and assessment under section 256J.521.

(b) Upon receipt of a signed application, the county agency must stamp the date of receipt 57.20 on the face of the application. The county agency must process the application within the 57.21 time period required under subdivision 5. An applicant may withdraw the application at 57.22 any time by giving written or oral notice to the county agency. The county agency must 57.23 issue a written notice confirming the withdrawal. The notice must inform the applicant of 57.24 the county agency's understanding that the applicant has withdrawn the application and no 57.25 longer wants to pursue it. When, within ten days of the date of the agency's notice, an 57.26 applicant informs a county agency, in writing, that the applicant does not wish to withdraw 57.27 the application, the county agency must reinstate the application and finish processing the 57.28 application. 57.29

(c) Upon a participant's request, the county agency must arrange for transportation and
child care or reimburse the participant for transportation and child care expenses necessary
to enable participants to attend the screening under subdivision 3a and orientation under
section 256J.45.

58.1 Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256J.95, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Submitting application form.** The eligibility date for the diversionary work 58.2 program begins on the date that the combined of application form (CAF) is received by the 58.3 county agency either as a signed written application; an application submitted by telephone; 58.4 or an application submitted through Internet telepresence;, as defined in section 256P.01, 58.5 subdivision 2b, or on the date that diversionary work program eligibility criteria are met, 58.6 whichever is later. The county agency must inform an applicant that when the applicant 58.7 58.8 submits the application by telephone or through Internet telepresence, the county agency must receive a signed written application within 30 days of the date that the applicant 58.9 submitted the application by telephone or through Internet telepresence of the application 58.10 submission requirements in section 256P.04, subdivision 1a. The county agency must inform 58.11the applicant that any delay in submitting the application will reduce the benefits paid for 58.12 the month of application. The county agency must inform a person that an application may 58.13 be submitted before the person has an interview appointment. Upon receipt of a signed 58.14 application, the county agency must stamp the date of receipt on the face of the application. 58.15 The applicant may withdraw the application at any time prior to approval by giving written 58.16 or oral notice to the county agency. The county agency must follow the notice requirements 58.17 in section 256J.09, subdivision 3, when issuing a notice confirming the withdrawal. 58.18

58.19 Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256P.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
58.20 to read:

Subd. 2b. Date of application. "Date of application" means the date on which the agency
receives an applicant's application as a signed written application, an application submitted
by telephone, or an application submitted through Internet telepresence. The child care
assistance program under chapter 119B is exempt from this definition.

58.25 Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256P.04, is amended by adding a subdivision
58.26 to read:

Subd. 1a. Application submission. An agency must offer, in person or by mail, the
 application forms prescribed by the commissioner as soon as a person makes a written or
 oral inquiry about assistance. Applications must be received by the agency as a signed
 written application, an application submitted by telephone, or an application submitted
 through Internet telepresence. When a person submits an application by telephone or through
 Internet telepresence, the agency must receive a signed written application within 30 days

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59.1	of the date that the person submitted the	application by telephor	ne or through Inter	<u>met</u>
59.2	telepresence.			
59.3	Sec. 99. REVISOR INSTRUCTION			
59.4	The revisor of statutes shall renumbe	r the subdivisions in M	<u>linnesota Statutes,</u>	sections
59.5	256D.02 and 256I.03, in alphabetical ord	ler, excluding the first s	subdivision in each	<u>ı section,</u>
59.6	and correct any cross-reference changes	that result.		
59.7	Sec. 100. REPEALER.			
59.8	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2022, section	144.9505, subdivision	3, is repealed.	
59.9	(b) Minnesota Statutes 2022, section	153A.14, subdivision	5, is repealed.	
59.10	(c) Minnesota Rules, parts 4640.150); 4640.1600; 4640.170	<u>)0; 4640.1800; 464</u>	<u>40.1900;</u>
59.11	<u>4640.2000; 4640.2100; 4640.2200; 4640</u>	0.2300; 4640.2400; 464	0.2500; 4640.260	<u>);</u>
59.12	4640.2700; 4640.2800; 4640.2900; 4640	0.3000; 4640.3100; 464	0.3200; 4640.330	<u>0;</u>
59.13	4640.3400; 4640.3500; 4640.3600; 4640	0.3700; 4640.3800; 464	0.3900; 4640.400	<u>0;</u>
59.14	4640.4100; 4640.4200; 4640.4300; 4640).6100; 4640.6200; 464	0.6300; 4640.640	<u>0;</u>
59.15	4645.0300; 4645.0400; 4645.0500; 4645	5.0600; 4645.0700; 464	5.0800; 4645.0900	<u>0;</u>
59.16	4645.1000; 4645.1100; 4645.1200; 4645	5.1300; 4645.1400; 464	5.1500; 4645.1600	<u>);</u>
59.17	4645.1700; 4645.1800; 4645.1900; 4645	5.2000; 4645.2100; 464	15.2200; 4645.2300	<u>0;</u>
59.18	4645.2400; 4645.2500; 4645.2600; 4645	5.2700; 4645.2800; 464	15.2900; 4645.3000	<u>0;</u>
59.19	4645.3100; 4645.3200; 4645.3300; 4645	5.3400; 4645.3500; 464	15.3600; 4645.3700	<u>0;</u>
59.20	4645.3800; 4645.3805; 4645.3900; 4645	5.4000; 4645.4100; 464	15.4200; 4645.4300	<u>0;</u>
59.21	4645.4400; 4645.4500; 4645.4600; 4645	5.4700; 4645.4800; 464	5.4900; 4645.510	0; and
59.22	4645.5200, are repealed effective Augus	<u>t 1, 2023.</u>		
59.23	(d) Minnesota Statutes 2022, section	256I.03, subdivision 6	, is repealed."	
59.24	Delete the title and insert:			
59.25	"A	bill for an act		
59.26	relating to the department of health			
59.27 59.28	various record and notification requinates aids; adopting guidelines for physica			•
59.29	related to lead; amends provisions f	or administering opiate	e antagonists; amer	nds
59.30 59.31	transporting requirements for medic programs; amending Minnesota Sta			
59.31 59.32	62Q.675; 62U.04, subdivision 11; 1			
59.33	144.382, by adding subdivisions; 14	4.55, subdivision 3; 14	44.6535, subdivisio	ons
59.34	1, 2, 4; 144.9501, subdivisions 17, 2			
59.35 59.36	subdivisions 1, 1g, 1h; 144.9508, subdivisions; 148.513, by			
59.30 59.37	6; 148.5175; 148.5195, subdivision 3			

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151.37, subdivision 12; 152.29, subdivision 3a; 153A.13, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, 6, 60.1 7, 9, 10, 11, by adding subdivisions; 153A.14, subdivisions 1, 2, 2h, 2i, 2j, 4, 4a, 60.2 4b, 4c, 4e, 6, 9, 11, by adding a subdivision; 153A.15, subdivisions 1, 2, 4; 60.3 153A.17; 153A.175; 153A.18; 153A.20; 245.4661, subdivision 9; 245.469, 60.4 subdivision 3; 256.478, by adding subdivisions; 256B.056, by adding a subdivision; 60.5 256B.0622, subdivision 8; 256B.0625, subdivision 3a; 256B.0946, subdivision 6; 60.6 256B.0947, subdivision 7a; 256D.02, by adding a subdivision; 256D.07; 256I.03, 60.7 subdivision 15, by adding a subdivision; 256I.04, subdivision 2; 256I.06, 60.8 subdivision 3; 256I.09; 256J.08, subdivision 21; 256J.09, subdivision 3; 256J.95, 60.9 subdivision 5; 256P.01, by adding a subdivision; 256P.04, by adding a subdivision; 60.10 proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 144; 245; repealing 60.11 Minnesota Statutes 2022, sections 144.9505, subdivision 3; 153A.14, subdivision 60.12 5; 256I.03, subdivision 6; Minnesota Rules, parts 4640.1500; 4640.1600; 60.13 4640.1700; 4640.1800; 4640.1900; 4640.2000; 4640.2100; 4640.2200; 4640.2300; 60.14 4640.2400; 4640.2500; 4640.2600; 4640.2700; 4640.2800; 4640.2900; 4640.3000; 60.15 4640.3100; 4640.3200; 4640.3300; 4640.3400; 4640.3500; 4640.3600; 4640.3700; 60.16 4640.3800; 4640.3900; 4640.4000; 4640.4100; 4640.4200; 4640.4300; 4640.6100; 60.17 4640.6200; 4640.6300; 4640.6400; 4645.0300; 4645.0400; 4645.0500; 4645.0600; 60.18 4645.0700; 4645.0800; 4645.0900; 4645.1000; 4645.1100; 4645.1200; 4645.1300; 60.19 4645.1400; 4645.1500; 4645.1600; 4645.1700; 4645.1800; 4645.1900; 4645.2000; 60.20 4645.2100; 4645.2200; 4645.2300; 4645.2400; 4645.2500; 4645.2600; 4645.2700; 60.21 4645.2800; 4645.2900; 4645.3000; 4645.3100; 4645.3200; 4645.3300; 4645.3400; 60.22 4645.3500; 4645.3600; 4645.3700; 4645.3800; 4645.3805; 4645.3900; 4645.4000; 60.23 4645.4100; 4645.4200; 4645.4300; 4645.4400; 4645.4500; 4645.4600; 4645.4700; 60.24 4645.4800; 4645.4900; 4645.5100; 4645.5200." 60.25

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Maline H. Witchmel

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60.27

60.28

60.29 60.30 (Committee Chair)

March 23, 2023..... (Date of Committee recommendation)

Sec. 98.