

MNCAPCD

All Payer Claims Database

The Minnesota All Payer Claims Database: An Overview

Stefan Gildemeister | State Health Economist -- Senate Health & Human Services, Feb. 15, 2023

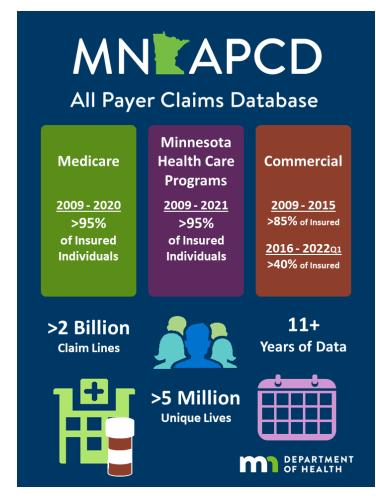
PROTECTING, MAINTAINING AND IMPROVING THE HEALTH OF ALL MINNESOTANS

How Are All Payer Claims Data Being Used



What is the MN APCD?

- Large scale data system that collects & integrates data from the process of paying for health care
 - Enrollment
 - Medical and Rx claims
 - Actual transaction prices
- Geographically rich detail for <u>insured</u> Minnesotans
 - Diagnosed conditions
 - Treatment (procedures/drugs) delivered
 - Servicing provider/type



The MN APCD Contains Only De-identified Information

What is in the data?

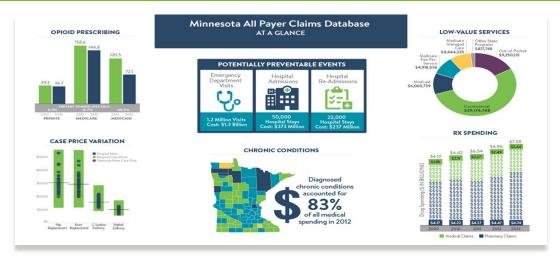
- Age at service date
- Patient 5-digit ZIP code
- Gender
- Diagnosis code & service procedure
- Duration of treatment
- Cost of service, including patient share
- Information on servicing/billing provider
- Health insurance payer

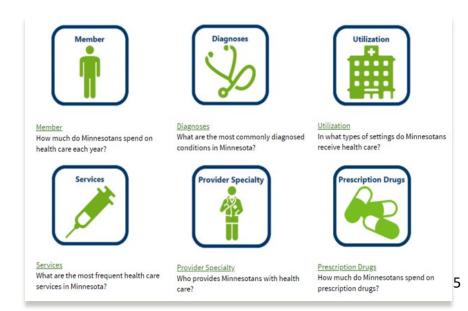
What is NOT in the data?

- Patient name
- Date of birth
- Social security number
- Patient Address
- Detail on income
- Clinical data from electronic health records

Data Availability

- MDH use of data is focused on analyzing variations in:
 - Health care costs,
 - Quality, utilization, and illness burden
- Data is accessible through:
 - Research findings in briefs, reports, data short takes
 - Summary Public Use Files & Interactive Data Dashboards







Strengths and Limitations

Strengths

- Includes details of:
 - Gender and age
 - ZIP Code
 - Payer (Minnesota Health Care Programs, Medicare, private insurance)
 - Diagnosis codes and service procedures
 - Prices paid for health care services—including patient share
- Rich source of utilization and cost data for insured Minnesotans
- Ability to track de-identified health care users over time, across care settings, and across payers
- Health care equity analysis can rely on some geographic detail including CDC's social vulnerability index for ZIP codes & payer

Limitations

- Limited return-on-investment because data use is restricted to MDH
- No data on race/ethnicity
- No dental claims
- No clinical data (e.g., laboratory results, etc.)
- Constraints to health care market transparency
- Does **not** include:
 - Uninsured Minnesotans
 - Tricare
 - Veteran's Affairs (VA) benefits
 - The Indian Health Service (IHS)
- Incomplete data from private insurers, including of spending outside of the claims stream

Examples of Use Cases for the MN APCD



Health Care Spending, Prices, and Use in Minnesota: 2016 to 2020

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

Health Care Spending, Prices, and Use in Minnesota: 2016 to 2020

NOVEMBER 2022

Key Findings

- Health care spending by privately insured Minnesotans grew by 19.0% from 2016 to 2019 and fell 4.2% from 2019 to 2020.
- Most spending growth was due to increasingly higher prices rather than increased use of health care.
- The spending decline from 2019 to 2020 was driven by a decrease in utilization of health care coinciding with the disruption to health care delivery caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. In contrast, health care prices rose each year from 2016 to 2020.
- Payments to doctors and other providers were the largest component of health care spending.

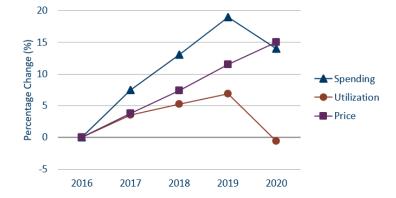


Background

Medical care and prescription drugs continue to be a major source of spending in the United States, with total health expenditures in 2020 reaching \$4.1 trillion nationally and \$60.1 billion in Minnesota.¹ Health spending is the product of two main factors, the volume of health care used (utilization) and the price of each procedure, visit, drug, or other service (price).¹¹

This issue brief uses data from the Minnesota All Payer Claims Database (MN APCD) to measure trends in health care spending, utilization, and prices in Minnesota from 2016 through 2020. The MN APCD is a state repository of deidentified health care enrollment and claims data administered by the Minnesota Department of Health.^{III} The source of these data are health care payers—primarily insurance plans and managed care organizations. Patterns of utilization, prices, and spending for medical care and prescription drugs in MN

2017-2021 in production



Source: Health Economics Program analysis of 2016 to 2020 data from the Minnesota All Payer Claims Database, July 2022

Figure 2: Per-Person Spending by Category 2016 to 2020

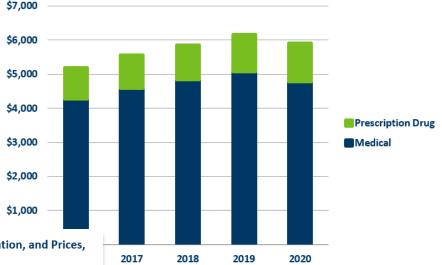


Figure 1: Cumulative Growth in Health Care Spending, Utilization, and Prices, 2016 to 2020

Available online: <u>https://www.health.state.mn.us/data/eco</u> nomics/docs/hcspendingbrief.pdf

s Program analysis of 2016 to 2020 data from the Minnesota All Payer Claims

Commercial Price Variation (July 2014 – June 2015)

M	N	A	PC	Ď
		Claims		

Commercial Case Price Variation among High-Volume Inpatient Treatments in Minnesota Hospitals JULY 2014 - JUNE 2015

This report examines case price variation among four common, clinically uncomplicated inpatient treatments in

orthopedic and obstetric care. F from three perspectives: statew patients with minor or moderate better fit the overall distribution

Commercial Case Price Variation among High-Volume MN APCD Inpatient Treatments in Minnesota Hospitals (Part 2) All Payer Claims Database JULY 2014 - JUNE 2015

Hospital with Highest Average Price 2nd Highest 3rd Highest

atewide Averag 3rd Lowest 2nd Lowest

TOTAL HIP Hospital w

> 2nd H 3rd Hi tatewid

3rd Lo Hospital v

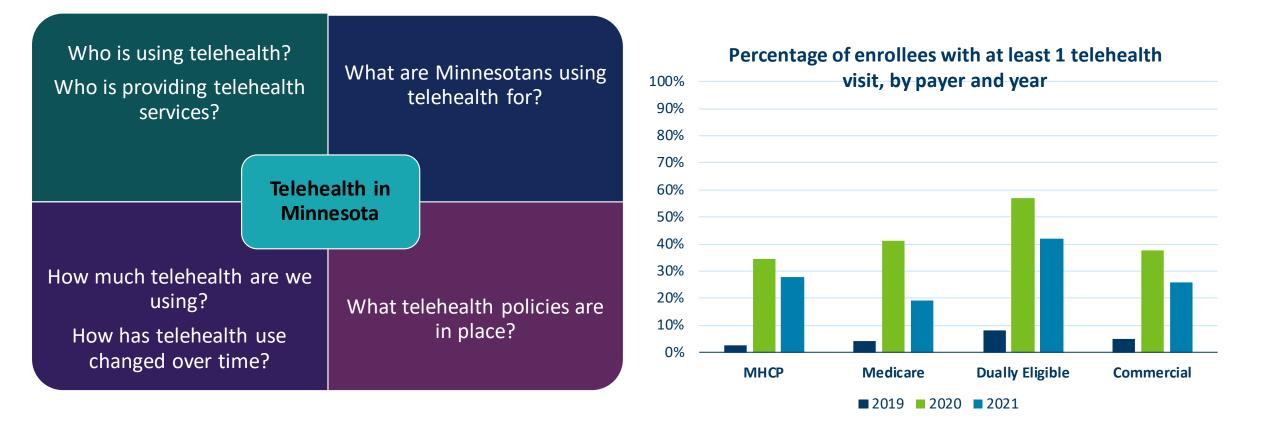
OTAL KNEE REPLACEMENT

This report examines variation in the case prices for four common, clinically uncomplicated inpatient surgeries. The prices reported here reflect allowed amounts - the actual payments made by patients and insurers to health care providers - and include the facility and professional fees incurred during each admission. The graphs show variation in prices from three perspectives: statewide, between different hospitals, and within the same hospital. Only admissions of minor or moderate severity of illness are included, and cases with high or low outlier prices were assigned the prices at the 97.5 or 2.5 percentile, Hospital with Lowest Average Price respectively. Hospital names are not reported, in accordance with Minnesota state law governing use of data submitted to the Minnesota All Payer Claims Database (MN APCD).

ENT						
t Average Price	MAJOR BOWEL PROCEDURES	AVERAGE PRICE	LOWER PRICE	HIGHER PRICE	HIGH-LOW RATIO	PRICE RANGE AND AVERAGE CASE PRICE ()
0	Hospital with Highest Average Price	\$47,276	\$14,541	\$68,765	4.7x	
	2nd Highest	\$40,587	\$15,682	\$68,765	4.4x	
rice	3rd Highest	\$39,328	\$22,945	\$68,765	Зx	
	Statewide Average Price	\$34,349	\$14,541	\$68,765	4.7x	
	3rd Lowest	\$27,184	\$18,714	\$55,104	2.9x	
Average Price	2nd Lowest	\$24,020	\$14,541	\$40,969	2.8x	
0	Hospital with Lowest Average Price	\$23,913	\$14,541	\$65,128	4.5x	
	APPENDECTOMY	AVERAGE	LOWER	HIGHER	HIGH-LOW RATIO	PRICE RANGE AND AVERAGE CASE PRICE (1)
t Average Price	Hospital with Highest Average Price	\$23,428	\$6,666	\$35,484	5.3x	
	2nd Highest	\$22,686	\$14,543	\$32,437	2.2x	
	3rd Highest	\$22,405	\$11,105	\$32,631	2.9x	
	Statewide Average Price	\$17,070	\$6,590	\$35,484	5.4x	
	3rd Lowest	\$14,136	\$8,441	\$18,814	2.2x	
	2nd Lowest	\$13,008	\$7,757	\$19,840	2.6x	
	Hospital with Lowest Average Price		\$7,327	\$14,381	2x	
	SPINAL FUSION SURGERY	AVERAGE PRICE	LOWER PRICE	HIGHER PRICE	HIGH-LOW RATIO	

- Studied commercial case price variation for eight high-volume procedures
- Focused on low and moderate severity admissions and adjusted for outliers
- Found significant variation across all three dimensions studied:
 - Statewide
 - Between hospitals
 - Within hospitals

Uses of the MN APCD Telehealth in Minnesota



Yu J, Mink PJ, Huckfeld PJ, Gildemeister S and J Abraham (2018) "Population-Level Estimates Of Telemedicine Service Provision Using An All-Payer Claims Database", Health Affairs, 37(12)

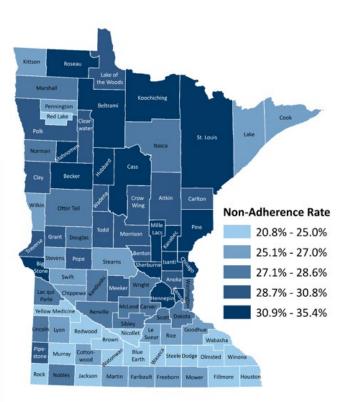


Hypertension Prevalence (2014) and Medication Adherence (2015)

Hypertension Data by ZIP and County:

- Number with hypertension (HTN)
- Age-adjusted HTN prevalence
- Number and percent taking high blood pressure (HBP) medications
- Number and percent nonadherent to HBP medications
- Data shown by age group and payer
- Maps and tables

County		Number of Adults with HTN	All Adu Age-Adju Prevaler	sted Decel	44 Age 45-64 nce Prevalence	Age 65+ Prevalence	Medicare Prevalence	Dually-Eligible Medicare & Medicaid Prevalence	Medicaid Prevalence	Commercial Insurance Prevalence	
MINNESOTA		968,626	25.	4% 7.	9% 34.3%	65.6%	63.7%	59.7%	22.0%	18.6%	
Aitkin		4,603	29.	0% 10.	9% 40.3%	67.1%	65.9%	62.3%	27.1%	27.1%	
Anoka		61,173	27	.1% 8.	5% 36.4%	68.3%	66.8%	58.3%	22.2%	20.3%	
Becker		7,223	27.	4% 9	.1% 38.9%	65.1%	63.4%	63.7%	23.6%	22.5%	
Beltrami		8,457	28.	8% 10.	3% 39.2%	67.9%	64.3%	62.9%	22.4%	22.1%	
Benton		6,569	25.	8% 8	.1% 34.8%	66.1%	63.3%	55.2%	21.0%	18.1%	
Big Stone		1,452			.1% 41.4%		68.0%	68.0%	30.0%	25.2%	
Blue Earth		10,345			5% 35.0%		63.8%	53.7%	18.3%	18.3%	
Brown		5,955			9% 37.1%		67.5%	64.4%	25.6%	21.7%	
Carlton		7,744			.1% 40.6%		67.5%	62.3%	27.4%	23.7%	
Carver		13,660			8% 28.1%		61.2%	56.5%	22.2%	16.0%	
Cass		7,413			7% 38.1%		63.0%	59.7%	25.0%	23.6%	
Chippewa		2,712			2% 36.9%		63.5%	60.5%	22.9%	21.4%	
Chisago		10,085			.1% 35.1%		65.0%	57.2%	23.3%	21.2%	
Clay		9,257					65.2% 59.7%	60.5% 71.0%	22.5% 25.5%	21.0% 23.3%	
Clearwater Cook		1,814			.1% 30.2%		56.8%	61.2%	16.8%	23.5%	
Cottonwood		2.752			5% 37.5%		68.2%	62.3%	23.0%	21.9%	
Zip Code	Primary City or Town)	Number of Adults with ypertension	All Adults, Age-Adjusted Prevalence	Age 18-44 Prevalence	Age 45-64 Prevalence	Age 65+ Prevalence	Medicare Prevalence	Dually-Eligible Medicare & Medicaid Prevalence	Medicaid Prevalence	Commercial Insurance Prevalence
-	MINNESOTA	9	968,626	25.4%	7.9%	34.3%	65.6%	63.7%	59.7%	22.0%	18.6%
55001	Afton		541	18.5%	3.6%	25.4%	54.8%	54.3%	-	20.0%	17.5%
55003	Bayport		458	23.0%	5.9%	29.4%	73.1%	72.2%	-	18.7%	15.8%
55005	East Bethel		687	27.3%	9.2%	36.3%	67.9%	64.9%	52.5%	20.3%	20.9%
55006	Braham		789	30.5%	11.6%	43.6%	69.7%	67.3%	57.8%	23.0%	25.6%
55007	Brook Park		524	29.0%	11.4%	39.5%	67.9%	65.6%	62.7%	24.6%	26.5%
55008	Cambridge		3,307	30.5%	12.4%	40.9%	70.2%	68.9%	62.0%	26.3%	23.7%
55009	Cannon Falls		1,633	25.6%	7.3%	36.0%	64.8%	63.5%	56.0%	23.3%	21.5%
55011	East Bethel		1,719	26.0%	8.2%	34.0%	66.3%	64.1%	52.4%	19.8%	21.4%
55012	Center City		369	23.4%	6.8%	30.0%	62.3%	62.4%	-	17.3%	19.8%
55013	Chisago City		1,361	25.2%	8.3%	32.6%	67.5%	67.4%	55.2%	23.5%	19.7%
55014	Lino Lakes		4,419	26.0%	7.8%	33.8%	67.8%	66.2%	58.2%	23.3%	20.0%
55016	Cottage Grove		5,623	26.2%	8.4%	34.3%	67.6%	65.8%	53.9%	22.9%	18.8%
55017	Dalbo		142	26.2%	-	36.2%	73.7%	66.3%	-	25.7%	20.9%
55018	Dennison		188	24.9%	8.3%	31.5%	65.7%	61.0%	-	-	22.1%
55019	Dundas		323	24.3%	8.3%	31.1%	62.6%	62.5%	-	17.5%	17.8%
55020	Elko New Mark	et	433	22.3%	5.8%	28.8%	60.2%	57.5%	71.9%	23.6%	14.5%
55021	Faribault		5,129	25.8%	8.3%	34.0%	66.9%	65.4%	52.9%	19.8%	19.7%
55024	Farmington		4,092	25.7%	8.2%	32.7%	66.7%	63.8%	59.1%	20.9%	17.0%
55025	Forest Lake		4,462	25.7%	8.1%	34.5%	65.9%	63.8%	61.6%	21.8%	20.6%
55026	Frontenac		93	19.7%	-	25.0%	60.2%	58.9%	-	-	18.3%
55027	Goodhue		423	23.3%	5.6%	31.3%	66.1%	65.5%	67.7%	22.7%	15.4%
55029	Grandy		14	16.2%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
55030	Grasston		308	30.2%	10.0%	39.0%	80.2%	77.2%	72.5%	24.1%	24.3%



Patterns of Opioid Prescribing in Minnesota: 2012 and 2015

Focus

Opioid prescription patterns among Minnesotans with private or public insurance coverage

Explores

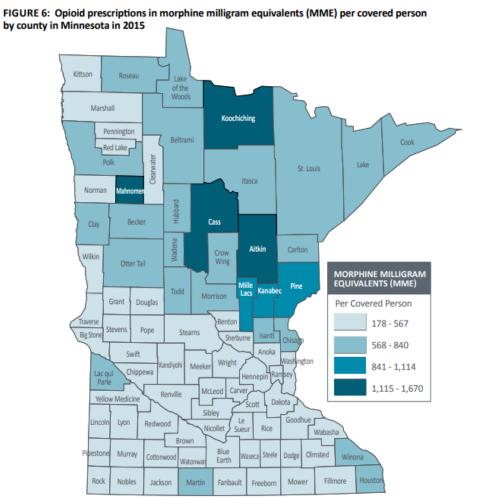
• Opioid prescription trends by payer

Source:

- Patients' diagnoses preceding a prescription opioid fill
- Number of prescribers
- Patients' geographic location

Data Reported By

- Duration and dose
- Age
- Insurance type
- Urban/Rural
- County



SOURCE: Mathematica Policy Research analysis of claims and encounters data from the Minnesota All Payer Claims Database extract 20v1.





MN APCD Public Use Files and Dashboard



Member How much do Minnesotans spend on health care each year?



Services What are the most frequent health care services in Minnesota?



Diagnoses What are the most commonly diagnosed conditions in Minnesota?



Provider Specialty Who provides Minnesotans with health care?



Utilization In what types of settings do Minnesotans receive health care?



Prescription Drugs How much do Minnesotans spend on prescription drugs?

- MDH created MN APCD Public Use Files (PUFs) to make data more accessible and easier to use
- MDH currently offers MN APCD **PUFs in six focus** . areas
- PUFs are produced **annually** and available at **no cost** through the MDH website
- Data can help you gain a better • understanding of Minnesota's health care landscape, support your work, and aid research
- MN APCD PUF data can be accessed in an interactive form through a collection of dashboards



There Are 19 Active Studies Using the MN APCD

Legislative-Directed Activities

- Chronic conditions spending report
- Study of telehealth expansion & payment parity
- Evaluation studies on the impact of insurance mandates
- Development and dissemination of public use files and documentation

Studies in Spending Trends & Use

- Health care spending, prices, and use in Minnesota, 2021
- Impact of COVID-19 on trends in health care & spending, 2020
- Patterns and trends in cost sharing

Other Policy-Relevant Analyses

- Individual market premium, benefits and enrollment
- Primary care spending / investment
- Relationship of Rx price increases & health care spending

Public Health & Disease Epi Studies

- Antibiotic use
- Medication adherence & management of cardiovascular disease risk factors
- Dementia prevalence, cost, and early detection efforts
- Cardiac rehabilitation surveillance

Exploratory Analyses

- Smoking cessation benefit utilization
- Sickle cell disease
- Fetal alcohol spectrum disorder & neonatal abstinence syndrome
- Long COVID
- Mental health diagnoses & utilization

Other Activities

- Ad-hoc requests for data
- Ad-hoc requests for topic review / summary
- Partnership with other APCD states to advance use and effectiveness of research



Thank You! -- Add'l Resources

Health Economics Program homepage: MDH, <u>Health Economics Program</u>

MN APCD homepage: <u>Minnesota All Payer Claims Database (MN APCD)</u> MN APCD publications: <u>Publications Using the MN APCD</u> MN APCD PUFs: <u>Currently Available Public Use Files</u>

