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1.1 1.2	Senator Frentz from the Committee on Energy, Utilities, Environment, and Climate, to which was referred
1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6	<b>S.F. No. 2301:</b> A bill for an act relating to energy; establishing the Minnesota Innovative Finance Authority to provide financing and leverage private investment for clean energy and other projects; requiring a report; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 216C.
1.7	Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:
1.8	Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:
1.9	"Section 1. [216C.441] MINNESOTA CLIMATE INNOVATION FINANCE
1.10	AUTHORITY.
1.11	Subdivision 1. Establishment; purpose. (a) There is created a public body corporate
1.12	and politic to be known as the "Minnesota Climate Innovation Finance Authority," whose
1.13	purpose is to accelerate the deployment of clean energy projects, greenhouse gas emissions
1.14	reduction projects, and other qualified projects through the strategic deployment of public
1.15	funds in the form of grants, loans, credit enhancements, and other financing mechanisms
1.16	in order to leverage existing public and private sources of capital to reduce the upfront and
1.17	total cost of qualified projects and to overcome financial barriers to project adoption,
1.18	especially in low-income communities.
1.19	(b) The goals of the authority include but are not limited to:
1.20	(1) reducing Minnesota's contributions to climate change by accelerating the deployment
1.21	of clean energy projects;
1.22	(2) ensuring that all Minnesotans share the benefits of clean and renewable energy and
1.23	the opportunity to fully participate in the clean energy economy by promoting:
1.24	(i) the creation of clean energy jobs for Minnesota workers, particularly in environmental
1.25	justice communities and communities in which fossil fuel electric generating plants are
1.26	retiring; and
1.27	(ii) the principles of environmental justice in the authority's operations and funding
1.28	decisions; and
1.29	(3) maintaining energy reliability while reducing the economic burden of energy costs,
1.30	especially on low-income households.
1.31	Subd. 2. Definitions. (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the
1.32	meanings given.
1.33	(b) "Authority" means the Minnesota Climate Innovation Finance Authority.

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2.1	(c) "Board" means the Minnes	ota Climate Innovation	Finance Authority's	board of
2.2	directors established in subdivision	<u>n 10.</u>		
2.3	(d) "Clean energy project" has	the meaning given to "o	qualified project" in	paragraph
2.4	(m), clauses (1) to (7).			
2.5	(e) "Community navigator" mea	ans an organization that	works to facilitate a	ccess to clean
2.6	energy project financing by comm	unity groups.		
2.7	(f) "Credit enhancement" mear	ns a pool of capital set a	side to cover potent	ial losses on
2.8	loans and other investments made	by financing entities. C	redit enhancement	includes but
2.9	is not limited to loan loss reserves	and loan guarantees.		
2.10	(g) "Energy storage system" ha	s the meaning given in	section 216B.2422,	subdivision
2.11	1, paragraph (f).			
2.12	(h) "Environmental justice" me	eans that:		
2.13	(1) communities of color, Indig	enous communities, an	d low-income comm	nunities have
2.14	a healthy environment and are treat	ed fairly when environn	nental statutes, rules	, and policies
2.15	are developed, adopted, implemen	ted, and enforced; and		
2.16	(2) in all decisions that have the	e potential to affect the e	environment of an en	nvironmental
2.17	justice community or the public he	ealth of an environment	al justice communit	y's residents,
2.18	due consideration is given to the h	istory of the area's and	the area's residents'	cumulative
2.19	exposure to pollutants and to any cu	rrent socioeconomic co	nditions that increase	e the physical
2.20	sensitivity of the area's residents to	additional exposure to	pollutants.	
2.21	(i) "Environmental justice com	munity" means a comm	unity in Minnesota	that, based
2.22	on the most recent data published	by the United States Ce	nsus Bureau, meets	one or more
2.23	of the following criteria:			
2.24	(1) 40 percent or more of the c	ommunity's total popula	ation is nonwhite;	
2.25	(2) 35 percent or more of house	eholds in the communit	y have an income th	nat is at or
2.26	below 200 percent of the federal p	overty level;		
2.27	(3) 40 percent or more of the $c$	ommunity's residents ov	ver the age of five h	ave limited
2.28	English proficiency; or			
2.29	(4) the community is located w	vithin Indian country, as	defined in United S	States Code,
2.30	title 18, section 1151.			

<ul> <li>3.1 (j) "Greenhouse gas emissions" means emissions of carbon dioxide, methane, nitrou</li> <li>3.2 oxide, hydrofluorocarbons, perfluorocarbons, and sulfur hexafluoride emitted by</li> <li>3.3 anthropogenic sources.</li> <li>3.4 (k) "Loan loss reserve" means a pool of capital set aside to reimburse a private lender</li> <li>3.5 if a customer defaults on a loan, up to an agreed-upon percentage of loans originated by to</li> <li>3.6 private lender.</li> <li>3.7 (l) "Microgrid system" means an electrical grid that:</li> </ul>	01R
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<ul> <li>3.6 private lender.</li> <li>3.7 (1) "Microgrid system" means an electrical grid that:</li> </ul>	ler
3.7 (1) "Microgrid system" means an electrical grid that:	the
3.8 (1) serves a discrete geographical area from distributed energy resources; and	
3.9 (2) can operate independently from the central electric grid on a temporary basis.	
3.10 (m) "Qualified project" means a project, technology, product, service, or measure	
3.11 promoting energy efficiency, clean energy, electrification, or water conservation and qual	lity
3.12 <u>that:</u>	
3.13 (1) substantially reduces greenhouse gas emissions;	
3.14 (2) reduces energy use without diminishing the level of service;	
3.15 (3) increases the deployment of renewable energy projects, energy storage systems,	<u>.</u>
3.16 district heating, smart grid technologies, or microgrid systems;	
3.17 (4) replaces existing fossil-fuel-based technology with an end-use electric technolog	gy;
3.18 (5) supports the development and deployment of electric vehicle charging stations as	and
3.19 associated infrastructure, electric buses, and electric fleet vehicles;	
(6) reduces water use or protects, restores, or preserves the quality of surface waters;	; or
3.21 (7) incentivizes customers to shift demand in response to changes in the price of electric	city
3.22 or when system reliability is not jeopardized.	
3.23 (n) "Renewable energy" has the meaning given in section 216B.1691, subdivision 1	Ι,
3.24 paragraph (c), clauses (1), (2), and (4), and includes fuel cells generated from renewable	le
3.25 <u>energy.</u>	
3.26 (o) "Securitization" means the conversion of an asset composed of individual loans in	nto
3.27 <u>marketable securities.</u>	
3.28 (p) "Smart grid" means a digital technology that:	
3.29 (1) allows for two-way communication between a utility and the utility's customers; a	and
3.30 (2) enables the utility to control power flow and load in real time.	

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4.1	Subd. 3. General powers. (a) For the purpose of exercising the specific powers granted
4.2	in this section, the authority has the general powers granted in this subdivision.
4.3	(b) The authority may:
4.4	(1) hire an executive director and staff to conduct the authority's operations;
4.5	(2) sue and be sued;
4.6	(3) have a seal and alter the seal;
4.7	(4) acquire, hold, lease, manage, and dispose of real or personal property for the
4.8	authority's corporate purposes;
4.9	(5) enter into agreements, including cooperative financing agreements, contracts, or
4.10	other transactions, with any federal or state agency, county, local unit of government,
4.11	regional development commission, person, domestic or foreign partnership, corporation,
4.12	association, or organization;
4.13	(6) acquire real property, or an interest therein, in the authority's own name, by purchase
4.14	or foreclosure, where acquisition is necessary or appropriate;
4.15	(7) provide general technical and consultative services related to the authority's purpose;
4.16	(8) promote research and development in matters related to the authority's purpose;
4.17	(9) analyze greenhouse gas emissions reduction project financing needs in the state and
4.18	recommend measures to alleviate any shortage of financing capacity;
4.19	(10) contract with any governmental or private agency or organization, legal counsel,
4.20	financial advisor, investment banker, or others to assist in the exercise of the authority's
4.21	powers;
4.22	(11) enter into agreements with qualified lenders or others insuring or guaranteeing to
4.23	the state the payment of qualified loans or other financing instruments; and
4.24	(12) accept on behalf of the state any gift, grant, or interest in money or personal property
4.25	tendered to the state for any purpose pertaining to the authority's activities.
4.26	Subd. 4. Authority duties. (a) The authority must:
4.27	(1) serve as a financial resource to reduce the upfront and total costs of implementing
4.28	qualified projects;
4.29	(2) ensure that all financed projects reduce greenhouse gas emissions;
4.30	(3) ensure that financing terms and conditions offered are well-suited to qualified projects;

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5.1	(4) strategically prioritize the use of the authority's funds to leverage private investment
5.2	in qualified projects, with the aim of achieving a high ratio of private to public money
5.3	invested through funding mechanisms that support, enhance, and complement private
5.4	investment;
5.1	
5.5	(5) coordinate with existing federal, state, local, utility, and other programs to ensure
5.6	that the authority's resources are being used most effectively to add to and complement
5.7	those programs;
5.8	(6) stimulate demand for qualified projects by:
5.9	(i) contracting with the department's Energy Information Center and community
5.10	navigators to provide information to project participants about federal, state, local, utility,
5.11	and other authority financial assistance for qualifying projects, and technical information
5.12	on energy conservation and renewable energy measures;
5.13	(ii) forming partnerships with contractors and informing contractors about the authority's
5.14	financing programs;
5.15	(iii) developing innovative marketing strategies to stimulate project owner interest,
5.16	especially in underserved communities; and
5.17	(iv) incentivizing financing entities to increase activity in underserved markets;
5.18	(7) finance projects in all regions of the state;
5.19	(8) develop participant eligibility standards and other terms and conditions for financial
5.20	support provided by the authority;
5.21	(9) develop and administer:
5.22	(i) policies to collect reasonable fees for authority services; and
5.23	(ii) risk management activities to support ongoing authority activities;
5.24	(10) develop consumer protection standards governing the authority's investments to
5.25	ensure that financial support is provided responsibly and transparently and is in the financial
5.26	interest of participating project owners;
5.27	(11) develop methods to accurately measure the impact of the authority's activities,
5.28	particularly on low-income communities and on greenhouse gas emissions reductions; and
5.29	(12) hire an executive director and sufficient staff with the appropriate skills to carry
5.30	out the authority's programs.
5.31	(b) The authority may:

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6.1	(1) employ credit enhancement mechanisms that reduce financial risk for financing
6.2	entities by providing assurance that a limited portion of a loan or other financial instrument
6.3	is assumed by the authority via a loan loss reserve, loan guarantee, or other mechanism;
6.4	(2) co-invest in a qualified project by providing senior or subordinated debt, equity, or
6.5	other mechanisms in conjunction with other investment or financing;
6.6	(3) aggregate small and geographically dispersed qualified projects in order to diversify
6.7	risk or secure additional private investment through securitization or similar resale of the
6.8	authority's interest in a completed qualified project; and
6.9	(4) serve as the designated state entity to apply for and accept federal funds for
6.10	Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund grants authorized by the federal Clean Air Act, United
6.11	States Code, title 42, section 7434(a)(2) and 7434(a)(3).
6.12	Subd. 5. Underserved market analysis. (a) Before developing a financing program,
6.13	the authority must conduct an analysis of the financial market the authority is considering
6.14	entering in order to determine the extent to which the market is underserved and to ensure
6.15	that the authority's activities supplement, and do not duplicate or supplant, the efforts of
6.16	financing entities currently serving the market. The analysis must address the nature and
6.17	extent of any barriers or gaps that may be preventing financing entities from adequately
6.18	serving the market, and must examine present and projected future efforts of existing
6.19	financing entities, federal, state, and local governments, and of utilities and others to serve
6.20	the market.
6.21	(b) In determining whether the authority should enter a market, the authority must
6.22	consider:
6.23	(1) whether serving the market advances the authority's policy goals;
6.24	(2) the extent to which the market is currently underserved;
6.25	(3) the unique tools the authority would deploy to overcome existing market barriers or
6.26	gaps;
6.27	(4) how the authority would market the program to potential participants; and
6.28	(5) potential financing partners and the role financing partners would play in
6.29	complementing the authority's activities.
6.30	Subd. 6. Authority lending practices; labor and consumer protection standards. (a)
6.31	In determining the projects in which the authority will participate, the authority must give
6.32	preference to projects that:

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7.1	(1) maximize the creation of high-quality employment and apprenticeship opportunities
7.2	for local workers, consistent with the public interest, especially workers from environmental
7.3	justice communities and from Minnesota communities hosting retired or retiring electric
7.4	generation facilities, including workers previously employed at retiring facilities;
7.5	(2) utilize energy technologies produced domestically that received an advanced
7.6	manufacturing tax credit under section 45X of the Internal Revenue Code, as allowed under
7.7	the federal Inflation Reduction Act of 2022, Public Law 117-169; and
7.8	(3) certify, for all contractors and subcontractors, that the rights of workers to organize
7.9	and unionize are recognized.
7.10	(b) The authority must require, for all projects for which the authority provides financing,
7.11	that:
7.12	(1) if the budget is \$100,000 or more, all contractors and subcontractors:
7.13	(i) must pay no less than the prevailing wage rate, as defined in section 177.42,
7.14	subdivision 6; and
7.15	(ii) are subject to the requirements and enforcement provisions under sections 177.27,
7.16	177.30, 177.32, 177.41 to 177.43, and 177.45;
7.17	(2) financing is not offered without first ensuring that the participants meet the authority's
7.18	underwriting criteria; and
7.19	(3) any loan made to a homeowner for a project on the homeowner's residence complies
7.20	with section 47.59 and the following federal laws:
7.21	(i) the Truth in Lending Act, United States Code, title 15, section 1601 et seq.;
7.22	(ii) the Fair Credit Reporting Act, United States Code, title 15, section 1681;
7.23	(iii) the Equal Credit Opportunity Act, United States Code, title 15, section 1691 et seq.;
7.24	and
7.25	(iv) the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, United States Code, title 15, section 1692.
7.26	(c) For the purposes of this section, "local workers" means Minnesota residents who
7.27	permanently reside within 150 miles of the location of a proposed project in which the
7.28	authority is considering to participate.
7.29	Subd. 7. Strategic plan. (a) By December 15, 2024, and each December 15 in
7.30	even-numbered years thereafter, the authority must develop and adopt a strategic plan that
7.31	prioritizes the authority's activities over the next two years. A strategic plan must:

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8.1	(1) identify targeted underserved markets for qualified projects in Minnesota;
8.2	(2) develop specific programs to overcome market impediments through access to
8.3	authority financing and technical assistance; and
8.4	(3) develop outreach and marketing strategies designed to make potential project
8.5	developers, participants, and communities aware of financing and technical assistance
8.6	available from the authority, including the deployment of community navigators.
8.7	(b) Elements of the strategic plan must be informed by the authority's analysis of the
8.8	market for qualified projects, and by the authority's experience under the previous strategic
8.9	plan, including the degree to which performance targets were or were not achieved by each
8.10	financing program. In addition, the authority must actively seek input regarding activities
8.11	that should be included in the strategic plan from stakeholders, environmental justice
8.12	communities, the general public, and participants, including via meetings required under
8.13	subdivision 9.
8.14	(c) The authority must establish annual targets in a strategic plan for each financing
8.15	program regarding the number of projects, level of authority investments, greenhouse gas
8.16	emissions reductions, and installed generating capacity or energy savings the authority
8.17	hopes to achieve, including separate targets for authority activities undertaken in
8.18	environmental justice communities.
8.19	(d) The authority's targets and strategies must be designed to ensure that no less than 40
8.20	percent of the direct benefits of authority activities flow to environmental justice communities
8.21	as defined under subdivision 2, by the United States Department of Energy, or as modified
8.22	by the department.
8.23	Subd. 8. Investment strategy; content; process. (a) No later than, and every four
8.24	years thereafter, the authority must adopt a long-term investment strategy to ensure the
8.25	authority's paramount goal to reduce greenhouse gas emissions is reflected in all of the
8.26	authority's operations. The investment strategy must address:
8.27	(1) the types of qualified projects the authority should focus on;
8.28	(2) gaps in current qualified project financing that present the greatest opportunities for
8.29	successful action by the authority;
8.30	(3) how the authority can best position itself to maximize its impact without displacing,
8.31	subsidizing, or assuming risk that should be shared with financing entities;
8.32	(4) financing tools that will be most effective in achieving the authority's goals;

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9.1	(5) partnerships the authority should	l establish with other or	ganizations to increase	e the
9.2	likelihood of success; and			
9.3	(6) how values of equity, environmer	Ital justice, and geograph	nic balance can be integ	grated
9.4	into all investment operations of the aut	thority.		
9.5	(b) In developing an investment strat	tegy, the authority must	consult, at a minimum	, with
9.6	similar organizations in other states, ler	nding authorities, state a	gencies, utilities,	
9.7	environmental and energy policy nonpr	ofits, labor organization	ns, and other organizat	tions
9.8	that can provide valuable advice on the	authority's activities.		
9.9	(c) The long-term investment strates	gy must contain provisi	ons ensuring that:	
9.10	(1) authority investments are not ma	ade solely to reduce priv	vate risk; and	
9.11	(2) private financing entities do not u	nilaterally control the te	rms of investments to v	which
9.12	the authority is a party.			
9.13	(d) The board must submit a draft lo	ong-term investment str	ategy for comment to	each
9.14	of the groups and individuals the board	consults under paragra	ph (b) and to the chair	's and
9.15	ranking minority members of the senate	e and house of represent	tatives committees wit	<u>th</u>
9.16	primary jurisdiction over energy finance	e and policy, and must p	ost the draft strategy of	on the
9.17	authority's website. The authority must	accept written commen	ts on the draft strategy	y for
9.18	at least 30 days and must consider the co	omments in preparing the	e final long-term invest	tment
9.19	strategy.			
9.20	Subd. 9. Public communications a	nd outreach. The autho	ority must:	
9.21	(1) maintain a public website that pro-	ovides information abou	it the authority's opera	tions,
9.22	current financing programs, and practice	s, including rates, terms	, and conditions; the nu	ımber
9.23	and amount of investments by project t	ype; the number of jobs	created; the financing	2
9.24	application process; and other informat	ion;		
9.25	(2) periodically issue an electronic r	newsletter to stakeholde	rs and the public conta	aining
9.26	information on the authority's products,	programs, and services	and key authority eve	ents
9.27	and decisions; and			
9.28	(3) hold quarterly meetings accessib	ble online to update the	general public on the	
9.29	authority's activities, report progress be	ing made in regard to th	ne authority's strategic	; plan
9.30	and long-term investment strategy, and	invite audience questio	ns regarding authority	r -
9.31	programs.			

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10.1	Subd. 10. Board of directors. (a) The Minnesota Climate Innovation Finance Authority
10.2	Board of Directors shall consist of the following 11 members:
10.3	(1) the commissioner of commerce, or the commissioner's designee;
10.4	(2) the commissioner of labor and industry, or the commissioner's designee;
10.5	(3) the commissioner of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, or the commissioner's
10.6	designee;
10.7	(4) the commissioner of employment and economic development, or the commissioner's
10.8	designee;
10.9	(5) the chair of the Minnesota Indian Affairs Council, or the chair's designee; and
10.10	(6) six additional members appointed by the governor, as follows:
10.11	(i) one member, appointed after the governor consults with labor organizations in the
10.12	state, must be a representative of a labor union with experience working on clean energy
10.13	projects;
10.14	(ii) one member with expertise in the impact of climate change on Minnesota
10.15	communities, particularly low-income communities;
10.16	(iii) one member with expertise in financing projects at a community bank, credit union,
10.17	community development institution, or local government;
10.18	(iv) one member with expertise in sustainable development and energy conservation;
10.19	(v) one member with expertise in environmental justice; and
10.20	(vi) one member with expertise in investment fund management or financing and
10.21	deploying clean energy technologies.
10.22	(b) At least two members appointed to the board must permanently reside outside the
10.23	metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2. The board must collectively
10.24	reflect the geographic and ethnic diversity of the state.
10.25	(c) Board members appointed under paragraph (a), clause (6), shall serve a term of four
10.26	years, except that the initial appointments made under clause (6), items (i) to (iii), shall be
10.27	for two-year terms, and the initial appointments made under clause (6), items (iv) to (vi),
10.28	shall be for three-year terms.
10.29	(d) Members appointed to the board must:
10.30	(1) provide evidence of a commitment to the authority's purposes and goals; and

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11.1	(2) not hold any personal or professional conflicts of interest related to the authority's
11.2	activities, including with respect to the member's financial investments and employment or
11.3	the financial investments and employment of the member's immediate family members.
11.4	(e) The governor must make the appointments required under this section no later than
11.5	July 30, 2023.
11.6	(f) The initial meeting of the board of directors must be held no later than September
11.7	15, 2023. At the initial meeting, the board shall elect a chair and vice-chair by majority vote
11.8	of the members present.
11.9	(g) The authority shall contract with the department to provide administrative and
11.10	technical services to the board and to prospective borrowers, especially those serving or
11.11	located in environmental justice communities.
11.12	(h) Compensation of board members, removal of members, and filling of vacancies are
11.13	governed by the provisions of section 15.0575.
11.14	(i) Board members may be reappointed for up to two full terms.
11.15	(j) A majority of board members, excluding vacancies, constitutes a quorum for the
11.16	purpose of conducting business and exercising powers, and for all other purposes. Action
11.17	may be taken by the authority upon a vote of a majority of the quorum present.
11.18	(k) Board members and officers are not personally liable, either jointly or severally, for
11.19	any debt or obligation created or incurred by the authority.
11.20	Subd. 11. Report; audit. Beginning February 1, 2024, the authority must annually
11.21	submit a comprehensive report on the authority's activities during the previous year to the
11.22	governor and the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with
11.23	primary jurisdiction over energy policy. The report must contain, at a minimum, information
11.24	<u>on:</u>
11.25	(1) the amount of authority capital invested, by project type;
11.26	(2) the amount of private and public capital leveraged by authority investments, by
11.27	project type;
11.28	(3) the number of qualified projects supported, by project type and location within
11.29	Minnesota, including in environmental justice communities;
11.30	(4) the estimated number of jobs created for local workers and nonlocal workers, and
11.31	tax revenue generated as a result of the authority's activities;

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12.1	(5) estimated reductions in greenho	ouse gas emissions i	resulting from the	authority's
12.2	activities;			
12.3	(6) the number of clean energy pro	jects financed in lov	w- and moderate-i	ncome
12.4	households;			
12.5	(7) a narrative describing the progr	ess made toward the	e authority's equit	y, social, and
12.6	labor standards goals; and			
12.7	(8) a financial audit conducted by a	n independent part	<u>y.</u>	
12.8	EFFECTIVE DATE. This section	is effective the day	following final er	nactment.
12.9	Sec. 2. APPROPRIATION.			
12.10	\$45,000,000 in fiscal year 2024 is a	appropriated from the	ne general fund to	the Minnesota
12.11	Climate Innovation Finance Authority	established under M	Minnesota Statutes	s, section
12.12	216C.441, for the purposes of Minnese	ota Statutes, section	216C.441.	
12.13	<b>EFFECTIVE DATE.</b> This section	is effective the day	r following final er	nactment."
12.14	Amend the title as follows:			
12.15	Page 1, line 2, delete "Innovative"	and insert "Climate	Innovation"	
12.16	Page 1, line 4, after the second sem	icolon, insert "appr	opriating money;"	,
12.17	And when so amended the bill do p	ass and be re-referre	ed to the Committe	e on State and
12.18	Local Government and Veterans. Ame	ndments adopted. R	leport adopted.	
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12.19		•••••	••••••••••••••	16
12.20		(Committee Cha	ur)	

12.21 12.22 March 13, 2023..... (Date of Committee recommendation)