

**PROPERTY TAX**  
**Agricultural riparian buffer**  
**credit established**

February 15, 2022

	Yes	No
DOR Administrative Costs/Savings		X

Department of Revenue  
 Analysis of S.F. 2868 (Goggin) as introduced

	<b>Fund Impact</b>			
	<b>F.Y. 2022</b>	<b>F.Y. 2023</b>	<b>F.Y. 2024</b>	<b>F.Y. 2025</b>
	(000's)			
Riparian Buffer Credit	\$0	\$0	(\$9,070)	(\$9,070)
Income Tax Interaction	\$0	\$0	\$320	\$320
General Fund Total	\$0	\$0	(\$8,750)	(\$8,750)

Effective beginning with taxes payable in 2023.

**EXPLANATION OF THE BILL**

The bill would create a property tax credit for class 2a agricultural land and class 2b rural vacant land. To be eligible for the credit, land must contain a riparian buffer as required by statute. The credit would equal the amount of net tax capacity-based property tax attributable to riparian buffer land. Eligible land would be certified by the local soil and water conservation district.

**REVENUE ANALYSIS DETAIL**

- The estimate is based on the November 2021 forecast.
- Based on data from the Department of Natural Resources, it is estimated that there are approximately 708,000 acres of riparian buffer land in the state.
- It is assumed that, of that total, approximately 460,000 acres of land would be eligible for the proposed credit.
- The credit is estimated to be \$9.07 million annually beginning with taxes payable in 2023.
- Lower property taxes for property owners receiving the credit would reduce deductions on income tax returns, increasing state tax collections by \$320,000 beginning in fiscal year 2021.

## PROPERTY TAX BENCHMARKS (Minn. Stat. § 270C.991)

<i>Transparency, Understandability, Simplicity &amp; Accountability</i>	Decrease	Creates new property tax credit.
<i>Efficiency &amp; Compliance</i>	Neutral	
<i>Equity (Vertical &amp; Horizontal)</i>	Neutral	
<i>Stability &amp; Predictability</i>	Neutral	
<i>Competitiveness for Businesses</i>	Neutral	
<i>Responsiveness to Economic Conditions</i>	Neutral	

*The bill is scored on a three-point scale (decrease, neutral, increase) for each principle in comparison to current law.*

Source: Minnesota Department of Revenue  
Property Tax Division – Research Unit  
<https://www.revenue.state.mn.us/revenue-analyses>

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