Governor's Supplemental Budget All Funds by Omnibus Bill and Agency

			Dollars in T	iioasaiias	
		FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 200
ublic Safety					
Corrections Dept					
Salary Costs and Prison Bed Savings				•	
General	Expenditure	3,213	10,100	10,100	10,100
This item funds employee and benefit increases that provide direct care to offenders, either in corrections offset by estimated prison bed savings resulting from 2005 forecast projected 9,118 offenders in prison at for the same time.	al institutions or through commur m a lower than previously anticip	nity supervision. The ated prison popula	hese costs are tion. The Nove	partially ember	·
GrantMentoring Children of Inmates		•	10 - 10 -		
General	Expenditure	. 0	300	300	300
This item funds a grant to an organization providing should match mentors with children whose parent o reducing the incidence of these children entering the	mentoring to Minnesota children rother significant family member	of incarcerated of	fenders. The p	rogram	300
	- , , ,				
Scott CountyCommunity Corrections Act					
Scott CountyCommunity Corrections Act General	Expenditure	. 0	196	196	196
	Corrections Act counties under Mi et increase necessary to hold ha	nnesota Statutes, rmless other count	Chapter 401, a ies already fun	s the ded under	196
General This funding adds Scott County to the Community C county has requested. The funding amount is the number of the Act. Under this law counties may apply to the correctional programs.	Corrections Act counties under Mi et increase necessary to hold ha	nnesota Statutes, rmless other count ant funding for cert	Chapter 401, a ies already fun tain community	s the ded under -based	
General This funding adds Scott County to the Community C county has requested. The funding amount is the number of the Act. Under this law counties may apply to the county in the county of the cou	Corrections Act counties under Mi et increase necessary to hold ha commissioner of corrections for gr	nnesota Statutes, rmless other count	Chapter 401, a ies already fun	s the ded under	10,596
General This funding adds Scott County to the Community C county has requested. The funding amount is the net the Act. Under this law counties may apply to the correctional programs. Corrections Dept	Corrections Act counties under Mi et increase necessary to hold ha ommissioner of corrections for gr General	nnesota Statutes, rmless other count ant funding for cert 3,213	Chapter 401, a ies already fun tain community 10,596	s the ded under -based	10,596
General This funding adds Scott County to the Community C county has requested. The funding amount is the number the Act. Under this law counties may apply to the correctional programs. Corrections Dept Total Net Change	Corrections Act counties under Mi et increase necessary to hold ha ommissioner of corrections for gr General	nnesota Statutes, rmless other count ant funding for cert 3,213	Chapter 401, a ies already fun tain community 10,596	s the ded under -based	10,596
General This funding adds Scott County to the Community C county has requested. The funding amount is the net the Act. Under this law counties may apply to the correctional programs. Corrections Dept Total Net Change	Corrections Act counties under Mi et increase necessary to hold ha ommissioner of corrections for gr General	nnesota Statutes, rmless other count ant funding for cert 3,213	Chapter 401, a ies already fun tain community 10,596	s the ded under -based	10,596
General This funding adds Scott County to the Community C county has requested. The funding amount is the number the Act. Under this law counties may apply to the confectional programs. Corrections Dept Total Net Change	Corrections Act counties under Mi et increase necessary to hold ha ommissioner of corrections for gr General	nnesota Statutes, rmless other count ant funding for cert 3,213	Chapter 401, a ies already fun tain community 10,596	s the ded under -based	10,596
General This funding adds Scott County to the Community County has requested. The funding amount is the native Act. Under this law counties may apply to the coorrectional programs. Corrections Dept Total Net Change Judicial Standards Board Deficiency RequestHearings Costs	corrections Act counties under Mi et increase necessary to hold ha commissioner of corrections for gr General Other Funds Expenditure e public hearings on complaints of those hearings. The amount is	nnesota Statutes, rmless other count ant funding for certain 3,213 0	Chapter 401, a ies already fun tain community 10,596 0 0 uct which are a	s the ded under -based 10,596 0	10,596 0
General This funding adds Scott County to the Community County has requested. The funding amount is the number the Act. Under this law counties may apply to the concorrectional programs. Corrections Dept Total Net Change Judicial Standards Board Deficiency RequestHearings Costs General This deficiency request is for estimated costs of three this year and for investigation costs related to one of	corrections Act counties under Mi et increase necessary to hold ha commissioner of corrections for gr General Other Funds Expenditure e public hearings on complaints of those hearings. The amount is	nnesota Statutes, rmless other count ant funding for certain 3,213 0	Chapter 401, a ies already fun tain community 10,596 0 0 uct which are a	s the ded under -based 10,596 0	10,596 0

Peace Officers Board (POST)

Governor's Supplemental Budget All Funds by Omnibus Bill and Agency

	•		Dollars in T	housands	
		FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 2009
ublic Safety					
Peace Officers Board (POST)					
Training Reimbursements					
General	Transfer In	(663)	(717)	(717)	(717)
Special Revenue	Expenditure	663	717	717	717
Special Revenue	Transfer Out	(663)	(717)	(717)	(717)
This item supplements dedicated training reimbursem biennium. Actual dedicated receipts from drivers licer than originally forecast. This brings the total funding i 2006 and \$832,000 in FY 2007.	nse reinstatements, the dedica	ted funding source	e, are significan	tly less	
Peace Officers Board (POST)	General	663	717	7.17	717
Total Net Change	Other Funds	0	0	0	0
		•	1		
ublic Defense Board					
Appellate Transcripts					
General	Expenditur e	200	200	200	200
This proposal pays for additional mandatory transcript are required for appeals of convictions, supervised rel- Public Defender's Office (SPD) provides services to in	ease/parole revocations, and	community notifica		•	
Public Defense Board	General	200	200	200	200
Total Net Change	Other Funds	0	0	0	0
ublic Safety Dept					
DeficiencyState Disaster Match					
General	Expenditure	284	0	0	0
This change is for additional state match costs related disaster costs by the City of Hastings (2001 storms), costs associated with the recent major disaster declarad damage from a winter storm that struck that area Nove	cost overruns from the 1998 to ation for nine counties in west	rnado disaster for	the City of St. F	eter, and	
Internet Child Pornography Team					
General	Expenditure	0	1,000	778	778
This proposal creates a child pornography investigative BCA agents who will be specially trained and have sta and a training specialist who will work with local official including the Internet Crimes Against Children Task Football	tewide jurisdiction, as well as ls. This team will work with cri	a computer techno minal justice ageno	logist, a crimina	al analyst state,	

officials.

Governor's Supplemental Budget All Funds by Omnibus Bill and Agency

Dollars in Thousands FY 2006 FY 2007 **FY 2008** FY 2009 **Public Safety Public Safety Dept** Mn. Illegal Immigration Enforcement Team General Expenditure 2,186 1,187 To better enforce immigration laws and improve public safety in Minnesota, this proposal would create a team of ten state law enforcement agents who will serve as the Minnesota Illegal Immigration Enforcement Team (MIIET). These officers will obtain additional training and receive dual jurisdiction to enforce federal immigration laws. MIIET efforts will be focused on illegal immigrants that commit crimes such as human trafficking, identity theft, illegal drug use, and terrorism. This proposal also includes enhancements to the Criminal History data systems to improve tracking. Posting of Non-compliant Sex Offenders General Expenditure 200 116 116 Minnesota law requires predatory offenders to register with the Department of Corrections and local law enforcement agencies following conviction for serious crimes such as criminal sexual conduct and kidnapping. This proposal would enhance the capability of the predatory offender database to allow the publishing on the internet of information about non-compliant sex offenders. **Alcohol Vendor Training** General Expenditure 100 100 100 This initiative would add a training component to the licensing of alcohol vendors to help prevent youth access to alcohol. 2,181 **Public Safety Dept** General 284 3,486 2,181 **Total Net Change** Other Funds 0 0 0 0 Supreme Court **Judicial Chemical Dependency Initiative** General 750 0 0 Expenditure Funding is for the first phase of a judicial initiative to more effectively address the increasing numbers of alcohol and other drug (AOD) offenders coming into Minnesota's courts, including the dramatic increase in methamphetamine offenders. The first phase will involve (1) training for multidisciplinary teams on the problem solving approach to high-risk AOD offenders; (2) a study of existing funding streams for a more cost-effective funding structure for this approach; and (3) filling gaps in available treatment and other services for current problem solving courts. 0 750 0 0 General Supreme Court **Total Net Change** Other Funds 0 0

Crime Prevention Finance, 2006 Supplemental Appropriations Bill (all dollars in thousands)

,				Gov Rec).		Gov Rec Tails	5
	Agency/Item Summary	Fund	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY08	FY09	FY08-09
1 2	Supreme Court Judicial Chemical Dependency Initiative	GF	0	750	750	0	. 0	0
3 4 5	Board of Judicial Standards Deficiency Request - Hearing Costs	GF	172	0	172	0	0	0
6 7 8	Public Defense Board Appellate Transcripts	GF	200	200	400	200	200	400
9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Public Safety Deficiency - State Disaster Match Internet Child Pornography Team - 4 agents Illegal Immigration Enforcement Team - 10 agents Posting of Non-Compliant Sex Offenders Alcohol Vendor Training Total Public Safety	GF GF GF GF	284 0 0 0 0 0	0 1,000 2,186 200 100	284 1,000 2,186 200 100	0 778 1,187 116 100 2,181	0 778 1,187 116 100 2,181	0 1,556 2,374 232 200 4,362
18 19 20	Peace Officers Standards and Training (POST) Training Reimbursements	GF	663	717	1,380	717	717	1,434
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	Corrections Salary Supplement Bed Savings Grant - Mentoring Children of Inmates Scott County - Entry Comm Corr Act Total Corrections	GF GF GF GF	9,400 -6,187 0 0 3,213	18,600 -8,500 300 196 10,596	28,000 -14,687 300 196 13,809	18,600 -8,500 300 196 10,596	18,600 -8,500 300 196 10,596	37,200 -17,000 600 392 21,192
29 30	TOTAL	GF	4,532	15,749	20,281	13,694	13,694	27,388

1600 University Avenue, Suite 200 St. Paul, MN 55104-3825 (651) 643-3060 • FAX (651) 643-3072 TDD (651) 297-2100

Reimbursement to Local Units of Government for Continuing Education Training of Peace Officers

Fiscal Year	Per Officer Share	Increase/Decrease	Fund Total
2005	352.49	(\$5.62)	\$2,918,265
2004	\$358.11	(\$65.83)	\$2,909,000
2003	\$423.94	(\$0.28)	\$3,457,461
2002	\$424.22	\$4.89	\$3,450,000
2001	\$419.33	\$11.18	\$3,332,600
2000	\$408.15	\$78.94	\$3,189,250
1999	\$329.21	\$12.71	\$2,455,155
1998	\$316.50	(\$1.51)	\$2,341,741
1997	\$318.01	(\$4.42)	\$2,300,000
1996	\$322.43	(\$2.19)	\$2,300,000
1995	\$324.62	(\$3.78)	\$2,216,461
1994	\$328.40	(\$7.33)	\$2,216,460
1993	\$335.73	\$6.10	\$2,200,625
1992	\$329.63	(\$49.37)	\$2,087,326
1991	\$379.00	(\$81.00)	\$2,363,823
1990	\$460.00	(\$17.00)	\$2,801,400
1989	\$477.00	\$49.00	
1988	\$428.00	\$271.00	
1987	\$157.00		

March 21, 2006

Hon. Jane Ranum, Senator District 63 Members of the Senate Public Safety Budget Division 75 Constitution Avenue Room 120 Capitol St. Paul, MN 55155-1606

Re: 2006 Supplement Budget Request

Dear Sen. Ranum and Committee Members:

At the request of Sen. Ranum, I am pleased to take this opportunity to briefly explain the reasons for the 2006 Supplemental Budget Request. The request was initially submitted by the Board on Judicial Standards (Board) to the Department of Finance on February 27, 2006, and has been included in the Governor's Proposed Budget.

The Board has requested a supplemental appropriation of \$172,000 for fiscal year 2006. The purpose of this request is to conduct two separate public hearings and to conduct two separate formal investigations.

The two public hearings are currently pending before independent factfinding panels, recently appointed by the Supreme Court. Judge Stacey, First Judicial District, demanded a public hearing after a Formal Complaint was issued alleging that he engaged in ticket fixing and improper courtroom conduct, in violation of the Code of Judicial Conduct (Code) and state law. The Formal Complaint was filed pursuant to the Rules of the Board on Judicial Standard (R.Bd.Jud.Stds.), Rule 8. Judge Murphy, First Judicial District, demanded a public hearing after a Formal Complaint was issued alleging that he engaged in ticket fixing, in violation of the Code and state law. In accordance with the Supreme Court's rules, the filing of these two complaints has already been disclosed to the public.

In the third case, pursuant to R.Bd.Jud.Stds., $Rule\ 1(d)(1)$, the Board has initiated a formal investigation against a judge for flagrant abusive behavior toward other judges and court employees. After reviewing a preliminary investigation pursuant to

March 21, 2006 Page 2

R.Bd.Jud.Stds., Rules 1(d)(2) and Rule 6, the Board concluded that there was sufficient cause to proceed with a formal investigation and to approve the employment of a special counsel and an investigator to complete this investigation and process the matter before the Supreme Court.

The fourth matter concerns a series of serious complaints from court administrative personnel alleging intemperate and intimidating conduct by a judge, creating an alleged hostile work environment. After reviewing the preliminary investigation, the Board concluded that there was sufficient cause to proceed with a formal investigation. The judge has been previously disciplined for similar inappropriate behavior and is currently alleged to have engaged in repeated instances of misconduct.

The Board is strongly committed to its statutory mission – maintaining public confidence in the independence, integrity and impartiality of our judicial system through the observance by our judges and judicial officers of proper conduct. Historically, the legislature appropriates funds on an as needed basis for the above described activities. The costs of retaining attorneys, employing investigators and holding hearings are beyond the Board's budget, which consists only of operating costs and salary expenses. By rule, the Board is prohibited from utilizing the services of the Attorney General or state and local law enforcement personnel.

Please notify me if I can provide any further information at this time or answer any specific questions.

Yours truly,

David S. Paull Executive Secretary

DRAFT

Fastest Growing Expenditures

Reporting Requirement

This report identifies the fastest growing elements in Minnesota's state budget and reviews factors that have led to the growth. It is hoped that this information will provide the public with a better understanding of state expenditures.

"Fastest Growing Expenditures" is a preliminary version of the information required under Minnesota Statutes 16A.103, subdivision 4, first enacted in the 2005 legislative session:

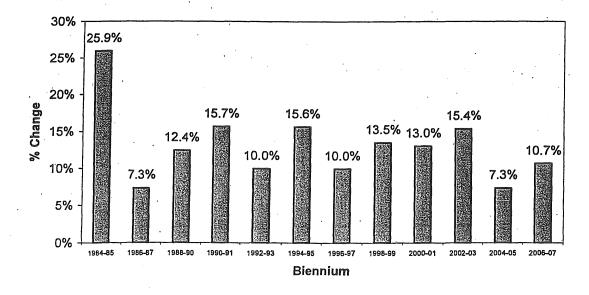
Subd. 4. Report on expenditure increases. By January 10 of an odd-numbered year, the commissioner of finance must report on those programs or components of programs for which expenditures for the next biennium according to the forecast issued the previous November are projected to increase more than 15 percent over the expenditures for that program in the current biennium. The report must include an analysis of the factors that are causing the increases in expenditures.

In compliance with the law, a final report will be submitted by the Department of Finance no later than January 10, 2007.

Background

The enacted budget for the FY 2006-07 biennium reflects a 10.7 percent increase over the previous biennium. Over the last decade, the growth in state spending has averaged 11.0 percent per biennium, and 11.8 percent over the last twenty years.

All Funds Spending: Biennial Increase



Many factors can contribute to growth in spending. In the last decade human services program costs have been among the most prominent - driven largely by health care enrollment growth and increasing medical costs. Straightforward budget decisions to spend more are another primary factor. Increases in other areas may be less apparent, often representing a much smaller share of the overall budget.

The 15 percent trigger in the reporting requirement identifies programs that are growing roughly 50 percent faster than the growth in total spending.

Timing and Reporting Period

For this initial report, FY 2004-05 expenditures are compared to those budgeted for FY 2006-07, as shown in the November 2005 expenditure forecast. "Fast growing" items were flagged if the change was 15 percent or more, biennium to biennium. This should not be confused with a 15% annual increases. For a program to grow 15% biennium to biennium, its average annual growth rate would be closer to 7.3%. FY 2008-09 projections are also noted, though that was not the focus of the analysis.

In preparing the final report, the biennial comparison will advance to FY 2006-07 and FY 2008-09 current law projections.

Program Identification and Selection Criteria

Total state spending, excluding federal funds, occurs from approximately 4,815 separate appropriation accounts, of which 776 are general fund. Generally, these represent program-level spending authorizations. To identify initial data on expenditure increases, we relied upon information from the statewide accounting system on actual spending for FY 2004-05, and budgeted spending for FY 2006-07. Projected spending for FY 2008-09 is taken from the November 2005 expenditure forecast.

The following criteria were applied:

- All state operating funds excluding federal accounts were included in the initial identification of spending growth.
- Program or component level was determined by the information available in the enacted appropriation, the statewide accounting system, and budgetary based fund statements.
- All programs were initially reviewed this report covers forecast and non-forecast spending changes.

Please note that this report organizes data by programs and does not attempt to identify general cost pressures. Some costs may grow rapidly but are not reported because they are components of larger activities. For example, the cost of prescription drugs is included in the spending for health care programs, state operated services, and correctional facilities, but is not identified separately.

Report Format

The report is divided into two parts: Part One provides an analysis of some of the largest and fastest growing programs in the state budget. Information is provided for thirteen programs that account for over \$1.6 billion of biennial general fund spending growth, or nearly 2/3 of total general fund biennial growth. Each analysis identifies how much was spent and discusses some of the factors contributing to the growth, including economic, demographic and socio-economic factors, as well as policy choices.

Part Two is a listing of all programs that met the threshold of 15 percent growth. Abbreviated comments are provided to explain the nature of the expenditure growth. In a number of instances, the explanation points to a technical or accounting issue that distorts spending growth. For example, carry forward authority allows unused funding from FY 2004-05 to be budgeted in the current biennium. Since all funds in FY 2006-07 are assumed to be spent, biennial change will appear to be high, even if the underlying program may not be substantially different.

Additional Information

Information in this report has been prepared by the Minnesota Department of Finance. In some instances, data presented is based on other state agency reports. Any problems with the reporting or interpretation of data are the responsibility of the Department of Finance.

For further information, please contact Charlie Bieleck at charlie.bieleck@state.mn.us for additional statewide information or the Executive Budget Officer listed in the analysis for specific program questions.

Compensatory Aid

•				% Change	% Change
Expenditures				'06-'07 vs.	'08-'09 vs.
(\$000s)	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	°04-°05	'06-'07
General Fund	\$514,202	\$602,837	\$618,597	17.2%	2.6%

Note: Expenditures are state aid entitlements, not appropriations

From FY 2004-05 to FY 2006-07, Compensatory Aid is projected to grow by 17.2% before leveling off at a more stable growth rate of 2.6% in FY 2008-09. Compensatory Aid is provided to school districts based on the number and concentration of students certified as eligible for free and reduced price lunch. After Basic Education Aid, it is the second largest component of General Education. Given its size, even small percentage changes can result in large costs or savings to the state.

The increase from FY 2004-05 to FY 2006-07 results from the fact that average poverty concentration within school districts increased by 1% during this period of time. There are three primary factors that contribute to this change. First, the Departments of Education and Human Services have increased the frequency of direct certification of student eligibility for free meals. In addition to the July certification by DHS, additional certifications are done in November and February. Compensatory Aid is based on students enrolled on October 1st who are determined to be eligible for free or reduced price meals by December 15th. The availability of more current direct certification information in the fall reduces undercounting of students who enroll or become eligible after July 1st and are not otherwise determined to be eligible for free and reduced price meals by December 15th. Second, the economic slowdown experienced in Minnesota over the past several years has likely increased the number of students eligible for free and reduced price lunch. Third, immigration from other countries has risen in recent years and this tends to increase poverty concentration within school districts.

It is not possible to disaggregate the impact of these three factors. Since free and reduced price lunch eligibility is driven by household income, there are a number of interrelated issues that could cause changes in this program (e.g. unemployment rates, wage growth, immigration policy, etc.). These issues coupled with the fact that some school districts are more proactive in certifying eligible students than others make it difficult to be more precise in explaining program growth.

EBO contact: Brian Steeves (brian.steeves@state.mn.us)

Referendum Equalization Aid

	•		•	% Change	% Change
Expenditures	1			'06-'07 vs.	'08-'09 vs.
(\$000s)	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	'04-'05	<u>'06-'07</u>
General Fund	\$197,823	\$233,656	\$178,263	18.1%	(23.7%)

Note: Expenditures are state aid entitlements, not appropriations

Referendum Equalization Aid is expected to grow by 18.1% from FY 2004-05 to FY 2006-07 before declining by 23.7% in the FY 2008-09 biennium. This program aims to ensure that school district operating levies generate similar per pupil referendum revenue, regardless of the local tax base.

The somewhat erratic fluctuations in Referendum Equalization Aid do not accurately reflect the trend in school district referendum revenue over these three biennia. In fact, the Minnesota Department of Education forecasts that districts will realize referendum revenue increases of 21.4% and 25.3% during these respective time periods. Changes in Referendum Equalization Aid are more influenced by changes in the aid formula and mix of districts that choose to levy than by changes in overall referendum revenue.

When calculating Referendum Equalization Aid, the state breaks revenue into two tiers that are capped and equalized at different rates. Over the past several years, the Legislature has adjusted the caps applied to these two tiers but has left the equalizing factors unchanged. By increasing the caps, but not the equalizing factors, the state provides a short-term aid increase to school districts. This is because districts initially have an incentive to seek new operating levies when the caps increase (since a portion of the cost will be borne by the state). However, after the levies are in place, school districts tend to grow out of their equalization aid since they become more able to raise funds through their levy. This is particularly true in districts with high tax bases or those with strong tax base growth.

As a result, Referendum Equalization Aid as a percentage of total referendum revenue can vary significantly.

% State Aid
17.7%
24.3%
22.7%
18.9%
14.8%
10.6%

Source: MDE

EBO contact: Brian Steeves (brian.steeves@state.mn.us)

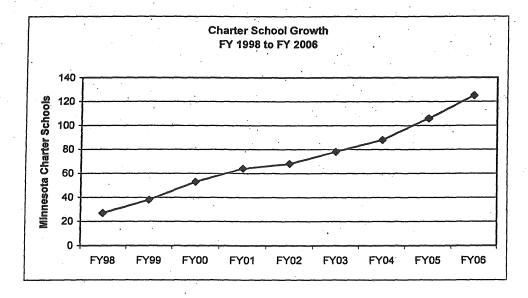
Charter School Start-Up Aid

		•		% Change	% Change
Expenditures				'06-'07 vs.	'08-'09 vs.
(\$000s)	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	°04-'05	'06-'07
General Fund	\$761	\$3,818	\$3,074	401.7%	(19.5%)

Note: Expenditures are state aid entitlements, not appropriations

Charter School Start-up Aid is expected to grow to \$3.8 million in FY 2006-07, up more than 400% over FY 2004-05, then projected to decline to \$3.074 million in FY 2008-09, down almost 20 percent from FY 2006-07. Charter School Start-Up Aid was suspended for charter schools opening in FY 2004 and FY 2005 due to budget cuts. Because charter schools opening in these years did not receive aid, the growth in Charter School Start-Up Aid from FY 2004-05 to FY 2006-07 appears artificially high. If those schools opening in FY 2004 and FY 2005 had received aid, the growth from the FY 2004-05 biennium to FY 2006-07 would be closer to 42 percent.

Charter School Start-Up Aid is provided to charter schools during the first two years of operation based on the greater of \$50,000 per charter school or \$500 times the number of pupil units. The growth in Charter School Start-Up Aid is driven by the increase in the number of charter schools. In FY 1998, there were just 27 charter schools in the state, while there are more than 120 charter schools in FY 2006. Although the growth of charter schools has slowed somewhat, an additional 12 to 18 charter schools are expected to open in FY 2007.



EBO contact: Lisa Mueller (lisa.mueller@state.mn.us)

Charter School Lease Aid

	F			% Change	% Change
Expenditures		•		'06-'07 vs.	'08-'09 vs.
(\$000s)	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	°04-°05	°06-'07
General Fund	\$38,355	\$52,893	\$68,363	37.9%	29.2%

Note: Expenditures are state aid entitlements, not appropriations

Charter School Lease Aid is expected to reach \$52.8 million in FY 2006-07, up \$14.5 million or almost 38 percent, from the FY 2004-05 biennium. Spending is projected to increase to \$68.3 million in FY 2008-09, a projected increase of \$15.4 million or almost 30 percent.

Charter Schools receive Charter School Lease Aid based on the lesser of 90 percent of lease costs or the product of the number of pupil units times \$1,200 or the allowance grandfathered in the 2002 legislative session for specific schools with high costs per pupil unit. The growth in the Charter School Lease Aid program is driven primarily by the growth in the number of charter schools and increasing lease costs.

In FY 1998, there were just 27 charter schools in the state. In FY 2006 there are more than 120 charter schools and although the growth of charter schools has slowed somewhat, an additional 12 to 18 charter schools are expected to open in FY 2007. At the same time that the number of charter schools is growing, lease costs for charter schools are increasing. The average lease cost per pupil unit has increased from \$509 per pupil unit in FY 1998 to more than \$1,200 per pupil unit in FY 2005.

EBO contact: Lisa Mueller (lisa.mueller@state.mn.us)

Homeowner's Property Tax Refund Program

				% Change	% Change
Expenditures				'06-'07 vs.	'08-'09 vs.
(\$000s)	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	'0 4-'05	'06-'07
General Fund	\$276,879	\$366,600	\$446,300	32.4%	21.7%

Spending for the regular homeowners property tax refund program in FY 2006-2007 is expected to increase \$89.7 million, or 32.4%, over expenditures for the program in FY 2004-2005. In FY 2008-09, this program is projected to grow an additional \$79.7 million, or 21.7% over the level of the current biennium.

The homeowner property tax refund program provides tax relief to homeowners whose property taxes are high relative to their incomes. A combination of the following three factors have contributed to the growth in this program:

- Property taxes have risen significantly in recent years, leading to higher property tax refunds.
- The rise in property taxes has not been matched by a similar growth in household income, resulting in increased property tax refunds for homeowners.
- The participation rate for the program has risen. It has increased for several reasons. One is that the property tax refund program was expanded in the 2001 tax law, lowering the threshold for determining eligibility and increasing the maximum refund allowed. Another is that there are more homeowners in the state. A third reason is that, as property taxes have risen, they have become a more visible issue and are an increasingly important element in the financial decision-making of households.

Future increases or decreases in the homeowner's property tax refund program depend on whether or not these trends continue.

EBO contact: Alexandra Broat (alexandra.broat@state.mn.us)

Tax Refund Interest Program

				% Change	% Change
Expenditures	•		•	'06-'07 vs.	'08-'09 vs.
(\$000s)	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	'04-'05	'06-'07
General Fund	\$32,644	\$91,100	\$67,000	179.1%	(26.5%)

Spending for the tax refund interest program in FY 2006-07 is expected to increase \$58.5 million, or 179.1%, over expenditures in FY 2004-05.

The tax refund interest program is not a traditional program. It is an open appropriation used to pay interest on refunds when the Department of Revenue loses disputes in tax court. Due to the nature of this program, its expenditures vary significantly from year to year. For FY 2006-07, the adverse Hutchinson Technology court decision significantly contributed to the projected growth in expenditures. As a result of this loss, an estimated \$30.8 million in interest will be paid out in FY 2006 and \$27.1 million in FY 2007.

Changing interest rates also contribute to fluctuations in this program. Based on the rates set by the Federal Reserve system, the refund interest rate for 2006 is 6 percent, up from 4 percent in 2005. The recent increase in the interest rate paid on refunds has added to the projected growth in the tax refund interest program. Since this program's spending depends on tax court rulings and fluctuating interest rates, it is expected to experience similar inconsistencies in the future.

EBO contact: Alexandra Broat (alexandra.broat@state.mn.us)

Children Services Grants

	1	grant and the		% Change	% Change
Expenditures			•	'06-'07 vs.	'08-'09 vs.
(\$000s)	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	°04-°05	'06-'07
General Fund	\$71,730	\$93,109	\$102,524	29.8%	10.1%

Spending for Children Services Grants are expected to increase \$21.4 million (29.8 percent) in FY 2006-07 over the previous biennium. Planning estimates for FY 2008-09 show a \$9.4 million (10.1 percent) increase over the current biennium.

Children Services Grants provide a variety of child welfare and community-based mental health services for children. The primary activities within the program are grants to individuals for adoption assistance (AA) and relative custody assistance (RCA) to offset costs of assuming custody and caring for special needs children. Other activities include grants to providers for recruitment of foster and adoptive parents, grants to counties for mental health case management and mental health screening. Below is a breakdown of the activities within the program:

Expenditures (\$000s)	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	% Change '06-'07 vs. '04-'05	% Change '08-'09 vs. '06-'07
Adoption Assistance	\$39,381	\$47,847	\$50,876	21.5%	6.3%
Relative Custody Asst	\$13,099	\$16,520	\$19,472	26.1%	17.9%
Other Grants	\$19,250	\$28,742	\$32,176	49.3%	11.9%

The increased expenditures in the category labeled "Other Grants" are the product of policy and budgetary choices by the Legislature and Governor. For example, in the 2005 session a program was established to assist teens transitioning from foster care and a pilot project was established for two tribes to assume full responsibility of child welfare services. Conversely, the growth within AA and RCA is due to increased caseloads as the state and counties continue an aggressive effort to recruit adoptive parents and establish permanency for special needs children in a short time period. Average payment per case is relatively unchanged over the previous, current and subsequent biennia.

The table below displays the average monthly caseload, average monthly cost per case, and percent change in each biennium.

Monthly Average		e de la companya de l	•	% Change '06-'07 vs.	% Change '08-'09 vs.
Cases and Cost	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	°04-°05	'06-'07
Adoption Assistance Cases	5,763	6,679	7,591	15.9%	13.7%
Adoption Assistance Ave. Cost	\$869	\$895	\$929	3.0%	3.8%
Relative Custody Asst. <i>Cases</i>	1,771	2,236	2,707	26.3%	21.1%
Relative Custody Ave. <i>Cost</i>	\$924	\$924	\$920	0.0%	(0.4%)

EBO contact: Doug Green (doug.green@state.mn.us)

Medical Assistance Long-Term Care Waivers

				% Change	% Change
Expenditures				'06-'07 vs.	'08-'09 vs.
(\$000s)	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	°04- °05	°06- °07
General Fund	\$1,353,729	\$1,723,832	\$2,057,038	27.4%	19.3%

Medical Assistance Long-Term Care Waiver expenditures are expected to grow \$371.1 million (27.4 percent) in FY 2006-07 over the previous biennium. The planning estimates for FY 2008-09 show an increase of \$333.2 million (19.3 percent) over the current biennium. From FY 2004 to FY 2009, the average annual increase in the waiver program is 9.9 percent. State expenditures in FY 2004-05 were lower because of temporary federal fiscal relief provided through an enhanced match rate for Medical Assistance expenditures, which reduced state expenditures on the LTC Waiver program by \$39.2 million in FY 2004.

The MA-LTC Waiver program consists of seven components: five waiver programs¹, home health agency (HHA) services, personal care assistance and private duty nursing (PCA/PDN). These services enable individuals with chronic care needs to receive care in home and community-based settings as opposed to institutional facilities. Below is a breakdown of the individual components within the waiver program:

Expenditures (\$000s)	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	% Change '06-'07 vs. '04-'05	% Change '08-'09 vs. '06-'07
Developmental Disability Waiver	\$787,536	\$919,917	\$1,007,640	16.8%	9.5%
Elderly Waiver	\$116,318	\$145,064	\$141,839	24.7%	(2.2%)
Community Alternative for Disabled Indvls	\$108,930	\$187,618	\$309,791	72.2%	65.1%
Community Alternative Care	\$6,797	\$11,420	\$16,998	68.0%	48.8%
Traumatic Brain Injury Waiver	\$54,478	\$79,268	\$125,245	45.5%	58.0%
Home Health Agency	\$28,514	\$32,813	\$36,257	15.1%	10.5%
Personal Care Assistance/Private Duty Nurse	\$250,156	\$347,731	\$419,269	39.0%	20.6%

¹ Developmental Disability (DD) Waiver; Elderly Waiver (EW); Community Alternative for Disabled Individuals (CADI); Community Alternative Care (CAC); Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI) Waiver

The DD Waiver, PCA/PDN services, and CADI Waiver are increasing the most in actual expenditure terms, while almost every component of the program is growing at significant rates across each biennium.

Expanded caseloads and higher average payments per individual are equally contributing to the growth within the program, as both factors are increasing approximately ten percent over each biennium. However, within the individual components of the program, the growth is often attributable primarily to one factor. For example, the DD Waiver and EW growth in the current biennium is almost entirely due to increased average payments per individual, while the PCA/PDN growth is primarily the result of higher caseloads.

It should also be noted that the number of people served by the MA-LTC Waiver program has grown rapidly due to deliberate policy choices over time to serve more individuals in community-based settings as opposed to institutional settings like nursing homes or intermediate care facilities. Spending on those types of activities has been relatively slow growing or declining, while waiver spending has grown.

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Medical Assistance Basic Care for Elderly and Disabled

	· ·	A CONTRACTOR		% Change	% Change
Expenditures	•	•		'06-'07 vs.	'08-'09 vs.
(\$000s)	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	°04-°05	<u>'06-'07</u>
General Fund	\$1,320,233	\$1,666,591	\$2,090,214	26.2%	25.4%

MA Elderly and Disabled Basic Care spending is estimated to reach \$1.7 billion in FY 2006-07, up 26.2 percent over FY 04-05 spending. Expenditures are projected to reach \$2.1 billion in FY 2008-09, up 25.4 percent over estimated FY 2006-07 costs.

Enrollment and average cost increases contribute to spending growth. Average enrollment is projected to grow by 7.5 percent in FY 2006-07 over FY 2004-05 (4.2% per year) and by another 7.4 percent in FY 2008-09 (3.3% per year). Enrollment of this population will continue to grow as baby boomers age.

Historically, MA Elderly and Disabled Basic Care covered prescription drugs for enrollees. However, most of these beneficiaries are now being served by the new Medicare prescription drug benefit that became available on January 1, 2006. While the federal law establishing the new Medicare benefit reduces state costs on prescription drugs, it also requires states to pay back most of these savings to the federal government through a "clawback" payment.

Because prescription drugs expenditures for MA Elderly and Disabled Basic Care are expected to be greatly reduced, average expenditures per enrollee decrease in FY 2006-07 by 2.1 percent over FY 2004-05. This decrease, however, is almost entirely offset by the "clawback" payments Minnesota must make to the federal government. Average costs for elderly and disabled enrollees are projected to grow by 8.9 percent in FY 2008-09. Public sector health care programs face similar cost pressures as the private health care market, created by increased utilization of prescription drugs, availability of expensive medical technology and many other factors.

In addition, the movement of Elderly Waiver recipients into managed care increases expenditures by about \$80 million in FY 2006-07 and another \$71 million in FY 2008-09, with a corresponding reduction in the MA LTC Waivers budget activity.

The federal government also provided temporary fiscal relief to state Medicaid programs in 2003 through an enhanced match rate for Medicaid expenditures, reducing state MA costs during FY 2004-05. This reduced state share in the earlier biennium contributes to the rate of biennial growth.

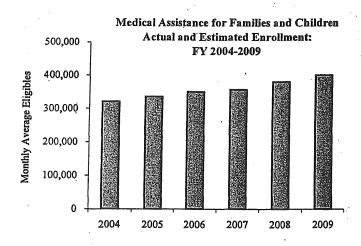
EBO contact: Katie Burns (katie.burns@state.mn.us)

Medical Assistance Basic Care for Families and Children

				% Change	% Change
Expenditures	•	• •		'06-'07 vs.	'08-'09 vs.
(\$000s)	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	°04- °05	'06-'07
General Fund	\$1,012,319	\$1,242,272	\$1,610,873	22.7%	29.7%

MA Basic Care for Families and Children spending is estimated to reach \$1.2 billion in FY 2006-07, up 22.7 percent over FY 2004-05 spending. Expenditures are projected to reach \$1.6 billion in FY 2008-09, up 29.7 percent over estimated FY 2006-07 costs.

Enrollment in this program is projected to grow substantially through FY 2009. Average enrollment in FY 2006-07 is projected to grow by 7.7 percent over FY 2004-05, and by another 10.3 percent in FY 2008-09. A substantial portion of this growth is due to a projected shift of enrollees from MinnesotaCare to Medical Assistance. DHS is building a new eligibility determination system for Minnesota's publicly funded health care programs. Once fully implemented, HealthMatch will automatically assign new and continuing enrollees to the health care program that provides them the most benefits at the least cost to the enrollee. Because a significant portion of MinnesotaCare families are eligible for Medical Assistance, HealthMatch will cause most MA-eligible MinnesotaCare enrollees to move to Medical Assistance. This is expected to shift an average of 33,000 enrollees to MA in FY 2008-09, and roughly \$100 million in costs from the health care access fund to the general fund. This expected shift accounts for 8 percentage points of the biennial growth for FY 2008-09 over the previous biennium.



Average costs are also projected to increase through FY 2009. Average cost per enrollee is estimated to increase by 10.8 percent over FY 2004-05 and by another 14.5 percent in FY 2008-09. Much of this growth is due to similar cost pressures facing the private health care market, such as increased prescription drug utilization and availability of expensive medical technology.

Additionally, the federal government reduced state MA costs during FY 2004-05 by providing temporary fiscal relief to state Medicaid programs in 2003 through an enhanced match rate for Medicaid expenditures. This reduced state share in the earlier biennium contributes to the rate of biennial growth.

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Correctional Institutions

		•		% Change	% Change
Expenditures				'06-'07 vs.	'08-'09 vs.
(\$000s)	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	<u>'04-'05</u>	'06-'07
General Fund	\$506,966	\$588,348	\$620,160	16.1%	5.4%

Expenditures for correctional institutions, which include adult and juvenile facilities, are projected to grow \$81.4 million, or 16.1 %, from FY 2004-05 to FY 2006-07, and \$31.8 million, or 5.4%, from FY 2006-07 to FY 2008-09.

The primary factor in the growth of the correctional institutions budget has been the continuing adult prison population increase and the need to fund the required bedspace. Nearly \$75 million of the change from the first to the second biennium is based on the average marginal cost of adding projected offenders to the correctional system. The remaining changes are attributable to increased enforcement efforts for sex offenders, additional chemical dependency treatment, and health care cost increases. All of the change from the second to the third biennium is based on the projected prison population increase.

Although most adult offenders are housed in state correctional facilities, some offenders are housed in private or local facilities, such as the Prairie Correctional Facility in Appleton, when the state facilities are full. The ongoing prison population increase is affected by changes in previous and current sentencing law, crime patterns (such as for drug offenses), law enforcement, and demographics.

Minnesota Prison Population					
Actual & Projected End-of-Biennium Totals					
FY 2004-05	8,295				
FY 2006-07	8,957				
FY 2008-09	9.466				

The decrease in the growth rate between the first and second biennia and the second and third is projected based on a stabilizing of new court commitments to prison, especially for methamphetamine offenders.

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Trial Courts

	•	,		% Change	% Change
Expenditures	The second second			'06-'07 vs.	'08-'09 vs.
(\$000s)	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	°04-°05	<u>'06-'07</u>
General Fund	\$370,293	\$463,785	\$462,506	25.2%	(0.3%)

Trial court expenditures are projected to increase \$93.5 million, or 25.2%, from FY 2004-05 to FY 2006-07, and then remain virtually identical in FY 2008-09. The trial courts receive a single appropriation, so no further program breakouts are made.

The primary cost change from FY 2004-05 to 2006-07 is related to the completion of the state takeover of all court costs in all districts of the state. The major steps of the takeover started on July 1, 2000, when costs were assumed for the western districts in the state. This was followed by the takeover of the districts in Hennepin and Ramsey County on July 1, 2003. The last two phases of the takeover commenced on July 1, 2004, for the first and third districts (southeastern Minnesota), and July 1, 2005, for the sixth and tenth districts (northeastern Minnesota). The biennial change increase for the takeover is approximately \$63 million. A portion of this cost change is offset by a redirection of court revenues from the districts to the state. The biennial difference also includes a \$13 million increase recognizing court caseload increases under current law and \$11 million for caseload increases for sentencing changes primarily related to sex and drug offenders.

No significant changes are currently forecast for the trial courts budget in FY 2008-09.

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Debt Service Transfer

				% Change	% Change
Expenditures		4		'06-'07 vs.	'08-'09 vs.
(\$000s)	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	'0 4- '0 5	'06-'07
General Fund	\$589,160	\$775,941	\$907,226	32%	17%

The general fund transfer required for Debt Service is anticipated to grow in the next few years due to the larger bond authorizations passed in the 2003 and 2005 sessions, a decrease of premiums to be received and higher interest costs payable due to large premiums received from past bond issues. The cost of Debt Service levels out in future biennia, with estimated costs increasing only 1 and 3 percent for fiscal years 2010-2013, assuming that capital appropriations bills remain at forecast levels (see table below for forecast assumptions).

Debt Service costs are determined by three factors including: the cost to finance existing bonds outstanding, the sale of bonds that are to finance authorized but unissued bond authorizations, and the cost of future bond authorizations. Bond authorizations increased by 34% in FY 2002-03 and 17% in FY 2004-05. The bond sales are estimated to increase over the next few years due to higher levels of bond authorization that were passed in the 2003 and 2005 legislative sessions. The larger bond sales require higher levels of debt service transfer. Once the initial funding is completed for these large capital budgets the debt service cost will stabilize.

Other cost factors that increase the debt service requirement include the reduction in the premiums to be received in future biennia. Premiums are received on bond sales when interest rates are lower than five percent. Interest rates for the bond sales are projected to increase in the future to 4.9% to 5.7%, reducing any premiums to be received that would offset general fund transfers. Premiums received decrease by \$28 million in FY 2006-07 and decrease an additional \$28 million in FY 2008-09.

In previous biennia, bonds having higher interest rates were refunded which resulted in debt service savings. These savings have been realized in FY 2004 – FY 2006. Because of forecast interest rates in future biennia, there is limited ability to refund any additional bonds for new savings.

	Debt Service Cost Factors										
				• .			Bond				Biennial
Fiscal	Bond	Biennial	%	Debt Service	Biennial	%	Interest	Premiums	Biennial	%	Refunding
Year	Authorizations	Total	Change	Transfer	Total	Change	Rate	Received	Total	Change	Savings
2002	570,127	·		285,553			4.2%	17,555			
.003	189,281	759,408	34%	295,446	580,999	4%	3.2%	34,216	51,771		240
2004	. 0			265,706		•	4.0%	22,036			
2005	885,892	885,892	17%	323,453	589,160	1%	3.9%	33,918	55,955	8%	56,547
2006	560,000			352,447			3.8%	22,528			
2007	135,000	695,000	-22%	423,494	775,941	32%	4.9%	5,161	27,690	-51%	16,303
2008	560,000			430,262			5.0%	0			
2009	135,000	695,000	0%	476,964	907,226	17%	5.3%	0	. 0	-100%	3,500

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K-12 Education (\$000s)

	-				Expenditures		N Ohamaa - N	/ Ohaman
Agency	Program	Component	Fund	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09		6 Change 09 vs. 06-07 Comments
Agency	Flogiam	Component	. unu	2007-00			00-01 13101-00-00-	50 Val 95-07 Confidence
MDE	General Education	Gifted & Talented	General		12,349	16,984		37.5% New program phase in.
•		Compensatory	General	514,202	602,837	618,597	17.2%	2.6% Changes are due to higher poverty concentrations within school
			•			·		districts as measured by student eligibility for free and reduced price
MDE	General Education			•				lunch. See detailed explanation for further information.
MDE	General Education	QComp	General		95,945	154,722		61.3% New program phase in,
		Referendum Equalization	General	197,823	233,656	178,263	18.1%	-23.7% Changes are primarily due to legislative adjustments in levy
	•						1	equalization caps, the mix of school districts that choose to levy, and
		•		•			-	rising property values. See detailed explanation for further
MDE	General Education						(·	Information.
		Alternative Attendance	General	2,559	1,218	2,284	-52.5%	87.8% Changes are primarily due to a new entitlement calculation
		•	•				l .	methodology implemented by MDE in FY 2006. Previously, for
	•						1	charter schools not providing transportation, Basic Education Ald
								was reduced for the portion of revenue attributable to transportation
		•				•		and the corresponding increase to school districts was shown on the
			•				-	Alternative Attendance Aid line. Now, Basic Education Aid is shown
		•						at the statutory formula amount for all charter schools and the
	,							transportation adjustment is shown on the Alternative Attendance Alo
		·						line for both districts and charter schools. The change has no affect
MDE	General Education						1	on revenue for any district or charter school.
		Shared Time	General	7,263	3,709	7,671	-48.9%	108.9% Legislative action led to program growth. Funds are now distributed
			•				1	on a reimbursement basis, which creates a one-time savings in FY
MDE	General Education ·							2006-07.
•	•	Online Learning	General	183	851	2,155	365.0%	153.2% Legislative action led to program growth. Participation cap was
MDE	General Education							removed.
MDE	Other General Education	Enrollment Options Transportation	General	81		110		0.0% Lower than anticipated program utilization in FY 2004-05. 8.8% Legislative action led to program growth.
MDE	Other General Education	Nonpublic Pupil Aid	General	27,488		34,926		29.2% Growth is due to an increase in the number of charter schools and
	•	Charter School Lease Aid	General	38,355	52,893	68,363	37,9%	Increases in lease costs. See detailed explanation for further
							1	Information.
MDE	Choice	n	Connect	761	3,818	3,074	401.7%	-19.5% Growth is due to an increase in charter schools and artificially low
		Charter School Start-Up Aid	General	. 70	3,010	3,014	401.170	expenditures in FY 2004-2006 due to the suspension of start-up aid
							1	for charter schools opening in FY 2004 or FY 2005. See detailed
								explanation for further information.
MDE	Choice	•						•
MDE	Choice	Magnet School Grants	General	1,16		1,500		0.0% Lower than anticipated program utilization in FY 2004-05. 29.5% Growth is due to rising transportation costs and increases in
		Interdistrict Desegregation Transportation	n General	9,47	17,981	23,277	89.7%	
MDE	Choice .	•				5.44		participating districts. 8.1% Legislative action led to program growth.
MDE	Indian	Tribal Contract Schools	General	3,71				-2.0% Legislative action led to program growth.
MDE	Innovation Accountability	Best Practices Seminars	General	1,74		2,420		0.0% Legislative action led to program growth.
MDE	Special Student & Teacher	AP/IB	General	1,17		9,000 1,450		-0.3% Legislative action led to program growth.
MDE	Special Student & Teacher	Student Organizations	General	1,24				33.3% New program phase in.
MDE	Special Student & Teacher	Get Ready, Get Credit - CLEP	General General	. 9	2,475 6 135			8.1% Lower than anticipated program utilization in FY 2004-05.
MDE	Special Education	Court Placed Special Education	•	5,42				18.9% The decline in FY 08-07 is due to removing foster homes from the
	•	Children with Disabilities Ald	General	5,42	U 4,824	3,03	, , , , , ,	eligibility criteria. The growth is due to students being placed at
MAR	On a del Education				,			earlier ages.
MDE	Special Education	Electronic Library for Minnesota	General	80	0 1,800	1,80	0 125.0%	0.0% Legislative action led to program growth.
MDE	Library	School Lunch	General	15,29				2.4% Legislative action led to program growth.
MDE MDE	Nutrition Early Childhood & Family Support		General	4,64				-1.1% Legislative action led to program growth.
MDF	carry Childhood & Pamily Support	Liberal or Describitions are painting	-,51,101 til	.,,,,,	,	-,		

Property Tax Aids & Credits (\$000s)

Agency	Program	Component	Fund	Ex 2004-05	penditures 2006-07		% Change 06-07 vs. 04-05	% Change 08-09 vs. 06-07	Comments
Revenue	Regular Homeowners	:	General	276,879	366,600	446,300	32.4%	21.7%	Reflects a trend toward increased participation in property tax refund program
Revenue	Ald To School Districts	i.	General	52	251	232	382.7%	-7.6%	Legislative action led to program growth
Revenue	Finance Dept-CJ Aid-Public Def/Local Notes		General	956	1,428	1,428	49.4%	0.0%	
Revenue	Senior Deferral Reimbursement		General	390	560	903	43.6%	61.3%	
Revenue	Tax Refund Interest (OPEN)		General	32,644	91,100	67,000	179.1%	-26.5%	Fluctuates depending on legal decisions
Revenue	Repl Taconite Prod Tax Red (TR OUT)		General	11,669	16,517	16,582	41.5%	0.4%	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Revenue	County Program Aid	•	General	111,620	409,572	409,572	266.9%	0.0%	Legislative action led to program growth

Higher Education (\$000s)

fund balance is for the not just one program. o high to identify any fast ditures for specific individual program ses are swamped by the vas cancelled at the end
S

Debt Service & All Other (\$000s)

			Expenditures		% Change	% Change		
Agency	Program	Component Fund	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	06-07 vs. 04-05	08-09 vs. 06-07	Comments
Finance	Debt Service	· Genera	598,022	775,831	907,226	29.7%		Larger bonding bills have contributed to rising costs of debt service.

Health & Human Services (\$000s)

Agency	December				Expenditures		% Change	% Change	ĺ
Agency	Program	Component	Fund	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	06-07 vs. 04-05	08-09 vs. 06-07	Comments
DHS	Children Sendon Cranta	Adoption Assistance/Relative Custody Assistance	_ :		•		-		Commence
DHS	Children Services Grants	Children MU Consoler TOM France	General*	52,480	64,367	70,348	22.7%	9.3%	Caseloads and cost are the main drivers of growth.
2.10	Crindren Services Grants	Childrens MH Screening, TCM, Foster Care, etc.	General	19,250	28,742	32,176	49.3%	11.9%	Policy and Budgetary choices by the Governor and
DHS	Children Services Grants	Total	C	74.500					Legislature account for the increase.
			General	71,730	93,109	102,524	29.8%	10.1%	
DHS	. General Assistance		General	55.003	00.000				
•			Ceneral	35,003	68,082	70,664	23.8%	3.8%	
DHS	MA LTC Waivers	MR/RC	General	795,015	912,133	000.004			
DHS	MA LTC Waivers	EW	General	116,318	145,064	988,631	14.7%		l .
DHS	MA LTC Waivers	CADI	General	108,930	187,618	141,839	24.7%		1 . · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DHS -	MA LTC Waivers	CAC	General	6,797	11,420	309,791	72.2%		
DHS	MA LTC Walvers	TBI	General	54,478	79,268	16,998	68.0%		i i
DHS	MA LTC Waivers	HHA	General	28,514	32,813	125,245	45.5%		
DHS	MA LTC Waivers	PDA/PDN	General	250,156	347,731	36,257	15.1%	,	
DHS	MA LTC Walvers Total		General	1,360,208	1,716,048	419,269	39.0%		
	•	•	Conordi	1,500,200	1,7 10,040	2,038,029	26.2%	18.8%	Caseloads and cost are the main drivers of growth
									across all waivers.
DHS	Child Care Development		General	2,598	2.000 .				· · ·
DHS	Other Ch/Econ Grants		General	24,402	3,080	3,080	18.6%	,-	
DHS	MA - MFIP Families Basic	c Care	General	1,012,319	32,889	35,304	34.8%		
			Contra	1,012,018	1,242,272	1,610,873	22.7%	29.7%	Caseload and average cost increases cause growth.
DHS	MA - Elderly and Disabled	d Basic Care	General	1,320,233	1,666,591	2,090,214	26.2%	25.4%	Caseload and average cost increases cause growth.
DHS									dassione and dasings cost increases cause growin,
סחט	General Assistance Medic	cal Care	General	482,203	564,110	424,558	17.0%	-24.7%	Caseload and average cost increases cause growth.
DHS	MinnesotaCare	Direct consensation out.					1		
2110	MilliesotaCare	Direct appropriation only	HCAF	497,883	607,839	874,691	22.1%	43.9%	A combination average cost growth and significant
MDH .	Admin Support Services	Direct appropriation only	General	10,586	45.004	40.040			•
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Direct appropriation only	General	10,550	15,081	16,942	42.5%	12.3%	increased rent for new buildings accounts for the jump
MDH	Agency Wide	Direct appropriation only	SGSR	57,627	70.054	77.040			from 04-05 to 08-07
	rigoriey viluo	Direct appropriation only	3636	51,021	73,354	77,210	27.3%	5.3%	increase is associated with the fee increases passed
Ombud for Fa	m Operations	Direct appropriation only	General	430	551	490			during the 2005 session
		Direct appropriation only	Contoral	430	991	490	28.1%	-11.1%	Carryforward from 04-05 accounts for the increase in
-	.,						l · `		06-07
Med Practice			SGSR	5,292	7,614	7,654	43.9%	0.5%	Growth is due to unexpended balances in FY04-05 and
			000.1	, 5,202	7,014	7,004	43,5%	0.5%	policy/budget decisions.
Nursing			SGSR	4.548	6,777	7,587	49.0%	12 0%	Growth is due to unexpended balances in FY04-05 and
•				,,,,,,	5,177	7,007	75.0%	12.070	policy/budget decisions.
NHAB			SGSR	329	1,307	1,260	297,3%	-3.6%	Growth is due to a technical, administrative transfer
						,		5,5 %	between agencies.
Podlatry			SGSR	. 90	106	110	17.8%	3.8%	Growth is due to policy/budget decisions.
Psychology	• • • • •		SGSR	1,161	1,382	1,382			Growth is due to unexpended balances in FY04-05.
Diet & Nutrition	n		SGSR	148	210	210			Growth is due to unexpended balances in FY04-05.
Social Work	•		SGSR	1,597	1,993	1,788			Growth is due to unexpended belances in FY04-05 and
	•	•			•	•			policyflaudgol decisions.
BBHT		•	SGSR	498	1,363	1,370	173.7%	0.5%	Growth is due to corribining two agencies (ADC program
					•	•	1		from MD+Q.

Ag, Environment, & Economic Development (\$000s)

Agency	Program	Component	Fund	Exp 2004-05 2	enditures	onna no la		Change vs. 06-07 Comments
igency	Flodigiii	Component	I dild	2007-00 2	.000-07 /	2000-03 [1	JO-07 V8, 04-03 00-03	vs. vo-of Confinents
Agriculture	Administration and Financial Assistance		General	9,487	14,178	15,064	49.4%	6.2% Due to increased rent in the new agriculture/health building
Agriculture	Promotion and Marketing		Special Revenue	337,977	951,330		181.5%	
Board of Animal Health	Livestock and Poultry Health		General	5,459	6,520	5,922	19.4%	8.5% Due to increased rent in the new agriculture/health building an a one-time appropriation of \$300,000 a year for grants to the Veterinary Diganostic Lab at the U of MN
Board of Animal Health	Livestock and Poultry Health	•	Special Revenue	13,515	87,405	ľ	547.0%	
DEED	Workforce Services		General	19,959	40,330	40.330	102.1%	0.0% Apparent increase due to program consolidation
DEED	State Funded Administration		General	4.098	6.554	6,554	59.9%	0.0% Apparent increase due to program consolidation
EMT	Explore Minnesota Tourism		General	8,301	18,402	19,402	121.7%	5.4% Apparent increase due to spinoff as separate agency and carryforward
Commerce	Administrative Services		General	5,562	10,836	10,836	94.8%	0.0% Apparent increase due to consolidation of multiprogram expenditures into one program on fund balance in FY05.
Commerce	Market Assurance	•	General	5,412	9,844	9,844	81.9%	0.0% Apparent increase due to consolidation of multiprogram expenditures into one program on fund balance in FY05.
Commerce	Energy & Telecommunications		General	4,130	7,624	7,624	84.6%	0.0% Apparent increase due to consolidation of multiprogram expenditures into one program on fund balance in FY05.
Board of Barber/Cosmetol	Examiners		General	729	1,398	1,398	91.8%	0.0% Increase due to agency consolidation
Natural Resources	Trails and Waters		General	2485	3001	2568	20.7%	-14.0% Increase from 04-05 to 06-07 is due to one-time appropriation for grants to municipalities
Natural Resources	Wildlife Management		. Game & Fish	45,746	53,482	53,928	16.9%	0.8% Due to increased registration fees, appropriations for salary increases, and one-time appropriations for special projects. Program is not projected to increase in FY 08-09.
Natural Resources	Lands and Minerals		Natural Resource	293	4,484	4,484	1430.0%	0.0% Due to creation of the Minerals Management fee to supplant general fund expenditures for the Lands and Minerals progra 20% of total mineral receipts are now deposited in the Natura
		ě						Resources Fund. Also reflects a new \$860,000 blennial appropriation for minerals exploration.
Natural Resources	License Center		Natrual Resourc	e 1,802	4,766	4,484	164.0%	-5.9% Apparent increase is due to internal reorganization of DNR licensing activities.
	T-II- and Maters		Natural Resource	e 37,356	50,676	47,470	35.6%	-6.3% Apparent is due to legislative action.
Natural Resources Natural Resources	Tralis and Waters Enforcement		Natural Resource		14,130			-0.7% increase due to snowmobile sticker program enacted by the legislature.
Natural Resources	Forest Management		Natural Resource	e 6,135	20,811	20,86	239.0%	Due to creation of the Forest Mangement Investment Fund FY 05, which replaces general fund for certain forest management activities.
Poliution Control	OEA/PCA Merger		Environmental	53,446	116,767	7 117,75	8 118.5%	0.8% Reflects OEA/PCA merger. No real growth in expenditures.

Transportation (\$000s)

		•			Expenditures		% Change	% Change	
Agency	Program	Component	Fund	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	06-07 vs. 04-05	08-09 vs. 06-07	Comments
Mn/DOT	Multimodal Systems	Rural transit	General	32,298	38,318	38,312	18.6%	0.0%	Legislative increase
Mn/DOT	State Roads	Small piece for leases	General	5	31	18	588.0%	-42.7%	Carryforward
Mn/DOT	State Roads	Electronic communications	: TH	9,567	11,912	11,912	24.5%	0.0%	Legislative increase per Gov's Rec
Mn/DOT	State Roads	Debt Service TH	TH	14,177	120,476	128,772	749.8%	6.9%	Actual v. direct appopriated amounts
Met Council	Transit	Metro Transit Assistance	General	105,366	146,906	146,906	39.4%	0.0%	Legislative increase to address
									shortfall and MVST trend
Met Council	Transit	Metro Rail Operations	General	-6,700	9,350	10,600	39.6%	13.4%	Ramp up of Hiawatha line

State Government (000s)

				E	xpenditure	5	% Change	% Change
Agency	Program	Component	Fund	2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	06-07 vs. 04-05	08-09 vs. 06-07 Comments
Administrative Hearings Office	Agency Budget		General	79	524	524	563.3%	0.0% Transfer of Municipal Boundary Program from Admin to Admin Hearings
Administration	State Facilities Services		General	6,136	11,530	6,116	87.9%	-47.0% One-time relocation funding of DHS move in FY06
CAAPB	Agency Budget		General	527	690	540	30.9%	-21.7% Carry-forward of \$147,000 for HHH memorial-orig appr in
Military Affairs	Enlistment incentives	Tuition Reimbursement & Bonus Incentives	General	10,785	20,424	20,414	89.4%	
Military Affairs	EMERGENCY SERVICES	· *.	General	305	713	646	133.8%	 -9.4% Forecast GF Open Appropriation for Nat'l Guard Declared State Emergency. 2006 actual appropriation for Katrina preparation at \$450k impacting % increase and forecast.
Veterans Affairs	BENEFITS & SERVICES		General	3,451	8,581	8,230	148.7%	-4.1% Change in program structure – services combined with benefits in 2006 and small vets orgs consolidated into DVA. Growth from 2004-05 is 8.9% with 2004-05 expenditures combinded.

Public Safety (\$000s)

			•		Ex	penditures.		% Change	% Change	•
Agency . *	Program	Component	Fund		2004-05	2006-07	2008-09	06-07 vs. 04-05	08-09 vs. 06-07	Comments .
DPS Transp	Admin		General		2,504	5,317	4,752	112.3%	-10.6%	Technical-part of GF gets transferred to other funds
DPS Crime	Justice Programs	includes Law Enforcement	Genéral	•	53,758	69,423	68,408	29.1%	-1.5%	Legislative Increase
DPS Crime	Fire Marshall		General		4,846	5,763	5,664	18.9%	-1.7%	Legislative increase (resorts)
DPS Crime	911 program	•		173	52,148	89,129	88,542	70.9%	-0.7%	911 fee increase
Private Detective Board	Board		General		243	279	252	14.8%	-9.7%	Balance forward only
Trial Courts	Agency	All-No programs	General		370,293	463,785	462,506	25.2%	-0.3%	State takeover of courts
Corrections	Institutions	•	General		506,966	588,348	620,160	16.1%	5.49	6 Prison population increase
Uniform Laws Commiss	ion		General		70	96	90	37.1%	-6.3%	6 National dues increase and catch-up



2006 Budget Supplement

CONTRIBUTING TO A
SAFER MINNESOTA

Department of Corrections

Facility Division

- Ten Correctional Facilities
- Facility Support Services

Community Services

- Community Supervision
- Community Programs

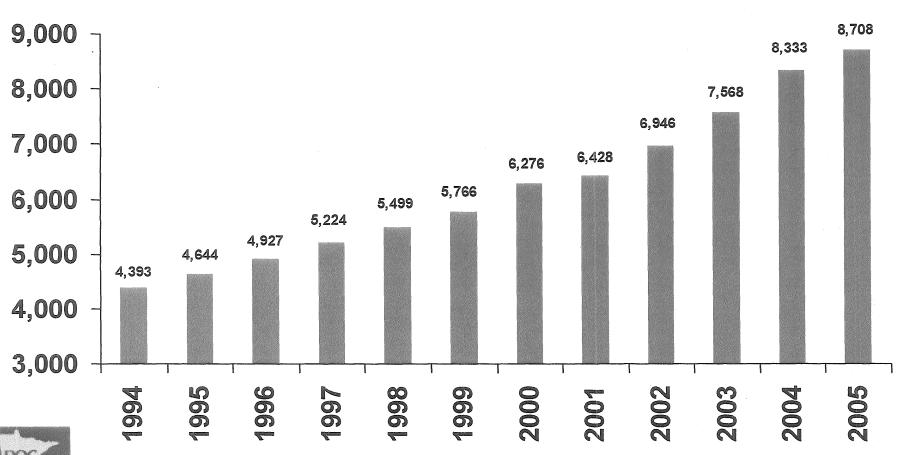
Operations Support

Human Resources, Financial Services, Information Technology,
 Policy & Legal Services, and Employee Development.



Prison Population Growth

98 Percent Overall Increase from 1994 to 2005

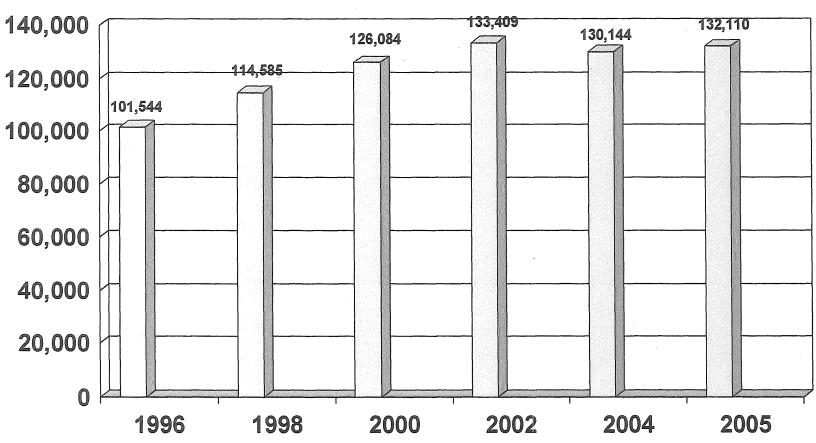


Actual prison population include those housed in a DOC facility or contracted to be housed in a local jail/private facility.

CONTRIBUTING TO A SAFER MINNESOTA

Probation/Supervised Release Growth

30% overall increase from 1996 to 2005





Budget Request

Salary Supplement for direct care staff

- FY06 \$3.213 million (net after rental bed savings)
- FY07 \$10.1 million (net after rental bed savings)

Scott County CCA - \$196,000 Mentoring Children of Inmates - \$300,000



New Salary Obligations

- FY06 \$9.4 million
- FY07 \$18.6 million
- Calculation includes:
 - Two-percent across the board adjustments for labor negotiated increases
 - Employer paid insurance increase for FY07
 - Minnesota Nurses Association contract increases
 - Correctional Officer low cost inequity adjustment
 - Facility and Community Services staff only



Rental Bed Savings

- FY06 \$6.187 million savings
 - Based on approximately 230 less beds than projection
- FY07 \$8.5 million savings
 - Based on approximately 335 less beds than projected



QUESTIONS?



SALES Alcohol Server Training



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Register

Welcome to MLBA's S.A.L.E.S Online Alcohol Server Training Website

If you would like to sign up for a course or a block of courses for you or your employees, you must purchase a SALES Membership ID. Click <u>Purchase</u> on the left

If you or your employer has already purchased a course and you are here for the first time, have your SALES Membership ID ready and Register now.

If you have already registered or are returning to complete your training, please have your login and password ready and click <u>Login</u> on the left.

To learn more about the S.A.L.E.S Online Training or system requirements please refer to the "<u>Frequently</u> Asked <u>Questions</u> (FAQ)" on the left.

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S.A.L.E.S Alcohol Server Training



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Register for S.A.L.E.S Alcohol Server Training

If you have already registered or are returning to complete a training then:

Login now!

Registration Form

To begin your S.A.L.E.S Online Training Course, please fill out the following registration form below. All information you give will be kept in the strictest confidence and will not be used or sold to any third party. (Fields with a * are required.)

Tour Email				
(You must have a valid email)			·	
* Password	entra esta esta esta esta esta esta esta est			
(Enter a password that you can	remember ie. D	Dog's name, Moth	er's maiden na	me, etc.)
* First Name				
* Last Name				
Middle Initial				
* Your Address 1				
Your Address 2	-			
* City	-			

* State	
* Zip	
* Your Sex	CM CF
* Your Age	
* Business Name	
* Business City	
* Business Phone	
Name of Employer	
* Your Title	C Wait staff C Bartender C Clerk/sales C Owner/manager C Doorman/security C Other
Your Highest Education Level	C Grade School C High School C Some College C College Degree C Masters/PhD
* Your Experience	C New C Less than 6 months C 6 months to a year C 1-2 years

	C 2-5 years C 5+ years
* Reason for taking training	C Insurance Requirement C Employer policy C Failed Compliance Check C Required by City C Other
* Have your ever been the subje	ct of a compliance check(or sting) by a government entity?
C Yes	
C No	
C Don't Know	
If yes, did you	
C pass	
C fail	
C were not notifi	ied of the result
* Have you taken the SALES cou	
C Yes (Classroo	om)
C Yes (online)	
C yes (Both onli	ne and classroom)
C No	
* Number of times you have take	en a different Alcohol Server Training Class in Minnesota
C 0	
. C 1	
C 2-3	
C 4+	

Name of course? (if known)	
* Number of times you have taken an Alcohol Server Training Class Outside of MN	
C 0	
C 1	
C 2-3	
C 4+	
Name of course? (if known)	-
* When was last server training course?	
C Never	
C 0-6 months	
 C 6 months-1 year	
C 1-2 years	
C 2+ years	
Submit	
pyright © 2005 - Minnesota Licensed Beverage Association - All Rights Reserved	

Senators Michel, Larson, Ruud, Koering and Kierlin introduced—S.F. No. 3317: Referred to the Committee on Finance.

A bill for an act

relating to appropriations; appropriating and transferring money and supplementing or reducing appropriations for various state agencies, programs, or activities; establishing, regulating, or modifying certain programs or activities; requiring studies and reports; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 2004, sections 3.737, subdivision 1; 3.7371, subdivision 3; 43A.316, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10, by adding subdivisions; 115A.908, subdivision 2; 135A.031, subdivision 7; 135A.034, subdivision 1; 135A.053, subdivision 2; 136A.101, subdivisions 4, 8; 136A.15, subdivisions 6, 9, by adding a subdivision; 136A.16, by adding a subdivision; 136A.162; 136A.1701, subdivisions 4, 7, by adding a subdivision; 136A.233, subdivision 3; 137.17, subdivisions 1, 3; 296A.18, subdivision 4; 326.105; 446A.12, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 2005 Supplement, sections 16A.724, subdivision 2; 115C.09, subdivision 3j; 136A.1701, subdivision 12; Laws 2005, chapter 136, article 1, sections 10; 13, subdivision 3; Laws 2003, First Special Session chapter 18, article 1, section 2; Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 1, article 2, section 11, subdivision 5; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 116J; 136A; 144; 341; 446A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2004, sections 17.10; 135A.01; 135A.031, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, 6; 135A.032; 135A.033; 136A.15, subdivision 5; 136A.1702; 137.17, subdivisions 2, 4; Minnesota Statutes 2005 Supplement, section 135A.031, subdivisions 3, 4; Minnesota Rules, parts 4850.0011, subparts 9, 10, 27; 4850.0014, subpart 1.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.24 ARTICLE 1

1.25 **SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS**

Section 1. SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS.

The appropriations in this act are added to or, if shown in parentheses, subtracted from the appropriations enacted into law by the legislature in 2005, or other specified law, to the named agencies and for the specified programs or activities. The sums shown are appropriated from the general fund, or another named fund, to be available for the fiscal years indicated; 2006 is the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, 2007 is the fiscal year

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state in the Northwest Airline's bankruptcy.

Sec. 3. **EMPLOYEE RELATIONS**

2.27

3.1	Summary by Fund
4	Health Care Access Fund 60,000 2,260,000
3.3	PUBLIC BUYERS GROUP.
3.4	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section
3.5	295.581, this appropriation of \$60,000
3.6	in 2006 and \$2,260,000 in 2007 is for
3.7	onetime administrative costs for marketing,
3.8	communication, plan administration, and the
3.9	development of a data warehouse to support
3.10	the public buyers group.
and the second	
1	Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 43A.316, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
3.12	Subdivision 1. Intent. The legislature finds that the creation of a statewide program
3.13	using best purchasing practices and innovative benefit design and administration to
3.14	provide public employees, school district employees, and other eligible persons with
3.15	life insurance and hospital, medical, and dental benefit coverage through provider
3.16	organizations would result in a greater utilization more efficient use of government
3.17	resources and would advance the health and welfare of the citizens of the state.
3.18	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 43A.316, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
3.19	Subd. 2. Definitions. For the purpose of this section, the terms defined in this
0	subdivision have the meaning given them.
3.21	(a) Commissioner. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of employee relations
3.22	(b) Employee. "Employee" means:
3.23	(1) a person who is a public employee within the definition of section 179A.03,
3.24	subdivision 14, who is insurance eligible and is employed by an eligible employer;
3.25	(2) an elected public official of an eligible employer who is insurance eligible;
3.26	(3) a person employed by a labor organization or employee association certified as
3.27	an exclusive representative of employees of an eligible employer or by another public
3.28	employer approved by the commissioner, so long as the plan meets the requirements of a
3.29	governmental plan under United States Code, title 29, section 1002(32); or
30	(4) a person employed by a county or municipal hospital.
3.31	(c) Eligible employer. "Eligible employer" means:
3.32	(1) a public employer within the definition of section 179A.03, subdivision 15, that
3.33	is a town, county, city, school district as defined in section 120A.05, service cooperative

REVISOR

4.1	as defined in section 123A.21, intermediate district as defined in section 136D.01,
4.2	Cooperative Center for Vocational Education as defined in section 123A.22, regional
4.3	management information center as defined in section 123A.23, or an education unit
4.4	organized under the joint powers action, section 471.59; or
4.5	(2) an exclusive representative of employees, as defined in paragraph (b);
4.6	(3) a county or municipal hospital; or
4.7	(4) another public employer approved by the commissioner.
4.8	(d) Exclusive representative. "Exclusive representative" means an exclusive
4.9	representative as defined in section 179A.03, subdivision 8.
4.10	(e) Labor-Management Committee. "Labor-Management Committee" means the
4.11	committee established by subdivision 4.
4.12	(f) Program. "Program" means the statewide public employees insurance buyers
4.13	group program created by subdivision 3.
4.14	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 43A.316, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
4.15	Subd. 3. Public employee insurance buyers group program. The commissioner
4.16	shall be the administrator of the public employee insurance buyers group program and
4.17	may determine its funding arrangements. The commissioner shall model the program
4.18	after the plan established in section 43A.18, subdivision 2, but may modify that plan,
4.19	in consultation with the Labor-Management Committee. The commissioner, or the
4.20	commissioner's designated representatives, shall be consulted in discussions or studies
4.21	by state agencies related to improving statewide health care quality, outcomes, and costs.
4.22	The commissioner may:
4.23	(1) Develop and administer separately rated programs within the public buyers
4.24	group program, including a separately rated and administered program for employees of
4.25	public school districts. Separate programs within the public buyers group program may be
4.26	pilot or demonstration programs, or permanent programs.
4.27	(2) Develop, implement, and administer demonstration or pilot programs to help
4.28	explore methods for improving the effectiveness and value of the public buyers group
4.29	program.
4.30	(3) Conduct evaluations and studies to determine the effectiveness and impact of
4.31	pilot, demonstration, or other programs as part of the public buyers group program.
4.32	(4) Develop, adopt, modify, and implement strategies to control health care costs
4.33	and to improve health care outcomes, including, but not limited to, health care cost and
4.34	quality measurement and reporting strategies, pay-for-performance strategies, value-based

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- ng strategies, and other demonstrated or emerging best practices in health care purchasing.
- (5) In consultation with the labor management committee in subdivision 4, develop, adopt, modify, and administer innovative health benefit designs, including possible tiered arrangements, high deductible plans with health care savings accounts, special provider networks, limited benefit plans, incentive programs for healthy behaviors and health improvement, and other health benefit designs.
- (6) Temporarily suspend or limit new entrant groups into the public buyers group program if necessary to maintain the quality, effectiveness, and viability of the program.
- (7) Participate as part of broader community, regional, or national alliances or initiatives, including joint public-private sector efforts to improve health care purchasing, health care costs, quality, and outcomes.
- (8) Develop, implement, and administer a Web site and related capabilities to provide members and the public with information and a means to make inquiries to the public buyers group program. The Web site may include information on the program's goals and its performance in reaching the goals.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 43A.316, is amended by adding a subdivision 5.17 to read: 5.18
 - Subd. 3a. Health improvement programs. The commissioner is authorized to plan, develop, purchase, administer, and evaluate disease management and other programs, strategies, and incentives to improve the health and health outcomes of members.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 43A.316, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 4. Labor-Management Committee. The Labor-Management Committee consists of ten members appointed by the commissioner governor. The Labor-Management Committee must comprise five members who represent employees, including at least one retired employee, and five members who represent eligible employers. Committee members are eligible for expense reimbursement in the same manner and amount as authorized by the commissioner's plan adopted under section 43A.18, subdivision 2. The commissioner shall consult with the labor-management committee in major decisions that affect the program. The committee shall study issues relating to the insurance program including, but not limited to, flexible benefits, utilization review, quality assessment, and cost efficiency. The committee continues to exist while the program remains in operation.
 - Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 43A.316, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

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- Subd. 5. **Public employee participation.** (a) Participation in the program is subject to the conditions in this subdivision.
- (b) Each exclusive representative for an eligible employer determines whether the employees it represents will participate in the program. The exclusive representative shall give the employer notice of intent to participate at least 30 days before the expiration date of the collective bargaining agreement preceding the collective bargaining agreement that covers the date of entry into the program. The exclusive representative and the eligible employer shall give notice to the commissioner of the determination to participate in the program at least 30 days before entry into the program. Entry into the program is governed by a schedule established by the commissioner.
- (c) Employees not represented by exclusive representatives may become members of the program upon a determination of an eligible employer to include these employees in the program. Either all or none of the employer's unrepresented employees must participate. The eligible employer shall give at least 30 days' notice to the commissioner before entering the program. Entry into the program is governed by a schedule established by the commissioner.
- (d) Participation in the program is for a two-year three-year term. Participation is automatically renewed for an additional two-year term unless the exclusive representative, or the employer for unrepresented employees, gives the commissioner notice of withdrawal at least 30 days before expiration of the participation period. A group that withdraws must wait two years before rejoining. An exclusive representative, or employer for unrepresented employees, may also withdraw if premiums increase 50 percent or more from one insurance year to the next. The commissioner may modify the participation requirement as part of a demonstration or pilot effort. Any modifications must be clearly communicated to all employers who are members of the public buyers group program, and incorporated into any information about the program, at least 60 days prior to the change becoming effective. The modifications must apply on an equal basis to all current and prospective employers enrolled in the program.
- (e) To improve the stability and effectiveness of the public buyers group program, the commissioner, in consultation with the Labor-Management Committee and other experts, may explore mutual gain-sharing arrangements, discounts, incentives, or penalties for public employers based on the length of their continuous membership in the public buyers group program and other factors. Any incentives for long-term membership in the program must be: (1) consistent with the program's goals of maintaining the overall integrity and viability of the program; (2) consistent with other applicable laws, rules, and policies; and (3) available to all groups on equal terms. The terms of any incentives for

long-term participation in the program must be clearly communicated to all employers who are members of the public buyers group program and incorporated into any information about the program. Any administration of the incentives or changes must be communicated at least 180 days prior to each employer's renewal date before the change may become effective. The commissioner, in consultation with the Labor-Management Committee, shall report to the legislature and the governor by January 15, 2008, and annually thereafter, on the adequacy of the participation requirement and any special incentives based on the length of participation in helping maintain the stability and effectiveness of the public buyers group program.

(f) The exclusive representative shall give the employer notice of intent to withdraw to the commissioner at least 30 days before the expiration date of a collective bargaining agreement that includes the date on which the term of participation expires.

(f) (g) Each participating eligible employer shall notify the commissioner of names of individuals who will be participating within two weeks of the commissioner receiving notice of the parties' intent to participate. The employer shall also submit other information as required by the commissioner for administration of the program.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 43A.316, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5a. Participating employers. Employers participating in the public buyers group program shall not be refused or impeded by the program in their efforts to obtain the utilization or claims data needed by the employer to seek alternative bids for insurance coverage. The ability of participating employers to secure their data for the purposes of seeking alternative bids for coverage exists regardless of any other program participation requirements or incentives for long-term participation in the program. Participating employers must not be charged for the report generated to satisfy this subdivision.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 43A.316, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5b. School district's bids. School districts eligible for the public buyers group program must request bids for insurance coverage through the public buyers group program at least once every four years. This subdivision does not require school districts eligible for the program to purchase coverage through the program. Other public employers are encouraged to seek bids from the public buyers group program at least once every four years.

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Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 43A.316, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 9a. Report. The commissioner shall report biennially to the governor and legislature on March 1 of each odd-numbered year. The report must include information on membership, finances, operations, effectiveness, and impact of the public buyers group program. The report may include discussion of changes and innovations, particularly with respect to improving health care costs, quality, and outcomes, and any issues or challenges faced by the program and how they might be addressed. The report must be posted on a Web site maintained by or for the public buyers group program, and must be available to the public.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 43A.316, subdivision 10, is amended to read: Subd. 10. Exemption. The public employee insurance buyers group program and, where applicable, the employers participating in it are exempt from chapters 60A, 62A, 62C, 62D, 62E, and 62H, section 471.617, subdivisions 2 and 3, and the bidding requirements of section 471.6161. Nothing in this statute or other statutes shall limit the commissioner's ability to develop and test innovative health insurance benefit designs for the public buyers group program.

8.18 ARTICLE 3
8.19 HIGHER EDUCATION

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Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 135A.031, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Reports. Instructional expenditure and enrollment data—for each instructional category shall be submitted to the Office of Higher Education and the Department of Finance and included in the biennial budget document. The specific data shall be submitted only after the director of the Office of Higher Education has consulted with a data advisory task force to determine the need, content, and detail of the information.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 135A.034, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. Operating budget. The governing boards of the University of
Minnesota, and the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities shall each develop, for
legislative and executive branch acceptance, its highest budget priorities in accordance
with statewide objectives for higher education. It is the intent of the legislature to
appropriate at least 67 percent of the total cost of instruction after adjusting for inflation
and enrollment changes. However, in the event of a budget shortfall, or if funding of

inflation is not possible, available funding shall first be applied to the agreed upon budget priorities.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 135A.053, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- Subd. 2. **Performance and accountability.** Higher education systems and campuses are expected to achieve the objectives in subdivision 1 and will be held accountable for doing so. The legislature is increasing the flexibility of the systems and campuses to provide greater responsibility to higher education in deciding how to achieve statewide objectives, and to decentralize authority so that those decisions can be made at the level where the education is delivered. To demonstrate their accountability, the legislature expects each system and campus to measure and report on its performance, using meaningful indicators that are critical to achieving the objectives in subdivision 1, as provided in section 135A.033. Nothing in this section precludes a system or campus from determining its own objectives and performance measures beyond those identified in this section.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 136A.101, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

 Subd. 4. Eligible institution. "Eligible institution" means a postsecondary

 educational institution that:
 - (1) is located in this state or in a state with which the office has entered into a higher education reciprocity agreement on state student aid programs that either (1);
 - (2) is operated by this state or by the University of Minnesota, or (2) is operated publicly or privately and, as determined by the office, maintains academic standards substantially equivalent to those of comparable institutions operated in this state;
 - (3) is licensed or registered as a postsecondary institution by the Office of Higher Education or another state agency; and
 - (4) is participating in federal student aid programs under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended. Institutions not participating in federal student aid programs on the effective date of this section have three years from the effective date of this act to begin participating in federal student aid programs under Title IV.
- 9.29 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 136A.101, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

 Subd. 8. **Resident student.** "Resident student" means a student who meets one of
 the following conditions:

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10.1	(1) a student who has resided in Minnesota for purposes other than posisecondary
10.2	education for at least 12 months without being enrolled at a postsecondary educational
10.3	institution for more than five credits in any term;
10.4	(2) a dependent student whose parent or legal guardian resides in Minnesota at the
10.5	time the student applies;
10.6	(3) a student who graduated from a Minnesota high school, if the student was a
10.7	resident of Minnesota during the student's period of attendance at the Minnesota high
10.8	school and the student is physically attending a Minnesota postsecondary educational
10.9	institution; or
10.10	(4) a student who, after residing in the state for a minimum of one year, earned a
10.11	high school equivalency certificate in Minnesota;
10.12	(5) a member, spouse, or dependent of a member of the armed forces of the United
10.13	States stationed in Minnesota on active federal military service as defined in section
10.14	190.05, subdivision 5c;
10.15	(6) a person or spouse of a person who relocated to Minnesota from an area that is
10.16	declared a presidential disaster area within the preceding 12 months; or
10.17	(7) a person defined as a refugee under United States Code, title 8, section
10.18	1101(a)(42), who, upon arrival in the United States, moved to Minnesota and has
10.19	continued to reside in Minnesota.
10.20	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 136A.15, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
10.21	Subd. 6. Eligible institution. "Eligible institution" means a postsecondary
10.22	educational institution that either:
10.23	(1) is operated or regulated by this state or by the University of Minnesota, or (2) is
10.24	operated publicly or privately in another state, is approved by the United States Secretary
10.25	of Education, and, as determined by the office, maintains academic standards substantially
10.26	equal to those of comparable institutions operated in this state. It also includes any
10.27	institution chartered in a province.;
10.28	(2) is licensed or registered as a postsecondary institution by the Office of Higher
10.29	Education or another state agency; and
10.30	(3) is participating in federal student aid programs under Title IV of the Higher
10.31	Education Act of 1965, as amended. Institutions not participating in federal student aid
10.32	programs on the effective date of this section have three years from the effective date of
10.33	this section to begin participating in federal student aid programs under Title IV.

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Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 136A.15, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

11.1	Subd. 9. Minnesota resident student. "Minnesota resident student" means a
	student who meets one of the following conditions in section 136A.101, subdivision 8.:
11.3	(1) a student who has resided in Minnesota for purposes other than postsecondary
11.4	education for at least 12 months without being enrolled at a postsecondary educational
11.5	institution for more than five credits in any term;
11.6	(2) a dependent student whose parent or legal guardian resides in Minnesota at the
11.7	time the student applies;
11.8	(3) a student who graduated from a Minnesota high school, if the student was a
11.9	resident of Minnesota during the student's period of attendance at the Minnesota high
11.10	school and the student is physically attending a Minnesota postsecondary-educational
11.11	institution; or
11.12	(4) a student who, after residing in the state for a minimum of one year, earned a
3	high school equivalency certificate in Minnesota.
11.14	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 136A.15, is amended by adding a subdivision
11.15	to read:
11.16	Subd. 10. Eligible cosigner. "Eligible cosigner" means a cosigner who:
11.17	(1) is creditworthy. "Creditworthy" means one who, in the judgment of the director,
11.18	has:
11.19	(i) no credit bureau balances discharged through bankruptcy;
11.20	(ii) no garnishments, attachments, foreclosure, repossession, or suit;
11.21	(iii) no delinquent or unsatisfied credit obligation, such as tax or mechanics liens
22	or judgments; and
11.23	(iv) no more than five percent of current credit bureau balances past due.
11.24	A cosigner is considered creditworthy if the total obligation in subclause (iii) or the
11.25	amount past due in subclause (iv) does not exceed \$50 and all other requirements under
11.26	this clause are met;
11.27	(2) is at least 24 years old;
11.28	(3) is a United States citizen or permanent resident;
11.29	(4) permanently resides in the United States; and
11.30	(5) agrees to the release of information to a consumer credit reporting agency, as
11.31	specified in section 136A.162, paragraph (b).
1.32	The office may establish alternative credit requirements using credit scoring.
11.33	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 136A.16, is amended by adding a subdivision
11.34	to read:

	12.1	Subd. 16. Interest rate swaps and other agreements. (a) The office may enter into
	12.2	interest rate exchange or swap agreements, hedges, forward purchase or sale agreements,
	12.3	or other comparable interest rate protection agreements with a third party in connection
	12.4	with the issuance or proposed issuance of bonds, outstanding bonds or notes, or existing
	12.5	comparable interest rate protection agreements.
	12.6	(b) The agreements authorized by this subdivision include, without limitation, master
	12.7	agreements, options, or contracts to enter into those agreements in the future and related
	12.8	agreements, including, without limitation, agreements to provide credit enhancement,
	12.9	liquidity, or remarketing.
	12.10	(c) The agreements authorized by this subdivision may be entered into on the basis
	12.11	of negotiation with a qualified third party or through a competitive proposal process on
٠	12.12	terms and conditions as and with covenants and provisions approved by the office and
	12.13	may include, without limitation:
	12.14	(1) provisions establishing reserves;
	12.15	(2) pledging assets or revenues of the office for current or other payments or
	12.16	termination payments;
	12.17	(3) contracting with the other parties to the agreements to provide for the custody,
	12.18	collection, securing, investment, and payment of money of the office or money held in
	12.19	trust; or
	12.20	(4) requiring the issuance of bonds or other agreements authorized by this section
	12.21	in the future.
	12.22	(d) With respect to bonds or notes outstanding or proposed to be issued bearing
	12.23	interest at a variable rate, the office may agree to pay sums equal to interest at a fixed rate
-	12.24	or at a different variable rate determined in accordance with a formula set out in the
	12.25	agreement on an amount not exceeding the outstanding principal amount of the bonds or
	12.26	notes at the time of payment in exchange for an agreement by the third party to pay sums
	12.27	equal to interest on a like amount at a variable rate determined according to a formula
	12.28	set out in the agreement.
	12.29	(e) With respect to bonds or notes outstanding or proposed to be issued bearing
	12.30	interest at a fixed rate or rates, the office may agree to pay sums equal to interest at a
	12.31	variable rate determined in accordance with a formula set out in the agreement on an
	12.32	amount not exceeding the outstanding principal amount of the bonds or notes at the time of
	12.33	payment in exchange for an agreement by the third party to pay sums equal to interest on a
	12.34	like amount at a fixed rate or rates determined according to a formula set in the agreement.
	12.35	(f) Subject to any applicable covenants of the office, payments required to be made
	12.36	by the office under the agreement, including termination payments, may be made from

amounts pledged or available to pay debt service on the bonds or notes with respect to 13.1 which the agreement was made or from assets of the loan capital fund of the office. The office may issue bonds or notes to provide for any payments, including, without 15.3 limitation, a termination payment due or to become due under an agreement authorized 13.4 under this section. 13.5 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 136A.162, is amended to read: 13.6 136A.162 CLASSIFICATION OF DATA. 13.7 All data on applicants for financial assistance collected and used by the Higher 13.8 Education Services Office for student financial aid programs administered by that office 13.9 shall be classified as private data on individuals under section 13.02, subdivision 12. 13.10 Exceptions to this classification are that: 13.11 (a) the names and addresses of program recipients or participants are public data; (b) data on applicants may be disclosed to the commissioner of human services 13.13 to the extent necessary to determine eligibility under section 136A.121, subdivision 2, 13.14 clause (5); and 13.15 (c) (b) the following data collected in the Minnesota supplemental loan program 13.16 under section 136A.1701 may be disclosed to a consumer credit reporting agency only 13.17 if the borrower and the cosigner give informed consent, according to section 13.05, 13.18 subdivision 4, at the time of application for a loan: 13.19 (1) the lender-assigned borrower identification number; 13.20 (2) the name and address of borrower; 13.21 (3) the name and address of cosigner; 22 (4) the date the account is opened; 13.23 (5) the outstanding account balance; 13.24 (6) the dollar amount past due; 13.25 (7) the number of payments past due; 13.26 (8) the number of late payments in previous 12 months; 13.27 (9) the type of account; 13.28 (10) the responsibility for the account; and 13.29 (11) the status or remarks code. 13.30 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 136A.1701, subdivision 4, is amended to

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 136A.1701, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Terms and conditions of loans. (a) The office may loan money upon such terms and conditions as the office may prescribe. The principal amount of a loan to an

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14.1	undergraduate student for a single academic year shall not exceed \$6,000 for grade levels
14.2	1 and 2 effective July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2008. Effective July 1, 2008, the principal
14.3	amount of a loan for grade levels 1 and 2 shall not exceed \$7,500. The principal amount
14.4	of a loan for grade levels 3, 4, and 5 shall not exceed \$7,500 effective July 1, 2006. The
14.5	aggregate principal amount of all loans made under this section to an undergraduate
14.6	student shall not exceed \$25,000 \$34,500 through June 30, 2008, and \$37,500 after June
14.7	30, 2008. The principal amount of a loan to a graduate student for a single academic year
14.8	shall not exceed \$9,000. The aggregate principal amount of all loans made under this
14.9	section to a student as a an undergraduate and graduate student shall not exceed \$40,000.
14.10	\$52,500 through June 30, 2008, and \$55,500 after June 30, 2008. The amount of the loan
14.11	may not exceed the cost of attendance less all other financial aid, including PLUS loans or
14.12	other similar parent loans borrowed on the student's behalf. The cumulative SELF loan
14.13	debt must not exceed the borrowing maximums in paragraph (b).
14.14	(b) The cumulative undergraduate borrowing maximums for SELF loans are:
14.15	(1) effective July 1, 2006, through June 30, 2008:
14.16	(i) grade level 1, \$6,000;
14.17	(ii) grade level 2, \$12,000;
14.18	(iii) grade level 3, \$19,500;
14.19	(iv) grade level 4, \$27,000; and
14.20	(v) grade level 5, \$34,500; and
14.21	(2) effective July 1, 2008:
14.22	(i) grade level 1, \$7,500;
14.23	(ii) grade level 2, \$15,000;
14.24	(iii) grade level 3, \$22,500;
14.25	(iv) grade level 4, \$30,000; and

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 136A.1701, subdivision 7, is amended to 14.27 read: 14.28

Subd. 7. Repayment of loans. (a) The office shall establish repayment procedures for loans made under this section, but in no event shall the period of permitted repayment for SELF II or SELF III loans exceed ten years from the eligible student's termination of the student's postsecondary academic or vocational program, or 15 years from the date of the student's first loan under this section, whichever is less.

(b) For SELF loans from phases after SELF III, eligible students with aggregate principal loan balances from all SELF phases that are less than \$18,750 shall have a

(v) grade level 5, \$37,500.

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repayment period not exceeding ten years from the eligible student's graduation or termination date. For SELF loans from phases after SELF III, eligible students with aggregate principal loan balances from all SELF phases of \$18,750 or greater shall have a repayment period not exceeding 15 years from the eligible student's graduation or termination date. For SELF loans from phases after SELF III, the loans shall enter repayment no later than seven years after the first disbursement date on the loan.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2005 Supplement, section 136A.1701, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

Subd. 12. Eligible student. "Eligible student" means a student who is a Minnesota resident who is enrolled or accepted for enrollment at an eligible institution in Minnesota or in another state or province. Non-Minnesota residents are eligible students if they are enrolled or accepted for enrollment in a minimum of one course of at least 30 days in length during the academic year that requires physical attendance at an eligible institution located in Minnesota. Non-Minnesota resident students enrolled exclusively during the academic year in correspondence courses or courses offered over the Internet are not eligible students. Non-Minnesota resident students not physically attending classes in Minnesota due to enrollment in a study abroad program for 12 months or less are eligible students. Non-Minnesota residents enrolled in study abroad programs exceeding 12 months are not eligible students. For purposes of this section, an "eligible student" must also meet the eligibility requirements of section 136A.15, subdivision 8.

- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 136A.1701, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 13. Cosigner requirement. All borrowers under this section must have an eligible cosigner. The cosigner is jointly and separately responsible for making loan payments, including principal, interest, and other charges.

Sec. 15. [136A.1704] LOAN REHABILITATION.

- (a) For SELF loans that have defaulted, the borrower or cosigner has the option to rehabilitate the loan, as loan rehabilitation is not prohibited under any federal or state statute, rule, regulation, act, or requirement.
- (b) A defaulted SELF loan can be rehabilitated only once and rehabilitation can only be attempted twice per loan.

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(c) An agreement specifying the required payment amount and payment due da	<u>ate</u>
must be signed by the borrower or cosigner prior to the start of the rehabilitation production	cess
and within two years of the default date.	

- (d) Twelve consecutive months of on-time payments are required to consider the loan rehabilitated. There is a five business day grace period.
- (e) If the loan is paid in full within 90 days of default, the loan will be considered rehabilitated upon receipt of a rehabilitation request.
- (f) Rehabilitation results in removal of the defaulted status, but not the past due history, from the credit bureau.

Sec. 16. [136A.1705] TEMPORARY TOTAL DISABILITY.

A temporary total disability for up to three years may be granted to a borrower upon medical certification that the total disability is expected to last four months or longer. The total disability must have originated after the loan was fully disbursed. The borrower is required to provide a certification from a qualified physician. A qualified physician is a doctor of medicine or osteopathy who is legally authorized to practice medicine. Periodic recertifications of the total disability status must be provided upon request. During the approved total disability period, the loan does not accrue interest. The borrower shall be given the option to sign a payment extension agreement at the time payments are resumed.

- Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 136A.233, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. **Payments.** Work-study payments shall be made to eligible students by postsecondary institutions as provided in this subdivision.
- (a) Students shall be selected for participation in the program by the postsecondary institution on the basis of student financial need.
- (b) In selecting students for participation, priority must be given to students enrolled for at least 12 credits. A student may be awarded work-study payments during one period of nonenrollment or less than half-time enrollment per academic year, provided the student will enroll on at least a half-time basis during the next term.
- (c) Students will be paid for hours actually worked and the maximum hourly rate of pay shall not exceed the maximum hourly rate of pay permitted under the federal college work-study program.
 - (d) Minimum pay rates will be determined by an applicable federal or state law.
- 16.32 (e) The office shall annually establish a minimum percentage rate of student compensation to be paid by an eligible employer.

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- (f) Each postsecondary institution receiving money for state work-study grants shall make a reasonable effort to place work-study students in employment with eligible employers outside the institution. However, a public employer other than the institution may not terminate, lay off, or reduce the working hours of a permanent employee for the purpose of hiring a work-study student, or replace a permanent employee who is on layoff from the same or substantially the same job by hiring a work-study student.
- (g) The percent of the institution's work-study allocation provided to graduate students shall not exceed the percent of graduate student enrollment at the participating institution.
- (h) An institution may use up to 30 percent of its allocation for student internships with private, for-profit employers.
- Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 137.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

 Subdivision 1. Establish. The Board of Regents may establish a school of
 professional and graduate studies as a nonresidential branch campus of the University of
 Minnesota; in Rochester, to serve the educational needs of working adults and other
 nontraditional students in southeastern Minnesota and to foster the economic goals of the
 region and the state. The legislature intends that the University of Minnesota expand higher
 education offerings in Rochester. It is the intent of the legislature that this be achieved
 in part by developing new and strengthening existing partnerships with higher education
 institutions in Rochester and the region in which the state already has a significant
 investment. The campus shall be a joint partnership of the University of Minnesota with
 Rochester Community and Technical College, and Winona State University.

 The Board of Trustees of the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities shall
 cooperate to achieve the foregoing.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 137.17, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Missions. The legislature intends that the mission of the expanded education offerings in Rochester be congruent with the university's unique core mission of teaching, research, and outreach in order to support the educational needs and economic development of this region and the state. The legislature recognizes that the distinctiveness of each of the partner higher education institutions in Rochester must be maintained to achieve success in serving the higher education needs of the community and the economic goals of the state. Further, the legislature intends that the University of Minnesota and the other partner institutions avoid duplicative offerings of courses and programs. Therefore, the University of Minnesota, Winona State University, and Rochester Community and

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18.1	technical College shall develop jointly a statement of missions, roles, and responsibilities	
18.2	for the programs and services at Rochester which shall be submitted to the legislature by	
18.3	January 30, 2000, and any time thereafter that the missions, roles, and responsibilities	
18.4	change.	
18.5	Sec. 20. <u>APPROPRIATION.</u>	
18.6	\$5,000,000 is appropriated from the general fund for fiscal year 2007 to the Board o	
18.7	Regents of the University of Minnesota for the purposes of section 18. This appropriation	
18.8	is for academic programs supporting the University of Minnesota - Rochester, including	
18.9	faculty, staff, and program planning and development in the areas of biomedical	
18.10	technologies, engineering and computer technologies, health care administration, and	
18.11	allied health programs; ongoing operations of industrial liaison activities; and operation	
18.12	of leased facilities. This appropriation is in addition to the appropriation in Laws 2005,	
18.13	chapter 107, article 1, section 4, subdivision 2.	
18.14	Sec. 21. <u>REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.</u>	
18.15	The revisor of statutes shall delete the term "sections 136A.15 to 136A.1702" and	
18.16	insert "sections 136A.15 to 136A.1705" wherever it appears in Minnesota Statutes and	
18.17	Minnesota Rules.	
18.18	Sec. 22. REPEALER.	
18.19	Minnesota Statutes 2004, sections 135A.01; 135A.031, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, and 6;	
18.20	135A.032; 135A.033; 136A.15, subdivision 5; 136A.1702; and 137.17, subdivisions 2	
18.21	and 4, and Minnesota Statutes 2005 Supplement, section 135A.031, subdivisions 3 and	
18.22	4, and Minnesota Rules, part 4850.0011, subparts 9, 10, and 27; and 4850.0014, subpart	
18.23	1, are repealed.	
	ARTICLE 4	
18.24	PUBLIC SAFETY AND JUDICIAL BRANCH	
18.25	PUBLIC SAFETY AND JUDICIAL BRANCH	
18.26	Section 1. SUPREME COURT -0- 750,000	
18.27	In fiscal year 2007, \$750,000 is appropriated	
18.28	from the general fund to the Supreme Court	
18.29	for the first phase of a judicial initiative	
18.30	to more effectively address the increasing	
18.31	numbers of alcohol and other drug (AOD)	

	03/14/06	REVISOR	RR/KJ	06-6740
19.1	offenders coming into Minnesota court	<u>s,</u>		
*~-0	including the increase in methamphetar	<u>nine</u>		
1>.3	offenders. This is a onetime appropriat	ion		•
19.4	and is available until June 30, 2007.			•
19.5	Sec. 2. BOARD OF JUDICIAL			
19.6	STANDARDS		<u>172,000</u>	<u>-0-</u>
19.7	In fiscal year 2006, \$172,000 is appropr	iated		•
19.8	to the Board on Judicial Standards from	the		•
19.9	general fund for costs of special hearing	<u>gs</u>	÷	
19.10	and an investigation regarding complain	<u>nts</u>		
19.11	of judicial misconduct. This is a onetim	<u>ne</u>		
2	appropriation and is available until June	30,		
19.13	<u>2007.</u>			
19.14	Sec. 3. BOARD OF PUBLIC DEFE	NSE	200,000	200,000
19.15	In fiscal years 2006 and 2007, \$200,000	is		
19.16	appropriated to the Board of Public Defe	ense		
19.17	from the general fund for additional cos	<u>ts</u>		•
19.18	associated with appellate transcripts.			
10 19	Sec. 4. PUBLIC SAFETY			
19.20	Subdivision 1. Total appropriation		284,000	3,486,000
19.21	These appropriations are added to			
19.22	appropriations in Laws 2005, chapter 13	<u>6,</u>		
19.23	article 1, section 9. The amounts that m	ay		
19.24	be spent from this appropriation for each	<u>h</u>		
19.25	program are specified in subdivisions 2	and		
19.26	<u>3.</u>			
19.27	Subd. 2. Emergency management		284,000	<u>-0-</u>
.28	This appropriation is to provide matchin	g		
19.29	funds for FEMA funds received for			
19.30	natural disaster assistance payments. Th	<u>is</u>		

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Sec. 5. CORRECTIONS

21.1	Subdivision 1. Total appropriations	3,213,000	10,596,000
21.2	These amounts are added to the		
21.3	appropriations in Laws 2005, chapter	•	
21.4	136, article 1, section 13.		
21.5	Subd. 2. Correctional institutions	2,668,000	8,788,000
21.6	Subd. 3. Community services	545,000	1,808,000
21.7	\$300,000 in fiscal year 2007 is for a grant to		
21.8	provide a mentoring program for Minnesota		
21.9	children of incarcerated offenders.		
10	\$196,000 in fiscal year 2007 is for an		
21.11	increase in the Community Corrections Act		
21.12	subsidy for the addition of Scott County.		
21.13	The funding shall be distributed according		
21.14	to the community corrections aid formula		
21.15	contained in Minnesota Statutes, section		
21.16	<u>401.10.</u>	·	
21.17	Sec. 6. Laws 2005, chapter 136, article 1, section	n 10, is amended to read	: ·
21.18	Sec. 10. PEACE OFFICER STANDARDS	4,154,000	4,014,000
.19	AND TRAINING BOARD (POST)	4,817,000	4,731,000
21.20	EXCESS AMOUNTS TRANSFERRED.		
21.21	This appropriation is from the peace officer		
21.22	training account in the special revenue fund.		
21.23	Any new receipts credited to that account		
21.24	in the first year in excess of \$4,154,000		
21.25	\$4,817,000 must be transferred and credited		
21.26	to the general fund. Any new receipts		
21.27	credited to that account in the second year		
21.28	in excess of \$4,014,000 \$4,731,000 must be		
21.29	transferred and credited to the general fund.		

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23.1	The Department of Corrections is exempt
-	from the state contracting process for the
25.3	purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section
23.4	609.105, as amended by Laws 2003, First
23.5	Special Session chapter 2, article 5, sections
23.6	7 to 9.
23.7	GPS MONITORING OF SEX
23.8	OFFENDERS. \$500,000 the first
23.9	year and \$162,000 the second year are for the
23.10	acquisition and service of bracelets equipped
23.11	with tracking devices designed to track
23.12	and monitor the movement and location of
3	criminal offenders. The commissioner shall
23.14	use the bracelets to monitor high-risk sex
23.15	offenders who are on supervised release,
23.16	conditional release, parole, or probation to
23.17	help ensure that the offenders do not violate
23.18	conditions of their release or probation.
23.19	END OF CONFINEMENT REVIEWS.
23.20	\$94,000 each year is for end of confinement
23.21	reviews.
23.22	COMMUNITY SURVEILLANCE AND
.23	SUPERVISION. \$1,370,000 each year is
23.24	to provide housing options to maximize
23.25	community surveillance and supervision.
23.26	INCREASE IN INTENSIVE
23.27	SUPERVISED RELEASE SERVICES.
23.28	\$1,800,000 each year is to increase intensive
23.29	supervised release services.
23.30	SEX OFFENDER ASSESSMENT
23.31	REIMBURSEMENTS. \$350,000 each year
٦.32	is to provide grants to reimburse counties
23.33	for reimbursements, their designee, or courts
23.34	for sex offender assessments as required
23.35	under Minnesota Statutes, section 609.3452,

24.1	subdivision 1, which is being renumbered as
24.2	section 609.3457.
24.3	SEX OFFENDER TREATMENT AND
24.4	POLYGRAPHS. \$1,250,000 each year
24.5	is to provide treatment for sex offenders
24.6	on community supervision and to pay for
24.7	polygraph testing.
24.8	INCREASED SUPERVISION OF SEX
24.9	OFFENDERS, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE
24.10	OFFENDERS, AND OTHER VIOLENT
24.11	OFFENDERS. \$1,500,000 each year is for
24.12	the increased supervision of sex offenders
24.13	and other violent offenders, including
24.14	those convicted of domestic abuse. These
24.15	appropriations may not be used to supplant
24.16	existing state or county probation officer
24.17	positions.
24.18	The commissioner shall distribute \$1,050,000
24.19	in grants each year to Community Corrections
24.20	Act counties and \$450,000 each year to the
24.21	Department of Corrections Probation and
24.22	Supervised Release Unit. The commissioner
24.23	shall distribute the funds to the Community
24.24	Corrections Act counties according to the
24.25	formula contained in Minnesota Statutes,
24.26	section 401.10.
24.27	Prior to the distribution of these funds, each
24.28	Community Corrections Act jurisdiction and
24.29	the Department of Corrections Probation
24.30	and Supervised Release Unit shall submit
24.31	to the commissioner an analysis of need
24.32	along with a plan to meet their needs and
24.33	reduce the number of sex offenders and other
24.34	violent offenders, including domestic abuse
24.35	offenders, on probation officer caseloads.

25.1	COUNTY PROBATION OFFICERS.
~~	\$500,000 each year is to increase county
د.دے	probation officer reimbursements.
25.4	INTENSIVE SUPERVISION AND
25.5	AFTERCARE FOR CONTROLLED
25.6	SUBSTANCES OFFENDERS; REPORT.
25.7	\$600,000 each year is for intensive
25.8	supervision and aftercare services for
25.9	controlled substances offenders released
25.10	from prison under Minnesota Statutes,
25.11	section 244.055. These appropriations are
25.12	not added to the department's base budget.
3	By January 15, 2008, the commissioner
25.14	shall report to the chairs and ranking
25.15	minority members of the senate and house
25.16	of representatives committees and divisions
25.17	having jurisdiction over criminal justice
25.18	policy and funding on how this appropriation
25.19	was spent.
25.20	REPORT ON ELECTRONIC
25.21	MONITORING OF SEX OFFENDERS.
25.22	By March 1, 2006, the commissioner shall
3	report to the chairs and ranking minority
25.24	members of the senate and house of
25.25	representatives committees and divisions
25.26	having jurisdiction over criminal justice
25.27	policy and funding on implementing an
25.28	electronic monitoring system for sex
25.29	offenders who are under community
25.30	supervision. The report must address the
25.31	following:
25.32	(1) the advantages and disadvantages in
.33	implementing this system, including the
25.34	impact on public safety;

26.1	(2) the types of sex offenders who should be
26.2	subject to the monitoring;
26.3	(3) the time period that offenders should be
26.4	subject to the monitoring;
26.5	(4) the financial costs associated with the
26.6	monitoring and who should be responsible
26.7	for these costs; and
26.8	(5) the technology available for the
26.9	monitoring.
26.10	ARTICLE 5
26.11	ENVIRONMENT, AGRICULTURE, AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
20.11	
26.12	Section 1. EMPLOYMENT AND
26.13	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
26.14	Subdivision 1. Business and community
26.15	development.
26.16	\$500,000 is appropriated to the BioBusiness
26.17	Alliance of Minnesota from the general
26.18	fund for completion of a study on the state's
26.19	bioscience industry and the development
26.20	of a strategic plan. This is a onetime
26.21	appropriation.
26.22	Subd. 2. Biotech partnership.
26.23	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,
26.24	section 295.581, in fiscal year 2007,
26.25	\$18,000,000 from the health care access
26.26	fund is appropriated to the commissioner
26.27	of employment and economic development
26.28	for the direct and indirect expenses of the
26.29	collaborative research partnership between
26.30	the University of Minnesota and the Mayo
26.31	Foundation for research in biotechnology
26.32	and medical genomics. The is a onetime

.1	appropriation. An annual report on the		
ગ	expenditure of this appropriation must be		
د.	submitted to the governor and the chairs		
.4	of the senate Higher Education Budget		
i	Division, the house of representatives		
	Higher Education Finance Committee,		
	the senate Environment, Agriculture, and		
	Economic Development Budget Division,	•	
	and the house of representatives Jobs and		
	Economic Opportunity Policy and Finance		
	Committee by June 30 of each fiscal year		-
	until the appropriation is expended. This		
	appropriation is available until expended.		
	Subd. 3. Petroleum tank release cleanup.		
	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section		
	115C.09, subdivision 2a, \$477,500 in fiscal		
	year 2007 and \$477,500 in fiscal year 2008		
	are appropriated from the petroleum tank		
	release cleanup fund to the commissioner of		•
	transportation for costs reimbursable under		
	Minnesota Statutes, section 115C.09, that		
	were incurred before January 1, 2004.		
	Sec. 2. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE		
	Health Care Access Fund	<u>-0-</u>	10,000,000
	Minnesota Comprehensive Health		
	Association assessment offset.		
	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes,		
	section 295.581, \$10,000,000 annually is		
	appropriated from the health care access fund		
	for a grant to the Minnesota Comprehensive		
	Health Association to be made available		
	on January 1 of each fiscal year to be used		
	to offset the annual assessments that are	•	

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28.1	required to be paid by each contrib	outing	
28.2	member according to Minnesota St	atutes,	
28.3	section 62E.11.		
28.4	Sec. 3. BOXING COMMISSION	N .	
28.5	General Fund	<u>-0-</u>	50,000
28.6	\$50,000 is appropriated to the Mini	nesota	
28.7	Boxing Commission from the gene	eral	
28.8	fund for the purposes of operating	and	
28.9	administering the commission. Th	<u>is</u>	
28.10	appropriation shall become the ann	ual	
28.11	base for future years. This appropr	iation	
28.12	is contingent upon passage of Boxi	ing	
28.13	Commission enabling statutes foun	d in	
28.14	sections 16 to 31.		
28.15	Sec. 4. LABOR AND INDUSTR	\mathbf{Y}	
28.16	General Fund	300,000	2,000,000
28.17	\$300,000 in fiscal year 2006 and \$2	,000,000	
28.18	in fiscal year 2007 is appropriated f	rom the	
28.19	general fund to the Department of L	abor and	
28.20	Industry for staffing and design of t	he first	
28.21	phase of development of a statewide	e license	
28.22	system.		
28.23	Sec. 5. DEPARTMENT OF AGR	CICULTURE	
28.24	General Fund	233,000	523,000
28.25	Subdivision 1. Invasive species co	ontrol.	
28.26	\$118,000 in 2006 and \$130,000 in	2007	
28.27	is appropriated to the Department of	<u>of</u>	
28.28	Agriculture from the general fund	<u>for</u>	
28.29	invasive species control activities.		

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29.3 \$40,000 in 2006 and is appropriated to the	_
	_
29.4 <u>is appropriated to the</u>	
	Department of
29.5 Agriculture from the	general fund to make
29.6 compensation payme	nts for livestock
29.7 <u>depredation and crop</u>	damage.
29.8 Subd. 3. Biofuels.	
29.9 <u>\$75,000 in 2006 and</u>	\$150,000 in 2007
29.10 <u>is appropriated to the</u>	Department of
1 Agriculture from the	general fund for
29.12 promotion of greater	public and private
29.13 <u>use of biofuels and ot</u>	her renewable energy
29.14 products that can be r	nade in Minnesota to
29.15 <u>replace petroleum sou</u>	irces.
29.16 Subd. 4. Plant path	ology.
29.17 <u>\$190,000 in 2007 is a</u>	ppropriated to the
29.18 Department of Agricu	lture from the general
29.19 <u>fund for plant pathological pathologi</u>	gy and biological
29.20 control facility operat	ions.
29.21 Sec. 6. BOARD OF	ANIMAL HEALTH
29.22 <u>\$277,000 in fiscal year</u>	r 2006 and \$408,000
29.23 <u>in fiscal year 2007 is</u>	appropriated to the
29.24 Board of Animal Hea	Ith from the general
29.25 <u>fund to eliminate boy</u>	ne tuberculosis from
29.26 <u>cattle herds in Minnes</u>	ota. This is a onetime
29.27 <u>appropriation.</u>	•
28 Sec. 7. LEGISLAT	VE COMMISSION ON
29.29 MINNESOTA RES	

30.1	\$300,000 is appropriated from the
30.2	environmental trust fund to the Legislative
30.3	Commission on Minnesota Resources for
30.4	development of a strategic long-range plan
30.5	for future expenditures to be made from the
30.6	environmental trust fund. The plan must
30.7	provide measurable outcomes and determine
30.8	areas of emphasis for trust fund future
30.9	expenditures.
30.10	Sec. 8. NATURAL RESOURCES
30.11	\$88,400 in fiscal year 2006 and \$132,000
30.12	in fiscal year 2007 are appropriated from
30.13	the general fund to the commissioner of
30.14	natural resources for bovine tuberculosis
30.15	surveillance and diagnosis to diminish the
30.16	risk of disease transmission in domestic
30.17	livestock.
30.18	\$600,000 is appropriated from the all-terrain
30.19	vehicle account in the natural resources fund
30.20	to the commissioner of natural resources for
30.21	the all-terrain vehicle grant-in-aid program
30.22	and rehabilitation and development of
30:23	all-terrain vehicle trails.
30.24	\$975,000 is appropriated from the general
30.25	fund to the commissioner of natural
30.26	resources for prevention and control of
30.27	harmful invasive species. Of this amount,
30.28	\$275,000 is for educational and enforcement
30.29	efforts with commercial businesses to reduce
30.30	the risk of introducing harmful invasive
30.31	species; \$250,000 is for reducing the impact
30.32	of terrestrial invasive species on state
30.33	recreational and forest lands; \$100,000 is for
80.34	implementing best management practices

31.1	designed to prevent the spread of invasive
<u></u> j	species from department field operations;
51. . 3	\$100,000 is for prevention education and
31.4	awareness programs; and \$250,000 is for
31.5	grants to local units of government and lake
31.6	associations to reduce the impacts of aquatic
31.7	invasive species.
31.8	Sec. 9. CLEAN WATER LEGACY
31.9	The appropriations in this section shall
31.10	be used to protect, restore, and preserve
31.11	the quality of Minnesota's surface waters.
12	Allowable activities include surface water
31.13.	assessments, program activities that target
31.14	identified impairments, and development of
31.15	total maximum daily load studies (TMDL's)
31.16	as required by section 303(d) of the federal
31.17	Clean Water Act, United States Code, title
31.18	33, section 1313(d) and applicable federal
31.19	regulations.
31.20	Unless otherwise specified, the
31.21	appropriations in this section are from
.22	the general fund and are available for
31.23	the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007.
31.24	Appropriations in this section that are
31.25	encumbered under contract, including grant
31.26	contracts, on or before June 30, 2007, are
31.27	available until June 30, 2009. All of the
31.28	appropriations under this section are onetime
31.29	appropriations.
31.30	POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY.
31.31	The following amounts are appropriated to
1.32	the commissioner of the Pollution Control
11 33	Agency for the nurposes stated

32.1	(1) \$1,800,000 for statewide assessment
32.2	of surface water quality and trends; of
32.3	this amount, up to \$1,010,000 is available
32.4	for grants or contracts to support citizen
32.5	monitoring of surface waters; and
32.6	(2) \$3,170,000 is available to develop
32.7	TMDL's for waters listed on the United
32.8	States Environmental Protection Agency
32.9	approved 2004 impaired waters list; of this
32.10	appropriation, up to \$1,740,000 is available
32.11	for grants or contracts to develop TMDL's.
32.12	PUBLIC FACILITIES AUTHORITY.
32.13	\$4,310,000 is appropriated to the Public
32.14	Facilities Authority for grants under
32.15	Minnesota Statutes, of which \$2,000,000 is
32.16	to the phosphorus reduction grant program
32.17	for grants under Minnesota Statutes, section
32.18	446A.073; \$1,000,000 is to the small
32.19	community wastewater treatment fund for
32.20	loans and grants under Minnesota Statutes,
32.21	section 446A.074; and \$1,310,000 is to
32.22	the water pollution control revolving fund
32.23	under Minnesota Statutes, section 446A.07,
32.24	for wastewater treatment and storm water
32.25	projects, and for total maximum daily load
32.26	grants under Minnesota Statutes, section
32.27	446A.075. These appropriations do not
32.28	cancel and are available until expended.
32.29	AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT. The
32.30	following amounts are appropriated to the
32.31	commissioner of agriculture for the purposes
32.32	stated:
32.33	(1) \$1,400,000 is for agricultural best
32.34	management practices low-interest loans to
32.35	producers and rural landowners and these

33.1	funds remain available until expended; of
	this amount, \$1,200,000 is available for
vs:3	pass-through to local governments and
33.4	lenders for low-interest loans;
33.5	(2) \$800,000 is available to expand technical
33.6	assistance to producers and conservation
33.7	professionals on nutrient and pasture
33.8	management; target practices to sources
33.9	of water impairments; coordinate federal
33.10	and state farm conservation programs to
33.11	fully utilize federal conservation funds; and
33.12	expand conservation planning assistance
13	for producers; of this amount, \$210,000 is
33.14	available for grants or contracts to develop
33.15	nutrient and conservation planning assistance
33.16	information materials; and
33.17	(3) \$400,000 is available for research,
33.18	evaluation, and effectiveness monitoring of
33.19	agricultural practices in restoring impaired
33.20	waters.
33.21 ⁻	BOARD OF WATER AND SOIL
33.22	RESOURCES. The following amounts are
.23	appropriated to the Board of Water and Soil
33.24	Resources for restoration and prevention
33.25	actions. Money appropriated as grants to
33.26	local governments shall be administered
33.27	through the Board of Water and Soil
33.28	Resources' existing local water resources
33.29	protection and management program under
33.30	Minnesota Statutes, section 103B.3369:
33.31	(1) \$1,500,000 is for targeted nonpoint
33.32	restoration cost-share and incentive
3.33د	payments; of this amount, up to \$1,400,000
33.34	in fiscal year 2007 is available for grants;

34.1	(2) \$2,000,000 is for targeted nonpoint
34.2	restoration technical, compliance, and
34.3	engineering assistance activities; up to
34.4	\$1,900,000 in fiscal year 2007 is available
34.5	for grants;
34.6	(3) \$200,000 is for reporting and evaluation
34.7	of applied soil and water conservation
34.8	practices;
34.9	(4) \$730,000 is for grants for implementation
34.10	of county individual sewage treatment
34.11	system programs; and
34.12	(5) \$1,500,000 is for grants to support local
34.13	nonpoint source protection activities related
34.14	to lake and river protection and management.
34.15	DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL
34.16	RESOURCES. The following amounts are
34.17	appropriated to the commissioner of natural
34.18	resources for the purposes stated:
34.19	(1) \$280,000 is for statewide assessment of
34.20	surface water quality and trends;
34.21	(2) \$1,000,000 is available for acquisition of
34.22	high priority, sensitive riparian lands; and
34.23	(3) \$850,000 is available for forest
34.24	stewardship planning and implementation;
34.25	for research, evaluation, and monitoring;
34.26	and for technical assistance to local units of
34.27	government.
34.28	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 3.737, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
34.29	Subdivision 1. Compensation required. (a) Notwithstanding section 3.736,
34.30	subdivision 3, paragraph (e), or any other law, a livestock owner shall be compensated
34.31	by the commissioner of agriculture for livestock that is destroyed by a gray wolf or is so
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crippled by a gray wolf that it must be destroyed. Except as provided in this section, the

owner is entitled to the fair market value of the destroyed livestock as determined by the

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commissioner, upon recommendation of a university extension agent or a conservation officer. In any calendar year, a livestock owner may not be compensated for a destroyed animal claim that is less than \$100 in value and may be compensated up to \$20,000 per claim, as determined under this section. In any calendar year, the commissioner may provide compensation for claims filed pursuant to this section and section 3.7371 to a total of \$100,000 for both programs combined.

- (b) Either the agent or the conservation officer must make a personal inspection of the site. The agent or the conservation officer must take into account factors in addition to a visual identification of a carcass when making a recommendation to the commissioner. The commissioner, upon recommendation of the agent or conservation officer, shall determine whether the livestock was destroyed by a gray wolf and any deficiencies in the owner's adoption of the best management practices developed in subdivision 5. The commissioner may authorize payment of claims only if the agent or the conservation officer has recommended payment. The owner shall file a claim on forms provided by the commissioner and available at the university extension agent's office.
 - Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 3.7371, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. Compensation. The crop owner is entitled to the target price or the market price, whichever is greater, of the damaged or destroyed crop plus adjustments for yield loss determined according to agricultural stabilization and conservation service programs for individual farms, adjusted annually, as determined by the commissioner, upon recommendation of the county extension agent for the owner's county. The commissioner, upon recommendation of the agent, shall determine whether the crop damage or destruction is caused by elk and, if so, the amount of the crop that is damaged or destroyed. In any calendar year, a crop owner may not be compensated for a damaged or destroyed crop that is less than \$100 in value and may be compensated up to \$20,000, as determined under this section, if normal harvest procedures for the area are followed. In any calendar year, the commissioner may provide compensation for claims filed pursuant to this section and section 3.737 to a total of \$100,000 for both programs combined.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2005 Supplement, section 115C.09, subdivision 3j, is amended to read:
 - Subd. 3j. Retail locations and transport vehicles. (a) As used in this subdivision, "retail location" means a facility located in the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2, where gasoline is offered for sale to the general public for use in

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automobiles and trucks. "Transport vehicle" means a liquid fuel cargo tank used to deliver gasoline into underground storage tanks during 2002 and or 2003 at a retail location.

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(b) Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, and any rules adopted under this chapter, the board shall reimburse 90 percent of an applicant's cost for retrofits of retail locations and transport vehicles completed between January 1, 2001, and January September 1, 2006, to comply with section 116.49, subdivisions 3 and 4, provided that the board determines the costs were incurred and reasonable. The reimbursement may not exceed \$3,000 per retail location and \$3,000 per transport vehicle.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective retroactively from August 1, 2003.

Sec. 13. [116J.656] SMALL BUSINESS ACCESS TO FEDERAL RESEARCH FUNDS.

- (a) The commissioner shall assist small businesses to access federal funds through the federal Small Business Innovation Research program and the Small Business

 Technology Transfer program. In providing this assistance, the commissioner shall maintain connections to 11 federal programs, access specific funding opportunities, review funding proposals, provide referrals to specific consulting services, and hold training workshops throughout the state.
- (b) Unless prohibited by federal law, the commissioner must implement fees for services that help companies seek federal Phase II Small Business Innovation Research grants. The fees must be deposited in a special revenue account and are annually appropriated to the commissioner for the Small Business Innovation Research and Small Business Technology Transfer programs.
- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 296A.18, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

 Subd. 4. All-terrain vehicle. Approximately 0.15 0.27 of one percent of all gasoline received in or produced or brought into this state, except gasoline used for aviation purposes, is being used for the operation of all-terrain vehicles in this state, and of the total revenue derived from the imposition of the gasoline fuel tax, 0.15 0.27 of one percent is the amount of tax on fuel used in all-terrain vehicles operated in this state.
 - Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 326.105, is amended to read:
- 36.30 **326.105 FEES.**

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The fee for licensure or renewal of licensure as an architect, professional engineer, land surveyor, landscape architect, or geoscience professional is \$120 per biennium.

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37.1	The fee for certification as a certified interior designer or for renewal of the certificate
	is \$120 per biennium. The fee for an architect applying for original certification as a
31.3	certified interior designer is \$50 per biennium. The initial license or certification fee for
37.4	all professions is \$120. The renewal fee shall be paid biennially on or before June 30 of
37.5	each even-numbered year. The renewal fee, when paid by mail, is not timely paid unless it
37.6	is postmarked on or before June 30 of each even-numbered year. The application fee is
37.7	\$25 for in-training applicants and \$75 for professional license applicants.
37.8	The fee for monitoring licensing examinations for applicants is \$25, payable by
37.9	the applicant.

Sec. 16. [341.21] **DEFINITIONS.**

Subdivision 1. Applicability. The definitions in this section apply to this chapter.

Subd. 2. Boxing "Boxing" means the set of attack and define a side of a section apply to this chapter.

Subd. 2. Boxing. "Boxing" means the act of attack and defense with the fists, using padded gloves, that is practiced as a sport under the rules of the World Boxing Association, the World Boxing Council, the International Boxing Federation, or equivalent. Where applicable, boxing includes full contact karate.

Subd. 3. Commission. "Commission" means the Minnesota Boxing Commission.

Subd. 4. Contest. "Contest" means any boxing or nontraditional fighting contest, match, or exhibition.

Subd. 5. Nontraditional fighting contest. "Nontraditional fighting contest" means any competition between two or more persons, with or without gloves, who use any combination of fighting skills, including boxing, wrestling, hitting, kicking, martial arts, and other combative full contact techniques. Nontraditional fighting contests include, but are not limited to, ultimate fighting, extreme fighting, elimination contests, cage fighting, mixed martial arts fighting, tough man contests, shoot fighting, and the like, but do not include kick boxing or any recognized martial arts competition.

Subd. 6. Professional. "Professional" means any person who competes for any money prize or a prize that exceeds the value of \$50 or teaches, pursues, or assists in the practice of boxing or nontraditional fighting as a means of obtaining a livelihood or pecuniary gain.

Subd. 7. Director. "Director" means the executive director of the commission.

Subd. 8. Tough man contest. "Tough man contest" means any boxing match

consisting of one-minute rounds between two or more persons who use their hands,

wearing padded gloves that weigh not less than 12 ounces, or their feet, or both, in any

manner. Tough man contest does not include kick boxing, any recognized martial arts

competition, or boxing as defined in subdivision 2.

Sec. 17. [341.22] BOXING COMMISSION.

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There is hereby created the Minnesota Boxing Commission, consisting of seven members who are citizens of this state. Three members of the commission shall be retired judges of the Minnesota district court, Minnesota Court of Appeals, Minnesota Supreme Court, the United States District Court for the District of Minnesota, or the Eighth Circuit Court of Appeals, two members shall be licensed medical doctors, and two members shall be boxers; no member may fulfill more than one of these requirements at a time. Membership terms, compensation of members, removal of members, the filling of membership vacancies, and fiscal year and reporting requirements shall be as provided in sections 214.07 to 214.09. The provision of staff, administrative services, and office space; the review and processing of complaints; the setting of fees; and other provisions relating to commission operations shall be as provided in chapter 214.

Sec. 18. [341.23] LIMITATIONS.

No member of the boxing commission shall directly or indirectly promote any boxing or nontraditional fighting contest, or directly or indirectly engage in the managing of any boxer or fighter or be interested in any manner in the proceeds from any boxing match or nontraditional fighting contest.

Sec. 19. [341.24] EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.

The commission may appoint, and at its pleasure remove, an executive director and prescribe the powers and duties of the office. The executive director shall not be a member of the commission. The commission may employ personnel necessary to the performance of its duties.

Sec. 20. [341.25] RULES.

- (a) The commission may adopt rules that include standards for the physical examination and condition of boxers, nontraditional fighters, and referees.
- (b) The commission may adopt other rules necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter, including, but not limited to, the conduct of boxing exhibitions, bouts, fights, and nontraditional fighting contests and events, and their manner, supervision, time, and place.

Sec. 21. [341.26] MEETINGS.

The commission shall hold a regular meeting quarterly and in addition may hold special meetings. Except as otherwise provided in law, all meetings of the commission

39.1	shall be open to the public and reasonable notice of the meetings shall be given under
- Annual Control of the Control of t	chapter 13D.

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39.3	Sec. 22. [341.27] COMMISSION DUTIES.
39.4	The commission shall:
39.5	(1) issue, deny, renew, suspend, or revoke licenses;
39.6	(2) make and maintain records of its acts and proceedings including the issuance,
39.7	denial, renewal, suspension, or revocation of licenses;
39.8	(3) keep public records of the commission open to inspection at all reasonable times;
39.9	(4) assist the director in the development of rules to be implemented under this
39.10	chapter; and
39.11	(5) conform to the rules adopted under this chapter.
39.12	Sec. 23. [341.28] REGULATION OF BOXING AND NONTRADITIONAL
39.13	FIGHTING CONTESTS.
39.14	Subdivision 1. Regulatory authority; boxing. All boxing contests are subject to
39.15	this chapter. Every contestant in a boxing contest shall wear padded gloves that weigh at
39.16	least eight ounces. The commission shall, for every boxing contest:
39.17	(1) direct a commission member to be present; and
39.18	(2) direct the attending commission member to make a written report of the contest.
39.19	All boxing contests within this state shall be conducted according to the requirements
39.20	of this chapter.
₹.21	Subd. 2. Regulatory authority; tough man contests. All tough man contests,
39.22	including amateur tough man contests, are subject to this chapter. Every contestant in a
39.23	tough man contest shall wear padded gloves that weight at least 12 ounces.
39.24	Subd. 3. Regulatory authority; nontraditional fighting. All nontraditional
39.25	fighting, including amateur nontraditional fighting contests, are subject to this chapter and
39.26	the rules adopted by the commission. Contestants in nontraditional fighting contests shall
39.27	not strike other contestants in the spinal column or in the back of the head, and shall not
39.28	strike with their knees or elbows.
39.29	Sec. 24. [341.29] JURISDICTION OF COMMISSION.

The commission shall: 39.30

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(1) have sole direction, supervision, regulation, control, and jurisdiction over all boxing contests, tough man contests, and nontraditional fighting contests held within this state unless a contest is exempt from the application of this chapter under federal law;

(2) have sole control, authority, and jurisdiction over all licenses required by this chapter; and

(3) grant a license to an applicant if, in the judgment of the commission, the financial responsibility, experience, character, and general fitness of the applicant are consistent with the public interest, convenience, or necessity and the best interests of boxing and conforms with this chapter and the commission's rules.

Sec. 25. [341.30] LICENSURE; PERSONS REQUIRED TO OBTAIN LICENSES; REQUIREMENTS; BACKGROUND INFORMATION; FEE; BOND.

Subdivision 1. Licensure; individuals. All referees, judges, matchmakers, promoters, trainers, ring announcers, timekeepers, ringside physicians, boxers, nontraditional fighters, boxers' managers, and boxers' seconds are required to be licensed by the commission. The commission shall not permit any of these persons to participate in the holding or conduct of any boxing contest unless the commission has first issued the person a license.

Subd. 2. Entity licensure. Before participating in the holding or conduct of any boxing or nontraditional fighting contest, a corporation, partnership, limited liability company, or other business entity organized and existing under law, its officers and directors, and any person holding 25 percent or more of the ownership of the corporation shall obtain a license from the commission and must be authorized to do business under the laws of this state.

Subd. 3. Background investigation. The commission shall require referees, judges, matchmakers, promoters, boxers, and nontraditional fighters' managers to furnish fingerprints and background information under commission rules before licensure. The commission shall charge a fee for receiving fingerprints and background information in an amount determined by the commission. The commission may require referees, judges, matchmakers, promoters, boxers, and nontraditional fighters' managers to furnish fingerprints and background information before license renewal if the commission determines that the fingerprints and background information are desirable or necessary. The fee may include a reasonable charge for expenses incurred by the commission or the Department of Public Safety. For this purpose, the commission and the Department of Public Safety may enter into an interagency agreement.

Subd. 4. Prelicensure requirements. (a) Before the commission issues a license to a promoter, matchmaker, corporation, or other business entity, the applicant shall:

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(1) provide the commission with a copy of any agreement between a contestant and the applicant which binds the applicant to pay the contestant a certain fixed fee or percentage of the gate receipts;

- (2) show on the application the owner or owners of the applicant entity and the percentage of interest held by each owner holding a 25 percent or more interest in the applicant;
- (3) provide the commission with a copy of the latest financial statement of the entity; and
- (4) provide the commission with a copy or other proof acceptable to the commission of the insurance contract or policy required by this chapter.
- (b) Before the commission issues a license to a promoter, the applicant shall deposit with the commission a cash bond or surety bond in an amount set by the commission.

 The bond shall be executed in favor of this state and shall be conditioned on the faithful performance by the promoter of the promoter's obligations under this chapter and the rules adopted under it.
- (c) Before the commission issues a license to a boxer or nontraditional fighter, the applicant shall submit to the commission the results of a current medical examination on forms furnished or approved by the commission. The medical examination must include an ophthalmological and neurological examination. The ophthalmological exam must be designed to detect any retinal defects or other damage or condition of the eye that could be aggravated by boxing or nontraditional fighting. The neurological examination must include an electroencephalogram or medically superior test if the boxer or nontraditional fighter has been knocked unconscious in a previous boxing, nontraditional fighting, or other athletic competition. The commission may also order an electroencephalogram or other appropriate neurological or physical exam before any contest, match, or exhibition if it determines that the examination is desirable to protect the health of the boxer or nontraditional fighter.

Sec. 26. [341.31] SIMULCAST LICENSES.

The commission shall issue a license to a person or organization holding, showing, or exhibiting a simultaneous telecast of any live, current, or spontaneous boxing or sparring match or nontraditional fighting exhibition or performance on a closed circuit telecast or subscription television program viewed within the state, whether originating in this state or elsewhere, and for which a charge is made. Each person or organization shall apply for such a license in advance of each showing. No showing may be licensed unless the person or organization applying for the license:

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72.1	(1) certifies that the materials subject to the jurisdiction and regulation of a boxing of
42.2	athletic regulatory authority in another state or country;
42.3	(2) certifies the match is in compliance with the requirements of the authority;
42.4	(3) identifies the authority; and
42.5	(4) provides any information the commission may require.
42.6	Sec. 27. [341.32] LICENSE FEES; EXPIRATION; RENEWAL.
42.7	Subdivision 1. Annual licensure. The commission may establish and issue annual
42.8	licenses subject to the collection of advance fees by the commission for: promoters,
42.9	matchmakers, managers, judges, referees, ring announcers, ringside physicians,
42.10	timekeepers, boxers, nontraditional fighters, boxers' trainers, boxers' seconds, business
42.11	entities filing for a license to participate in the holding of any boxing contest, and officers,
42.12	directors, or other persons affiliated with the business entity.
42.13	Subd. 2. Expiration and renewal. A license expires December 31 at midnight in
42.14	the year of its issuance and may be renewed on filing an application for renewal of a
42.15	license with the commission and payment of the license fee required in subdivision 1. An
42.16	application for a license and renewal of a license shall be on a form provided by the
42.17	commission. There is a 30-day grace period during which a license may be renewed if a
42.18	late filing penalty fee equal to the license fee is submitted with the regular license fee.
42.19	A licensee that files late shall not conduct any activity regulated by this chapter until the
42.20	commission has renewed the license. If the licensee fails to apply to the commission within
42.21	the 30-day grace period the licensee must apply for a new license under subdivision 1.
42.22	Sec. 28. [341.33] CONTESTANTS AND REFEREES; PHYSICAL
42.23	EXAMINATION; ATTENDANCE OF PHYSICIAN; PAYMENT OF FEES;
12.24	INSURANCE.
12.25	Subdivision 1. Examination by physician. All boxers, nontraditional fighters,
12.26	and referees shall be examined by a physician licensed by this state within three hours
12.27	before entering the ring, and the examining physician shall immediately file with the
12.28	commission a written report of the examination. The physician's examination shall report
12.29	on the condition of the boxer's heart and general physical and neurological condition. The
12.30	physician's report may record the condition of the boxer's nervous system and brain as
12.31	required by the commission. The physician may prohibit the boxer from entering the ring
12.32	if, in the physician's professional opinion, it is in the best interest of the boxer's health.
12.33	The cost of the examination is payable by the person or entity conducting the contest
12.34	or exhibition.

Subd. 2. Attendance of physician. Every person holding or sponsoring any boxing or nontraditional fighting contest shall have in attendance at every boxing contest a physician licensed by this state. The commission may establish a schedule of fees to be paid to each attending physician by the person holding or sponsoring the contest.

Sec. 29. [341.34] INSURANCE.

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Subdivision 1. Required insurance. The commission shall:

(1) require insurance coverage for a boxer or nontraditional fighter to provide for medical, surgical, and hospital care for injuries sustained in the ring in an amount of \$100,000 with \$25 deductible and payable to the boxer or nontraditional fighter as beneficiary; and

(2) require life insurance for a boxer or nontraditional fighter in the amount of \$50,000 payable in case of accidental death resulting from injuries sustained in the ring.

Subd. 2. Payment for insurance. The cost of the insurance required by this section is payable by the promoter.

Sec. 30. [341.35] PENALTIES FOR NONLICENSED EXHIBITIONS.

Any person or persons who send or cause to be sent, published, or otherwise made known, any challenge to fight what is commonly known as a prize fight, or engage in any public boxing or sparring match, or nontraditional exhibition or contest, with or without gloves, for any prize, reward or compensation, or for which any admission fee is charged directly or indirectly, or go into training preparatory for such fight, exhibition, or contest, or act as a trainer, aider, abettor, backer, umpire, referee, second, surgeon, assistant, or attendant at such fight, exhibition, or contest, or in any preparation for same, and any owner or lessee of any ground, building, or structure of any kind permitting the same to be used for any fight, exhibition, or contest, is guilty of a misdemeanor unless a license for the holding of the fight, exhibition, or contest has been issued by the commission in compliance with the rules adopted by it.

Sec. 31. [341.36] GROSS RECEIPTS TAX.

The promoter or promoters of all boxing or nontraditional fighting contests, shows, or exhibitions held under this chapter shall pay to the commissioner of finance, for credit to the Minnesota Boxing Commission account, a tax of five percent of the gross receipts from the contest or exhibition. This section also applies to all boxing, kick boxing, and nontraditional fighting contests or exhibitions that are simulcast or shown over closed circuit television and for which a fee is charged for the right to view the event in this state.

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A Boxing Commission account is created in the special revenue fund. Money in the account is annually appropriated to the Boxing Commission for the purposes of conducting its statutory responsibilities and obligations.

Sec. 33. [446A.074] CLEAN WATER LEGACY PHOSPHORUS REDUCTION GRANTS.

Subdivision 1. Creation of fund. The authority shall establish a clean water legacy capital improvement fund and shall make grants from the fund as provided in this section.

- Subd. 2. Grants. The authority shall award grants from the clean water legacy capital improvement fund to governmental units for the capital costs of wastewater treatment facility projects or a portion thereof that will reduce the discharge of total phosphorus from the facility to one milligram per liter or less. A project is eligible for a grant if it meets the following requirements:
- (1) the applicable phosphorus discharge limit is incorporated in a permit issued by the agency for the wastewater treatment facility on or after March 28, 2000, the grantee agrees to comply with the applicable limit as a condition of receiving the grant, or the grantee made improvements to a wastewater treatment facility on or after March 28, 2000, that include infrastructure to reduce the discharge of total phosphorus to one milligram per liter or less;
- (2) the governmental unit has submitted a facilities plan for the project to the agency and a grant application to the authority on a form prescribed by the authority; and
- (3) the agency has approved the facilities plan, and certified the eligible costs for the project to the authority.
- Subd. 3. Eligible capital costs. Eligible capital costs for phosphorus reduction grants under subdivision 4, paragraph (a), include the as-bid construction costs and engineering planning and design costs. Eligible capital costs for phosphorus reduction grants under subdivision 4, paragraph (b), include the final, incurred construction, engineering, planning, and design costs.
- Subd. 4. Grant amounts and priorities. (a) Priority must be given to projects that start construction on or after July 1, 2005. If a facility's plan for a project is approved by the agency before July 1, 2009, the amount of the grant is 75 percent of the eligible capital cost of the project. If a facility's plan for a project is approved by the agency on or after July 1, 2009, the amount of the grant is 50 percent of the eligible capital cost of the project. Priority in awarding grants under this paragraph must be based on the date of approval of the facility's plan for the project.

(b) Projects that meet the eligibility requirements in subdivision 2 and have started
construction before July 1, 2005, are eligible for grants to reimburse up to 75 percent of
the eligible capital cost of the project, less any amounts previously received in grants from
other sources. Application for a grant under this paragraph must be submitted to the
authority no later than June 30, 2007. Priority for award of grants under this paragraph
must be based on the date of agency approval of the facility plan.

(c) In each fiscal year that money is available for grants, the authority shall first award grants under paragraph (a) to projects that met the eligibility requirements of subdivision 2 by May 1 of that year. The authority shall use any remaining money available that year to award grants under paragraph (b). Grants that have been approved but not awarded in a previous fiscal year carry over and must be awarded in subsequent fiscal years in accordance with the priorities in this paragraph.

(d) Disbursements of grants under this section by the authority to recipients must be made for eligible project costs as incurred by the recipients, and must be made by the authority in accordance with the project financing agreement and applicable state law.

Subd. 5. Fees. The authority may charge the grant recipient a fee for its administrative costs not to exceed one-half of one percent of the grant amount, to be paid upon execution of the grant agreement.

Sec. 34. [446A.075] SMALL COMMUNITY WASTEWATER TREATMENT PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. Creation of fund. The authority shall establish a small community wastewater treatment fund and shall make loans and grants from the fund as provided in this section. Money in the fund is annually appropriated to the authority and does not lapse. The fund shall be credited with all loan repayments and investment income from the fund, and servicing fees assessed under section 446A.04, subdivision 5. The authority shall manage and administer the small community wastewater treatment fund, and for these purposes, may exercise all powers provided in this chapter.

Subd. 2. Loans and grants. (a) The authority shall award loans as provided in paragraph (b) and grants as provided in paragraphs (c) and (d) to governmental units from the small community wastewater treatment fund for projects to replace noncomplying individual sewage treatment systems with a community wastewater treatment system or systems meeting the requirements of section 115.55. A governmental unit receiving a loan or loan and grant from the fund shall own the community wastewater treatment systems built under the program and shall be responsible, either directly or through a contract

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46.1	with a private vendor, for all inspections, maintenance, and repairs necessary to assure
46.2	proper operation of the systems.
46.3	(b) Loans may be awarded for up to 100 percent of eligible project costs as described
46.4	in this section.
46.5	(c) When the area to be served by a project has a median household income below
46.6	the state average median household income, the governmental unit may receive 50
46.7	percent of the funding provided under this section in the form of a grant. An applicant
46.8	may submit income survey data collected by an independent party if it believes the most
46.9	recent United States census does not accurately reflect the median household income
46.10	of the area to be served.
46.11	(d) If requested, a governmental unit receiving funding under this section may
46.12	receive a grant equal to ten percent of its first year's award, up to a maximum of \$30,000,
46.13	to contract for technical assistance services from the University of Minnesota Extension
46.14	Service to develop the technical, managerial, and financial capacity necessary to build,
46.15	operate, and maintain the systems.
46.16	Subd. 3. Project priority list. Governmental units seeking loans or loans and grants
46.17	from the small community wastewater treatment program shall first submit a project
46.18	proposal to the agency on a form prescribed by the agency. A project proposal shall
46.19	include the compliance status for all individual sewage treatment systems in the project
46.20	area. The agency shall rank project proposals on its project priority list used for the water
46.21	pollution control revolving fund under section 446A.07.
46.22	Subd. 4. Applications. Governmental units with projects on the project priority
46.23	list shall submit applications to the authority on forms prescribed by the authority. The
46.24	application shall include:
46.25	(1) a list of the individual sewage treatment systems proposed to be replaced over a
46.26	period of up to three years;
46.27	(2) a project schedule and cost estimate for each year of the project;
46.28	(3) a financing plan for repayment of the loan; and
46.29	(4) a management plan providing for the inspection, maintenance, and repairs
46.30	necessary to ensure proper operation of the systems.
46.31	Subd. 5. Awards. The authority shall award loans or loans and grants as provided in
46.32	subdivision 2 to governmental units with approved applications based on their ranking
46.33	on the agency's project priority list. The total amount awarded shall be based on the
46.34	estimated project costs for the portion of the project expected to be completed within
46.35	one year, up to an annual maximum of \$500,000. For projects expected to take more
46.36	than one year to complete, the authority may make a multiyear commitment for a period

47.1	not to exceed three years, contingent on the future availability of funds. Each year of a
بحو	multiyear commitment must be funded by a separate loan or loan and grant agreement
د	meeting the terms and conditions in subdivision 6. A governmental unit receiving a loan
47.4	or loan and grant under a multiyear commitment shall have priority for additional loan and
47.5	grant funds in subsequent years.
47.6	Subd. 6. Loan terms and conditions. Loans from the small community wastewater
47.7	treatment fund shall comply with the following terms and conditions:
47.8	(1) principal and interest payments must begin no later than two years after the
17.9	loan is awarded;
47.10	(2) loans shall carry an interest rate of one percent;
47.11	(3) loans shall be fully amortized within ten years of the first scheduled payment
1 7.12	or, if the loan amount exceeds \$10,000 per household, shall be fully amortized within 20
3	years but not to exceed the expected design life of the system;
17.14	(4) a governmental unit receiving a loan must establish a dedicated source or sources
17.15	of revenues for repayment of the loan and must issue a general obligation note to the
17.16	authority for the full amount of the loan; and
17.17	(5) each property owner to be served by a community wastewater treatment system
17.18	under this program must provide an easement to the governmental unit to allow access to
17.19	the system for management and repairs.
17.20	Subd. 7. Special assessment deferral. (a) A governmental unit receiving a loan
17.21	under this section that levies special assessments to repay the loan may defer payment of
17.22	the assessments under the provisions of sections 435.193 to 435.195.
~23	(b) A governmental unit that defers payment of special assessments for one or more
24	properties under paragraph (a) may request deferral of that portion of the debt service on
17.25	its loan, and the authority shall accept appropriate amendments to the general obligation
17.26	note of the governmental unit. If special assessment payments are later received from
7.27	properties that received a deferral, the funds received shall be paid to the authority with
17.28	the next scheduled loan payment.
7.29	Subd. 8. Eligible costs. Eligible costs for small community wastewater treatment
17.30	loans and grants shall include the costs of technical assistance as provided in subdivision
7.31	2, paragraph (d), planning, design, construction, legal fees, administration, and land
7.32	acquisition.
7.33	Subd. 9. Disbursements. Loan and grant disbursements by the authority under this
./.34	section must be made for eligible project costs as incurred by the recipients, and must be
7.35	made in accordance with the project loan or grant and loan agreement and applicable
7.36	state law.

Subd. 10. Audits. A governmental unit receiving a loan under this section must annually provide to the authority for the term of the loan a copy of its annual independent audit or, if the governmental unit is not required to prepare an independent audit, a copy of the annual financial reporting form it provides to the state auditor.

Sec. 35. [446A.076] TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD GRANTS.

Subdivision 1. Program established. When money is appropriated for grants under this program, the authority shall make grants to municipalities to cover up to 50 percent of the cost of wastewater treatment or stormwater projects made necessary by wasteload reductions under total maximum daily load required by section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act, United States Code, title 33, section 1313(d), or up to 50 percent of the additional project costs described in subdivision 3, paragraph (b).

- Subd. 2. Grant application. Application for a grant shall be made to the authority on forms prescribed by the authority for the total maximum daily load grant program, with additional information as required by the authority, including a project schedule and cost estimate for the work necessary to comply with the point source wasteload allocation. The Pollution Control Agency shall review and certify approved projects to the authority.
- Subd. 3. Project priorities. (a) When money is appropriated for grants under this program, the authority shall reserve money for projects expected to start construction in the next 12 months in the order that:
- (1) their total maximum daily load was approved by the United States Environmental Protection Agency;
 - (2) their grant application is received by the authority; and
- (3) have the greatest load reduction as determined by the Pollution Control Agency.

 The authority shall reserve money for projects in an amount based on their most recent cost estimates submitted to the authority or the as-bid costs, whichever is less.
- (b) Any balances remaining after money is reserved for projects in paragraph (a) may be reserved for projects on the Pollution Control Agency's project priority list to cover additional costs associated with alternate wastewater disposal methods where discharge to an impaired water is prohibited due to the lack of TMDL approval by the United States Environmental Protection Agency.
- Subd. 4. Grant approval. The authority shall make a grant to a municipality, as defined in section 116.182, subdivision 1, only after:
- 48.33 (1) the commissioner of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency has certified to the

 48.34 United States Environmental Protection Agency a total maximum daily load for identified

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49.1	waters of this state that includes a point source wa	steload allocation, except	for projects
	described in subdivision 3, paragraph (b);		
49.3	(2) the Environmental Protection Agency ha	s approved the total maxir	num daily
49.4	load, except for projects described in subdivision 3	, paragraph (b);	
49.5	(3) a municipality for which money is reserve	ed has submitted the as-bio	d costs for its
49.6	wastewater treatment or stormwater projects to the	authority;	
49.7	(4) the Pollution Control Agency has review	ed and certified the projec	t to the
49.8	authority; and	,	
49.9	(5) the authority has determined that the addi	tional financing necessary	to complete
49.10	the project has been committed from other sources	<u> </u>	
49.11	Subd. 5. Grant disbursement. Disbursement	nt of a grant shall be made	for eligible
49.12	project costs as incurred by the municipality and in	accordance with a projec	t financing
3	agreement and applicable state and federal laws an	d rules governing the payr	ments.
49.14	Subd. 6. Fees. The authority may charge the	e grant recipient a fee for	its
49.15	administrative costs not to exceed one-half of one	percent of the grant amou	nt, to be
19.16	paid upon execution of the grant agreement.		
19.17	Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 446A	.12, subdivision 1, is amer	nded to read:
19.18	Subdivision 1. Bonding authority. The auth	ority may issue negotiable	bonds in a
19.19	principal amount that the authority determines necessary	essary to provide sufficien	t funds for
19.20	achieving its purposes, including the making of loa	ns and purchase of securi	ties, the
19.21	payment of interest on bonds of the authority, the e	stablishment of reserves to	o secure its
22	bonds, the payment of fees to a third party providing	g credit enhancement, and	the payment
19.23	of all other expenditures of the authority incident to	and necessary or conven-	ient to carry
19.24	out its corporate purposes and powers, but not incl	iding the making of grants	s. Bonds of
19.25	the authority may be issued as bonds or notes or in	any other form authorized	by law. The
19.26	principal amount of bonds issued and outstanding t	inder this section at any ti	me may not
19.27	exceed \$1,250,000,000 \$1,500,000,000, excluding	bonds for which refunding	g bonds or
19.28	crossover refunding bonds have been issued.		
			·
19.29	Sec. 37. Laws 2005, First Special Session chapt	er 1, article 2, section 11,	subdivision
19.30	5, is amended to read:		
9.31			5,038,000
19.32	Subd. 5. Fish and Wildlife Habitat	5,038,000	8,738,000

5,038,000

8,386,000

50.1	Summary by Fund	
50.2		
50.3	Trust Fund 5,038,00)0
		•
50.4	(a) Restoring Minnesota's Fish and Wildlife	
50.5	Habitat Corridors-Phase III	
50.6	\$2,031,000 the first year and \$2,031,000	
50.7	\$5,379,000 the second year are from the trust	
50.8	fund to the commissioner of natural resources	
50.9	for the third biennium for acceleration of	
50.10	agency programs and cooperative agreements	
50.11	with Pheasants Forever, Minnesota Deer	
50.12	Hunters Association, Ducks Unlimited,	
50.13	Inc., National Wild Turkey Federation,	
50.14	the Nature Conservancy, Minnesota Land	
50.15	Trust, the Trust for Public Land, Minnesota	
50.16	Valley National Wildlife Refuge Trust, Inc.,	
50.17	U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Red Lake	
50.18	Band of Chippewa, Leech Lake Band of	
50.19	Chippewa, Fond du Lac Band of Chippewa,	
50.20	USDA-Natural Resources Conservation	
50.21	Service, and the Board of Water and Soil	
50.22	Resources to plan, restore, and acquire	
50.23	fragmented landscape corridors that connect	
50.24	areas of quality habitat to sustain fish,	
50.25	wildlife, and plants. Expenditures are limited	
50.26	to the 11 project areas as defined in the	
50.27	work program. Land acquired with this	
50.28	appropriation must be sufficiently improved	
50.29	to meet at least minimum habitat and facility	
50.30	management standards as determined by	
50.31	the commissioner of natural resources.	
50.32	This appropriation may not be used for	
50.33	the purchase of residential structures,	
50.34	unless expressly approved in the work	

51.1	program. Any land acquired in fee title
- manufacture of the second	by the commissioner of natural resources
51.3	with money from this appropriation must be
51.4	designated: (1) as an outdoor recreation unit
51.5	under Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.07;
51.6	or (2) as provided in Minnesota Statutes,
51.7	sections 89.018, subdivision 2, paragraph (a);
51.8	97A.101; 97A.125; 97C.001; and 97C.011.
51.9	The commissioner may similarly designate
51.10	any lands acquired in less than fee title. This
51.11	appropriation is available until June 30, 2008,
51.12	at which time the project must be completed
3	and final products delivered, unless an earlier
51.14	date is specified in the work program.
51.15	(b) Metropolitan Area Wildlife
51.16	Corridors-Phase II
51.17	\$1,765,000 the first year and \$1,765,000 the
51.18	second year are from the trust fund to the
51.19	commissioner of natural resources for the
51.20	second biennium for acceleration of agency
51.21	programs and cooperative agreements with
51.22	the Trust for Public Land, Ducks Unlimited,
.23	Inc., Friends of the Mississippi River,
51.24	Great River Greening, Minnesota Land
51.25	Trust, Minnesota Valley National Wildlife
51.26	Refuge Trust, Inc., Pheasants Forever, Inc.,
51.27	and Friends of the Minnesota Valley for
51.28	the purposes of planning, improving, and
51.29	protecting important natural areas in the
51.30	metropolitan region, as defined by Minnesota
51.31	Statutes, section 473.121, subdivision 2,
51.32	and portions of the surrounding counties,
1.33	through grants, contracted services,
51.34	conservation easements, and fee acquisition.
51.35	Land acquired with this appropriation
51.36	must be sufficiently improved to meet at
	•

52.1	least minimum management standards as
52.2	determined by the commissioner of natural
52.3	resources. Expenditures are limited to the
52.4	identified project areas as defined in the
52.5	work program. This appropriation may
52.6	not be used for the purchase of residential
52.7	structures, unless expressly approved in the
52.8	work program. Any land acquired in fee title
52.9	by the commissioner of natural resources
52.10	with money from this appropriation must be
52.11	designated: (1) as an outdoor recreation unit
52.12	under Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.07;
52.13	or (2) as provided in Minnesota Statutes,
52.14	sections 89.018, subdivision 2, paragraph (a)
52.15	97A.101; 97A.125; 97C.001; and 97C.011.
52.16	The commissioner may similarly designate
52.17	any lands acquired in less than fee title. This
52.18	appropriation is available until June 30, 2008
52.19	at which time the project must be completed
52.20	and final products delivered, unless an earlier
52.21	date is specified in the work program.
52.22	(c) Development of Scientific and Natural
52.23	Areas
52.24	\$67,000 the first year and \$67,000 the
52.25	second year are from the trust fund to the
52.26	commissioner of natural resources to develop
52.27	and enhance lands designated as scientific
52.28	and natural areas. This appropriation is
52.29	available until June 30, 2008, at which time
52.30	the project must be completed and final
52.31	products delivered, unless an earlier date is
52.32	specified in the work program.
52.33	(d) Prairie Stewardship of Private Lands
52.34	\$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the
52.35	second year are from the trust fund to the

33.1	commissioner of natural resources to develop
·	stewardship plans and implement prairie
53.3	management on private prairie lands on a
53.4	cost-share basis with private or federal funds.
53.5	This appropriation is available until June
53.6	30, 2008, at which time the project must
53.7	be completed and final products delivered,
53.8	unless an earlier date is specified in the work
53.9	program.
53.10	(e) Local Initiative Grants-Conservation
53.11	Partners and Environmental Partnerships
52 12	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
.3	second year are from the trust fund to the
53.14	commissioner of natural resources to provide
53.15	matching grants of up to \$20,000 to local
53.16	government and private organizations for
53.17	enhancement, restoration, research, and
53.18	education associated with natural habitat and
53.19	environmental service projects. Subdivision
53.20	16 applies to grants awarded in the approved
53.21	work program. This appropriation is
53.22	available until June 30, 2008, at which time
	the project must be completed and final
53.24	products delivered, unless an earlier date is
-53.25	specified in the work program.
53.26	(f) Minnesota ReLeaf Community Forest
53.27	Development and Protection
53.28	\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the
53.29	second year are from the trust fund to
53.30	the commissioner of natural resources
53.31	for acceleration of the agency program
3.32	and a cooperative agreement with Tree
ر 3.33د	Trust to protect forest resources, develop
53.34	inventory-based management plans, and
53.35	provide matching grants to communities

54.1	to plant native trees. At least \$390,000 of
54.2	this appropriation must be used for grants
54.3	to communities. For the purposes of this
54.4	paragraph, the match must be a nonstate
54.5	contribution, but may be either cash or
54.6	qualifying in-kind. This appropriation is
54.7	available until June 30, 2008, at which time
54.8	the project must be completed and final
54.9	projects delivered, unless an earlier date is
54.10	specified in the work program.
54.11	(g) Integrated and Pheromonal Control of
54.12	Common Carp
54.13	\$275,000 the first year and \$275,000 the
54.14	second year are from the trust fund to the
54.15	University of Minnesota for the second
54.16	biennium to research new options for
54.17	controlling common carp. This appropriation
54.18	is available until June 30, 2009, at which
54.19	time the project must be completed and final
54.20	products delivered, unless an earlier date is
54.21	specified in the work program.
54.22	(h) Biological Control of European
54.23	Buckthorn and Garlic Mustard
54.24	\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the
54.25	second year are from the trust fund to
54.26	the commissioner of natural resources to
54.27	research potential insects for biological
54.28	control of invasive European buckthorn
54.29	species for the second biennium and to
54.30	introduce and evaluate insects for biological
54.31	control of garlic mustard. This appropriation
54.32	is available until June 30, 2008, at which
54.33	time the project must be completed and final
54.34	products delivered, unless an earlier date is
54 35	specified in the work program.

55.1 F-0 Aitkin, Cass, and Crow Wing Counties \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the 55.3 second year are from the trust fund to the 55.4 commissioner of natural resources for an 55.5 agreement with Aitkin County for a six-year 55.6 revolving loan fund to improve public and 55.7 private land ownership patterns, increase 55.8 management efficiency, and protect critical 55.9 habitat in Aitkin, Cass, and Crow Wing 55.10 Counties. By June 30, 2011, Aitkin County 55.11 shall repay the \$500,000 to the commissioner 55.12 of finance for deposit in the environment and natural resources trust fund. * (The 55.14 preceding text beginning "(i) Land Exchange 55.15 Revolving Fund" was indicated as vetoed by 55.16 the governor.) 55.17 Sec. 38. REPEALER. 55.18 Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 17.10, is repealed. 55.19 Sec. 39. EFFECTIVE DATE. 55.20 7,1 Sections 1 to 15 and 33 to 38 are effective the day following final enactment. Sections 16 to 32 are effective January 1, 2007. 55.22 ARTICLE 6 55.23 **HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES** 55.24 Section 1. HUMAN SERVICES 55.25 APPROPRIATIONS 55.26 SUMMARY BY FUND 55.27 **BIENNIAL** 55.28 2007 2006 TOTAL 29 \$ 40,233,000 \$ 60,963,000 \$ 101,196,000 General 55.30

	03/14/06	REVISOR	RR/KJ	06-6740
56.1	State Government Special	514.000	(22,000	1 126 000
56.2	Revenue Fund	514,000	622,000	1,136,000
56.3	Health Care Access Fund	500,000	25,654,000	26,154,000
56.4	Federal TANF	<u>-0-</u>	10,067,000	10,067,000
56.5	TOTAL \$	41,247,000 \$	97,306,000 \$	138,553,000
56.6 56.7 56.8 56.9			APPROPRIATION Available for the Ending June 2006	Year
56.10	Sec. 2. COMMISSIONER OF HU	MAN	·	
56.11	SERVICES		•	
56.10	Cultivision 1 Total Ammunusiation	Ф	27.002.000 Ф	70 000 000
56.12	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	<u>\$</u>	<u>37,903,000</u> \$	70,089,000
56.13	Summary by	Fund		
56.14	General	37,403,000	56,367,000	
56.15	Health Care Access Fund	500,000	3,654,000	
56.16	Federal TANF	<u>-0-</u>	10,067,000	
56.17	TANF MAINTENANCE OF EFFO	RT.		
56.18	(a) Notwithstanding Laws 2005, First	!	•	
56.19	Special Session chapter 4, article 9, se	ection		
56.20	2, subdivision 1, the commissioner sh	<u>all</u>		
56.21	ensure that for state fiscal year 2007,			
56.22	the maintenance of effort used by the			
56.23	commissioner of finance for the Febru	iary		
56.24	and November forecast required unde	<u>r</u>		
56.25	Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.103,			•
56.26	contains expenditures under the TANF	<u>F/MOE</u>		
56.27	rider, paragraph (a), clause (1) in Laws	s 2005,		
56.28	First Special Session chapter 4, article	<u>9,</u>	•	
56.29	section 2, subdivision 1, equal to at lea	ast 21		
56.30	percent of the total required under Coo	de of		
56.31	Federal Regulations, Title 45, section 2	263.1.	·	

57.1	(b) the commissioner may use up to		
- Andrews	\$5,000,000 per year of Department of		
57.3	Education qualified spending as child care		
57.4	development fund TANF maintenance of		
57.5	effort. The commissioner of education		
57.6	shall assist the commissioner in identifying		
57.7	eligible expenditures.		
57.8	INCREASE WORKING FAMILY		·
57.9	CREDIT EXPENDITURES TO BE		
57.10	CLAIMED FOR TANF/MOE. In addition		
57.11	to the amounts provided in Laws 2005, First		
57.12	Special Session chapter 4, article 9, section 2,		
3	subdivision 1, the commissioner may count		
57.14	the following amounts of working family		
57.15	credit expenditures as TANF/MOE:		
57.16	(1) fiscal year 2006, \$9,774,000		
57.17	(2) fiscal year 2007, \$12,886,000;		
57.18	(3) fiscal year 2008, \$27,686,000; and		
57.19	(4) fiscal year 2009, \$27,693,000.		
57.20	Notwithstanding any section to the contrary,		
57.21	this provision shall sunset June 30, 2009.		
22	Subd. 2. Children and Economic Assistan	<u>ce</u>	r.
23/ د	<u>Grants</u>		
			(7 450 000)
57.24	General	<u>-0-</u>	(7,452,000)
57.25	Federal TANF	<u>-0-</u>	10,067,000
57.26	(a) MFIP Child Care Assistance Grants		
57.27	General	<u>-0-</u>	(10,067,000)
57.28	Federal TANF	<u>-0-</u>	10,067,000
57.29	INCREASE TANF TRANSFER TO		·
7.30	FEDERAL CHILD CARE AND		
57.31	DEVELOPMENT FUND. (a) In addition		
57.32	to the TANF amounts provided in Laws		
57.33	2005, First Special Session chapter 4,		

Article 6 Sec. 2.

50.1	article 3, section 2, subdivisions 3 and
58.2	4, \$10,067,000 in fiscal year 2007 is
58.3	appropriated to the commissioner for the
58.4	purposes of MFIP/transition year child care
58.5	under Minnesota Statutes, section 119B.05
58.6	and shall be added to the base for fiscal
58.7	years 2008 and 2009. This amount shall not
58.8	become part of the base for fiscal year 2010.
58.9	The commissioner shall authorize transfer
58.10	of sufficient TANF funds to the federal
58.11	child care and development fund to meet
58.12	this appropriation and shall ensure that all
58.13	transferred funds are expended according to
58.14	the federal child care and development fund
58.15	regulations. Notwithstanding any section to
58.16	the contrary, this paragraph shall sunset June
58.17	<u>30, 2009.</u>
58.18	(b) Basic Sliding Fee Child Care Assistance
58.19	Grants
58.20	BASIC SLIDING FEE ALLOCATIONS;
58.21	CONVERSION TO AUTOMATED
58.22	SYSTEM. As determined by the
58.23	commissioner, counties may use up to six
58.24	percent of either calendar year 2008 or 2009
58.25	allocations under Minnesota Statutes, section
58.26	119B.03, to fund accelerated payments that
58.27	may occur during the preceding calendar
58.28	year during conversion to the automated
58.29	child care assistance program system. If
58.30	conversion occurs over two calendar years,
58.31	counties may use up to three percent of the
58.32	combined calendar year allocations to fund
58.33	accelerated payments. Funding advanced
58.34	under this rider shall be considered part of
58.35	the allocation from which it was originally
58.36	advanced for purposes of setting future

59.1	allocations under Minnesota Statutes, section				
جم	119B.03, subdivisions 6, 6a, 6b, and 8, and				
و.رد	shall include funding for administrative costs				
59.4	under Minnesota Statutes, section 119B.15.				
59.5	Notwithstanding the provisions of any				
59.6	section to the contrary, this provision shall				
59.7	sunset December 31, 2009.				
59.8	CHILD CARE AND DEVELOPMENT				
59.9	FUND; FEDERAL DEFICIT				
59.10	REDUCTION ACT OF 2005. Increased				
59.11	child care funds from the federal Deficit		٠		
59.12	Reduction Act of 2005 may be allocated by				
3	the commissioner for the basic sliding fee	4			
59.14	child care program.				
59.15	(c) Children's Services Grants				
59.16	General	<u>-0-</u>		2,615	,000
59.17	CHILDREN'S SERVICES GRANTS				
59.18	BASE LEVEL ADJUSTMENT. The				
59.19	general fund base for children's services				
59.20	grants shall be increase by \$7,845,000 in			,	
59.21	fiscal year 2008 and \$11,485,000 in fiscal				
2	<u>year 2009.</u>				
59.23	(d) Children's and Community Services				
59.24	Grants				
59.25	CHILDREN AND COMMUNITY	-			
59.26	SERVICES GRANTS BASE LEVEL				
59.27	ADJUSTMENT. The general fund base for				
59.28	children and community service grants shall		٠		-
59.29	be decreased by \$2,849,000 in fiscal year				
59.30	2009 for the implementation of the mental				
59.31	health payment model.				
9.32د	CHILDREN AND COMMUNITY				
59.33	SERVICES GRANTS. Notwithstanding				
59.34	Minnesota Statutes, section 256M.50,				

	03/14/06	REVISOR	RR/KJ
60.1	supplemental social service block grant f	funds	
60.2	of \$153,936 appropriated under the fede		
60.3	2005 Department of Defense Appropriat		
60.4	Act, Public Law 109-148, shall be alloca	ated	•
60.5	proportionately to those counties that ser	rved	
60.6	hurricane evacuees and reported those		
60.7	services on the Social Service Information	<u>on</u>	
60.8	System (SSIS).		
60.9	Subd. 3. Children and Economic Assi	istance	
60.10	Management		·
60.11	General	<u>-0-</u>	<u>19,000</u>
60.12	(a) Children's and Economic		
60.13	Assistance Operations	<u>-0-</u>	19,000
60.14	CHILDREN AND ECONOMIC		•
60.15	ASSISTANCE OPERATIONS BASE		
60.16	LEVEL ADJUSTMENT. The general f	<u>und</u>	
60.17	base for children and economic assistance	<u>ce</u>	•
60.18	operations shall be decreased by \$19,000) in	
60.19	fiscal year 2008 and \$19,000 in fiscal ye	<u>ar</u>	
60.20	<u>2009.</u>		
60.21	CHILDREN AND ECONOMIC		·
60.22	ASSISTANCE OPERATIONS. The TA	ANF	
60.23	base for children and economic assistance	<u>ce</u>	
60.24	operations shall be reduced by \$33,000 is	<u>in</u>	
60.25	fiscal year 2008 and \$33,000 in fiscal year	<u>ar</u>	
60.26	2009.		
60.27	Subd. 4. Health Care Grants		
60.28	Summary by F	<u>fund</u>	
60.29	General	<u>-0-</u>	4,439,000
60.30	Health Care Access	-0-	(299,000)
		· 	
60.31	(a) MinnesotaCare Grants		•
60.32	Health Care Access	<u>-0-</u>	(299,000)
	Article 6 Sec. 2.	60	

06-6740

61.1	TRANSFER TO MINNESOTA		
7	PHARMACY ACCESS ACCOUNT.		•
دسو	Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, sectio	<u>n</u>	
61.4	295.581, the commissioner of finance shall		÷
61.5	transfer \$1,576,000 from the health care		
61.6	access fund to the Minnesota pharmacy		
61.7	access account in fiscal year 2008, \$990,000	<u>.</u>	
61.8	in fiscal year 2009. Notwithstanding any		
61.9	section to the contrary, this section shall		
61.10	sunset June 30, 2009.		
61.11	(b) Medical Assistance Basic Health Care -	- Families	and Children
~12	General	<u>-0-</u>	75,000
61.13	(c) Medical Assistance Basic Health Care -	Elderly ar	nd Disabled
61.14	General	<u>-0-</u>	(472,000)
61.15	(d) General Assistance Medical Care		
61.16	General	<u>-0-</u>	4,836,000
61.17	Subd. 5. Health Care Management		
61.18	Summary by Fund	1	
19	General	<u>-0-</u>	1,291,000
61.20	Health Care Access	<u>-0-</u>	2,595,000
61.21	(a) Health Care Administration		
61.22	General	<u>-0-</u>	1,253,000
61.23	Health Care Access	<u>-0-</u>	780,000
61.24	HEALTH CARE ADMINISTRATION		
61.25	BASE LEVEL ADJUSTMENT.		
61.26	The general fund base for health care		
61.27	administration shall be increased by		
:28	\$270,000 in fiscal year 2008 and decreased		
61.29	by \$307,000 in fiscal year 2009.		

62.1	HEALTH CARE ADMINISTRATION	N	
62.2	BASE LEVEL ADJUSTMENT. The		
62.3	health care access fund base for health		
62.4	care administration shall be increased by	<u>Y</u>	
62.5	\$237,000 in fiscal year 2008 and \$237,000	<u>00 in</u>	
62.6	fiscal year 2009.		
62.7	(b) Health Care Operations		
62.8	General	<u>-0-</u>	<u>38,000</u>
62.9	Health Care Access	<u>-0-</u>	1,815,000
62.10	HEALTH CARE OPERATIONS BAS	<u>SE</u>	
62.11	LEVEL ADJUSTMENT. The general to	fund	
62.12	base for health care operations shall be		
62.13	decreased by \$14,000 in fiscal year 2008	3 and	•
62.14	increased by \$56,000 in fiscal year 2009	<u>.</u>	
62.15	HEALTH CARE OPERATIONS BAS	<u>SE</u>	
62.16	LEVEL ADJUSTMENT. The health ca	are	
62.17	access fund base for health care operation	ons	
62.18	shall be decreased by \$1,180,000 in fisc	<u>al</u>	
62.19	year 2008 and \$1,180,000 in fiscal year 2	2009.	
62.20	Subd. 6. Continuing Care Grants		
62.21	Summary by I	Fund	
62.22	General	<u>-0-</u>	594,000
62.23	Health Care Access	500,000	1,250,000
62.24	(a) Aging and Adult Grants		
62.25	Health Care Access	500,000	1,250,000
62.26	AGING AND ADULT SERVICES		•
62.27	GRANTS FOR MEDICARE PART D	<u> </u>	
62.28	ASSISTANCE. \$500,000 in fiscal year		
62.29	2006 and \$1,250,000 in fiscal year 2007	<u>7</u>	
62.30	is appropriated to the commissioner of		
62.31	human services for grants awarded throu	<u>igh</u> .	•
62.32	the Minnesota Board on Aging to Area		
	Article 6 Sec. 2.	62	

63.1	Agencies on Aging to provide information	* ***	
<i>f</i> -3	and enrollment assistance for the Medicare		
د.دن	Part D program.		
63.4	AGING AND ADULT SERVICES		
63.5	GRANTS BASE ADJUSTMENT. The		•
63.6	health care access fund base for aging		
63.7	and adult services grants is decreased by	٠.	
63.8	\$100,000 in fiscal year 2008 and \$100,000		
63.9	in fiscal year 2009 for information and		
63.10	assistance grants to area agencies on aging		
63.11	for assisting with Medicare Part D.		
63.12	MEDICARE PART D INFORMATION		
3	AND ASSISTANCE REIMBURSEMENT.		
63.14	Federal administrative reimbursement		
63.15	obtained from information and assistance		
63.16	services provided by the Senior Linkage or		
63.17	Disability Linkage lines to people who are		
63.18	identified as eligible for medical assistance		-
63.19	shall be appropriated to the commissioner		
63.20	for this activity.		
63.21	(b) Alternative Care Grants		
2	General	<u>-0-</u>	3,337,000
63.23	ALTERNATIVE CARE BASE LEVEL		
63.24	ADJUSTMENT. Base level funding for		
63.25	alternative care grants shall be reduced		
63.26	by \$1,737,000 in fiscal year 2008 and		
63.27	\$2,504,000 in fiscal year 2009 to adjust base		
63.28	funding for projected caseload needs.		
63.29	(c) Medical Assistance Long-term Care Facil	ities	
63.30	General	<u>-0-</u>	(115,000)
31	(d) Medical Assistance Long-term Care Waiv	vers	
63.32	General	<u>-0-</u>	(415,000)

64.1	(e) Mental Health Grants		
64.2	General	<u>-0-</u>	(2,213,000)
64.3	MENTAL HEALTH GRANTS BASE		
64.4	LEVEL ADJUSTMENT. The general		
64.5	fund base for mental health grants shall		
64.6	be decreased by \$3,011,000 in fiscal year		
64.7	2008 and \$6,661,000 in fiscal year 2009 for		
64.8	implementation of the mental health payment		
64.9	model.		
64.10	Subd. 7. Continuing Care Management		
64.11	<u>General</u>	<u>-0-</u>	663,000
64.12	Health Care Access	<u>-0-</u>	108,000
64.13	CONTINUING CARE MANAGEMENT		
64.14	BASE LEVEL ADJUSTMENT. The		
64.15	general fund base for continuing care		
64.16	management shall be decreased by \$120,000		
64.17	in fiscal year 2008 and \$306,000 in fiscal		
64.18	<u>year 2009.</u>		
64.19	CONTINUING CARE MANAGEMENT		
64.20	BASE LEVEL ADJUSTMENT. The health		
64.21	care access fund base for continuing care		
64.22	management shall be decreased by \$10,000		
64.23	in fiscal year 2008 and \$10,000 in fiscal year		
64.24	<u>2009.</u>		
64.25	Subd. 8. State-Operated Services		
64.26	General 37,403	3,000	56,813,000
64.27	MINNESOTA SECURITY HOSPITAL.		
64.28	For the purposes of enhancing the safety		
64.29	of the public, improving supervision, and		
64.30	enhancing community-based mental health		
64.31	treatment, state-operated services may		

65-2	for providing treatment and supervision			
ر.رنا	of clients who have been ordered into a			
65.4	less restrictive alternative of care from the			
65.5	state-operated services transition services			
65.6	program consistent with Minnesota Statutes,			•
65.7	section 246.014.			
65.8	SEX OFFENDER EPIDEMIOLOGY			
65.9	STUDY. \$200,000 is appropriated in fiscal			
65.10	year 2007 to the commissioner of human			
65.11	services to address the problem of children			
65.12	and juveniles at risk of becoming a criminal			
	or predatory sex offender. \$100,000 shall			
65.14	be used to study the occurrence, severity,			
65.15	types, causal factors, intervention methods,			
65.16	available treatment, success factors, or			
65.17	service gaps of this population. \$100,000		·	•
65.18	shall be used to develop a multifaceted			
65.19	approach to intervening prior to a sex crime			
65.20	committed by this population.			
65.21	STATE-OPERATED SERVICES BASE			
65.22	LEVEL ADJUSTMENT. The general fund			
1	base for state-operated services is increased			
65.24	by \$8,499,000 in fiscal year 2008 and			
65.25	decreased by \$1,125,000 in fiscal year 2009.			
65.26	Sec. 3. COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH			
65.27	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation		-0-	22,000,000
03.27	Subdivision 1. Iotal Appropriation		<u>-0-</u>	22,000,000
65.28	Summary by Fund			
65.29	Health Care Access Fund	<u>-0-</u>	22,000,000	
	·			
,0	The appropriations in this section are			
65.31	from the health care access fund to the			
65.32	commissioner of health. The appropriations			

65.1

66.1	are added to appropriations in Laws 2005,
66.2	First Special Session chapter 4, article 9,
66.3	section 3.
66.4	PANDEMIC INFLUENZA
66.5	PREPAREDNESS. \$10,500,000 is
66.6	for preparation, planning, and response to
66.7	an outbreak of influenza. Of this amount,
66.8	the commissioner of health shall transfer
66.9	\$1,100,000 to the commissioner of public
66.10	safety, \$100,000 to the commissioner
66.11	of natural resources, \$100,000 to the
66.12	commissioner of human services, \$100,000
66.13	to the attorney general, \$100,000 to the
66.14	commissioner of transportation, \$100,000 to
66.15	the commissioner of education, \$100,000
66.16	to the commissioner of military affairs,
66.17	\$100,000 to the commissioner of employee
66.18	relations, and \$100,000 to the Board of
66.19	Animal Health to add necessary staff and
66.20	resources for agency-specific influenza
66.21	preparedness efforts.
66.22	HEALTH INFORMATION
66.23	TECHNOLOGY. \$12,000,000 is for
66.24	improving health information technology
66.25	statewide. This appropriation is available
66.26	until June 30, 2009. Of this amount,
66.27	\$500,000 in each of fiscal years 2007,
66.28	2008, and 2009 is to operate the E-Health
66.29	Coordination and Evaluation Center. The
66.30	balance shall be used to provide health
66.31	information technology matching grants
66.32	according Minnesota Statutes, section
66.33	144.366.
66.34	IMMIGRANT HEALTH. \$500,000 is to
66.35	improve health care for immigrant families.

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67.1	(1) \$200,000 is to reimburse local pub	lic		
<i>(</i> =-2	health agencies for case management of			
٠٠	individuals with tuberculosis; (2) \$90,0			٠
67.4	is to provide tuberculosis treatment			
67.5	medications to individuals who are unir	nsured		
67.6	or underinsured; and (3) \$210,000 is			
67.7	to provide perinatal hepatitis B case			
67.8	management services to women and th	eir		
67.9	families.			
67.10	Sec. 4. <u>VETERANS NURSING HO</u>	<u>MES</u>		
67.11	BOARD		2,830,000	4,596,000
2	This appropriation is added to appropria	ations		
67.13	in Laws 2005, First Special Session cha	apter	•	
67.14	4, article 9, section 4.			
67.15	BASE ADJUSTMENT. The general for	und		
67.16	base is increased by \$8,541,000 in fisca		٠	
67.17	2008 and \$8,541,000 in fiscal year 2009	9 for		
67.18	the Veterans Homes Board.			
67.19	Sec. 5. HEALTH-RELATED BOAR	<u>RDS</u>		
30	Subdivision 1. State Government Sp	ecial		
٥/.21	Revenue		514,000	622,000
67.22	Subd. 2. Board of Chiropractic Exam	<u>niners</u>	5,000	<u>5,000</u>
67.23	BOARD OF CHIROPRACTIC			
67.24	EXAMINERS APPROPRIATION			
67.25	INCREASE. (a) This appropriation is	·		
67.26	added to appropriations in Laws 2005,			
67.27	First Special Session chapter 4, article	9,		
67.28	section 5, subdivision 3. This is a oneti	me		
29	appropriation.			
67.30	(b) This increase is to correct programm	ning		
67.31	difficulties incurred during implementar	tion		
67.32	of payment processing changes.			
	Article 6 Sec. 5.	67		

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68.1	Subd. 3. Board of Dentistry		<u>-0-</u>	67,000
68.2	BOARD OF DENTISTRY			
68.3	APPROPRIATION INCREASE.			
68.4	(a) This appropriation is added to	4		
68.5	appropriations in Laws 2005, First Special	<u>[</u>		
68.6	Session chapter 4, article 9, section 5,			
68.7	subdivision 4.			
68.8	(b) This increase is to retain a legal analyst	<u>st</u>		
68.9	as part of the board staff.			
68.10	Subd. 4. Board of Medical Practice		500,000	500,000
68.11	BOARD OF MEDICAL PRACTICE			
68.12	INCREASE. (a) This appropriation is			
68.13	added to appropriations in Laws 2005,			
68.14	First Special Session chapter 4, article 9,			
68.15	section 5, subdivision 7. This is a onetime	<u>2</u>		
68.16	appropriation.			
68.17	(b) This increase is to cover higher than			•
68.18	expected costs of investigation and legal			
68.19	action.			
68.20	Subd. 5. Board of Physical Therapy		9,000	<u>-0-</u>
68.21	BOARD OF PHYSICAL THERAPY			
68.22	APPROPRIATION INCREASE. (a) Thi	<u>s</u>		
68.23	appropriation is added to appropriations in	<u>l</u>		
68.24	Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 4	<u>1,</u>		
68.25	article 9, section 5, subdivision 12. This is	a		
68.26	onetime appropriation.			
68.27	(b) This increase is to correct programmin	g		
68.28	difficulties incurred during implementation	<u>1</u>		
68.29	of payment processing changes.			
68.30	Subd. 6. Emergency Medical Services E	Board	<u>-0-</u>	50,000
68.31	EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES			
68.32	BOARD APPROPRIATION INCREAS	<u>E.</u>		
	Article 6 Sec. 5.	68		

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69.1	(a) This appropriation is added to
K. Harrison V.	appropriations in Laws 2005, First Special
<i>د</i> .رما	Session chapter 4, article 9, section 5,
69.4	subdivision 12.
69.5	(b) This increase is to be spent by the health
69.6	professional service program from the state
69.7	government special revenue fund.
69.8	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2005 Supplement, section 16A.724, subdivision 2, is
69.9	amended to read:
69.10	Subd. 2. Transfers. (a) Notwithstanding section 295.581, to the extent available
69.11	resources in the health care access fund exceed expenditures in that fund, effective with
	the biennium beginning July 1, 2007, the commissioner of finance shall transfer the excess
69.13	funds from the health care access fund to the general fund on June 30 of each year,
69.14	provided that the amount transferred in any fiscal biennium shall not exceed \$96,000,000
69.15	<u>\$126,582,000</u> .
69.16	(b) For fiscal years 2006 to 2009, MinnesotaCare shall be a forecasted program, and,
69.17	if necessary, the commissioner shall reduce these transfers from the health care access
69.18	fund to the general fund to meet annual MinnesotaCare expenditures or, if necessary,
69.19	transfer sufficient funds from the general fund to the health care access fund to meet
69.20	annual MinnesotaCare expenditures.
1	Sec. 7. [144.366] INTERCONNECTED ELECTRONIC HEALTH RECORD
69.22	GRANTS.
69.23	Subdivision 1. Definitions. The following definitions are used for the purposes
69.24	of this section.
69.25	(a) "Eligible community e-health collaborative" means an existing or newly
69.26	established collaborative to support the adoption and use of interoperable electronic
69.27	health records. A collaborative must consist of at least three or more eligible health
69.28	care entities in at least two of the categories listed in paragraph (b) and have a focus on
69.29	interconnecting the members of the collaborative for secure and interoperable exchange of
69.30	health care information.
31	(b) "Eligible health care entity" means one of the following:
09.32	(1) community clinics, as defined under section 145.9268;

Article 6 Sec. 7.

in section 144.148;

69.33

69.34

(2) hospitals eligible for rural hospital capital improvement grants, as defined

70.1	(3) physician clinics located in a community with a population of less than 50,000
70.2	according to United States Census Bureau statistics and outside the seven-county
70.3	metropolitan area;
70.4	(4) nursing facilities licensed under sections 144A.01 to 144A.27;
70.5	(5) community health boards as established under chapter 145A;
70.6	(6) nonprofit entities with a purpose to provide health information exchange
70.7	coordination governed by a representative, multi-stakeholder board of directors; and
70.8	(7) other providers of health or health care services approved by the commissioner
70.9	for which interoperable electronic health record capability would improve quality of
70.10	care, patient safety, or community health.
70.11	Subd. 2. Grants authorized. The commissioner of health shall award grants to
70.12	eligible community e-health collaborative projects to improve the implementation and
70.13	use of interoperable electronic health records including but not limited to the following
70.14	projects:
70.15	(1) collaborative efforts to host and support fully functional interoperable electronic
70.16	health records in multiple care settings;
70.17	(2) electronic medication history and electronic patient registration information;
70.18	(3) electronic personal health records for persons with chronic diseases and for
70.19	prevention services;
70.20	(4) rural and underserved community models for electronic prescribing; and
70.21	(5) enabling local public health systems to rapidly and electronically exchange
70.22	information needed to participate in community e-health collaboratives or for public
70.23	health emergency preparedness and response.
70.24	Grant funds may not be used for construction of health care or other buildings or
70.25	facilities.
70.26	Subd. 3. Allocation of grants. (a) To receive a grant under this section, an eligible
70.27	community e-health collaborative must submit an application to the commissioner of
70.28	health by the deadline established by the commissioner. A grant may be awarded upon the
70.29	signing of a grant contract. In awarding grants, the commissioner shall give preference to
70.30	projects benefiting providers located in rural and underserved areas of Minnesota which
70.31	the commissioner has determined have an unmet need for the development and funding
70.32	of electronic health records. Applicants may apply for and the commissioner may award
70.33	grants for one-year, two-year, or three-year periods.
70.34	(b) An application must be on a form and contain information as specified by the
70.35	commissioner but at a minimum must contain:
70.36	(1) a description of the purpose or project for which grant funds will be used;

1	(2) a description of the problem or problems the grant funds will be used to address,
ર્	including an assessment likelihood of the project occurring absent grant funding;
٠	(3) a description of achievable objectives, a workplan, budget, budget narrative, a
4	project communications plan, a timeline for implementation and completion of processes
5	or projects enabled by the grant, and an assessment of privacy and security issues and a
	proposed approach to address these issues;
	(4) a description of the health care entities and other groups participating in the
	project, including identification of the lead entity responsible for applying for and
	receiving grant funds;
	(5) a plan for how patients and consumers will be involved in development of
	policies and procedures related to the access to and interchange of information;
	(6) evidence of consensus and commitment among the health care entities and others
	who developed the proposal and are responsible for its implementation; and
	(7) a plan for documenting and evaluating results of the grant.
	(c) The commissioner shall review each application to determine whether the
	application is complete and whether the applicant and the project are eligible for a
	grant. In evaluating applications, the commissioner shall take into consideration factors,
	including but not limited to, the following:
	(1) the degree to which the proposal interconnects the various providers of care
	in the applicant's geographic community;
	(2) the degree to which the project provides for the interoperability of electronic
	health records or related health information technology between the members of the
	collaborative, and presence and scope of a description of how the project intends to
	interconnect with other providers not part of the project into the future;
	(3) the degree to which the project addresses current unmet needs pertaining
	to interoperable electronic health records in a geographic area of Minnesota and the
	likelihood that the needs would not be met absent grant funds;
	(4) the applicant's thoroughness and clarity in describing the project, how the project
	will improve patient safety, quality of care, and consumer empowerment, and the role of
	the various collaborative members;
	(5) the recommendations of the Health Information and Technology Infrastructure
	Advisory Committee; and
	(6) other factors that the commissioner deems relevant.
	(d) Grant funds shall be awarded on a three-to-one match basis. Applicants shall be
	required to provide one dollar in the form of cash or in-kind staff or services for each three
	dollars provided under the grant program.

74.1	(b) After June 30, 2007, revenue collected shan from \$4 of each fee must be	e credite
74.2	to the environmental fund. The remainder of the revenue collected from each fe	must
74.3	be credited to the general fund.	
74.4	Sec. 4. Laws 2003, First Special Session chapter 18, article 1, section 2, is am	ended to
74.5	read:	
74.6	Sec. 2. TRANSPORTATION 110,	000,000
74.7	This appropriation is from the trunk highway	
74.8	bond proceeds account in the trunk highway	
74.9	fund and is available for expenditure	
74.10	beginning the day following final enactment.	
74.11	It is for the same purposes as specified in	
74.12	Laws 2000, chapter 479, article 1, section 2,	
74.13	subdivision 3.	
74.14	Of the general fund appropriation in Laws	
74.15	2000, chapter 479, article 1, section 2,	
74.16	subdivision 3, \$110,000,000 cancels to the	
74.17	general fund. This cancellation is effective	
74.18	the day following final enactment.	
74.19	By June 30, 2003, the commissioner of	
74.20	finance shall transfer \$15,000,000 of the cash	
74.21	balance in the state airports fund established	
74.22	in Minnesota Statutes, section 360.017, to	
74.23	the general fund.	
74.24	By June 30, 2007, the commissioner must	
74.25	transfer \$3,000,000 from the general fund to	
74.26	the state airports fund.	
74.27	On July 1, 2007, the commissioner must	
74.28	transfer \$15,000,000 \$12,000,000 from the	
74.29	general fund to the state airports fund.	
74.30	ARTICLE 8	
74.31	TRANSFERS	

On June 30, 2006, the commissioner of finance shall transfer any balance in the tax relief account to the general fund.

Sec. 2. **BUDGET RESERVE INCREASE.**

75.1

75.3

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On July 1, 2006, the commissioner of finance shall transfer to the general fund budget reserve an amount equal to any unreserved general fund budgetary balance projected for June 30, 2007, based on the February 2006 budget forecast after giving effect to any enacted revenue and expenditure change in the 2006 legislative session.

ARTICLE locations in 06-6740 Page 1

ARTICLE I SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS	Page.Ln 1.24
ARTICLE 2 STATE GOVERNMENT	Page.Ln 2.4
ARTICLE 3 HIGHER EDUCATION	Page.Ln 8.18
ARTICLE 4 PUBLIC SAFETY AND JUDICIAL BRANCH	
ARTICLE 5 ENVIRONMENT, AGRICULTURE, AND ECONOMIC DEVE 26.10	LOPMENT Page.Ln
ARTICLE 6 HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES	Page.Ln 55.23
ARTICLE 7 TRANSPORTATION	Page.Ln 72.10
ARTICLE 8 TRANSFERS	Page.Ln 74.30

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: 06-6740

135A.01 FUNDING POLICY.

It is the policy of the legislature to provide stable funding, including recognition of the effects of inflation, for instructional services at public postsecondary institutions and that the state and students share the cost of those services. The legislature intends to provide at least 67 percent of the instructional services costs for each postsecondary system. It is also the policy of the legislature that the budgetary process serves to support high quality public postsecondary education.

135A.031 APPROPRIATIONS FOR INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES.

Subdivision 1. **Determination of appropriation.** The direct appropriation to each board for instructional services shall equal 67 percent of the estimated total cost of instruction for the University of Minnesota, the state universities, and the community colleges, and, for technical colleges, at least 67 percent of the estimated total cost of instruction.

- Subd. 2. Appropriations for certain enrollments. The state share of the estimated expenditures for instruction shall vary for some categories of students, as designated in this subdivision.
 - (a) The state must provide at least 67 percent of the estimated expenditures for:
- (1) students who resided in the state for at least one calendar year prior to applying for admission or dependent students whose parent or legal guardian resides in Minnesota at the time the student applies;
- (2) Minnesota residents who can demonstrate that they were temporarily absent from the state without establishing residency elsewhere;
- (3) residents of other states or provinces who are attending a Minnesota institution under a tuition reciprocity agreement;
- (4) students who have been in Minnesota as migrant farmworkers, as defined in the Code of Federal Regulations, title 20, section 633.104, over a period of at least two years immediately before admission or readmission to a Minnesota public postsecondary institution, or students who are dependents of such migrant farmworkers; and
- (5) persons who: (i) were employed full time and were relocated to the state by the person's current employer, or (ii) moved to the state for employment purposes and, before moving and before applying for admission to a public postsecondary institution, accepted a job in the state, or students who are spouses or dependents of such persons.
- (b) The definition of full year equivalent for purposes of the formula calculations in this chapter is twice the normal value for the following enrollments:
- (1) students who are concurrently enrolled in a public secondary school and for whom the institution is receiving any compensation under the Postsecondary Enrollment Options Act; and
 - (2) students enrolled under the student exchange program of the Midwest Compact.
- Subd. 3. **Determination of instructional services base.** The instructional services base for each public postsecondary system is the sum of: (1) the state share; and (2) the legislatively estimated tuition for the second year of the most recent biennium; and (3) performance as calculated in subdivision 5.
- Subd. 4. Enrollments for budgeting. For all purposes where student enrollment is used for budgeting purposes, student enrollment shall be measured in full-year equivalents and shall include only enrollments in courses that award credit or otherwise satisfy any of the requirements of an academic or vocational program.
- Subd. 5. Adjustment for performance. Each public postsecondary system's instructional services base shall be adjusted, up to one percent, if the system meets the performance standards established by the system's governing board as part of the biennial budget document.
- Subd. 6. Adjustment for change items. The instructional services base may be adjusted for change items as determined by the governor and the legislature after adjustments for inflation, enrollments, and performance.

135A.032 APPROPRIATIONS FOR NONINSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES.

Subdivision 1. **Determination of noninstructional appropriations base.** The noninstructional services base for each public postsecondary system is the state share for the second year of the most recent biennium plus adjustments for inflation and for performance as specified in subdivision 2. The cost of technical college extension programs shall be included in noninstructional services.

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: 06-6740

- Subd. 2. Adjustment for performance. The noninstructional services base shall be increased, up to one percent, if the system meets the performance standards established by the system's governing board as part of the biennial budget document.
- Subd. 3. Adjustment for change items. The noninstructional services base may be adjusted for change items as determined by the governor and the legislature after noninstructional base adjustments for inflation and performance.

135A.033 PERFORMANCE FUNDING.

The governing boards of the University of Minnesota and the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, in conjunction with their respective campuses, shall each specify performance categories and indicators relating to section 135A.053, subdivision 1, to be used for policy and appropriations decisions, as well as allocations for rewarding campuses that achieve performance levels and assisting campuses that are unable to achieve these levels. Because the mission of each system and type of campus varies, categories and indicators shall vary accordingly.

136A.15 DEFINITIONS.

Subd. 5. Province. "Province" means the Canadian province of Manitoba.

136A.1702 COMMISSION APPROVAL.

The office shall obtain approval from the Legislative Advisory Commission prior to takin the following actions with regard to student loan programs described in Laws 1983, chapter 258:

- (1) implementing a loan program for parents and students eligible for auxiliary loans as defined in section 136A.15, subdivision 7;
- (2) acquiring student loans from other lenders to facilitate student loan programs provided for in section 136A.17; and
- (3) providing for programs of supplemental and additional loans as defined in section 136A.1701.

137.17 ROCHESTER BRANCH.

- Subd. 2. Leadership. The legislature intends that the Rochester branch strengthen the existing partnership of institutions in Rochester by providing better coordination and leadership in serving the needs of the region, while maintaining a cooperative basis among the institutions. The University of Minnesota is expected to take the leadership role in assessing community needs and facilitating the delivery of upper division and graduate academic programming and student services by existing higher education providers. It is the intent of the legislature that this branch not diminish the role or function of existing higher education institutions in Rochester or elsewhere in the region in which the state already has a significant investment.
- Subd. 4. Changes. Major changes in the missions, programs, services or roles of the partner institutions shall be made in full consultation with the partner institutions and the systems.

17.10 BIENNIAL REPORTS.

The commissioner shall, biennially, on or before November 15 in each even-numbered year, submit to the governor and the legislature a report of the department, with such recommendations and suggestions as the interests of agriculture and foods and marketing conditions require, and shall report, on or before November 15 of each even-numbered year, concerning official acts, showing official receipts and disbursements, and may issue public bulletins of information from time to time.