Senate Counsel & Research

G-17 STATE CAPITOL 75 REV. DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING JR. BLVD. ST. PAUL, MN 55155-1606 (651) 296-4791 FAX (651) 296-7747

> Jo Anne Zoff Sellner Director

Senate
State of Minnesota

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S.F. No. 365 - Requiring the Commissioner of Transportation to Offer to Contract With KBEM

Author:

Senator Charles W. Wiger

Prepared by:

Bonnie Berezovsky, Senate Counsel (651/296-9191)

Amy Vennewitz, Fiscal Analyst (651/296-7681)

Date:

January 20, 2005

Section 1 requires the Commissioner of Transportation to offer to continue its contract with radio station KBEM to provide traffic reports.

Section 2 gives immediate effect to section 1.

BB/AV:rer

Senators Wiger and Murphy introduced--

S.F. No. 365: Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

1	A bill for an act
2 3 4	relating to transportation; requiring the commissioner of transportation to contract with KBEM radio station to provide traffic reports.
5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
6	Section 1. [TRANSPORTATION CONTRACT WITH KBEM.]
7	The commissioner of transportation shall offer to continue
8	its contract with public radio station KBEM to provide traffic
9	reports on terms and conditions identical or similar to those
10	contained in the current contract between the Department of
11	Transportation and KBEM.
12	Sec. 2. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]
13	Section 1 is effective the day following final enactment.

- 1 Senator moves to amend S.F. No. 365 as follows:
- Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:
- 3 "Section 1. [APPROPRIATION.]
- 4 Money contractually allocated by the commissioner of
- 5 transportation formerly to a radio station to provide traffic
- 6 reports is appropriated from the same fund for the fiscal
- 7 biennium beginning July 1, 2005, and is redirected to other
- 8 <u>activities as follows:</u>
- 9 (a) \$418,000 to the commissioner of transportation for the
- 10 department's Highway Helper program.
- 11 (b) \$418,000 to the commissioner of public safety for State
- 12 Patrol activities.
- 13 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
- 14 following final enactment."
- 15 Amend the title accordingly

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MAJA WEIDMANN

S.F. No. 75 - Exempting Household Goods Carriers Engaged in Charitable Work From Certain Restrictions

Author:

Senator William Belanger, Jr.

Prepared by:

Bonnie Berezovsky, Senate Counsel (651/296-9191)

Amy Vennewitz, Fiscal Analyst (651/296-7681)

Date:

January 25, 2005

Section 1 exempts a person engaged in transporting household goods for a charitable organization that is exempt from taxation under Internal Revenue Code, section 501(c) (3) from the requirement to adhere to its rate schedule on file with MnDOT, when the transportation furthers the organization's charitable purpose.

BB/AV:rer

Senator Belanger introduced--

S.F. No. 75: Referred to the Committee on

Transportation

1	A bill for an act
2 3 4 5	relating to motor carriers; exempting household goods movers from fixed compensation requirement when doing certain charitable work; amending Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 221.171, subdivision 2.
6	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
7	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 221.171,
8	subdivision 2, is amended to read:
9	Subd. 2. [EXCEPTION EXEMPTIONS; HOUSEHOLD GOODS.] (a) A
10	person engaged in the transportation of household goods for the
11	federal government or an agency of the federal government or the
12	transportation of household goods for the state government or an
13	agency of the state government where competitive bids are
14	required by law is exempt from subdivision 1.
15	(b) A person engaged in the transportation of household
16	goods at the request of a nonprofit charitable organization that
17	qualifies for tax exemption under section 501(c)(3) of the
18	Internal Revenue Code is exempt from subdivision 1 when the
19	transportation is in furtherance of the organization's
20	charitable purpose.

- 1 Senator moves to amend S.F. No. 75 as follows:
- Page 1, line 20, after the period, insert "A person engaged

SCS0075A-2

- 3 in the transportation of household goods for a charitable
- 4 organization may conduct the transportation without restriction
- 5 to the geographic area the carrier is authorized to serve under
- 6 section 221.121."



Mn/DOT BILL SUMMARY (Governor's Bill)

H.F.

Rep.

S.F. 487

Sen. Belanger

Bill Topic:

Household Goods Movers Charity Exemption

Last Updated:

January 25, 2005

In August 2004, the Star Tribune published a news article that reported a complaint that had been filed by the Minnesota Transportation Services Association (MTSA) against a household goods moving business that conducted a move for a charity organization at no cost and outside of the geographic area where the moving company was licensed to operate. Because of the article, Mn/DOT received several inquiries regarding the regulations surrounding the household goods industry. Mainly, the questions surrounded the issue of the prohibition of free moves for charities; however, the entire regulatory scheme for household goods carriers was questioned as well. Therefore, the department was asked by the Governor's Office to look into the possibility of making changes to the household goods laws and decide what course of action, if any, should be taken to change the law.

Minnesota statutes require that truckers who transport household goods obtain operating authority (a kind of license) from Mn/DOT. The operating authority defines the kind of trucking services that the applicant may provide and the geographic area where the services may be provided. State law also requires household goods movers to file a schedule of their rates and charges with Mn/DOT and to charge only those rates. State statutes require the commissioner of transportation to enforce these laws.

Currently, under Minn. Stat. 221.171, subd. 1, no household goods carrier "shall charge or receive a greater, lesser, or different compensation for the transportation of persons or property or for related service, than the rates and charges named in the carrier's schedule on file and in effect with the commissioner including any rate fixed by the commissioner under section 221.161..." Under this provision, carriers are required to charge those rates listed in the tariffs on file with the commissioner of transportation. There currently is no provision in statute that allows for a household goods mover to move household goods for free. The Governor's proposed legislation would address the charitable move issue and create an exemption so that carriers could move household goods for charities at no cost.

The department believes that there should be an exception in statute that would allow a household goods mover to move household goods for a charitable organization at no cost, and anywhere in the state, if they are licensed to move household goods. This legislation will create an exemption from the current law. The bill also provides that charity moves could be conducted without regard to the geographic restrictions placed on household goods movers. Finally, in order to protect people who entrust their belongings to

household goods movers and to ensure that the recipient of the free service was actually entitled to it, the move would have to be conducted through an organization registered with the Attorney General's Office under Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 309, generally referred to as the Minnesota Charitable Solicitation Act. Most commonly, charitable organizations are known by their federal tax designation, 501(c)(3). A list of Minnesota charities registered under Chapter 309 is available at http://www.ag.state.mn.us/charities/Char Srch.asp

As of January 25th, 2005, there are one hundred and sixty two (162) household goods carriers authorized to provide intrastate service in Minnesota.

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S.F. No. 236 - Exempting Household Goods Carriers Engaged in Charitable Work From Certain Restrictions (Delete-everything Amendment SCS0236A-1)

Author:

Senator Geoff Michel

Prepared by:

Bonnie Berezovsky, Senate Counsel (651/296-9191)

Amy Vennewitz, Fiscal Analyst (651/296-7681)

Date:

January 25, 2005

Section 1 exempts a person engaged in transporting household goods for a charitable organization from:

- a) the requirement to adhere to the carrier's rate schedule on file with MnDOT, and
- b) the requirement to limit operations to the geographic area identified in the carrier's permit.

For the purposes of this section, a charitable organization must be exempt from taxation under Internal Revenue Code, section 501(c)(3), which applies to groups that are organized for charitable, religious, scientific, literary, or educational purposes.

BB/AV:rer

1

Senators Michel and Belanger introduced--

S.F. No. 236: Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

```
2
         relating to motor carriers; exempting transportation of household goods at no cost for a nonprofit
3
         charitable organization from laws prohibiting
         household goods movers from varying charges; amending
 6
         Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 221.171, subdivision
         2.
8
    BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
 9
         Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 221.171,
10
    subdivision 2, is amended to read:
         Subd. 2.
                    [EXCEPTION EXEMPTIONS; HOUSEHOLD GOODS.] (a) A
11
12
    person engaged in the transportation of household goods for the
    federal government or an agency of the federal government or the
13
14
    transportation of household goods for the state government or an
15
    agency of the state government where competitive bids are
16
    required by law is exempt from subdivision 1.
         (b) A household goods mover, while transporting household
17
    goods at no charge for a nonprofit charitable organization, is
18
    exempt from subdivision 1.
19
```

A bill for an act

- 1 Senator moves to amend S.F. No. 236 as follows:
- Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:
- 3 "Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 221.171,
- 4 subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 5 Subd. 2. [EXCEPTION EXEMPTIONS; HOUSEHOLD GOODS.] (a) A
- 6 person engaged in the transportation of household goods for the
- 7 federal government or an agency of the federal government or the
- 8 transportation of household goods for the state government or an
- 9 agency of the state government where competitive bids are
- 10 required by law is exempt from subdivision 1.
- 11 (b) A person engaged in the transportation of household
- 12 goods for a charitable organization is exempt from subdivision
- 13 1. A person engaged in the transportation of household goods
- 14 for a charitable organization may conduct the transportation
- 15 without restriction to the geographic area the carrier is
- 16 authorized to serve under section 221.121. For purposes of this
- 17 section, a charitable organization must be exempt under section
- 18 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986."
- 19 Delete the title and insert:
- "A bill for an act relating to relating to motor carriers;
- 21 providing for certain exemptions for household goods carriers
- 22 doing charitable work from rate filings and geographic
- 23 restriction; amending Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 221.171,
- 24 subdivision 2."

Senator Vickerman introduced--

S.F. No. 225: Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

1	A DITT TOT AN ACC
2 3 4 5	relating to highways; authorizing turnback of Legislative Route No. 268 in Pipestone County; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 161.115, subdivision 199.
6	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
7	Section 1. [REPEALER; HIGHWAY CHANGE; EFFECTIVE DATE;
8	REVISOR INSTRUCTION; LEGISLATIVE ROUTE NO. 268 REMOVED.]
9	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 161.115, subdivision
10	199, is repealed effective the day after the commissioner of
11	transportation issues a notice of transfer transferring
12	jurisdiction of Legislative Route No. 268 to Pipestone County
13	and notifies the revisor of statutes under paragraph (b).
14	(b) The revisor of statutes shall delete the route
15	identified in paragraph (a) from Minnesota Statutes when the
16	commissioner of transportation sends notice to the revisor in
17	writing informing the revisor of the effective date and that the
18	conditions required to transfer the route are satisfied.

APPENDIX Repealed Minnesota Statutes for 05-1176

161.115 ADDITIONAL TRUNK HIGHWAYS.
Subd. 199. Route No. 268. Beginning at a point at or adjacent to Edgerton; thence extending in a general westerly direction to a point on Route No. 6.



Amendment

RESOLUTION 59-03-2000

Whereas, Highway 268 is an east-west major collector that connects the community of Edgerton to US Highway 75, a major north-south corridor, and

Whereas, Highway 268 is in need of reconstruction to provide for the continuing growth and vitality of the City of Edgerton and the surrounding area, and

Whereas, MnDot highway construction funds are limited and various other Mn/Dot district projects will continue to take precedence over the reconstruction of TH 268, and

Whereas, the trunk highway turnback fund may provide for funding of this reconstruction project.

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, that the Pipestone County Board of Commissioners does hereby agree to the jurisdictional transfer to the County of that portion of TH 268 from the West City limits of Edgerton to the East end of TH 268.

Motion by <u>Marvin Tinklenberg</u>, seconded by <u>Eric Petersen</u> adopted this 1st the day of February, 2000.

Chairman, County Board of

Commissioners

seal

Senators Langseth and Skoe introduced--

S.F. No. 234: Referred to the Committee on Transportation.

2	relating to highways; providing for turnback of highway to Becker County.
4	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
5	Section 1. [REPEALER; LEGISLATIVE ROUTE NO. 224 REMOVED;
6	EFFECTIVE DATE; REVISOR INSTRUCTION.]
7	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 161.115, subdivision
8	155, is repealed effective the day after the commissioner of
9	transportation issues a notice of transfer transferring
10	jurisdiction of Legislative Route No. 224 to Becker County and
11	notifies the revisor of statutes under paragraph (b).
12	(b) The revisor of statutes shall delete the route
13	identified in paragraph (a) from Minnesota Statutes when the
14	commissioner of transportation sends notice to the revisor in
15	writing informing the revisor of the effective date and that the
3 C	

A bill for an act

Overview of Bridge Design Loadings, Load Postings, and Impact of Heavier Truck Weights

Senate Transportation Committee January 25, 2005

Dan Dorgan Mn/DOT State Bridge Engineer 651-747-2100

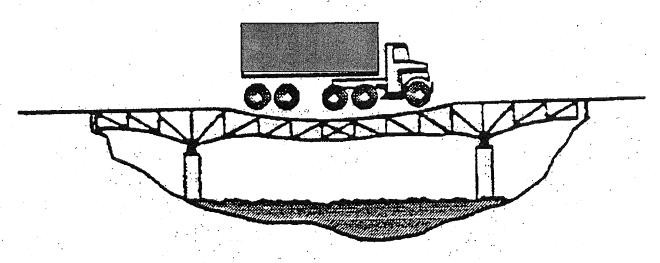


Factors Influencing a Bridge's Ability to Safely Carry Truck Loads

- Bridge age and the design load
- Concentration of load

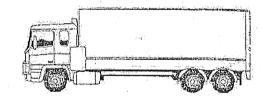
Axle spacings, weight, and truck length

Deterioration that has occurred

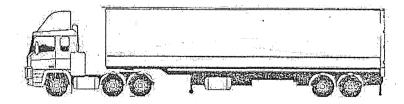


Older Bridges Carry Less Load

- Bridges in the US are designed in accordance with the American Association of State Highway & Transportation Officials (AASHTO) "Standard Specifications for Highway Bridges"
- AASHTO design loads have increased as trucks became larger and heavier
- Pre 1940s 3 axle trucks
 - 15 ton (H15)
 - 20 Ton (H20)

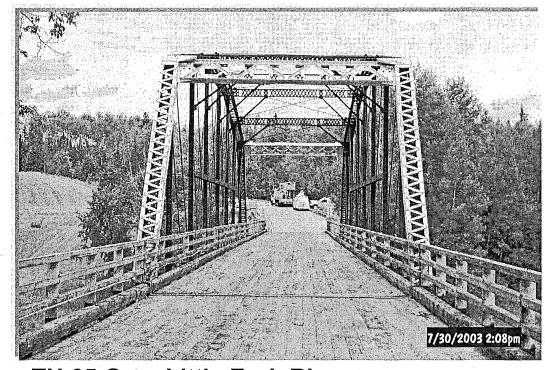


- Post 1940s Tractor Trailer Trucks
 - 36 ton (HS 20)
- 1988
 - 45 ton (HS 25)



Older Bridge Population

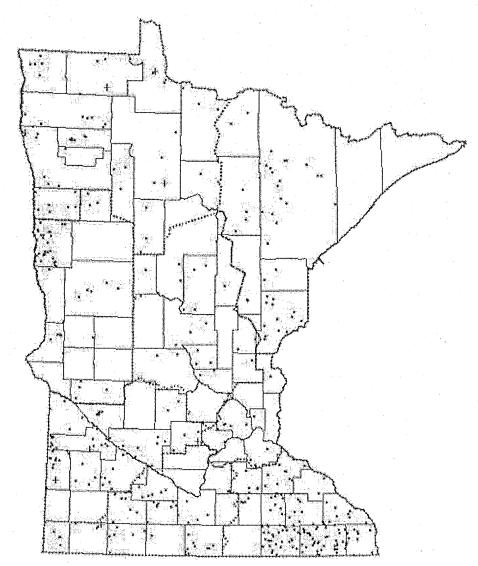
- Bridges designed for 20 ton truck or less – Generally 1940s or earlier
 - 780 Trunk Highways
 - 1,650 Local Bridges
 - Oldest Trunk Highway
 Bridge Approx. 1877
 - Oldest Local Bridge 1878



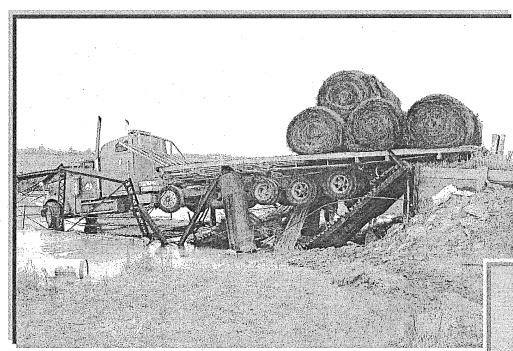
TH 65 Over Little Fork River

Bridge Load Postings

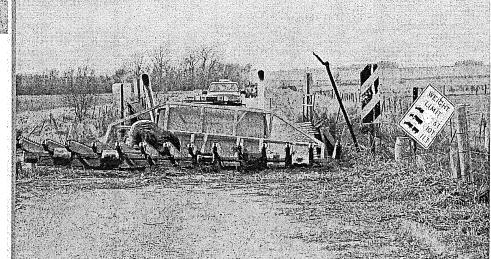
- Each bridge is load rated to determine allowable load
- Bridges that cannot carry legal loads (80,000 lbs) are posted
- IN 2004, 8 TH and 450 Local Bridges are posted



What is the Worst That Can Happen?

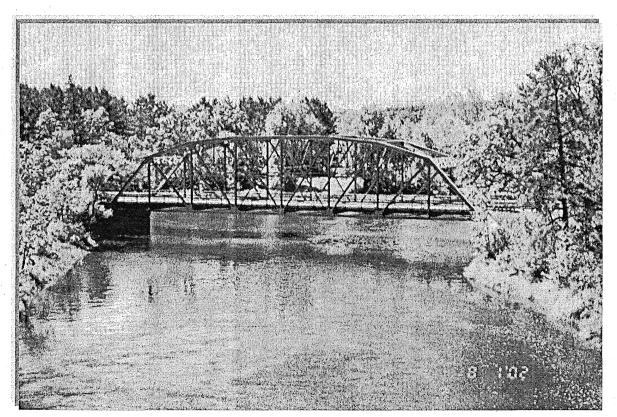


December 2004 - South Dakota

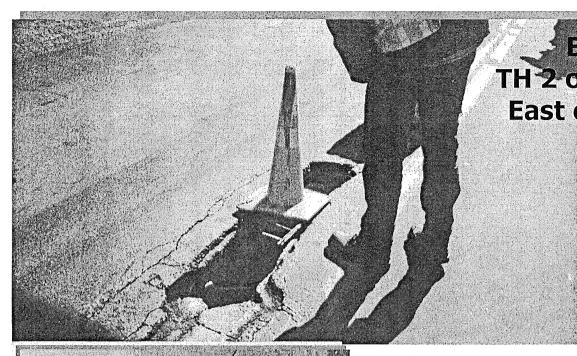


Impact of Increasing Truck Weights

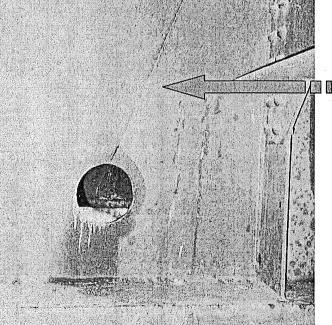
- Heavier loads increase fatigue damage to bridge decks, beams and trusses
- A 20% increase in weight almost doubles the fatigue damage
- The remaining life of the bridge is shortened.



TH 2 Over Prairie River



Bridge 5168
TH 2 over Prairie River
East of Grand Rapids

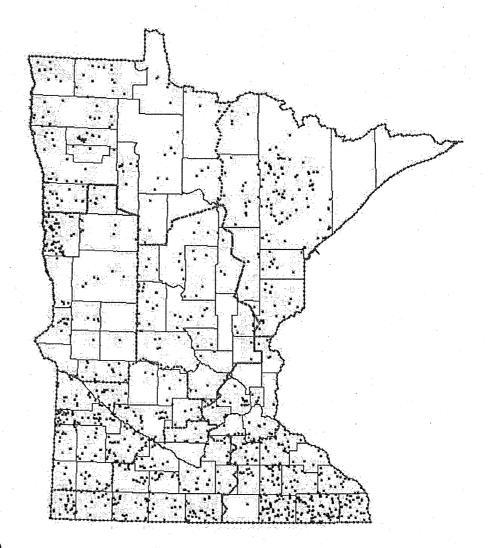


□ ■ Fatigue Crack

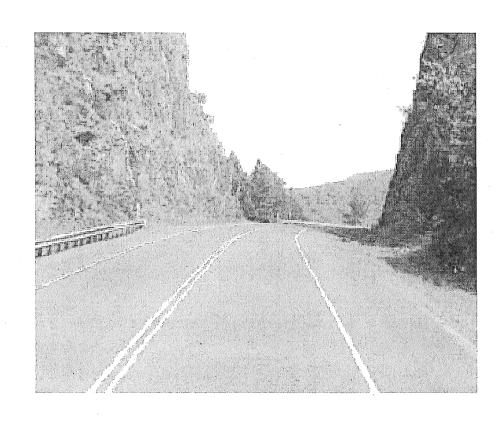
35W over Mississippi River, Minneapolis

Impact of Increasing Legal Truck Weights 10% (80,000 lb to 88,000 lb)

Additional Posting of 10 TH and 500 Local Bridges



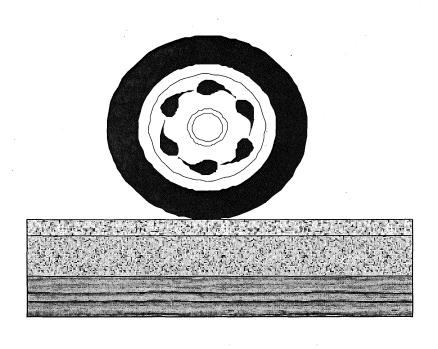
PAVEMENTS AND LOADS



Curt Turgeon P.E.
Mn/DOT Pavement Engineer
Office of Materials
651-779-5535

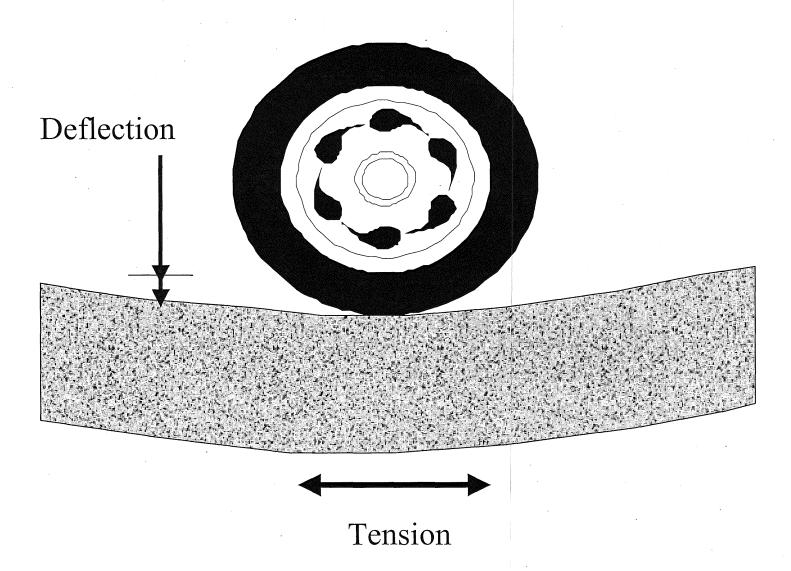


FIVE Four Seasons of Pavements



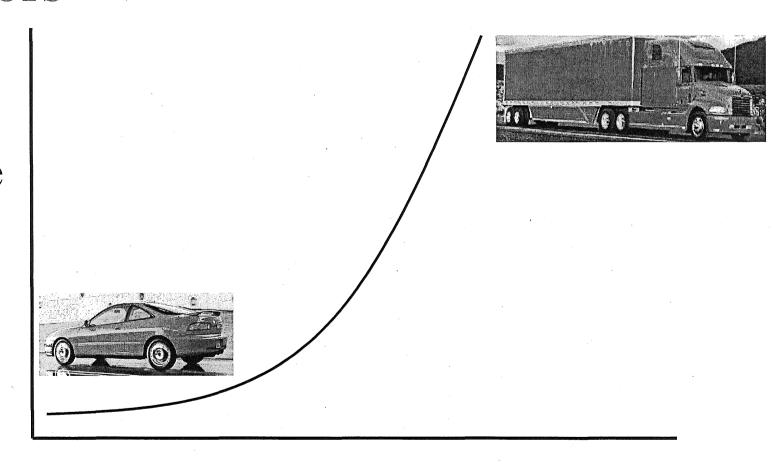
- Summer
- Fall
- Winter
- Early Spring
- Late Spring

Pavement vs Load Interaction



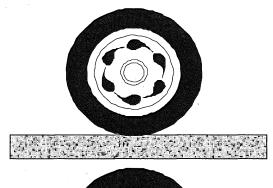
Traffic - 4th Power Damage Factors

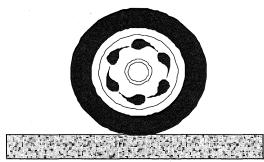
Damage Factor

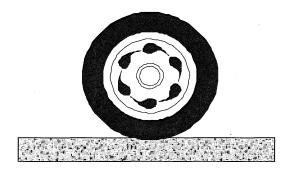


Weight

RELATIVE DAMAGE







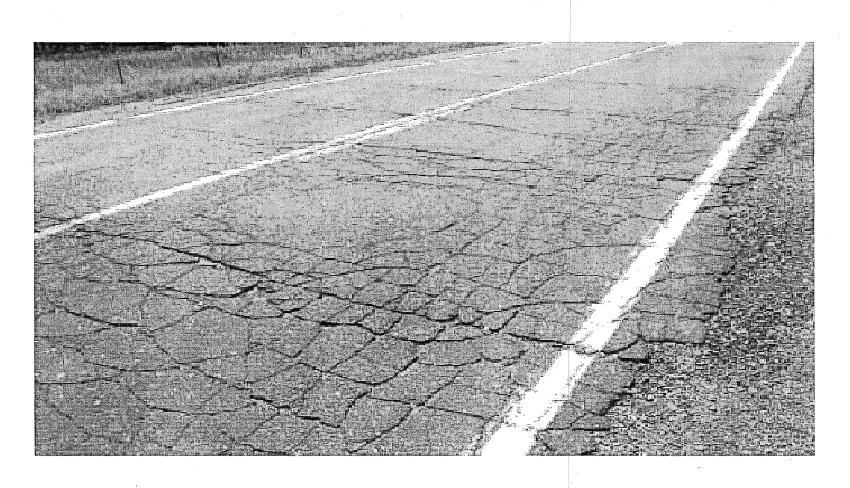
Car Axle (1000 lb single)
Late Spring Deflection = 3.8 mils
Loads to failure = infinite

7-ton truck axle (14000 lb single) Late Spring Deflection = 51 mils Loads to failure= 225,000

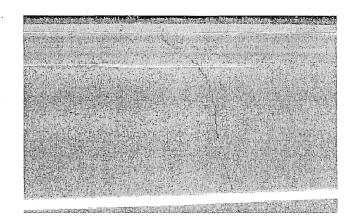
10-ton axle (20000 lb single) Late Spring Deflection = 72 mils Loads to failure = 100,000

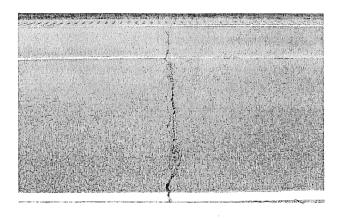
mil = 1/1000 inch

CLASSIC STRUCTURAL DAMAGE



TYPICAL FAILURE MODE FOR MINNESOTA PAVEMENTS

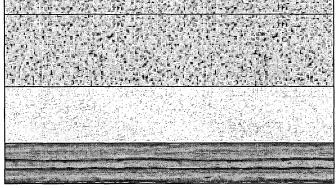






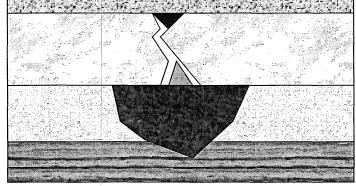
Overlay limitations





New pavement





Existing Pavement

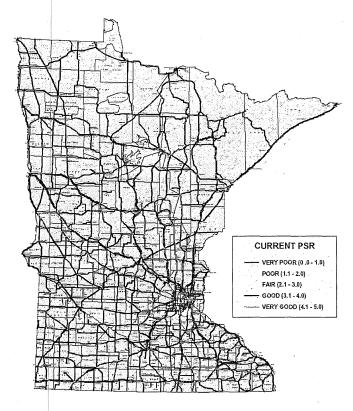
Pavement Cost Information

- 2" thick bituminous overlay
 - \$50,000 per mile (2-lane, 24 ft wide, exclude shoulder)
- Rural Asphalt
 - \$250,000 per mile (2-lane, 2-way)
- Four Lane Asphalt Pavement
 - \$1,000,000 per mile (4-lane, divided)
- Four Lane Concrete Pavement
 - \$1,200,000 per mile (4-lane, divided)

Pavement Smoothness Measurement

STATEWIDE 2003 PSR

Performance Category	PSR Range
Very Good	5.0-4.1
Good	4.0 – 3.1
Fair	3.0 – 2.1
Poor	2.0 – 1.1
Very Pocr	1.0 - 0.0

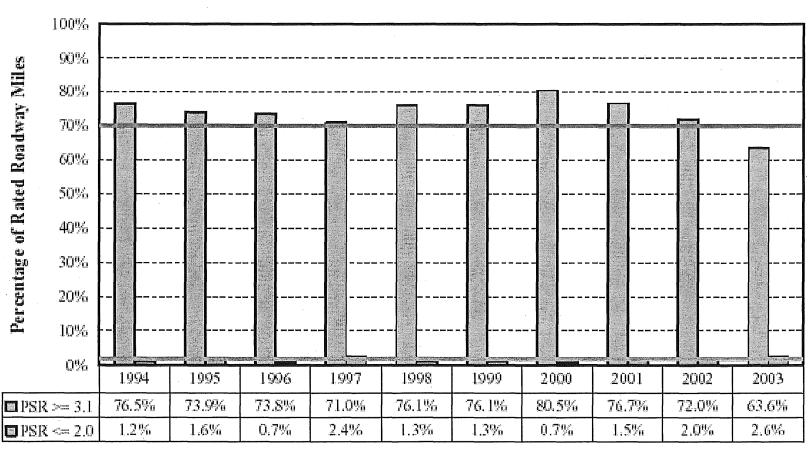


PSR = Pavement Serviceability Rating = Smoothness

http://mnroad.dot.state.mn.us/pavement/PvmtMgmt/pavemgt.asp

Present Serviceability Rating
Principal Arterial System

1994 - 2003



Good/Very Good Target = 70 percent or more Poor/Very Poor Target = 2 percent or less







Northland College 2004/2005 Minnesota Truck Weight Education Project

 A Minnesota educational project to safeguard public roadways through voluntary vehicle weight compliance.

> NORTHLAND COMMUNITY & TECHNICAL COLLEGE

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Educational



Partnership

Northland Community and Technical College Thief River Falls and East Grand Forks





Minnesota Local Technical Assistance Program

Minnesota Department of Transportation



Minnesota Weight Limits (2)

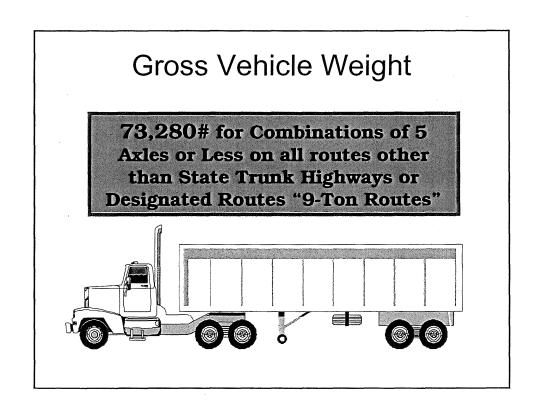
- 10 Ton routes:
 - State Highways
 - US Highways
 - Interstate Highways
 - Other "Designated" routes as authorized by the commissioner of DOT.
 - · Can include local routes.

9 Ton routes

- All routes other than 10 ton routes.
 - County Highways
 - Township Highways
 - City Streets
 - Also known as: 73,280# route

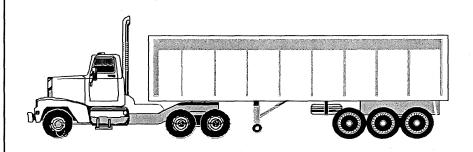


Gross Vehicle Weight 80,000# On ALL State Trunk Highways and all designated routes "10-Ton Routes"



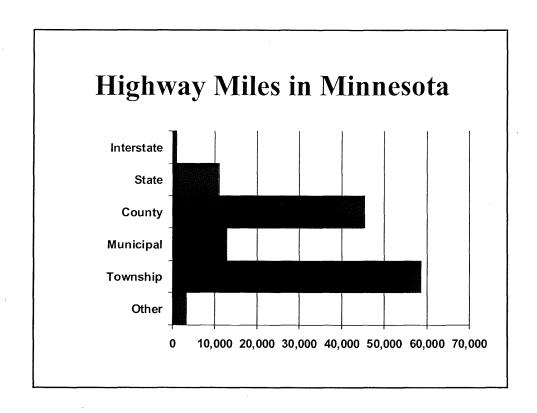
Gross Vehicle Weight

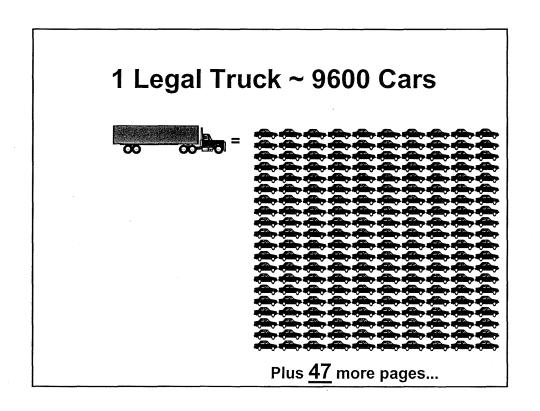
80,000# for vehicles with 6 or more properly spaced axles on both 9 ton and 10 ton routes

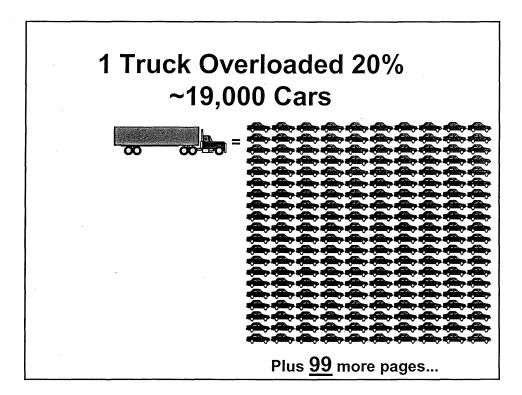


2004 Legislation

- Local road authorities have the authority to designate routes as 10 ton without the approval of the Commissioner of Transportation.
- Roads must be designed and built to allow the additional weights.







Overview of Overweight

- Axles have weight limits
 - -9 ton = 18,000 #, 10 ton = 20,000 #
- Wheels have weight limits
 - -9 ton = 9,000%, 10 ton = 10,000%
- **Tires** have weight limits
 - Rating limits or
 - Size (width) limits of 600# per inch steering,500# non-steering
 - The lesser of size or rating applies

Variable Load Axle (s)



- <u>Up and down (on and off) switches are legal</u>
- Pressure adjustment must be preset no variance allowed by the driver during transport.
- <u>Some exceptions for farm and refuse</u> <u>industries</u>

Gross Weight Table

- Trucks must follow a statutory table of weights to determine the legal limits of gross and axle combinations
- This is adopted from the Federal law
- Weights are determined by measurements between axle centers
 - More distance =
 - More Weight



Winter 10% Truck Weight Increases





Winter Load Increases (WLI)

- Increases allowed by a freeze index
- Zones set by the DOT Commissioner
- Dates set by the DOT Commissioner
- DOT website to receive notifications
- Subscribe for e-mail updates
 - -www.mrr.dot.state.mn.us
- Phone updates 800-723-6543



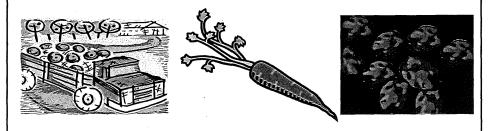
Winter Load Increase (WLI)

- A permit is required to operate in excess of 80,000 pounds GVW, over 20,000 pounds single axle weight, or over any weight specified in the Weight Table when operating on Interstate Highways
- Federal Mandate

Winter loads on 9 ton routes

- New 2003 legislation allows the same <u>winter</u>
 weight increases on 9 ton <u>County</u> Routes as 10
 ton routes during the winter load increases
 (WLI).
 - Allows 88,000 pounds on 5 properly spaced axles in an authorized time and zone as determined by DOT.
 - Does not apply to township routes.

Farm Harvest 10% Truck
Weight Increases
Only for in-ground crops
Sugarbeets, carrots, potatoes



Harvest Weight Increase

- A permit is required to operate in excess of normal legal limits on <u>State Highways</u>
- From the start of harvest to Nov. 30th
- From the field to point of first unloading
- NOT VALID ON:
- Interstate Highways (Federal law)
- County / Township routes
- City Routes



Spring Road Restriction Rules and Conditions

- Optional Power At any time roads may be restricted to lesser weight when necessary to prevent damage
- Minnesota City, County and Township routes that are <u>not posted during spring</u> <u>restrictions</u> are **5-ton** by statute.
- Gross weights are a product of the sum of the axle weights.

Restriction Exemptions

- · School & Head Start busses:
 - 14,000 # on single axle



Utility vehicles:

- -2 or 3 axle vehicles which do not exceed
 - 20,000 single axle weight and 36,000 pounds for a two axle vehicle or,
 - 48,000 pounds (GW) for a 3 axle vehicle
 - In emergency or restoration service

Refuse / Garbage Vehicles

- Until July 1 2005 (note: sunset of this law)
- Not to exceed 7 tons per axle
 - -Unless signs authorize more weight

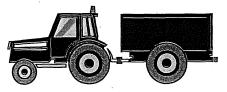




Special Exemptions and Limitations

Towed Implements of Husbandry

- Cannot exceed 500 pounds per inch of tire width.
 - -Must be pneumatic tires
 - -Must be a towed implement
- Does not apply to vehicles on tracks.
 - Not pneumatic tires



Forest Products



- Minnesota law allows a 5% tolerance of all weights (except tire ratings) when <u>not</u> operated on a defense highway.
- Minnesota defense highways include all interstate highways
 - -I-35 (W) (E) (535)
 - -I-94 (694) (494)
 - -1-90 etc.



Raw Unfinished Forest Products and Wood Chips

- Trucks traveling by the most direct route to the nearest 10 ton route:
 - May operate on "any" unrestricted or unposted highway with a transportation permit up to 90,000 pounds (normal) and 98,000 pounds (winter WLI).
 - Vehicle must have <u>6 "braked" axles</u> and comply with axle weight limits.
 - -Includes 4 axle truck and 2 axle pup trailer
 - -Permit is not valid on interstate highways

Forest Products Limitations

- The Dept. of Transportation permit costs \$300. per power unit and various trailers.
- Trucks must comply with seasonal road restrictions.
- Trucks must obey bridge postings
- · Trucks must obey any road posting
- Weights over 80,000 pounds (summer) and 88,000 pounds (winter) are not valid on Interstate Routes.
 - -Federal Law Limitation

Interstate Transportation (WLI) Regulated by Congress

- It is possible to transport up to 88,000 pounds on the Interstate with a DOT permit. All table weights must be legal.
 - -There is no 5% tolerance
 - Registration weight must cover the gross weight.
 - The 10% increase applies to all axle weights
 - -Some grandfathered weights
 - North & South Dakota

END

Forest Products Transportation during the Winter (WLI) - A 5 axle example

- There are no axle weight violations unless the vehicle exceeds the gross weight plus any additional allowances.
- Example: legal is 80,000#

add 5% 4,000# (on non defense routes)

total is 84,000#

add 10% 8,400# (winter load increase WLI)

Maximum legal <u>92,400#</u> if this weight is exceeded (in this example) all violations of axle and gross weight occur.

The 5% increase will no longer be allowed.

Forest Products Transportation during the Winter (WLI) – A 6 axle example

 There are no axle weight violations unless the vehicle exceeds gross None of these weights are valid on Defense highways weight plus any additional allowances.

Example: legal is 98,000#
 add 5% 4,900#
 total is 102,900#

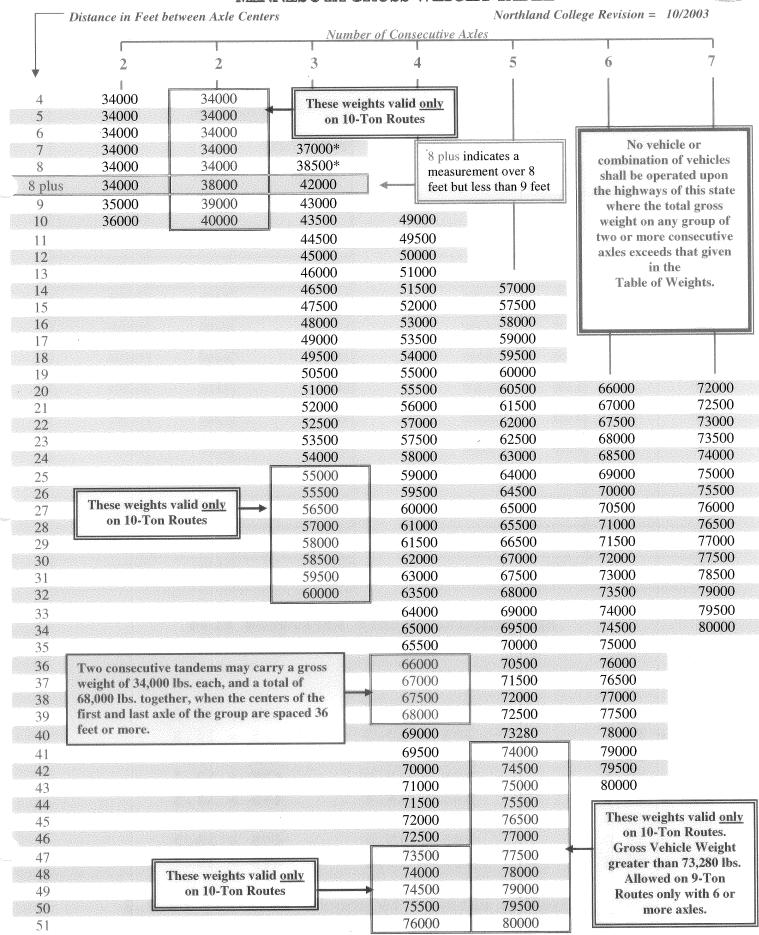
None of these weights are allowed on Interstate Highways (Defense Highways)

If 102,900# is exceeded (in this example) all violations of axle and gross weight occur.

The <u>5%</u> increase will no longer be allowed.

Axle violations will be eligible for penalties.

MINNESOTA GROSS WEIGHT TABLE



^{*} These weights only apply to vehicles manufactured prior to August 1, 1991.

STEERING AXLES* (Foremost & Rearmost) 600# /in.							
Tire Width	1 Tire	2 Tires					
8"	4,800	9,600					
9"	5,400	10,800					
10"	6,000	12,000					
11"	6,600	13,200					
12"	7,200	14,400					
13"	7,800.	15,600					
14"	8,400	16,800					
15"	9,000	18,000					
16"	9,600	19,200					
17"	10,200	-					
18"	10,800	-					
19"	11,400	-					
20"	12,000						

• ALL AXLES OTHER THAN STEERING AXLES** 500# /in.							
Tire Width	1 Ti re	2 Tires					
8"	4,000	8,000					
9"	4,500	9,000					
10"	5,000	10,000					
11"	5,500	11,000					
12"	6,000	12,000					
13"	6,500	13,000					
14"	7,000	14,000					
15"	7,500	15,000					
16"	8,000	16,000					
17"	8,500	17,000					
18"	9,000	18,000					
19"	9,500	19,000					
20"	10,000	20,000					

Approximate Metric Reference Size (divide mm by 25.4 for exact conversion)

Metric size "rounded" to inches.

245	-	9.6	325	=	12.8	405	=	15.9
255	-	10.	335		13.2	415		16.3
265	=	10.4	345	***************************************	13.6	425		16.7
275		10.8	355		13.9	435	=	17.1
285	102100	11.2	365	2700	14.4	445		17.5
295		11.6	375	=	14.8	455	=	17.9
305	Access Access	12.0	385	energ stems	15.2	465	-	18.3
315	***************************************	12.4	395	******	15.5	475		18.7

To convert Kilogram ratings to pounds multiply by 2.2 Kg X 2.2 = lbs.