A bill for an act

relating to criminal justice; appropriating money for the courts, public defenders, public safety, corrections, and other criminal justice agencies; establishing, funding, modifying, and regulating public safety, criminal justice, judiciary, law enforcement, corrections, crime victims, and CriMNet policies, programs, duties, activities, or practices; requiring studies and reports; imposing criminal and civil penalties; setting or increasing fines, surcharges, taxes, and fees; amending Minnesota Statutes 2004, sections 14.03, subdivision 3; 152.01, subdivision 10; 152.021, subdivisions 2a, 3; 168A.05, subdivision 3; 171.06, by adding a subdivision; 171.20, subdivision 4; 171.26; 237.70, subdivision 7; 241.06; 241.67, subdivisions 7, 8; 243.166, by adding a subdivision; 243.167; 244.04, subdivision 1; 244.05, subdivisions 2, 4, 5, 6, 7; 244.052, subdivisions 3, 3, 4, by adding a subdivision; 244.09, subdivision 11; 244.10, subdivision 2a, by adding a subdivision; 244.18, subdivision 2; 253B.08, subdivision 1; 253B.18, subdivision 5, by adding a subdivision; 260C.171, by adding a subdivision; 297G.03, subdivisions 1, 2; 297G.04, subdivisions 1, 2; 299A.38, subdivisions 2, 2a, 3; 299C.65, subdivisions 1, 2, 5, by adding a subdivision; 340A.301, subdivision 6; 340A.302, subdivision 3; 340A.311; 340A.404, subdivision 12; 340A.408, subdivision 4; 340A.414, subdivision 6; 340A.504, subdivisions 3, 7; 357.021, subdivisions 2, 6, 7; 357.18, subdivision 3; 403.02, subdivisions 7, 13, 17, by adding a subdivision; 403.025, subdivisions 3, 7; 403.05, subdivision 3; 403.07, subdivision 3; 403.08, subdivision 10; 403.11, subdivisions 1, 3, 3a; 403.113, subdivision 1; 403.27, subdivisions 1, 3; 403.30, subdivision 1; 508.82, subdivision 1; 508A.82, subdivision 1; 518B.01, subdivision 22; 604.15, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 609.108, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 6; 609.109, subdivisions 2, 5; 609.1095, subdivision 1; 609.115, by adding a subdivision; 609.117, subdivisions 1, 2; 609.119; 609.1351; 609.185; 609.223, by adding a subdivision; 609.2231, by adding a subdivision; 609.229, subdivision 3; 609.321, subdivisions 1, 7, by adding subdivisions; 609.325, by adding a subdivision; 609.341, subdivision 14, by adding a subdivision;

SC4098-1

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 23 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 23 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 23 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 23 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 3 14 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 3 14 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 3 14 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 3 14 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 2 3 14 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	<pre>609.342, subdivisions 2, 3; 609.343, subdivisions 2, 3; 609.344, subdivisions 2, 3; 609.345, subdivisions 2, 3; 609.3452, subdivision 1; 609.347; 609.3471; 609.348; 609.353; 609.485, subdivisions 2, 4; 609.50, subdivision 1; 609.527, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 6, by adding a subdivision; 609.531, subdivision 1; 609.5315, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 609.746, subdivision 1; 609.748, subdivisions 2, 3a; 609.749, subdivision 2; 609.79, subdivision 2; 609.795, by adding a subdivision; 617.81, subdivision 4, by adding a subdivision; 617.85; 626.556, subdivision 3; 628.26; 631.045; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 152; 237; 243; 244; 299A; 299C; 325F; 403; 446A; 609; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2004, sections 18C.005, subdivisions 1a, 35a; 18C.201, subdivisions 1, 8; 299A.68; 299C.65, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 8a, 9; 403.30, subdivision 3; 609.108, subdivision 2; 609.109, subdivision 7; 609.725.</pre>
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
22	ARTICLE 1
23	PUBLIC SAFETY APPROPRIATIONS
24	Section 1. [APPROPRIATIONS.]
25	The sums shown in the columns marked "APPROPRIATIONS" are
26	added to or, if shown in parentheses, are subtracted from the
27	appropriations to the specified agencies in 2005 S.F. No. 1879,
28	article 9, if enacted. The appropriations are from the general
29	fund, unless another fund is named, and are available for the
30	fiscal year indicated for each purpose. The figures "2006" and
31	"2007," where used in this article, mean that the additions to
32	or subtractions from the appropriations listed under them are
33	for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, or June 30, 2007,
34	respectively. The term "first year" means the fiscal year
35	ending June 30, 2006, and the term "second year" means the
36	fiscal year ending June 30, 2007.
37	SUMMARY BY FUND
38	2006 2007 TOTAL
39	GENERAL \$ 73,390,000 \$81,010,000 \$154,400,000
40 41	STATE GOVERNMENTSPECIAL REVENUE16,368,00016,688,00033,056,000
42	BOND PROCEEDS 62,500,000 -0- 62,500,000
43	TOTAL \$152,258,000 \$97,698,000 \$249,956,000
44 45 46 47	APPROPRIATIONS Available for the Year Ending June 30 2006 2007

04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 Sec. 2. SUPREME COURT \$ 6,090,000 \$ 6,041,000 1 [CASELOAD INCREASES.] \$1,090,000 the 2 first year and \$1,041,000 the second 3 4 year are for caseload increases. [CIVIL LEGAL SERVICES.] \$5,000,000 each year is for legal services under 5 6 Minnesota Statutes, sections 480.24 to 7 8 480.244. 9 [PROHIBITION ON USE OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR JUDICIAL SALARY INCREASES.] No 10 11 portion of these appropriations may be used for judicial salary increases. 12 Sec. 3. COURT OF APPEALS 13 250,000 250,000 For caseload increases. 14 [PROHIBITION ON USE OF APPROPRIATIONS 15 FOR JUDICIAL SALARY INCREASES.] No 16 17 portion of these appropriations may be used for judicial salary increases. 18 Sec. 4. DISTRICT COURTS 9,275,000 19 11,592,000 20 [CASELOAD INCREASES.] \$6,671,000 each year is for caseload increases. 21 [SEX AND METHAMPHETAMINE OFFENSES.] 22 \$3,600,000 the first year and 23 \$7,200,000 the second year are for the 24 sex and methamphetamine offense 25 26 sentencing changes made in this act. [SPECIALTY COURTS.] \$250,000 each year 27 is to develop or expand specialty 28 courts such as drug courts and mental 29 health courts. 30 By January 15, 2008, the state court administrator shall report to the 31 32 chairs and ranking minority members of 33 the senate and house committees and 34 divisions having jurisdiction over 35 criminal justice policy and funding on 36 how this money was used. 37 38 [PROHIBITION ON USE OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR JUDICIAL SALARY INCREASES.] No 39 portion of these appropriations may be 40 used for judicial salary increases. 41 UNIFORM LAWS COMMISSION 5,000 5,000 42 Sec. 5. For national conference dues. 43 Sec. 6. BOARD OF PUBLIC DEFENSE 5,495,000 9,295,000 44 45 [CASELOAD INCREASES.] \$1,695,000 each year is for caseload increases. 46 47 [SEX AND METHAMPHETAMINE OFFENSES.] 48 \$3,800,000 the first year and 49 \$7,600,000 the second year are for the sex and methamphetamine offense 50 sentencing changes made in this act. 51 Sec. 7. PUBLIC SAFETY 52

Article 1 Section 7

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 04/22/05 Subdivision 1. Total 1 91,944,000 29,811,000 Appropriation 2 Summary by Fund 3 13,076,000 13,123,000 4 General 5 State Government 16,688,000 16,368,000 Special Revenue 6 62,500,000 7 -0-Bond Proceeds [AGENCYWIDE ADMINISTRATIVE 8 (175,000)(175,000)9 CUT.] This is an agencywide administrative 10 11 cut. [APPROPRIATIONS FOR PROGRAMS.] The 12 13 amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are 14 specified in the following subdivisions. 15 4,976,000 5,023,000 16 Subd. 2. Criminal Apprehension 17 [AUTOMATED FINGERPRINT IDENTIFICATION SYSTEM.] \$1,533,000 the first year and 18 19 \$2,318,000 the second year are to replace the automated fingerprint 20 identification system (AFIS). 21 [PREDATORY OFFENDER REGISTRATION SYSTEM.] \$1,146,000 the first year and \$564,000 the second year are to upgrade 22 23 24 25 the predatory offender registration 26 (POR) system and to increase the monitoring and tracking of registered 27 offenders who become noncompliant with 28 29 the law. [CRIMINAL JUSTICE INFORMATION SYSTEMS 30 31 (CJIS) AUDIT TRAIL.] \$374,000 the first year and \$203,000 the second year are 32 33 for the Criminal Justice Information 34 Systems (CJIS) audit trail. [DNA ANALYSIS OF FELON OFFENDERS.] 35 \$857,000 the first year and \$869,000 36 37 the second year are to fund the analyses of biological samples from 38 39 felon offenders. 40 [LIVESCAN.] \$66,000 the first year and 41 \$69,000 the second year are to fund the ongoing costs of Livescan. 42 43 [TEN NEW AGENTS.] \$1,000,000 each year 44 is for ten Bureau of Criminal 45 Apprehension agents to be assigned exclusively to methamphetamine enforcement, including the 46 47 investigation of manufacturing and 48 distributing methamphetamine and 49 50 related violence. These appropriations 51 are intended to increase the current allocation of Bureau of Criminal 52 53 Apprehension resources dedicated to 54 methamphetamine enforcement. Positions 55 funded by these appropriations may not 56 supplant existing agent assignments or 57 positions.

Article 1 Section 7

Fire Marshal 1 Subd. 3. 900,000 900,000 Office of Justice 2 Subd. 4. Programs 7,375,000 3 7,375,000

4 [CRIME VICTIM ASSISTANCE GRANTS INCREASE.] \$1,270,000 each year is to 5 increase funding for crime victim 6 7 assistance grants for abused children, 8 sexual assault, battered women, and 9 general crime victims.

[BATTERED WOMEN'S SHELTER GRANTS.] 10 11 \$2,131,000 each year is to increase funding for battered women's shelters 12 13 under Minnesota Statutes, section 611A.32, and for safe houses. 14

[GANG STRIKE FORCE.] \$2,374,000 each 15 year is for the criminal gang strike 16 17 force.

18 The superintendent of the Bureau of 19 Criminal Apprehension shall convene a working group of stakeholders representing the multijurisdictional 20 21 22 narcotics task forces in operation in 23 Minnesota, the Criminal Gang Oversight Council and Strike Force, and other individuals knowledgeable in narcotics 24 25 and gang issues. The working group 26 27 shall review the operational structure 28 and organization of the narcotics task forces and Criminal Gang Oversight 29 Council and Strike Force, the 30 legislative authority and laws 31 governing them, and any needs related to them. In addition, the working group shall recommend whether a merger 32 33 34 of these entities is advisable. By 35 January 15, 2006, the superintendent 36 shall report the working group's 37 findings and recommendations to the 38 chairs and ranking minority members of 39 the senate and house committees and 40 divisions having jurisdiction over 41 criminal justice policy and funding. 42 If the working group recommends a 43 merger, the report must include 44 45 legislation to accomplish this and, at a minimum, address: methods to ensure 46 that the current focus on criminal 47 gangs is not lost in any merger; how 48 money will be allocated between 49 50 narcotics and gang enforcement within any merged entity; and data privacy issues related to the merger. 51 52

[MINNESOTA FINANCIAL CRIMES TASK 53 54 FORCE.] \$1,400,000 each year is for the 55 Minnesota Financial Crimes Task Force.

[HOMELESSNESS PILOT PROJECTS.] \$200,000 56 each year is for the homelessness pilot 57 projects described in article 9, 58 59 section 35.

[ADMINISTRATION COSTS.] Up to 2.5 50 percent of the grant funds appropriated 51 62 in this subdivision may be used to administer the grant program. 63

1 Subd. 5. 911 Emergency 2 Services/ARMER

16,368,000

16,688,000

3 This appropriation is from the state
4 government special revenue fund for 911
5 emergency telecommunications services.

6 The total appropriation for this
7 purpose, consisting of this
8 appropriation plus the appropriation in
9 2005 S.F. No. 1879, article 9, section
10 9, subdivision 7, if enacted, must be
11 spent as provided in this subdivision.

\$3,442,000 the first year and 12 13 \$3,064,000 the second year are to fund a deficiency due to prior year 14 obligations under Minnesota Statutes, 15 section 403.11, that were estimated in 16 the December 2004 911 fund statement to 17 be \$6,504,700 on July 1, 2005. "Pri-year obligations" means reimbursable "Prior 18 19 20 costs under Minnesota Statutes, section 403.11, subdivision 1, incurred under 21 22 the terms and conditions of a contract 23 with the state for a fiscal year preceding fiscal year 2004, that have 24 been certified in a timely manner in 25 accordance with Minnesota Statutes, 26 27 section 403.11, subdivision 3a, and 28 that are not barred by statute of 29 limitation or other defense. The 30 appropriations needed for this purpose 31 are estimated to be none in fiscal year 32 2008 and thereafter.

\$13,640,000 the first year and 33 \$13,664,000 the second year are to be 34 35 distributed as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 403.113, subdivision 2. This appropriation may only be used 36 37 for public safety answering points that 38 39 have implemented phase two wireless 40 enhanced 911 service or whose 41 governmental agency has made a binding commitment to the commissioner of 42 public safety to implement phase two 43 44 wireless enhanced 911 service by January 1, 2008. If revenue to the account is insufficient to support all 45 46 47 appropriations from the account for a fiscal year, this appropriation takes 48 priority over other appropriations, 49 50 except the open appropriation in 51 Minnesota Statutes, section 403.30, subdivision 1, for debt service on 52 53 bonds previously sold.

\$682,000 the first year and \$683,000
the second year are for grants to the
Minnesota Emergency Medical Services
Regulatory Board for the Metro East and
Metro West Medical Resource
Communication Centers that were in
operation before January 1, 2000.

61 \$6,138,000 the first year and
62 \$6,149,000 the second year are to the
63 commissioner of finance to pay debt
64 service on revenue bonds issued under
65 new Minnesota Statutes, section

Article 1 Section 7

1 403.275. Any portion of this appropriation not needed to pay debt 2 service in a fiscal year may be used by the commissioner of public safety to pay cash for any of the capital 3 4 5 improvements for which bond proceeds 6 7 have been appropriated in subdivision 6. 8 800 MHz Public Safety Subd. 6. Radio and Communication System 9 62,500,000 10 The appropriations in this subdivision are from the 911 revenue bond proceeds 11 account to the commissioner of public 12 13 safety for the purposes indicated, to 14 be available until the project is 15 completed or abandoned, subject to 16 Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.642. 17 (a) Phase 2 Subsystems 8,000,000 18 For a grant to the Metropolitan Emergency Services Board to pay up to 19 20 50 percent of the cost to a local 21 government unit of building a subsystem 22 as part of the second phase of the 23 public safety radio and communication 24 system plan under Minnesota Statutes, 25 section 403.36. (b) Phase 3 System Backbone 45,000,000 26 27 For the Statewide Radio Board to 28 construct the system backbone in the third phase of the public safety radio 29 30 and communication system plan under Minnesota Statutes, section 403.36. 31 9,500,000 32 (c) Phase 3 Subsystems To reimburse local units of government 33 for up to 50 percent of the cost of 34 building a subsystem of the public 35 safety radio and communication system 36 established under Minnesota Statutes, 37 38 section 403.36, in the southeast or central district of the State Patrol. 39 40 (d) Bond Sale Authorization 41 To provide the money appropriated in this subdivision, the commissioner of 42 finance shall sell and issue bonds of 43 the state in an amount up to 44 \$62,500,000 in the manner, upon the terms, and with the effect prescribed 45 46 47 by new Minnesota Statutes, section 403.275. 48 BOARD OF PEACE OFFICER 49 Sec. 8. STANDARDS AND TRAINING 300,000 300,000 50 [OPERATION OF BOARD.] \$71,000 each year 51 52 is for the board's continued operation. [TRAINING REIMBURSEMENTS.] \$89,000 each 53 year is for peace officer training 54 reimbursements to local units of 55 government. 56 [TECHNOLOGICAL UPDATES.] \$140,000 each 57

7

Article 1 Section 8

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 04/22/05 year is for technological updates. 1 [NOT INCLUDED IN BASE BUDGET.] These 2 appropriations are not added to the Δ board's base budget. 5 Sec. 9. CORRECTIONS 6 Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation 38,642,000 40,154,000 7 8 [APPROPRIATIONS FOR PROGRAMS.] The 9 amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are 10 11 specified in the following subdivisions. 12 Subd. 2. Correctional 13 Institutions 11,216,000 12,728,000 Notwithstanding any law to the 14 contrary, the commissioner may use per 15 diems collected under contracts for 16 17 beds at MCF-Rush City to operate the 18 state correctional system. 19 [LEVEL III OFFENDER TRACKING AND 20 APPREHENSION.] \$70,000 each year is to 21 track and apprehend level III predatory 22 offenders. 23 [SEX OFFENDER TREATMENT AND TRANSITIONAL SERVICES.] \$1,500,000 each 24 year is for sex offender treatment and 25 26 transitional services. 27 [HEALTH SERVICES.] \$3,720,000 each year 28 is for health services. [SEX AND METHAMPHETAMINE OFFENSES.] 29 30 \$351,000 the first year and \$1,863,000 31 the second year are for the sex and methamphetamine offense sentencing 32 33 changes made in this act. 34 [CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY TREATMENT.] 35 \$4,500,000 each year is for chemical dependency treatment programs. 36 37 [MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT.] \$2,000,000 38 each year is for mental health 39 treatment programs. [WORKING GROUP ON INMATE LABOR.] The 40 commissioner of corrections and the 41 commissioner of the Minnesota Housing 42 Finance Agency shall convene a working group to study the feasibility of using 43 44 inmate labor to build low-income 45 46 housing manufactured at MCF-Faribault. The working group consists of: 47 the chief executive officer of MINNCOR Industries; representatives from the 48 49 50 Builders Association of America, 51 Minnesota AFL-CIO, Association of 52 Minnesota Counties, Minnesota 53 Manufactured Housing Association, Habitat for Humanity, and Minnesota 54 Housing Partnership, selected by those 55 56 organizations; and any other 57 individuals deemed appropriate by the 58 commissioners.

Article 1 Section 9

SC4098-1

1 By January 15, 2006, the working group 2 shall report its findings and 3 recommendations to the chairs and 4 ranking minority members of the senate 5 and house of representatives committees and divisions having jurisdiction over 6 7 criminal justice policy and funding and jobs, housing, and community development policy and funding. 8 9 Community Services 10 Subd. 3. 27,751,000 27,751,000 [END OF CONFINEMENT REVIEWS.] \$94,000 11 12 each year is for end of confinement 13 reviews. [SEX OFFENDER TRACKING.] \$162,000 each 14 year is for the acquisition of 15 16 bracelets equipped with tracking devices designed to track and monitor the movement and location of criminal offenders. The commissioner shall use 17 18 19 20 the bracelets to monitor high-risk sex 21 offenders who are on supervised release 22 or probation to help ensure that the offenders do not violate conditions of 23 their release or probation. 24 25 [COMMUNITY SURVEILLANCE AND SUPERVISION.] \$1,370,000 each year is 26 27 to provide housing options to maximize community surveillance and supervision. 28 29 [INCREASE IN INTENSIVE SUPERVISED 30 RELEASE SERVICES.] \$1,800,000 each year is to increase intensive supervised 31 release services. 32 [SEX OFFENDER ASSESSMENT 33 REIMBURSEMENTS.] \$350,000 each year is 34 35 to provide grants to counties for 36 reimbursements for sex offender 37 assessments as required under Minnesota 38 Statutes, section 609.3452, subdivision 39 1. [SEX OFFENDER TREATMENT AND 40 41 POLYGRAPHS.] \$1,250,000 each year is to provide treatment for sex offenders on community supervision and to pay for 42 43 polygraph testing. 44 [INCREASED SUPERVISION OF ADULT SEX 45 OFFENDERS, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE OFFENDERS, AND OTHER VIOLENT OFFENDERS.] 46 47 48 \$19,600,000 each year is for enhanced supervision of adult felony sex 49 offenders, domestic violence offenders, and other violent offenders by 50 51 employing additional probation officers 52 53 to reduce the caseloads of probation officers supervising these offenders on 54 probation or supervised release. 55 56 The commissioner shall distribute the funds with 30 percent of the money 57 appropriated to non-Community 58 Corrections Act counties and 70 percent 59 appropriated to Community Corrections 60 61 Act counties. The commissioner shall distribute the appropriation to 62

Article 1 Section 9

SC4098-1

Community Corrections Act counties 1 according to the formula contained in 2 Minnesota Statutes, section 401.10. 3 Each Community Corrections Act jurisdiction and the department's 5 probation and supervised release unit 6 shall submit to the commissioner an 7 analysis of need along with a plan to 8 meet these needs and reduce offender 9 10 caseloads. Upon approval of the plans, the non-Community Corrections Act portion of these funds shall be 11 12 13 appropriated to the department and the distribution shall be based on 14 statewide need. The Community 15 Corrections Act funds shall be 16 disbursed as grants to each Community 17 Corrections Act jurisdiction. These 18 19 appropriations may not be used to supplant existing state or county probation officer positions. 20 21

[CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY TREATMENT AND 22 23 AFTERCARE GRANTS.] \$2,500,000 each year is for grants to counties to provide 24 community-based chemical dependency 25 The treatment and aftercare. 26 commissioner shall distribute the 27 28 appropriation to counties according to the formula contained in Minnesota 29 30 Statutes, section 401.10. In those 31 counties where correctional services 32 are shared by the Department of Corrections and county court services, 33 the commissioner shall determine the 34 35 distribution of the grants. Of this appropriation, \$500,000 each year is 36 for grants to counties for programs 37 38 designed to reduce underage drinking 39 and for treatment and supervision of 40 juvenile substance abuse offenders.

41 The commissioner shall ensure that any
42 part of this appropriation spent on
43 medical assistance-eligible individuals
44 earns the maximum medical assistance
45 match available from the federal
46 government.

[INTENSIVE SUPERVISION AND AFTERCARE 47 48 FOR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES OFFENDERS.] \$625,000 each year is for intensive 49 supervision and aftercare services for 50 51 controlled substances offenders 52 released from prison under Minnesota 53 Statutes, section 244.055. These 54 appropriations are not added to the 55 department's base budget. By January 15, 2008, the commissioner shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house 56 57 58 committees and divisions having 59 60 jurisdiction over criminal justice 61 policy and funding on how this 62 appropriation was spent, including an assessment on the offenders' transition 63 from prison into the community and 64 65 recidivism data.

66 [REPORT ON ELECTRONIC MONITORING OF SEX67 OFFENDERS.] By February 15, 2006, the

Article 1 Section 9 10

1 commissioner of corrections shall report to the chairs and ranking 2 3 minority members of the senate and house committees and divisions having 4 5 jurisdiction over criminal justice 6 policy and funding on implementing an electronic monitoring system for sex 7 offenders who are under community 8 supervision. 9 The report must address 10 the following: (1) the advantages and disadvantages in 11 implementing this, including the impact 12 13 on public safety; 14 (2) the types of sex offenders who 15 should be subject to the monitoring; (3) the time period that offenders 16 17 should be subject to the monitoring; 18 (4) the financial costs associated with 19 the monitoring and who should be 20 responsible for these costs; and (5) the technology available for the 21 monitoring. 22 Subd. 4. Operations Support 23 (325,000) (325,000)24 This is an agencywide administrative 25 cut. EMPLOYMENT AND 26 Sec. 10. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 27 250,000 250,000 To carry out the public facilities 28 authority's duties involving the 29 30 methamphetamine laboratory cleanup revolving fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 446A.083. 31 32 Sec. 11. BOARD OF VETERINARY 33 MEDICINE 7,000 34 -0-35 For the study on animal products that 36 may be used in the manufacture of 37 methamphetamine described in article 6, 38 section 17. ARTICLE 2 39 SEX OFFENDERS: 40 MANDATORY LIFE SENTENCES FOR CERTAIN EGREGIOUS AND 41 REPEAT SEX OFFENSES; CONDITIONAL RELEASE; 42 OTHER SENTENCING CHANGES 43 44 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 244.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 45 46 Subdivision 1. [REDUCTION OF SENTENCE; INMATES SENTENCED FOR CRIMES COMMITTED BEFORE 1993.] Notwithstanding the 47 provisions of section 609.11, subdivision 6, and section 48 609.109, subdivision 1, the term of imprisonment of any inmate 49

11

Article 2 Section 1

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

sentenced to a presumptive fixed sentence after May 1, 1980, and 1 whose crime was committed before August 1, 1993, shall be 2 reduced in duration by one day for each two days during which 3 the inmate violates none of the disciplinary offense rules 4 promulgated by the commissioner. The reduction shall accrue to 5 the period of supervised release to be served by the inmate, 6 7 except that the period of supervised release for a sex offender sentenced-and conditionally released by the commissioner under 8 section 609-1087-subdivision-57 609.3455 is governed by that 9 provision. 10

Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 2, if an inmate whose crime was committed before August 1, 1993, violates a disciplinary offense rule promulgated by the commissioner, good time earned prior to the violation may not be taken away, but the inmate may be required to serve an appropriate portion of the term of imprisonment after the violation without earning good time.

18 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005.
19 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 244.05,
20 subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [RULES.] The commissioner of corrections shall adopt by rule standards and procedures for the revocation of supervised <u>or conditional</u> release, and shall specify the period of revocation for each violation of supervised release. Procedures for the revocation of supervised release shall provide due process of law for the inmate.

27 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 28 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

29 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 244.05, 30 subdivision 4, is amended to read:

31 Subd. 4. [MINIMUM IMPRISONMENT, LIFE SENTENCE.] An inmate 32 serving a mandatory life sentence under section 609.106 must not 33 be given supervised release under this section. An inmate 34 serving a mandatory life sentence under section 609.185, clause 35 (1), (3), (5), or (6); or 609.109, subdivision 2a 3, must not be 36 given supervised release under this section without having

1 served a minimum term of 30 years. An inmate serving a 2 mandatory life sentence under section 609.385 must not be given supervised release under this section without having served a 3 minimum term of imprisonment of 17 years. An inmate serving a 4 mandatory life sentence under section 609.342, subdivision 2, 5 paragraph (b); 609.343, subdivision 2, paragraph (b); or 6 609.3455 must not be given supervised release under this section 7 without having served the minimum term of imprisonment specified 8 9 by the court in its sentence.

10 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
11 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 244.05,
subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [SUPERVISED RELEASE, LIFE SENTENCE.] (a) The 14 commissioner of corrections may, under rules promulgated by the 15 commissioner, give supervised release to an inmate serving a 16 mandatory life sentence under section 609.185, clause (1), (3), 17 (5), or (6); 609.109, subdivision 2a 3; 609.342, subdivision 2, 18 paragraph (b); 609.343, subdivision 2, paragraph (b); 609.3455; 19 or 609.385 after the inmate has served the minimum term of 20 imprisonment specified in subdivision 4. 21

(b) The commissioner shall require the preparation of a 22 community investigation report and shall consider the findings 23 of the report when making a supervised release decision under 24 this subdivision. The report shall reflect the sentiment of the 25 various elements of the community toward the inmate, both at the 26 time of the offense and at the present time. The report shall 27 include the views of the sentencing judge, the prosecutor, any 28 law enforcement personnel who may have been involved in the 29 case, and any successors to these individuals who may have 30 information relevant to the supervised release decision. The 31 report shall also include the views of the victim and the 32 victim's family unless the victim or the victim's family chooses 33 not to participate. 34

35 (c) The commissioner shall make reasonable efforts to 36 notify the victim, in advance, of the time and place of the

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

inmate's supervised release review hearing. The victim has a 1 right to submit an oral or written statement at the review 2 hearing. The statement may summarize the harm suffered by the 3 victim as a result of the crime and give the victim's 4 recommendation on whether the inmate should be given supervised 5 release at this time. The commissioner must consider the 6 victim's statement when making the supervised release decision. 7 8 (d) When considering whether to give supervised release to 9 an inmate serving a life sentence under section 609.342, subdivision 2, paragraph (b); 609.343, subdivision 2, paragraph 10 11 (b); or 609.3455, the commissioner shall consider, at a minimum, the following: the risk the inmate poses to the community if 12 released, the inmate's progress in treatment, the inmate's 13 14 behavior while incarcerated, psychological or other diagnostic 15 evaluations of the inmate, the inmate's criminal history, and 16 any other relevant conduct of the inmate while incarcerated or before incarceration. However, the commissioner may not give 17 18 supervised release to the inmate unless: 19 (1) while in prison, the inmate has successfully completed 20 appropriate sex offender treatment; 21 (2) while in prison, the inmate has been assessed for chemical dependency needs and, if appropriate, has successfully 22 23 completed chemical dependency treatment; (3) while in prison, the inmate has been assessed for 24 mental health needs and, if appropriate, has successfully 25 completed mental health treatment; and 26 27 (4) a comprehensive individual release plan is in place for 28 the inmate that ensures that, after release, the inmate will 29 have suitable housing and receive appropriate aftercare and

30 community-based treatment, and includes a postprison employment

31 or education plan for the inmate.

32 (e) As used in this subdivision, "victim" means the 33 individual who suffered harm as a result of the inmate's crime 34 or, if the individual is deceased, the deceased's surviving 35 spouse or next of kin.

36

Article 2 Section 4

14

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,

1

and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 2 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 244.05,

subdivision 6, is amended to read: 3

4 Subd. 6. [INTENSIVE SUPERVISED RELEASE.] The commissioner may order that an inmate be placed on intensive supervised 5 release for all or part of the inmate's supervised release or 6 7 parole term if the commissioner determines that the action will further the goals described in section 244.14, subdivision 1, 8 clauses (2), (3), and (4). In addition, the commissioner may 9 order that an inmate be placed on intensive supervised release 10 for all of the inmate's conditional or supervised release term 11 if the inmate was convicted of a sex offense under sections 12 13 609.342 to 609.345 or was sentenced under the provisions of section 609.108. The commissioner may impose appropriate 14 15 conditions of release on the inmate including but not limited to 16 unannounced searches of the inmate's person, vehicle, or 17 premises by an intensive supervision agent; compliance with 18 court-ordered restitution, if any; random drug testing; house 19 arrest; daily curfews; frequent face-to-face contacts with an assigned intensive supervision agent; work, education, or 20 treatment requirements; and electronic surveillance. 21 In 22 addition, any sex offender placed on intensive supervised release may be ordered to participate in an appropriate sex 23 offender program as a condition of release. If the inmate 24 25 violates the conditions of the intensive supervised release, the commissioner shall impose sanctions as provided in subdivision 3 26 and section 609-108 609.3455. 27

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 28 29 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

30 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.108, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 31

Subdivision 1. [MANDATORY INCREASED SENTENCE.] (a) A court 32 shall commit a person to the commissioner of corrections for a 33 period of time that is not less than double the presumptive 34 35 sentence under the Sentencing Guidelines and not more than the statutory maximum, or if the statutory maximum is less than 36

Article 2 Section 6

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

double the presumptive sentence, for a period of time that is
 equal to the statutory maximum, if:

(1) the court is imposing an executed sentence--based-on-a 3 Sentencing-Guidelines-presumptive-imprisonment-sentence-or-a 4 dispositional-departure-for-aggravating-circumstances-or-a 5 mandatory-minimum-sentence; on a person convicted of committing 6 or attempting to commit a violation of section 609.342, 609.343, 7 609.344, or 609.345, or on-a-person-convicted-of-committing-or 8 attempting-to-commit-any-other-crime-listed-in-subdivision-3-if 9 it-reasonably-appears-to-the-court-that-the-crime-was-motivated 10 by-the-offender's-sexual-impulses-or-was-part-of-a-predatory 11 pattern-of-behavior-that-had-criminal-sexual-conduct-as-its-goal 12 13 609.3453;

14 (2) the court-finds fact finder determines that the
15 offender is a danger to public safety; and

(3) the court-finds fact finder determines that the 16 17 offender-needs-long-term-treatment-or-supervision offender's criminal sexual behavior is so engrained that the risk of 18 reoffending is great without intensive psychotherapeutic 19 intervention or other long-term treatment or supervision 20 extending beyond the presumptive term of imprisonment and 21 supervised release. The-finding-must-be-based-on-a-professional 22 assessment-by-an-examiner-experienced-in-evaluating-sex 23 offenders-that-concludes-that-the-offender-is-a-patterned-sex 24 25 offender .-- The assessment must contain the facts upon which the conclusion-is-based,-with-reference-to-the-offense-history-of 26 27 the-offender-or-the-severity-of-the-current-offense;-the-social 28 history-of-the-offender,-and-the-results-of-an-examination-of the-offender's-mental-status-unless-the-offender-refuses-to-be 29 30 examined.--The-conclusion-may-not-be-based-on-testing-alone.--A 31 patterned-sex-offender-is-one-whose-criminal-sexual-behavior-is so-engrained-that-the-risk-of-reoffending-is-great-without 32 33 intensive-psychotherapeutic-intervention-or-other-long-term 34 controls. 35 (b)-The-court-shall-consider-imposing-a-sentence-under-this

36 section-whenever-a-person-is-convicted-of-violating-section

04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 609-342-0r-609-343-1 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 2 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 3 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.108, 4 5 subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. [PREDATORY CRIME.] A-predatory-crime-is-a-felony 6 7 violation-of-section-609-1857-609-197-609-1957-609-207-609-2057 609-2217-609-2227-609-2237-609-247-609-2457-609-257-609-2557 8 609-3427-609-3437-609-3447-609-3457-609-3657-609-4987-609-5617 9 or-609-5827-subdivision-1- As used in this section, "predatory 10 11 crime" has the meaning given in section 609.341, subdivision 22. 12 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 13 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.108, 14 subdivision 4, is amended to read: 15 Subd. 4. [DANGER TO PUBLIC SAFETY.] The court-shall-base 16 17 its-finding fact finder shall base its determination that the offender is a danger to public safety on any of the following 18 19 factors: (1) the crime involved an aggravating factor that would 20 justify a durational departure from the presumptive sentence 21 under the Sentencing Guidelines; 22 (2) the offender previously committed or attempted to 23 commit a predatory crime or a violation of section 609.224 or 24 25 609.2242, including: (i) an offense committed as a juvenile that would have been 26 a predatory crime or a violation of section 609.224 or 609.2242 27 if committed by an adult; or 28 (ii) a violation or attempted violation of a similar law of 29 any other state or the United States; or 30 (3) the offender planned or prepared for the crime prior to 31 its commission. 32 33 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 34 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.108, 35 subdivision 6, is amended to read: 36

Article 2 Section 9 17

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1	Subd. 6. [CONDITIONAL RELEASE.] At the time of sentencing
2	under subdivision 1, the court shall provide that after the
3	offender has completed the sentence imposed, less any good time
4	earned by an offender whose crime was committed before August 1,
5	1993, the commissioner of corrections shall place the offender
6	on conditional release for the remainder of the statutory
7	maximum period, or for ten years, whichever is longer. The
8	terms of conditional release are governed by section 609.3455.
9	The-conditions-of-release-may-include-successful-completion
10	of-treatment-and-aftercare-in-a-program-approved-by-the
11	commissioner7-satisfaction-of-the-release-conditions-specified
12	in-section-244-057-subdivision-67-and-any-other-conditions-the
13	commissioner-considers-appropriateBefore-the-offender-is
14	released,-the-commissioner-shall-notify-the-sentencing-court,
15	the-prosecutor-in-the-jurisdiction-where-the-offender-was
16	sentenced7-and-the-victim-of-the-offender4s-crime7-where
17	available7-of-the-terms-of-the-offender4s-conditional-release.
18	If-the-offender-fails-to-meet-any-condition-of-release;-the
19	commissioner-may-revoke-the-offender's-conditional-release-and
20	order-that-the-offender-serve-all-or-a-part-of-the-remaining
21	portion-of-the-conditional-release-term-in-prisonThe
22	commissioner-shall-not-dismiss-the-offender-from-supervision
23	before-the-conditional-release-term-expires.
24	Conditional-release-granted-under-this-subdivision-is
25	governed-by-provisions-relating-to-supervised-release,-except-as
26	otherwise-provided-in-this-subdivisionsection-244-04-
27	subdivision-17-or-244-05-
28	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
29	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
30	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.341, is
31	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
32	Subd. 22. [PREDATORY CRIME.] "Predatory crime" means a
33	felony violation of section 609.185, 609.19, 609.195, 609.20,
34	<u>609.205, 609.221, 609.222, 609.223, 609.24, 609.245, 609.25,</u>
35	609.255, 609.498, 609.561, or 609.582, subdivision 1.

36 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,

Article 2 Section 10

1 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.342, 2 subdivision 2, is amended to read: 3 Subd. 2. [PENALTY.] (a) Except as otherwise provided 4 5 in paragraph (b); section 609.109; or 609.3455, a person 6 convicted under subdivision 1 may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than 30 years or-to-a-payment-of-a-fine-of-not-more 7 than-\$4070007-or-both. 8 9 (b) Unless a longer mandatory minimum sentence is otherwise 10 required by law or the Sentencing Guidelines provide for a 11 longer presumptive executed sentence, the court shall presume that an executed sentence of 144 months must be imposed on an 12 offender convicted of violating this section. Sentencing a 13 person in a manner other than that described in this paragraph 14 is a departure from the Sentencing Guidelines. 15 16 (b) The court shall sentence a person to imprisonment for 17 life if the person is convicted under subdivision 1, clause (c), (d), (e), (f), or (h), and the fact finder determines beyond a 18 19 reasonable doubt that any of the following circumstances exist: 20 (1) the offender tortured the complainant; 21 (2) the offender intentionally inflicted great bodily harm 22 upon the complainant; (3) the offender intentionally mutilated the complainant; 23 24 (4) the offender exposed the complainant to extreme 25 inhumane conditions; 26 (5) the offender was armed with a dangerous weapon or any article used or fashioned in a manner to lead the complainant to 27 28 reasonably believe it to be a dangerous weapon and used or threatened to use the weapon or article to cause the complainant 29 30 to submit; 31 (6) the offense involved sexual penetration or sexual contact with more than one victim; or 32 33 (7) the offense involved more than one perpetrator engaging in sexual penetration or sexual contact with the complainant. 34 The fact finder may not consider a circumstance described 5 in clauses (1) to (7), if it is an element of the underlying 36 Article 2 Section 11 19

[COUNSEL] KPB

SC4098-1

1	specified violation of subdivision 1.
2	When sentencing an offender under this paragraph, the court
3	shall specify a minimum term of imprisonment, based on the
4	sentencing guidelines or any applicable mandatory minimum
5	sentence, that must be served before the offender may be
6	considered for supervised release.
7	(c) As used in this subdivision:
8	(1) "extreme inhumane conditions" means situations where,
9	either before or after the sexual penetration, the offender
10	knowingly causes or permits the complainant to be placed in a
11	situation likely to cause the complainant severe ongoing mental,
12	emotional, or psychological harm, or causes the complainant's
13	death;
14	(2) "mutilation" means the intentional infliction of
15	physical abuse designed to cause serious permanent disfigurement
16	or permanent or protracted loss or impairment of the functions
17	of any bodily member or organ, where the offender relishes the
18	infliction of the abuse, evidencing debasement or perversion;
19	and
20	(3) "torture" means the intentional infliction of extreme
21	mental anguish, or extreme psychological or physical abuse, when
22	committed in an especially depraved manner.
23	(d) In addition to the sentence imposed under paragraph (a)
24	or (b), the person may also be sentenced to the payment of a
25	fine of not more than \$40,000.
26	(e) Notwithstanding the statutory maximum sentence
27	described in paragraph (a) or (b), the person is also subject to
28	conditional release as provided in section 609.3455.
29	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
30	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
31	Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.342,
32	subdivision 3, is amended to read:
33	Subd. 3. [STAY.] Except when imprisonment is required
34	under section 609.109 or 609.3455, if a person is convicted
35	under subdivision 1, clause (g), the court may stay imposition
36	or execution of the sentence if it finds that:

(a) a stay is in the best interest of the complainant or 1 2 the family unit; and (b) a professional assessment indicates that the offender 3 has been accepted by and can respond to a treatment program. 4 If the court stays imposition or execution of sentence, it 5 shall include the following as conditions of probation: 6 7 (1) incarceration in a local jail or workhouse; (2) a requirement that the offender complete a treatment 8 9 program; and (3) a requirement that the offender have no unsupervised 10 contact with the complainant until the offender has successfully 11 completed the treatment program unless approved by the treatment 12 13 program and the supervising correctional agent. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 14 15 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.343, 16 17 subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. [PENALTY.] (a) Except as otherwise provided in 18 section 609.109 or 609.3455, a person convicted under 19 20 subdivision 1 may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than 25 years or-to-a-payment-of-a-fine-of-not-more-than-\$3570007-or 21 22 both. 23 (b) Unless a longer mandatory minimum sentence is otherwise required by law or the Sentencing Guidelines provide for a 24 25 longer presumptive executed sentence, the court shall presume that an executed sentence of 90 months must be imposed on an 26 offender convicted of violating subdivision 1, clause (c), (d), 27 (e), (f), or (h). Sentencing a person in a manner other than 28 that described in this paragraph is a departure from the 29 30 Sentencing Guidelines. (b) The court shall sentence a person to imprisonment for 31 life if the person is convicted under subdivision 1, clause (c), 32 33 (d), (e), (f), or (h), and the fact finder determines beyond a reasonable doubt that any of the following circumstances exist: 34 35 (1) the offender tortured the complainant; 36 (2) the offender intentionally inflicted great bodily harm Article 2 Section 13 21

[COUNSEL] KPB

SC4098-1

1	upon the complainant;
2	(3) the offender intentionally mutilated the complainant;
3	(4) the offender exposed the complainant to extreme
4	inhumane conditions;
5	(5) the offender was armed with a dangerous weapon or any
6	article used or fashioned in a manner to lead the complainant to
7	reasonably believe it to be a dangerous weapon and used or
8	threatened to use the weapon or article to cause the complainant
9	to submit;
10	(6) the offense involved sexual penetration or sexual
11	contact with more than one victim; or
12	(7) the offense involved more than one perpetrator engaging
13	in sexual penetration or sexual contact with the complainant.
14	The fact finder may not consider a circumstance described
15	in clauses (1) to (7), if it is an element of the underlying
16	specified violation of subdivision 1.
17	When sentencing an offender under this paragraph, the court
18	shall specify a minimum term of imprisonment, based on the
19	sentencing guidelines or any applicable mandatory minimum
20	sentence, that must be served before the offender may be
21	considered for supervised release.
22	(c) As used in this subdivision:
23	(1) "extreme inhumane conditions" means situations where,
24	either before or after the sexual penetration, the offender
25	knowingly causes or permits the complainant to be placed in a
26	situation likely to cause the complainant severe ongoing mental,
27	emotional, or psychological harm, or causes the complainant's
28	death;
29	(2) "mutilation" means the intentional infliction of
30	physical abuse designed to cause serious permanent disfigurement
31	or permanent or protracted loss or impairment of the functions
32	of any bodily member or organ, where the offender relishes the
33	infliction of the abuse, evidencing debasement or perversion;
34	and
35	(3) "torture" means the intentional infliction of extreme
36	mental anguish, or extreme psychological or physical abuse, when
Ar	ticle 2 Section 13 22

1	committed in an especially depraved manner.
2	(d) In addition to the sentence imposed under paragraph (a)
3	or (b), the person may also be sentenced to the payment of a
4	fine of not more than \$35,000.
5	(e) Notwithstanding the statutory maximum sentence
6	described in paragraph (a) or (b), the person is also subject to
7	conditional release as provided in section 609.3455.
8	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
9	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
10	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.343,
11	subdivision 3, is amended to read:
12	Subd. 3. [STAY.] Except when imprisonment is required
13	under section 609.109 or 609.3455, if a person is convicted
14	under subdivision 1, clause (g), the court may stay imposition
15	or execution of the sentence if it finds that:
16	(a) a stay is in the best interest of the complainant or
17	the family unit; and
18	(b) a professional assessment indicates that the offender
19	has been accepted by and can respond to a treatment program.
20	If the court stays imposition or execution of sentence, it
21	shall include the following as conditions of probation:
22	(1) incarceration in a local jail or workhouse;
23	(2) a requirement that the offender complete a treatment
24	program; and
25	(3) a requirement that the offender have no unsupervised
26	contact with the complainant until the offender has successfully
27	completed the treatment program unless approved by the treatment
28	program and the supervising correctional agent.
29	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
30	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
31	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.344,
32	subdivision 2, is amended to read:
33	Subd. 2. [PENALTY.] Except as otherwise provided in
34	section 609.3455, a person convicted under subdivision 1 may be
35	sentenced to imprisonment for not more than 15 years or to a
36	payment of a fine of not more than \$30,000, or

Article 2 Section 15

[COUNSEL] KPB 04/22/05 SC4098-1 both. Notwithstanding this statutory maximum sentence, the 1 person is also subject to conditional release as provided in 2 3 section 609.3455. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 4 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 5 6 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.344, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 7 Subd. 3. [STAY.] Except when imprisonment is required 8 under section 609.109 or 609.3455, if a person is convicted 9 under subdivision 1, clause (f), the court may stay imposition 10 or execution of the sentence if it finds that: 11 (a) a stay is in the best interest of the complainant or 12 13 the family unit; and 14 (b) a professional assessment indicates that the offender has been accepted by and can respond to a treatment program. 15 If the court stays imposition or execution of sentence, it 16 17 shall include the following as conditions of probation: (1) incarceration in a local jail or workhouse; 18 19 (2) a requirement that the offender complete a treatment 20 program; and (3) a requirement that the offender have no unsupervised 21 contact with the complainant until the offender has successfully 22 completed the treatment program unless approved by the treatment 23 program and the supervising correctional agent. 24 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 25 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 26 27 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.345, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 28 Subd. 2. [PENALTY.] Except as otherwise provided in 29 section 609.3455, a person convicted under subdivision 1 may be 30 sentenced to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to a 31 32 payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both. Notwithstanding this statutory maximum sentence, the 33 person is also subject to conditional release as provided in 34 35 section 609.3455. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 36 Article 2 Section 17 24

	04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1
1	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
2	Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.345,
3	subdivision 3, is amended to read:
4	Subd. 3. [STAY.] Except when imprisonment is required
5	under section 609.109 or 609.3455, if a person is convicted
6	under subdivision 1, clause (f), the court may stay imposition
7	or execution of the sentence if it finds that:
8	(a) a stay is in the best interest of the complainant or
9	the family unit; and
10	(b) a professional assessment indicates that the offender
11	has been accepted by and can respond to a treatment program.
12	If the court stays imposition or execution of sentence, it
13	shall include the following as conditions of probation:
14	(1) incarceration in a local jail or workhouse;
15	(2) a requirement that the offender complete a treatment
16	program; and
17	(3) a requirement that the offender have no unsupervised
18	contact with the complainant until the offender has successfully
19	completed the treatment program unless approved by the treatment
20	program and the supervising correctional agent.
21	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
22	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
23	Sec. 19. [609.3453] [CRIMINAL SEXUAL PREDATORY CONDUCT.]
24	Subdivision 1. [CRIME DEFINED.] A person is guilty of
25	criminal sexual predatory conduct if the person commits a
26	predatory crime that was motivated by the offender's sexual
27	impulses or was part of a predatory pattern of behavior that had
28	criminal sexual conduct as its goal.
29	Subd. 2. [PENALTY.] (a) Except as provided in section
30	609.3455, the statutory maximum sentence for a violation of
31	subdivision 1 is: (1) 25 percent longer than for the underlying
32	predatory crime; or (2) 50 percent longer than for the
33	underlying predatory crime, if the violation is committed by a
34	person with a previous sex offense conviction, as defined in
35	section 609.3455, subdivision 1.
36	(b) In addition to the sentence imposed under paragraph
Ar	cticle 2 Section 19 25

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[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 04/22/05 (a), the person may also be sentenced to the payment of a fine 1 of not more than \$20,000. 2 (c) Notwithstanding the statutory maximum sentence 3 described in paragraph (a), the person is also subject to 4 conditional release as provided in section 609.3455. 5 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 6 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 7 Sec. 20. [609.3455] [DANGEROUS SEX OFFENDERS; LIFE 8 SENTENCES; CONDITIONAL RELEASE.] 9 10 Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] (a) As used in this section, the following terms have the meanings given. 11 (b) "Conviction" includes a conviction as an extended 12 jurisdiction juvenile under section 260B.130 for a violation of, 13 or an attempt to violate, section 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, or 14 15 609.3453. (c) A conviction is considered a "previous sex offense 16 conviction" if the offender was convicted and sentenced for a 17 sex offense before the commission of the present offense. 18 (d) A conviction is considered a "prior sex offense 19 20 conviction" if the offender was convicted of committing a sex offense before the offender has been convicted of the present 21 offense, regardless of whether the offender was convicted for 22 the first offense before the commission of the present offense, 23 24 and the convictions involved separate behavioral incidents. 25 (e) "Sex offense" means any violation of, or attempt to 26 violate, section 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 609.3451, 27 609.3453, or any similar statute of the United States, this state, or any other state. 28 29 (f) An offender has "two previous sex offense convictions" 30 only if the offender was convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed after the offender was earlier convicted and 31 32 sentenced for a sex offense and both convictions preceded the 33 commission of the present offense of conviction. 34 Subd. 2. [MANDATORY LIFE SENTENCE.] (a) Notwithstanding 35 the statutory maximum penalty otherwise applicable to the 36 offense, the court shall sentence an offender to imprisonment

Article 2 Section 20

04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 for life if the offender is convicted of violating section 1 2 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, or 609.3453 if: (1) the offender has two previous sex offense convictions; 3 4 (2) the offender has a previous sex offense conviction and: 5 (i) the present offense involved an aggravating factor that 6 would provide grounds for an upward departure under the 7 sentencing guidelines other than the aggravating factor applicable to repeat criminal sexual conduct convictions; 8 (ii) the offender received an upward departure from the 9 sentencing guidelines for the previous sex offense conviction; 10 11 or 12 (iii) the offender was sentenced under section 609.108 for 13 the previous sex offense conviction; or 14 (3) the offender has two prior sex offense convictions, the 15 prior convictions and present offense involved at least three 16 separate victims, and: 17 (i) the present offense involved an aggravating factor that 18 would provide grounds for an upward departure under the 19 sentencing guidelines other than the aggravating factor 20 applicable to repeat criminal sexual conduct convictions; (ii) the offender received an upward departure from the 21 22 sentencing guidelines for one of the prior sex offense 23 convictions; or 24 (iii) the offender was sentenced under section 609.108 for one of the prior sex offense convictions. 25 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a court may not sentence 26 an offender to imprisonment for life under that paragraph for a 27 violation of section 609.345, unless the offender's previous or 28 29 prior sex offense convictions that are being used as the basis for the sentence are for violations of section 609.342, 609.343, 30 609.344, 609.3453, or any similar statute of the United States, 31 this state, or any other state. 32 Subd. 3. [LIFE SENTENCES; MINIMUM TERM OF 33 34 IMPRISONMENT.] At the time of sentencing under subdivision 2, the court shall specify a minimum term of imprisonment, based on 5 ز 36 the sentencing guidelines or any applicable mandatory minimum

Article 2 Section 20

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1	sentence, that must be served before the offender may be
2	considered for supervised release.
3	Subd. 4. [MANDATORY TEN-YEAR CONDITIONAL RELEASE TERM.]
4	Notwithstanding the statutory maximum sentence otherwise
5	applicable to the offense and unless a longer conditional
6	release term is required in subdivision 5, when a court commits
7	an offender to the custody of the commissioner of corrections
8	for a violation of section 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345,
9	or 609.3453, the court shall provide that, after the offender
10	has completed the sentence imposed, the commissioner shall place
11	the offender on conditional release for ten years, minus the
12	time the offender served on supervised release.
13	Subd. 5. [MANDATORY LIFETIME CONDITIONAL RELEASE TERM.] (a)
14	When a court sentences an offender under subdivision 2 or
15	section 609.342, subdivision 2, paragraph (b); or 609.343,
16	subdivision 2, paragraph (b), the court shall provide that, if
17	the offender is released from prison, the commissioner of
18	corrections shall place the offender on conditional release for
19	the remainder of the offender's life.
20	(b) Notwithstanding the statutory maximum sentence
21	otherwise applicable to the offense, when the court commits an
22	offender to the custody of the commissioner of corrections for a
23	violation of section 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, or
24	609.3453, and the offender has a previous or prior sex offense
25	conviction, the court shall provide that, after the offender has
26	completed the sentence imposed, the commissioner shall place the
27	offender on conditional release for the remainder of the
28	offender's life.
29	(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), an offender may not be
30	placed on lifetime conditional release under that paragraph for
31	a violation of section 609.345, unless the offender's previous
32	or prior sex offense conviction that is being used as the basis
33	for the placement is for a violation of section 609.342,
34	609.343, 609.344, 609.3453, or any similar statute of the United
35	States, this state, or any other state.
36	Subd. 6. [TERMS OF CONDITIONAL RELEASE; APPLICABLE TO ALL
7	

Article 2

Section 20

Article 3 Section 1

1	SEX OFFENDERS.] (a) The provisions of this subdivision apply to
2	all sex offenders placed on conditional release. Except as
3	provided in this subdivision, conditional release of sex
4	offenders is governed by provisions relating to supervised
5	release. The commissioner of corrections may not dismiss an
6	offender on conditional release from supervision until the
7	offender's conditional release term expires.
8	(b) The conditions of release may include successful
9	completion of treatment and aftercare in a program approved by
10	the commissioner, satisfaction of the release conditions
11	specified in section 244.05, subdivision 6, and any other
12	conditions the commissioner considers appropriate. Before the
13	offender is released, the commissioner shall notify the
14	sentencing court, the prosecutor in the jurisdiction where the
15	offender was sentenced, and the victim of the offender's crime,
16	where available, of the terms of the offender's conditional
17	release. If the offender fails to meet any condition of
18	release, the commissioner may revoke the offender's conditional
19	release and order that the offender serve all or a part of the
20	remaining portion of the conditional release term in prison.
21	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005.
22	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
23	Sec. 21. [REPEALER.]
24	Minnesota Statutes 2004, sections 609.108, subdivision 2;
25	and 609.109, subdivision 7, are repealed.
26	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
27	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
28	ARTICLE 3
29	SEX OFFENDERS: PREDATORY OFFENDER REGISTRATION;
30	COMMUNITY NOTIFICATION; NONSENTENCING CHANGES
31	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 243.166, is
32	amended to read:
33	243.166 [REGISTRATION OF PREDATORY OFFENDERS.]
34	Subdivision-1{REGISTRATION-REQUIRED-}-(a)-A-person-shall
35	register-under-this-section-if:
36	(1)-the-person-was-charged-with-or-petitioned-for-a-felony

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1	violation-of-or-attempt-to-violate-any-of-the-followingand
2	convicted-of-or-adjudicated-delinquent-for-that-offense-or
3	another-offense-arising-out-of-the-same-set-of-circumstances:
4	<pre>(i)-murder-under-section-609.185,-clause-(2);-or</pre>
5	(ii)-kidnapping-under-section-609-25;-or
6	(iii)-criminal-sexual-conduct-under-section-609-342;
7	609-343;-609-344;-609-345;-or-609-3451;-subdivision-3;-or
8	(iv)-indecent-exposure-under-section-617-23,-subdivision-3;
9	or ·
10	<pre>(2)-the-person-was-charged-with-or-petitioned-for-falsely</pre>
11	imprisoning-a-minor-in-violation-of-section-609-2557-subdivision
12	2;-soliciting-a-minor-to-engage-in-prostitution-in-violation-of
13	section-609.322-or-609.324;-soliciting-a-minor-to-engage-in
14	sexual-conduct-in-violation-of-section-609-352;-using-a-minor-in
15	a-sexual-performance-in-violation-of-section-617-246;-or
16	possessing-pornographic-work-involving-a-minor-in-violation-of
17	section-617.247,-and-convicted-of-or-adjudicated-delinguent-for
18	that-offense-or-another-offense-arising-out-of-the-same-set-of
19	circumstances;-or
20	(3)-the-person-was-convicted-of-a-predatory-crime-as
21	defined-in-section-609.1087-and-the-offender-was-sentenced-as-a
22	patterned-sex-offender-or-the-court-found-on-its-own-motion-or
23	that-of-the-prosecutor-that-the-crime-was-part-of-a-predatory
24	pattern-of-behavior-that-had-criminal-sexual-conduct-as-its
25	goal;-or
26	(4)-the-person-was-convicted-of-or-adjudicated-delinquent
27	for,-including-pursuant-to-a-court-martial,-violating-a-law-of
28	the-United-States,-including-the-Uniform-Code-of-Military
29	Justice,-similar-to-the-offenses-described-in-clause-(1),-(2),
30	or- (3).
31	(b)-A-person-also-shall-register-under-this-section-if:
32	(1)-the-person-was-convicted-of-or-adjudicated-delinquent
33	in-another-state-for-an-offense-that-would-be-a-violation-of-a
34	law-described-in-paragraph-(a)-if-committed-in-this-state;
35	(2)-the-person-enters-the-state-to-reside,-or-to-work-or
36	attend-school;-and

Article 3 Section 1

1	(3)-ten-years-have-not-elapsed-since-the-person-was
2	released-from-confinement-or-if-the-person-was-not-confined-
3	since-the-person-was-convicted-of-or-adjudicated-delinguent-for
4	the-offense-that-triggers-registration,-unless-the-person-is
5	subject-to-lifetime-registration,-in-which-case-the-person-must
6	register-for-life-regardless-of-when-the-person-was-released
7	from-confinement,-convicted,-or-adjudicated-delinguent.
8	For-purposes-of-this-paragraph:
9	(i)-"school"-includes-any-public-or-private-educational
10	institutionincluding-any-secondary-schooltrade-or
11	professional-institution-or-institution-of-higher-education-
12	that-the-person-is-enrolled-in-on-a-full-time-or-part-time
13	basis;-and
14	(ii)-"work"-includes-employment-that-is-full-time-or-part
15	time-for-a-period-of-time-exceeding-14-days-or-for-an-aggregate
16	period-of-time-exceeding-30-days-during-any-calendar-year,
17	whether-financially-compensated,-volunteered,-or-for-the-purpose
18	of-government-or-educational-benefit.
19	(c)-A-person-also-shall-register-under-this-section-if-the
20	person-was-committed-pursuant-to-a-court-commitment-order-under
21	section-253B-185-or-Minnesota-Statutes-1992,-section-526-10,-or
22	a-similar-law-of-another-state-or-the-United-States,-regardless
23	of-whether-the-person-was-convicted-of-any-offense-
24	(d)-A-person-also-shall-register-under-this-section-if:
25	(1)-the-person-was-charged-with-or-petitioned-for-a-felony
26	violation-or-attempt-to-violate-any-of-the-offenses-listed-in
27	paragraph-(a),-clause-(1),-or-a-similar-law-of-another-state-or
28	the-United-States,-or-the-person-was-charged-with-or-petitioned
29	for-a-violation-of-any-of-the-offenses-listed-in-paragraph-(a),
30	clause-(2),-or-a-similar-law-of-another-state-or-the-United
31	States;
32	(2)-the-person-was-found-not-guilty-by-reason-of-mental
33	illness-or-mental-deficiency-after-a-trial-for-that-offense,-or
34	found-guilty-but-mentally-ill-after-a-trial-for-that-offensein
35	states-with-a-guilty-but-mentally-ill-verdict;-and
36	(3)-the-person-was-committed-pursuant-to-a-court-commitment

Article 3 Section 1 31

04/22/05 order-under-section-253B-18-or-a-similar-law-of-another-state-or the-United-States-

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Subd. 1a. [DEFINITIONS.] (a) As used in this section, 3 unless the context clearly indicates otherwise, the following 4 terms have the meanings given them. 5

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

(b) "Bureau" means the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. 6 (c) "Dwelling" means the building where the person lives 7 8 under a formal or informal agreement to do so.

(d) "Incarceration" and "confinement" do not include 9 electronic home monitoring. 10

11 (e) "Law enforcement authority" or "authority" means, with respect to a home rule charter or statutory city, the chief of 12 police, and with respect to an unincorporated area, the county 13 14 sheriff.

15 (f) "Motor vehicle" has the meaning given for "vehicle" in 16 section 169.01, subdivision 2.

(g) "Primary address" means the mailing address of the 17 person's dwelling. If the mailing address is different from the 18 19 actual location of the dwelling, "primary address" also includes 20 the physical location of the dwelling described with as much 21 specificity as possible.

22 (h) "School" includes any public or private educational 23 institution, including any secondary school, trade, or

professional institution, or institution of higher education, 24

that the person is enrolled in on a full-time basis or part-time 25 26 basis.

27 (i) "Secondary address" means the mailing address of any 28 place where the person regularly or occasionally stays overnight 29 when not staying at the person's primary address. If the 30 mailing address is different from the actual location of the place, "secondary address" also includes the physical location 31 of the place described with as much specificity as possible. 32 33 (j) "Treatment facility" means a residential facility, as defined in section 244.052, subdivision 1, and residential 34 35 chemical dependency treatment programs and halfway houses licensed under chapter 245A, including, but not limited to, 36

Article 3 Section 1

	04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1
1	those facilities directly or indirectly assisted by any
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8	Subd. 1b. [REGISTRATION REQUIRED.] (a) A person shall
9	register under this section if:
10	(1) the person was charged with or petitioned for a felony
11	violation of or attempt to violate, or aiding, abetting, or
12	conspiracy to commit, any of the following, and convicted of or
13	adjudicated delinquent for that offense or another offense
14	arising out of the same set of circumstances:
15	(i) murder under section 609.185, paragraph (a), clause
16	<u>(2); or</u>
17	(ii) kidnapping under section 609.25; or
18	(iii) criminal sexual conduct under section 609.342;
19	609.343; 609.344; 609.345; 609.3451, subdivision 3; or 609.3453;
20	or
21	(iv) indecent exposure under section 617.23, subdivision 3;
22	(2) the person was charged with or petitioned for a
23	violation of or attempt to violate, or aiding, abetting, or
24	conspiracy to commit false imprisonment in violation of section
25	609.255, subdivision 2; soliciting a minor to engage in
26	prostitution in violation of section 609.322 or 609.324;
27	soliciting a minor to engage in sexual conduct in violation of
28	section 609.352; using a minor in a sexual performance in
29	violation of section 617.246; or possessing pornographic work
30	involving a minor in violation of section 617.247, and convicted
31	of or adjudicated delinquent for that offense or another offense
32	arising out of the same set of circumstances;
33	(3) the person was sentenced as a patterned sex offender
34	under section 609.108; or
35	(4) the person was convicted of or adjudicated delinquent
36	5 for, including pursuant to a court martial, violating a law of
7	Article 3 Section 1 33

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Article 3 Section 1

the United States, including the Uniform Code of Military 1 Justice, similar to the offenses described in clause (1), (2), 2 3 or (3). (b) A person also shall register under this section if: 4 (1) the person was convicted of or adjudicated delinquent 5 in another state for an offense that would be a violation of a 6 law described in paragraph (a) if committed in this state; 7 (2) the person enters the state to reside, work, or attend 8 school, or enters the state and remains for 14 days or longer; 9 and 10 11 (3) ten years have not elapsed since the person was released from confinement or, if the person was not confined, 12 13 since the person was convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for the offense that triggers registration, unless the person is 14 subject to lifetime registration, in which case the person shall 15 register for life regardless of when the person was released 16 from confinement, convicted, or adjudicated delinquent. 17 18 A person described in this paragraph shall register with 19 the bureau within five days after the registration requirement 20 becomes applicable. (c) A person also shall register under this section if the 21 person was committed pursuant to a court commitment order under 22 section 253B.185 or Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 526.10, or 23 a similar law of another state or the United States, regardless 24 25 of whether the person was convicted of any offense. 26 (d) A person also shall register under this section if: 27 (1) the person was charged with or petitioned for a felony 28 violation or attempt to violate any of the offenses listed in 29 paragraph (a), clause (1), or a similar law of another state or the United States, or the person was charged with or petitioned 30 for a violation of any of the offenses listed in paragraph (a), 31 32 clause (2), or a similar law of another state or the United 33 States; 34 (2) the person was found not guilty by reason of mental 35 illness or mental deficiency after a trial for that offense, or 36 found guilty but mentally ill after a trial for that offense, in

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1 states with a guilty but mentally ill verdict; and

2 (3) the person was committed pursuant to a court commitment 3 order under section 253B.18 or a similar law of another state or 4 the United States.

5 Subd. 2. [NOTICE.] When a person who is required to register under subdivision ± 1b, paragraph (a), is sentenced or 6 becomes subject to a juvenile court disposition order, the court 7 shall tell the person of the duty to register under this section 8 9 and that, if the person fails to comply with the registration 10 requirements, information about the offender may be made available to the public through electronic, computerized, or 11 other accessible means. The court may not modify the person's 12 duty to register in the pronounced sentence or disposition 13 order. The court shall require the person to read and sign a 14 form stating that the duty of the person to register under this 15 section has been explained. The court shall forward the signed 16 17 sex offender registration form, the complaint, and sentencing documents to the bureau of-Criminal-Apprehension. If a person 18 required to register under subdivision 1 1b, paragraph (a), was 19 not notified by the court of the registration requirement at the 20 time of sentencing or disposition, the assigned corrections 21 agent shall notify the person of the requirements of this 22 section. When a person who is required to register under 23 subdivision ± 1b, paragraph (c) or (d), is released from 24 25 commitment, the treatment facility shall notify the person of the requirements of this section. The treatment facility shall 26 also obtain the registration information required under this 27 section and forward it to the bureau of-Criminal-Apprehension. 28 Subd. 3. [REGISTRATION PROCEDURE.] (a) Except as provided 29 in subdivision 3a, a person required to register under this 30 section shall register with the corrections agent as soon as the 31 agent is assigned to the person. If the person does not have an 32 33 assigned corrections agent or is unable to locate the assigned corrections agent, the person shall register with the law 34 enforcement agency authority that has jurisdiction in the area 35 of the person's residence primary address. 36

Article 3 Section 1

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

(b) Except as provided in subdivision 3a, at least five 1 days before the person starts living at a new primary address, 2 including living in another state, the person shall give written 3 notice of the new primary living address to the assigned 4 corrections agent or to the law enforcement authority with which 5 the person currently is registered. If the person will be 6 living in a new state and that state has a registration 7 requirement, the person shall also give written notice of the 8 new address to the designated registration agency in the new 9 state. A person required to register under this section shall 10 11 also give written notice to the assigned corrections agent or to the law enforcement authority that has jurisdiction in the area 12 of the person's residence primary address that the person is no 13 14 longer living or staying at an address, immediately after the person is no longer living or staying at that address. 15 The corrections agent or law enforcement authority shall, within two 16 business days after receipt of this information, forward it to 17 the bureau of-Criminal-Apprehension. The bureau of-Criminal 18 19 Apprehension shall, if it has not already been done, notify the 20 law enforcement authority having primary jurisdiction in the community where the person will live of the new address. 21 If the person is leaving the state, the bureau of-Criminal-Apprehension 22 23 shall notify the registration authority in the new state of the new address. If-the-person's-obligation-to-register-arose-under 24 subdivision-1;-paragraph-(b); The person's registration 25 requirements under this section terminate when after the person 26 begins living in the new state and the bureau has confirmed the 27 28 address in the other state through the annual verification process on at least one occasion. 29

(c) A person required to register under subdivision ± <u>1b</u>,
paragraph (b), because the person is working or attending school
in Minnesota shall register with the law enforcement
agency <u>authority</u> that has jurisdiction in the area where the
person works or attends school. In addition to other
information required by this section, the person shall provide
the address of the school or of the location where the person is

Article 3 Section 1

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

employed. A person must <u>shall</u> comply with this paragraph within
 five days of beginning employment or school. A person's
 obligation to register under this paragraph terminates when the
 person is no longer working or attending school in Minnesota.

(d) A person required to register under this section who 5 works or attends school outside of Minnesota shall register as a 6 predatory offender in the state where the person works or 7 8 attends school. The person's corrections agent, or if the 9 person does not have an assigned corrections agent, the law 10 enforcement authority that has jurisdiction in the area of the 11 person's residence primary address shall notify the person of this requirement. 12

13 <u>Subd. 3a.</u> [REGISTRATION PROCEDURE WHEN PERSON LACKS 14 PRIMARY ADDRESS.] (a) If a person leaves a primary address and 15 <u>does not have a new primary address, the person shall register</u> 16 <u>with the law enforcement authority that has jurisdiction in the</u> 17 <u>area where the person is staying within 24 hours of the time the</u> 18 <u>person no longer has a primary address.</u>

19 (b) A person who lacks a primary address shall register 20 with the law enforcement authority that has jurisdiction in the area where the person is staying within 24 hours after entering 21 the jurisdiction. Each time a person who lacks a primary 22 address moves to a new jurisdiction without acquiring a new 23 24 primary address, the person shall register with the law 25 enforcement authority that has jurisdiction in the area where the person is staying within 24 hours after entering the 26 27 jurisdiction.

(c) Upon registering under this subdivision, the person 28 shall provide the law enforcement authority with all of the 29 information the individual is required to provide under 30 subdivision 4a. However, instead of reporting the person's 31 32 primary address, the person shall describe the location of where 33 the person is staying with as much specificity as possible. (d) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (e), if a 34 person continues to lack a primary address, the person shall 5 report in person on a weekly basis to the law enforcement 36

Article 3

37

Section 1

1	authority with jurisdiction in the area where the person is
2	staying. This weekly report shall occur between the hours of
3	9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. The person is not required to provide
4	the registration information required under subdivision 4a each
5	time the offender reports to an authority, but the person shall
6	inform the authority of changes to any information provided
7	under subdivision 4a or this subdivision and shall otherwise
8	comply with this subdivision.
9	(e) If the law enforcement authority determines that it is
10	impractical, due to the person's unique circumstances, to
11	require a person lacking a primary address to report weekly and
12	in person as required under paragraph (d), the authority may
13	authorize the person to follow an alternative reporting
14	procedure. The authority shall consult with the person's
15	corrections agent, if the person has one, in establishing the
.16	specific criteria of this alternative procedure, subject to the
17	following requirements:
18	(1) The authority shall document, in the person's
19	registration record, the specific reasons why the weekly
20	in-person reporting process is impractical for the person to
21	follow.
22	(2) The authority shall explain how the alternative
23	reporting procedure furthers the public safety objectives of
24	this section.
25	(3) The authority shall require the person lacking a
26	primary address to report in person at least monthly to the
27	authority or the person's corrections agent and shall specify
28	the location where the person shall report. If the authority
29	determines it would be more practical and would further public
30	safety for the person to report to another law enforcement
31	authority with jurisdiction where the person is staying, it may,
32	after consulting with the other law enforcement authority,
33	include this requirement in the person's alternative reporting
34	process.
35	(4) The authority shall require the person to comply with
36	the weekly, in-person reporting process required under paragraph

Section 1

1	(d), if the person moves to a new area where this process would
2	be practical.
3	(5) The authority shall require the person to report any
4	changes to the registration information provided under
5	subdivision 4a and to comply with the periodic registration
6	requirements specified under paragraph (f).
7	(6) The authority shall require the person to comply with
8	the requirements of subdivision 3, paragraphs (b) and (c), if
9	the person moves to a primary address.
10	(f) If a person continues to lack a primary address and
11	continues to report to the same law enforcement authority, the
12	person shall provide the authority with all of the information
13	the individual is required to provide under subdivision 4a and
14	this subdivision at least annually, unless the person is
15	required to register under subdivision 1b, paragraph (c),
16	following commitment pursuant to a court commitment under
17	section 253B.185 or a similar law of another state or the United
18	States. If the person is required to register under subdivision
19	1b, paragraph (c), the person shall provide the law enforcement
20	authority with all of the information the individual is required
21	to report under subdivision 4a and this subdivision at least
22	once every three months.
23	(g) A law enforcement authority receiving information under
24	this subdivision shall forward registration information and
25	changes to that information to the bureau within two business
26	days of receipt of the information.
27	(h) For purposes of this subdivision, a person who fails to
28	report a primary address will be deemed to be a person who lacks
29	a primary address, and the person shall comply with the
30	requirements for a person who lacks a primary address.
31	Subd. 4. [CONTENTS OF REGISTRATION.] (a) The registration
32	provided to the corrections agent or law enforcement authority,
33	must consist of a statement in writing signed by the person,

34 giving information required by the bureau of-Criminal

35 Apprehension, a fingerprint card, and photograph of the person 36 taken at the time of the person's release from incarceration or,

Article 3 Section 1

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

if the person was not incarcerated, at the time the person 1 initially registered under this section. The registration 2 information also must include a written consent form signed by 3 the person allowing a treatment facility or residential housing 4 unit or shelter to release information to a law enforcement 5 officer about the person's admission to, or residence in, a 6 7 treatment facility or residential housing unit or shelter. Registration information on adults and juveniles may be 8 maintained together notwithstanding section 260B.171, 9 subdivision 3. 10

(b) For persons required to register under subdivision ± 11 1b, paragraph (c), following commitment pursuant to a court 12 commitment under section 253B.185 or a similar law of another 13 state or the United States, in addition to other information 14 15 required by this section, the registration provided to the corrections agent or law enforcement authority must include the 16 person's offense history and documentation of treatment received 17 during the person's commitment. This documentation shall-be is 18 limited to a statement of how far the person progressed in 19 20 treatment during commitment.

(c) Within three days of receipt, the corrections agent or 21 law enforcement authority shall forward the registration 22 information to the bureau of-Criminal-Apprehension. The bureau 23 shall ascertain whether the person has registered with the law 24 25 enforcement authority where-the-person-resides in the area of the person's primary address, if any, or if the person lacks a 26 primary address, where the person is staying, as required by 27 28 subdivision 3a. If the person has not registered with the law enforcement authority, the bureau shall send one copy to that 29 authority. 30

(d) The corrections agent or law enforcement authority may
require that a person required to register under this section
appear before the agent or authority to be photographed. <u>The</u>
<u>agent or authority shall require a person required to register</u>
<u>under this section who is classified as a risk level III</u>
<u>offender under section 244.052 to appear before the agent or</u>

Article 3 Section 1

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

<u>authority at least every six months to be photographed.</u> The
 agent or authority shall forward the photograph to the bureau of
 Criminal-Apprehension.

4 (e) During the period a person is required to register
5 under this section, the following shall provisions apply:

6 (1) Except for persons registering under subdivision 3a, 7 the bureau of-Criminal-Apprehension shall mail a verification form to the last-reported-address-of-the person's residence last 8 9 reported primary address. This verification form shall must 10 provide notice to the offender that, if the offender does not 11 return the verification form as required, information about the offender may be made available to the public through electronic, 12 computerized, or other accessible means. For persons who are 13 registered under subdivision 3a, the bureau shall mail an annual 14 verification form to the law enforcement authority where the 15 offender most recently reported. The authority shall provide 16 17 the verification form to the person at the next weekly meeting and ensure that the person completes and signs the form and 18 19 returns it to the bureau.

(2) The person shall mail the signed verification form back
to the bureau of-Criminal-Apprehension within ten days after
receipt of the form, stating on the form the current and last
address of the person's residence and the other information
required under subdivision 4a.

(3) In addition to the requirements listed in this section, 25 a person who, under section 244.052, is assigned to risk level 26 II or risk level III, and who is no longer under correctional 27 supervision, shall have an annual in-person contact with the law 28 29 enforcement authority in the area of the person's primary address or, if the person has no primary address, where the 30 person is staying. During the month of the person's birth date, 31 the person shall report to the authority to verify the accuracy 32 of the registration information and to be photographed. Within 33 three days of this contact, the authority shall enter 34 information as required by the bureau into the predatory 35 offender registration database and submit an updated photograph 36

Article 3 Section 1

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

of the person to the bureau's predatory offender registration
 unit. The authority may waive the photograph requirement for a
 person assigned to risk level III who has recently been
 photographed under paragraph (d).

5 (4) If the person fails to mail the completed and signed 6 verification form to the bureau of-Criminal-Apprehension within 7 ten days after receipt of the form, or if the person fails to 8 report to the law enforcement authority during the month of the 9 person's birth date, the person shall-be is in violation of this 10 section.

For persons required to register under subdivision 1 1b, 11 paragraph (c), following commitment pursuant to a court 12 commitment under section 253B.185 or a similar law of another 13 state or the United States, the bureau shall comply with clause 14 15 (1) at least four times each year. For persons who under section 244.052 are assigned to risk level III and who are no 16 longer under correctional supervision, the bureau shall comply 17 with clause (1) at least two times each year. For all other 18 persons required to register under this section, the bureau 19 shall comply with clause (1) each year within 30 days of the 20 21 anniversary date of the person's initial registration.

(f) When sending out a verification form, the bureau of 22 23 Criminal-Apprehension-must shall determine whether the person to 24 whom the verification form is being sent has signed a written 25 consent form as provided for in paragraph (a). If the person has not signed such a consent form, the bureau of-Criminal 26 Apprehension-must shall send a written consent form to the 27 person along with the verification form. A person who receives 28 29 this written consent form must shall sign and return it to the 30 bureau of-Criminal-Apprehension at the same time as the 31 verification form.

32 (g)-For-the-purposes-of-this-subdivision;-"treatment
33 facility"-means-a-residential-facility;-as-defined-in-section
34 244:052;-subdivision-1;-and-residential-chemical-dependency
35 treatment-programs-and-halfway-houses-licensed-under-chapter
36 245A;-including;-but-not-limited-to;-those-facilities-directly

Article 3 Section 1

1	or-indirectly-assisted-by-any-department-or-agency-of-the-United
2	States.
3	Subd. 4a. [INFORMATION REQUIRED TO BE PROVIDED.] (a) As
4	used-in-this-section:
5	(1)-"motor-vehicle"-has-the-meaning-given-"vehicle"-in
6	section-169-017-subdivision-27
7	<pre>(2)-"primary-residence"-means-any-place-where-the-person</pre>
8	resides-longer-than-14-days-or-that-is-deemed-a-primary
9	residence-by-a-person's-corrections-agent,-if-one-is-assigned-to
10	the-person;-and
11	(3)-"secondary-residence"-means-any-place-where-the-person
12	regularly-stays-overnight-when-not-staying-at-the-person's
13	primary-residence,-and-includes,-but-is-not-limited-to:
14	(i)-the-person's-parent's-home-if-the-person-is-a-student
15	and-stays-at-the-home-at-times-when-the-person-is-not-staying-at
16	schoolincluding-during-the-summer-and
17	(ii)-the-home-of-someone-with-whom-the-person-has-a-minor
18	child-in-common-where-the-child's-custody-is-shared.
19	(b) A person required to register under this section shall
20	provide to the corrections agent or law enforcement authority
21	the following information:
22	(1) the address-of-the person's primary residence address;
23	(2) the-addresses-of all of the person's secondary
24	residences addresses in Minnesota, including all addresses used
25	for residential or recreational purposes;
26	(3) the addresses of all Minnesota property owned, leased,
27	or rented by the person;
28	(4) the addresses of all locations where the person is
29	employed;
30	(5) the addresses of all residences schools where the
31	person resides-while-attending-school is enrolled; and
32	(6) the year, model, make, license plate number, and color
33	of all motor vehicles owned or regularly driven by the person.
34	(e) (b) The person shall report to the agent or authority
35	the information required to be provided under paragraph (b) (a),
36	clauses (2) to (6), within five days of the date the clause

Article 3 Section 1 43

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

becomes applicable. If because of a change in circumstances any information reported under paragraph (b) (a), clauses (1) to (6), no longer applies, the person shall immediately inform the agent or authority that the information is no longer valid. <u>If</u> the person leaves a primary address and does not have a new primary address, the person shall register as provided in subdivision 3a.

8 Subd. 5. [CRIMINAL PENALTY.] (a) A person required to 9 register under this section who knowingly violates any of its 10 provisions or intentionally provides false information to a 11 corrections agent, law enforcement authority, or the bureau of 12 Criminal-Apprehension is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced 13 to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a 14 fine of not more than \$10,000, or both.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), a person convicted of violating paragraph (a) shall be committed to the custody of the commissioner of corrections for not less than a year and a day, nor more than five years.

(c) A person convicted of violating paragraph (a), who has
previously been convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for
violating this section <u>or a similar law of another state or the</u>
<u>United States</u>, shall be committed to the custody of the
commissioner of corrections for not less than two years, nor
more than five years.

(d) Prior to the time of sentencing, the prosecutor may 25 file a motion to have the person sentenced without regard to the 26 mandatory minimum sentence established by this subdivision. 27 The motion shall must be accompanied by a statement on the record of 28 29 the reasons for it. When presented with the motion, or on its own motion, the court may sentence the person without regard to 30 the mandatory minimum sentence if the court finds substantial 31 32 and compelling reasons to do so. Sentencing a person in the manner described in this paragraph is a departure from the 33 34 Sentencing Guidelines.

35 (e) A person convicted and sentenced as required by this
 36 subdivision is not eligible for probation, parole, discharge,

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

work release, or supervised release, until that person has
 served the full term of imprisonment as provided by law,
 notwithstanding the provisions of sections 241.26, 242.19,
 243.05, 244.04, 609.12, and 609.135.

5 Subd. 5a. [TEN-YEAR CONDITIONAL RELEASE FOR VIOLATIONS COMMITTED BY LEVEL III OFFENDERS.] Notwithstanding the statutory 6 7 maximum sentence otherwise applicable to the offense or any provision of the sentencing guidelines, when a court commits a 8 9 person to the custody of the commissioner of corrections for violating subdivision 5 and, at the time of the violation, the 10 person was assigned to risk level III under section 244.052, the 11 court shall provide that after the person has completed the 12 sentence imposed, the commissioner shall place the person on 13 conditional release for ten years. The terms of conditional 14 release are governed by section 609.3455, subdivision 6. 15

Subd. 6. [REGISTRATION PERIOD.] (a) Notwithstanding the 16 17 provisions of section 609.165, subdivision 1, and except as provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and (d), a person required to 18 register under this section shall continue to comply with this 19 section until ten years have elapsed since the person initially 20 registered in connection with the offense, or until the 21 probation, supervised release, or conditional release period 22 expires, whichever occurs later. For a person required to 23 register under this section who is committed under section 24 253B.18 or 253B.185, the ten-year registration period does not 25 include the period of commitment. 26

(b) If a person required to register under this section 27 fails to register following a change in residence the person's 28 primary or secondary address, employment, school, or motor 29 30 vehicle information; fails to report any property the person owns, leases, or rents; or fails to return the annual 31 verification form within ten days, the commissioner of public 32 safety may require the person to continue to register for an 33 additional period of five years. This five-year period is added 34 to the end of the offender's registration period. 35 (c) If a person required to register under this section is 36

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Article 3 Section 1

subsequently incarcerated following a conviction for a new 1 offense or following a revocation of probation, supervised 2 release, or conditional release for that any offense--or-a 3 conviction-for-any-new-offense, the person shall continue to 4 register until ten years have elapsed since the person was last 5 released from incarceration or until the person's probation, 6 7 supervised release, or conditional release period expires, whichever occurs later. 8

9 (d) A person shall continue to comply with this section for 10 the life of that person:

(1) if the person is convicted of or adjudicated delinquent 11 12 for any offense for which registration is required under 13 subdivision 1 1b, or any offense from another state or any federal offense similar to the offenses described in subdivision 14 15 1 1b, and the person has a prior conviction or adjudication for an offense for which registration was or would have been 16 required under subdivision ± 1b, or an offense from another 17 state or a federal offense similar to an offense described in 18 subdivision ± 1b; 19

(2) if the person is required to register based upon a
conviction or delinquency adjudication for an offense under
section 609.185, clause (2), or a similar statute from another
state or the United States;

24 (3) if the person is required to register based upon a conviction for an offense under section 609.342, subdivision 1, 25 26 paragraph (a), (c), (d), (e), (f), or (h); 609.343, subdivision 27 1, paragraph (a), (c), (d), (e), (f), or (h); 609.344, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), (c), or (g); or 609.345, 28 subdivision 1, paragraph (a), (c), or (g); or a statute from 29 another state or the United States similar to the offenses 30 31 described in this clause; or

(4) if the person is required to register under subdivision
33 ± 1b, paragraph (c), following commitment pursuant to a court
34 commitment under section 253B.185 or a similar law of another
35 state or the United States.

36 Subd. 7. [USE OF INFORMATION.] Except as otherwise

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

provided in subdivision 7a or sections 244.052 and 299C.093, the
 information provided under this section is private data on
 individuals under section 13.02, subdivision 12. The
 information may be used only for law enforcement purposes.

5 Subd. 7a. [AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION ON OFFENDERS WHO 6 ARE OUT OF COMPLIANCE WITH REGISTRATION LAW.] (a) The bureau of 7 Criminal-Apprehension may make information available to the 8 public about offenders who are 16 years of age or older and who are out of compliance with this section for 30 days or longer 9 for failure to provide the address-of-the offenders' primary or 10 11 secondary residences addresses. This information may be made available to the public through electronic, computerized, or 12 other accessible means. The amount and type of information made 13 available shall-be is limited to the information necessary for 14 15 the public to assist law enforcement in locating the offender.

16 (b) An offender who comes into compliance with this section 17 after the bureau of-Criminal-Apprehension discloses information about the offender to the public may send a written request to 18 19 the bureau requesting the bureau to treat information about the offender as private data, consistent with subdivision 7. 20 The 21 bureau shall review the request and promptly take reasonable action to treat the data as private, if the offender has 22 complied with the requirement that the offender provide the 23 addresses-of the offender's primary and secondary 24 residences addresses, or promptly notify the offender that the 25 26 information will continue to be treated as public information and the reasons for the bureau's decision. 27

(c) If an offender believes the information made public
about the offender is inaccurate or incomplete, the offender may
challenge the data under section 13.04, subdivision 4.

31 (d) The bureau of-Criminal-Apprehension is immune from any 32 civil or criminal liability that might otherwise arise, based on 33 the accuracy or completeness of any information made public 34 under this subdivision, if the bureau acts in good faith.

35 Subd.-8.---{LAW-ENFORCEMENT-AUTHORITY.}-For-purposes-of-this
 36 section7-a-law-enforcement-authority-means7-with-respect-to-a

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

home-rule-charter-or-statutory-city7-the-chief-of-police7-and 1 with-respect-to-an-unincorporated-area;-the-sheriff-of-the 2 3 county-Subd. 9. [OFFENDERS FROM OTHER STATES.] When the state 4 accepts an offender from another state under a reciprocal 5 agreement under the interstate compact authorized by section 6 243.16 or 243.1605, or under any authorized interstate 7 agreement, the acceptance is conditional on the offender 8 agreeing to register under this section when the offender is 9 living in Minnesota. 10 Subd. 10. [VENUE; AGGREGATION.] (a) A violation of this 11 section may be prosecuted in any jurisdiction where an offense 12 takes place. However, the prosecutorial agency in the 13 jurisdiction where the person last registered a primary address 14 15 is initially responsible to review the case for prosecution. 16 (b) When a person commits two or more offenses in two or 17 more counties, the accused may be prosecuted for all of the 18 offenses in any county in which one of the offenses was 19 committed. Subd. 11. [CERTIFIED COPIES AS EVIDENCE.] Certified copies 20 of predatory offender registration records are admissible as 21 22 substantive evidence when necessary to prove the commission of a 23 violation of this section. 24 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, and applies to persons subject to predatory offender 25 registration on or after that date. 26 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 243.167, is 27 amended to read: 28 243.167 [REGISTRATION UNDER THE PREDATORY OFFENDER 29 REGISTRATION LAW FOR OTHER OFFENSES.] 30 Subdivision 1. [DEFINITION.] As used in this section, 31 "crime against the person" means a violation of any of the 32 following or a similar law of another state or of the United 33 States: section 609.165; 609.185; 609.19; 609.195; 609.20; 34 609.205; 609.221; 609.222; 609.223; <u>609.2231;</u> 609.224, 35 subdivision 2 or 4; 609.2242, subdivision 2 or 4; 609.235; 36

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

609.245, subdivision 1; 609.25; 609.255; 609.3451, subdivision
 2; 609.498, subdivision 1; 609.582, subdivision 1; or 617.23,
 subdivision 2; or any felony-level violation of section 609.229;
 609.377; 609.749; or 624.713.

5 Subd. 2. [WHEN REQUIRED.] (a) In addition to the 6 requirements of section 243.166, a person also shall register 7 under section 243.166 if:

8 (1) the person is convicted of a crime against the person;9 and

(2) the person was previously convicted of or adjudicated
delinquent for an offense listed in section 243.166, subdivision
12 17-paragraph-(a), but was not required to register for the
offense because the registration requirements of that section
did not apply to the person at the time the offense was
committed or at the time the person was released from
imprisonment.

(b) A person who was previously required to register under
section-243-166 in any state and who has completed the
registration requirements of that section state shall again
register under section 243.166 if the person commits a crime
against the person.

22 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 23 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

24 Sec. 3. [243.95] [REPORT ON COMMUNITY CORRECTIONAL 25 SUPERVISION.]

26 By January 15 of each year, the commissioner of corrections shall report to the chairs of the senate and house committees 27 having jurisdiction over criminal justice policy on the number, 28 29 geographic location, and aggregate and average caseloads for each caseload type of risk level II and risk level III sex 30 offender residing in the state for the preceding calendar year. 31 In addition, the commissioner shall provide this information for 32 all other types of offenders. The commissioner shall compile 33 34 and include in the report comparative historical data for the 35 five calendar years preceding the year included in the report. Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 244.052, 36

Article 3

Section 4

subdivision 3, is amended to read: 1

2 Subd. 3. [END-OF-CONFINEMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE.] (a) The commissioner of corrections shall establish and administer 3 end-of-confinement review committees at each state correctional 4 facility and at each state treatment facility where predatory 5 offenders are confined. The committees shall assess on a 6 7 case-by-case basis the public risk posed by predatory offenders who are about to be released from confinement. 8

9 (b) Each committee shall be a standing committee and shall consist of the following members appointed by the commissioner: 10

(1) the chief executive officer or head of the correctional 11 or treatment facility where the offender is currently confined, 12 or that person's designee; 13

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(2) a law enforcement officer;

15 (3) a treatment professional who is trained in the assessment of sex offenders; 16

17 (4) a caseworker experienced in supervising sex offenders; and 18

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(5) a victim's services professional.

Members of the committee, other than the facility's chief 20 21 executive officer or head, shall be appointed by the commissioner to two-year terms. The chief executive officer or 22 head of the facility or designee shall act as chair of the 23 committee and shall use the facility's staff, as needed, to 24 25 administer the committee, obtain necessary information from outside sources, and prepare risk assessment reports on 26 offenders. 27

(c) The committee shall have access to the following data 28 29 on a predatory offender only for the purposes of its assessment 30 and to defend the committee's risk assessment determination upon administrative review under this section: 31

(1) private medical data under section 13.384 or 144.335, 32 or welfare data under section 13.46 that relate to medical 33 treatment of the offender; 34

35 (2) private and confidential court services data under 36 section 13.84;

Article 3 Section 4 50 (3) private and confidential corrections data under section
 2 13.85; and

(4) private criminal history data under section 13.87.
Data collected and maintained by the committee under this
paragraph may not be disclosed outside the committee, except as
provided under section 13.05, subdivision 3 or 4. The predatory
offender has access to data on the offender collected and
maintained by the committee, unless the data are confidential
data received under this paragraph.

(d)(i) Except as otherwise provided in item (ii), at least 10 11 90 days before a predatory offender is to be released from confinement, the commissioner of corrections shall convene the 12 appropriate end-of-confinement review committee for the purpose 13 of assessing the risk presented by the offender and determining 14 the risk level to which the offender shall be assigned under 15 paragraph (e). The offender and the law enforcement agency that 16 17 was responsible for the charge resulting in confinement shall be notified of the time and place of the committee's meeting. 18 The offender has a right to be present and be heard at the meeting. 19 The law enforcement agency may provide material in writing that 20 is relevant to the offender's risk level to the chair of the 21 committee. The committee shall use the risk factors described 22 in paragraph (g) and the risk assessment scale developed under 23 subdivision 2 to determine the offender's risk assessment score 24 25 and risk level. Offenders scheduled for release from confinement shall be assessed by the committee established at 26 the facility from which the offender is to be released. 27

(ii) If an offender is received for confinement in a 2.8 facility with less than 90 days remaining in the offender's term 29 30 of confinement, the offender's risk shall be assessed at the first regularly scheduled end of confinement review committee 31 that convenes after the appropriate documentation for the risk 32 33 assessment is assembled by the committee. The commissioner shall make reasonable efforts to ensure that offender's risk is 34 assessed and a risk level is assigned or reassigned at least 30 35 days before the offender's release date. 36

Article 3 Section 4 51

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1 (e) The committee shall assign to risk level I a predatory 2 offender whose risk assessment score indicates a low risk of 3 reoffense. The committee shall assign to risk level II an 4 offender whose risk assessment score indicates a moderate risk 5 of reoffense. The committee shall assign to risk level III an 6 offender whose risk assessment score indicates a high risk of 7 reoffense.

(f) Before the predatory offender is released from 8 confinement, the committee shall prepare a risk assessment 9 report which specifies the risk level to which the offender has 10 been assigned and the reasons underlying the committee's risk 11 assessment decision. The committee shall give the report to the 12 offender and to the law enforcement agency at least 60 days 13 before an offender is released from confinement. 14 If the risk 15 assessment is performed under the circumstances described in paragraph (d), item (ii), the report shall be given to the 16 offender and the law enforcement agency as soon as it is 17 18 available. The committee also shall inform the offender of the availability of review under subdivision 6. 19

(g) As used in this subdivision, "risk factors" includes,
but is not limited to, the following factors:

(1) the seriousness of the offense should the offender
reoffend. This factor includes consideration of the following:
(i) the degree of likely force or harm;
(ii) the degree of likely physical contact; and

26 (iii) the age of the likely victim;

(2) the offender's prior offense history. This factorincludes consideration of the following:

(i) the relationship of prior victims to the offender;
(ii) the number of prior offenses or victims;
(iii) the duration of the offender's prior offense history;

(iv) the length of time since the offender's last prior offense while the offender was at risk to commit offenses; and (v) the offender's prior history of other antisocial acts;

35 (3) the offender's characteristics. This factor includes36 consideration of the following:

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(i) the offender's response to prior treatment efforts; and(ii) the offender's history of substance abuse;

(4) the availability of community supports to the offender.

4 This factor includes consideration of the following:

5 (i) the availability and likelihood that the offender will
6 be involved in therapeutic treatment;

7 (ii) the availability of residential supports to the
8 offender, such as a stable and supervised living arrangement in
9 an appropriate location;

(iii) the offender's familial and social relationships,
including the nature and length of these relationships and the
level of support that the offender may receive from these
persons; and

14 (iv) the offender's lack of education or employment 15 stability;

16 (5) whether the offender has indicated or credible evidence
17 in the record indicates that the offender will reoffend if
18 released into the community; and

19 (6) whether the offender demonstrates a physical condition 20 that minimizes the risk of reoffense, including but not limited to, advanced age or a debilitating illness or physical condition. 21 (h) Upon the request of the law enforcement agency or the 22 offender's corrections agent, the commissioner may reconvene the 23 end-of-confinement review committee for the purpose of 24 25 reassessing the risk level to which an offender has been assigned under paragraph (e). In a request for a reassessment, 26 the law enforcement agency which was responsible for the charge 27 resulting in confinement or agent shall list the facts and 28 circumstances arising after the initial assignment or facts and 29 30 circumstances known to law enforcement or the agent but not considered by the committee under paragraph (e) which support 31 the request for a reassessment. The request for reassessment by 32 33 the law enforcement agency must occur within 30 days of receipt of the report indicating the offender's risk level assignment. 34 35 The offender's corrections agent, in consultation with the chief law enforcement officer in the area where the offender resides 36

Article 3 Section 4

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[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

or intends to reside, may request a review of a risk level at 1 any time if substantial evidence exists that the offender's risk 2 level should be reviewed by an end-of-confinement review 3 committee. This evidence includes, but is not limited to, 4 evidence of treatment failures or completions, evidence of 5 exceptional crime-free community adjustment or lack of 6 appropriate adjustment, evidence of substantial community need 7 to know more about the offender or mitigating circumstances that 8 would narrow the proposed scope of notification, or other 9 practical situations articulated and based in evidence of the 10 offender's behavior while under supervision. Upon review of the 11 request, the end-of-confinement review committee may reassign an 12 offender to a different risk level. If the offender is 13 reassigned to a higher risk level, the offender has the right to 14 seek review of the committee's determination under subdivision 6. 15

(i) An offender may request the end-of-confinement review 16 committee to reassess the offender's assigned risk level after 17 three years have elapsed since the committee's initial risk 18 assessment and may renew the request once every two years 19 following subsequent denials. In a request for reassessment, 20 the offender shall list the facts and circumstances which 21 demonstrate that the offender no longer poses the same degree of 22 23 risk to the community. In order for a request for a risk level reduction to be granted, the offender must demonstrate full 24 25 compliance with supervised release conditions, completion of required post-release treatment programming, and full compliance 26 with all registration requirements as detailed in section 27 28 243.166. The offender must also not have been convicted of any felony, gross misdemeanor, or misdemeanor offenses subsequent to 29 30 the assignment of the original risk level. The committee shall 31 follow the process outlined in paragraphs (a) to (c) in the 32 reassessment. An offender who is incarcerated may not request a reassessment under this paragraph. 33

(j) Offenders returned to prison as release violators shall
 not have a right to a subsequent risk reassessment by the
 end-of-confinement review committee unless substantial evidence

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

indicates that the offender's risk to the public has increased.
(k) The commissioner shall establish an end-of-confinement
review committee to assign a risk level to offenders who:

<u>(1)</u> are released from a <u>any</u> federal correctional facility
<u>in-Minnesota</u> or <u>from any state correctional facility of</u> another
state, and who intend to reside in Minnesota7-and-to-offenders;
or

8 (2) are accepted from another state under a reciprocal 9 agreement for parole supervision under the interstate compact 10 authorized by section 243.16 or 243.1605.

The committee shall make reasonable efforts to conform to the 11 12 same timelines as applied to Minnesota cases. Offenders accepted from another state under a reciprocal agreement for 13 14 probation supervision are not assigned a risk level, but are considered downward dispositional departures. The probation or 15 court services officer and law enforcement officer shall manage 16 such cases in accordance with section 244.10, subdivision 2a. 17 The policies and procedures of the committee for federal 18 offenders and interstate compact cases must be in accordance 19 with all requirements as set forth in this section, unless 20 restrictions caused by the nature of federal or interstate 21 transfers prevents such conformance. 22

(1) If the committee assigns a predatory offender to risk
level III, the committee shall determine whether residency
restrictions shall be included in the conditions of the
offender's release based on the offender's pattern of offending
behavior.

28 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 29 and applies to offenders entering the state, released from 30 confinement, subject to community notification, or sentenced on 31 or after that date.

32 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 244.052, is 33 amended by adding a subdivision to read:

34 <u>Subd. 3a.</u> [OUT-OF-STATE OFFENDERS; NOTIFICATION 35 AUTHORIZED.] (a) This subdivision applies to offenders who move 36 or have moved to Minnesota from other states and who:

Article 3 Section 5

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1	(1) at the time of the move are subject to a community
2	notification statute similar to this section in the state from
3	which the offender is moving; and
4	(2) are not assigned a risk level under subdivision 3,
5	paragraph (k).
6	(b) The law enforcement agency in the area where an
7	offender described in paragraph (a) resides, expects to reside,
8	or is regularly found, may disclose information regarding the
9	offender consistent with subdivision 4, paragraph (a). The
10	extent of the notification must be consistent with the
11	notification made about the offender in the state from which the
12	offender is moving or has moved. However, the extent of the
13	notification may not exceed that of a risk level II offender
14	under subdivision 4, paragraph (b), unless the requirements of
15	paragraph (c) have been met. Except as otherwise provided in
16	this subdivision and unless clearly inapplicable, the provisions
17	of subdivision 4 apply to notifications made under this
18	paragraph.
19	(c) If the notification made concerning the offender in the
20	state from which the offender is moving or has moved is broader
21	than that authorized for a risk level II offender under
22	subdivision 4, paragraph (b), and the agency wants to make a
23	broader disclosure, the agency may request the
24	end-of-confinement review committee at the nearest state
25	correctional or treatment facility to assign a risk level to the
26	offender. The agency shall provide to the committee all
27	information concerning the offender's criminal history, the risk
28	the offender poses to the community, and other relevant
29	information. In addition, the committee shall attempt to obtain
30	other information relevant to determining which risk level to
31	assign the offender. Except as provided in this subdivision and
32	unless clearly inapplicable, the provisions of subdivision 3
33	govern the risk assessment under this paragraph. If the
34	committee assigns the offender to risk level III, the agency may
35	disclose information in a manner consistent with a risk level
36	III offender under subdivision 4, paragraph (b).

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
 and applies to offenders entering the state, released from
 confinement, subject to community notification, or sentenced on
 or after that date.

5 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 244.052,
6 subdivision 4, is amended to read:

[LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY; DISCLOSURE OF 7 Subd. 4. INFORMATION TO PUBLIC.] (a) The law enforcement agency in the 8 area where the predatory offender resides, expects to reside, is 9 employed, or is regularly found, shall disclose to the public 10 any information regarding the offender contained in the report 11 forwarded to the agency under subdivision 3, paragraph (f), that 12 is relevant and necessary to protect the public and to 13 counteract the offender's dangerousness, consistent with the 14 guidelines in paragraph (b). The extent of the information 15 disclosed and the community to whom disclosure is made must 16 17 relate to the level of danger posed by the offender, to the offender's pattern of offending behavior, and to the need of 18 community members for information to enhance their individual 19 and collective safety. 20

(b) The law enforcement agency shall employ the following
guidelines in determining the scope of disclosure made under
this subdivision:

(1) if the offender is assigned to risk level I, the agency 24 may maintain information regarding the offender within the 25 agency and may disclose it to other law enforcement agencies. 26 Additionally, the agency may disclose the information to any 27 victims of or witnesses to the offense committed by the 28 offender. The agency shall disclose the information to victims 29 of the offense committed by the offender who have requested 30 disclosure and to adult members of the offender's immediate 31 household; 32

(2) if the offender is assigned to risk level II, the
agency also may disclose the information to agencies and groups
that the offender is likely to encounter for the purpose of
securing those institutions and protecting individuals in their

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

care while they are on or near the premises of the institution. 1 These agencies and groups include the staff members of public 2 and private educational institutions, day care establishments, 3 and establishments and organizations that primarily serve 4 individuals likely to be victimized by the offender. The agency 5 also may disclose the information to individuals the agency 6 7 believes are likely to be victimized by the offender. The agency's belief shall be based on the offender's pattern of 8 offending or victim preference as documented in the information 9 provided by the department of corrections or human services; 10

(3) if the offender is assigned to risk level III, the agency shall disclose the information to the persons and entities described in clauses (1) and (2) and to other members of the community whom the offender is likely to encounter, unless the law enforcement agency determines that public safety would be compromised by the disclosure or that a more limited disclosure is necessary to protect the identity of the victim.

Notwithstanding the assignment of a predatory offender to 18 risk level II or III, a law enforcement agency may not make the 19 disclosures permitted or required by clause (2) or (3), if: 20 the offender is placed or resides in a residential facility. 21 However, if an offender is placed or resides in a residential 22 facility, the offender and the head of the facility shall 23 designate the offender's likely residence upon release from the 24 25 facility and the head of the facility shall notify the commissioner of corrections or the commissioner of human 26 services of the offender's likely residence at least 14 days 27 before the offender's scheduled release date. The commissioner 28 shall give this information to the law enforcement agency having 29 30 jurisdiction over the offender's likely residence. The head of 31 the residential facility also shall notify the commissioner of corrections or human services within 48 hours after finalizing 32 33 the offender's approved relocation plan to a permanent 34 residence. Within five days after receiving this notification, 35 the appropriate commissioner shall give to the appropriate law 36 enforcement agency all relevant information the commissioner has

Article 3

Section 6

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

concerning the offender, including information on the risk 1 factors in the offender's history and the risk level to which 2 the offender was assigned. After receiving this information, 3 4 the law enforcement agency shall make the disclosures permitted or required by clause (2) or (3), as appropriate. 5

(c) As used in paragraph (b), clauses (2) and (3), "likely 6 7 to encounter" means that:

(1) the organizations or community members are in a 8 9 location or in close proximity to a location where the offender lives or is employed, or which the offender visits or is likely 10 to visit on a regular basis, other than the location of the 11 12 offender's outpatient treatment program; and

13 (2) the types of interaction which ordinarily occur at that 14 location and other circumstances indicate that contact with the offender is reasonably certain. 15

16 (d) A law enforcement agency or official who discloses 17 information under this subdivision shall make a good faith effort to make the notification within 14 days of receipt of a 18 confirmed address from the Department of Corrections indicating 19 20 that the offender will be, or has been, released from confinement, or accepted for supervision, or has moved to a new 21 address and will reside at the address indicated. If a change 22 occurs in the release plan, this notification provision does not 23 require an extension of the release date. 24

25 (e) A law enforcement agency or official who discloses information under this subdivision shall not disclose the 26 identity or any identifying characteristics of the victims of or 27 witnesses to the offender's offenses. 28

(f) A law enforcement agency shall continue to disclose 29 30 information on an offender as required by this subdivision for as long as the offender is required to register under section 31 243.166. This requirement on a law enforcement agency to 32 33 continue to disclose information also applies to an offender who lacks a primary address and is registering under section 34

243.166, subdivision 3a. 35

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(g) A law enforcement agency that is disclosing information

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

on an offender assigned to risk level III to the public under
this subdivision shall inform the commissioner of corrections
what information is being disclosed and forward this information
to the commissioner within two days of the agency's
determination. The commissioner shall post this information on
the Internet as required in subdivision 4b.

(h) A city council may adopt a policy that addresses when 7 information disclosed under this subdivision must be presented 8 in languages in addition to English. The policy may address 9 when information must be presented orally, in writing, or both 10 in additional languages by the law enforcement agency disclosing 11 the information. The policy may provide for different 12 approaches based on the prevalence of non-English languages in 13 different neighborhoods. 14

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
and applies to offenders entering the state, released from
confinement, subject to community notification, or sentenced on
or after that date.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 244.10,subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

[NOTICE OF INFORMATION REGARDING PREDATORY 21 Subd. 2a. OFFENDERS.] (a) Subject to paragraph (b), in any case in which a 22 person is convicted of an offense and the presumptive sentence 23 under the Sentencing Guidelines is commitment to the custody of 24 the commissioner of corrections, if the court grants a 25 dispositional departure and stays imposition or execution of 26 27 sentence, the probation or court services officer who is assigned to supervise the offender shall provide in writing to 28 the following the fact that the offender is on probation and the 29 terms and conditions of probation: 30

(1) a victim of and any witnesses to the offense committed
by the offender, if the victim or the witness has requested
notice; and

34 (2) the chief law enforcement officer in the area where the35 offender resides or intends to reside.

36 The law enforcement officer, in consultation with the

offender's probation officer, may provide all or part of this 1 2 information to any of the following agencies or groups the offender is likely to encounter: public and private educational 3 institutions, day care establishments, and establishments or 4 organizations that primarily serve individuals likely to be 5 6 victimized by the offender. The law enforcement officer, in 7 consultation with the offender's probation officer, also may 8 disclose the information to individuals the officer believes are **9** · likely to be victimized by the offender. The officer's belief shall be based on the offender's pattern of offending or victim 10 preference as documented in the information provided by the 11 Department of Corrections or Department of Human Services. 12

13 The probation officer is not required under this 14 subdivision to provide any notice while the offender is placed 15 or resides in a residential facility that is licensed under 16 section 245A.02, subdivision 14, or 241.021, if the facility 17 staff is trained in the supervision of sex offenders.

(b) Paragraph (a) applies only to offenders required to
register under section 243.166, as a result of the conviction.
(c) The notice authorized by paragraph (a) shall be limited
to data classified as public under section 13.84, subdivision 6,
unless the offender provides informed consent to authorize the
release of nonpublic data or unless a court order authorizes the
release of nonpublic data.

(d) Nothing in this subdivision shall be interpreted to 25 impose a duty on any person to use any information regarding an 26 offender about whom notification is made under this subdivision. 27 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 28 29 and applies to offenders entering the state, released from confinement, subject to community notification, or sentenced on 30 or after that date. 31 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 253B.18, 32

33 subdivision 5, is amended to read:

34 Subd. 5. [PETITION; NOTICE OF HEARING; ATTENDANCE; ORDER.] 35 (a) A petition for an order of transfer, discharge, provisional 36 discharge, or revocation of provisional discharge shall be filed

Article 3 Section 8

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61
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[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

with the commissioner and may be filed by the patient or by the head of the treatment facility. A patient may not petition the special review board for six months following commitment under under subdivision 3 or following the final disposition of any previous petition and subsequent appeal by the patient. The medical director may petition at any time.

(b) Fourteen days prior to the hearing, the committing 7 court, the county attorney of the county of commitment, the 8 designated agency, interested person, the petitioner, and the 9 petitioner's counsel shall be given written notice by the 10 commissioner of the time and place of the hearing before the 11 special review board. Only those entitled to statutory notice 12 of the hearing or those administratively required to attend may 13 be present at the hearing. The patient may designate interested 14 persons to receive notice by providing the names and addresses 15 to the commissioner at least 21 days before the hearing. 16 The board shall provide the commissioner with written findings of 17 fact and recommendations within 21 days of the hearing. 18 The commissioner shall issue an order no later than 14 days after 19 receiving the recommendation of the special review board. A 20 copy of the order shall be sent by certified mail to every 21 person entitled to statutory notice of the hearing within five 22 23 days after it is signed. No order by the commissioner shall be 24 effective sooner than 30 days after the order is signed, unless the county attorney, the patient, and the commissioner agree 25 26 that it may become effective sooner.

27 (c) The special review board shall hold a hearing on each petition prior to making its recommendation to the 28 29 commissioner. The special review board proceedings are not contested cases as defined in chapter 14. Any person or agency 30 receiving notice that submits documentary evidence to the 31 special review board prior to the hearing shall also provide 32 33 copies to the patient, the patient's counsel, the county 34 attorney of the county of commitment, the case manager, and the commissioner. 35

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(d) Prior to the final decision by the commissioner, the

62

Article 3

Section 8

	04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1
1	special review board may be reconvened to consider events or
2	circumstances that occurred subsequent to the hearing.
3	(e) In making their recommendations and order, the special
4	review board and commissioner must consider any statements
5	received from victims under subdivision 5a.
6	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005.
7	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 253B.18, is
8	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
9	Subd. 5a. [VICTIM NOTIFICATION OF PETITION AND RELEASE;
10	RIGHT TO SUBMIT STATEMENT.] (a) As used in this subdivision:
11	(1) "crime" has the meaning given to "violent crime" in
12	section 609.1095, and includes criminal sexual conduct in the
13	fifth degree and offenses within the definition of "crime
14	against the person" in section 253B.02, subdivision 4a, and also
15	includes offenses listed in section 253B.02, subdivision 7a,
16	paragraph (b), regardless of whether they are sexually
17	motivated;
18	(2) "victim" means a person who has incurred loss or harm
19	as a result of a crime the behavior for which forms the basis
20	for a commitment under this section or section 253B.185; and
21	(3) "convicted" and "conviction" have the meanings given in
22	section 609.02, subdivision 5, and also include juvenile court
23	adjudications, findings under Minnesota Rules of Criminal
24	Procedure, Rule 20.02, that the elements of a crime have been
25	proved, and findings in commitment cases under this section or
26	section 253B.185 that an act or acts constituting a crime
27	occurred.
28	(b) A county attorney who files a petition to commit a
29	person under this section or section 253B.185 shall make a
30	reasonable effort to provide prompt notice of filing the
31	petition to any victim of a crime for which the person was
32	convicted. In addition, the county attorney shall make a
33	reasonable effort to promptly notify the victim of the
34	resolution of the petition.
35	(c) Before provisionally discharging, discharging, granting
36	pass-eligible status, approving a pass plan, or otherwise
Δ۳	ticle 3 Section 9 63

Article 3 Section 9 63

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1	permanently or temporarily releasing a person committed under
2	this section or section 253B.185 from a treatment facility, the
3	head of the treatment facility shall make a reasonable effort to
4	notify any victim of a crime for which the person was convicted
5	that the person may be discharged or released and that the
6	victim has a right to submit a written statement regarding
7	decisions of the medical director, special review board, or
8	commissioner with respect to the person. To the extent
9	possible, the notice must be provided at least 14 days before
10	any special review board hearing or before a determination on a
11	pass plan.
12	(d) This subdivision applies only to victims who have
13	requested notification by contacting, in writing, the county
14	attorney in the county where the conviction for the crime
15	occurred. A county attorney who receives a request for
16	notification under this paragraph shall promptly forward the
17	request to the commissioner of human services.
18	(e) The rights under this subdivision are in addition to
19	rights available to a victim under chapter 611A. This provision
20	does not give a victim all the rights of a "notified person" or
21	a person "entitled to statutory notice" under subdivision 4a,
22	<u>4b, or 5.</u>
23	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005.
24	Sec. 10. [609.3456] [USE OF POLYGRAPHS FOR SEX OFFENDERS
25	ON PROBATION OR CONDITIONAL RELEASE.]
26	(a) A court may order as an intermediate sanction under
27	section 609.135 and the commissioner of corrections may order as
28	a condition of release under section 244.05 or 609.3455 that an
29	offender under supervision for a sex offense submit to
30	polygraphic examinations to ensure compliance with the terms of
31	probation or conditions of release.
32	(b) The court or commissioner may order the offender to pay
33	all or a portion of the costs of the examinations. The fee may
34	be waived if the offender is indigent or if payment would result
35	in an economic hardship to the offender's immediate family.
36	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day

Article 3 Section 10

04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 following final enactment. 1 2 Sec. 11. [PROTOCOL ON USE OF POLYGRAPHS.] 3 By September 1, 2005, the chief justice of the Supreme Court, in consultation with the Conference of Chief Judges, is 4 requested to develop a protocol for the use of polygraphic 5 examinations for sex offenders placed on probation under 6 7 Minnesota Statutes, section 609.3456. This protocol shall be 8 distributed to judges across the state. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day 9 following final enactment. 10 11 Sec. 12. [SUPREME COURT STUDY ON SEXUALLY DANGEROUS PERSON AND SEXUAL PSYCHOPATHIC PERSONALITY CIVIL COMMITMENTS.] 12 Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The Minnesota Supreme 13 14 Court is requested to study the following related to the civil commitment of sexually dangerous persons and sexual psychopathic 15 16 personalities under Minnesota Statutes, section 253B.185: 17 (1) the development and use of a statewide panel of defense 18 attorneys to represent those persons after a commitment petition 19 is filed; and 20 (2) the development and use of a statewide panel of judges to hear these petitions. 21 Subd. 2. [REPORT.] The Supreme Court shall report its 22 23 findings and recommendations to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees 24 and divisions having jurisdiction over criminal justice and 25 civil law policy and funding by February 1, 2006. 26 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day 27 28 following final enactment. 29 Sec. 13. [REPORT ON SEX OFFENDERS BEING RELEASED FROM 30 PRISON.] 31 By January 15, 2006, the commissioner of corrections shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate 32 and house committees and divisions having jurisdiction over 33 34 criminal justice policy and funding on the release of sex offenders from prison. The report must include information on 35 the number of offenders that the commissioner estimates will be 36

Article 3 Section 13

released each year for the next five years, recommendations on 1 2 how best to supervise these offenders, and recommendations on how best to fund this supervision. 3 4 Sec. 14. [REVISOR INSTRUCTION.] 5 The revisor of statutes shall change all references to section 243.166, subdivision 1, in Minnesota Statutes to section 6 7 243.166. In addition, the revisor shall make other technical changes necessitated by this article. 8 9 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005. Sec. 15. [REPEALER.] 10 Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 243.166, subdivisions 1 11 12 and 8, are repealed. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005. 13 14 ARTICLE 4 15 LEGISLATIVE AUDITOR'S RECOMMENDED CHANGES 16 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 241.06, is 17 amended to read: 241.06 [RECORD OF INMATES; DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS.] 18 19 Subdivision 1. [GENERAL.] The commissioner of corrections 20 shall keep in the commissioner's office, accessible only by the commissioner's consent or on the order of a judge or court of 21 22 record, a record showing the residence, sex, age, nativity, 23 occupation, civil condition, and date of entrance or commitment 24 of every person, inmate, or convict in the facilities under the 25 commissioner's exclusive control, the date of discharge and whether such discharge was final, the condition of such person 26 27 when the person left the facility, and the date and cause of all 28 deaths. The records shall state every transfer from one facility to another, naming each. This information shall be 29 30 furnished to the commissioner of corrections by each facility, 31 with such other obtainable facts as the commissioner may from time to time require. The chief executive officer of each such 32 33 facility, within ten days after the commitment or entrance 34 thereto of a person, inmate, or convict, shall cause a true copy 35 of the entrance record to be forwarded to the commissioner of 36 corrections. When a person, inmate, or convict leaves, is

Article 4 Section 1

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

discharged or transferred, or dies in any facility, the chief
 executive officer, or other person in charge shall inform the
 commissioner of corrections within ten days thereafter on forms
 furnished by the commissioner.

5 The commissioner of corrections may authorize the chief 6 executive officer of any facility under the commissioner's 7 control to release to probation officers, local social services 8 agencies or other specifically designated interested persons or 9 agencies any information regarding any person, inmate, or 10 convict thereat, if, in the opinion of the commissioner, it will 11 be for the benefit of the person, inmate, or convict.

Subd. 2. [SEX OFFENDER INFORMATION PROVIDED TO SUPERVISING CORRECTIONS AGENCY.] When an offender who is required to register as a predatory offender under section 243.166 is being released from prison, the commissioner shall provide to the corrections agency that will supervise the offender, the offender's prison records relating to psychological assessments, medical and mental health issues, and treatment.

19 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005.
20 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 241.67,
21 subdivision 7, is amended to read:

22 Subd. 7. [FUNDING PRIORITY; PROGRAM EFFECTIVENESS.] (a) 23 Unless otherwise directed by the terms of a particular 24 appropriations provision, the commissioner shall give priority 25 to the funding of juvenile sex offender programs over the 26 funding of adult sex offender programs.

(b) Every county or private sex offender program that-seeks new-or-continued-state-funding-or-reimbursement shall provide the commissioner with any information relating to the program's effectiveness that the commissioner considers necessary. The commissioner shall deny state funding or reimbursement to any county or private program that fails to provide this information or that appears to be an ineffective program.

34 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005. 35 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 241.67, 36 subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Article 4 Section 3 67

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

1 Subd. 8. [COMMUNITY-BASED SEX OFFENDER PROGRAM EVALUATION 2 PROJECT.] (a) For the purposes of this project subdivision, a 3 sex offender is an adult who has been convicted, or a juvenile 4 who has been adjudicated, for a sex offense or a sex-related 5 offense which would require registration under section 243.166.

(b) The commissioner shall develop-a-long-term-project-to
accomplish-the-following:

8 (1) provide <u>collect</u> follow-up information on each sex 9 offender for a period of three years following the offender's 10 completion of or termination from treatment <u>for the purpose of</u> 11 providing periodic reports to the legislature;

12 (2) provide treatment programs in several geographical13 areas in the state;

(3) provide the necessary data to form the basis to
recommend a fiscally sound plan to provide a coordinated
statewide system of effective sex offender treatment
programming; and

(4) provide an opportunity to local and regional 18 governments, agencies, and programs to establish models of sex 19 offender programs that are suited to the needs of that region. 20 (c) The commissioner shall establish an advisory task force 21 consisting of county probation officers from Community 22 Corrections Act counties and other counties, court services 23 providers, and other interested officials. The commissioner 24 25 shall consult with the task force concerning-the-establishment and-operation-of-the-project on how best to implement the 26 requirements of this subdivision. 27

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005.
Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 243.166, is
amended by adding a subdivision to read:

31 <u>Subd. 4b.</u> [HEALTH CARE FACILITY; NOTICE OF STATUS.] (a) As
32 used in this subdivision, "health care facility" means a
33 hospital or other entity licensed under sections 144.50 to
34 144.58, a nursing home licensed to serve adults under section
35 144A.02, or a group residential housing facility or an
36 intermediate care facility for the mentally retarded licensed

Article 4

Section 4

1	under chapter 245A.
2	(b) Upon admittance to a health care facility, a person
3	required to register under this section shall disclose to:
4	(1) the health care facility employee processing the
5	admission the person's status as a registered predatory offender
6	under this section; and
7	(2) the person's corrections agent, or if the person does
8	not have an assigned corrections agent, the law enforcement
9	authority with whom the person is currently required to
10	register, that inpatient admission has occurred.
11	(c) A law enforcement authority or corrections agent who
12	receives notice under paragraph (b) or who knows that a person
13	required to register under this section has been admitted and is
14	receiving health care at a health care facility shall notify the
15	administrator of the facility.
16	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
17	and applies to persons who are subject to predatory offender
18	registration on or after that date.
19	Sec. 5. [244.056] [SEX OFFENDER SEEKING HOUSING IN
20	JURISDICTION OF DIFFERENT CORRECTIONS AGENCY.]
21	If a corrections agency supervising an offender who is
22	required to register as a predatory offender under section
23	243.166 and who is classified by the department as a public risk
24	monitoring case has knowledge that the offender is seeking
25	housing arrangements in a location under the jurisdiction of
26	another corrections agency, the agency shall notify the other
27	agency of this and initiate a supervision transfer request.
28	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005.
29	Sec. 6. [244.057] [PLACEMENT OF SEX OFFENDER IN HOUSEHOLD
30	WITH CHILDREN.]
31	A corrections agency supervising an offender required to
32	register as a predatory offender under section 243.166 shall
33	notify the appropriate child protection agency before
34	authorizing the offender to live in a household where children
35	are residing.
36	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005.

Article 4 Section 6

12

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.3452,
 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ASSESSMENT REQUIRED.] When a person is 3 convicted of a sex offense, the court shall order an independent 4 professional assessment of the offender's need for sex offender 5 treatment to be completed before sentencing. The court may 6 waive the assessment if: (1) the Sentencing Guidelines provide 7 a presumptive prison sentence for the offender, or (2) an 8 adequate assessment was conducted prior to the conviction. An 9 assessor providing an assessment for the court must be 10 experienced in the evaluation and treatment of sex offenders. 11

13 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 626.556, 14 subdivision 3, is amended to read:

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005.

Subd. 3. [PERSONS MANDATED TO REPORT.] (a) A person who 15 16 knows or has reason to believe a child is being neglected or physically or sexually abused, as defined in subdivision 2, or 17 has been neglected or physically or sexually abused within the 18 19 preceding three years, shall immediately report the information to the local welfare agency, agency responsible for assessing or 20 investigating the report, police department, or the county 21 sheriff if the person is: 22

(1) a professional or professional's delegate who is
engaged in the practice of the healing arts, social services,
hospital administration, psychological or psychiatric treatment,
child care, education, <u>correctional supervision</u>, or law
enforcement; or

(2) employed as a member of the clergy and received the
information while engaged in ministerial duties, provided that a
member of the clergy is not required by this subdivision to
report information that is otherwise privileged under section
595.02, subdivision 1, paragraph (c).

The police department or the county sheriff, upon receiving a report, shall immediately notify the local welfare agency or agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report, orally and in writing. The local welfare agency, or agency

Article 4 Section 8

1 responsible for assessing or investigating the report, upon 2 receiving a report, shall immediately notify the local police department or the county sheriff orally and in writing. 3 The county sheriff and the head of every local welfare agency, 4 agency responsible for assessing or investigating reports, and 5 police department shall each designate a person within their 6 agency, department, or office who is responsible for ensuring 7 that the notification duties of this paragraph and paragraph (b) 8 9 are carried out. Nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to require more than one report from any institution, facility, 10 11 school, or agency.

12 (b) Any person may voluntarily report to the local welfare 13 agency, agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report, police department, or the county sheriff if the person 14 15 knows, has reason to believe, or suspects a child is being or has been neglected or subjected to physical or sexual abuse. 16 The police department or the county sheriff, upon receiving a 17 18 report, shall immediately notify the local welfare agency or agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report, 19 20 orally and in writing. The local welfare agency or agency responsible for assessing or investigating the report, upon 21 receiving a report, shall immediately notify the local police 22 department or the county sheriff orally and in writing. 23

(c) A person mandated to report physical or sexual child 24 abuse or neglect occurring within a licensed facility shall 25 report the information to the agency responsible for licensing 26 the facility under sections 144.50 to 144.58; 241.021; 245A.01 27 28 to 245A.16; or chapter 245B; or a nonlicensed personal care provider organization as defined in sections 256B.04, 29 subdivision 16; and 256B.0625, subdivision 19. A health or 30 corrections agency receiving a report may request the local 31 welfare agency to provide assistance pursuant to subdivisions 32 33 10, 10a, and 10b. A board or other entity whose licensees perform work within a school facility, upon receiving a 34 complaint of alleged maltreatment, shall provide information 35 about the circumstances of the alleged maltreatment to the 36

Article 4

Section 8

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

commissioner of education. Section 13.03, subdivision 4,
 applies to data received by the commissioner of education from a
 licensing entity.

(d) Any person mandated to report shall receive a summary 4 of the disposition of any report made by that reporter, 5 including whether the case has been opened for child protection 6 or other services, or if a referral has been made to a community 7 organization, unless release would be detrimental to the best 8 interests of the child. Any person who is not mandated to 9 report shall, upon request to the local welfare agency, receive 10 a concise summary of the disposition of any report made by that 11 reporter, unless release would be detrimental to the best 12 interests of the child. 13

14 (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "immediately" means
15 as soon as possible but in no event longer than 24 hours.

16 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005. Sec. 9. [WORKING GROUP ON SEX OFFENDER MANAGEMENT.] 17 Subdivision 1. [WORKING GROUP ESTABLISHED.] The 18 19 commissioner of corrections shall convene a working group of 20 individuals knowledgeable in the supervision and treatment of sex offenders. The group must include individuals from both 21 inside and outside of the Department of Corrections. The 22 commissioner shall ensure broad representation in the group, 23 24 including representatives from all three probation systems and from diverse parts of the state. The working group shall study 25 and make recommendations on the issues listed in this section. 26 To the degree feasible, the group shall consider how these 27 issues are addressed in other states. 28

29 <u>Subd. 2.</u> [ISSUES TO BE STUDIED.] <u>The working group shall</u> 30 <u>review and make recommendations on:</u>

(1) statewide standards regarding the minimum frequency of
 in-person contacts between sex offenders and their correctional
 agents, including, but not limited to, home visits;

34 (2) a model set of special conditions of sex offender
35 supervision that can be used by courts and corrections agencies
36 throughout Minnesota;

Article 4 Section 9

1	(3) statewide standards regarding the documentation by
2	correctional agents of their supervision activities;
3	(4) standards to provide corrections agencies with guidance
4	regarding sex offender assessment practices;
5	(5) policies that encourage sentencing conditions and
6	prison release plans to clearly distinguish between sex offender
7	treatment programs and other types of programs and services and
8	to clearly specify which type of program the offender is
9	required to complete;
10	(6) ways to improve the Department of Corrections' prison
11	release planning practices for sex offenders, including sex
12	offenders with chemical dependency needs or mental health needs;
13	(7) methods and timetables for periodic external reviews of
14	sex offender supervision practices;
15	(8) statewide standards for the use of polygraphs by
16	corrections agencies and sex offender treatment programs;
17	(9) statewide standards specifying basic program elements
18	for community-based sex offender treatment programs, including,
19	but not limited to, staff qualifications, case planning, use of
20	polygraphs, and progress reports prepared for supervising
21	agencies;
22	(10) a statewide protocol on the sharing of sex offender
23	information between corrections agencies and child protection
24	agencies in situations where offenders are placed in households
25	where children reside;
26	(11) best practices for supervising sex offenders such as
27	intensive supervised release, specialized caseloads, and other
28	innovative methods, ideal caseload sizes for supervising agents,
29	and methods to implement this in a manner that does not
30	negatively impact the supervision of other types of offenders;
31	and
32	(12) any other issues related to sex offender treatment and
33	management that the working group deems appropriate.
34	Subd. 3. [REVIEW OF NEW LAWS.] The working group shall
35	also review the provisions of any laws enacted in 2005 relating
36	to sex offender supervision and treatment. The group shall make
Ar	ticle 4 Section 9 73

1	recommendations on whether any changes to these provisions
2	should be considered by the legislature.
3	Subd. 4. [REPORT.] By February 15, 2006, the working group
4	shall report its recommendations to the chairs and ranking
5	minority members of the senate and house committees having
6	jurisdiction over criminal justice policy.
7	Subd. 5. [POLICIES REQUIRED.] After considering the
8	recommendations of the working group, the commissioner of
9	corrections shall implement policies and standards relating to
10	the issues described in subdivision 2 over which the
11	commissioner has jurisdiction.
12	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
13	following final enactment.
14	Sec. 10. [PRISON-BASED SEX OFFENDER TREATMENT PROGRAMS;
15	REPORT.]
16	By February 15, 2006, the commissioner of corrections shall
17	report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate
18	and house committees having jurisdiction over criminal justice
19	policy on prison-based sex offender treatment programs. The
20	report must:
21	(1) examine options for increasing the number of inmates
22	participating in these programs;
23	(2) examine the adequacy of funding for these programs;
24	(3) examine options for treating inmates who have limited
25	periods of time remaining in their terms of imprisonment;
26	(4) examine the merits and limitations of extending an
27	inmate's term of imprisonment for refusing to participate in
28	treatment; and
29	(5) examine any other related issues deemed relevant by the
30	commissioner.
31	ARTICLE 5
32	SEX OFFENDERS:
33	TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING CHANGES
34	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 14.03,
35	subdivision 3, is amended to read:
36	Subd. 3. [RULEMAKING PROCEDURES.] (a) The definition of a

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

1 rule in section 14.02, subdivision 4, does not include:

(1) rules concerning only the internal management of the
agency or other agencies that do not directly affect the rights
of or procedures available to the public;

5 (2) an application deadline on a form; and the remainder of 6 a form and instructions for use of the form to the extent that 7 they do not impose substantive requirements other than 8 requirements contained in statute or rule;

9 (3) the curriculum adopted by an agency to implement a 10 statute or rule permitting or mandating minimum educational 11 requirements for persons regulated by an agency, provided the 12 topic areas to be covered by the minimum educational 13 requirements are specified in statute or rule;

(4) procedures for sharing data among government agencies,
provided these procedures are consistent with chapter 13 and
other law governing data practices.

(b) The definition of a rule in section 14.02, subdivision
4, does not include:

(1) rules of the commissioner of corrections relating to the <u>release</u>, placement, term, and supervision of inmates serving a supervised release <u>or conditional release</u> term, the internal management of institutions under the commissioner's control, and rules adopted under section 609.105 governing the inmates of those institutions;

(2) rules relating to weight limitations on the use of
highways when the substance of the rules is indicated to the
public by means of signs;

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(3) opinions of the attorney general;

(4) the data element dictionary and the annual data
acquisition calendar of the Department of Education to the
extent provided by section 125B.07;

32 (5) the occupational safety and health standards provided33 in section 182.655;

34 (6) revenue notices and tax information bulletins of the 5 commissioner of revenue;

36 (7) uniform conveyancing forms adopted by the commissioner

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Article 5 Section 1

1 of commerce under section 507.09; or

2 (8) the interpretive guidelines developed by the
3 commissioner of human services to the extent provided in chapter
4 245A.

5 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 6 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 244.05,
8 subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [SEX OFFENDERS; CIVIL COMMITMENT DETERMINATION.] 9. 10 (a) Before the commissioner releases from prison any inmate convicted under sections section 609.342 to, 609.343, 609.344, 11 609.345, or 609.3453, or sentenced as a patterned offender under 12 13 section 609.108, and determined by the commissioner to be in a high risk category, the commissioner shall make a preliminary 14 determination whether, in the commissioner's opinion, a petition 15 under section 253B.185 may be appropriate. 16

(b) In making this decision, the commissioner shall have
access to the following data only for the purposes of the
assessment and referral decision:

(1) private medical data under section 13.384 or 144.335,
or welfare data under section 13.46 that relate to medical
treatment of the offender;

(2) private and confidential court services data under
section 13.84;

(3) private and confidential corrections data under section13.85; and

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(4) private criminal history data under section 13.87.

28 (c) If the commissioner determines that a petition may be appropriate, the commissioner shall forward this determination, 29 30 along with a summary of the reasons for the determination, to the county attorney in the county where the inmate was convicted 31 no later than 12 months before the inmate's release date. 32 If the inmate is received for incarceration with fewer than 12 33 months remaining in the inmate's term of imprisonment, or if the 34 35 commissioner receives additional information less than 12 months before release which makes the inmate's case appropriate for 36

Article 5

Section 2

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

referral, the commissioner shall forward the determination as 1 2 soon as is practicable. Upon receiving the commissioner's preliminary determination, the county attorney shall proceed in 3 the manner provided in section 253B.185. The commissioner shall 4 release to the county attorney all requested documentation 5 maintained by the department. 6

7 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 8

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 244.052, 9 subdivision 3, is amended to read: 10

[END-OF-CONFINEMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE.] (a) The 11 Subd. 3. commissioner of corrections shall establish and administer 12 end-of-confinement review committees at each state correctional 13 facility and at each state treatment facility where predatory 14 offenders are confined. The committees shall assess on a 15 case-by-case basis the public risk posed by predatory offenders 16 17 who are about to be released from confinement.

(b) Each committee shall be a standing committee and shall 18 consist of the following members appointed by the commissioner: 19

(1) the chief executive officer or head of the correctional or treatment facility where the offender is currently confined, 21 22 or that person's designee;

(2) a law enforcement officer; 23

(3) a treatment professional who is trained in the 24 assessment of sex offenders; 25

(4) a caseworker experienced in supervising sex offenders; 26 and 27

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(5) a victim's services professional.

Members of the committee, other than the facility's chief 29 executive officer or head, shall be appointed by the 30 commissioner to two-year terms. The chief executive officer or 31 head of the facility or designee shall act as chair of the 32 committee and shall use the facility's staff, as needed, to 33 administer the committee, obtain necessary information from 34 outside sources, and prepare risk assessment reports on 35 36 offenders.

Article 5 Section 3

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

12

1 (c) The committee shall have access to the following data 2 on a predatory offender only for the purposes of its assessment 3 and to defend the committee's risk assessment determination upon 4 administrative review under this section:

(1) private medical data under section 13.384 or 144.335,
or welfare data under section 13.46 that relate to medical
treatment of the offender;

8 (2) private and confidential court services data under
9 section 13.84;

10 (3) private and confidential corrections data under section11 13.85; and

(4) private criminal history data under section 13.87.

Data collected and maintained by the committee under this paragraph may not be disclosed outside the committee, except as provided under section 13.05, subdivision 3 or 4. The predatory offender has access to data on the offender collected and maintained by the committee, unless the data are confidential data received under this paragraph.

(d) (i) Except as otherwise provided in items (ii), 19 (iii), and (iv), at least 90 days before a predatory offender is 20 to be released from confinement, the commissioner of corrections 21 shall convene the appropriate end-of-confinement review 22 committee for the purpose of assessing the risk presented by the 23 offender and determining the risk level to which the offender 24 25 shall be assigned under paragraph (e). The offender and the law enforcement agency that was responsible for the charge resulting 26 in confinement shall be notified of the time and place of the 27 committee's meeting. The offender has a right to be present and 28 be heard at the meeting. The law enforcement agency may provide 29 30 material in writing that is relevant to the offender's risk level to the chair of the committee. The committee shall use 31 the risk factors described in paragraph (g) and the risk 32 33 assessment scale developed under subdivision 2 to determine the offender's risk assessment score and risk level. Offenders 34 scheduled for release from confinement shall be assessed by the 35 committee established at the facility from which the offender is 36

Article 5 Section 3

1 to be released.

(ii) If an offender is received for confinement in a 2 facility with less than 90 days remaining in the offender's term 3 of confinement, the offender's risk shall be assessed at the 4 5 first regularly scheduled end of confinement review committee 6 that convenes after the appropriate documentation for the risk 7 assessment is assembled by the committee. The commissioner shall make reasonable efforts to ensure that offender's risk is 8 9 assessed and a risk level is assigned or reassigned at least 30 10 days before the offender's release date.

(iii) If the offender is subject to a mandatory life 11 12 sentence under section 609.342, subdivision 2, paragraph (b), or 609.3455, the commissioner of corrections shall convene the 13 appropriate end-of-confinement review committee at least nine 14 months before the offender's minimum term of imprisonment has 15 been served. If the offender is received for confinement in a 16 17 facility with less than nine months remaining before the 18 offender's minimum term of imprisonment has been served, the committee shall conform its procedures to those outlined in item 19 20 (ii) to the extent practicable.

(iv) If the offender is granted supervised release, the 21 22 commissioner of corrections shall notify the appropriate end-of-confinement review committee that it needs to review the 23 offender's previously determined risk level at its next 24 regularly scheduled meeting. The commissioner shall make 25 reasonable efforts to ensure that the offender's earlier risk 26 level determination is reviewed and the risk level is confirmed 27 or reassigned at least 60 days before the offender's release 28 date. The committee shall give the report to the offender and 29 30 to the law enforcement agency at least 60 days before an offender is released from confinement. 31

(e) The committee shall assign to risk level I a predatory
offender whose risk assessment score indicates a low risk of
reoffense. The committee shall assign to risk level II an
offender whose risk assessment score indicates a moderate risk
of reoffense. The committee shall assign to risk level III an

Article 5 Section 3

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1 offender whose risk assessment score indicates a high risk of 2 reoffense.

(f) Before the predatory offender is released from 3 confinement, the committee shall prepare a risk assessment 4 report which specifies the risk level to which the offender has 5 been assigned and the reasons underlying the committee's risk 6 7 assessment decision. Except for an offender subject to a mandatory life sentence under section 609.342, subdivision 2, 8 9 paragraph (b), or 609.3455, who has not been granted supervised release, the committee shall give the report to the offender and 10 to the law enforcement agency at least 60 days before an 11 12 offender is released from confinement. If the offender is subject to a mandatory life sentence and has not yet served the 13 entire minimum term of imprisonment, the committee shall give 14 15 the report to the offender and to the commissioner at least six months before the offender is first eligible for release. 16 If 17 the risk assessment is performed under the circumstances described in paragraph (d), item (ii), the report shall be given 18 to the offender and the law enforcement agency as soon as it is 19 available. The committee also shall inform the offender of the 20 21 availability of review under subdivision 6.

(g) As used in this subdivision, "risk factors" includes,
but is not limited to, the following factors:

(1) the seriousness of the offense should the offenderreoffend. This factor includes consideration of the following:

(ii) the degree of likely physical contact; and

26 (i) the degree of likely force or harm;

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(iii) the age of the likely victim;

(2) the offender's prior offense history. This factorincludes consideration of the following:

(i) the relationship of prior victims to the offender;
(ii) the number of prior offenses or victims;
(iii) the duration of the offender's prior offense history;
(iv) the length of time since the offender's last prior
offense while the offender was at risk to commit offenses; and
(v) the offender's prior history of other antisocial acts;

Article 5 Section 3

04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 1 (3) the offender's characteristics. This factor includes 2 consideration of the following: 3 (i) the offender's response to prior treatment efforts; and (ii) the offender's history of substance abuse; 4 5 (4) the availability of community supports to the offender. This factor includes consideration of the following: 6 7 (i) the availability and likelihood that the offender will 8 be involved in therapeutic treatment; (ii) the availability of residential supports to the 9 10 offender, such as a stable and supervised living arrangement in an appropriate location; 11 (iii) the offender's familial and social relationships, 12 including the nature and length of these relationships and the 13 level of support that the offender may receive from these 14 15 persons; and (iv) the offender's lack of education or employment 16 17 stability; (5) whether the offender has indicated or credible evidence 18 19 in the record indicates that the offender will reoffend if released into the community; and 20 (6) whether the offender demonstrates a physical condition 21 that minimizes the risk of reoffense, including but not limited 22 to, advanced age or a debilitating illness or physical condition. 23 24 (h) Upon the request of the law enforcement agency or the offender's corrections agent, the commissioner may reconvene the 25 end-of-confinement review committee for the purpose of 26 reassessing the risk level to which an offender has been 27 assigned under paragraph (e). In a request for a reassessment, 28 29 the law enforcement agency which was responsible for the charge resulting in confinement or agent shall list the facts and 30 circumstances arising after the initial assignment or facts and 31 32 circumstances known to law enforcement or the agent but not considered by the committee under paragraph (e) which support 33 the request for a reassessment. The request for reassessment by 34 the law enforcement agency must occur within 30 days of receipt 35 of the report indicating the offender's risk level assignment. 36

Article 5 Section 3

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

The offender's corrections agent, in consultation with the chief 1 law enforcement officer in the area where the offender resides 2 or intends to reside, may request a review of a risk level at 3 any time if substantial evidence exists that the offender's risk 4 level should be reviewed by an end-of-confinement review 5 committee. This evidence includes, but is not limited to, 6 7 evidence of treatment failures or completions, evidence of exceptional crime-free community adjustment or lack of 8 appropriate adjustment, evidence of substantial community need 9 to know more about the offender or mitigating circumstances that 10 would narrow the proposed scope of notification, or other 11 practical situations articulated and based in evidence of the 12 offender's behavior while under supervision. Upon review of the 13 request, the end-of-confinement review committee may reassign an 14 15 offender to a different risk level. If the offender is reassigned to a higher risk level, the offender has the right to 16 seek review of the committee's determination under subdivision 6. 17

(i) An offender may request the end-of-confinement review 18 committee to reassess the offender's assigned risk level after 19 20 three years have elapsed since the committee's initial risk assessment and may renew the request once every two years 21 22 following subsequent denials. In a request for reassessment, 23 the offender shall list the facts and circumstances which demonstrate that the offender no longer poses the same degree of 24 risk to the community. In order for a request for a risk level 25 reduction to be granted, the offender must demonstrate full 26 compliance with supervised release conditions, completion of 27 required post-release treatment programming, and full compliance 28 with all registration requirements as detailed in section 29 The offender must also not have been convicted of any 30 243.166. 31 felony, gross misdemeanor, or misdemeanor offenses subsequent to the assignment of the original risk level. The committee shall 32 follow the process outlined in paragraphs (a) to (c) in the 33 reassessment. An offender who is incarcerated may not request a 34 reassessment under this paragraph. 35

36 (j) Offenders returned to prison as release violators shall

Article 5 Section 3 82

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

not have a right to a subsequent risk reassessment by the 1 end-of-confinement review committee unless substantial evidence 2 3 indicates that the offender's risk to the public has increased. (k) The commissioner shall establish an end-of-confinement 4 5 review committee to assign a risk level to offenders who are released from a federal correctional facility in Minnesota or 6 7 another state and who intend to reside in Minnesota, and to offenders accepted from another state under a reciprocal 8 **9** . agreement for parole supervision under the interstate compact authorized by section 243.16. The committee shall make 10 reasonable efforts to conform to the same timelines as applied 11 12 to Minnesota cases. Offenders accepted from another state under 13 a reciprocal agreement for probation supervision are not assigned a risk level, but are considered downward dispositional 14 departures. The probation or court services officer and law 15 16 enforcement officer shall manage such cases in accordance with 17 section 244.10, subdivision 2a. The policies and procedures of the committee for federal offenders and interstate compact cases 18 must be in accordance with all requirements as set forth in this 19 section, unless restrictions caused by the nature of federal or 20 interstate transfers prevents such conformance. 21

(1) If the committee assigns a predatory offender to risk
level III, the committee shall determine whether residency
restrictions shall be included in the conditions of the
offender's release based on the offender's pattern of offending
behavior.

27 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 28 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.109,
subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PRESUMPTIVE EXECUTED SENTENCE.] Except as provided in subdivision 3 or 4, if a person is convicted under sections 609.342 to 609.345 <u>609.3453</u>, within 15 years of a previous sex offense conviction, the court shall commit the defendant to the commissioner of corrections for not less than three years, nor more than the maximum sentence provided by law

Article 5 Section 4

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

for the offense for which convicted, notwithstanding the 1 provisions of sections 242.19, 243.05, 609.11, 609.12, and 2 609.135. The court may stay the execution of the sentence 3 imposed under this subdivision only if it finds that a 4 professional assessment indicates the offender is accepted by 5 and can respond to treatment at a long-term inpatient program 6 exclusively treating sex offenders and approved by the 7 commissioner of corrections. If the court stays the execution 8 of a sentence, it shall include the following as conditions of 9 10 probation:

(1) incarceration in a local jail or workhouse; and
(2) a requirement that the offender successfully complete
the treatment program and aftercare as directed by the court.

14[EFFECTIVE DATE.]This section is effective August 1, 2005,15and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.109,
subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [PREVIOUS SEX OFFENSE CONVICTIONS.] For the 18 19 purposes of this section, a conviction is considered a previous 20 sex offense conviction if the person was convicted of a sex offense before the commission of the present offense of 21 conviction. A person has two previous sex offense convictions 22 only if the person was convicted and sentenced for a sex offense 23 committed after the person was earlier convicted and sentenced 24 for a sex offense, both convictions preceded the commission of 25 the present offense of conviction, and 15 years have not elapsed 26 since the person was discharged from the sentence imposed for 27 28 the second conviction. A "sex offense" is a violation of sections 609.342 to 609-345 609.3453 or any similar statute of 29 30 the United States, this state, or any other state.

31 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 32 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

33 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.115, is 34 amended by adding a subdivision to read:

35 <u>Subd. 2b.</u> [INDETERMINATE AND MANDATORY LIFE SENTENCES; 36 SENTENCING WORKSHEET.] If the defendant has been convicted of a

04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 felony crime for which any type of indeterminate sentence or 1 mandatory life sentence is provided by law, the court shall 2 cause a sentencing worksheet as provided in subdivision 1, 3 paragraph (e), to be completed and forwarded to the Minnesota 4 Sentencing Guidelines Commission. 5 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.117, 6 7 subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. [UPON SENTENCING.] The court shall order an 8 9 offender to provide a biological specimen for the purpose of DNA analysis as defined in section 299C.155 when: 10 (1) the court sentences a person charged with violating or 11 attempting to violate any of the following, and the person is 12 convicted of that offense or of any offense arising out of the 13 same set of circumstances: 14 (i) murder under section 609.185, 609.19, or 609.195; 15 (ii) manslaughter under section 609.20 or 609.205; 16 (iii) assault under section 609.221, 609.222, or 609.223; 17 (iv) robbery under section 609.24 or aggravated robbery 18 under section 609.245; 19 (v) kidnapping under section 609.25; 20 (vi) false imprisonment under section 609.255; 21 (vii) criminal sexual conduct under section 609.342, 22 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, or 609.3451, subdivision 3, or 23 609.3453; 24 (viii) incest under section 609.365; 25 (ix) burglary under section 609.582, subdivision 1; or 26 (x) indecent exposure under section 617.23, subdivision 3; 27 (2) the court sentences a person as a patterned sex 28 offender under section 609.108; or 29 (3) the juvenile court adjudicates a person a delinquent 30 child who is the subject of a delinquency petition for violating 31 or attempting to violate any of the following, and the 32 delinquency adjudication is based on a violation of one of those 33 sections or of any offense arising out of the same set of 34 circumstances: 35 (i) murder under section 609.185, 609.19, or 609.195; 36

Article 5 Section 7

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

(ii) manslaughter under section 609.20 or 609.205;
(iii) assault under section 609.221, 609.222, or 609.223;
(iv) robbery under section 609.24 or aggravated robbery
under section 609.245;
(v) kidnapping under section 609.25;
(vi) false imprisonment under section 609.255;

7 (vii) criminal sexual conduct under section 609.342, 8 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, er 609.3451, subdivision 3<u>, or</u> 9 <u>609.3453;</u>

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(viii) incest under section 609.365;

(ix) burglary under section 609.582, subdivision 1; or
(x) indecent exposure under section 617.23, subdivision 3.
The biological specimen or the results of the analysis shall be
maintained by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension as provided in
section 299C.155.

16 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
17 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.117,subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [BEFORE RELEASE.] The commissioner of corrections or local corrections authority shall order a person to provide a biological specimen for the purpose of DNA analysis before completion of the person's term of imprisonment when the person has not provided a biological specimen for the purpose of DNA analysis and the person:

(1) is currently serving a term of imprisonment for or has
a past conviction for violating or attempting to violate any of
the following or a similar law of another state or the United
States or initially charged with violating one of the following
sections or a similar law of another state or the United States
and convicted of another offense arising out of the same set of
circumstances:

(i) murder under section 609.185, 609.19, or 609.195;
(ii) manslaughter under section 609.20 or 609.205;
(iii) assault under section 609.221, 609.222, or 609.223;
(iv) robbery under section 609.24 or aggravated robbery

04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 1 under section 609.245; 2 (v) kidnapping under section 609.25; (vi) false imprisonment under section 609.255; 3 4 (vii) criminal sexual conduct under section 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, or 609.3451, subdivision 3, or 5 6 609.3453; 7 (viii) incest under section 609.365; 8 (ix) burglary under section 609.582, subdivision 1; or 9 (x) indecent exposure under section 617.23, subdivision 3; 10 or (2) was sentenced as a patterned sex offender under section 11 609.108, and committed to the custody of the commissioner of 12 corrections; or 13 (3) is serving a term of imprisonment in this state under a 14 reciprocal agreement although convicted in another state of an 15 16 offense described in this subdivision or a similar law of the 17 United States or any other state. The commissioner of 18 corrections or local corrections authority shall forward the sample to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. 19 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 20 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 21 22 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.1351, is amended to read: 23 609.1351 [PETITION FOR CIVIL COMMITMENT.] 24 When a court sentences a person under section 609.108, 25 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, or 609.345, or 609.3453, the court 26 shall make a preliminary determination whether in the court's 27 opinion a petition under section 253B.185 may be appropriate and 28 include the determination as part of the sentencing order. 29 If the court determines that a petition may be appropriate, the 30 court shall forward its preliminary determination along with 31 supporting documentation to the county attorney. 32 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 33 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 34 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.347, is 35 36 amended to read:

Article 5 Section 10 87

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[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

609.347 [EVIDENCE IN CRIMINAL SEXUAL CONDUCT CASES.]
Subdivision 1. In a prosecution under sections 609.109 $e_{r,}$
609.342 to 609.3451, or 609.3453, the testimony of a victim need
not be corroborated.

Subd. 2. In a prosecution under sections 609.109 or,
609.342 to 609.3451, or 609.3453, there is no need to show that
7 the victim resisted the accused.

Subd. 3. In a prosecution under sections 609.109, 609.342 8 to 609.3451, 609.3453, or 609.365, evidence of the victim's 9 previous sexual conduct shall not be admitted nor shall any 10 reference to such conduct be made in the presence of the jury, 11 12 except by court order under the procedure provided in subdivision 4. The evidence can be admitted only if the 13 probative value of the evidence is not substantially outweighed 14 15 by its inflammatory or prejudicial nature and only in the circumstances set out in paragraphs (a) and (b). For the 16 evidence to be admissible under paragraph (a), subsection (i), 17 the judge must find by a preponderance of the evidence that the 18 facts set out in the accused's offer of proof are true. For the 19 evidence to be admissible under paragraph (a), subsection (ii) 20 or paragraph (b), the judge must find that the evidence is 21 22 sufficient to support a finding that the facts set out in the 23 accused's offer of proof are true, as provided under Rule 901 of the Rules of Evidence. 24

(a) When consent of the victim is a defense in the case,the following evidence is admissible:

(i) evidence of the victim's previous sexual conduct
tending to establish a common scheme or plan of similar sexual
conduct under circumstances similar to the case at issue. In
order to find a common scheme or plan, the judge must find that
the victim made prior allegations of sexual assault which were
fabricated; and

33 (ii) evidence of the victim's previous sexual conduct with34 the accused.

35 (b) When the prosecution's case includes evidence of semen,
36 pregnancy, or disease at the time of the incident or, in the

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

case of pregnancy, between the time of the incident and trial,
 evidence of specific instances of the victim's previous sexual
 conduct is admissible solely to show the source of the semen,
 pregnancy, or disease.

Subd. 4. The accused may not offer evidence described in
subdivision 3 except pursuant to the following procedure:

7 (a) A motion shall be made by the accused at least three
8 business days prior to trial, unless later for good cause shown,
9 setting out with particularity the offer of proof of the
10 evidence that the accused intends to offer, relative to the
11 previous sexual conduct of the victim;

(b) If the court deems the offer of proof sufficient, the court shall order a hearing out of the presence of the jury, if any, and in such hearing shall allow the accused to make a full presentation of the offer of proof;

(c) At the conclusion of the hearing, if the court finds 16 17 that the evidence proposed to be offered by the accused regarding the previous sexual conduct of the victim is 18 admissible under subdivision 3 and that its probative value is 19 not substantially outweighed by its inflammatory or prejudicial 20 nature, the court shall make an order stating the extent to 21 which evidence is admissible. The accused may then offer 22 evidence pursuant to the order of the court; 23

(d) If new information is discovered after the date of the hearing or during the course of trial, which may make evidence described in subdivision 3 admissible, the accused may make an offer of proof pursuant to clause (a) and the court shall order an in camera hearing to determine whether the proposed evidence is admissible by the standards herein.

Subd. 5. In a prosecution under sections 609.109 e_{r_L} 31 609.342 to 609.3451, or 609.3453, the court shall not instruct 32 the jury to the effect that:

(a) It may be inferred that a victim who has previously
consented to sexual intercourse with persons other than the
accused would be therefore more likely to consent to sexual
intercourse again; or

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

(b) The victim's previous or subsequent sexual conduct in
and of itself may be considered in determining the credibility
of the victim; or

4 (c) Criminal sexual conduct is a crime easily charged by a
5 victim but very difficult to disprove by an accused because of
6 the heinous nature of the crime; or

7 (d) The jury should scrutinize the testimony of the victim
8 any more closely than it should scrutinize the testimony of any
9 witness in any felony prosecution.

10 Subd. 6. (a) In a prosecution under sections 609.109 er, 11 609.342 to 609.3451, or 609.3453, involving a psychotherapist 12 and patient, evidence of the patient's personal or medical 13 history is not admissible except when:

(1) the accused requests a hearing at least three business
days prior to trial and makes an offer of proof of the relevancy
of the history; and

17 (2) the court finds that the history is relevant and that
18 the probative value of the history outweighs its prejudicial
19 value.

(b) The court shall allow the admission only of specific information or examples of conduct of the victim that are determined by the court to be relevant. The court's order shall detail the information or conduct that is admissible and no other evidence of the history may be introduced.

(c) Violation of the terms of the order is grounds formistrial but does not prevent the retrial of the accused.

27 Subd. 7. [EFFECT OF STATUTE ON RULES.] Rule 412 of the 28 Rules of Evidence is superseded to the extent of its conflict 29 with this section.

30 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
31 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

32 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.3471, is 33 amended to read:

609.3471 [RECORDS PERTAINING TO VICTIM IDENTITY
 CONFIDENTIAL.]

36 Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, no

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Article 5 Section 11

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04/22/05
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data contained in records or reports relating to petitions, 1 complaints, or indictments issued pursuant to section $609.342 \hat{\tau}_L$ 2 609.343; 609.344; er, 609.345, or 609.3453, which 3 specifically identifies a victim who is a minor shall be 4 accessible to the public, except by order of the court. Nothing 5 in this section authorizes denial of access to any other data 6 7 contained in the records or reports, including the identity of 8 the defendant. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 9 10 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 11 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.348, is 12 amended to read: 609.348 [MEDICAL PURPOSES; EXCLUSION.] 13 Sections 609.109 and, 609.342 to 609.3451, and 609.3453 do 14 not apply to sexual penetration or sexual contact when done for 15 a bona fide medical purpose. 16 17 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 18 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.353, is 19 amended to read: 20 609.353 [JURISDICTION.] 21 A violation or attempted violation of section 609.342, 22 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 609.3451, <u>609.3453</u>, or 609.352 may be 23 prosecuted in any jurisdiction in which the violation originates 24 or terminates. 25 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 26 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 27 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 631.045, is 28 amended to read: 29 631.045 [EXCLUDING SPECTATORS FROM THE COURTROOM.] 30 At the trial of a complaint or indictment for a violation 31 of sections 609.109, 609.341 to 609.3451, 609.3453, or 617.246, 32 subdivision 2, when a minor under 18 years of age is the person 33 upon, with, or against whom the crime is alleged to have been 34 committed, the judge may exclude the public from the courtroom 35 36 during the victim's testimony or during all or part of the

Article 5 Section 14 91

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

remainder of the trial upon a showing that closure is necessary 1 to protect a witness or ensure fairness in the trial. The judge 2 shall give the prosecutor, defendant and members of the public 3 the opportunity to object to the closure before a closure order. 4 The judge shall specify the reasons for closure in an order 5 closing all or part of the trial. Upon closure the judge shall 6 only admit persons who have a direct interest in the case. 7 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 8 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 9 Sec. 15. [REVISOR INSTRUCTION.] 10 11 (a) The revisor of statutes shall renumber Minnesota Statutes, section 609.3452, as Minnesota Statutes, section 12 609.3457, and correct cross-references. In addition, the 13 14 revisor shall delete the reference in Minnesota Statutes, section 13.871, subdivision 3, paragraph (d), to Minnesota 15 Statutes, section 609.3452, and insert a reference to Minnesota 16 Statutes, section 609.3457. The revisor shall include a 17 notation in Minnesota Statutes to inform readers of the statutes 18 19 of the renumbering of section 609.3457. 20 (b) In addition to the specific changes described in paragraph (a), the revisor of statutes shall make other 21 technical changes necessitated by this act. 22 23 ARTICLE 6 CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES PROVISIONS 24 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 152.01, 25 subdivision 10, is amended to read: 26 Subd. 10. [NARCOTIC DRUG.] "Narcotic drug" means any of 27 the following, whether produced directly or indirectly by 28 extraction from substances of vegetable origin, or independently 29 by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of 30 31 extraction and chemical synthesis: 32 (1) Opium, coca leaves, and opiates, and methamphetamine; 33 (2) A compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, or preparation of opium, coca leaves, or opiates, or 34 35 methamphetamine; (3) A substance, and any compound, manufacture, salt, 36 Article 6 Section 1 92

derivative, or preparation thereof, which is chemically 1 2 identical with any of the substances referred to in clauses (1) and (2), except that the words "narcotic drug" as used in this 3 chapter shall not include decocainized coca leaves or extracts 4 of coca leaves, which extracts do not contain cocaine or 5 6 ecgonine. 7 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 8 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 152.021, 9 subdivision 2a, is amended to read: 10 Subd. 2a. [METHAMPHETAMINE MANUFACTURE CRIME; 11 POSSESSION OF SUBSTANCES WITH INTENT TO MANUFACTURE 12 METHAMPHETAMINE CRIME.] (a) Notwithstanding subdivision 1, 13 sections 152.022, subdivision 1, 152.023, subdivision 1, and 14 152.024, subdivision 1, a person is guilty of controlled 15 substance crime in the first degree if the person manufactures 16 17 any amount of methamphetamine. (b) Notwithstanding-paragraph-(a)-and-section-609-177 A 18 19 person is guilty of attempted-manufacture-of-methamphetamine a crime if the person possesses any chemical reagents or 20 precursors with the intent to manufacture methamphetamine. As 21 used in this section, "chemical reagents or precursors" refers 22 to-one-or-more includes any of the following substances, or any 23 similar substances that can be used to manufacture 24 methamphetamine, or their the salts, isomers, and salts of 25 isomers of a listed or similar substance: 26 (1) ephedrine; 27 (2) pseudoephedrine; 28 (3) phenyl-2-propanone; 29 30 (4) phenylacetone; (5) anhydrous ammonia7-as-defined-in-section-180-0057 31 32 subdivision-1a; (6) organic solvents; 33 (7) hydrochloric acid; 34 (8) lithium metal; 35 (9) sodium metal; 36

Article 6 Section 2 9

1	(10) ether;
2	(11) sulfuric acid;
3	(12) red phosphorus;
4	(13) iodine;
5	(14) sodium hydroxide;
6	(15) benzaldehyde;
7	(16) benzyl methyl ketone;
8	(17) benzyl cyanide;
9	(18) nitroethane;
10	(19) methylamine;
11	(20) phenylacetic acid;
12	(21) hydriodic acid; or
13	(22) hydriotic acid.
14	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
15	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
16	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 152.021,
17	subdivision 3, is amended to read:
18	Subd. 3. [PENALTY.] (a) A person convicted under
19	subdivisions 1 to 2a, paragraph (a), may be sentenced to
20	imprisonment for not more than 30 years or to payment of a fine
21	of not more than \$1,000,000, or both; a person convicted under
22	subdivision 2a, paragraph (b), may be sentenced to imprisonment
23	for not more than three ten years or to payment of a fine of not

25 (b) If the conviction is a subsequent controlled substance conviction, a person convicted under subdivisions 1 to 2a, 26 27 paragraph (a), shall be committed to the commissioner of 28 corrections for not less than four years nor more than 40 years 29 and, in addition, may be sentenced to payment of a fine of not more than \$1,000,000; a person convicted under subdivision 2a, 30 31 paragraph (b), may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than four 15 years or to payment of a fine of not more than 32 \$57000 \$30,000, or both. 33

(c) In a prosecution under subdivision 1 involving sales by 34 35 the same person in two or more counties within a 90-day period, the person may be prosecuted for all of the sales in any county 36

more than \$57000 \$20,000, or both.

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1	in which one of the sales occurred.
2	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
3	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
4	Sec. 4. [152.0275] [CERTAIN CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE OFFENSES;
5	RESTITUTION; PROHIBITIONS ON PROPERTY USE; NOTICE PROVISIONS.]
6	Subdivision 1. [RESTITUTION.] (a) As used in this
7	subdivision:
8	(1) "clandestine lab site" means any structure or
9	conveyance or outdoor location occupied or affected by
10	conditions or chemicals typically associated with the
11	manufacturing of methamphetamine;
12	(2) "emergency response" includes, but is not limited to,
13	removing and collecting evidence, securing the site, removal,
14	remediation, and hazardous chemical assessment or inspection of
15	the site where the relevant offense or offenses took place,
16	regardless of whether these actions are performed by the public
17	entities themselves or by private contractors paid by the public
18	entities, or the property owner;
19	(3) "remediation" means proper cleanup, treatment, or
20	containment of hazardous substances or methamphetamine at or in
21	a clandestine lab site, and may include demolition or disposal
22	of structures or other property when an assessment so indicates;
23	and
24	(4) "removal" means the removal from the clandestine lab
25	site of precursor or waste chemicals, chemical containers, or
26	equipment associated with the manufacture, packaging, or storage
27	of illegal drugs.
28	(b) A court may require a person convicted of manufacturing
29	or attempting to manufacture a controlled substance or of an
30	illegal activity involving a precursor substance, where the
31	response to the crime involved an emergency response, to pay
32	restitution to all public entities that participated in the
33	response. The restitution ordered may cover the reasonable
34	costs of their participation in the response.
35	(c) In addition to the restitution authorized in paragraph
36	(b), a court may require a person convicted of manufacturing or
Ar	ticle 6 Section 4 95

attempting to manufacture a controlled substance or of illegal 1 activity involving a precursor substance to pay restitution to a 2 property owner who incurred removal or remediation costs because 3 of the crime. 4 Subd. 2. [PROPERTY-RELATED PROHIBITIONS; NOTICE; WEB 5 SITE.] (a) As used in this subdivision: 6 (1) "clandestine lab site" has the meaning given in 7 subdivision 1, paragraph (a); 8 (2) "property" means publicly or privately owned real 9 property including buildings and other structures, motor 10 11 vehicles as defined in section 609.487, subdivision 2a, public 12 waters, and public rights-of-way; 13 (3) "remediation" has the meaning given in subdivision 1, 14 paragraph (a); and 15 (4) "removal" has the meaning given in subdivision 1, 16 paragraph (a). 17 (b) A peace officer who arrests a person at a clandestine 18 lab site shall notify the appropriate county or local health 19 department, state duty officer, and child protection services of the arrest and the location of the site. 20 21 (c) A county or local health department or sheriff shall order that any property or portion of a property that has been 22 found to be a clandestine lab site and contaminated by 23 24 substances, chemicals, or items of any kind used in the 25 manufacture of methamphetamine or any part of the manufacturing 26 process, or the by-products or degradates of manufacturing 27 methamphetamine be prohibited from being occupied or used until 28 it has been assessed and remediated as provided in the 29 Department of Health's clandestine drug labs general cleanup 30 guidelines. The remediation shall be accomplished by a contractor who will make the verification required under 31 32 paragraph (e). 33 (d) Unless clearly inapplicable, the procedures specified 34 in chapter 145A and any related rules adopted under that chapter 35 addressing the enforcement of public health laws, the removal and abatement of public health nuisances, and the remedies 36

1	available to property owners or occupants apply to this
2	subdivision.
3	(e) Upon the proper removal and remediation of any property
4	used as a clandestine lab site, the contractor shall verify to
5	the applicable authority that issued the order under paragraph
6	(c) that the work was completed according to the Department of
7	Health's clandestine drug labs general cleanup guidelines and
8	best practices and that levels of contamination have been
9	reduced to levels set forth in the guidelines. The contractor
10	shall provide the verification to the property owner and the
11	applicable authority within five days from the completion of the
12	remediation. Following this, the applicable authority shall
13	vacate its order.
14	(f) If a contractor issues a verification and the property
15	was not remediated according to the Department of Health's
16	clandestine drug labs general cleanup guidelines or the levels
17	of contamination were not reduced to levels set forth in the
18	guidelines, the contractor is liable to the property owner for
19	the additional costs relating to the proper remediation of the
20	property according to the guidelines and reducing the levels of
21	contamination to levels set in the guidelines and for reasonable
22	attorney fees for collection of costs by the property owner. An
23	action under this paragraph must be commenced within six years
24	from the date on which the verification was issued by the
25	contractor.
26	(g) If the applicable authority determines under paragraph
27	(c) that a motor vehicle has been contaminated by substances,
28	chemicals, or items of any kind used in the manufacture of
29	methamphetamine or any part of the manufacturing process, or the
30	by-products or degradates of manufacturing methamphetamine and
31	if the authority is able to obtain the certificate of title for
32	the motor vehicle, the authority shall notify the registrar of
33	motor vehicles of this fact and in addition, forward the
34	certificate of title to the registrar. The authority shall also
35	notify the registrar when it vacates its order under paragraph
36	<u>(e).</u>

Article 6 Section 4

1	(h) The applicable authority issuing an order under
2	paragraph (c) shall record with the county recorder or registrar
3	of titles of the county where the clandestine lab is located an
4	affidavit containing the name of the owner, a legal description
5	of the property where the clandestine lab was located, and a map
6	drawn from available information showing the boundary of the
7	property and the location of the contaminated area on the
8	property that is prohibited from being occupied or used that
9 ·	discloses to any potential transferee:
10	(1) that the property, or a portion of the property, was
11	the site of a clandestine lab;
12	(2) the location, condition, and circumstances of the
13	clandestine lab, to the full extent known or reasonably
14	ascertainable; and
15	(3) that the use of the property or some portion of it may
16	be restricted as provided by paragraph (c).
17	If an inaccurate drawing or description is filed, the authority,
18	on request of the owner or another interested person, shall file
19	a supplemental affidavit with a corrected drawing or description.
20	If the authority vacates its order under paragraph (e), the
21	authority shall record an affidavit that contains the recording
22	information of the above affidavit and states that the order is
23	vacated. Upon filing the affidavit vacating the order, the
24	affidavit and the affidavit filed under this paragraph, together
25	with the information set forth in the affidavits, cease to
26	constitute either actual or constructive notice.
27	(i) If proper removal and remediation has occurred on the
28	property, an interested party may record an affidavit indicating
29	that this has occurred. Upon filing the affidavit described in
30	this paragraph, the affidavit and the affidavit filed under
31	paragraph (h), together with the information set forth in the
32	affidavits, cease to constitute either actual or constructive
33	notice. Failure to record an affidavit under this section does
34	not affect or prevent any transfer of ownership of the property.
35	(j) The county recorder or registrar of titles must record
36	all affidavits presented under paragraph (h) or (i) in a manner

04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 that assures their disclosure in the ordinary course of a title 1 search of the subject property. 2 3 (k) The commissioner of health shall post on the Internet 4 contact information for each local community health services 5 administrator. 6 (1) Each local community health services administrator shall maintain information related to property within the 7 administrator's jurisdiction that is currently or was previously 8 9 subject to an order issued under paragraph (c). The information maintained must include the name of the owner, the location of 10 11 the property, the extent of the contamination, the status of the removal and remediation work on the property, and whether the 12 order has been vacated. The administrator shall make this 13 information available to the public either upon request or by 14 15 other means. 16 (m) Before signing an agreement to sell or transfer real 17 property, the seller or transferor must disclose in writing to the buyer or transferee if, to the seller's or transferor's 18 19 knowledge, methamphetamine production has occurred on the property. If methamphetamine production has occurred on the 20 property, the disclosure shall include a statement to the buyer 21 or transferee informing the buyer or transferee: 22 (1) whether an order has been issued on the property as 23 24 described in paragraph (c); 25 (2) whether any orders issued against the property under paragraph (c) have been vacated under paragraph (i); or 26 27 (3) if there was no order issued against the property and the seller or transferor is aware that methamphetamine 28 29 production has occurred on the property, the status of removal 30 and remediation on the property. Unless the buyer or transferee and seller or transferor 31 32 agree to the contrary in writing before the closing of the sale, a seller or transferor who fails to disclose, to the best of 33 their knowledge, at the time of sale any of the facts required 34 above, and who knew or had reason to know of methamphetamine 35 production on the property, is liable to the buyer or transferee 36

Article 6 Section 4

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

for: 1 (1) costs relating to remediation of the property according 2 to the Department of Health's clandestine drug labs general 3 cleanup guidelines and best practices so that contamination is 4 reduced to levels set forth in the guidelines; and 5 (2) reasonable attorney fees for collection of costs from 6 7 the seller or transferor. An action under this paragraph must be commenced within six 8 years after the date on which the buyer or transferee closed the 9 purchase or transfer of the real property where the 10 11 methamphetamine production occurred. 12 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective January 1, 2006, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 13 Sec. 5. [152.136] [ANHYDROUS AMMONIA; PROHIBITED CONDUCT; 14 15 CRIMINAL PENALTIES; CIVIL LIABILITY.] Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] As used in this section, 16 "tamper" means action taken by a person not authorized to take 17 that action by law or by the owner or authorized custodian of an 18 19 anhydrous ammonia container or of equipment where anhydrous ammonia is used, stored, distributed, or transported. 20 21 Subd. 2. [PROHIBITED CONDUCT.] (a) A person may not: (1) steal or unlawfully take or carry away any amount of 22 23 anhydrous ammonia; 24 (2) purchase, possess, transfer, or distribute any amount of anhydrous ammonia, knowing, or having reason to know, that it 25 will be used to unlawfully manufacture a controlled substance; 26 27 (3) place, have placed, or possess anhydrous ammonia in a 28 container that is not designed, constructed, maintained, and 29 authorized to contain or transport anhydrous ammonia; 30 (4) transport anhydrous ammonia in a container that is not 31 designed, constructed, maintained, and authorized to transport 32 anhydrous ammonia; 33 (5) use, deliver, receive, sell, or transport a container designed and constructed to contain anhydrous ammonia without 34 35 the express consent of the owner or authorized custodian of the container; or 36

Article 6 Section 5

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1	(6) tamper with any equipment or facility used to contain,
2	store, or transport anhydrous ammonia.
3	(b) For the purposes of this subdivision, containers
4	designed and constructed for the storage and transport of
5	anhydrous ammonia are described in rules adopted under section
6	18C.121, subdivision 1, or in Code of Federal Regulations, title
7	<u>49.</u>
8	Subd. 3. [NO CAUSE OF ACTION.] (a) Except as provided in
9	paragraph (b), a person tampering with anhydrous ammonia
10	containers or equipment under subdivision 2 shall have no cause
11	of action for damages arising out of the tampering against:
12	(1) the owner or lawful custodian of the container or
13	equipment;
14	(2) a person responsible for the installation or
15	maintenance of the container or equipment; or
16	(3) a person lawfully selling or offering for sale the
17	anhydrous ammonia.
18	(b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a cause of action
19	against a person who unlawfully obtained the anhydrous ammonia
20	or anhydrous ammonia container or who possesses the anhydrous
21	ammonia or anhydrous ammonia container for any unlawful purpose.
22	Subd. 4. [CRIMINAL PENALTY.] A person who knowingly
23	violates subdivision 2 is guilty of a felony and may be
24	sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to
25	payment of a fine of not more than \$50,000, or both.
26	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
27	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
28	Sec. 6. [152.137] [METHAMPHETAMINE-RELATED CRIMES
29	INVOLVING CHILDREN AND VULNERABLE ADULTS.]
30	Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] (a) As used in this section,
31	the following terms have the meanings given.
32	(b) "Chemical substance" means a substance intended to be
33	used as a precursor in the manufacture of methamphetamine or any
34	other chemical intended to be used in the manufacture of
35	methamphetamine.
36	(c) "Child" means any person under the age of 18 years.
Ar	ticle 6 Section 6 101

1	(d) "Methamphetamine paraphernalia" means all equipment,
2	products, and materials of any kind that are used, intended for
3	use, or designed for use in manufacturing, injecting, ingesting,
4	inhaling, or otherwise introducing methamphetamine into the
5	human body.
6	(e) "Methamphetamine waste products" means substances,
7	chemicals, or items of any kind used in the manufacture of
8	methamphetamine or any part of the manufacturing process, or the
9	by-products or degradates of manufacturing methamphetamine.
10	(f) "Vulnerable adult" has the meaning given in section
11	609.232, subdivision 11.
12	Subd. 2. [PROHIBITED CONDUCT.] (a) No person may knowingly
13	engage in any of the following activities in the presence of a
14	child or vulnerable adult; in the residence of a child or a
15	vulnerable adult; in a building, structure, conveyance, or
16	outdoor location where a child or vulnerable adult might
17	reasonably be expected to be present; in a room offered to the
18	public for overnight accommodation; or in any multiple unit
19	residential building:
20	(1) manufacturing or attempting to manufacture
21	methamphetamine;
22	(2) storing any chemical substance;
23	(3) storing any methamphetamine waste products; or
24	(4) storing any methamphetamine paraphernalia.
25	(b) No person may knowingly cause or permit a child or
26	vulnerable adult to inhale, be exposed to, have contact with, or
27	ingest methamphetamine, a chemical substance, or methamphetamine
28	paraphernalia.
29	Subd. 3. [CRIMINAL PENALTY.] A person who violates
30	subdivision 2 is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to
31	imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a
32	fine of not more than \$10,000, or both.
33	Subd. 4. [MULTIPLE SENTENCES.] Notwithstanding sections
34	609.035 and 609.04, a prosecution for or conviction under this
35	section is not a bar to conviction of or punishment for any
36	other crime committed by the defendant as part of the same

1	conduct.
2	Subd. 5. [PROTECTIVE CUSTODY.] A peace officer may take
3	any child present in an area where any of the activities
4	described in subdivision 2, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (4),
5	are taking place into protective custody in accordance with
6	section 260C.175, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), clause (2). A
7	child taken into protective custody under this subdivision shall
8	be provided health screening to assess potential health concerns
9 ·	related to methamphetamine as provided in section 260C.188. A
10	child not taken into protective custody under this subdivision
11	but who is known to have been exposed to methamphetamine shall
12	be offered health screening for potential health concerns
13	related to methamphetamine as provided in section 260C.188.
14	Subd. 6. [REPORTING MALTREATMENT OF VULNERABLE ADULT.] (a)
15	A peace officer shall make a report of suspected maltreatment of
16	a vulnerable adult if the vulnerable adult is present in an area
17	where any of the activities described in subdivision 2,
18	paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (4), are taking place, and the
19	peace officer has reason to believe the vulnerable adult
20	inhaled, was exposed to, had contact with, or ingested
21	methamphetamine, a chemical substance, or methamphetamine
22	paraphernalia. The peace officer shall immediately report to
23	the county common entry point as described in section 626.557,
24	subdivision 9b.
25	(b) As required in section 626.557, subdivision 9b, law
26	enforcement is the primary agency to conduct investigations of
27	any incident when there is reason to believe a crime has been
28	committed. Law enforcement shall initiate a response
29	immediately. If the common entry point notified a county agency
30	for adult protective services, law enforcement shall cooperate
31	with that county agency when both agencies are involved and
32	shall exchange data to the extent authorized in section 626.557,
33	subdivision 12b, paragraph (g). County adult protection shall
34	initiate a response immediately.
35	(c) The county social services agency shall immediately
36	respond as required in section 626.557, subdivision 10, upon
A	rticle 6 Section 6 103

1	receipt of a report from the common entry point staff.
2	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
3	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
4	Sec. 7. [152.139] [DISPOSING OF METHAMPHETAMINE WASTE
5	PRODUCTS; CRIME.]
6	Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] As used in this section:
7	(1) "chemical substance" means a substance intended to be
8	used as a precursor in the manufacture of methamphetamine or any
9	other chemical intended to be used in the manufacture of
10	methamphetamine; and
11	(2) "methamphetamine waste product" means a substance,
12	chemical, or item of any kind used in the manufacture or
13	attempted manufacture of methamphetamine or any part of the
14	manufacturing process, or the by-product or degradate of
15	manufacturing or attempting to manufacture methamphetamine.
16	Subd. 2. [CRIMES DESCRIBED; PENALTIES.] (a) Except as
17	provided in paragraph (b), a person who knowingly disposes of or
18	abandons any methamphetamine waste product or chemical substance
19	is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for
20	not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more
21	than \$50,000, or both.
22	(b) A person who knowingly disposes of or abandons any
23	methamphetamine waste product or chemical substance in a manner
24	that places another person in imminent danger of death, great
25	bodily harm, or substantial bodily harm, is guilty of a felony
26	and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than ten years
27	or to payment of a fine of not more than \$100,000, or both.
28	Subd. 3. [EXCEPTION.] This section does not apply to:
29	(1) a peace officer acting in the course of the officer's
30	employment; or
31	(2) a person who lawfully disposes of any product or
32	substance in a manner approved by the Pollution Control Agency.
33	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
34	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
35	Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 168A.05,
36	subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Article 6 Section 8 104

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

Subd. 3. [CONTENT OF CERTIFICATE.] Each certificate of
 title issued by the department shall contain:

(1) the date issued;

4 (2) the first, middle, and last names, the dates of birth,
5 and addresses of all owners who are natural persons, the full
6 names and addresses of all other owners;

7 (3) the names and addresses of any secured parties in the
8 order of priority as shown on the application, or if the
9 application is based on a certificate of title, as shown on the
10 certificate, or as otherwise determined by the department;

(4) any liens filed pursuant to a court order or by a public agency responsible for child support enforcement against the owner;

14

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(5) the title number assigned to the vehicle;

(6) a description of the vehicle including, so far as the
following data exists, its make, model, year, identifying
number, type of body, whether new or used, and if a new vehicle,
the date of the first sale of the vehicle for use;

19 (7) with respect to motor vehicles subject to the 20 provisions of section 325E.15, the true cumulative mileage 21 registered on the odometer or that the actual mileage is unknown 22 if the odometer reading is known by the owner to be different 23 from the true mileage;

(8) with respect to vehicles subject to sections 325F.6641
and 325F.6642, the appropriate term "flood damaged," "rebuilt,"
"prior salvage," or "reconstructed"; and

(9) with respect to a vehicle contaminated by
methamphetamine production, if the registrar has received the
certificate of title and notice described in section 152.0275,
subdivision 2, paragraph (g), the term "hazardous waste
contaminated vehicle"; and

32 (10) any other data the department prescribes.

33 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005.
34 Sec. 9. [244.055] [CONDITIONAL RELEASE OF NONVIOLENT
35 CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE OFFENDERS; OPPORTUNITY FOR DRUG TREATMENT.]
36 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> [CONDITIONAL RELEASE AUTHORITY.] <u>The</u>

105

Article 6 Section 9

commissioner of corrections has the authority to release 1 offenders committed to the commissioner's custody who meet the 2 requirements of this section and of any rules adopted by the 3 commissioner. 4 Subd. 2. [CONDITIONAL RELEASE OF CERTAIN NONVIOLENT 5 CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE OFFENDERS.] An offender who has been 6 committed to the commissioner's custody may petition the 7 commissioner for conditional release from prison before the 8 offender's scheduled supervised release date or target release 9 10 date if: 11 (1) the offender is serving a sentence for violating section 152.021, 152.022, 152.023, 152.024, or 152.025; 12 (2) the offender committed the crime as a result of a 13 controlled substance addiction, and not primarily for profit; 14 15 (3) the offender has served at least 36 months or one-half 16 of the offender's term of imprisonment, whichever is less; 17 (4) the offender successfully completed a chemical 18 dependency treatment program while in prison; and 19 (5) the offender has not previously been conditionally released under this section. 20 Subd. 3. [OFFER OF CHEMICAL DEPENDENCY TREATMENT.] The 21 commissioner shall offer all offenders meeting the criteria 22 described in subdivision 2, clauses (1) and (2), the opportunity 23 24 to begin a suitable chemical dependency treatment program within 25 120 days after the offender's term of imprisonment begins. 26 Subd. 4. [RELEASE PROCEDURES.] The commissioner may not 27 grant conditional release to an offender under this section unless the commissioner determines that the offender's release 28 29 will not pose a danger to the public or an individual. In 30 making this determination, the commissioner shall follow the procedures contained in section 244.05, subdivision 5, and the 31 32 rules adopted by the commissioner under that subdivision. The 33 commissioner shall also consider the offender's custody classification and level of risk of violence and the 34 availability of appropriate community supervision for the 35 36 offender. Conditional release granted under this section

Article 6 Section 9

1	continues until the offender's sentence expires, unless release
2	is rescinded under subdivision 5.
3	Subd. 5. [CONDITIONAL RELEASE.] The conditions of release
4	granted under this section are governed by the statutes and
5	rules governing supervised release under this chapter, except
6	that release may be rescinded without hearing by the
7	commissioner if the commissioner determines that continuation of
8	the conditional release poses a danger to the public or to an
9	individual. If the commissioner rescinds an offender's
10	conditional release, the offender shall be returned to prison
11	and shall serve the remaining portion of the offender's sentence.
12	Subd. 6. [OFFENDERS SERVING OTHER SENTENCES.] An offender
13	who is serving both a sentence for an offense described in
14	subdivision 2 and an offense not described in subdivision 2, is
15	not eligible for release under this section unless the offender
16	has completed the offender's full term of imprisonment for the
17	other offense.
18	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005,
19	and applies to persons in prison on or after that date.
20	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 260C.171, is
21	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
22	Subd. 6. [NOTICE TO SCHOOL.] (a) As used in this
23	subdivision, the following terms have the meanings given.
24	"Chemical substance," "methamphetamine paraphernalia," and
25	"methamphetamine waste products" have the meanings given in
26	section 152.137, subdivision 1. "School" means a charter school
27	or a school as defined in section 120A.22, subdivision 4, except
28	a home school.
29	(b) If a child has been taken into protective custody after
30	being found in an area where methamphetamine was being
31	manufactured or attempted to be manufactured or where any
32	chemical substances, methamphetamine paraphernalia, or
33	methamphetamine waste products were stored, and the child is
34	enrolled in school, the officer who took the child into custody
35	shall notify the chief administrative officer of the child's
36	school of this fact.

Article 6 Section 10 107

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
2	and applies to acts occurring on or after that date.
3	Sec. 11. [299C.90] [CITIZEN REPORTS OF METHAMPHETAMINE
4	VIOLATIONS.]
5	The superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension
6	shall maintain and publicize a toll-free telephone number to
7	enable citizens to report information about potential
8	methamphetamine violations, including, but not limited to,
9	illicit methamphetamine laboratories. The agency shall take
10	appropriate steps after receiving a citizen report after
11	considering the nature and trustworthiness of the information
12	reported, including, but not limited to, contacting the
13	appropriate law enforcement agency.
14	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
15	Sec. 12. [446A.083] [METHAMPHETAMINE LABORATORY CLEANUP
16	REVOLVING FUND.]
17	Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] As used in this section:
18	(1) "clandestine lab site" has the meaning given in section
19	152.0275, subdivision 1, paragraph (a);
20	(2) "property" has the meaning given in section 152.0275,
21	subdivision 2, paragraph (a), but does not include motor
22	vehicles; and
23	(3) "remediate" has the meaning given to remediation in
24	section 152.0275, subdivision 1, paragraph (a).
25	Subd. 2. [FUND ESTABLISHED.] The authority shall establish
26	a methamphetamine laboratory cleanup revolving fund to provide
27	loans to counties and cities to remediate clandestine lab
28	sites. The fund must be credited with repayments.
29	Subd. 3. [APPLICATIONS.] Applications by a county or city
30	for a loan from the fund must be made to the authority on the
31	forms prescribed by the authority. The application must
32	include, but is not limited to:
33	(1) the amount of the loan requested and the proposed use
34	of the loan proceeds;
35	(2) the source of revenues to repay the loan; and
36	(3) certification by the county or city that it meets the
Δ۲	ticle 6 Section 12 108

	04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1
1	loan eligibility requirements of subdivision 4.
2	Subd. 4. [LOAN ELIGIBILITY.] A county or city is eligible
3	for a loan under this section if the county or city:
4	(1) identifies a site or sites designated by a local public
5	health department or law enforcement as a clandestine lab site;
6	(2) has required the site's property owner to remediate the
7	site at cost, under a local public health nuisance ordinance
8	that addresses clandestine lab remediation;
9	(3) certifies that the property owner cannot pay for the
10	remediation immediately;
11	(4) certifies that the property owner has not properly
12	remediated the site; and
13	(5) issues a revenue bond payable to the authority to
14	secure the loan.
15	Subd. 5. [USE OF LOAN PROCEEDS; REIMBURSEMENT BY PROPERTY
16	OWNER.] (a) A loan recipient shall use the loan to remediate the
17	clandestine lab site or if this has already been done to
18	reimburse the applicable county or city fund for costs paid by
19	the recipient to remediate the clandestine lab site.
20	(b) A loan recipient shall seek reimbursement from the
21	owner of the property containing the clandestine lab site for
22	the costs of the remediation. In addition to other lawful means
23	of seeking reimbursement, the loan recipient may recover its
24	costs through a property tax assessment by following the
25	procedures specified in section 145A.08, subdivision 2,
26	paragraph (c).
27	Subd. 6. [AWARD AND DISBURSEMENT OF FUNDS.] The authority
28	shall award loans to recipients on a first-come, first-served
29	basis, provided that the recipient is able to comply with the
30	terms and conditions of the authority loan, which must be in
. 31	conformance with this section. The authority shall make a
32	single disbursement of the loan upon receipt of a payment
33	request that includes a list of remediation expenses and
34	evidence that a second-party sampling was undertaken to ensure
35	that the remediation work was successful or a guarantee that
36	such a sampling will be undertaken.

Article 6 Section 12 109

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1	Subd. 7. [LOAN CONDITIONS AND TERMS.] (a) When making
2	loans from the revolving fund, the authority shall comply with
3	the criteria in paragraphs (b) to (e).
4	(b) Loans must be made at a two percent per annum interest
5	rate for terms not to exceed ten years unless the recipient
6	requests a 20-year term due to financial hardship.
7	(c) The annual principal and interest payments must begin
8	no later than one year after completion of the clean up. Loans
9	must be amortized no later than 20 years after completion of the
10	clean up.
11	(d) A loan recipient must identify and establish a source
12	of revenue for repayment of the loan and must undertake whatever
13	steps are necessary to collect payments within one year of
14	receipt of funds from the authority.
15	(e) The fund must be credited with all payments of
16	principal and interest on all loans, except the costs as
17	permitted under section 446A.04, subdivision 5, paragraph (a).
18	(f) Loans must be made only to recipients with a local
19	public health nuisance ordinance that addresses clandestine lab
20	remediation.
21	Subd. 8. [AUTHORITY TO INCUR DEBT.] Counties and cities
22	may incur debt under this section by resolution of the board or
23	council authorizing issuance of a revenue bond to the authority.
24	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
25	Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.1095,
26	subdivision 1, is amended to read:
27	Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] (a) As used in this section,
28	the following terms have the meanings given.
29	(b) "Conviction" means any of the following accepted and
30	recorded by the court: a plea of guilty, a verdict of guilty by
31	a jury, or a finding of guilty by the court. The term includes
32	a conviction by any court in Minnesota or another jurisdiction.
33	(c) "Prior conviction" means a conviction that occurred
34	before the offender committed the next felony resulting in a
35	conviction and before the offense for which the offender is
36	being sentenced under this section.

Article 6 Section 13 110

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

(d) "Violent crime" means a violation of or an attempt or 1 conspiracy to violate any of the following laws of this state or 2 any similar laws of the United States or any other state: 3 section sections 152.137; 609.165; 609.185; 609.19; 609.195; 4 609.20; 609.205; 609.21; 609.221; 609.222; 609.223; 609.228; 5 609.235; 609.24; 609.245; 609.25; 609.255; 609.2661; 609.2662; 6 7 609.2663; 609.2664; 609.2665; 609.267; 609.2671; 609.268; 609.342; 609.343; 609.344; 609.345; 609.498, subdivision 1; 8 609.561; 609.562; 609.582, subdivision 1; 609.66, subdivision 9 1e; 609.687; and 609.855, subdivision 5; any provision of 10 11 sections 609.229; 609.377; 609.378; 609.749; and 624.713 that is punishable by a felony penalty; or any provision of chapter 152 12 13 that is punishable by a maximum sentence of 15 years or more. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 14 15 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 617.81, is 16 17 amended by adding a subdivision to read: 18 Subd. 2b. [EXCEPTION; NUISANCES INVOLVING METHAMPHETAMINE MANUFACTURE.] Notwithstanding subdivision 2, for purposes of 19 sections 617.80 to 617.87, a public nuisance exists upon proof 20 of one or more behavioral incidents involving the manufacturing 21 or attempted manufacture of methamphetamine in the previous 12 22 months within the building. The requirement of two or more 23 behavioral incidents in subdivision 2, paragraph (b), does not 24 25 apply to incidents involving the manufacturing or attempted manufacture of methamphetamine. 26 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 27 28 and applies to acts committed on or after that date. Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 617.81, 29 subdivision 4, is amended to read: 30 Subd. 4. [NOTICE.] (a) If a prosecuting attorney has 31 32 reason to believe that a nuisance is maintained or permitted in 33 the jurisdiction the prosecuting attorney serves, and intends to seek abatement of the nuisance, the prosecuting attorney shall 34 provide the written notice described in paragraph (b), by 35 personal service or certified mail, return receipt requested, to

Article 6 Section 15 111

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

the owner and all interested parties known to the prosecuting
 attorney.

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(b) The written notice must:

4 (1) state that a nuisance as defined in subdivision 2 is
5 maintained or permitted in the building and must specify the
6 kind or kinds of nuisance being maintained or permitted;

7 (2) summarize the evidence that a nuisance is maintained or
8 permitted in the building, including the <u>date or</u> dates on which
9 nuisance-related <u>activity or</u> activities are alleged to have
10 occurred;

(3) inform the recipient that failure to abate the conduct 11 constituting the nuisance or to otherwise resolve the matter 12 with the prosecuting attorney within 30 days of service of the 13 notice may result in the filing of a complaint for relief in 14 district court that could, among other remedies, result in 15 enjoining the use of the building for any purpose for one year 16 or, in the case of a tenant, could result in cancellation of the 17 lease; and 18

19 (4) inform the owner of the options available under section20 617.85.

21 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 22 and applies to acts committed on or after that date.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 617.85, isamended to read:

617.85 [NUISANCE; MOTION TO CANCEL LEASE.]

26 Where notice is provided under section 617.81, subdivision 4, that an abatement of a nuisance is sought and the 27 circumstances that are the basis for the requested abatement 28 involved the acts of a commercial or residential tenant or 29 lessee of part or all of a building, the owner of the building 30 31 that is subject to the abatement proceeding may file before the court that has jurisdiction over the abatement proceeding a 32 33 motion to cancel the lease or otherwise secure restitution of 34 the premises from the tenant or lessee who has maintained or 35 conducted the nuisance. The owner may assign to the prosecuting 36 attorney the right to file this motion. In addition to the

Article 6 Section 16

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

1 grounds provided in chapter 566, the maintaining or conducting 2 of a nuisance as defined in section 617.81, subdivision 2, by a 3 tenant or lessee, is an additional ground authorized by law for 4 seeking the cancellation of a lease or the restitution of the 5 premises. Service of motion brought under this section must be 6 served in a manner that is sufficient under the Rules of Civil 7 Procedure and chapter 566.

8 It is no defense to a motion under this section by the 9 owner or the prosecuting attorney that the lease or other 10 agreement controlling the tenancy or leasehold does not provide 11 for eviction or cancellation of the lease upon the ground 12 provided in this section.

Upon a finding by the court that the tenant or lessee has maintained or conducted a nuisance in any portion of the building, the court shall order cancellation of the lease or tenancy and grant restitution of the premises to the owner. The court must not order abatement of the premises if the court:

(a) cancels a lease or tenancy and grants restitution ofthat portion of the premises to the owner; and

(b) further finds that the <u>act or</u> acts constituting the nuisance as defined in section 617.81, subdivision 2, were committed by the tenant or lessee whose lease or tenancy has been canceled pursuant to this section and the tenant or lessee was not committing the <u>act or</u> acts in conjunction with or under the control of the owner.

26 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
27 and applies to acts committed on or after that date.

28 Sec. 17. [BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICINE REPORT, PRECURSOR29 ANIMAL PRODUCTS.]

30 <u>The Minnesota Board of Veterinary Medicine shall study and</u> 31 <u>issue a report on animal products that may be used in the</u> 32 <u>manufacture of methamphetamine. The report must include</u> 33 <u>proposals for restricting access to such products only to</u> 34 <u>legitimate users, specifically addressing the manufacturing,</u> 35 <u>wholesaling, distributing, and retailing of precursor veterinary</u> 36 products. The board shall report its findings to the chairs and

Article 6 Section 17 113

	04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1
1	ranking minority members of the senate and house committees
2	having jurisdiction over criminal justice and veterinary policy
3	by February 1, 2006.
4	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
5	following final enactment.
6	Sec. 18. [REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.]
7	The revisor of statutes shall recodify the provisions of
8	Minnesota Statutes, section 152.021, subdivision 2a, paragraph
9	(b), and subdivision 3, as amended by this article, that relate
10	to the possession of chemical reagents or precursors with the
11	intent to manufacture methamphetamine and the penalties for
12	doing this into a new section of law codified as Minnesota
13	Statutes, section 152.0262. The revisor shall make any
14	necessary technical changes, including, but not limited to,
15	changes to statutory cross-references, to Minnesota Statutes,
16	section 152.021, and any other statutory sections to accomplish
17	this.
18	Sec. 19. [REPEALER.]
19	Minnesota Statutes 2004, sections 18C.005, subdivisions 1a
20	and 35a; 18C.201, subdivisions 6 and 7; and 18D.331, subdivision
21	5, are repealed.
22	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
23	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
24	ARTICLE 7
25	GENERAL CRIME PROVISIONS
26	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 244.10, is
27	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
28	Subd. 4. [PROOF OF AGGRAVATING FACTORS.] The court shall
29	allow a prosecutor seeking to prove the existence of an
30	aggravating factor justifying an upward departure under the
31	Sentencing Guidelines the opportunity to prove this to the fact
32	finder. The prosecutor shall provide reasonable notice to the
33	defendant and the court of the prosecutor's intent to seek an
34	upward departure and the aggravating factor on which the
35	prosecutor intends to rely. Upon reasonable notice, the court
36	shall allow the prosecutor the opportunity to prove the

Article 7 Section 1 114

04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 aggravating factor either in a unitary or bifurcated trial. 1 2 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to sentencing departures 3 sought on or after that date. 4 5 Sec. 2. [325F.696] [DEFINITIONS.] 6 Subdivision 1. [SCOPE.] For the purposes of sections 7 325F.696 to 325F.699, the terms in this section have the 8 meanings given them. Subd. 2. [COMMERCIAL ELECTRONIC MAIL MESSAGE.] "Commercial 9 10 electronic mail message" means any electronic mail message, the 11 primary purpose of which is the commercial advertisement or promotion of a commercial product or service, including content 12 13 on an Internet Web site operated for a commercial purpose, but 14 does not include a transactional or relationship message. The 15 inclusion of a reference to a commercial entity or a link to the Web site of a commercial entity does not, by itself, cause that 16 17 message to be treated as a commercial electronic mail message 18 for the purpose of this section if the contents or circumstances of the message indicate a primary purpose other than commercial 19 20 advertisement or promotion of a commercial product or service. Subd. 3. [COMPUTER.] "Computer" means an electronic device 21 that performs logical, arithmetic, and memory functions by the 22 manipulation of electronic or magnetic impulses. "Computer" 23 includes, but is not limited to, all input, output, processing, 24 25 storage, computer program, or communication facilities that are connected or related in a computer system or network to an 26 electronic device of that nature. 27 Subd. 4. [COMPUTER NETWORK.] "Computer network" means a 28 set of related and remotely connected computers and 29 communication facilities that includes more than one computer 30 system that has the capability to transmit among the connected 31 computers and communication facilities through the use of 32 33 computer facilities. Subd. 5. [COMPUTER SYSTEM.] "Computer system" means a 34 35 computer and related devices, whether connected or unconnected, 36 including, but not limited to, data input, output, and storage

Article 7

Section 2

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1	devices, data communication links, and computer programs and
2	data that make the system capable of performing specified
3	special purpose data processing tasks.
4	Subd. 6. [DOMAIN NAME.] "Domain name" means any
5	alphanumeric designation that is registered with or assigned by
6	any domain name registrar, domain name registry, or other domain
7	name registration authority as part of an electronic address on
8	the Internet.
9	Subd. 7. [ELECTRONIC MAIL.] "Electronic mail" means an
10	electronic message that is transmitted between two or more
11	telecommunications devices or electronic devices capable of
12	receiving electronic messages, whether or not the message is
13	converted to hard copy format after receipt, and whether or not
14	the message is viewed upon the transmission or stored for later
15	retrieval. "Electronic mail" includes electronic messages that
16	are transmitted through a local, regional, or global computer
17	network.
18	Subd. 8. [ORIGINATING ADDRESS.] "Originating address"
19	means the string of characters used to specify the source of any
20	electronic mail message.
21	Subd. 9. [RECEIVING ADDRESS.] "Receiving address" means
22	the string of characters used to specify a recipient with each
23	receiving address creating a unique and separate recipient.
24	Subd. 10. [ELECTRONIC MAIL MESSAGE.] "Electronic mail
25	message" means each electronic mail addressed to a discrete
26	addressee.
27	Subd. 11. [ELECTRONIC MAIL SERVICE PROVIDER.] "Electronic
28	mail service provider" means any person, including an Internet
29	service provider, that is an intermediary in sending and
30	receiving electronic mail and that provides to the public
31	electronic mail accounts or online user accounts from which
32	electronic mail may be sent.
33	Subd. 12. [HEADER INFORMATION.] "Header information" means
34	the source, destination, and routing information attached to an
35	electronic mail message, including the originating domain name,
36	originating address, and technical information that

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Article 7 Section 2 116

	04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1
1	authenticates the sender of an electronic mail message for
2	computer network security or computer network management
3	purposes.
4	Subd. 13. [INITIATE THE TRANSMISSION;
5	INITIATED.] "Initiate the transmission" or "initiated" means to
6	originate or transmit a commercial electronic mail message or to
7	procure the origination or transmission of that message,
8	regardless of whether the message reaches its intended
9	recipients, but does not include actions that constitute routine
10	conveyance of the message.
11	Subd. 14. [INTERNET.] "Internet" means collectively the
12	myriad of computer and telecommunications facilities, including
13	equipment and operating software, which comprise the
14	interconnected worldwide network of networks that employ the
15	Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol, or any
16	predecessor or successor protocols to this protocol, to
17	communication information of all kinds by wire or radio.
18	Subd. 15. [INTERNET PROTOCOL ADDRESS.] "Internet protocol
19	address" means the string of numbers by which locations on the
20	Internet are identified by routers or other computers connected
21	to the Internet.
22	Subd. 16. [MATERIALLY FALSIFY.] "Materially falsify" means
23	to alter or conceal in a manner that would impair the ability of
24	a recipient of an electronic mail message, an electronic mail
25	service provider processing an electronic mail message on behalf
26	of a recipient, a person alleging a violation of section
27	325F.697, or a law enforcement agency to identify, locate, or
28	respond to the person that initiated the electronic mail message
29	or to investigate an alleged violation of this section.
30	Subd. 17. [MULTIPLE.] "Multiple" means more than ten
31	commercial electronic mail messages during a 24-hour period,
32	more than 100 commercial electronic mail messages during a
33	30-day period, or more than 1,000 commercial electronic mail
34	messages during a one-year period.
35	Subd. 18. [RECIPIENT.] "Recipient" means a person who
36	receives a commercial electronic mail message at any one of the
Aı	cticle 7 Section 2 117

following receiving addresses: 1 (1) a receiving address furnished by an electronic mail 2 service provider that bills for furnishing and maintaining that 3 receiving address to a mailing address within this state; 4 (2) a receiving address ordinarily accessed from a computer 5 located within this state or by a person domiciled within this 6 state; or 7 (3) any other receiving address with respect to which this 8 section can be imposed consistent with the United States 9 10 Constitution. 11 Subd. 19. [ROUTINE CONVEYANCE.] "Routine conveyance" means 12 the transmission, routing, relaying, handling, or storing, through an automated technical process, of an electronic mail 13 14 message for which another person has identified the recipients 15 or provided the recipient addresses. Subd. 20. [TRANSACTIONAL OR RELATIONSHIP 16 MESSAGE.] "Transactional or relationship message" means an 17 18 electronic mail message the primary purpose of which is to do any of the following: 19 20 (1) facilitate, complete, or confirm a commercial 21 transaction that the recipient has previously agreed to enter 22 into with the sender; (2) provide warranty information, product recall 23 24 information, or safety or security information with respect to a commercial product or service used or purchased by the 25 26 recipient; 27 (3) provide notification concerning a change in the terms 28 or features of; a change in the recipient's standing or status with respect to; or, at regular periodic intervals, account 29 30 balance information or other type of account statement with 31 respect to a subscription, membership, account, loan, or comparable ongoing commercial relationship involving the ongoing 32 purchase or use by the recipient of products or services offered 33 34 by the sender; 35 (4) provide information directly related to an employment 36 relationship or related benefit plan in which the recipient is

04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 currently involved, participating, or enrolled; or 1 2 (5) deliver goods or services, including product updates or 3 upgrades, that the recipient is entitled to receive under the terms of a transaction that the recipient has previously agreed 4 5 to enter into with the sender. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 6 7 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 8 Sec. 3. [325F.697] [FALSE, MISLEADING, OR DECEPTIVE COMMERCIAL ELECTRONIC MAIL MESSAGES PROHIBITED.] 9 10 No person, with regard to commercial electronic mail messages sent from or to a computer in this state, shall do any 11 of the following: 12 13 (1) knowingly use a computer to relay or retransmit 14 multiple commercial electronic mail messages, with the intent to deceive or mislead recipients or any electronic mail service 15 provider, as to the origin of those messages; 16 17 (2) knowingly and materially falsify header information in multiple commercial electronic mail messages and purposely 18 19 initiate the transmission of those messages; (3) knowingly register, using information that materially 20 falsifies the identity of the actual registrant, for five or 21 more electronic mail accounts or online user accounts or two or 22 more domain names and purposely initiate the transmission of 23 24 multiple commercial electronic mail messages from one, or any combination, of those accounts or domain names; 25 (4) knowingly falsely represent the right to use five or 26 more Internet protocol addresses and purposely initiate the 27 transmission of multiple commercial electronic mail messages 28 29 from those addresses. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 30 31 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 32 Sec. 4. [325F.698] [ILLEGAL TRANSMISSION OF MULTIPLE MESSAGES; CRIMINAL PENALTIES.] 33 (a) Whoever violates section 325F.697 is guilty of 34 35 illegally transmitting multiple commercial electronic mail messages. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) or 36 Article 7 Section 4 119

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

section 325F.699, subdivision 3, illegally transmitting multiple 1 commercial electronic mail messages is a misdemeanor. 2 (b) Illegally transmitting multiple commercial electronic 3 mail messages is a gross misdemeanor if any of the following 4 5 apply: (1) regarding a violation of section 325F.697, clause (3), 6 the offender, using information that materially falsifies the 7 identity of the actual registrant, knowingly registers for 20 or 8 more electronic mail accounts or online user accounts or ten or 9 more domain names, and purposely initiates, or conspires to 10 initiate, the transmission of multiple commercial electronic 11 mail messages from the accounts or domain names; 12 (2) regarding any violation of section 325F.697, the volume 13 of commercial electronic mail messages the offender transmitted 14 15 in committing the violation exceeds 250 during any 24-hour period, 2,500 during any 30-day period, or 25,000 during any 16 one-year period; 17 (3) regarding any violation of section 325F.697, during any 18 one-year period the aggregate loss to the victim or victims of 19 the violation is \$500 or more, or during any one-year period the 20 aggregate value of the property or services obtained by any 21 offender as a result of the violation is \$500 or more; 22 (4) regarding any violation of section 325F.697, the 23 24 offender committed the violation with three or more other 25 persons with respect to whom the offender was the organizer or leader of the activity that resulted in the violation; 26 27 (5) regarding any violation of section 325F.697, the 28 offender knowingly assisted in the violation through the provision or selection of electronic mail addresses to which the 29 commercial electronic mail message was transmitted, if that 30 offender knew that the electronic mail addresses of the 31 32 recipients were obtained using an automated means from an 33 Internet Web site or proprietary online service operated by 34 another person, and that Web site or online service included, at 35 the time the electronic mail addresses were obtained, a notice 36 stating that the operator of that Web site or online service

1	will not transfer addresses maintained by that Web site or
2	online service to any other party for the purposes of initiating
3	the transmission of, or enabling others to initiate the
4	transmission of, electronic mail messages; or
5	(6) regarding any violation of section 325F.697, the
6	offender knowingly assisted in the violation through the
7	provision or selection of electronic mail addresses of the
8	recipients obtained using an automated means that generates
9	possible electronic mail addresses by combining names, letters,
10	or numbers into numerous permutations.
11	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
12	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
13	Sec. 5. [325F.699] [UNAUTHORIZED ACCESS TO A COMPUTER;
14	CRIMINAL PENALTIES.]
15	Subdivision 1. [PROHIBITION.] No person, with regard to
16	commercial electronic mail messages sent from or to a computer
17	in this state, shall knowingly access a computer without
18	authorization and purposely initiate the transmission of
19	multiple commercial electronic mail messages from or through the
20	computer.
21	Subd. 2. [GROSS MISDEMEANOR.] Except as otherwise provided
22	in subdivision 3, whoever violates subdivision 1 is guilty of
23	unauthorized access of a computer, a gross misdemeanor.
24	Subd. 3. [FELONY.] Illegally transmitting multiple
25	commercial electronic mail messages and unauthorized access of a
26	computer in violation of this section are felonies if the
27	offender previously has been convicted of a violation of this
28	section, or a violation of a law of another state or the United
29	States regarding the transmission of electronic mail messages or
30	unauthorized access to a computer, or if the offender committed
31	the violation of this section in the furtherance of a felony.
32	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
33	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
34	Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 518B.01,
35	subdivision 22, is amended to read:
36	Subd. 22. [VIOLATION-OF-A DOMESTIC ABUSE NO CONTACT

Article 7 Section 6 121

ORDER.] (a) A domestic abuse no contact order is an order issued 1 2 by a court against a defendant in a criminal proceeding for: (1) domestic abuse; 3 4 (2) harassment or stalking charged under section 609.749 and committed against a family or household member; 5 (3) violation of an order for protection charged under 6 7 subdivision 14; or (4) violation of a prior domestic abuse no contact order 8 charged under this subdivision. 9 It includes pretrial orders before final disposition of the case 10 and probationary orders after sentencing. 11 12 (b) A person who knows of the existence of a domestic abuse 13 no contact order issued against the person and violates the order is guilty of a misdemeanor. 14 15 (c) A peace officer shall arrest without a warrant and take 16 into custody a person whom the peace officer has probable cause 17 to believe has violated a domestic abuse no contact order, even if the violation of the order did not take place in the presence 18 of the peace officer, if the existence of the order can be 19 verified by the officer. The person shall be held in custody 20 for at least 36 hours, excluding the day of arrest, Sundays, and 21 22 holidays, unless the person is released earlier by a judge or judicial officer. A peace officer acting in good faith and 23 exercising due care in making an arrest pursuant to this 24 25 paragraph is immune from civil liability that might result from the officer's actions. 26 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005. 27 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.119, is 28 29 amended to read: 30 609.119 [ADDITIONAL COLLECTION OF BIOLOGICAL SPECIMENS FOR DNA TESTING.] 31

(a) From-July-17-20037-to-June-307-20057 The court shall
order an offender to provide a biological specimen for the
purpose of future DNA analysis as described in section 299C.155
when:

36 (1) the court sentences a person charged with committing or

Article 7

Section 7

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

attempting to commit a felony offense not described in section
 609.117, subdivision 1, and the person is convicted of that
 offense or of any felony offense arising out of the same set of
 circumstances; or

5 (2) the juvenile court adjudicates a person a delinquent 6 child who is petitioned for committing or attempting to commit a 7 felony offense not described in section 609.117, subdivision 1, 8 and is adjudicated delinquent for that offense or any 9 felony-level offense arising out of the same set of 10 circumstances.

11 The biological specimen shall be maintained by the Bureau of12 Criminal Apprehension as provided in section 299C.155.

(b) Frem-July-17-20037-to-June-307-20057 The commissioner of corrections or local corrections authority shall order a person to provide a biological specimen for the purpose of future DNA analysis as described in section 299C.155 before completion of the person's term of imprisonment when the person has not provided a biological specimen for the purpose of DNA analysis, and the person:

(1) was initially charged with committing or attempting to
commit a felony offense not described in section 609.117,
subdivision 1, and was convicted of that offense or of any
felony offense arising out of the same set of circumstances; or

(2) is serving a term of imprisonment in this state under a 24 25 reciprocal agreement although convicted in another state of committing or attempting to commit a felony offense not 26 described in section 609.117, subdivision 1, or of any felony 27 offense arising out of the same set of circumstances if the 28 person was initially charged with committing or attempting to 29 commit a felony offense not described in section 609.117, 30 subdivision 1. 31

The commissioner of corrections or local corrections authority shall forward the sample to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. (c) From-July-17-20037-to-June-307-20057 When the state accepts an offender from another state under the interstate compact authorized by section 243.16 or 243.1605, the acceptance

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

is conditional on the offender providing a biological specimen 1 for the purposes of future DNA analysis as described in section 2 299C.155, if the offender was initially charged with committing 3 or attempting to commit a felony offense not described in 4 section 609.117, subdivision 1, and was convicted of that 5 offense or of any felony offense arising out of the same set of 6 circumstances. The specimen must be provided under supervision 7 of staff from the Department of Corrections or a Community 8 Corrections Act county within 15 business days after the 9 offender reports to the supervising agent. The cost of 10 obtaining the biological specimen is the responsibility of the 11 agency providing supervision. 12

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.185, is
amended to read:

16 609.185 [MURDER IN THE FIRST DEGREE.]

(a) Whoever does any of the following is guilty of murder
in the first degree and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for
life:

(1) causes the death of a human being with premeditation
and with intent to effect the death of the person or of another;

(2) causes the death of a human being while committing or
attempting to commit criminal sexual conduct in the first or
second degree with force or violence, either upon or affecting
the person or another;

(3) causes the death of a human being with intent to effect
the death of the person or another, while committing or
attempting to commit burglary, aggravated robbery, kidnapping,
arson in the first or second degree, a drive-by shooting,
tampering with a witness in the first degree, escape from
custody, or any felony violation of chapter 152 involving the
unlawful sale of a controlled substance;

(4) causes the death of a peace officer or a guard employed
at a Minnesota state or local correctional facility, with intent
to effect the death of that person or another, while the peace
officer or guard is engaged in the performance of official

duties; 1

(5) causes the death of a minor while committing child 2 abuse, when the perpetrator has engaged in a past pattern of 3 child abuse upon the a child and the death occurs under 4 circumstances manifesting an extreme indifference to human life; 5 (6) causes the death of a human being while committing 6 7 domestic abuse, when the perpetrator has engaged in a past pattern of domestic abuse upon the victim or upon another family 8 or household member and the death occurs under circumstances 9 manifesting an extreme indifference to human life; or 10 (7) causes the death of a human being while committing, 11 conspiring to commit, or attempting to commit a felony crime to 12 further terrorism and the death occurs under circumstances 13 manifesting an extreme indifference to human life. 14 (b) For purposes of paragraph (a), clause (5), "child abuse" 15 means an act committed against a minor victim that constitutes a 16 violation of the following laws of this state or any similar 17 laws of the United States or any other state: section 609.221; 18 609.222; 609.223; 609.224; 609.2242; 609.342; 609.343; 609.344; 19 609.345; 609.377; 609.378; or 609.713. 20 (c) For purposes of paragraph (a), clause (6), "domestic 21 abuse" means an act that: 22 (1) constitutes a violation of section 609.221, 609.222, 23 609.223, 609.224, 609.2242, 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 24 609.713, or any similar laws of the United States or any other 25 state; and 26 (2) is committed against the victim who is a family or 27 household member as defined in section 518B.01, subdivision 2, 28 29 paragraph (b). (d) For purposes of paragraph (a), clause (7), "further 30 terrorism" has the meaning given in section 609.714, subdivision 31 1. 32 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day 33 following final enactment and applies to crimes committed on or 34 after that date.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.223, is 36

Article 7 Section 9 125

1	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
2	Subd. 4. [ASSAULT BY STRANGULATION OR ASPHYXIATION.] (a)
3	As used in this subdivision, "strangulation" means intentionally
4	impeding normal breathing or circulation of the blood by
5	applying pressure on the throat or neck or by blocking the nose
6	or mouth of another person.
7	(b) Unless a greater penalty is provided elsewhere, whoever
8	assaults another by strangulation or asphyxiation is guilty of a
9 .	felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than
10	five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or
11	both.
12	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
13	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
14	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.2231, is
15	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
16	Subd. 3a. [SECURE TREATMENT FACILITY PERSONNEL.] (a) As
17	used in this subdivision, "secure treatment facility" has the
18	meaning given in section 253B.02, subdivision 18a.
19	(b) Whoever, while committed under section 253B.185 or
20	Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 526.10, commits either of the
21	following acts against an employee or other individual who
22	provides care or treatment at a secure treatment facility while
23	the person is engaged in the performance of a duty imposed by
24	law, policy, or rule is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced
25	to imprisonment for not more than two years or to payment of a
26	fine of not more than \$4,000, or both:
27	(1) assaults the person and inflicts demonstrable bodily
28	harm; or
29	(2) intentionally throws or otherwise transfers bodily
30	fluids or feces at or onto the person.
31	(c) The court shall commit a person convicted of violating
32	paragraph (b) to the custody of the commissioner of corrections
33	for not less than a year and a day. The court may not, on its
34	own motion or the prosecutor's motion, sentence a person without
35	regard to this paragraph. A person convicted and sentenced as
36	required by this paragraph is not eligible for probation,

Article 7 Section 10

1 parole, discharge, work release, or supervised release, until 2 that person has served the full term of imprisonment as provided by law, notwithstanding the provisions of sections 241.26, 3 242.19, 243.05, 244.04, 609.12, and 609.135. 4 5 (d) Notwithstanding the statutory maximum sentence provided in paragraph (b), when a court sentences a person to the custody 6 of the commissioner of corrections for a violation of paragraph 7 (b), the court shall provide that after the person has completed 8 the sentence imposed, the commissioner shall place the person on 9 conditional release for five years. The terms of conditional 10 11 release are governed by sections 609.109 and 244.05. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 12 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 13 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.229, 14 subdivision 3, is amended to read: 15 Subd. 3. [PENALTY.] (a) If the crime committed in 16 violation of subdivision 2 is a felony, the statutory maximum 17 for the crime is five years longer than the statutory maximum 18 for the underlying crime. If the crime committed in violation 19 of subdivision 2 is a felony, and the victim of the crime is a 20 child under the age of 18 years, the statutory maximum for the 21 crime is ten years longer than the statutory maximum for the 22 underlying crime. 23 (b) If the crime committed in violation of subdivision 2 is 24 a misdemeanor, the person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. 25 (c) If the crime committed in violation of subdivision 2 is 26 a gross misdemeanor, the person is guilty of a felony and may be 27 sentenced to imprisonment for not more than three years or to 28 payment of a fine of not more than \$15,000, or both. 29 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 30 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 31 Sec. 12. [609.281] [DEFINITIONS.] 32 Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] As used in sections 609.281 to 33 609.284, the following terms have the meanings given. 34 Subd. 2. [BLACKMAIL.] "Blackmail" means a threat to expose 35 any fact or alleged fact tending to cause shame or to subject 36

Article 7 Section 12 127

1	any person to hatred, contempt, or ridicule.
⊥ 2	Subd. 3. [DEBT BONDAGE.] "Debt bondage" means the status
2	or condition of a debtor arising from a pledge by the debtor of
4	the debtor's personal services or those of a person under the
5	debtor's control as a security for debt, if the value of those
6	services as reasonably assessed is not applied toward the
7	liquidation of the debt or the length and nature of those
8	services are not respectively limited and defined.
9	Subd. 4. [FORCED LABOR OR SERVICES.] "Forced labor or
10	services" means labor or services that are performed or provided
11	by another person and are obtained or maintained through an
12	actor's:
13	(1) threat, either implicit or explicit, scheme, plan, or
14	pattern, or other action intended to cause a person to believe
15	that, if the person did not perform or provide the labor or
16	services, that person or another person would suffer bodily harm
17	or physical restraint;
18	(2) physically restraining or threatening to physically
19	<u>restrain a person;</u>
20	(3) abuse or threatened abuse of the legal process;
21	(4) knowingly destroying, concealing, removing,
22	confiscating, or possessing any actual or purported passport or
23	other immigration document, or any other actual or purported
24	government identification document, of another person; or
25	(5) use of blackmail.
26	Subd. 5. [LABOR TRAFFICKING.] "Labor trafficking" means
27	the recruitment, transportation, transfer, harboring,
28	enticement, provision, obtaining, or receipt of a person by any
29	means, whether a United States citizen or foreign national, for
30	the purpose of:
31	(1) debt bondage or forced labor or services;
32	(2) slavery or practices similar to slavery; or
33	(3) the removal of organs through the use of coercion or
34	intimidation.
35	Subd. 6. [LABOR TRAFFICKING VICTIM.] "Labor trafficking
36	victim" means a person subjected to the practices in subdivision

Article 7 Section 12 128

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1	5.
2	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
3	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
4	Sec. 13. [609.282] [LABOR TRAFFICKING.]
5	Whoever knowingly engages in the labor trafficking of
6	another is guilty of a crime and may be sentenced to
7	imprisonment for not more than 15 years or to payment of a fine
8	of not more than \$30,000, or both. In a prosecution under this
9	section the consent or age of the victim is not a defense.
10	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
11	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
12	Sec. 14. [609.283] [UNLAWFUL CONDUCT WITH RESPECT TO
13	DOCUMENTS IN FURTHERANCE OF LABOR OR SEX TRAFFICKING.]
14	Unless the person's conduct constitutes a violation of
15	section 609.282, a person who knowingly destroys, conceals,
16	removes, confiscates, or possesses any actual or purported
17	passport or other immigration document, or any other actual or
18	purported government identification document, of another person:
19	(1) in the course of a violation of section 609.282 or
20	609.322;
21	(2) with intent to violate section 609.282 or 609.322; or
22	(3) to prevent or restrict or to attempt to prevent or
23	restrict, without lawful authority, a person's liberty to move
24	or travel, in order to maintain the labor or services of that
25	person, when the person is or has been a victim of a violation
26	of section 609.282 or 609.322;
27	is guilty of a crime and may be sentenced to imprisonment for
28	not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more
29	than \$10,000, or both. In a prosecution under this section the
30	consent or age of the victim is not a defense.
31	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
32	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
33	Sec. 15. [609.284] [LABOR OR SEX TRAFFICKING CRIMES;
34	DEFENSES; CIVIL LIABILITY; CORPORATE LIABILITY.]
35	Subdivision 1. [CONSENT OR AGE OF VICTIM NOT A
36	DEFENSE.] In an action under this section the consent or age of
Ar	ticle 7 Section 15 129

the victim is not a defense. 1 2 Subd. 2. [CIVIL LIABILITY.] A labor trafficking victim may bring a cause of action against a person who violates section 3 609.282 or 609.283. The court may award damages, including 4 punitive damages, reasonable attorney fees, and other litigation 5 costs reasonably incurred by the victim. This remedy is in 6 7 addition to potential criminal liability. Subd. 3. [CORPORATE LIABILITY.] If a corporation or other 8 business enterprise is convicted of violating section 609.282, 9 609.283, or 609.322, in addition to the criminal penalties 10 described in those sections and other remedies provided 11 elsewhere in law, the court may, when appropriate: 12 13 (1) order its dissolution or reorganization; 14 (2) order the suspension or revocation of any license, permit, or prior approval granted to it by a state agency; or 15 (3) order the surrender of its charter if it is organized 16 17 under Minnesota law or the revocation of its certificate to conduct business in Minnesota if it is not organized under 18 19 Minnesota law. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 20 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 21 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.321, 22 23 subdivision 1, is amended to read: 24 Subdivision 1. [SCOPE.] For the purposes of sections 25 609.321 to 609-324 609.325, the following terms have the meanings given. 26 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 27 28 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.321, 29 30 subdivision 7, is amended to read: Subd. 7. [PROMOTES THE PROSTITUTION OF AN INDIVIDUAL.] 31 "Promotes the prostitution of an individual" means any of the 32 33 following wherein the person knowingly: 34 (1) solicits or procures patrons for a prostitute; or 35 (2) provides, leases or otherwise permits premises or 36 facilities owned or controlled by the person to aid the

Article 7 Section 17 130

1 prostitution of an individual; or

2 (3) owns, manages, supervises, controls, keeps or operates,
3 either alone or with others, a place of prostitution to aid the
4 prostitution of an individual; or

(4) owns, manages, supervises, controls, operates,
institutes, aids or facilitates, either alone or with others, a
business of prostitution to aid the prostitution of an
individual; or

9 (5) admits a patron to a place of prostitution to aid the 10 prostitution of an individual; or

(6) transports an individual from one point within this state to another point either within or without this state, or brings an individual into this state to aid the prostitution of the individual; or

(7) engages in the sex trafficking of an individual.
 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.321, isamended by adding a subdivision to read:

<u>Subd. 7a.</u> [SEX TRAFFICKING.] <u>"Sex trafficking" means</u>
<u>receiving, recruiting, enticing, harboring, providing, or</u>
<u>obtaining by any means an individual to aid in the prostitution</u>
<u>of the individual.</u>

24 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 25 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

26 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.321, is 27 amended by adding a subdivision to read:

<u>Subd. 7b.</u> [SEX TRAFFICKING VICTIM.] <u>"Sex trafficking</u>
<u>victim</u>" means a person subjected to the practices in subdivision
<u>7a.</u>

31 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 32 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

33 Sec. 20. [609.3243] [LOITERING WITH INTENT TO PARTICIPATE34 IN PROSTITUTION.]

35 <u>A person who loiters in a public place with intent to</u> 36 participate in prostitution is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Article 7 Section 20 131

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
2	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
3	Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.325, is
4	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
5	Subd. 4. [AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE.] It is an affirmative
6	defense to a charge under section 609.324 if the defendant
7	proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant is
8	a labor trafficking victim, as defined in section 609.281, or a
9	sex trafficking victim, as defined in section 609.321, and that
10	the defendant committed the act only under compulsion by another
11	who by explicit or implicit threats created a reasonable
12	apprehension in the mind of the defendant that if the defendant
13	did not commit the act, the person would inflict bodily harm
14	upon the defendant.
15	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
16	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
17	Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.341,
18	subdivision 14, is amended to read:
19	Subd. 14. [COERCION.] "Coercion" means the use by the
20	actor of words or circumstances that cause the complainant
21	reasonably to fear that the actor will inflict bodily harm upon $\overline{7}$
22	or-hold-in-confinement, the complainant or another, or force the
23	use by the actor of confinement, or superior size or strength,
24	against the complainant that causes the complainant to submit to
25	sexual penetration or contact,-but against the complainant's
26	will. Proof of coercion does not require proof of a specific
27	act or threat.
28	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
29	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
30	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.485,
31	subdivision 2, is amended to read:
32	Subd. 2. [ACTS PROHIBITED.] Whoever does any of the
33	following may be sentenced as provided in subdivision 4:
34	
	(1) escapes while held pursuant to a lawful arrest, in
35	(1) escapes while held pursuant to a lawful arrest, in lawful custody on a charge or conviction of a crime, or while
35 36	

Article 7 Section 23 132

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

1 delinquent act;

(2) transfers to another, who is in lawful custody on a
charge or conviction of a crime, or introduces into an
institution in which the latter is confined, anything usable in
making such escape, with intent that it shall be so used;

6 (3) having another in lawful custody on a charge or
7 conviction of a crime, intentionally permits the other to
8 escape;

9 (4) escapes while in a facility designated under section 10 253B.18, subdivision 1, pursuant to a court commitment order 11 after a finding of not guilty by reason of mental illness or 12 mental deficiency of a crime against the person, as defined in 13 section 253B.02, subdivision 4a. Notwithstanding section 14 609.17, no person may be charged with or convicted of an attempt 15 to commit a violation of this clause; or

16 (5) escapes while in a facility designated under section
17 253B.18, subdivision 1, pursuant to a court commitment order
18 under section 253B.185 or Minnesota Statutes 1992, section
19 526.10; or

20 (6) knowingly absconds or fails to return to custody
21 following the revocation of provisional discharge under section
22 253B.18 of a person committed under section 253B.185 or
23 Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 526.10.

For purposes of clause (1), "escapes while held in lawful custody" includes absconding from electronic monitoring or absconding after removing an electronic monitoring device from the person's body.

28 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
29 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

30 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.485,
31 subdivision 4, is amended to read:

32 Subd. 4. [SENTENCE.] (a) Except as otherwise provided in 33 subdivision 3a, whoever violates this section may be sentenced 34 as follows:

35 (1) if the person who escapes is in lawful custody for a36 felony, to imprisonment for not more than five years or to

Article 7 Section 24 133

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

1 payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both;

(2) if the person who escapes is in lawful custody after a 2 finding of not guilty by reason of mental illness or mental 3 deficiency of a crime against the person, as defined in section 4 253B.02, subdivision 4a, or pursuant to a court commitment order 5 under section 253B.185 or Minnesota Statutes 1992, section 6 526.10, or violates subdivision 2, clause (6), to imprisonment 7 for not more than one year and one day or to payment of a fine 8 of not more than \$3,000, or both; or 9

(3) if the person who escapes is in lawful custody for a
gross misdemeanor or misdemeanor, or if the person who escapes
is in lawful custody on an allegation or adjudication of a
delinquent act, to imprisonment for not more than one year or to
payment of a fine of not more than \$3,000, or both.

(b) If the escape was a violation of subdivision 2, clause
(1), (2), or (3), and was effected by violence or threat of
violence against a person, the sentence may be increased to not
more than twice those permitted in paragraph (a), clauses (1)
and (3).

(c) Unless a concurrent term is specified by the court, a
sentence under this section shall be consecutive to any sentence
previously imposed or which may be imposed for any crime or
offense for which the person was in custody when the person
escaped.

25 (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), if a person who was committed to the commissioner of corrections under section 26 260B.198 escapes from the custody of the commissioner while 18 27 years of age, the person's sentence under this section shall 28 29 commence on the person's 19th birthday or on the person's date 30 of discharge by the commissioner of corrections, whichever 31 occurs first. However, if the person described in this clause is convicted under this section after becoming 19 years old and 32 after having been discharged by the commissioner, the person's 33 sentence shall commence upon imposition by the sentencing court. 34 35 (e) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), if a person who is in 36 lawful custody on an allegation or adjudication of a delinquent

Article 7 Section 24 134

act while 18 years of age escapes from a local juvenile 1 correctional facility, the person's sentence under this section 2 begins on the person's 19th birthday or on the person's date of 3 discharge from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, whichever 4 occurs first. However, if the person described in this 5 paragraph is convicted after becoming 19 years old and after 6 discharge from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court, the 7 person's sentence begins upon imposition by the sentencing court. 8

(f) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), any person who escapes 9 or absconds from electronic monitoring or removes an electric 10 monitoring device from the person's body is guilty of a crime 11 and shall be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than one 12 year or to a payment of a fine of not more than \$3,000, or 13 both. A person in lawful custody for a violation of section 14 15 609.185, 609.19, 609.195, 609.20, 609.205, 609.21, 609.221, 609.222, 609.223, 609.2231, 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, 16 or 609.3451 who escapes or absconds from electronic monitoring 17 18 or removes an electronic monitoring device while under sentence may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or 19 to a payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both. 20 21 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,

22 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

23 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.50,
24 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

25 Subdivision 1. [CRIME.] Whoever intentionally does any of 26 the following may be sentenced as provided in subdivision 2:

(1) obstructs, hinders, or prevents the lawful execution of
any legal process, civil or criminal, or apprehension of another
on a charge or conviction of a criminal offense;

30 (2) obstructs, resists, or interferes with a peace officer
31 while the officer is engaged in the performance of official
32 duties;

(3) interferes with or obstructs the-prevention-or
extinguishing-of-a-fire,-or-disobeys-the-lawful-order-of a
firefighter present-at-the-fire while the firefighter is engaged
in the performance of official duties; or

Article 7 Section 25 135

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

(4) interferes with or obstructs a member of an ambulance 1 service personnel crew, as defined in section 144E.001, 2 subdivision 3a, who is providing, or attempting to provide, 3 emergency care; or 4 (5) by force or threat of force endeavors to obstruct any 5 employee of the Department of Revenue while the employee is 6 lawfully engaged in the performance of official duties for the 7 purpose of deterring or interfering with the performance of 8 those duties. 9 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 10 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 11 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.527, 12 subdivision 1, is amended to read: 13 Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] (a) As used in this section, 14 the following terms have the meanings given them in this 15 subdivision. 16 (b) "Direct victim" means any person or entity described in 17 section 611A.01, paragraph (b), whose identity has been 18 transferred, used, or possessed in violation of this section. 19 (c) "False pretense" means any false, fictitious, 20 21 misleading, or fraudulent information or pretense or pretext depicting or including or deceptively similar to the name, logo, 22 Web site address, e-mail address, postal address, telephone 23 24 number, or any other identifying information of a for-profit or not-for-profit business or organization or of a government 25 agency, to which the user has no legitimate claim of right. 26 27 (d) "Identity" means any name, number, or data transmission 28 that may be used, alone or in conjunction with any other information, to identify a specific individual or entity, 29 30 including any of the following: 31 (1) a name, Social Security number, date of birth, official 32 government-issued driver's license or identification number, 33 government passport number, or employer or taxpayer identification number; 34 35 (2) unique electronic identification number, address, account number, or routing code; or 36

Article 7 Section 26 136

(3) telecommunication identification information or access
 device.

3 (d) (e) "Indirect victim" means any person or entity
4 described in section 611A.01, paragraph (b), other than a direct
5 victim.

(e) (f) "Loss" means value obtained, as defined in section
609.52, subdivision 1, clause (3), and expenses incurred by a
direct or indirect victim as a result of a violation of this
section.

10 (f) (g) "Unlawful activity" means:

(1) any felony violation of the laws of this state or any
felony violation of a similar law of another state or the United
States; and

(2) any nonfelony violation of the laws of this state
involving theft, theft by swindle, forgery, fraud, or giving
false information to a public official, or any nonfelony
violation of a similar law of another state or the United States.
[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,

19 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.527,
subdivision 3, is amended to read:

22 Subd. 3. [PENALTIES.] A person who violates subdivision 2 23 may be sentenced as follows:

(1) if the offense involves a single direct victim and the
total, combined loss to the direct victim and any indirect
victims is \$250 or less, the person may be sentenced as provided
in section 609.52, subdivision 3, clause (5);

(2) if the offense involves a single direct victim and the
total, combined loss to the direct victim and any indirect
victims is more than \$250 but not more than \$500, the person may
be sentenced as provided in section 609.52, subdivision 3,
clause (4);

(3) if the offense involves two or three direct victims or
the total, combined loss to the direct and indirect victims is
more than \$500 but not more than \$2,500, the person may be
sentenced as provided in section 609.52, subdivision 3, clause

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1 (3); (4) if the offense involves more than three but not more 2 than seven direct victims, or if the total combined loss to the 3 direct and indirect victims is more than \$2,500, the person may 4 be sentenced as provided in section 609.52, subdivision 3, 5 clause (2); and 6 7 (5) if the offense involves eight or more direct victims; or if the total, combined loss to the direct and indirect 8 victims is more than \$35,0007; or if the offense is related to 9 possession or distribution of pornographic work in violation of 10 section 617.246 or 617.247; the person may be sentenced as 11 provided in section 609.52, subdivision 3, clause (1). 12 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 13 14 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 15 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.527, subdivision 4, is amended to read: 16 Subd. 4. [RESTITUTION; ITEMS PROVIDED TO VICTIM.] (a) A 17 direct or indirect victim of an identity theft crime shall be 18 considered a victim for all purposes, including any rights that 19 20 accrue under chapter 611A and rights to court-ordered restitution. 21 22 (b) Upon the written request of a direct victim or the prosecutor setting forth with specificity the facts and 23 circumstances of the offense in a proposed order, the court 24 25 shall provide to the victim, without cost, a certified copy of the complaint filed in the matter, the judgment of conviction, 26 and an order setting forth the facts and circumstances of the 27 28 offense. 29 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 30 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.527, is 31 32 amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 5a. [CRIME OF ELECTRONIC USE OF FALSE PRETENSE TO 33 OBTAIN IDENTITY.] (a) A person who, with intent to obtain the 34 identity of another, uses a false pretense in an e-mail to 35 another person or in a Web page, electronic communication, 36

1	advertisement, or any other communication on the Internet, is
2	guilty of a crime.
3	(b) Whoever commits such offense may be sentenced to
4	imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a
5	fine of not more than \$10,000, or both.
6	(c) In a prosecution under this subdivision, it is not a
7	defense that:
8	(1) the person committing the offense did not obtain the
9	identity of another;
10	(2) the person committing the offense did not use the
11	identity; or
12	(3) the offense did not result in financial loss or any
13	other loss to any person.
14	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
15	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
16	Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.527,
17	subdivision 6, is amended to read:
18	Subd. 6. [VENUE.] Notwithstanding anything to the contrary
19	in section 627.01, an offense committed under subdivision 2 <u>or</u>
20	5a may be prosecuted in:
21	(1) the county where the offense occurred; or
22	(2) the county of residence or place of business of the
23	direct victim or indirect victim; or
24	(3) in the case of a violation of subdivision 5a, the
25	county or place of residence of the person whose identity was
26	obtained or sought.
27	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
28	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
29	Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.531,
30	subdivision 1, is amended to read:
31	Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purpose of sections
32	609.531 to 609.5318, the following terms have the meanings given
33	them.
34	(a) "Conveyance device" means a device used for
35	transportation and includes, but is not limited to, a motor
36	vehicle, trailer, snowmobile, airplane, and vessel and any

Article 7 Section 31 139

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

equipment attached to it. The term "conveyance device" does not
 include property which is, in fact, itself stolen or taken in
 violation of the law.

4 (b) "Weapon used" means a dangerous weapon as defined under
5 section 609.02, subdivision 6, that the actor used or had in
6 possession in furtherance of a crime.

7 (c) "Property" means property as defined in section 609.52,
8 subdivision 1, clause (1).

9 (d) "Contraband" means property which is illegal to possess 10 under Minnesota law.

(e) "Appropriate agency" means the Bureau of Criminal
Apprehension, the Minnesota Division of Driver and Vehicle
Services, the Minnesota State Patrol, a county sheriff's
department, the Suburban Hennepin Regional Park District park
rangers, the Department of Natural Resources Division of
Enforcement, the University of Minnesota Police Department, or a
city or airport police department.

18

(f) "Designated offense" includes:

19 (1) for weapons used: any violation of this chapter,20 chapter 152, or chapter 624;

(2) for driver's license or identification card
transactions: any violation of section 171.22; and

23 (3) for all other purposes: a felony violation of, or a 24 felony-level attempt or conspiracy to violate, section 325E.17; 325E.18; 609.185; 609.19; 609.195; 609.21; 609.221; 609.222; 25 609.223; 609.2231; 609.24; 609.245; 609.25; 609.255; <u>609.282;</u> 26 27 609.283; 609.322; 609.342, subdivision 1, clauses (a) to (f); 28 609.343, subdivision 1, clauses (a) to (f); 609.344, subdivision 1, clauses (a) to (e), and (h) to (j); 609.345, subdivision 1, 29 30 clauses (a) to (e), and (h) to (j); 609.42; 609.425; 609.466; 609.485; 609.487; 609.52; 609.525; 609.527; 609.528; 609.53; 31 32 609.54; 609.551; 609.561; 609.562; 609.563; 609.582; 609.59; 609.595; 609.631; 609.66, subdivision 1e; 609.671, subdivisions 33 3, 4, 5, 8, and 12; 609.687; 609.821; 609.825; 609.86; 609.88; 34 609.89; 609.893; 609.895; 617.246; or a gross misdemeanor or 35 36 felony violation of section 609.891 or 624.7181; or any

Article 7

Section 31

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

1 violation of section 609.324.

2 (g) "Controlled substance" has the meaning given in section
3 152.01, subdivision 4.

4 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
5 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.5315,
subdivision 1, is amended to read:

8 Subdivision 1. [DISPOSITION.] (a) Subject to paragraph 9 (b), if the court finds under section 609.5313, 609.5314, or 10 609.5318 that the property is subject to forfeiture, it shall 11 order the appropriate agency to do one of the following:

(1) unless a different disposition is provided under clause
(3) or (4), either destroy firearms, ammunition, and firearm
accessories that the agency decides not to use for law
enforcement purposes under clause (8), or sell them to federally
licensed firearms dealers, as defined in section 624.7161,
subdivision 1, and distribute the proceeds under subdivision
5 or 5b;

(2) sell property that is not required to be destroyed by
law and is not harmful to the public and distribute the proceeds
under subdivision 5 or 5b;

(3) sell antique firearms, as defined in section 624.712,
subdivision 3, to the public and distribute the proceeds under
subdivision 5 or 5b;

(4) destroy or use for law enforcement purposes
semiautomatic military-style assault weapons, as defined in
section 624.712, subdivision 7;

(5) take custody of the property and remove it fordisposition in accordance with law;

30 (6) forward the property to the federal drug enforcement31 administration;

32 (7) disburse money as provided under subdivision 5 or 5b;
33 or

34 (8) keep property other than money for official use by the
 35 agency and the prosecuting agency.

36 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the Hennepin or Ramsey

Article 7 Section 32 141

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 04/22/05 county sheriff may not sell firearms, ammunition, or firearms 1 accessories if the policy is disapproved by the applicable 2 county board. 3 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 4 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 5 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.5315, is 6 amended by adding a subdivision to read: 7 Subd. 5b. [DISPOSITION OF CERTAIN FORFEITED PROCEEDS; 8 TRAFFICKING OF PERSONS; REPORT REQUIRED.] (a) For forfeitures 9 resulting from violations of section 609.282, 609.283, or 10 609.322, the money or proceeds from the sale of forfeited 11 property, after payment of seizure, storage, forfeiture, and 12 sale expenses, and satisfaction of valid liens against the 13 property, must be distributed as follows: 14 (1) 40 percent of the proceeds must be forwarded to the 15 appropriate agency for deposit as a supplement to the agency's 16 operating fund or similar fund for use in law enforcement; 17 (2) 20 percent of the proceeds must be forwarded to the 18 county attorney or other prosecuting agency that handled the 19 forfeiture for deposit as a supplement to its operating fund or 20 similar fund for prosecutorial purposes; and 21 (3) the remaining 40 percent of the proceeds must be 22 23 forwarded to the commissioner of public safety and are 24 appropriated to the commissioner for distribution to crime victims services organizations that provide services to victims 25 of trafficking offenses. 26 (b) By February 15 of each year, the commissioner of public 27 safety shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members 28 of the senate and house committees or divisions having 29 jurisdiction over criminal justice funding on the money 30 31 collected under paragraph (a), clause (3). The report must 32 indicate the following relating to the preceding calendar year: 33 (1) the amount of money appropriated to the commissioner; 34 (2) how the money was distributed by the commissioner; and 35 (3) what the organizations that received the money did with 36 it.

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 1 2 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.746, 3 4 subdivision 1, is amended to read: Subdivision 1. [SURREPTITIOUS INTRUSION; OBSERVATION 5 6 DEVICE.] (a) A person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor who: 7 (1) enters upon another's property; 8 (2) surreptitiously gazes, stares, or peeps in the window 9 or any other aperture of a house or place of dwelling of 10 another; and (3) does so with intent to intrude upon or interfere with 11 the privacy of a member of the household. 12 13 (b) A person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor who: 14 (1) enters upon another's property; 15 (2) surreptitiously installs or uses any device for observing, photographing, recording, amplifying, or broadcasting 16 17 sounds or events through the window or any other aperture of a house or place of dwelling of another; and 18 (3) does so with intent to intrude upon or interfere with 19 the privacy of a member of the household. 20 (c) A person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor who: 21 (1) surreptitiously gazes, stares, or peeps in the window 22 or other aperture of a sleeping room in a hotel, as defined in 23 section 327.70, subdivision 3, a tanning booth, or other place 24 where a reasonable person would have an expectation of privacy 25 and has exposed or is likely to expose their intimate parts, as 26 defined in section 609.341, subdivision 5, or the clothing 27 covering the immediate area of the intimate parts; and 28 (2) does so with intent to intrude upon or interfere with 29 the privacy of the occupant. 30 (d) A person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor who: 31 (1) surreptitiously installs or uses any device for 32 observing, photographing, recording, amplifying, or broadcasting 33 sounds or events through the window or other aperture of a 34 sleeping room in a hotel, as defined in section 327.70, 35 subdivision 3, a tanning booth, or other place where a 36 143

[COUNSEL] KPB

SC4098-1

Article 7 Section 34

04/22/05

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

reasonable person would have an expectation of privacy and has
 exposed or is likely to expose their intimate parts, as defined
 in section 609.341, subdivision 5, or the clothing covering the
 immediate area of the intimate parts; and

5 (2) does so with intent to intrude upon or interfere with6 the privacy of the occupant.

7 (e) A person is guilty of a gress-misdemeaner <u>felony and</u>
8 may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than two years or
9 to payment of a fine of not more than \$5,000, or both, if the
10 person:

(1) violates this subdivision after a previous convictionunder this subdivision or section 609.749; or

(2) violates this subdivision against a minor under the age
of ±6 18, knowing or having reason to know that the minor is
present.

(f) Paragraphs (b) and (d) do not apply to law enforcement 16 officers or corrections investigators, or to those acting under 17 their direction, while engaged in the performance of their 18 lawful duties. Paragraphs (c) and (d) do not apply to conduct 19 in: (1) a medical facility; or (2) a commercial establishment 20 21 if the owner of the establishment has posted conspicuous signs warning that the premises are under surveillance by the owner or 22 the owner's employees. 23

24 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
 25 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.748,
subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [RESTRAINING ORDER; JURISDICTION.] A person who is a victim of harassment may seek a restraining order from the district court in the manner provided in this section. The parent or, guardian, or stepparent of a minor who is a victim of harassment may seek a restraining order from the district court on behalf of the minor.

34 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005.
35 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.748,
36 subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Article 7 Section 36 144

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

[FILING FEE; COST OF SERVICE.] The filing fees 1 Subd. 3a. for a restraining order under this section are waived for the 2 petitioner if the petition alleges acts that would constitute a 3 violation of section 609.749, subdivision 2 or 3, or sections 4 609.342 to 609.3451. The court administrator and the sheriff of 5 any county in this state shall perform their duties relating to 6 service of process without charge to the petitioner. The court 7 shall direct payment of the reasonable costs of service of 8 process if served by a private process server when the sheriff 9 is unavailable or if service is made by publication. The court 10 may direct a respondent to pay to the court administrator the 11 petitioner's filing fees and reasonable costs of service of 12 process if the court determines that the respondent has the 13 ability to pay the petitioner's fees and costs. 14 15 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.749,
subdivision 2, is amended to read:

18 Subd. 2. [HARASSMENT AND STALKING CRIMES.] (a) A person 19 who harasses another by committing any of the following acts is 20 guilty of a gross misdemeanor:

(1) directly or indirectly manifests a purpose or intent to
injure the person, property, or rights of another by the
commission of an unlawful act;

(2) stalks, follows, <u>monitors</u>, or pursues another, <u>whether</u>
 <u>in person or through technological or other means</u>;

(3) returns to the property of another if the actor is
without claim of right to the property or consent of one with
authority to consent;

(4) repeatedly makes telephone calls, or induces a victim
to make telephone calls to the actor, whether or not
conversation ensues;

32 (5) makes or causes the telephone of another repeatedly or33 continuously to ring;

34 (6) repeatedly mails or delivers or causes the delivery by
 35 any means, including electronically, of letters, telegrams,
 36 messages, packages, or other objects; or

Article 7 Section 37 145

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

(7) knowingly makes false allegations against a peace
 officer concerning the officer's performance of official duties
 with intent to influence or tamper with the officer's
 performance of official duties.

(b) The conduct described in paragraph (a), clauses (4) and 5 (5), may be prosecuted at the place where any call is either 6 made or received or, additionally in the case of wireless or 7 electronic communication, where the actor or victim resides. 8 The conduct described in paragraph (a), clause (2), may be 9 prosecuted where the actor or victim resides. The conduct 10 described in paragraph (a), clause (6), may be prosecuted where 11 any letter, telegram, message, package, or other object is 12 either sent or received or, additionally in the case of wireless 13 or electronic communication, where the actor or victim resides. 14 (c) A peace officer may not make a warrantless, custodial 15 arrest of any person for a violation of paragraph (a), clause 16 17 (7). [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, 18 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 19 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.79, 20 subdivision 2, is amended to read: 21 Subd. 2. [VENUE.] The offense may be prosecuted either at 22 the place where the call is made or where it is received or, 23 additionally in the case of wireless or electronic 24 communication, where the sender or receiver resides. 25 26 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 27 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.795, is 28 29 amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 3. [VENUE.] The offense may be prosecuted either at 30 31 the place where the letter, telegram, or package is sent or received or, alternatively in the case of wireless electronic 32 communication, where the sender or receiver resides. 33 34 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005, and applies to crimes committed on or after that date. 35 36 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 628.26, is

Article 7

146

Section 40

2

1 amended to read:

628.26 [LIMITATIONS.]

3 (a) Indictments or complaints for any crime resulting in 4 the death of the victim may be found or made at any time after 5 the death of the person killed.

6 (b) Indictments or complaints for a violation of section 7 609.25 may be found or made at any time after the commission of 8 the offense.

9 (c) <u>Indictments or complaints for violation of section</u>
10 <u>609.282 may be found or made at any time after the commission of</u>
11 <u>the offense if the victim was under the age of 18 at the time of</u>
12 <u>the offense.</u>

13 (d) Indictments or complaints for violation of section
14 <u>609.282 where the victim was 18 years of age or older at the</u>
15 <u>time of the offense, or</u> 609.42, subdivision 1, clause (1) or
16 (2), shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within
17 six years after the commission of the offense.

18 (d) (e) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 19 609.342 to 609.345 if the victim was under the age of 18 years 20 at the time the offense was committed, shall be found or made 21 and filed in the proper court within nine years after the 22 commission of the offense or, if the victim failed to report the 23 offense within this limitation period, within three years after 24 the offense was reported to law enforcement authorities.

(e) (f) Notwithstanding the limitations in paragraph (d), 25 indictments or complaints for violation of sections 609.342 to 26 609.344 may be found or made and filed in the proper court at 27 any time after commission of the offense, if physical evidence 28 is collected and preserved that is capable of being tested for 29 its DNA characteristics. If this evidence is not collected and 30 preserved and the victim was 18 years old or older at the time 31 of the offense, the prosecution must be commenced within nine 32 years after the commission of the offense. 33

34 (f) (g) Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 35 609.466 and 609.52, subdivision 2, clause (3), item (iii), shall 36 be found or made and filed in the proper court within six years

Article 7 Section 40 147

04/22/05

1 after the commission of the offense.

(g) (h) Indictments or complaints for violation of section 609.52, subdivision 2, clause (3), items (i) and (ii), (4), (15), or (16), 609.631, or 609.821, where the value of the property or services stolen is more than \$35,000, shall be found or made and filed in the proper court within five years after the commission of the offense.

8 (h) (i) Except for violations relating to false material 9 statements, representations or omissions, indictments or 10 complaints for violations of section 609.671 shall be found or 11 made and filed in the proper court within five years after the 12 commission of the offense.

13 $(\frac{i}{j})$ Indictments or complaints for violation of sections 14 609.561 to 609.563, shall be found or made and filed in the 15 proper court within five years after the commission of the 16 offense.

17 (j) (k) In all other cases, indictments or complaints shall 18 be found or made and filed in the proper court within three 19 years after the commission of the offense.

20 $(\frac{1}{2})$ The limitations periods contained in this section 21 shall exclude any period of time during which the defendant was 22 not an inhabitant of or usually resident within this state.

 $(\frac{1}{m})$ The limitations periods contained in this section for an offense shall not include any period during which the alleged offender participated under a written agreement in a pretrial diversion program relating to that offense.

(m) (n) The limitations periods contained in this section shall not include any period of time during which physical evidence relating to the offense was undergoing DNA analysis, as defined in section 299C.155, unless the defendant demonstrates that the prosecuting or law enforcement agency purposefully delayed the DNA analysis process in order to gain an unfair advantage.

34 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
 35 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
 36 Sec. 41. [CERTAIN MINNESOTA SENTENCING GUIDELINES

Article 7 Section 41

1	COMMISSION RECOMMENDATIONS ADOPTED; OTHERS REJECTED.]
2	The following modifications proposed by the Minnesota
3	Sentencing Guidelines Commission in its January 2005 report to
4	the legislature are adopted and take effect on August 1, 2005:
5	(1) those described as "I. Modifications Related to
6	Blakely Decision" on pages 11 to 18 of the report; and
7	(2) those described as "II. Other Adopted Modifications"
8	on page 19 of the report.
9	The modifications described as "III. Adopted Modifications
10	Related to Sex Offenses" on pages 20 to 42 of the report are
11	rejected and do not go into effect.
12	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
13	following final enactment.
14	Sec. 42. [REPEALER.]
15	Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.725, is repealed.
16	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
17	and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.
18	ARTICLE 8
19	911 EMERGENCY TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES
20	Sec. 43. [237.491] [COMBINED PER NUMBER FEE.]
21	Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] (a) The definitions in this
22	subdivision apply to this section.
23	(b) "911 emergency and public safety communications program"
24	means the program governed by chapter 403.
25	(c) "Minnesota telephone number" means a ten-digit
26	telephone number being used to connect to the public switched
27	telephone network and starting with area code 218, 320, 507,
28	612, 651, 763, or 952, or any subsequent area code assigned to
29	this state.
30	(d) "Service provider" means a provider doing business in
31	this state who provides real time, two-way voice service with a
32	Minnesota telephone number.
33	(e) "Telecommunications access Minnesota program" means the
34	program governed by sections 237.50 to 237.55.
35	(f) "Telephone assistance program" means the program
36	governed by sections 237.69 to 237.711.

Article 8 Section 43 149

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1	Subd. 2. [PER NUMBER FEE.] (a) By January 15, 2006, the
2	commissioner of commerce shall report to the legislature and to
3	the senate Committee on Jobs, Energy, and Community Development
4	and the house Committee on Regulated Industries, recommendations
5	for the amount of and method for assessing a fee that would
6	apply to each service provider based upon the number of
7	Minnesota telephone numbers in use by current customers of the
8	service provider. The fee would be set at a level calculated to
9	generate only the amount of revenue necessary to fund:
10	(1) the telephone assistance program and the
11	telecommunications access Minnesota program at the levels
12	established by the commission under sections 237.52, subdivision
13	2, and 237.70; and
14	(2) the 911 emergency and public safety communications
15	program at the levels appropriated by law to the commissioner of
16	public safety and the commissioner of finance for purposes of
17	sections 403.11, 403.113, 403.27, 403.30, and 403.31 for each
18	fiscal year.
19	(b) The recommendations must include any changes to
20	Minnesota Statutes necessary to establish the procedures whereby
21	each service provider, to the extent allowed under federal law,
22	would collect and remit the fee proceeds to the commissioner of
23	revenue. The commissioner of revenue would allocate the fee
24	proceeds to the three funding areas in paragraph (a) and credit
25	the allocations to the appropriate accounts.
26	(c) The recommendations must be designed to allow the
27	combined per telephone number fee to be collected beginning July
28	1, 2006. The per access line fee used to collect revenues to
29	support the TAP, TAM, and 911 programs remains in effect until
30	the statutory changes necessary to implement the per telephone
31	number fee have been enacted into law and taken effect.
32	(d) As part of the process of developing the
33	recommendations and preparing the report to the legislature
34	required under paragraph (a), the commissioner of commerce must,
35	at a minimum, consult regularly with the Departments of Public
36	Safety, Finance, and Administration, the Public Utilities

Article 8 Section 43

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1 Commission, service providers, the chairs and ranking minority

2 members of the senate and house committees, subcommittees, and

<u>divisions having jurisdiction over telecommunications and public</u>
<u>safety</u>, and other affected parties.

5 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 237.70, 6 subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [APPLICATION, NOTICE, FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION,
COMPLAINT INVESTIGATION.] The telephone assistance plan must be
administered jointly by the commission, the Department of
Commerce, and the local service providers in accordance with the
following guidelines:

(a) The commission and the Department of Commerce shall 12 develop an application form that must be completed by the 13 subscriber for the purpose of certifying eligibility for 14 15 telephone assistance plan credits to the local service provider. The application must contain the applicant's Social 16 Security number. Applicants who refuse to provide a Social 17 18 Security number will be denied telephone assistance plan credits. The application form must also include a statement 19 that the applicant household is currently eligible for one of 20 the programs that confers eligibility for the federal Lifeline 21 Program. The application must be signed by the applicant, 22 certifying, under penalty of perjury, that the information 23 provided by the applicant is true. 24

(b) Each local service provider shall annually mail a
notice of the availability of the telephone assistance plan to
each residential subscriber in a regular billing and shall mail
the application form to customers when requested.

29

The notice must state the following:

YOU MAY BE ELIGIBLE FOR ASSISTANCE IN PAYING YOUR TELEPHONE
BILL IF YOU RECEIVE BENEFITS FROM CERTAIN LOW-INCOME ASSISTANCE
PROGRAMS. FOR MORE INFORMATION OR AN APPLICATION FORM PLEASE
CONTACT

34 (c) An application may be made by the subscriber, the
 35 subscriber's spouse, or a person authorized by the subscriber to
 36 act on the subscriber's behalf. On completing the application

Article 8 Section 44 151

04/22/05

certifying that the statutory criteria for eligibility are 1 satisfied, the applicant must return the application to the 2 subscriber's local service provider. On receiving a completed 3 application from an applicant, the subscriber's local service 4 provider shall provide telephone assistance plan credits against 5 monthly charges in the earliest possible month following receipt 6 of the application. The applicant must receive telephone 7 assistance plan credits until the earliest possible month 8 following the service provider's receipt of information that the 9 applicant is ineligible. 10

If the telephone assistance plan credit is not itemized on the subscriber's monthly charges bill for local telephone service, the local service provider must notify the subscriber of the approval for the telephone assistance plan credit.

(d) The commission shall serve as the coordinator of the
telephone assistance plan and be reimbursed for its
administrative expenses from the surcharge revenue pool. As the
coordinator, the commission shall:

19 (1) establish a uniform statewide surcharge in accordance20 with subdivision 6;

(2) establish a uniform statewide level of telephone
assistance plan credit that each local service provider shall
extend to each eligible household in its service area;

(3) require each local service provider to account to the
commission on a periodic basis for surcharge revenues collected
by the provider, expenses incurred by the provider, not to
include expenses of collecting surcharges, and credits extended
by the provider under the telephone assistance plan;

(4) require each local service provider to remit surcharge
revenues to the Department of Administration Public Safety for
deposit in the fund; and

(5) remit to each local service provider from the surcharge revenue pool the amount necessary to compensate the provider for expenses, not including expenses of collecting the surcharges, and telephone assistance plan credits. When it appears that the revenue generated by the maximum surcharge permitted under

Article 8 Section 44 152

04/22/05

1 subdivision 6 will be inadequate to fund any particular established level of telephone assistance plan credits, the 2 commission shall reduce the credits to a level that can be 3 adequately funded by the maximum surcharge. Similarly, the 4 5 commission may increase the level of the telephone assistance plan credit that is available or reduce the surcharge to a level 6 and for a period of time that will prevent an unreasonable 7 overcollection of surcharge revenues. 8

(e) Each local service provider shall maintain adequate **9** . 10 records of surcharge revenues, expenses, and credits related to the telephone assistance plan and shall, as part of its annual 11 report or separately, provide the commission and the Department 12 of Commerce with a financial report of its experience under the 13 telephone assistance plan for the previous year. That report 14 15 must also be adequate to satisfy the reporting requirements of the federal matching plan. 16

(f) The Department of Commerce shall investigate complaints
against local service providers with regard to the telephone
assistance plan and shall report the results of its
investigation to the commission.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.02,
subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [AUTOMATIC LOCATION IDENTIFICATION.] "Automatic location identification" means the process of electronically identifying and displaying on-a-special-viewing-screen the name of the subscriber and the location, where available, of the calling telephone number to a person answering a 911 emergency call.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.02,
subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. [ENHANCED 911 SERVICE.] "Enhanced 911 service"
means the use of selective-routing, automatic location
identification, or local location identification as part of
local 911 service provided by an enhanced 911 system consisting
of a common 911 network and database and customer data and
network components connecting to the common 911 network and
Article 8 Section 46 153

04/22/05

1 database. Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.02, 2 subdivision 17, is amended to read: 3 Subd. 17. [911 SERVICE.] "911 service" means a 4 telecommunications service that automatically connects a person 5 dialing the digits 911 to an established public safety answering 6 point. 911 service includes: 7 (1) equipment-for-connecting-and-outswitching-911-calls 8 within-a-telephone-central-office7-trunking-facilities-from-the 9 central-office-to-a-public-safety-answering-point customer data 10 and network components connecting to the common 911 network and 11 database; 12 (2) common 911 network and database equipment, as 13 appropriate, for automatically selectively routing 911 calls in 14 situations-where-one-telephone-central-office-serves-more-than 15 one to the public safety answering point serving the caller's 16 jurisdiction; and 17 (3) provision of automatic location identification if the 18 public safety answering point has the capability of providing 19 that service. 20 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.02, is 21 amended by adding a subdivision to read: 22 Subd. 17a. [911 EMERGENCY TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE 23 PROVIDER.] "911 emergency telecommunications service provider" 24 25 means a telecommunications service provider or other entity, 26 determined by the commissioner to be capable of providing effective and efficient components of the 911 system, that 27 provides all or portions of the network and database for 28 29 automatically selectively routing 911 calls to the public safety answering point serving the caller's jurisdiction. 30 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.025, 31 32 subdivision 3, is amended to read: [WIRE-LINE CONNECTED TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE Subd. 3. 33 PROVIDER REQUIREMENTS.] Every owner and operator of a 34 35 wire-line or wireless circuit switched or packet-based telecommunications system connected to the public switched 36 Article 8 Section 49 154

[COUNSEL] KPB 04/22/05 SC4098-1 1 telephone network shall design and maintain the system to dial the 911 number without charge to the caller. 2 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.025, 3 subdivision 7, is amended to read: 4 Subd. 7. [CONTRACTUAL REQUIREMENTS.] (a) The state, 5 together with the county or other governmental agencies 6 operating public safety answering points, shall contract with 7 the appropriate wire-line telecommunications service 8 providers or other entities determined by the commissioner to be 9 capable of providing effective and efficient components of the 10 911 system for the operation, maintenance, enhancement, and 11 12 expansion of the 911 system. 13 (b) The state shall contract with the appropriate wireless telecommunications service providers for maintaining, enhancing, 14 15 and expanding the 911 system. 16 (c) The contract language or subsequent amendments to the contract must include a description of the services to be 17 furnished by-wireless-and-wire-line-telecommunications-service 18 providers to the county or other governmental agencies operating 19 public safety answering points7-as-well-as-compensation-based-on 20 21 the-effective-tariff-or-price-list-approved-by-the-Public Utilities-Commission. The contract language or subsequent 22 amendments must include the terms of compensation based on the 23 effective tariff or price list filed with the Public Utilities 24

26 (d) The contract language or subsequent amendments to
27 contracts between the parties must contain a provision for
28 resolving disputes.

Commission or the prices agreed to by the parties.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.05,
subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [AGREEMENTS FOR SERVICE.] Each county and any other governmental agency shall contract with the state and wire-line telecommunications service providers <u>or other entities</u> <u>determined by the commissioner to be capable of providing</u> <u>effective and efficient components of the 911 system</u> for the recurring and nonrecurring costs associated with operating and

Article 8 Section 51 155

1 maintaining 911 emergency communications systems.

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.07,
3 subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [DATABASE.] In 911 systems that have been 4 approved by the commissioner for a local location identification 5 database, each wire-line telecommunications service provider 6 shall provide current customer names, service addresses, and 7 telephone numbers to each public safety answering point within 8 the 911 system and shall update the information according to a 9 schedule prescribed by the county 911 plan. Information 10 provided under this subdivision must be provided in accordance 11 with the transactional record disclosure requirements of the 12 federal Electronic Communications Privacy Act of 1986 1932, 13 United States Code, title 18 47, section 2703 222, 14 subsection $(e)_7$ -paragraph- $(1)_7$ -subparagraph-(B)(iv) (g). 15

Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.08,
subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [PLAN INTEGRATION.] Counties shall incorporate the statewide design when modifying county 911 plans to provide for integrating wireless 911 service into existing county 911 systems. The commissioner shall contract with the involved wireless service providers and 911 <u>emergency telecommunications</u> service providers to integrate cellular and other wireless services into existing 911 systems where feasible.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.11,
subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [EMERGENCY TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE FEE; 27 ACCOUNT.] (a) Each customer of a wireless or wire-line switched 28 or packet-based telecommunications service provider connected to 29 30 the public switched telephone network that furnishes service capable of originating a 911 emergency telephone call is 31 32 assessed a fee based upon the number of wired or wireless 33 telephone lines, or their equivalent, to cover the costs of 34 ongoing maintenance and related improvements for trunking and 35 central office switching equipment for 911 emergency telecommunications service, plus administrative and staffing 36

156

Article 8 Section 54

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

costs of the commissioner related to managing the 911 emergency 1 telecommunications service program. Recurring charges by a 2 3 wire-line telecommunications service provider for updating the information required by section 403.07, subdivision 3, must be 4 paid by the commissioner if the wire-line telecommunications 5 service provider is included in an approved 911 plan and the 6 charges are made pursuant to tariff7-price-list7-or contract. 7 The fee assessed under this section must also be used for the 8 purpose of offsetting the costs, including administrative and 9 10 staffing costs, incurred by the State Patrol Division of the Department of Public Safety in handling 911 emergency calls made 11 from wireless phones. 12

13 (b) Money remaining in the 911 emergency telecommunications service account after all other obligations are paid must not 14 15 cancel and is carried forward to subsequent years and may be appropriated from time to time to the commissioner to provide 16 financial assistance to counties for the improvement of local 17 emergency telecommunications services. The improvements may 18 include providing access to 911 service for telecommunications 19 20 service subscribers currently without access and upgrading existing 911 service to include automatic number identification, 21 local location identification, automatic location 22 identification, and other improvements specified in revised 23 24 county 911 plans approved by the commissioner.

25 (c) The fee may not be less than eight cents nor more than 40 65 cents a month for each customer access line or other basic 26 access service, including trunk equivalents as designated by the 27 28 Public Utilities Commission for access charge purposes and including wireless telecommunications services. With the 29 approval of the commissioner of finance, the commissioner of 30 public safety shall establish the amount of the fee within the 31 32 limits specified and inform the companies and carriers of the 33 amount to be collected. When the revenue bonds authorized under section 403.27, subdivision 1, have been fully paid or defeased, 34 the commissioner shall reduce the fee to reflect that debt 35 36 service on the bonds is no longer needed. The commissioner

Article 8 Section 54 157

04/22/05

shall provide companies and carriers a minimum of 45 days'
 notice of each fee change. The fee must be the same for all
 customers.

(d) The fee must be collected by each wireless or wire-line 4 telecommunications service provider subject to the fee. Fees 5 are payable to and must be submitted to the commissioner monthly 6 before the 25th of each month following the month of collection, 7 except that fees may be submitted quarterly if less than \$250 a 8 month is due, or annually if less than \$25 a month is due. 9 Receipts must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to 10 a 911 emergency telecommunications service account in the 11 special revenue fund. The money in the account may only be used 12 for 911 telecommunications services. 13

14 (e) This subdivision does not apply to customers of15 interexchange carriers.

(f) The installation and recurring charges for integrating wireless 911 calls into enhanced 911 systems must be paid by the commissioner if the 911 service provider is included in the statewide design plan and the charges are made pursuant to tariff,-price-list,-or contract.

(g) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the
 contrary, the commissioner need not contract for or agree to pay
 for any services that a wire-line or wireless telecommunication
 service provider is required by federal law or federal

25 regulation to provide.

26 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.11, 27 subdivision 3, is amended to read:

[METHOD OF PAYMENT.] (a) Any wireless or 28 Subd. 3. 29 wire-line telecommunications service provider incurring reimbursable costs under subdivision 1 shall submit an invoice 30 itemizing rate elements by county or service area to the 31 commissioner for 911 services furnished under tariff,-price 32 33 *list,-or* contract. Any wireless or wire-line telecommunications 34 service provider is eligible to receive payment for 911 services rendered according to the terms and conditions specified in the 35 contract. Competitive local exchange carriers holding 36

Article 8

Section 55

04/22/05

certificates of authority from the Public Utilities Commission
 are eligible to receive payment for recurring 911 services
 provided after July 1, 2001. The commissioner shall pay the
 invoice within 30 days following receipt of the invoice unless
 the commissioner notifies the service provider that the
 commissioner disputes the invoice.

7 (b) The commissioner shall estimate the amount required to 8 reimburse <u>911 emergency telecommunications service providers and</u> 9 wireless and wire-line telecommunications service providers for 10 the state's obligations under subdivision 1 and the governor 11 shall include the estimated amount in the biennial budget 12 request.

Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.11,
subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. [TIMELY CERTIFICATION.] A certification must be submitted to the commissioner no later than two-years <u>one year</u> after commencing a new or additional eligible 911 service. Any wireless-or-wire-line-telecommunications-service-provider incurring-reimbursable-costs-under-this-section-at-any-time before-January-1,-2003,-may-certify-those-costs-for-payment-to

21 the-commissioner-according-to-this-section-for-a-period-of-90

22 days-after-January-1,-2003.--Buring-this-period,-the

23 commissioner-shall-reimburse-any-wireless-or-wire-line

24 telecommunications-service-provider-for-approved,-certified

25 costs-without-regard-to-any-contrary-provision-of-this

26 subdivision Each applicable contract must provide that, if

27 certified expenses under the contract deviate from estimates in

28 the contract by more than ten percent, the commissioner may

29 reduce the level of service without incurring any termination

30 <u>fees</u>.

31 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.113,
32 subdivision 1, is amended to read:
33 Subdivision 1. [FEE.] (a) Each customer receiving service

34 from a wireless or wire-line switched or packet-based

35 telecommunications service provider <u>connected to the public</u>

36 telephone network that furnishes service capable of originating

Article 8 Section 57 159

04/22/05

a 911 emergency telephone call is assessed a fee to fund 1 implementation, operation, maintenance, enhancement, and 2 expansion of enhanced 911 service, including acquisition of 3 necessary equipment and the costs of the commissioner to 4 The actual fee assessed under section administer the program. 5 403.11 and the enhanced 911 service fee must be collected as one 6 amount and may not exceed the amount specified in section 7 8 403.11, subdivision 1, paragraph (c).

9 (b) The enhanced 911 service fee must be collected and 10 deposited in the same manner as the fee in section 403.11 and 11 used solely for the purposes of paragraph (a) and subdivision 3.

(c) The commissioner, in consultation with counties and 911 12 system users, shall determine the amount of the enhanced 911 13 service fee. The-fee-must-include-at-least-ten-cents-per-month 14 to-be-distributed-under-subdivision-2. The commissioner shall 15 16 inform wireless and wire-line telecommunications service 17 providers that provide service capable of originating a 911 emergency telephone call of the total amount of the 911 service 18 fees in the same manner as provided in section 403.11. 19

20 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.27, 21 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORIZATION.] (a) After consulting with the commissioner of finance, the council, if requested by a vote of at least two-thirds of all of the members of the Metropolitan Radio Board, may, by resolution, authorize the issuance of its revenue bonds for any of the following purposes to:

(1) provide funds for regionwide mutual aid and emergency
medical services communications;

(2) provide funds for the elements of the first phase of
the regionwide public safety radio communication system that the
board determines are of regionwide benefit and support mutual
aid and emergency medical services communication including, but
not limited to, costs of master controllers of the backbone;

34 (3) provide money for the second phase of the public safety35 radio communication system;

36 (4) to the extent money is available after meeting the

04/22/05

needs described in clauses (1) to (3), provide money to
 reimburse local units of government for amounts expended for
 capital improvements to the first phase system previously paid
 for by the local government units; or

5

(5) refund bonds issued under this section.

(b)-After-consulting-with-the-commissioner-of-finance7-the
council7-if-requested-by-a-vote-of-at-least-two-thirds-of-all-of
the-members-of-the-Statewide-Radio-Board7-may7-by-resolution7
authorize-the-issuance-of-its-revenue-bonds-to-provide-money-for
the-third-phase-of-the-public-safety-radio-communication-system7
Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.27,
subdivision 3, is amended to read:

13 Subd. 3. [LIMITATIONS.] (a) The principal amount of the 14 bonds issued pursuant to subdivision 1, exclusive of any 15 original issue discount, shall not exceed the amount of 16 \$10,000,000 plus the amount the council determines necessary to 17 pay the costs of issuance, fund reserves, debt service, and pay 18 for any bond insurance or other credit enhancement.

(b) In addition to the amount authorized under paragraph
(a), the council may issue bonds under subdivision 1 in a
principal amount of \$3,306,300, plus the amount the council
determines necessary to pay the cost of issuance, fund reserves,
debt service, and any bond insurance or other credit
enhancement. The proceeds of bonds issued under this paragraph
may not be used to finance portable or subscriber radio sets.

26 (c)-In-addition-to-the-amount-authorized-under-paragraphs {a}-and-{b};-the-council-may-issue-bonds-under-subdivision-1-in 27 28 a-principal-amount-of-\$18,000,000,-plus-the-amount-the-council determines-necessary-to-pay-the-costs-of-issuance7-fund 29 reserves,-debt-service,-and-any-bond-insurance-or-other-credit 30 enhancement --- The-proceeds-of-bonds-issued-under-this-paragraph 31 must-be-used-to-pay-up-to-50-percent-of-the-cost-to-a-local 32 33 government-unit-of-building-a-subsystem-and-may-not-be-used-to finance-portable-or-subscriber-radio-sets---The-bond-proceeds 34 may-be-used-to-make-improvements-to-an-existing-800-MHz-radio 35 system-that-will-interoperate-with-the-regionwide-public-safety 36

Article 8 Section 59 161

conform-to-the-board's-plan-and-technical-standards---The 2 council-must-time-the-sale-and-issuance-of-the-bonds-so-that-the 3 debt-service-on-the-bonds-can-be-covered-by-the-additional 4 revenue-that-will-become-available-in-the-fiscal-year-ending 5 June-307-20057-generated-under-section-403-11-and-appropriated 6 7 under-section-403.30. (d)-In-addition-to-the-amount-authorized-under-paragraphs 8 (a)-to-(c)7-the-council-may-issue-bonds-under-subdivision-1-in-a 9 principal-amount-of-up-to-\$27,000,000,-plus-the-amount-the 10 council-determines-necessary-to-pay-the-costs-of-issuance,-fund 11 reserves7-debt-service7-and-any-bond-insurance-or-other-credit 12 enhancement --- The-proceeds-of-bonds-issued-under-this-paragraph 13 are-appropriated-to-the-commissioner-of-public-safety-for-phase 14 three-of-the-public-safety-radio-communication-system---In 15 anticipation-of-the-receipt-by-the-commissioner-of-public-safety 16 17 of-the-bond-proceeds,-the-Metropolitan-Radio-Board-may-advance money-from-its-operating-appropriation-to-the-commissioner-of 18 public-safety-to-pay-for-design-and-preliminary-engineering-for 19 20 these-amounts-to-the-Metropolitan-Radio-Board-when-the-bond 21 proceeds-are-received-22 Sec. 60. [403.275] [STATE 911 REVENUE BONDS.] 23 24 Subdivision 1. [BONDING AUTHORITY.] (a) The commissioner of finance, if requested by a vote of at least two-thirds of all 25 the members of the Statewide Radio Board, shall sell and issue 26 state revenue bonds for the following purposes: 27 (1) to pay the costs of the statewide public safety radio 28 communication system that the board determines are of regional 29 or statewide benefit and support mutual aid and emergency 30 31 medical services communication, including, but not limited to, 32 costs of master controllers of the backbone; 33 (2) to pay the costs of issuance, debt service, and bond 34 insurance or other credit enhancements, and to fund reserves; 35 and (3) to refund bonds issued under this section. 36

1 radio-communication-system,-provided-that-the-improvements

Article 8 Section 60 162

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

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1	(b) The amount of bonds that may be issued for the purposes
2	of clause (1) will be set from time to time by law; the amount
3	of bonds that may be issued for the purposes of clauses (2) and
4	(3) is not limited.
5	(c) The bond proceeds may be used to to pay up to 50
6	percent of the cost to a local government unit of building a
7	subsystem. The bond proceeds may be used to make improvements
8	to an existing 800 MHz radio system that will interoperate with
9	the regionwide public safety radio communication system,
10	provided that the improvements conform to the board's plan and
11	technical standards. The bond proceeds may not be used to pay
12	for portable or subscriber radio sets.
13	Subd. 2. [PROCEDURE.] (a) The commissioner may sell and
14	issue the bonds on the terms and conditions the commissioner
15	determines to be in the best interests of the state. The bonds
16	may be sold at public or private sale. The commissioner may
17	enter any agreements or pledges the commissioner determines
18	necessary or useful to sell the bonds that are not inconsistent
19	with sections 403.21 to 403.40. Sections 16A.672 to 16A.675
20	apply to the bonds. The proceeds of the bonds issued under this
21	section must be credited to a special 911 revenue bond proceeds
22	account in the state treasury.
23	(b) Before the proceeds are received in the 911 revenue
24	bond proceeds account, the commissioner of finance may transfer
25	to the account from the 911 emergency telecommunications service
26	account amounts not exceeding the expected proceeds from the
27	next bond sale. The commissioner of finance shall return these
28	amounts to the 911 emergency telecommunications service account
29	by transferring proceeds when received. The amounts of these
30	transfers are appropriated from the 911 emergency
31	telecommunications service account and from the 911 revenue bond
32	proceeds account.
33	Subd. 3. [REVENUE SOURCES.] The debt service on the bonds
34	is payable only from the following sources:
35	(1) revenue credited to the 911 emergency
36	telecommunications service account from the fee imposed and

Article 8 Section 60 163

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1 <u>collected under section 237.491 or 403.11</u>, subdivision 1, or 2 <u>from any other source; and</u>

(2) other revenues pledged to the payment of the bonds. 3 Subd. 4. [REFUNDING BONDS.] The commissioner may issue 4 bonds to refund outstanding bonds issued under subdivision 1, 5 including the payment of any redemption premiums on the bonds 6 and any interest accrued or to accrue to the first redemption 7 date after delivery of the refunding bonds. The proceeds of the 8 refunding bonds may, in the discretion of the commissioner, be 9 applied to the purchases or payment at maturity of the bonds to 10 be refunded, or the redemption of the outstanding bonds on the 11 first redemption date after delivery of the refunding bonds and 12 may, until so used, be placed in escrow to be applied to the 13 purchase, retirement, or redemption. Refunding bonds issued 14 15 under this subdivision must be issued and secured in the manner provided by the commissioner. 16

17 Subd. 5. [NOT A GENERAL OR MORAL OBLIGATION.] Bonds issued under this section are not public debt, and the full faith, 18 credit, and taxing powers of the state are not pledged for their 19 payment. The bonds may not be paid, directly in whole or in 20 21 part from a tax of statewide application on any class of property, income, transaction, or privilege. Payment of the 22 23 bonds is limited to the revenues explicitly authorized to be pledged under this section. The state neither makes nor has a 24 25 moral obligation to pay the bonds if the pledged revenues and other legal security for them is insufficient. 26

27 <u>Subd. 6.</u> [TRUSTEE.] <u>The commissioner may contract with and</u> 28 <u>appoint a trustee for bond holders. The trustee has the powers</u> 29 <u>and authority vested in it by the commissioner under the bond</u> 30 and trust indentures.

<u>Subd. 7.</u> [PLEDGES.] <u>Any pledge made by the commissioner is</u> <u>valid and binding from the time the pledge is made. The money</u> or property pledged and later received by the commissioner is <u>immediately subject to the lien of the pledge without any</u> <u>physical delivery of the property or money or further act, and</u> <u>the lien of any pledge is valid and binding as against all</u>

Article 8

Section 60

1	parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract, or
2	otherwise against the commissioner, whether or not those parties
3	have notice of the lien or pledge. Neither the order nor any
4	other instrument by which a pledge is created need be recorded.
5	Subd. 8. [BONDS; PURCHASE AND CANCELLATION.] The
6	commissioner, subject to agreements with bondholders that may
7	then exist, may, out of any money available for the purpose,
8	purchase bonds of the commissioner at a price not exceeding (1)
9	if the bonds are then redeemable, the redemption price then
10	applicable plus accrued interest to the next interest payment
11	date thereon, or (2) if the bonds are not redeemable, the
12	redemption price applicable on the first date after the purchase
13	upon which the bonds become subject to redemption plus accrued
14	interest to that date.
15	Subd. 9. [STATE PLEDGE AGAINST IMPAIRMENT OF CONTRACTS.]
16	The state pledges and agrees with the holders of any bonds that
17	the state will not limit or alter the rights vested in the
18	commissioner to fulfill the terms of any agreements made with
19	the bondholders, or in any way impair the rights and remedies of
20	the holders until the bonds, together with interest on them,
21	with interest on any unpaid installments of interest, and all
22	costs and expenses in connection with any action or proceeding
23	by or on behalf of the bondholders, are fully met and
24	discharged. The commissioner may include this pledge and
25	agreement of the state in any agreement with the holders of
26	bonds issued under this section.
27	Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.30,
28	subdivision 1, is amended to read:
29	Subdivision 1. [STANDING APPROPRIATION; COSTS COVERED.]
30	For-each-fiscal-year-beginning-with-the-fiscal-year-commencing
31	July-17-19977 The amount necessary to pay the-following debt
32	service costs and reserves for bonds issued by the Metropolitan
33	Council under section 403.27 or by the commissioner of finance
34	under section 403.275 is appropriated to-the-commissioner-of
35	public-safety from the 911 emergency telecommunications service
36	account established under section 403.11÷

Article 8 Section 61 165

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04/22/05
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1	(1)-debt-service-costs-and-reserves-for-bonds-issued
2	pursuant-to-section-403-27;
3	(2)-repayment-of-the-right-of-way-acquisition-loans;
4	(3)-costs-of-design7-construction7-maintenance-of7-and
5	improvements-to-those-elements-of-the-firstsecondand-third
6	phases-that-support-mutual-aid-communications-and-emergency
7	medical-services;
8	(4)-recurring-charges-for-leased-sites-and-equipment-for
9	those-elements-of-the-first,-second,-and-third-phases-that
10	support-mutual-aid-and-emergency-medical-communication-services;
11	ot
12	(5)-aid-to-local-units-of-government-for-sites-and
13	equipment-in-support-of-mutual-aid-and-emergency-medical
14	communications-services to the commissioner of finance. The
15	commissioner of finance shall transmit the necessary amounts to
16	the Metropolitan Council as requested by the council.
17	This appropriation shall be used to pay annual debt service
18	costs and reserves for bonds issued pursuant to section
19	403.27 or 403.275 prior to use of fee money to pay other
20	costs eligible-under-this-subdivisionIn-no-event-shall-the
21	appropriation-for-each-fiscal-year-exceed-an-amount-equal-to
22	four-cents-a-month-for-each-customer-access-line-or-other-basic
23	access-service7-including-trunk-equivalents-as-designated-by-the
24	Public-Utilities-Commission-for-access-charge-purposes-and
25	including-cellular-and-other-nonwire-access-services7-in-the
26	fiscal-yearBeginning-July-17-20047-this-amount-will-increase
27	to-13-cents-a-month or to support other appropriations.
28	Sec. 62. [REPEALER.]
29	Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 403.30, subdivision 3, is
30	repealed.
31	Sec. 63. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]
32	This article is effective the day following final enactment
33	and applies to contracts entered into on or after that date.
34	ARTICLE 9
35	MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS
36	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 171.06, is

1 amended by adding a subdivision to read:

2 <u>Subd. 2c.</u> [\$1 SURCHARGE.] <u>In addition to the fees required</u> 3 <u>in subdivision 2, the commissioner shall impose and deposit into</u> 4 <u>the general fund a \$1 surcharge on every license or</u>

5 identification card issued under this section.

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 171.20,
8 subdivision 4, is amended to read:

9 Subd. 4. [REINSTATEMENT FEE.] (a) Before the license is reinstated, (1) a person whose driver's license has been 10 11 suspended under section 171.16, subdivision subdivisions 2 and 3; 171.18;-except-subdivision-1;-elause-(10); or 171.182, or who 12 13 has been disqualified from holding a commercial driver's license under section 171.165, and (2) a person whose driver's license 14 has been suspended under section 171.186 and who is not exempt 15 from such a fee, must pay a fee of \$20. 16

(b) Before the license is reinstated, a person whose
license has been suspended under sections 169.791 to 169.798
must pay a \$20 reinstatement fee.

(c) When fees are collected by a licensing agent appointed under section 171.061, a handling charge is imposed in the amount specified under section 171.061, subdivision 4. The reinstatement fee and surcharge must be deposited in an approved state depository as directed under section 171.061, subdivision 4.

(d) <u>Reinstatement fees collected under paragraph (a) for</u>
suspensions under sections 171.16, subdivision 3, and 171.18,
<u>subdivision 1, clause (10), shall be deposited in the special</u>
<u>revenue fund and are appropriated to the Peace Officer Standards</u>
<u>and Training Board for peace officer training reimbursement to</u>
<u>local units of government.</u>

32 (e) A suspension may be rescinded without fee for good 33 cause.

34 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005. 35 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 171.26, is 36 amended to read:

Article 9 Section 3 167

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171.26 [MONEY CREDITED TO FUNDS.]

All money received under this chapter must be paid into the state treasury and credited to the trunk highway fund, except as provided in sections 171.06, subdivision 2a; 171.07, subdivision 11, paragraph (g); 171.12, subdivision 8; <u>171.20</u>, subdivision 4, paragraph (d); and 171.29, subdivision 2, paragraph (b).

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9

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005. Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 244.09, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [MODIFICATION.] The commission shall meet as 10 necessary for the purpose of modifying and improving the 11 guidelines. Any modification which amends the Sentencing 12 Guidelines grid, including severity levels and criminal history 13 scores, or which would result in the reduction of any sentence 14 or in the early release of any inmate, with the exception of a 15 modification mandated or authorized by the legislature or 16 relating to a crime created or amended by the legislature in the 17 preceding session, shall be submitted to the legislature by 18 January 1 15 of any year in which the commission wishes to make 19 the change and shall be effective on August 1 of that year, 20 unless the legislature by law provides otherwise. All other 21 modifications shall take effect according to the procedural 22 rules of the commission. On or before January ± 15 of each 23 year, the commission shall submit a written report to the 24 25 committees of the senate and the house of representatives with jurisdiction over criminal justice policy that identifies and 26 explains all modifications made during the preceding 12 months 27 and all proposed modifications that are being submitted to the 28 29 legislature that year.

30 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective August 1, 2005,
31 and applies to reports submitted on or after that date.

32 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 244.18,
33 subdivision 2, is amended to read:

34 Subd. 2. [LOCAL CORRECTIONAL FEES.] A local correctional 35 agency may establish a schedule of local correctional fees to 36 charge persons convicted-of-a-crime-and under the supervision

Article 9 S

Section 5

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

and control of the local correctional agency to defray costs
 associated with correctional services. The local correctional
 fees on the schedule must be reasonably related to defendants'
 abilities to pay and the actual cost of correctional services.
 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 253B.08,

7 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [TIME FOR COMMITMENT HEARING.] The hearing 8 9 on the commitment petition shall be held within 14 days from the date of the filing of the petition, except that the hearing on a 10 commitment petition pursuant to section 253B.185 shall be held 11 within 90 days from the date of the filing of the petition. For 12 good cause shown, the court may extend the time of hearing up to 13 an additional 30 days. The proceeding shall be dismissed if the 14 proposed patient has not had a hearing on a commitment petition 15 within the allowed time. The proposed patient, or the head of 16 17 the treatment facility in which the person is held, may demand in writing at any time that the hearing be held immediately. 18 Unless the hearing is held within five days of the date of the 19 demand, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays and legal holidays, the 20 petition shall be automatically discharged if the patient is 21 being held in a treatment facility pursuant to court order. For 22 good cause shown, the court may extend the time of hearing on 23 the demand for an additional ten days. 24

25 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
26 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 297G.03,
27 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [GENERAL RATE; DISTILLED SPIRITS AND WINE.] The following excise tax is imposed on all distilled spirits and wine manufactured, imported, sold, or possessed in this state:

31		Standard	Metric
32	(a) Distilled spirits,	\$5.03 <u>\$6.30</u>	\$1.67 <u>\$1.67</u>
33	liqueurs, cordials,	per gallon	per liter

34 and specialties regardless

35 of alcohol content

36 (excluding ethyl alcohol)

Article 9 Section 7 169

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 04/22/05 \$--08 \$.14 (b) Wine containing \$-.30 <u>\$.51</u> 1 per liter per gallon 14 percent or less 2 alcohol by volume 3 (except cider as defined 4 in section 297G.01, 5 subdivision 3a) 6 \$--95 \$1.16 \$--25 <u>\$.31</u> (c) Wine containing 7 more than 14 percent per gallon per liter 8 but not more than 21 9 10 percent alcohol by volume (d) Wine containing more \$--48 \$.54 11 than 21 percent but not per gallon per liter 12 more than 24 percent 13 alcohol by volume 14 \$--93 <u>\$.99</u> 15 (e) Wine containing more \$3.52 <u>\$3.72</u> than 24 percent alcohol 16 per gallon per liter 17 by volume (f) Natural and \$1-82 \$2.03 \$--48 \$.54 18 artificial sparkling wines per gallon 19 per liter 20 containing alcohol 21 (g) Cider as defined in \$-.15 \$.36 **\$--04** \$.10 22 section 297G.01, per gallon per liter 23 subdivision 3a 24 (h) Low alcohol dairy \$.08 per gallon \$.02 per liter cocktails 25 26 In computing the tax on a package of distilled spirits or wine, a proportional tax at a like rate on all fractional parts 27 of a gallon or liter must be paid, except that the tax on a 28 29 fractional part of a gallon less than 1/16 of a gallon is the same as for 1/16 of a gallon. 30 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005. 31 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 297G.03, 32 subdivision 2, is amended to read: 33 34 Subd. 2. [TAX ON MINIATURES; DISTILLED SPIRITS.] The tax on miniatures is 14 15 cents per bottle. 35 36 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.

170

Article 9

Section 8

04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 1 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 297G.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 2 3 Subdivision 1. [TAX IMPOSED.] The following excise tax is imposed on all fermented malt beverages that are imported, 4 5 directly or indirectly sold, or possessed in this state: (1) on fermented malt beverages containing not more than 6 3.2 percent alcohol by weight, \$2-40 \$5.69 per 31-gallon barrel; 7 8 and 9 (2) on fermented malt beverages containing more than 3.2 percent alcohol by weight, \$4.60 \$7.89 per 31-gallon barrel. 10 For fractions of a 31-gallon barrel, the tax rate is 11 calculated proportionally. 12 13 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005. Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 297G.04, 14 15 subdivision 2, is amended to read: 16 Subd. 2. [TAX CREDIT.] A qualified brewer producing fermented malt beverages is entitled to a tax credit 17 18 of \$4.60 \$7.89 per barrel on 25,000 barrels sold in any fiscal year beginning July 1, regardless of the alcohol content of the 19 product. Qualified brewers may take the credit on the 18th day 20 of each month, but the total credit allowed may not exceed in 21 any fiscal year the lesser of: 22 (1) the liability for tax; or 23 24 (2) \$115,000 \$197,250. 25 For purposes of this subdivision, a "qualified brewer" means a brewer, whether or not located in this state, 26 manufacturing less than 100,000 barrels of fermented malt 27 beverages in the calendar year immediately preceding the 28 calendar year for which the credit under this subdivision is 29 claimed. In determining the number of barrels, all brands or 30 labels of a brewer must be combined. All facilities for the 31 manufacture of fermented malt beverages owned or controlled by 32

33 the same person, corporation, or other entity must be treated as
34 a single brewer.

35 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
36 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 299A.38,

subdivision 2, is amended to read: 1

Subd. 2. [STATE AND LOCAL REIMBURSEMENT.] Peace officers 2 and heads of local law enforcement agencies who buy vests for 3 the use of peace officer employees may apply to the commissioner 4 for reimbursement of funds spent to buy vests. On approving an 5 application for reimbursement, the commissioner shall pay the 6 applicant an amount equal to the lesser of one-half of the 7 vest's purchase price or \$300 \$600, as adjusted according to 8 subdivision 2a. The political subdivision that employs the 9 peace officer shall pay at least the lesser of one-half of the 10 vest's purchase price or \$300 \$600, as adjusted according to 11 subdivision 2a. The political subdivision may not deduct or pay 12 13 its share of the vest's cost from any clothing, maintenance, or similar allowance otherwise provided to the peace officer by the 14 law enforcement agency. 15

16 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day following final enactment. 17

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 299A.38, 18 subdivision 2a, is amended to read: 19

20 Subd. 2a. [ADJUSTMENT OF REIMBURSEMENT AMOUNT.] On October 1, 1997 2006, the commissioner of public safety shall adjust 21 the \$300 \$600 reimbursement amounts specified in subdivision 2, 22 23 and in each subsequent year, on October 1, the commissioner shall adjust the reimbursement amount applicable immediately 24 preceding that October 1 date. The adjusted rate must reflect 25 26 the annual percentage change in the Consumer Price Index for all urban consumers, published by the federal Bureau of Labor 27 28 Statistics, occurring in the one-year period ending on the 29 preceding June 1.

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day 30 31 following final enactment.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 299A.38, 32 subdivision 3, is amended to read: 33

34 Subd. 3. [ELIGIBILITY REQUIREMENTS.] (a) Only vests that either meet or exceed the requirements of standard 0101.03 of 35 the National Institute of Justice or that meet or exceed the 36

Article 9 Section 13 172

	04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1
1	requirements of that standard, except wet armor conditioning,
2	are eligible for reimbursement.
3	(b) Eligibility for reimbursement is limited to vests
4	bought after December 31, 1986, by or for peace officers (1) who
5	did not own a vest meeting the requirements of paragraph (a)
6	before the purchase, or (2) who owned a vest that was at least
7	six <u>five</u> years old.
8	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
9 .	following final enactment.
10	Sec. 14. [299A.681] [MINNESOTA FINANCIAL CRIMES OVERSIGHT
11	COUNCIL AND TASK FORCE.]
12	Subdivision 1. [OVERSIGHT COUNCIL.] The Minnesota
13	Financial Crimes Oversight Council shall provide guidance
14	related to the investigation and prosecution of identity theft
15	and financial crime.
16	Subd. 2. [MEMBERSHIP.] The oversight council consists of
17	the following individuals, or their designees:
18	(1) the commissioner of public safety;
19	(2) the attorney general;
20	(3) two chiefs of police, selected by the Minnesota Chiefs
21	of Police Association from police departments that participate
22	in the Minnesota Financial Crimes Task Force;
23 24	(4) two sheriffs, selected by the Minnesota Sheriffs Association from sheriff departments that participate in the
24 25	task force;
26	(5) the United States attorney for the district of
27	Minnesota;
28	(6) a county attorney, selected by the Minnesota County
29	Attorneys Association;
30	(7) a representative from the United States Postal
31	Inspector's Office, selected by the oversight council;
32	(8) a representative from a not-for-profit retail merchants
33	industry, selected by the oversight council;
34	(9) a representative from a not-for-profit banking and
35	credit union industry, selected by the oversight council;
36	(10) a representative from a not-for-profit association
A	rticle 9 Section 14 173

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 04/22/05 representing senior citizens, selected by the oversight council; 1 (11) the statewide commander of the task force; and 2 (12) two additional members selected by the oversight 3 4 council. The oversight council may adopt procedures to govern its conduct 5 and shall select a chair from among its members. 6 Subd. 3. [DUTIES.] The oversight council shall develop an 7 overall strategy to ameliorate the harm caused to the public by 8 9 identity theft and financial crime within Minnesota. The strategy may include the development of protocols and procedures 10 to investigate financial crimes and a structure for best 11 addressing these issues in a multijurisdictional manner. 12 Additionally, the oversight council shall: 13 14 (1) establish a multijurisdictional statewide Minnesota Financial Crimes Task Force to investigate major financial 15 16 crimes; 17 (2) select a statewide commander of the task force who serves at the pleasure of the oversight council; 18 19 (3) assist the Department of Public Safety in developing an objective grant review application process that is free from 20 21 conflicts of interest; 22 (4) make funding recommendations to the commissioner of 23 public safety on grants to support efforts to combat identity 24 theft and financial crime; 25 (5) assist law enforcement agencies and victims in developing a process to collect and share information to improve 26 the investigation and prosecution of identity theft and 27 financial crime; 28 29 (6) develop and approve an operational budget for the 30 office of the statewide commander and the oversight council; and 31 (7) enter into any contracts necessary to establish and 32 maintain a relationship with retailers, financial institutions, 33 and other businesses to deal effectively with identity theft and financial crime. 34 The task force described in clause (1) may consist of members 35 36 from local law enforcement agencies, federal law enforcement

Article 9 Section 14 174

	04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1	
1	agencies, state and federal prosecutors' offices, and	
2	representatives from elderly victims, retail, financial	
3	institutions, and not-for-profit organizations.	
4	Subd. 4. [STATEWIDE COMMANDER.] (a) The Financial Crimes	
5	Task Force commander under Minnesota Statutes 2004, section	
6	299A.68, shall oversee the transition of that task force into	
7	the task force described in subdivision 3 and remain in place as	
8	its commander until July 1, 2008. On that date, the	
9	commissioner of public safety shall appoint as statewide	
10	commander the individual selected by the oversight council under	
11	subdivision 3. The commander serves in the unclassified service.	
12	(b) The commander shall:	
13	(1) coordinate and monitor all multijurisdictional identity	
14	theft and financial crime enforcement activities;	
15	(2) facilitate local efforts and ensure statewide	
16	coordination with efforts to combat identity theft and financial	
17	crime;	
18	(3) facilitate training for law enforcement and other	
19	personnel;	
20	(4) monitor compliance with investigative protocols;	
21	(5) implement an outcome evaluation and data quality	
22	control process;	
23	(6) be responsible for the selection and for cause removal	
24	of assigned task force investigators who are designated	
25	participants under a memorandum of understanding or who receive	
26	grant funding;	
27	(7) provide supervision of assigned task force	
28	investigators;	
29	(8) submit a task force operational budget to the oversight	
30	council for approval; and	
31	(9) submit quarterly task force activity reports to the	
32	oversight council.	
33	Subd. 5. [PARTICIPATING OFFICERS; EMPLOYMENT STATUS.] <u>All</u>	
34	law enforcement officers selected to participate in the task	
35	force must be licensed peace officers as defined in section	
36	626.84, subdivision 1, or qualified federal law enforcement	
A	rticle 9 Section 14 175	

officers as defined in section 626.8453. Participating officers 1 remain employees of the same entity that employed them before 2 joining any multijurisdictional entity established under this 3 section. Participating officers are not employees of the state. 4 Subd. 6. [JURISDICTION AND POWERS.] Law enforcement 5 officers participating in any multijurisdictional entity 6 established under this section have statewide jurisdiction to 7 conduct criminal investigations and have the same powers of 8 arrest as those possessed by a sheriff. The task force shall 9. retain from its predecessor the assigned originating reporting 10 number for case reporting purposes. 11 Subd. 7. [GRANTS AUTHORIZED.] The commissioner of public 12 safety, upon recommendation of the oversight council, shall make 13 grants to state and local units of government to combat identity 14 theft and financial crime. The commander, as funding permits, 15 may prepare a budget to establish four regional districts and 16 funding grant allocations programs outside the counties of 17 Hennepin, Ramsey, Anoka, Washington, and Dakota. The budget 18 must be reviewed and approved by the oversight council and 19 recommended to the commissioner to support these efforts. 20 Subd. 8. [VICTIMS ASSISTANCE PROGRAM.] (a) The oversight 21 22 council may establish a victims assistance program to assist 23 victims of economic crimes and provide prevention and awareness programs. The oversight council may retain the services of 24 25 not-for-profit organizations to assist in the development and delivery systems in aiding victims of financial crime. The 26 program may not provide any financial assistance to victims, but 27 may assist victims in obtaining police assistance and advise 28 victims in how to protect personal accounts and identities. 29 30 Services may include a victim toll-free telephone number, fax 31 number, Web site, Monday through Friday telephone service, e-mail response, and interfaces to other helpful Web sites. 32 Victims' information compiled are governed under chapter 13. 33 34 (b) The oversight council may post or communicate through 35 public service announcements in newspapers, radio, television, 36 cable access, billboards, Internet, Web sites, and other normal

Article 9 Section 14 176

1	advertising channels, a financial reward of up to \$2,000 for
2	tips leading to the apprehension and successful prosecution of
3	individuals committing economic crime. All rewards must meet
4	the oversight council's standards. The release of funds must be
5	made to an individual whose information leads to the
6	apprehension and prosecution of offenders committing economic or
7	financial crimes against citizens or businesses in Minnesota.
8	All rewards paid to an individual must be reported to the
9	Department of Revenue along with the individual's Social
10	Security number.
11	Subd. 9. [OVERSIGHT COUNCIL AND TASK FORCE IS PERMANENT.]
12	Notwithstanding section 15.059, this section does not expire.
13	Subd. 10. [FUNDING.] The oversight council may accept
14	lawful grants and in-kind contributions from any federal source
15	or legal business or individual not funded by this section for
16	general operation support, including personnel costs. These
17	grants or in-kind contributions are not to be directed toward
18	the case of a particular victim or business. The oversight
19	council's fiscal agent shall handle all funds approved by the
20	oversight council, including in-kind contributions.
21	Subd. 11. [FORFEITURE.] Property seized by the task force
22	is subject to forfeiture pursuant to sections 609.531, 609.5312,
23	609.5313, and 609.5315 if ownership cannot be established. The
24	council shall receive the proceeds from the sale of all property
25	properly seized and forfeited.
26	Subd. 12. [TRANSFER EQUIPMENT FROM CURRENT TASK
27	FORCE.] All equipment possessed by the task force described in
28	Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 299A.68, is transferred to the
29	oversight council for use by the task force described in this
30	section.
31	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
32	Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 299C.65,
33	subdivision 1, is amended to read:
34	Subdivision 1. [MEMBERSHIP, DUTIES.] (a) The Criminal and
35	Juvenile Justice Information Policy Group consists of the
36	commissioner of corrections, the commissioner of public safety,

Article 9 Section 15 177

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

the commissioner of administration, the commissioner of finance, and four members of the judicial branch appointed by the chief justice of the Supreme Court, and the chair and first vice chair of the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information Task Force.
The policy group may appoint additional, nonvoting members as necessary from time to time.

(b) The commissioner of public safety is designated as the 7 chair of the policy group. The commissioner and the policy 8 group have overall responsibility for the successful completion 9 10 of statewide criminal justice information system integration (CriMNet). The policy group may hire a-program-manager an 11 executive director to manage the CriMNet projects and to be 12 responsible for the day-to-day operations of CriMNet. The 13 executive director shall serve at the pleasure of the policy 14 group in unclassified service. The policy group must ensure 15 that generally accepted project management techniques are 16 utilized for each CriMNet project, including: 17

18 (1) clea

(1) clear sponsorship;

19 (2) scope management;

20 (3) project planning, control, and execution;

21 (4) continuous risk assessment and mitigation;

22 (5) cost management;

23 (6) quality management reviews;

24 (7) communications management; and

25 (8) proven methodology; and

26 (9) education and training.

(c) Products and services for CriMNet project management,
system design, implementation, and application hosting must be
acquired using an appropriate procurement process, which
includes:

(1) a determination of required products and services;
(2) a request for proposal development and identification
of potential sources;

34 (3) competitive bid solicitation, evaluation, and35 selection; and

36 (4) contract administration and close-out.

Article 9 Section 15 178

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1 (d) The policy group shall study and make recommendations 2 to the governor, the Supreme Court, and the legislature on: 3 (1) a framework for integrated criminal justice information 4 systems, including the development and maintenance of a community data model for state, county, and local criminal 5 justice information; 6 (2) the responsibilities of each entity within the criminal 7 and juvenile justice systems concerning the collection, 8 maintenance, dissemination, and sharing of criminal justice 9 10 information with one another; (3) actions necessary to ensure that information maintained 11 in the criminal justice information systems is accurate and 12 up-to-date; 13 (4) the development of an information system containing 14 criminal justice information on gross misdemeanor-level and 15 felony-level juvenile offenders that is part of the integrated 16 17 criminal justice information system framework; (5) the development of an information system containing 18 criminal justice information on misdemeanor arrests, 19 prosecutions, and convictions that is part of the integrated 20 criminal justice information system framework; 21

(6) comprehensive training programs and requirements for
all individuals in criminal justice agencies to ensure the
quality and accuracy of information in those systems;

(7) continuing education requirements for individuals in
criminal justice agencies who are responsible for the
collection, maintenance, dissemination, and sharing of criminal
justice data;

(8) a periodic audit process to ensure the quality and
accuracy of information contained in the criminal justice
information systems;

(9) the equipment, training, and funding needs of the state
and local agencies that participate in the criminal justice
information systems;

(10) the impact of integrated criminal justice information
systems on individual privacy rights;

Article 9 Section 15 179

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

(11) the impact of proposed legislation on the criminal 1 justice system, including any fiscal impact, need for training, 2 3 changes in information systems, and changes in processes; (12) the collection of data on race and ethnicity in 4 criminal justice information systems; 5 (13) the development of a tracking system for domestic 6 7 abuse orders for protection; 8 (14) processes for expungement, correction of inaccurate records, destruction of records, and other matters relating to 9 the privacy interests of individuals; and 10 11 (15) the development of a database for extended 12 jurisdiction juvenile records and whether the records should be public or private and how long they should be retained. 13 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005. 14 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 299C.65, 15 subdivision 2, is amended to read: 16 Subd. 2. [REPORT, TASK FORCE.] (a)-The-policy-group-shall 17 18 file-an-annual-report-with-the-governor,-Supreme-Court,-and 19 chairs-and-ranking-minority-members-of-the-senate-and-house 20 committees-and-divisions-with-jurisdiction-over-criminal-justice 21 funding-and-policy-by-Becember-1-of-each-year. 22 (b)-The-report-must-make-recommendations-concerning-any 23 legislative-changes-or-appropriations-that-are-needed-to-ensure 24 that-the-criminal-justice-information-systems-operate-accurately 25 and-efficiently--- To-assist-them-in-developing-their 26 recommendations, The policy group shall appoint a task force 27 consisting to assist them in their duties. The task force shall 28 monitor, review, and report to the policy group on CriMNet-related projects and provide oversight to ongoing 29 30 operations as directed by the policy group. The task force shall consist of its-members-or-their-designees-and the 31 32 following additional members: (1) the-director-of-the-Office-of-Strategic-and-Long-Range 33 34 Planning; 35 (2) two sheriffs recommended by the Minnesota Sheriffs

Article 9 Section 16 180

36

Association;

1 (3) (2) two police chiefs recommended by the Minnesota Chiefs of Police Association; 2 3 (4) (3) two county attorneys recommended by the Minnesota County Attorneys Association; 4 5 (5) (4) two city attorneys recommended by the Minnesota League of Cities; 6 7 (6) (5) two public defenders appointed by the Board of Public Defense; 8 9 (7) (6) two district judges appointed by the Conference of 10 Chief Judges, one of whom is currently assigned to the juvenile court; 11 12 (8) (7) two community corrections administrators 13 recommended by the Minnesota Association of Counties, one of whom represents a community corrections act county; 14 15 (9) (8) two probation officers; (10) (9) four public members, one of whom has been a victim 16 17 of crime, and two who are representatives of the private business community who have expertise in integrated information 18 19 systems; 20 (11) two court administrators; (12) (11) one member of the house of representatives 21 22 appointed by the speaker of the house; (12) one member of the senate appointed by the 23 majority leader; 24 25 (13) the attorney general or a designee; (15)-the-commissioner-of-administration-or-a-designee; 26 (14) an individual recommended by the Minnesota League 27 of Cities; and 28 (17) (15) an individual recommended by the Minnesota 29 Association of Counties; 30 (16) the director of the Sentencing Guidelines Commission; 31 (17) one member appointed by the commissioner of public 32 safety; 33 (18) one member appointed by the commissioner of 34 35 corrections; (19) one member appointed by the commissioner of 36 Article 9 Section 16 181

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1 04/22/05 1 administration; and (20) one member appointed by the chief justice of the 2 3 Supreme Court. In making these appointments, the appointing authority shall 4 select members with expertise in integrated data systems or best 5 practices. 6 (e) The commissioner of public safety may appoint 7 additional, nonvoting members to the task force as necessary 8 from time to time. 9 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005. 10 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 299C.65, is 11 amended by adding a subdivision to read: 12 13 Subd. 3a. [REPORT.] The policy group, with the assistance of the task force, shall file an annual report with the 14 governor, Supreme Court, and chairs and ranking minority members 15 16 of the senate and house committees and divisions with jurisdiction over criminal justice funding and policy by January 17 15 of each year. The report must provide the following: 18 (a) status and review of current integration efforts and 19 20 projects; 21 (b) recommendations concerning any legislative changes or appropriations that are needed to ensure that the criminal 22 23 justice information systems operate accurately and efficiently; 24 and 25 (c) summary of the activities of the policy group and task 26 force. 27 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005. Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 299C.65, 28 29 subdivision 5, is amended to read: Subd. 5. [REVIEW OF FUNDING AND GRANT REQUESTS.] (a) The 30 Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information Policy Group shall 31 review the funding requests for criminal justice information 32 systems from state, county, and municipal government agencies. 33 34 The policy group shall review the requests for compatibility to statewide criminal justice information system standards. 35 The review shall be forwarded to the chairs and ranking minority 36

Article 9

Section 18

182

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

members of the house and senate committees and divisions with 1 jurisdiction over criminal justice funding and policy. 2 3 (b) The policy-group-shall-also-review-funding-requests-for 4 criminal-justice-information-systems-grants-to-be-made-by-the 5 commissioner-of-public-safety-as-provided-in-this-section-Within-the-limits-of-available-appropriations7-the-commissioner 6 of-public-safety-shall-make-grants-for-projects-that-have-been 7 approved-by-the-policy-group. CriMNet program office, in 8 9 consultation with the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information 10 Task Force and with the approval of the policy group, shall create the requirements for any grant request and determine the 11 12 integration priorities for the grant period. The CriMNet 13 program office shall also review the requests submitted for 14 compatibility to statewide criminal justice information systems 15 standards. 16 (c) If-a-funding-request-is-for-development-of-a 17 comprehensive-criminal-justice-information-integration-plan-the 18 policy-group-shall-ensure-that-the-request-contains-the 19 components-specified-in-subdivision-6---If-a-funding-request-is 20 for-implementation-of-a-plan-or-other-criminal-justice 21 information-systems-project7-the-policy-group-shall-ensure-that: 22 (1)-the-government-agency-has-adopted-a-comprehensive-plan 23 that-complies-with-subdivision-6; 24 (2)-the-request-contains-the-components-specified-in subdivision-7;-and 25 26 (3)-the-request-demonstrates-that-it-is-consistent-with-the government-agency's-comprehensive-plan. The task force shall 27 review funding requests for criminal justice information systems 28 grants and make recommendations to the policy group. The policy 29 group shall review the recommendations of the task force and 30 shall make a final recommendation for criminal justice 31 information systems grants to be made by the commissioner of 32 33 public safety. Within the limits of available state appropriations and federal grants, the commissioner of public 34 safety shall make grants for projects that have been recommended 35 36 by the policy group.

Article 9 Section 18 183

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1	(d) The policy group may approve grants only if the
2	applicant provides an appropriate share of matching funds as
3	determined by the policy group to help pay up to one-half of the
4	costs of the grant request. The matching requirement must be
5	constant for all counties. The policy group shall adopt
6	policies concerning the use of in-kind resources to satisfy the
7	match requirement and the sources from which matching funds may
8	be obtained. Local operational or technology staffing costs may
9	be considered as meeting this match requirement. Each grant
10	recipient shall certify to the policy group that it has not
11	reduced funds from local, county, federal, or other sources
12	which, in the absence of the grant, would have been made
13	available to the grant recipient to improve or integrate
14	criminal justice technology.
15	(e) All grant recipients shall submit to the CriMNet
16	program office all requested documentation including grant
17	status, financial reports, and a final report evaluating how the
18	grant funds improved the agency's criminal justice integration
19	priorities. The CriMNet program office shall establish the
20	recipient's reporting dates at the time funds are awarded.
21	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
22	Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 340A.301,
23	subdivision 6, is amended to read:
24	Subd. 6. [FEES.] The annual fees for licenses under this
25	section are as follows:
26	(a) Manufacturers (except as provided
27	in clauses (b) and (c)) \$157000 \$30,000
28	Duplicates \$ 3,000
29	(b) Manufacturers of wines of not more
30	than 25 percent alcohol by volume \$500
31	(c) Brewers other than those described
32	in clauses (d) and (i) \$ 27500 4,000
33	(d) Brewers who also hold one or more
34	retail on-sale licenses and who
35	manufacture fewer than 3,500 barrels
36	of malt liquor in a year, at any one

Article 9 Section 19 184

1 licensed premises, using only wort produced 2 in Minnesota, the entire 3 production of which is solely for consumption on tap on the 4 5 licensed premises or for off-sale 6 from that licensed premises. 7 A brewer licensed 8 under this clause must obtain a separate license for each licensed premises where 9 10 the brewer brews malt liquor. A brewer 11 licensed under this clause may not be 12 licensed as an importer under this chapter \$ 500 13 (e) Wholesalers (except as provided in clauses (f), (g), and (h)) 14 \$15,000 15 Duplicates \$ 3,000 16 (f) Wholesalers of wines of not more 17 than 25 percent alcohol by volume \$ 27000 3,750 (g) Wholesalers of intoxicating 18 malt liquor 19 \$ 600 1,000 20 Duplicates \$ 25 (h) Wholesalers of 3.2 percent 21 22 malt liquor \$ 10 (i) Brewers who manufacture fewer than 23 2,000 barrels of malt liquor in a year Ŝ 150 24 If a business licensed under this section is destroyed, or 25 damaged to the extent that it cannot be carried on, or if it 26 ceases because of the death or illness of the licensee, the 27 commissioner may refund the license fee for the balance of the 28 license period to the licensee or to the licensee's estate. 29 30 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005. Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 340A.302, 31 32 subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. [FEES.] Annual fees for licenses under this 33 section, which must accompany the application, are as follows: 34 Importers of distilled spirits, wine, 35 \$420 or ethyl alcohol 36 Article 9 Section 20

185

[COUNSEL] KPB

SC4098-1

04/22/05

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

1Importers of malt liquor\$0003If an application is denied, \$100 of the fee shall be4retained by the commissioner to cover costs of investigation.5[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.6Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 340A.311, is7amended to read:

8

340A.311 [BRAND REGISTRATION.]

(a) A brand of intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt 9 liquor may not be manufactured, imported into, or sold in the 10 state unless the brand label has been registered with and 11 approved by the commissioner. A brand registration must be 12 renewed every three years in order to remain in effect. The fee 13 for an initial brand registration is $\$3\theta$ \$40. The fee for brand 14 registration renewal is \$20 \$30. The brand label of a brand of 15 intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt liquor for which the 16 brand registration has expired, is conclusively deemed abandoned 17 18 by the manufacturer or importer.

(b) In this section "brand" and "brand label" includetrademarks and designs used in connection with labels.

(c) The label of any brand of wine or intoxicating or nonintoxicating malt beverage may be registered only by the brand owner or authorized agent. No such brand may be imported into the state for sale without the consent of the brand owner or authorized agent. This section does not limit the provisions of section 340A.307.

(d) The commissioner shall refuse to register a malt liquor brand label, and shall revoke the registration of a malt liquor brand label already registered, if the brand label states or implies in a false or misleading manner a connection with an actual living or dead American Indian leader. This paragraph does not apply to a brand label registered for the first time in Minnesota before January 1, 1992.

34 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
35 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 340A.404,
36 subdivision 12, is amended to read:

[COUNSEL] KPB

SC4098-1

1 Subd. 12. [CATERER'S PERMIT.] The commissioner may issue a 2 caterer's permit to a restaurant that holds an on-sale 3 intoxicating liquor license issued by any municipality. The 4 holder of a caterer's permit may sell intoxicating liquor as an 5 incidental part of a food service that serves prepared meals at 6 a place other than the premises for which the holder's on-sale 7 intoxicating liquor license is issued.

8 (a) A caterer's permit is auxiliary to the primary on-sale9 license held by the licensee.

10 (b) The restrictions and regulations which apply to the 11 sale of intoxicating liquor on the licensed premises also apply 12 to the sale under the authority of a caterer's permit, and any 13 act that is prohibited on the licensed premises is also 14 prohibited when the licensee is operating other than on the 15 licensed premises under a caterer's permit.

(c) Any act, which if done on the licensed premises would
be grounds for cancellation or suspension of the on-sale
licensee, is grounds for cancellation of both the on-sale
license and the caterer's permit if done when the permittee is
operating away from the licensed premises under the authority of
the caterer's permit.

(d) The permittee shall notify prior to any catered event:
(1) the police chief of the city where the event will take
place, if the event will take place within the corporate limits
of a city; or

(2) the county sheriff of the county where the event will
take place, if the event will be outside the corporate limits of
any city.

(e) If the primary license ceases to be valid for any
reason, the caterer's permit ceases to be valid.

(f) Permits issued under this subdivision are subject to
all laws and ordinances governing the sale of intoxicating
liquor except those laws and ordinances which by their nature
are not applicable.

35 (g) The annual state fee for a caterer's permit
36 is \$200 \$300.

Article 9 Section 22 187

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
2	Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 340A.408,
3	subdivision 4, is amended to read:
4	Subd. 4. [LAKE SUPERIOR, ST. CROIX RIVER, AND MISSISSIPPI
5	RIVER TOUR BOATS; COMMON CARRIERS.] (a) The annual license fee
6	for licensing of Lake Superior, St. Croix River, and Mississippi
7	River tour boats under section 340A.404, subdivision 8, shall be
8	\$1,500. The commissioner shall transmit one-half of this
9	fee to the governing body of the city that is the home port of
10	the tour boat or to the county in which the home port is located
11	if the home port is outside a city.
12	(b) The annual license fee for common carriers licensed
13	under section 340A.407 is:
14	(1) \$50 for 3.2 percent malt liquor, and \$20 for a
15	duplicate license; and
16	(2) $\$200$ $\$250$ for intoxicating liquor, and $\$20$ $\$30$ for a
17	duplicate license.
18	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
19	Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 340A.414,
20	subdivision 6, is amended to read:
21	Subd. 6. [PERMIT FEES.] The annual fee for issuance of a
22	permit under this section is $$150$ $$250$. The governing body of a
23	city or county where the establishment is located may impose an
24	additional fee of not more than \$300.
25	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
26	Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 340A.504,
27	subdivision 3, is amended to read:
28	Subd. 3. [INTOXICATING LIQUOR; SUNDAY SALES; ON-SALE.] (a)
29	A restaurant, club, bowling center, or hotel with a seating
30	capacity for at least 30 persons and which holds an on-sale
31	intoxicating liquor license may sell intoxicating liquor for
32	consumption on the premises in conjunction with the sale of food
33	between the hours of 12:00 noon on Sundays and 2:00 a.m. on

34 Mondays.

(b) The governing body of a municipality may after one 35 public hearing by ordinance permit a restaurant, hotel, bowling 36

on

Article 9 Section 25 188

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

center, or club to sell alcoholic beverages for consumption on
 the premises in conjunction with the sale of food between the
 hours of 10:00 a.m. on Sundays and 2:00 a.m. on Mondays,
 provided that the licensee is in conformance with the Minnesota
 Clean Air Act.

6 (c) An establishment serving intoxicating liquor on Sundays 7 must obtain a Sunday license. The license must be issued by the 8 governing body of the municipality for a period of one year, and 9 the fee for the license may not exceed \$200.

10 (d) A city may issue a Sunday intoxicating liquor license only if authorized to do so by the voters of the city voting on 11 12 the question at a general or special election. A county may issue a Sunday intoxicating liquor license in a town only if 13 14 authorized to do so by the voters of the town as provided in paragraph (e). A county may issue a Sunday intoxicating liquor 15 16 license in unorganized territory only if authorized to do so by 17 the voters of the election precinct that contains the licensed premises, voting on the question at a general or special 18 election. 19

(e) An election conducted in a town on the question of the
issuance by the county of Sunday sales licenses to
establishments located in the town must be held on the day of
the annual election of town officers.

(f) Voter approval is not required for licenses issued by
the Metropolitan Airports Commission or common carrier licenses
issued by the commissioner. Common carriers serving
intoxicating liquor on Sunday must obtain a Sunday license from
the commissioner at an annual fee of \$50 \$75, plus \$20 \$30 for
each duplicate.

30 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
31 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 340A.504,
32 subdivision 7, is amended to read:

33 Subd. 7. [SALES AFTER 1:00 A.M.; PERMIT FEE.] (a) No 34 licensee may sell intoxicating liquor or 3.2 percent malt liquor 35 on-sale between the hours of 1:00 a.m. and 2:00 a.m. unless the 36 licensee has obtained a permit from the commissioner.

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

1 Application for the permit must be on a form the commissioner 2 prescribes. Permits are effective for one year from date of 3 issuance. For retailers of intoxicating liquor, the fee for the 4 permit is based on the licensee's gross receipts from on-sales 5 of alcoholic beverages in the 12 months prior to the month in 6 which the permit is issued, and is at the following rates:

7

(1) up to \$100,000 in gross receipts, \$200 <u>\$300;</u>

8 (2) over \$100,000 but not over \$500,000 in gross receipts,
9 \$500 \$750; and

(3) over \$500,000 in gross receipts, \$600 \$1,000.
For a licensed retailer of intoxicating liquor who did not sell
intoxicating liquor at on-sale for a full 12 months prior to the
month in which the permit is issued, the fee is \$200. For a
retailer of 3.2 percent malt liquor, the fee is \$200.

(b) The commissioner shall deposit all permit fees received
under this subdivision in the alcohol enforcement account in the
special revenue fund.

(c) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the
commissioner of revenue may furnish to the commissioner the
information necessary to administer and enforce this subdivision.

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 357.021,
subdivision 2, is amended to read:

[FEE AMOUNTS.] The fees to be charged and 24 Subd. 2. 25 collected by the court administrator shall be as follows: (1) In every civil action or proceeding in said court, 26 including any case arising under the tax laws of the state that 27 could be transferred or appealed to the Tax Court, the 28 plaintiff, petitioner, or other moving party shall pay, when the 29 30 first paper is filed for that party in said action, a fee of 31 \$235 <u>\$240</u>.

The defendant or other adverse or intervening party, or any one or more of several defendants or other adverse or intervening parties appearing separately from the others, shall pay, when the first paper is filed for that party in said action, a fee of \$235.

Article 9 Section 27

190

1 The party requesting a trial by jury shall pay \$75. 2 The fees above stated shall be the full trial fee chargeable to said parties irrespective of whether trial be to 3 the court alone, to the court and jury, or disposed of without 4 trial, and shall include the entry of judgment in the action, 5 but does not include copies or certified copies of any papers so 6 7 filed or proceedings under chapter 103E, except the provisions therein as to appeals. 8

9 (2) Certified copy of any instrument from a civil or criminal proceeding, \$10, and \$5 for an uncertified copy. 10

11 (3) Issuing a subpoena, \$12 for each name.

(4) Filing a motion or response to a motion in civil, 12 family, excluding child support, and guardianship cases, \$55. 13

(5) Issuing an execution and filing the return thereof; 14 issuing a writ of attachment, injunction, habeas corpus, 15 mandamus, quo warranto, certiorari, or other writs not 16 17 specifically mentioned, \$40.

(6) Issuing a transcript of judgment, or for filing and 18 docketing a transcript of judgment from another court, \$30. 19

(7) Filing and entering a satisfaction of judgment, partial 20 satisfaction, or assignment of judgment, \$5. 21

(8) Certificate as to existence or nonexistence of 22 judgments docketed, \$5 for each name certified to. 23

(9) Filing and indexing trade name; or recording basic 24 25 science certificate; or recording certificate of physicians, osteopaths, chiropractors, veterinarians, or optometrists, \$5. 26

(10) For the filing of each partial, final, or annual 27 account in all trusteeships, \$40. 28

29

(11) For the deposit of a will, \$20.

(12) For recording notary commission, \$100, of which, 30 notwithstanding subdivision 1a, paragraph (b), \$80 must be 31 forwarded to the commissioner of finance to be deposited in the 32 state treasury and credited to the general fund. 33

(13) Filing a motion or response to a motion for 34 modification of child support, a fee fixed by rule or order of 35 the Supreme Court. 36

Article 9 Section 27 191

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

(14) All other services required by law for which no fee is 1 provided, such fee as compares favorably with those herein 2 provided, or such as may be fixed by rule or order of the court. 3 (15) In addition to any other filing fees under this 4 chapter, a surcharge in the amount of \$75 must be assessed in 5 accordance with section 259.52, subdivision 14, for each 6 adoption petition filed in district court to fund the fathers' 7 adoption registry under section 259.52. 8

9 The fees in clauses (3) and (5) need not be paid by a 10 public authority or the party the public authority represents.

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 357.021,
subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [SURCHARGES ON CRIMINAL AND TRAFFIC OFFENDERS.] 14 (a) The court shall impose and the court administrator shall 15 collect a \$60 <u>\$71</u> surcharge on every person convicted of any 16 felony, gross misdemeanor, misdemeanor, or petty misdemeanor 17 18 offense, other than a violation of a law or ordinance relating 19 to vehicle parking, for which there shall be a \$3 surcharge. In the Second Judicial District, the court shall impose, and the 20 court administrator shall collect, an additional \$1 surcharge on 21 every person convicted of any felony, gross misdemeanor, or 22 petty misdemeanor offense, other than a violation of a law or 23 ordinance relating to vehicle parking, if the Ramsey County 24 25 Board of Commissioners authorizes the \$1 surcharge. The surcharge shall be imposed whether or not the person is 26 27 sentenced to imprisonment or the sentence is stayed.

(b) If the court fails to impose a surcharge as required by
this subdivision, the court administrator shall show the
imposition of the surcharge, collect the surcharge and correct
the record.

(c) The court may not waive payment of the surcharge
required under this subdivision. Upon a showing of indigency or
undue hardship upon the convicted person or the convicted
person's immediate family, the sentencing court may authorize
payment of the surcharge in installments.

Section 28

192

(d) The court administrator or other entity collecting a
 surcharge shall forward it to the commissioner of finance.

(e) If the convicted person is sentenced to imprisonment 3 and has not paid the surcharge before the term of imprisonment 4 5 begins, the chief executive officer of the correctional facility in which the convicted person is incarcerated shall collect the 6 surcharge from any earnings the inmate accrues from work 7 performed in the facility or while on conditional release. 8 The 9 chief executive officer shall forward the amount collected to 10 the commissioner of finance.

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 357.021,
 subdivision 7, is amended to read:

14 Subd. 7. [DISBURSEMENT OF SURCHARGES BY COMMISSIONER OF 15 FINANCE.] (a) Except as provided in paragraphs (b), (c), and 16 (d), the commissioner of finance shall disburse surcharges 17 received under subdivision 6 and section 97A.065, subdivision 2, 18 as follows:

(1) one percent shall be credited to the game and fish fund
to provide peace officer training for employees of the
Department of Natural Resources who are licensed under sections
626.84 to 626.863, and who possess peace officer authority for
the purpose of enforcing game and fish laws;

(2) 39 percent shall be credited to the peace officerstraining account in the special revenue fund; and

(3) 60 percent shall be credited to the general fund.
(b) The commissioner of finance shall credit \$3 of each
surcharge received under subdivision 6 and section 97A.065,
subdivision 2, to the general fund.

(c) In addition to any amounts credited under paragraph
(a), the commissioner of finance shall credit \$32 \$43 of each
surcharge received under subdivision 6 and section 97A.065,
subdivision 2, and the \$3 parking surcharge, to the general fund.
(d) If the Ramsey County Board of Commissioners authorizes
imposition of the additional \$1 surcharge provided for in
subdivision 6, paragraph (a), the court administrator in the

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

Second Judicial District shall withhold \$1 from each surcharge 1 collected under subdivision 6. The court administrator must use 2 the withheld funds solely to fund the petty misdemeanor 3 diversion program administered by the Ramsey County Violations 4 Bureau. The court administrator must transfer any unencumbered 5 portion of the funds received under this subdivision to the 6 commissioner of finance for distribution according to paragraphs 7 8 (a) to (c). [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005. 9 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 357.18, 10 subdivision 3, is amended to read: 11 Subd. 3. [SURCHARGE.] In addition to the fees imposed in 12

12 Subd: 5. [Bokenmedn,] in dediction to the foce improved in 13 subdivision 1, a \$4.50 \$10.50 surcharge shall be collected: on 14 each fee charged under subdivision 1, clauses (1) and (6), and 15 for each abstract certificate under subdivision 1, clause (4). 16 Fifty cents of each surcharge shall be retained by the county to 17 cover its administrative costs and \$4 \$10 shall be paid to the 18 state treasury and credited to the general fund.

19 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
20 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 508.82,
21 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

22 Subdivision 1. [STANDARD DOCUMENTS.] The fees to be paid 23 to the registrar shall be as follows:

(1) of the fees provided herein, five percent of the fees 24 25 collected under clauses (3), (5), (11), (13), (14), (16), and (17), for filing or memorializing shall be paid to the 26 commissioner of finance and credited to the general fund; plus a 27 28 \$4.50 \$10.50 surcharge shall be charged and collected in addition to the total fees charged for each transaction under 29 30 clauses (2), (3), (5), (11), (13), (14), (16), and (17), with 50 cents of this surcharge to be retained by the county to cover 31 its administrative costs, and \$4 <u>\$10</u> to be paid to the state 32 33 treasury and credited to the general fund;

34 (2) for registering a first certificate of title, including
35 issuing a copy of it, \$30;

36 (3) for registering each instrument transferring the fee

Article 9 Section 31

194

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

simple title for which a new certificate of title is issued and
 for the registration of the new certificate of title, including
 a copy of it, \$30;

4 (4) for issuance of a CECT pursuant to section 508.351,5 \$15;

(5) for the entry of each memorial on a certificate, \$15;
(6) for issuing each residue certificate, \$20;

8 (7) for exchange certificates, \$10 for each certificate
9 canceled and \$10 for each new certificate issued;

10 (8) for each certificate showing condition of the register, 11 \$10;

(9) for any certified copy of any instrument or writing on
file in the registrar's office, the same fees allowed by law to
county recorders for like services;

(10) for a noncertified copy of any certificate of title, other than the copies issued under clauses (2) and (3), any instrument or writing on file in the office of the registrar of titles, or any specified page or part of it, an amount as determined by the county board for each page or fraction of a page specified. If computer or microfilm printers are used to reproduce the instrument or writing, a like amount per image;

(11) for filing two copies of any plat in the office of theregistrar, \$30;

(12) for any other service under this chapter, such fee asthe court shall determine;

(13) for filing an amendment to a declaration in accordance
with chapter 515, \$10 for each certificate upon which the
document is registered and \$30 for an amended floor plan filed
in accordance with chapter 515;

(14) for filing an amendment to a common interest community
declaration and plat or amendment complying with section
515B.2-110, subsection (c), \$10 for each certificate upon which
the document is registered and \$30 for the filing of the
condominium or common interest community plat or amendment;
(15) for a copy of a condominium floor plan filed in
accordance with chapter 515, or a copy of a common interest

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

community plat complying with section 515B.2-110, subsection
 (c), the fee shall be \$1 for each page of the floor plan or
 common interest community plat with a minimum fee of \$10;

4 (16) for the filing of a certified copy of a plat of the 5 survey pursuant to section 508.23 or 508.671, \$10;

6 (17) for filing a registered land survey in triplicate in 7 accordance with section 508.47, subdivision 4, \$30; and

8 (18) for furnishing a certified copy of a registered land
9 survey in accordance with section 508.47, subdivision 4, \$10.
10 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.

11 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 508A.82, 12 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

13 Subdivision 1. [STANDARD DOCUMENTS.] The fees to be paid 14 to the registrar shall be as follows:

15 (1) of the fees provided herein, five percent of the fees collected under clauses (3), (5), (11), (13), (14), and (17), 16 17 for filing or memorializing shall be paid to the commissioner of finance and credited to the general fund; plus a \$4.50 \$10.50 18 surcharge shall be charged and collected in addition to the 19 total fees charged for each transaction under clauses (2), (3), 20 (5), (11), (13), (14), and (17), with 50 cents of this surcharge 21 to be retained by the county to cover its administrative costs, 22 23 and \$4 \$10 to be paid to the state treasury and credited to the general fund; 24

(2) for registering a first CPT, including issuing a copy
of it, \$30;

(3) for registering each instrument transferring the fee
simple title for which a new CPT is issued and for the
registration of the new CPT, including a copy of it, \$30;
(4) for issuance of a CECT pursuant to section 508A.351,
\$15;

32 (5) for the entry of each memorial on a CPT, \$15;
33 (6) for issuing each residue CPT, \$20;

34 (7) for exchange CPTs or combined certificates of title,
35 \$10 for each CPT and certificate of title canceled and \$10 for
36 each new CPT or combined certificate of title issued;

Article 9 Section 32 196

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

(8) for each CPT showing condition of the register, \$10;
 (9) for any certified copy of any instrument or writing on
 file in the registrar's office, the same fees allowed by law to
 county recorders for like services;

5 (10) for a noncertified copy of any CPT, other than the 6 copies issued under clauses (2) and (3), any instrument or 7 writing on file in the office of the registrar of titles, or any 8 specified page or part of it, an amount as determined by the 9 county board for each page or fraction of a page specified. If 10 computer or microfilm printers are used to reproduce the 11 instrument or writing, a like amount per image;

12 (11) for filing two copies of any plat in the office of the13 registrar, \$30;

14 (12) for any other service under sections 508A.01 to
15 508A.85, the fee the court shall determine;

(13) for filing an amendment to a declaration in accordance
with chapter 515, \$10 for each certificate upon which the
document is registered and \$30 for an amended floor plan filed
in accordance with chapter 515;

(14) for filing an amendment to a common interest community
declaration and plat or amendment complying with section
515B.2-110, subsection (c), and issuing a CECT if required, \$10
for each certificate upon which the document is registered and
\$30 for the filing of the condominium or common interest
community plat or amendment;

(15) for a copy of a condominium floor plan filed in
accordance with chapter 515, or a copy of a common interest
community plat complying with section 515B.2-110, subsection
(c), the fee shall be \$1 for each page of the floor plan, or
common interest community plat with a minimum fee of \$10;

(16) in counties in which the compensation of the examiner of titles is paid in the same manner as the compensation of other county employees, for each parcel of land contained in the application for a CPT, as the number of parcels is determined by the examiner, a fee which is reasonable and which reflects the actual cost to the county, established by the board of county

Article 9 Section 32 197

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

04/22/05

commissioners of the county in which the land is located;

(17) for filing a registered land survey in triplicate in
accordance with section 508A.47, subdivision 4, \$30; and

4 (18) for furnishing a certified copy of a registered land
5 survey in accordance with section 508A.47, subdivision 4, \$10.

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.

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Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 604.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ACTS CONSTITUTING.] (a) The owner of a vehicle 9 that receives motor fuel that was not paid for is liable to the 10 retailer for the price of the motor fuel received and a service 11 12 charge of up-to-\$207-or-the-actual-costs-of-collection-not-to exceed \$30. This charge may be imposed immediately upon the 13 mailing of the notice under subdivision 3, if notice of the 14 15 service charge was conspicuously displayed on the premises from which the motor fuel was received. The notice must include a 16 statement that additional civil penalties will be imposed if 17 payment is not received within 30 days. Only one service charge 18 may be imposed under this paragraph for each incident. If a law 19 enforcement agency obtains payment for the motor fuel on behalf 20 of the retailer, the service charge may be retained by the law 21 enforcement agency for its expenses. 22

(b) If the price of the motor fuel received is not paid 23 within 30 days after the retailer has mailed notice under 24 subdivision 3, the owner is liable to the retailer for the price 25 of the motor fuel received, the service charge as provided in 26 paragraph (a), plus a civil penalty not to exceed \$100 or the 27 price of the motor fuel, whichever is greater. In determining 28 the amount of the penalty, the court shall consider the amount 29 30 of the fuel taken and the reason for the nonpayment. The retailer shall also be entitled to: 31

32 (1) interest at the legal rate for judgments under section
33 549.09 from the date of nonpayment; and

34 (2) reasonable attorney fees, but not to exceed \$500.
35 The civil penalty may not be imposed until 30 days after
36 the mailing of the notice under subdivision 3.

Article 9 Section 33 198

1	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005,
2	and applies to acts committed on or after that date.
3	Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 604.15, is
4	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
5	Subd. 5. [NOT A BAR TO CRIMINAL LIABILITY.] Civil
6	liability under this section does not preclude criminal
7	liability under applicable law.
8	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
9	following final enactment.
10	Sec. 35. [HOMELESSNESS PILOT PROJECTS; GRANTS.]
11	Subdivision 1. [GRANTS.] The commissioner of public
12	safety, in consultation with the director of ending long-term
13	homelessness, the Ending Long-Term Homelessness Advisory
14	Council, and the Department of Human Services Office of Economic
15	Opportunity, shall award grants for homeless outreach and to
16	provide a bridge to stable housing and services. The
17	commissioner shall award grants to qualified applicants in
18	Hennepin County, Ramsey County, and one county outside the
19	seven-county metropolitan area. An entity outside the
20	seven-county metropolitan area receiving a grant under this
21	section shall provide a 25 percent match. An entity within the
22	seven-county metropolitan area receiving a grant under this
23	section shall provide a 50 percent match. Grants must be used
24	for homelessness pilot projects of a two-year duration that
25	reduce recidivism and promote stronger communities through
26	street and shelter outreach to connect people experiencing
27	homelessness to housing and services.
28	Subd. 2. [APPLICATIONS.] An applicant for a grant under
29	subdivision 1 must establish that:
30	(1) the applicant is experienced in homeless outreach
31	services and will have staff qualified to work with people with
32	serious mental illness, chemical dependency, and other factors
33	contributing to homelessness;
34	(2) the applicant employs outreach staff who are trained
35	and qualified to work with racially and culturally diverse
36	populations;

Article 9 Section 35 199

[COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1

1	(3) outreach services will be targeted to, but not limited
2	to, people experiencing long-term homelessness, and people who
3	have had repeated interactions with law enforcement;
4	(4) outreach services will provide intervention strategies
5	linking people to housing and services as an alternative to
6	arrest;
7	(5) the applicant has a plan to connect people experiencing
8	homelessness to services for which they may be eligible such as
9	supplemental security income, veterans benefits, health care,
10	housing assistance, and long-term support programs for those
11	with serious mental illness;
12	(6) the applicant's project will promote community
13	collaboration with local law enforcement, local and county
14	governments, social services providers, mental health crisis
15	providers, and other community organizations to address
16	homelessness;
17	(7) the applicant has a plan to leverage resources from the
18	entities listed in clause (6) and other private sources to
19	accomplish the goal of moving people into housing and services;
20	and
21	(8) the applicant has a plan for evaluation of the
22	applicant's pilot project that is designed to measure the
23	program's effectiveness in connecting people experiencing
24	homelessness to housing and services and reducing the use of
25	public safety and corrections resources.
26	Subd. 3. [ANNUAL REPORT.] Grant recipients shall report to
27	the commissioner by June 30, 2006, and June 30, 2007, on the
28	services provided, expenditures of grant money, and an
29	evaluation of the program's success in: (1) connecting
30	individuals experiencing homelessness to housing and services;
31	and (2) reducing the use of public safety and corrections
32	resources. The commissioner shall submit reports to the chairs
33	and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and
34	senate committees having jurisdiction over public safety and
35	health and human services by November 1, 2006, and November 1,
36	2007. The commissioner's reports must explain how the grant

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		04/22/05 [COUNSEL] KPB SC4098-1
	1	proceeds were used and evaluate the effectiveness of the pilot
	2	projects funded by the grants.
	3	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
	4	Sec. 36. [SPECIAL REVENUE SPENDING AUTHORIZATION FROM
	5	CRIMINAL JUSTICE SPECIAL PROJECTS ACCOUNT.]
	6	Remaining balances in the special revenue fund from
	7	spending authorized by Laws 2001, First Special Session chapter
	8	8, article 7, section 14, subdivision 1, for which spending
	9	authorization ended June 30, 2003, under Laws 2001, First
1	0	Special Session chapter 8, article 7, section 14, subdivision 3,
1	.1	are transferred to the general fund.
1	2	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.
1	L3	Sec. 37. [MCF-FARIBAULT DEDICATION OF SPACE.]
ិា		
-	L 4	While planning, designing, and constructing new facilities
	L4 L5	While planning, designing, and constructing new facilities on the campus of the Minnesota correctional facility in
1		
1	15	on the campus of the Minnesota correctional facility in
1 1 1	L5 L6	on the campus of the Minnesota correctional facility in Faribault, the commissioner of corrections shall designate a
1 1 1 1	L5 L6	on the campus of the Minnesota correctional facility in Faribault, the commissioner of corrections shall designate a space on the campus sufficient in size to build one additional
1 1 1 1	L5 L6 L7 L8	on the campus of the Minnesota correctional facility in Faribault, the commissioner of corrections shall designate a space on the campus sufficient in size to build one additional prison building. This space must be preserved and designated
1 1 1 1 2	L5 L6 L7 L8 L9	on the campus of the Minnesota correctional facility in Faribault, the commissioner of corrections shall designate a space on the campus sufficient in size to build one additional prison building. This space must be preserved and designated for the benefit of Rice County for the future construction of a
1 1 1 1 2 2	L5 L6 L7 L8 L9 20	on the campus of the Minnesota correctional facility in Faribault, the commissioner of corrections shall designate a space on the campus sufficient in size to build one additional prison building. This space must be preserved and designated for the benefit of Rice County for the future construction of a county correctional facility.
1 1 1 2 2 2 2	L5 L6 L7 L8 L9 20 21	on the campus of the Minnesota correctional facility in Faribault, the commissioner of corrections shall designate a space on the campus sufficient in size to build one additional prison building. This space must be preserved and designated for the benefit of Rice County for the future construction of a county correctional facility. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	on the campus of the Minnesota correctional facility in Faribault, the commissioner of corrections shall designate a space on the campus sufficient in size to build one additional prison building. This space must be preserved and designated for the benefit of Rice County for the future construction of a county correctional facility. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day following final enactment and expires on July 1, 2015.
	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	on the campus of the Minnesota correctional facility in Faribault, the commissioner of corrections shall designate a space on the campus sufficient in size to build one additional prison building. This space must be preserved and designated for the benefit of Rice County for the future construction of a county correctional facility. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day following final enactment and expires on July 1, 2015. Sec. 38. [REPEALER.]

26 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005.

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Senate Counsel, Research, and Fiscal Analysis

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SC4098-1 - Omnibus Public Safety Policy and Funding Bill

Author: Senator Jane B. Ranum

Prepared by: Kenneth P. Backhus, Senate Counsel (651/296-4396) KC Chris Turner, Senate Research (651/296-4350)

Date: April 24, 2005

ARTICLE 1

Public Safety Appropriations

Overview

Article 1 contains the bill's appropriations, cuts, and riders.

Section 1 summarizes the total appropriations in the bill.

Section 2 appropriates \$12.1 million to the Supreme Court. Of this amount, \$5 million each year is for civil legal services and approximately \$1 million each year is for caseload increases. None of the money may be used for judicial salary increases.

Section 3 appropriates \$250,000 each year to the Court of Appeals. None of the money may be used for judicial salary increases.

Section 4 appropriates \$20.9 million to the district courts. Of this amount, \$6.7 million each year is for caseload increases. \$3.6 million the first year and \$7.2 million the second year are for sex and methamphetamine offense caseloads. \$500,000 each year is for specialty drug and mental health courts. None of the money may be used for judicial salary increases.

Section 5 appropriates \$5,000 each year to the Uniform Laws Commission to pay national conference dues.

Section 6 appropriates \$5.5 million the first year and \$9.3 million the second year for general caseload increases and sex and methamphetamine offense caseload increases.

Section 7, subdivision 1, appropriates \$26.2 million from the general fund, \$33.1 million from the state government special revenue fund, and \$62.5 million from the bond proceeds fund to the Department of Public Safety.

Subdivision 2 appropriates \$10 million to the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension for agents to ensure compliance with the predatory offender law, the automated fingerprint identification system, criminal justice information system audit trail, DNA felony database analysis and ten new special agents to investigate methamphetamine crimes.

Subdivision 3 increases Fire Marshall base funding by \$900,000 each year.

Subdivision 4 appropriates \$14.8 million to the Office of Justice Programs, including \$2.5 million for increased crime victim grants, \$4.3 million for battered women's shelters and safe houses, \$4.7 million for the Gang Strike Force, \$2.8 million for the Financial Crimes Task Force, and \$400,000 for homelessness pilot projects. Requires a report to the Legislature on a potential merger of the Gang Strike Force and the narcotics task forces.

Subdivision 5 makes the following appropriations, based on the 25-cent increase on the 911 fee, from the state government special revenue fund.

	2006	2007
Telephone Prior Year Obligations (5-cents)	3,442,000	3,064,000
Public Safety Answering Points (20-cents	13,640,000	13,664,000
Medical Resource Comm. Centers (1-cent)	682,000	683,000
Debt Service and Capital Costs (9-cents)	6,138,000	6,149,000
Total	\$ 23,902,000	\$ 23,560,000

The total appropriation in the bill is less than the itemized appropriations because the bill directs spending included in the base appropriation for the program in S.F. No. 1879.

Subdivision 6 authorizes the sale of \$62.5 million in 911 revenue bonds by the Commissioner of Finance and appropriates the money in the following manner.

Phase 2 Public Safety Radio Subsystems	8,000,000
Phase 3 Public Safety Radio Backbone	45,000,000
Phase 3 Radio Subsystem Local Reimbursements	9,500,000

Total \$ 62,500,000

2

The bill replaces the bond authorizations given to the Metropolitan Radio Board in 2002 and 2003. It reduces the bond sale amount for phase two (building local radio subsystems in the metropolitan area) to \$8 million to reflect the fact that \$13 million of federal Homeland Security money was used for this purpose in 2004. An additional \$3 million was added to include Chisago and Isanti Counties. It increases the bond sale authorization for phase three (building the system backbone of the transmission towers and related equipment in the Rochester and St. Cloud districts of the State Patrol) to \$45 million to reflect the most recent Department of Transportation cost estimate. Finally, it authorizes \$9.5 million of 911 bonds to be sold to reimburse local units of government for up to 50 percent of the cost of building subsystems in either the southeast or central district of the State Patrol.

Section 8 makes a onetime appropriation of \$600,000 to the POST Board. Of this amount, \$142,000 is for the board's continued operation, \$178,000 is for reimbursements to local units of government for peace officer training, and \$280,000 is for technological updates.

Section 9, subdivision 1, appropriates a total of \$78.8 million to the Department of Corrections

Subdivision 2 appropriates \$23.9 million to the institution's division of the department. This appropriation includes \$140,000 for tracking and apprehending level III predatory offenders, \$3 million for sex offender treatment in the prisons and transitional services, \$7.4 million for increased health services, and \$2.2 million for increased incarceration costs associated with the bill. In addition, there is a \$9 million increase for chemical dependency treatment programs and a \$4 million increase for mental health services in the institutions. Requires a working group to study and report to the Legislature on the feasibility of using inmate labor to build low-income housing manufactured at MCF-Faribault.

Subdivision 3 appropriates \$55.6 million to the community services division of the department. Of this amount, \$188,000 is for end of confinement reviews, \$324,000 is for the GPS monitoring of sex offenders, \$2.7 million is for transitional services for sex offenders on supervised release, and \$3.6 million is for 18 new intensive supervised release agents. \$700,000 is for reimbursements to counties for sex offender assessments and \$2.5 million is for outpatient sex offender treatment and polygraph tests. Finally, \$39.2 million is for supervision caseload reduction for sex offenders, domestic abuse offenders and other violent offenders, \$5 million is for community-based chemical dependency treatment and aftercare grants, and \$1.25 million (onetime appropriation) is for intensive supervision and aftercare services for controlled substances offenders released from prison early under **article 6, section 9**. Requires the commissioner to report to the Legislature on the intensive supervision and aftercare services appropriation and on electronic monitoring of sex offenders.

Section 10 appropriates \$500,000 to the Department of Employment and Economic Development for a methamphetamine lab clean-up revolving fund.

Section 11 appropriates \$7,000 to the Board of Veterinary Medicine to study animal products that may be used to manufacture methamphetamine.

ARTICLE 2

Sex Offenders: Mandatory Life Sentences for Certain Egregious and Repeat Sex Offenses; Conditional Release; Other Sentencing Changes

Overview

Article 2 contains the sex offender sentencing changes, including the indeterminate life sentences, the conditional release changes, and the new crime of criminal sexual predatory conduct.

Section 1 makes a conforming change related to article 2, section 20.

Section 2 clarifies that the Commissioner of Corrections' rulemaking authority relating to the revocation of supervised release also applies to conditional release.

Section 3 provides that an offender serving an indeterminate life sentence (see article 2, sections 11, 13, and 20) may not be given supervised release without having served the minimum term of imprisonment as specified by the sentencing court.

Section 4 requires the Commissioner of Corrections, when considering whether to give supervised release to an offender serving an indeterminate life sentence (see article 2, sections 11, 13, and 20), to consider at a minimum:

- the risk the offender poses to the community if released;
- the offender's progress in treatment;
- ▶ the offender's behavior while incarcerated;
- psychological or other diagnostic evaluations of the offender;
- the offender's criminal history; and
- any other relevant conduct of the offender while incarcerated or before incarceration.

The commissioner may not give supervised release to the offender unless:

 while in prison, the offender has successfully completed appropriate sex offender treatment;

- while in prison, the offender has been assessed for chemical dependency and mental health needs and, if appropriate, has successfully completed necessary treatment; and
- ▶ a comprehensive individual release plan is in place for the offender that ensures that the offender will have suitable housing and receive appropriate aftercare and treatment, and includes an employment/education plan for the offender.

Also makes a conforming change relating to **article 2**, section 3.

Section 5 makes a conforming change related to article 2, section 20.

Sections 6 to 9 amend the patterned and predatory offender sentencing law.

Section 6 adds a cross-reference to the new crime of criminal sexual predatory conduct (see article 2, section 19). Strikes language relating to court findings regarding whether the necessary prongs of the law have been met. Substitutes for this a determination by the fact finder. These changes are necessary in light of the 2004 United States Supreme court decision, <u>Blakely v. Washington</u>. Strikes other language that is no longer necessary in light of the changes made by this article.

Section 7 strikes the definition of "predatory crime." Replaces this with a cross-reference to what is essentially the same definition in article 2, section 10.

Section 8 makes the same substitution of a fact finder determination for a court finding as was made in article 2, section 6.

Section 9 strikes language relating to the conditional release of offenders sentenced under this law. Instead, adds a cross-reference to article 2, section 20.

Section 10 defines "predatory crime" for purposes of the criminal sexual conduct laws. This definition is nearly identical to the definition stricken from the patterned and predatory offender sentencing law in article 2, section 7. The new definition does not include criminal sexual conduct in the first- to fourth-degrees because a reference to these crimes is unnecessary under the changes made by the article. In addition, it does not include incest.

Sections 11 and 12 amend the first-degree criminal sexual conduct crime.

Section 11 requires a court to sentence an offender to an indeterminate life sentence if the offender is convicted of certain clauses of the first-degree criminal sexual conduct crime involving force or violence (i.e., where circumstances exist that cause the victim to have a reasonable fear of great bodily harm; where the offender is armed with a dangerous weapon; where the offender causes personal injury to the victim under specified conditions; where the offender is aided or abetted by one or more accomplices under specified conditions; or where the offender has a family-type relationship to a victim under 16 and specified conditions exist) and the fact finder determines, beyond a reasonable doubt, that:

- the offender tortured the victim;
- the offender intentionally inflicted great bodily harm upon the victim;
- the offender intentionally mutilated the victim;
- the offender exposed the victim to extreme inhumane conditions;
- the offender was armed with a dangerous weapon and used or threatened to use the weapon to cause the victim to submit;
- the offense involved sexual penetration or sexual contact with more than one victim; or
- ▶ the offense involved more than one perpetrator engaging in sexual penetration or sexual contact with the victim.

Defines "extreme inhumane conditions," "mutilation," and "torture." Prohibits the fact finder from considering a listed heinous factor if it was an element of the underlying first-degree criminal sexual conduct violation. Requires a court to specify a minimum term of imprisonment, based on the sentencing guidelines or applicable mandatory sentences, that must be served before the offender may be considered for supervised release. Makes other structural and conforming changes.

Section 12 makes a conforming change relating to article 2, section 20.

Sections 13 and 14 amend the second-degree criminal sexual conduct crime.

Section 13 requires a court to sentence an offender to an indeterminate life sentence if the offender is convicted of certain clauses of the second-degree criminal sexual conduct crime involving force or violence (i.e., where circumstances exist that cause the victim to have a reasonable fear of great bodily harm; where the offender is armed with a dangerous weapon; where the offender causes personal injury to the victim under specified conditions; where the offender is aided or abetted by one or more accomplices under specified conditions; or where the offender has a family-type relationship to a victim under 16 and specified conditions exist) and the fact finder determines, beyond a reasonable doubt, that:

- the offender tortured the victim;
- the offender intentionally inflicted great bodily harm upon the victim;
- the offender intentionally mutilated the victim;
- the offender exposed the victim to extreme inhumane conditions;

- the offender was armed with a dangerous weapon and used or threatened to use the weapon to cause the victim to submit;
- the offense involved sexual penetration or sexual contact with more than one victim; or
- the offense involved more than one perpetrator engaging in sexual penetration or sexual contact with the victim.

Defines "extreme inhumane conditions," "mutilation," and "torture." Prohibits the fact finder from considering a listed heinous factor if it was an element of the underlying second-degree criminal sexual conduct violation. Requires a court to specify a minimum term of imprisonment, based on the sentencing guidelines or applicable mandatory sentences, that must be served before the offender may be considered for supervised release. Makes other structural and conforming changes.

Section 14 makes a conforming change relating to article 2, section 20.

Sections 15 and 16 amend the third-degree criminal sexual conduct crime to make conforming changes related to article 2, section 20.

Sections 17 and 18 amend the fourth-degree criminal sexual conduct crime to make conforming changes related to article 2, section 20.

Section 19 creates a new substantive crime known as "criminal sexual predatory conduct." This crime occurs if an offender commits a predatory crime (see definition in **article 2, section 10**) that was motivated by the offender's sexual impulses or was committed as part of a predatory pattern of behavior that had criminal sexual conduct as its goal. Provides that the statutory maximum sentence for this offense is 25 percent longer than for the underlying predatory crime. If the violation is committed by a person with a previous sex offense conviction, as defined in **article 2, section 20**, the statutory maximum is 50 percent longer than for the underlying predatory crime. Also authorizes a fine of up to \$20,000. An offender convicted of violating this section may be subject to the life sentence and conditional release provisions of **article 2, section 20**.

Section 20 creates a new section of law addressing indeterminate life sentences for certain repeat offenders and the conditional release of sex offenders.

Subdivision 1 defines "conviction," "previous sex offense conviction," "prior sex offense conviction," "sex offense," and "two previous sex offense convictions." Of note, "conviction" includes convictions as an extended jurisdiction juvenile for violations of first-through third-degree criminal sexual conduct or the new criminal sexual predatory conduct crime. "Previous sex offense conviction" is defined to be a "true prior" offense. That is to say that the offender must have committed, been convicted, and been sentenced for the previous sex offense before the commission of the present sex offense. "Prior sex offense conviction" does not require this sequencing of events. Thus, a person who has committed

two sex offenses but has not been convicted of either would be considered to have a prior sex offense conviction once the offender has been convicted for the first offense even though the present offense occurred before the actual conviction for the prior offense. "Sex offense" includes first- through fifth-degree criminal sexual conduct offenses and criminal sexual predatory conduct, and similar laws from other jurisdictions.

Subdivision 2 provides for a mandatory indeterminate life sentence for an offender convicted of violating first-through fourth-degree criminal sexual conduct or criminal sexual predatory conduct if:

- the offender has two previous sex offense convictions (i.e., true priors);
- the offender has a previous sex offense conviction (i.e., a true prior), and:
 - the present offense involved an aggravating factor that would provide grounds for an upward sentencing departure; or
 - the offender received an upward sentencing departure for the previous sex conviction or was sentenced under the patterned and predatory sex offender sentencing law for the previous sex offense conviction; or
- the offender has two prior sex offense convictions (not necessarily true priors) and the prior convictions and present offense involved at least three separate victims, and:
 - the present offense involved an aggravating factor that would provide grounds for an upward sentencing departure; or
 - the offender received an upward sentencing departure for one of the prior sex offense convictions or was sentenced under the patterned and predatory offender sentencing law for one of the prior sex offense convictions.

Of note, if the present offense is a fourth-degree criminal sexual conduct offense, the offender is not subject to the indeterminate life sentence unless the offender's previous or prior sex offense convictions that are being used to enhance the sentence were for first-through third-degree criminal sexual conduct or criminal sexual predatory conduct.

Subdivision 3 requires courts sentencing offenders to indeterminate life sentences under subdivision 2 to specify a minimum term of imprisonment, based on the sentencing guidelines or applicable mandatory sentences, that must be served before the offender may be considered for release.

Subdivision 4 provides that when an offender is released from prison for a violation of firstthrough fourth-degree criminal sexual conduct or criminal sexual predatory conduct, the person must be placed on conditional release for ten years. Under current law, offenders released from prison for violating first- through fourth-degree criminal sexual conduct receive a five-year conditional release term unless the offender is a repeat offender, in which case the conditional release term is ten years.

Subdivision 5 provides that if an offender sentenced to an indeterminate life sentence under subdivision 2 or section 11 or 13 is released from prison, the offender must be placed on conditional release for the remainder of the offender's life. Also provides that if an offender is released from prison for a violation of first-through fourth-degree criminal sexual conduct or criminal sexual predatory conduct, and the offender has a previous or prior sex offense conviction, the offender must be placed on conditional release for the remainder of the offender's life. Similar to the eligibility for the indeterminate life sentence in subdivision 2, if an offender will only be placed on lifetime conditional release if the offender's previous or prior sex offense conviction that is being used as the basis for the lifetime conditional release term is for first-through third-degree criminal sexual conduct or criminal sexual predatory conduct.

Subdivision 6 specifies the conditional release terms that are applicable to all sex offenders placed on conditional release (i.e., any offender released from prison after a conviction for first- through fourth-degree criminal sexual conduct or criminal sexual predatory conduct, or after being sentenced under the patterned and predatory offender sentencing law). This language is substantively the same as that being stricken from the patterned and predatory offender sentencing law in article 2, section 9.

Section 21 repeals a provision of the patterned and predatory offender sentencing law providing for an increased statutory maximum penalty. This provision is no longer necessary based on the changes made in this article. Also repeals a subdivision of the repeat sex offender sentencing law addressing conditional release of sex offenders. This provision is superceded by **article 2, section 20**.

ARTICLE 3

Sex Offenders: Predatory Offender Registration; Community Notification; Nonsentencing Changes

Overview

Article 3 makes numerous substantive and technical changes to the Predatory Offender Registration Law and the Community Notification Law. In addition, it specifically authorizes the use of polygraphic examinations for sex offenders under correctional supervision and provides for victim notification in certain situations regarding the release of offenders civilly committed as mentally ill and dangerous, as having a sexual psychopathic personality, or as being a sexually dangerous person. Section 1 makes numerous changes to the Predatory Offender Registration (POR) Law. The primary substantive changes involve homeless predatory offenders, for whom there is presently no clearly applicable registration procedure. Requires homeless predatory offenders who lack a primary address or who leave a primary address without having a new primary address to register with the law enforcement authority of the area in which the offender is staying within 24 hours. Each time an offender lacking a primary address moves to an area served by a different law enforcement authority, reregistration is required. If an offender continues to lack a primary address but remains in the same area, the offender must report weekly to the law enforcement authority in the area in which the offender is staying and inform the authority of any changes to the information required for predatory offender registration, with complete reregistration required annually. Offenders with no primary address whose registration is required because of a civil commitment are subject to the general homeless offender registration provisions but must completely reregister every three months. Authorizes the law enforcement authority to allow an offender to follow an alternative reporting procedure if it determines that due to an offender's unique circumstances it is impractical to require the offender to report weekly.

Section 1 also makes the following changes to the POR Law.

- Reorganizes it by repealing subdivisions 1 (Registration Required) and 8 (Definition of Law Enforcement Authority); creating a definitions subdivision 1a (placing all definitions at the beginning of the section); recodifying subdivision 1 as subdivision 1b; and making conforming and clarifying amendments to the remainder of the section.
- ► Adds new definitions for "bureau," "dwelling," "incarceration," and "confinement." The existing definitions of "primary residence," "secondary residence," and "law enforcement agency" are changed to "primary address," "secondary address," and "law enforcement authority" respectively. In addition, the definitions of "primary address" and "secondary address" are substantively overhauled.
- Provides that it applies to offenders who aid, abet, or conspire to commit an offense currently requiring registration.
- Expands it to require registration for nonchild false imprisonment offenses.
- ▶ Requires offenders who enter Minnesota to reside, work, or attend school, or enter the state and remain for 14 days or longer, to register within five days of when the registration requirement becomes applicable.
- Clarifies that if a person subject to registration moves out of the state, registration with Minnesota terminates when the BCA confirms the address in the new state.
- Requires an offender subject to registration to consent to allowing the offender's residential housing unit or shelter to release information on the offender to law enforcement.

- Requires all level III predatory offenders to be photographed every six months by their supervising authority.
- Requires level II and III predatory offenders who are no longer under correctional supervision to have an annual in-person contact with the law enforcement authority with jurisdiction over where the offender lives during which the offender must be photographed and verify the accuracy of the offender's registration information.
- ▶ Requires verification of registration information by mail twice annually for level III predatory offenders who are no longer under correctional supervision (current law requires verification by mail annually).
- ► Authorizes the Commissioner of Public Safety to extend an offender's registration period for five additional years for failure to register a change in the offender's primary or secondary address, employment, school, or motor vehicle information; failure to report any property the offender owns, leases, or rents; or failure to return the annual verification letter within ten days.
- Provides that when determining whether an offender is a repeat offender, and thus subject to the longer mandatory minimum sentence under the POR law, violations of similar statutes from other states or the United States "count."
- Provides for a ten-year conditional release term for a violation of the POR Law by a level III predatory offender. The terms of the conditional release are governed by article 2, section 20.
- Provides that a violation of the POR Law may be prosecuted in any jurisdiction where an offense takes place. However, the prosecutorial agency in the jurisdiction where the offender last registered a primary address is initially responsible to review the case. When an offender commits two or more offenses in two or more counties, the offenses may be aggregated and prosecuted in any of the counties in which one of the offenses was committed.
- Provides that certified copies of predatory offender registration records are admissible as substantive evidence when necessary to prove the commission of a violation of the POR Law.
- Adds to the list of offenses that require registration a reference to the new criminal sexual predatory conduct crime created in **article 2**, section 19.
- Makes other technical and clarifying changes.

Section 2 amends section 243.167 (registration under the POR Law for other offenses). This law requires registration under the POR Law for offenders who commit a crime against the person and

who previously registered under the POR Law but whose registration period ended or who would have had to register except the POR Law did not apply to the offender at the time of the offense. Expands the definition of "crime against the person" to include fourth-degree assault. Expands this law to apply to offenders who are convicted of a crime against the person and who previously completed registration in another state.

Section 3 requires the Commissioner of Corrections to report annually to the Legislature as specified on community supervision of level II and level III sex offenders and on other types of offenders.

Section 4 amends the Community Notification Law provision relating to non-Minnesotan offenders. Requires the Commissioner of Corrections to establish an end of confinement review committee to assign risk levels for offenders released from any federal correctional facility or from any state correctional facility of another state, and for offenders accepted from another state for parole supervision under the new interstate compact on adult offender supervision.

Section 5 allows for community notification for offenders who move to Minnesota from another state who, at the time of the move, are subject to a community notification statute in the other state and who are not already assigned a risk level under the community notification law. Authorizes the law enforcement agency in the area where the offender resides, expects to reside, or is regularly found to disclose information regarding the offender. The extent of the notification must be consistent with the notification made in the state from which the offender is moving. Caps the level of notification to that of a risk level II offender, unless the notification made concerning the offender in the state from which the offender is moving the offender and the end of confinement review committee at the nearest state correctional or treatment facility at the request of the agency, assigns the offender to risk level III.

Section 6 clarifies that the Community Notification Law applies to homeless predatory offenders.

Section 7 authorizes law enforcement to disclose the probationary status of predatory offenders granted mitigated dispositional departures (sentences where the presumptive guidelines' disposition is commitment to the Commissioner of Corrections but where this disposition is stayed by the court) to individuals that law enforcement believes may be victimized by the offender (thus, conforming this notification provision to the one in the Community Notification Law governing level II offenders).

Section 8 amends the law relating to the civil commitment of persons as being mentally ill and dangerous. Requires the special review board and Commissioner of Human Services to consider statements received from victims under article 3, section 9, when making recommendations and orders regarding release.

Section 9 amends the law relating to the civil commitment of persons as being mentally ill and dangerous. Requires a county attorney who files a civil commitment petition alleging that a person is mentally ill and dangerous, has a sexual psychopathic personality, or is a sexually dangerous person to make a reasonable effort to provide prompt notice of the filing of the petition to a victim

and to notify the victim of the resolution of the petition. Also requires the head of a treatment facility to make a reasonable effort to notify victims that a person civilly committed as being mentally ill and dangerous, as having a sexual psychopathic personality, or as being a sexually dangerous person may be discharged or released and that the victim has a right to submit a written statement regarding the release decision. Requires victims to request these notifications by contacting in writing the county attorney in the county where the conviction for the crime occurred. Defines key terms used in this section. Of note, defines "convicted" and "conviction" in a manner that includes certain mental illness procedures where the elements of the crime have been proven but the person has not actually been convicted and findings in certain civil commitment cases that the act or acts occurred.

Section 10 authorizes a court or the Commissioner of Corrections to require a sex offender to submit to a polygraph exam as a probationary intermediate sanction or a condition of release from confinement. Allows the court or the commissioner to order all or part of the cost of the exam to be borne by the offender.

Section 11 requests the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, in consultation with the Conference of Chief Judges, to develop, by September 1, 2005, a protocol for the use of polygraph examinations for sex offenders on probation.

Section 12 requests the Supreme Court to study and report to the Legislature on the development and use of a statewide panel of defense attorneys to represent persons petitioned for civil commitment for being sexually dangerous persons or sexual psychopathic personalities and a statewide panel of judges to hear these petitions.

Section 13 requires the Commissioner of Corrections to report to the Legislature on the number of sex offenders that the commissioner estimates will be released from prison each year for the next five years, recommendations on how best to supervise these offenders, and recommendations on how best to fund the supervision.

Section 14 requires the Revisor of Statutes to make conforming changes to statutes as necessitated by this article.

Section 15 repeals two subdivisions in the POR Law superceded by changes made in this article.

ARTICLE 4

Legislative Auditor's Recommended Changes

<u>Overview</u>

Article 4 implements the Legislative Auditor's recommendations from the auditor's 2005 report to the Legislature on sex offender supervision.

Section 1 requires that when an offender who is subject to the POR law is being released from prison, the Commissioner of Corrections must provide the offender's prison records relating to psychological assessments, medical and mental health issues, and treatment to the corrections agency that is going to supervise the offender.

Section 2 amends the law requiring county and private sex offender programs to provide the Commissioner of Corrections with information related to program effectiveness. Strikes language that limits this provision to programs that seek new or continued state funding or reimbursements.

Section 3 clarifies that the law requiring the Commissioner of Corrections to provide follow-up information on sex offenders for three years following their completion or termination from treatment programs, provide treatment programs in different geographical areas of the state, provide necessary data relating to sex offender treatment programing, etc., is not a onetime project, but rather an ongoing obligation.

Section 4 amends the POR law to require offenders subject to registration to disclose their status as a registered offender to a health care facility upon admittance. The offender must also notify the offender's corrections agent or the applicable law enforcement authority when an inpatient admission has occurred. Requires a law enforcement authority or corrections agent who has received this notice or who knows that an offender has been admitted to a health care facility to notify the administrator of the facility.

Section 5 provides that when a corrections agency supervising an offender who is required to register under the POR law and who is classified as a public risk monitoring case has knowledge that the offender is seeking housing arrangements in a location under the jurisdiction of a different corrections agency, the supervising agency must notify the other agency of this and initiate a supervision transfer request.

Section 6 requires a corrections agency supervising an offender who is required to register under the POR law to notify the appropriate child protection agency before authorizing the offender to live in a household where children are residing.

Section 7 clarifies that an independent professional assessment of a sex offender's need for sex offender treatment must be conducted before sentencing.

Section 8 adds to the list of mandatory reporters of child abuse individuals involved in correctional supervision.

Section 9 requires the Commissioner of Corrections to convene a working group related to sex offender management and supervision. Requires the working group to study and make recommendations on specified issues. Also requires the working group to review the provisions of any laws enacted in the 2005 legislative session relating to sex offender supervision and treatment. Requires the working group to report recommendations to the Legislature. Requires the

Commissioner of Corrections to implement policies and standards relating to the issues studied by the working group over which the commissioner has jurisdiction.

Section 10 requires the Commissioner of Corrections to report specified information to the Legislature on prison-based sex offender treatment programs.

ARTICLE 5

Sex Offenders: Technical and Conforming Changes

<u>Overview</u>

Article 5 makes technical and conforming changes relating to the substantive changes made in article 2.

Sections 1 to 14 make technical and conforming changes to various statutes necessitated by article 2 of this bill. Of note, section 1 clarifies that the definition of "rule" in chapter 14 does not include rules of the Commissioner of Corrections relating to the release or release term of inmates on supervised or conditional release. Section 3 provides timetables for the actions of the end of confinement review committees relating to offenders subject to indeterminate life sentences under article 2. Section 6 requires courts to complete and forward to the Sentencing Guidelines Commission sentencing worksheets for offenders subject to indeterminate life sentences.

Section 14 instructs the Revisor of Statutes to renumber the sex offender assessment statute so that it does not fall numerically between fifth-degree criminal sexual conduct and the new criminal sexual predatory conduct crime created in **article 2**, section 19. Also directs the Revisor to make other technical changes to statues necessitated by this act.

ARTICLE 6

Controlled Substances Provisions

Overview

Article 6 makes numerous changes to laws relating to methamphetamine including: increasing methamphetamine-related criminal penalties and creating new crimes; placing property restrictions on methamphetamine laboratory sites; establishing a toll-free telephone number for citizen tips; amending the nuisance law to make it easier to establish nuisances involving methamphetamine manufacturing; requiring the Board of Veterinary Medicine to report on animal products that may be used to manufacture methamphetamine; and creating a methamphetamine laboratory cleanup revolving loan fund. In addition, it amends the definition of narcotic drug in the controlled substances chapter of law to include methamphetamine, requires that schools be notified when students have been taken into protective custody after being found at methamphetamine lab

sites, and recodifies the possession of methamphetamine precursors with the intent to manufacture methamphetamine crime into a stand-alone section of law. Authorizes the Commissioner of Corrections to grant conditional early release from prison to certain nonviolent controlled substance offenders.

Section 1 amends the definition of "narcotic drug" in the controlled substance chapter of law to specifically include methamphetamine. Doing this ensures that methamphetamine sales and possession crimes are treated the same as cocaine and heroin throughout the controlled substances laws. Currently, this occurs for the most part. However, because methamphetamine is not defined as a narcotic drug, the sale of a small amount of methamphetamine is a fourth-degree controlled substance crime. The sale of a small amount of a narcotic drug (including heroin or cocaine) is a third-degree controlled substance crime.

Section 2 amends the attempted manufacture of methamphetamine crime enacted in the 2003 First Special Session. Makes mostly technical changes to clarify that this crime is not an "attempt crime" as much as a "possession of certain substances with intent to manufacture methamphetamine crime." These changes are consistent with the intent of the 2003 legislation and essentially "clean up" some confusing language in the provision. Strikes the cross-referenced definition of "anhydrous ammonia." Provides that the list of chemical reagents and precursors is not exclusive.

Section 3 increases the maximum criminal penalty for a violation of article 6, section 2, from a three-year/\$5,000 felony to a ten-year/\$20,000 felony and for a repeat offense from a four-year/\$5,000 felony to a 15-year/\$30,000 felony.

Section 4 authorizes courts to order persons convicted of manufacturing/attempting to manufacture controlled substances or of illegal activities involving precursor substances where the response to the crime involved an emergency response to pay restitution to public entities that participated in the response. Also authorizes courts to order these persons to pay restitution to property owners who incurred removal or remediation costs because of the crime.

Requires an arresting officer to notify various authorities about the location of a methamphetamine lab. Requires the local health authority to prohibit occupation of the property until it has been remediated following state health guidelines. Makes the remedial provisions of the public health law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 145, applicable to affected property. Requires the contractor who remediates the property to verify that the work has been done to the local health authority and the owner. After notice of the remediation, the health authority is to vacate its nonoccupation order. Imposes liability for additional costs of remediation on a contractor who improperly verifies that remediation has been completed. Attorney fees are allowed in an action under the provision and a six year statute of limitation is imposed. Requires that the registrar of motor vehicles be informed if a motor vehicle has been contaminated by methamphetamine manufacture. Requires that a legal description of affected property be recorded in the county title records and that verification of remediation also be recorded. Provision is made for the correction of descriptions and for the notice effects of the record of the recording of the description and mediation verification. Allows other interested parties to file affidavits that remediation has occurred. Provides for the notice effects of the filed verification. Requires the county recorder or registrar to record the affidavits.

Requires the Commissioner of Health to post contact information on the Internet. Requires the local health authority to maintain an information file on property subject to orders and lists minimum information requirements. Requires disclosures from sellers to transferors of the methamphetamine history of affected property and imposes certain liability on the seller if the seller fails to make the required disclosures. Attorney fees may be allowed in an action and a six year statute of limitations is provided.

Defines key terms.

Section 5 recodifies the prohibited fertilizer activities currently codified at sections 18C.201 and 18D.331. (These provisions are repealed in **article 6**, section 19.) In addition, adds two new crimes: stealing or unlawfully taking or carrying away any amount of anhydrous ammonia; and purchasing/possessing/transferring/distributing any amount of anhydrous ammonia, knowing or having reason to know that it will be used to unlawfully manufacture a controlled substance. Violation of either provision is a five-year/\$50,000 felony.

Section 6 criminalizes various methamphetamine-related activities that may impact children or vulnerable adults. The prohibited activities include manufacturing or attempting to manufacture methamphetamine, storing chemical substances, storing methamphetamine waste products, and storing methamphetamine paraphernalia. A person may not engage in these activities in the presence of a child or vulnerable adult; in the residence of a child or vulnerable adult; in a building, structure, conveyance, or outdoor location where a child or vulnerable adult might reasonably be expected to be present; in a room offered to the public for overnight accommodation; or in any multiple unit residential building. Also prohibits persons from knowingly causing or permitting a child or vulnerable adult to inhale, be exposed to, have contact with, or ingest methamphetamine, a chemical substance, or methamphetamine paraphernalia. Violation of these provisions is a five-year/\$10,000 felony. Provides that a prosecution for or conviction under this section is not a bar to conviction or punishment for any other crime committed by the defendant as part of the same conduct. Authorizes peace officers to take into protective custody children present in areas where prohibited activities under this section are occurring. Provides for health screening both for children taken into protective custody and for those who were not but who are known to have been exposed to methamphetamine. Requires peace officers to make reports of suspected maltreatment of vulnerable adults in certain situations involving methamphetamine exposure. Defines key terms.

Section 7 creates a new crime for disposing or abandoning methamphetamine waste products or chemical substances. A knowing violation is a five year/\$50,000 felony, but if it places another person in imminent danger of death, great bodily harm, or substantial bodily harm, it is a ten-year/\$100,000 felony. Provides an exception for peace officers acting in the course of their employment and persons who lawfully dispose of any product or substance in a manner approved by the Pollution Control Agency. Defines key terms.

Section 8 requires the Registrar of Motor Vehicles to include the term "hazardous waste contaminated vehicle" on a motor vehicle's title if the Registrar has received the notice and the vehicle's title as required in article 6, section 4.

Section 9, subdivision 1, authorizes the Commissioner of Corrections to grant conditional early release to nonviolent drug offenders who have met the criteria outlined in subdivision 2.

Subdivision 2 provides the following offender criteria for consideration for conditional early release:

- the crime of conviction must be a first- to fifth-degree controlled substance crime (Minnesota Statutes, sections 152.021 to 152.025);
- the offender must have committed the crime as a result of drug addiction and not primarily for profit;
- the offender has served at least 36 months or one-half of the offender's term of imprisonment;
- the offender has successfully completed a chemical dependency treatment program while in prison; and
- the offender has not previously been conditionally released under this section.

Subdivision 3 requires the commissioner to offer chemical dependency treatment to the offenders described in subdivision 2 within 120 days after their term of imprisonment begins.

Subdivision 4 requires the commissioner to make a determination that an offender does not pose a threat to public safety before the commissioner grants a conditional release. In making the determination, the commissioner must follow the release procedures established in Minnesota Statutes, section 244.05, subdivision 2, and applicable rules.

Subdivision 5 provides that the commissioner may rescind a conditional release without a hearing if the commissioner determines that continuation of the release poses a danger to the public or to an individual.

Subdivision 6 prohibits the conditional release of an offender serving concurrent sentences for an offense eligible for conditional release and an offense ineligible for release under this section until the offender has served the entire term of imprisonment for the ineligible offense.

Section 10 requires that if a child who is enrolled in school is taken into protective custody after being found in an area where methamphetamine was being manufactured or where chemical substances, methamphetamine paraphernalia, or methamphetamine waste products were stored, the

officer who took the child into custody must notify the chief administrative officer of the child's school of this fact. Defines key terms.

Section 11 requires the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension to maintain and publicize a toll-free telephone number to enable citizens to report suspected methamphetamine crimes.

Section 12 requires the Public Facilities Authority to establish a methamphetamine laboratory cleanup revolving fund. The purpose of the fund is to provide low-interest loans to counties and cities to remediate clandestine lab sites. Specifies the criteria for awarding loans, the loan application process, the eligibility requirements for loans, the loan conditions and terms, etc. Defines key terms.

Section 13 expands the definition of "violent crime" in the criminal code's sentencing provision for certain dangerous and repeat felony offenders to include within it the new child/vulnerable adult methamphetamine endangerment crime created in **article 6**, section 6.

Section 14 amends the nuisance law to allow a public nuisance involving the manufacture of methamphetamine to be established upon a showing of a single methamphetamine manufacturing incident within the building in the previous 12 months. The nuisance law generally requires two incidents to have occurred in a 12-month period.

Sections 15 and 16 are technical changes related to article 6, section 14.

Section 17 requires the Minnesota Board of Veterinary Medicine to study and issue a report to the Legislature by February 1, 2006, on animal products that may be used in the manufacture of methamphetamine.

Section 18 directs the Revisor to recodify the possession of methamphetamine precursors with the intent to manufacture methamphetamine crime enacted in the 2003 First Special Session (as amended by article 6, sections 2 and 3) into a new stand-alone section of law.

Section 19 repeals statutory provisions in chapters 18C and 18D, relating to anhydrous ammonia that are recodified by this bill in chapter 152 (see article 6, section 5).

ARTICLE 7

General Crime Provisions

<u>Overview</u>

Article 7 contains the bill's nonsex offense, noncontrolled substances offense changes to substantive crimes. The article creates new crimes, amends existing crimes, and increases criminal penalties. It addresses such topics as identity theft, unlawful trafficking in persons, assaults, and

commercial e-mail spam. In addition, it addresses subjects closely relating to substantive crimes such as the collection of biological samples for DNA testing and responding to the U.S. Supreme Court's <u>Blakely</u> decision.

Section 1 requires a court to allow a prosecutor seeking an upward departure to prove the existence of the aggravating factor to the fact finder. This may be proven either in a unitary or bifurcated trial.

Sections 2 to 5 relate to new criminal penalties against senders of spam e-mail messages.

Section 2 defines key terms for the purposes of the new crimes.

Section 3 prohibits the following actions involving an e-mail message sent from or to a computer in this state:

- relaying or retransmitting multiple commercial e-mails, with the intent to hide the origin of the messages;
- falsifying header information in multiple commercial e-mail messages and then sending them;
- registering five or more e-mail accounts or online user accounts, or two or more domain names, in a way that falsifies the identity of the registrant, and then sending commercial e-mails from them; and
- falsely representing the right to use five or more Internet protocol addresses and sending commercial e-mails from those addresses.

Section 4 creates a misdemeanor crime of illegally transmitting multiple commercial electronic mail messages for violating any of the provisions of article 7, section 3.

Creates a gross misdemeanor crime of illegally transmitting multiple commercial electronic mail messages if the perpetrator does any of the following:

- uses 20 or more e-mail or online accounts or ten or more domain names;
- sends more than 250 such messages within 24 hours, 2,500 within 30 days, or 25,000 within a year;
- causes aggregate loss of \$500 or more to victims, or obtains that value of property, within a one-year period;
- commits the violation with three or more other persons, with the perpetrator as the leader;

- provides or selects e-mail addresses obtained illegally by automated means; or
- provides or selects e-mail addresses through an automated means that generates permutation of names, letters, or numbers.

Section 5 prohibits accessing a computer without authorization and using it to send illegal e-mail messages. Creates a gross misdemeanor crime of unauthorized access of a computer for persons violating this section. Creates a felony crime of unauthorized access of a computer for second or subsequent offenses, or if the crime was committed in the furtherance of a felony.

Section 6 amends the domestic abuse law by enlarging the definition of a "domestic abuse no contact order" to include orders in criminal proceedings relating to violations of protection orders, violations of domestic abuse no contact orders, and harassment/stalking.

Section 7 removes the June 30, 2005, sunset on the collection of biological specimens for DNA testing for persons convicted or adjudicated delinquent for felonies.

Section 8 expands the crime of first-degree murder for child abusers. Currently, the crime applies to offenders who cause the death of a child while committing child abuse where the offender has engaged in a past pattern of child abuse upon the child and the death occurs under circumstances manifesting an extreme indifference to human life. Expands the applicability of the provision to include situations where the past pattern of child abuse was upon any child, not just the victim.

Section 9 expands the third-degree assault law to address assault by strangulation or asphyxiation. Makes it a five-year felony to assault a person by strangulation or asphyxiation. Defines "strangulation."

Section 10 expands the fourth-degree assault law to include persons civilly committed as being sexually dangerous persons or having sexual psychopathic personalties who commit certain acts against an employee or other individual providing care or treatment at a secure treatment facility. The prohibited acts include assaulting the person and inflicting demonstrable bodily harm or intentionally throwing or otherwise transferring bodily fluids or feces at or onto the person. The statutory maximum sentence for this crime is imprisonment for two years and/or a fine of not more than \$4,000. Provides for a mandatory minimum prison sentence of a year and a day. Also provides that when the offender is released from prison, the offender must be placed on conditional release for five years.

Section 11 provides for an enhanced penalty for a felony crime committed for the benefit of a gang when the victim is under the age of 18 years. The statutory maximum penalty for this crime is ten years longer than the statutory maximum for the underlying crime (as opposed to five years longer, which is the case for other felony-level gang crimes).

Section 12 defines "blackmail," "debt bondage," "forced labor or services," "labor trafficking," and "labor trafficking victim" for purposes of article 7, sections 13 to 15.

Section 13 makes it a felony (statutory maximum sentence of 15 years imprisonment and/or a \$30,000 fine) for a person to knowingly engage in the labor trafficking of another.

Section 14 makes it a felony (statutory maximum sentence of five years imprisonment and/or a \$10,000 fine) for a person to knowingly destroy, conceal, remove, confiscate, or possess any passport, immigration document, or other government identification document of another person:

- in the course of violating **article 7**, **section 13**, or Minnesota Statutes, section 609.322 (solicitation, inducement, and promotion of prostitution);
- with the intent to violate those sections; or
- to prevent or restrict a person's liberty to move or travel, in order to maintain the person's labor or services, if that person is or has been a victim of those sections.

Section 15 provides:

- that consent or the age of the victim is not a defense to an action under this section;
- that a labor trafficking victim may bring a civil lawsuit against a person who violates article 7, section 13 or 14; and
- that if a corporation or business enterprise is convicted of violating article 7, section 13 or 14, or Minnesota Statutes, section 609.322, in addition to other applicable criminal penalties, the court may order specified remedies relating to the entity's business status (i.e., order its dissolution or reorganization, etc.).

Section 16 makes a conforming change relating to article 7, sections 20 and 21.

Section 17 expands the definition of promoting prostitution under Minnesota Statutes, section 609.321, by adding sex trafficking (see article 7, section 18).

Section 18 amends the criminal code's prostitution definitions to define "sex trafficking" (see article 7, section 17) as "receiving, recruiting, enticing, harboring, providing, or obtaining by any means an individual to aid in the prostitution of the individual." This makes sex trafficking either a 20-year or a 15-year felony under Minnesota Statutes, section 609.322, depending on the age of the victim.

Section 19 amends the criminal code's prostitution definitions to define "sex trafficking victim."

Section 20 makes it a misdemeanor to loiter in a public place with the intent to participate in prostitution. Article 7, section 42, repeals the vagrancy crime which contains a similar provision.

Section 21 amends the criminal code's prostitution provisions by providing an affirmative defense to a charge under Minnesota Statutes, section 609.324 (prostitution crime involving patrons,

prostitutes, and individuals housing prostitutes). Applies if a defendant charged with violating that section proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant is a labor trafficking victim (see **article 7, section 12**) or a sex trafficking victim (see **article 7, section 19**) and that the defendant committed the act only under compulsion by another who by explicit or implicit threats created a reasonable apprehension in the mind of the defendant that if the defendant did not commit act, the other person would inflict bodily harm upon the defendant.

Section 22 amends the definition of "coercion" for the purposes of Minnesota Statutes, sections 609.341 to 609.351 (Criminal Sexual Conduct provisions). Clarifies the language by explicitly including the use by the actor of confinement, or superior size or strength, against the victim, that causes the victim to submit to sexual penetration or contact against the victim's will.

Section 23 expands Minnesota Statutes, section 609.485 (Escape from Custody), to include persons civilly committed as sexual psychopathic personalities and sexually dangerous persons who abscond following the revocation of provisional discharge.

Section 24 provides that an escape described in article 7, section 23, is a felony offense, punishable by imprisonment for up to a year and one day.

Section 25 expands Minnesota Statutes, section 609.50 (obstructing legal process; arrest, or firefighting), by making it a crime to interfere with or obstruct a member of an ambulance service personnel crew in the performance of their official duties. Also expands the existing crime relating to interfering with or obstructing the prevention or extinguishing of a fire or disobeying a lawful order of a firefighter present at a fire by adding broader language relating to interfering or obstructing a firefighter is engaged in a performance of official duties.

Section 26 defines "false pretense" as any false, fictitious, misleading, or fraudulent information depicting or including or deceptively similar to the name, logo, Web site address, e-mail address, postal address, or telephone number of a for-profit or not-for-profit business or organization or of a government agency, to which the user has not legitimate claim of right. (See article 7, section 29.)

Section 27 expands the crime of identity theft by creating a 20-year felony for crimes involving the possession or distribution of child pornography (Minnesota Statutes, sections 609.246 and 609.247).

Section 28 requires a court, upon the written request of a direct victim or the prosecutor in the identify theft crime, to provide a copy of the complaint, the judgment of conviction, and an order setting forth the facts and circumstances of the offense.

Section 29 expands the crime of identity theft by creating a five-year felony for using a false pretense (see article 7, section 26) in an electronic communication with the intent to obtain the identity of another. Failure to obtain, use, or gain from the identity is not a defense.

Section 30 provides that the venue for prosecuting a violation of article 7, section 29, includes the county or place of residence of the person whose identity was obtained or sought.

Section 31 expands the definition of "designated offense" in the criminal code's forfeiture law to include violations of article 7, sections 13 and 14. Generally, all personal property that is used or intended for use to commit or facilitate the commission of a designated offense is subject to forfeiture. In addition, all money and other property, real and personal, that represent the proceeds of a designated offense and all contraband property are also subject to forfeiture. A person must be convicted of a designated offense to trigger the forfeiture.

Section 32 amends Minnesota Statutes, section 609.5315 (Disposition of Forfeited Property), by adding a cross-reference to article 7, section 33, regarding disposition of proceeds from prostitution and trafficking offenses.

Section 33 creates a new subdivision under Minnesota Statutes, section 609.5315, providing that proceeds from forfeitures resulting from prostitution and trafficking offenses be distributed as follows:

- 40 percent of the proceeds must be forwarded to the appropriate local agency for the use of law enforcement;
- 20 percent must be forwarded to the prosecuting agency that handled the forfeiture; and
- 40 percent must be forwarded to the Commissioner of Public Safety for distribution to crime victim organizations providing services to victims of trafficking offenses.

Also requires the Commissioner of Public Safety to report annually to the Legislature on the money forwarded to the commissioner under this section and distributed to crime victims' organizations providing services to trafficking victims.

Section 34 enhances the misdemeanor "interference with privacy" crime (Minnesota Statutes, section 609.746) to a gross misdemeanor, and the gross misdemeanor crime (applicable to repeat offenders and crimes involving victims under the age of 18) to a felony. Increases the maximum age from 16 to 18 of the victim for purposes of triggering the enhanced penalty.

Section 35 provides that a stepparent of a minor who is a victim of harassment may seek a restraining order on behalf of the minor. Under current law, only a parent or guardian may act on behalf of the minor.

Section 36 waives harassment restraining order filing fees if the petition alleges acts that would constitute a violation of Minnesota Statutes, sections 609.342 to 609.3451 (Criminal Sexual Conduct in the 1st through 5th Degrees). Under current law, filing fees are waived only if the petition alleges conduct that would violate Minnesota Statutes, section 609.749 (Harassment and Stalking).

Section 37 expands harassment and stalking crimes to include monitoring a person, whether in person or by technological or other means. Provides that the venue for prosecution of harassment

or stalking crimes using wireless or electronic communication may be where either the victim or the actor resides.

Section 38 expands the venue for prosecution of obscene or harassing telephone calls using wireless or electronic communication to include where the sender or the receiver resides. Under current law, the offense may only be prosecuted at the place where the call is made or where it is received.

Section 39 provides that the venue for prosecution of harassment by letter, telegram, or package be where the missive was sent or received, or, in the case of wireless electronic communication, where the sender or receiver resides.

Section 40 amends the criminal statute of limitations law to allow a criminal case to be commenced for a violation of **article 7**, section 13, at any time if the victim was under the age of 18 at the time of the offense. If the offense did not involve a minor victim, the statute of limitations is six years.

Section 41 specifically adopts certain modifications proposed by the Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines Commission in its 2005 report to the Legislature.

The most significant of the adopted modifications relate to the Commission's response to the U.S. Supreme Court's 2004 decision in <u>Washington v. Blakely</u>. They expand individual cells within the sentencing guidelines' grid to the full 15 percent range authorized by law, adopt a list of offenses for which permissive consecutive sentencing is authorized, and make changes to the guidelines text related to the <u>Blakely</u> decision.

In addition, specifically adopts the proposed modification relating to ranking the anhydrous ammonia tampering/theft crime as a severity level III offense.

Finally, it specifically rejects the Commission's proposed modifications relating to sex offenses (i.e., creating a separate grid for sex offenses, making changes to the way in which criminal history is calculated for sex offenders, etc.).

Minnesota Statutes, section 244.09, subdivision 11, requires the Sentencing Guidelines Commission to submit to the Legislature proposed changes to the guidelines by January 1 of the year in which the Commission wishes to make the change. These modifications go into effect automatically on the following August 1 unless the Legislature by law provides otherwise. The report in which these modifications were proposed was not submitted to the Legislature in a timely fashion. Therefore, the Legislature has to specifically adopt these modifications if they are to go into effect on August 1, 2005. Of note, **article 9, section 4**, changes the reporting deadline from January 1 to January 15.

Section 42 repeals Minnesota Statutes, section 609.725 (Vagrancy). This statute provides a misdemeanor penalty for the following acts of vagrancy:

• a person, with ability to work, who is without lawful means of support, does not seek employment, and is not under 18 year of age;

- a person found in or loitering near any structure, vehicle, or private grounds who is there without the consent of the owner and is unable to account for being there;
- a prostitute who loiters on the streets or in a public place or in a place open to the public with intent to solicit for immoral purposes; or
- a person who derives support in whole or in part from begging or as a fortune teller or similar imposter.

ARTICLE 8

911 Emergency Telecommunications Services

<u>Overview</u>

Article 8 provides for a transition of the 911 fee from one that is based on each telephone line to one that is based on each telephone number, with the change to become effective July 1, 2006. It increases the current 911 emergency telephone services fee by 25 cents to fund the current deficiency in the costs of operating the 911 telephone system, to pay off prior year obligations of the 911 telephone fund, and to help defray the cost of operating PSAPs. It authorizes the Commissioner of Public Safety to impose certain cost controls on 911 emergency telephone services contracts. It shortens the time limit for telephone companies to certify to the Commissioner their costs for providing 911 service. It replaces the current authorization for the Metropolitan Council to sell 911 revenue bonds for phases two and three of the 800 MHz public safety radio communications system with a similar authorization for the Commissioner of Finance to sell the bonds. It reduces the bond authorization for the second phase (in the metropolitan area) and increases the bond authorization for the third phase (in the areas around Rochester and St. Cloud). Finally, it sets priorities for payment of debt service costs from the 911 account.

Bonds for phases two and three of the 800 MHz radio system were previously authorized but not sold. They were authorized by Laws 2002, ch. 401, art. 1, § 7, and Laws 2003, First Sp. Sess. ch. 1, art. 2, §§ 116, and were to be paid for with fee increases totaling nine cents authorized by Laws 2002 ch. 401, art. 1, §§ 3, 8, and Laws 2003, First Sp. Sess. ch.1, art. 2, §§ 108, 117. The bonds were not sold because the Governor chose to divert the revenue from the nine-cent fee increase to pay operating costs of the telephone service when it became clear in the February 2004 forecast that actual revenue would fall short of the amounts forecast in February 2003.

Section 1 provides for a transition of the 911 fee from one that is based on each telephone line to one that is based on each telephone number, with the change to become effective July 1, 2006. It requires the Commissioner of Commerce to recommend to the Legislature by January 15, 2006, the new method for assessing the fee, which will become effective when enacted into law.

Section 2 transfers administration of the telephone assistance plan (TAP) from the Department of Administration to the Department of Public Safety. This is a conforming change to reflect a transfer that has already taken place.

Section 3 strikes a reference to a "special viewing screen" for the enhanced 911 program, which no longer uses one.

Section 4 updates the definition of enhanced 911 service to distinguish between the common network and database and the connections to the network.

Section 5 provides a more generic definition of the three elements of the 911 service to accommodate changing technology whereby telephones are looking more like computer networks.

Section 6 adds a new definition of "911 emergency telecommunications service provider" to enable contracting with entities other than telephone companies.

Section 7 adds wireless providers and packet-based telecommunication (VoIP) to the statute requiring phone companies to design their systems to provide 911 service. In spite of being included in the definition, VoIP providers like Vonage are not subject to state regulation without their consent, since they have been exempted by the FCC and federal court decisions.

Section 8 allows the state to contract with providers other than wire-line telecommunications service providers, in recognition of the growing role of nontelephone companies in providing 911 service.

Section 9 allows the state to contract with providers other than wire-line telecommunications service providers, in recognition of the growing role of nontelephone companies in providing 911 service.

Section 10 replaces a reference to a specified provision in the federal Electronic Communications Privacy Act of 1986 with a reference to a specified provision in the federal Communications Act of 1932.

Section 11 allows the state to contract with providers other than wire-line telecommunications service providers, in recognition of the growing role of nontelephone companies in providing 911 service.

Section 12 adds a reference to packet-based telecommunications service providers and increases the 911 emergency telephone services fee from 40 to 65 cents a month, limits the payment of telephone company charges for providing 911 service to those costs set forth in the company's contract with the Commissioner of Public Safety, and authorizes the Commissioner not to contract to pay for services required by federal law or regulation.

Section 13 limits the payment of telephone company charges for providing 911 service to those costs set forth in the company's contract with the Commissioner of Public Safety and adds a reference to include packet-based telecommunications service providers.

27

Section 14 shortens from two years to one year the time limit for a telephone company to certify to the Commissioner of Public Safety its charges for providing 911 services and requires each contract to provide that the Commissioner may limit payment of costs to 110 percent of the amount estimated when the contract was signed.

Section 15 adds a reference to include packet-based telecommunications service providers and strikes the current dedication of ten cents of the fee to paying the costs of operating PSAPs, since the future amount of the fee under the new system is unknown. The bill includes a direct appropriation of the amount raised by 20 cents of the fee, ten cents under current law plus ten cents of the increase.

Section 16 strikes language authorizing the Metropolitan Council to sell bonds for phase three.

Section 17 strikes language authorizing the Metropolitan Council to sell bonds for phases two and three.

Section 18 authorizes the Commissioner of Finance to sell 911 revenue bonds to pay the costs of the 800 MHz statewide public safety radio communication system that the Statewide Radio Board determines are of regional or statewide benefit. The bonds are payable from revenue to the 911 account. This section is modeled on Minnesota Statutes, section 473I.06, baseball park revenue bonds. The authority to borrow from the 911 account in anticipation of bond proceeds is modeled on Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.641, subdivision 8(b), for state general obligation bonds.

Section 19 provides an open appropriation for the payment of debt service on the bonds once they have been sold, and sets this appropriation as a first priority for the use of all the revenue in the 911 account so as to insure that the debt service will be paid on time.

Section 20 is a repealer.

Section 21 makes the article effective immediately and applies it to 911 services contracts executed on or after that date.

ARTICLE 9

Miscellaneous Provisions

<u>Overview</u>

Article 9 contains miscellaneous criminal justice provisions (those unrelated to substantive crimes). This article imposes, increases, and extends various fees and surcharges relating to driver's license and state identification card issuance, driver's license reinstatements, alcoholic beverage licensing, filing civil actions in court, and criminal and traffic offenders. It also raises the alcohol excise tax. In addition, the article establishes a new Minnesota Financial Crimes Oversight Council

and Task Force, makes changes related to CriMNet, addresses gasoline theft drive-offs, and creates a homelessness pilot project under the administration of the Commissioner of Public Safety.

Section 1 imposes a \$1 surcharge on every driver's license or state identification card issued. This money is to be deposited into the general fund.

Sections 2 and 3 extend the non-DWI driver's license reinstatement fee of \$20 to driver's licenses suspended for failure to appear and for unpaid fines. The receipts are deposited into the Special Revenue Fund and dedicated to the POST Board for reimbursement of local units of government for continuing education of peace officers.

Section 4 changes the statutory deadline for the Minnesota Sentencing Guidelines Commission to submit reports to the Legislature relating to proposed guidelines modifications from January 1 to January 15.

Section 5 amends the provision in current law that authorizes a local jail to collect local correctional fees only from convicted offenders. Authorizes facilities to charge fees to persons who are under the control and supervision of the facility. "Local correctional fees" include fees for the following correctional services:

(1) community service work placement and supervision;

(2) restriction collection;

(3) supervision;

(4) court-ordered investigations;

(5) any other court-ordered service;

(6) postprison supervision or other form of release; or

(7) supervision or other services provided to probationers or parolees.

Section 6 provides that hearings on civil commitment petitions relating to sexually dangerous persons or persons with sexual psychopathic personalities must be held within 90 days from the date of the petition's filing. Currently, the deadline is 14 days from filing.

Sections 7 and 8 increase the alcohol excise tax on all distilled spirits and wine manufactured, imported, sold, or possessed in this state. The excise tax increase is intended to be the equivalent of a point of sale increase of one cent per drink.

Section 9 increases the alcohol excise tax on all fermented malt beverages that are imported, directly or indirectly sold, or possessed in this state. The excise tax increase is intended to be the equivalent of a point of sale increase of one cent per drink.

Section 10 increases the brewer's tax credit to conform with the increase in the excise tax on beer. The tax credit applies to brewers who manufacture less than 100,000 barrels of beer annually.

Section 11 increases from \$300 to \$600 the state reimbursement ceiling for bullet-proof vests purchased by peace officers and law enforcement agencies.

Section 12 is a conforming amendment relating to article 9, section 11, indexing the reimbursement rate to the Consumer Price Index.

Section 13 amends the provision limiting eligibility for bullet-proof vest reimbursements. Authorizes reimbursements for vests that are at least five years old (current law requires that they be at least six years old).

Section 14 creates the Minnesota Financial Crimes Oversight Council to provide guidance related to the investigation and prosecution of identity theft and financial crimes. Provides for the oversight council's membership, specifies its duties (which includes developing an overall strategy to ameliorate the harm caused to the public by identity theft and financial crime within Minnesota and establishing a multijurisdictional statewide Minnesota Financial Crimes Task Force to investigate major financial crimes). Provides for a statewide commander for the task force and specifies the commander's responsibilities. Addresses the status of participating officers in the task force, including their powers and jurisdiction. Provides for grants to combat identity theft and financial crime. Authorizes the oversight council to establish a victims' assistance program to assist victims of economic crimes and provide prevention and awareness programs. Provides that the oversight council and task force are permanent. Authorizes the oversight council to accept lawful grants and in-kind contributions. Provides that proceeds received from property seized by the task force and forfeited go to the oversight council. Provides that equipment possessed by the current Minnesota Financial Crimes Task Force (that is being repealed in **article 9**, **section 38**) are transferred to the oversight council for use by the task force created in this section.

Section 15 adds the chair and first vice chair of the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information Task Force to the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information Policy Group. Authorizes the policy group to hire an executive director in the unclassified service.

Sections 16 and 17 change the reporting requirement of the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information Policy Group from December 1 to January 15 of each year. Amends the membership of the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information Task Force (formed to assist the policy group with its duties) by removing the policy group members, the Director of the Office of Long-Range and Strategic Planning, and the Commissioner of Administration and adding the following members:

• the director of the Sentencing Guidelines Commission;

- one member appointed by the Commissioner of Public Safety;
- one member appointed by the Commissioner of Corrections;
- one member appointed by the Commissioner of Administration; and
- one member appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court.

The report must provide the status of current integration efforts, recommendations concerning legislative changes or appropriations, and a summary of the work of the policy group and the task force.

Section 18 transfers authority to determine system integration priorities from the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information Policy Group to the CriMNet program office, in consultation with the task force and the approval of the policy group. Authorizes the task force to review funding requests and make recommendations to the policy group. Reserves authority to make final grant recommendations to the policy group. Provides a grant applicant matching fund requirement of up to 50 percent, to be constant across all applicants.

Sections 19 to 26 increase various fees relating to alcoholic beverage licensees.

Section 27 increases the fee for filing a civil action in court from \$235 to \$240.

Sections 28 and 29 increase the criminal/traffic surcharge from \$60 to \$71 and deposit the increase in the general fund.

Section 30 increases from \$4.50 to \$10.50 the surcharge on recording transaction fees collected by county recorders (Minnesota Statutes, section 357.18, subdivision 3).

Sections 31 and 32 increase from \$4.50 to \$10.50 the surcharge on registrars' fees collected by county registrars (Minnesota Statutes, sections 508.82, subdivision 1, and 508A.82, subdivision 1).

Section 33 amends the law authorizing service charges and civil penalties for persons who receive gasoline and then drive off without paying. Sets the service charge at \$30 and authorizes a law enforcement agency to keep this charge when the agency obtains payment for the gasoline on behalf of the retailer. Clarifies how the civil penalty is to be set.

Section 34 clarifies that civil liability under article 9, section 33, is not a bar to criminal liability for the gasoline drive-off.

Section 35, subdivision 1, authorizes the Commissioner of Public Safety to award two-year grants for homeless outreach programs in Hennepin County, Ramsey County and one county outside the seven-county metropolitan area. Requires a grant recipient from outside the seven-county

metropolitan area to provide a 25 percent match. A grant recipient from within the seven-county metropolitan area must provide a 50 percent match.

Subdivision 2 provides criteria for grant awards.

Subdivision 3 requires grant recipients to report annually, by June 30, on the services provided, expenditures of grant money and effectiveness of the programs. The commissioner must submit the reports to Legislature by November 1 of each year.

Section 36 transfers money remaining in the criminal justice special projects account in the special revenue fund to the general fund. There is currently money in this account left over from the 2001 racial profiling legislation. However, the authority to spend the money expired on June 30, 2003.

Section 37 requires that space be kept available at MCF-Faribault to allow Rice County to construct a local correctional facility there. This section sunsets in ten years.

Section 38 repeals Minnesota Statutes 2004, sections 299A.68 (Minnesota Financial Crimes Strike Force); and 299C.65, subdivisions 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 8a, and 9, relating to the Criminal and Juvenile Justice Information Policy Group:

Subdivision 3 (Continuing Education Program);

Subdivision 4 (Criminal Code Numbering Scheme);

Subdivision 6 (Development of Integration Plan);

Subdivision 7 (Implementation of Integration Plan);

Subdivision 8 (Local Match);

Subdivision 8a (Criminal Justice Technology Infrastructure Improvements);

Subdivision 9 (Documentation and Reporting Requirements).

KPB:CT:ph

Senate Files 1875/1879 Public Safety Budget Bill FY2006-07 Dollars in 000's, general fund unless otherwise noted

Dollars in 000's, general fund unless otherwise noted		Gov	ernor's Re	com	SC 4098 P	ub Safety F	unding Bill		Recomme ed SF 1879/			s Recomme ombined Ta		Difference Sen/Gov
Agency/Program	Fund	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY08	FY09	FY86-09	FY06-07
1 SUPREME COURT														
3 Supreme Court Operations 4 Decision Items:		28,764	28,764	57,528				28,764	28,764	57,528	28,764	28,764	57,528	-
5 Caseload Increases 6 Judge's Salary Increase Increment Cut		1,134	1,134	2,268	1,134 (44)	1,134 (93)	2,268 (137)	1,134 (44)	1,134 (93)	2,268 (137)	1,134 (93)	1,134 (93)	2,268 (186)	(137)
8 Total Supreme Court Operations		29,898	29,898	59,796	1,090	1,041	2,131	29,854	29,805	59,659	29,805	29,805	59,610	(137)
9 0 Civil Legal Services 1 Decision Items:		7,320	7,320	14,640				7,320	7,320	14,640	7,320	7,320	14,640	-
2 Increased Funding (from surcharge fee increase) 3					5,000	5,000	10,000	5,000	5,000	10,000	5,000	5,000	10,000	10,000
4 Total Civil Legal Services		7,320	7,320	14,640	5,000	5,000	10,000	12,320	12,320	24,640	12,320	12,320	24,640	10,000
5 6 Total Supreme Court		37,218	37,218	74,436	6,090	6,041	12,131	42,174	42,125	84,299	42,125	42,125	84,250	9,863
7 8 Total Supreme Court		37,218	37,218	74,436	6,090	6,041	12,131	42,174	42,125	84,299	42,125	42,125	84,250	9,863
9 0 COURT OF APPEALS 1		7,939	7,939	15,878				7,939	7,939	15,878	7,939	7,939	15,878	· –
2 Decision Items: 3 Caseload Increases 4		250	250	500	250	250	500	250	250	500	250	250	500	-
5 Total Court of Appeals		8,189	8,189	16,378	250	250	500	8,189	8,189	16,378	8,189	8,189	16,378	-
6 7 DISTRICT COURTS		220,191	220,221	440,412				220,191	220,221	440,412	220,221	220,221	440,442	-
 8 9 Decision Items: 0 Caseload Increases 1 Sex and Meth Offender Sentencing Changes 2 Specialty Drug and Mental Health Courts 3 Judge's Salary Increase Increment Cut 		6,921 3,600	6,921 7,200	13,842 10,800	6,671 3,600 250 (1,246)	6,671 7,200 250 (2,529)	13,342 10,800 500 (3,775)	6,671 3,600 250 (1,246)	6,671 7,200 250 (2,529)	13,342 10,800 500 (3,775)	6,671 7,200 250 (2,529)	6,671 7,200 250 (2,529)	13,342 14,400 500 (5,058)	(500) - 500 (3,775)
5 Total District Courts		230,712	234,342	465,054	9,275	11,592	20,867	229,466	231,813	461,279	231,813	231,813	463,626	(3,775)
TAX COURT		726	726	1,452				726	726	1,452	726	726	1,452	-
9 Total Tax Court		726	726	1,452				726	726	1,452	726	726	1,452	-

Agency/Program	Fund		ernor's Rec FY07	com FY06-07	SC 4098 P FY06	ub Safety F FY07	unding Bill FY06-07		d SF 1879/ FY07	SC 4098) FY06-07	(C FY08	ombined Tai FY09	ils) FY86-09	Sen/Gov FY06-07
40 41 UNIFORM LAWS COMMISSION		39	39	78				39	39	78	39	39	78	-
42 Decision Items: 43 Back Dues National Conference					5	5	10	5	5	10	5	5	10	10
44 45 Total Uniform Laws Comm		39	39	78	5	5	10	44	44	88	44	44	88	<u> </u>
46 47 BOARD OF JUDICIAL STANDARDS		252	252	504				252	252	504	252	252	504	-
48 49 Total Board of Judicial Standards		252	252	504				252	252	504	252	252	504	-
50 51 PUBLIC DEFENSE BOARD 52		53,908	53,956	107,864				53,908	53,956	107,864	53,956	53,956	107,912	-
 53 Decision Items: 54 Caseload Increases 55 Sex and Meth Offender Sentencing Changes 		1,695 3,800	1,695 7,600	3,390 11,400	1,695 3,800	1,695 7,600	3 ,390 11,400	1,695 3,800	1,695 7,600	3,390 11,400	1,695 7,600	1,695 7,600	3,390 15,200	-
56 57 Total Public Defense	·	59,403	63,251	122,654	5,495	9,295	14,790	59,403	63,251	122,654	63,251	63,251	126,502	
58 59 PUBLIC SAFETY 60 61 Homeland Security/Emergency Management	EN GF	49 2,854	49 2,854	98 5,708			,	49 2,854	49 2,854	98 5,708	49 2,854	49 2,854	98 5,708	- -
62 Decision Items: 63 Reduction-Combining Call Centers		(309)	(309)	· (618)				(309)	(309)	(618)	(309)	(309)	(618)	-
64 65 66 Total Emergency Management	GF EN	2,545 49	2,545 49	5,090 98				2,545 49	2,545 49	5,090 98	2,545 49	2,545 49	5,090 98	-
 67 68 69 Bureau of Criminal Apprehension (BCA) 70 71 72 Decision Items: 73 Reduction - CRIMNET-1500, Suspense File-500 74 Automated Fingerprint ID System (AFIS) 75 Changes to Predatory Offender Law 76 Criminal Justice Info. Sys. Audit Trail 77 DNA Felony Database 78 Livescan 79 Meth Enforcement & Awareness 	SGSR SR TH GF	7 440 361 36,829 (2,000) 1,533 1,146 374 857 66 1,040	7 439 361 36,829 (2,000) 2,318 564 203 869 69 1,000	14 879 722 73,658 (4,000) 3,851 1,710 577 1,726 135 2,040	1,533 1,146 374 857 66 1,000	2,318 564 203 869 69 1,000	3,851 1,710 577 1,726 135 2,000	7 440 361 36,829 (2,000) 1,533 1,146 374 857 66 1,000	7 439 361 36,829 (2,000) 2,318 564 203 869 69 1,000	14 879 722 73,658 (4,000) 3,851 1,710 577 1,726 135 2,000	7 439 361 36,829 (2,000) 1,562 636 203 869 69 1,000	7 439 361 36,829 (2,000) 1,604 564 203 869 69 1,000	14 878 722 73,658 (4,000) 3166 1200 406 1738 138 2000	- - - - - - (40)
80 81 Total BCA 82 83 84	GF SGSR SR TH	39,845 7 440 361	39,852 7 439 361	79,697 14 879 722	4,976	5,023	9 ,999	39,805 7 440 361	39,852 7 439 361	79,657 14 879 722	39,168 7 439 361	39,138 7 439 361	78,306 14 878 722	(40) - - -

Chris Turner Senate Fiscal Analvst

				ernor's Red			ub Safety Fi		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ed SF 1879/	-		ombined Tai		Sen/Gov
	Agency/Program	Fund	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY08	FY09	FY86-09	FY06-07
87 88	Fire Marshal Decision Items: Additional Funding		2,445	2,432	4,877	900	900	1,800	2,445	2,432 900	4,877 1,800	2,432 900	2,432 900	4,864 1,800	- 1,800
89 90			2,445	2,432	4,877	900	900	1,800	3,345	3,332	6,677	3,332	3,332	6,664	1,800
93	Gambling & Alcohol Enforcement Decision Items:	SR GF	150 1,622	150 1,622	300 3,244	•			150 1,622	150 1,622	300 3,244	150 1,622	150 1,622	300 3,244	· -
94 95 96	Total Gambling & Alcohol Enforcement	GF SR	1,622 150	1,622 150	3,244 300				1,622 150	1,622 150	3,244 300	1,622 150	1,622 150	3,244 300	-
	Office of Justice Programs Decision Items:		26,994	26,989	53,983				26,994	26,989	53,983	26,989	26,989	53,978	-
99 100 101 102 103 104	Crime Victim Grants Funding Increase Battered Women's Shelters and Safe Houses Criminal Gang Strike Force/Narcotices Task Force Transfer of Youth Intervention Program Financial Crimes Task Force Homelessness Pilot Project (art 9, sec 34)		532 2,374 1,452 300	532 2,374 1,452 300	1,064 4,748 2,904 600	1,270 2,131 2,374 1,400 200	1,270 2,131 2,374 1,400 200	2,540 4,262 4,748 2,800 400	1,270 2,131 2,374 1,400 200	1,270 2,131 2,374 1,400 200	2,540 4,262 4,748 - 2,800 400	1,270 2,131 2,374 1,400	1,270 2,131 2,374 1,400	2,540 4,262 4,748 - 2,800	1,476 4,262 - (2,904) 2,200 400
105 106	Total Office of Justice Programs		31,652	31,647	63,299	7,375	7,375	14,750	34,369	34,364	68,733	34,164	34,164	68,328	5,434
	911 Emergency Services/ARMER Decision Items:	SGSR	27,287	27,720	55,007				27,287	27,720	55,007	27,720	27,720	55,440	1 -
110 111 112	Increase in 911 fee (Gov 25-10-10-10) (Senate 25-25-25-25)	SGSR	16,368	6,335	22,703	16,368	16,688	33,056	16,368	16,688	33,056			-	10,353
113	Total 911 Emergency Services/ARMER	SGSR	43,655	34,055	77,710	16,368	16,688	33,056	43,655	44,408	88,063	27,720	27,720	55,440	10,353
114 115 116 117	800 MHz Public Safety Radio System Rev Bonds Decision Items: Phase 2 Bonding: Pub Saf Radio Subsystems	BPF	,			8,000		8,000	8,000		8,000				8,000
118 119 120	Phase 3 Bonding: Backbone Pub Saf Radio Systems Phase 3 Bonding: Subsystem Local Reimburs	BPF BPF				45,000 9,500		45,000 9,500	45,000 9,500		45,000 9,500				45,000 9,500
121	Total 800 MHz Public Safety Radio Sys Rev Bonds	BPF	· · ·			62,500		62 ,500	62,500		62,500				62,500
122 123 124 125	Public Safety - Other DPS Agency-wide Admin. Cut					(175)	(175)	(350)	(175)	(175)	(350)	(175)	(175)	(350)	(350)
126	Total Public Safety - Other					(175)	(175)	(350)	(175)	(175)	(350)	(175)	(175)	(350)	(350)

	Agency/Program	Fund		ernor's Rec FY07	om FY06-07	SC 4098 Pu FY06	b Safety Fu FY07	nding Bill FY06-07		ed SF 1879/: FY07	SC 4098) FY06-07	(Co FY08	mbined Tai FY09	ils) FY86-09	Sen/Gov FY06-07
127 128 129	Total Public Safety	GF EN	78,109 49	78,098 49	156,207 98	13,076	13,123	26,199	81,511 49 43,662	81,540 49 44,415	163,051 98 88,077	80,656 49 27,727	80,626 49 27,727	161,282 98 55.454	6,844 - 10,353
130 131 132		SGSR SR TH	43,662 590 361	34,062 589 361	77,724 1,179 722	16,368	16,688	33,056	590 361	44,413 589 361	1,179 722 62,500	589 361	589 361	1,178 722	62,500
133 134		BPF	122,771	113,159	235,930	<u> 62,500</u> 91,944	29,811	<u>62,500</u> 121,755	<u>62,500</u> 188,673	126,954	315,627	109,382	109,352	218,734	79,697
135 136	PEACE OFFICERS BOARD (POST)	SR	3,943	3,943	7,886				3,943	3,943	7,886	3,943	3,943	7,886	-
137 138 139	Decision Items: Increase Training Reimbursements - SR (under dedicated statutory fee increase section)	SR	1												
140 141 142	Increase Training Reimbursements - GF Operations Increase Technology Upgrades					89 71 140	89 71 140	178 142 280	89 71 140	89 71 140	178 142 280				178 142 280
143 144 145	Total POST	SR GF	3,943	3,943	7,886	300	300	600	3,943 300	3,943 300	7,886 600	3,943 300	3,943 300	7,886 600	- 600
	PRIVATE DETECTIVE BOARD		126	126	252				126	126	252	126	126	252	-
148 149	Total Private Detective Board		126	126	252				126	126	252	126	126	252	-
	HUMAN RIGHTS		3,490	3,490	6,980				3,490	3,490	6,980	3,490	3,490	6,980	· -
152 153	Total Human Rights		3,490	3,490	6,980				3,490	3,490	6,980	3,490	3,490	6,980	-
156 157 158	CORRECTIONS Institutions Forecast Adjustments	SR	580 252,961 28,759	580 252,961 42,447	1,160 505,922 71,206				580 252,961 28,759	580 252,961 42,447	1,160 505,922 71,206	473 252,961 52,999	473 252,961 61,528	946 505,922 114,527	
159 160 161 162 163 164 165 166	Decision Items: Tracking/Apprehension Level III Sex Offenders Sex Offender Treatment/Transitional Services Health Services Increase Sex Offender & Meth Sentencing Changes Chem Dep Trtmt Expansion in Prisons Mental Health Expansion in Prisons Institutions Cut (savings from SF 903 -Ortman Am)		70 1,500 3,720 351	70 1,500 3,720 1,863	140 3,000 7,440 2,214	70 1,500 3,720 351 4,500 2,000 (925)	70 1,500 3,720 1,863 4,500 2,000 (925)	140 3,000 7,440 2,214 9,000 4,000 (1,850)	70 1,500 3,720 351 4,500 2,000 (925)	70 1,500 3,720 1,863 4,500 2,000 (925)	140 3,000 7,440 2,214 9,000 4,000 (1,850)	70 1,500 3,720 3,586 4,500 2,000	70 1,500 3,720 5,813 4,500 2,000	140 3,000 7,440 9,399 9,000 4,000	- - - 4,000 (1,850)
167 168 169	Total Institutions	GF SR	287,361 580	302,561 580	589,922 1,160	11,216	12,728	23,944	292,936 580	308,136 580	601,072 1,160	321,336 473	332,092 473	653,428 946	11,150 -

	Agency/Program	Fund	Go ^y FY06	vernor's Red FY07	om FY06-07	SC 4098 F FY06	Pub Safety Fi FY07	unding Bill FY06-07	(Combir FY06	ed SF 1879/ FY07	SC 4098) FY06-07	(Co FY08	ombined Ta FY09	ils) FY86-09	Sen/Gov FY06-07
173	2 Community Services 3 Decision Items:	SR	100 95,492	100 95,643	200 191,135		1107		100 95,492	100 95,643	200 191,135	80 95,643	80 95,643	160 191,286	-
174 175 176 177 178 180 181 182 183	 End of Confinement Review GPS Monitoring Appropriate Transitional Housing and Supervision 18 ISR Agents - 6 DOC/12 CCA Sex Off. Assessment Reimbursement Sex Off. Trtmt/Sup Rel and Polygraphs Sex Off. Policy Board Sex Off. Specialized Caseloads (DOC/CCA/CPO) Chem Dep Trtmt/Aftercare Comm Grants 		94 162 1,370 1,800 350 1,250 5	94 162 1,370 1,800 350 1,250 5	188 324 2,740 3,600 700 2,500 10	94 162 1,370 1,800 350 1,250 19,600 2,500	94 162 1,370 1,800 350 1,250 19,600 2,500	188 324 2,740 3,600 700 2,500 39,200 5,000	94 162 1,370 1,800 350 1,250 19,600 2,500	94 162 1,370 1,800 350 1,250 19,600 2,500	188 324 2,740 3,600 700 2,500 - - 39,200 5,000	94 162 1,370 1,800 350 1,250 19,600 2,500	94 162 1,370 1,800 350 1,250 19,600 2,500	188 324 2,740 3,600 700 2,500 - 39,200 5,000	- - - (10) 39,200 5,000
184 185 186 187	Total Community Services	GF SR	100,523 100	100,674 100	201,197 200	625 27,751	625 27,751	1,250 55,502	625 123,243 100	625 123,394 100	1,250 246,637 200	122,769 80	122,769 80	245,538 160	1,250 45,440 -
	Operations Support Decision Items: DOC Agency-wide Admin Cut	SR GF	210 15,348	210 15,348	420 30,696	(325)	(325)	(650)	210 15,348 (325)	210 15,348 (325)	420 30,696 (650)	170 15,348 (325)	170 15,348 (325)	340 30,696 (650)	- (650)
193 194	Total Operations Support	GF SR	15,348 210	15,348 210	30,696 420	(325)	(325)	(650)	15,023 210	15,023 210	30,046 420	15,023 170	15,023 170	30,046 340	(650)
195 196 197 198	Total Corrections	GF SR	403,232 890 404,122	418,583 <u>890</u> 419,473	821,815 <u>1,780</u> 823,595	38,642	40,154 40,154	78,796	431,202 890 432,092	446,553 890 447,443	877,755 <u>1,780</u> 879,535	459,128 <u>723</u> 459,851	469,884 723 470,607	929,012 <u>1,446</u> 930,458	55,940
	SENTENCING GUIDELINES		436	436	872	-			436	436	872	436	436	872	
201 202			436	436	872				436	436	872	436	436	872	-

Chris Turner Senate Fiscal Analyst

Agency/Program	Fund	Gov FY06	vernor's Red FY07	com FY06-07	SC 4098 P FY06	ub Safety F FY07	unding Bill FY06-07	(Combin FY06	ed SF 1879/ FY07	/SC 4098) FY06-07	(C FY08	ombined Ta FY09	iils) FY86-09	Sen/Gov FY06-07
203 204 ATTORNEY GENERAL 205 206 207 Decision Items: 208 Reduction - 2.5 percent	SGSR EN REM GF GF	1,778 145 484 22,834 (564)	1,794 145 484 22,859 (564)	3,572 290 968 45,693 (1,128)				1,778 145 484 22,834	1,794 145 484 22,859	3,572 290 968 45,693 -	1,778 145 484 22,859	1,794 145 484 22,859	3,572 290 968 45,718 -	- - - 1,128
209 210 Total Attorney General 211 212 213 214	GF SGSR EN REM	22,270 1,778 145 <u>484</u> 24,677	22,295 1,794 145 <u>484</u> 24,718	44,565 3,572 290 <u>968</u> 49,395				22,834 1,778 145 <u>484</u> 25,241	22,859 1,794 145 <u>484</u> 25,282	45,693 3,572 290 <u>968</u> 50,523	22,859 1,778 145 <u>484</u> 25,266	22,859 1,794 145 <u>484</u> 25,282	45,718 3,572 290 <u>968</u> 50,548	1,128 - - - 1,128
 215 216 Dept. of Employment and Economic Development 217 218 Decision Items: 219 Meth Lab Cleanup Revolving Loan Fund 220 221 Total Department of Employment and Ec Dev 					250 250	250	500 500	250	250 250	500 500	250 250	250 250	500 500	500 500
 222 223 Board of Veterinary Medicine 224 225 Decision Items: 226 Meth Manufacture From Animal Products Study 227 228 Total Board of Veterinary Medicine 			Т		. 7		7 7	7 7		7 7		•		7
229 FUND TOTALS 230 231 232 233 234 235 236 TOTAL ALL FUNDS	TH EN SGSR SR REM BPF GF	361 194 45,440 5,423 484 <u>844,202</u> 896,104	361 194 35,856 5,422 484 <u>867,045</u> 909,362	722 388 81,296 10,845 968 <u>1,711,247</u> 1,805,466	16,368 62,500 <u>73,390</u> 152,258	16,688 <u>81,010</u> 97,698	33,056 62,500 <u>154,400</u> 249,956	361 194 45,440 5,423 484 <u>880,410</u> 932,312	361 194 46,209 5,422 484 <u>901,954</u> 954,624	722 388 91,649 10,845 968 <u>1,782,364</u> 1,886,936	361 194 29,505 5,255 484 <u>913,645</u> 949,444	361 194 29,521 5,255 484 <u>924,371</u> 960,186	722 388 59,026 10,510 968 <u>1,838,016</u> 1,909,630	- 10,353 - - - <u>71,117</u> 81,470

Agency/ProgramFundFY06FY07FY06-07FY06FY07FY06-07FY06-07FY08FY09FY86-09237Revenue AdjustmentsIncrease in Fine Surcharge by \$11GF4,9006,50011,4005,3907,15012,5405,3907,15012,5407,1507,15014,300239Alcohol Excise Tax 1-cent per Drink EquivalentGFGF4,9006,50011,40023,59726,05249,64923,59726,05249,64926,31526,64152,956240Increased Sales Tax on Excise Tax IncreaseGFFFFFFFF5,8775,92311,8005,8775,92311,8005,9235,92311,846241\$4 of \$6.50 Recorder Fee Surcharge IncreaseGFFF	FY06-07 1,140 49,649 1,930 11,800 1,514 1,188 2,800
238 Increase in Fine Surcharge by \$11 GF 4,900 6,500 11,400 5,390 7,150 12,540 5,390 7,150 12,540 7,150 7,150 7,150 14,300 239 Alcohol Excise Tax 1-cent per Drink Equivalent GF GF 4,900 6,500 11,400 23,597 26,052 49,649 23,597 26,052 49,649 26,315 26,641 52,956 240 Increased Sales Tax on Excise Tax Increase GF GF 6F 1,009 921 1,930 1,009 921 1,930 930 941 1,871 241 \$4 of \$6.50 Recorder Fee Surcharge Increase GF GF 5,877 5,923 11,800 5,877 5,923 11,800 5,923 5,923 1,846 242 Liquor Wholesale/Manu Fee Increases GF 757 757 1,514 757 757 1,514 757 757 1,514 757 757 1,514 757 757 1,514 757 757 1,514 594 594 594 594 594 594 594 594 </td <td>49,649 1,930 11,800 1,514 1,188</td>	49,649 1,930 11,800 1,514 1,188
239 Alcohol Excise Tax 1-cent per Drink Equivalent GF 240 Increased Sales Tax on Excise Tax Increase GF 241 \$4 of \$6.50 Recorder Fee Surcharge Increase GF 242 Liquor Wholesale/Manu Fee Increases GF 243 Civil Court Filing Fee \$5 increase GF	49,649 1,930 11,800 1,514 1,188
239 Alcohol Excise Tax 1-cent per Drink Equivalent GF 23,597 26,052 49,649 23,597 26,052 49,649 26,315 26,641 52,956 240 Increased Sales Tax on Excise Tax Increase GF 1,009 921 1,930 1,009 921 1,930 930 941 1,871 241 \$4 of \$6.50 Recorder Fee Surcharge Increase GF 5,877 5,923 11,800 5,877 5,923 11,800 5,923 5,923 11,846 242 Liquor Wholesale/Manu Fee Increases GF 757 757 1,514 757 757 1,514 757 757 1,514 243 Civil Court Filing Fee \$5 increase GF 594 1,188 594 594 1,188 594 594 1,188	1,930 11,800 1,514 1,188
241 \$4 of \$6.50 Recorder Fee Surcharge Increase GF 5,877 5,923 11,800 5,877 5,923 11,800 5,923 5,923 11,846 242 Liquor Wholesale/Manu Fee Increases GF 757 757 1,514 757 757 1,514 757 757 1,514 757 757 1,514 757 757 1,514 1,188 594	11,800 1,514 1,188
242 Liquor Wholesale/Manu Fee Increases GF 757 757 1,514 757 757 1,514 243 Civil Court Filing Fee \$5 increase GF 6 594 <td>1,514 1,188</td>	1,514 1,188
243 Civil Court Filing Fee \$5 increase GF GF 1,188 594 594 1,188 594 594 1,188 594 594 1,188	1,188
	2 000 1
244 Drivers' License Renewal Surcharge (\$1) GF 1,400 1,400 2,800 1,400 1,400 2,800 1,400 1,400 2,800 1,400 2,800	2,800
245 Crim Justice Spec Acct to GF GF GF 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500	1,500
246 YIP stays in DEED GF 1,452 1,452 2,904	(2,904)
247	
248 Total Revenue Adjustments GF 6,352 7,952 14,304 40,124 42,797 82,921 40,124 42,797 82,921 43,069 43,069 43,406 86,475	68,617
249	
250 Totals For General Fund after Adjustments GF 837,850 859,093 1,696,943 33,266 38,213 71,479 840,286 859,157 1,699,443 870,576 880,965 1,751,541	2,500
251	
252 Senate over (under) Gov Target in Bill 2,500	
253 \$2.50 of \$6.50 Recorder Fee (bottom line) 3673 3673 7,346 3,673 3673 7,346 3,673 3673 7,346 3,673 3673 7,346	
254 Senate over (under) Gov including entire Rec Fee (4,846)	
255	
256 Dedicated Statutory Fee Increases	
257 Criminal Justice Data Network Fee Continuation SR 75 75 150 - 75 75 150	(150)
258 Fire Marshall - Inspection of Hotel/Motel/Resort Fee SR 240 240 480	(480)
260 Non DWI Reinstatement Fees (2) - POST SR 763 832 763 832 763 832 1,595 763 832 1,595 763 832 1,595 763 832 1,595 763 832 1,595 763 832 1,595 763 832 1,595 763 832 1,664	<u> </u>
261	
262 Total Statutory Fee Increases SR 1,078 1,147 2,225 763 832 1,595 763 832 1,595 907 907 1,814	(630)

7

Chris Turner Senate Fiscal Analyst Dodge-Fillmore-Olmsted Community Corrections

The need for a penny for public safety

Testimony before the Senate Finance Committee

April 26, 2005

Andy Erickson, DFO Director, 507.287.1686

Why a drink tax?

The correlation between alcohol/drugs and crime in MN

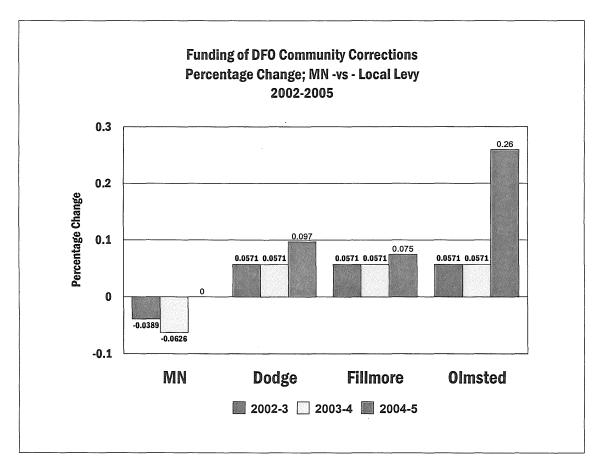
- An estimated 85% of open probation cases are either alcohol or drug related
- DFO has had a 28.6% increase in positive drug tests for meth since 2001
- Greater numbers of offenders are being violated for subsequent alcohol and drug use while on probation (a 24% increase in Olmsted County probation violations from 2002-2003) (see chart on p.2)
- The legislature has enacted tougher drinking laws, i.e., .08 and felony DUI, which impact probation caseloads without state funding
- A drink tax, then, is arguably a <u>user fee</u>, shifting the burden for contributing to the cost of crimes associated with alcohol and drugs away from the property taxpayer <u>TO</u> consumers of alcoholic beverages.

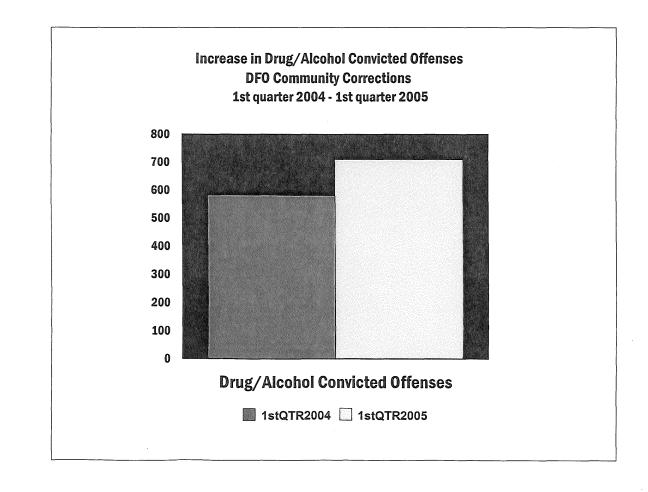
Public Safety:

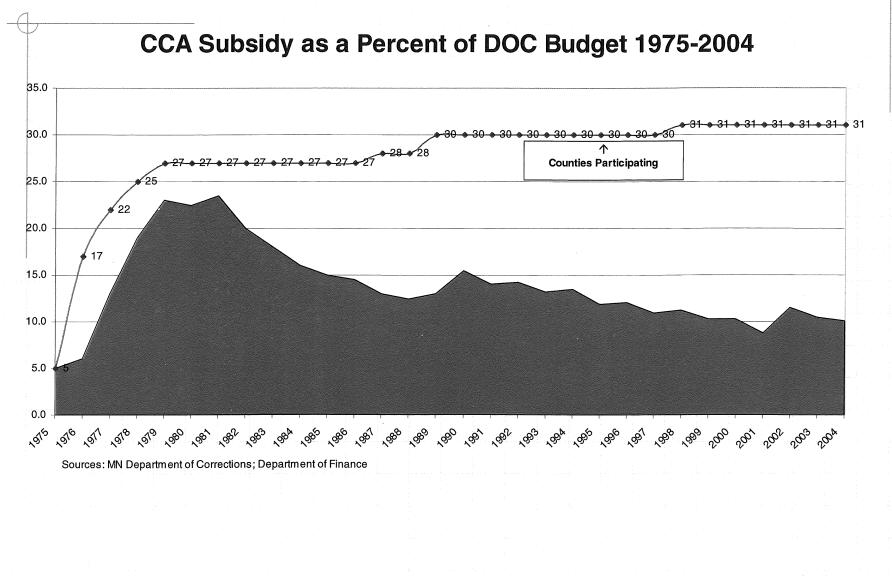
- The risk score of those receiving active supervision has been raised in many counties in MN
 - Many offenders who would have been supervised directly by a probation officer a few years back are now on "paper" supervision or on a kiosk
- The "contact standards" (the frequency with which offenders are seen by probation officers) have been reduced in many counties

The need for additional revenue

- (see chart on p. 2) the property tax has been increased to offset state reductions
- This restores previous cuts. If the Senate Omnibus Crime Bill is enacted, most counties would only revert to the level of real dollars from the state they received in SFY2002.
- Minnesota has the 46th lowest per capita spending on corrections in the U.S.
- Approximately 15 offenders can be supervised safely in the community for every offender placed in prison
- The growth in the cost for operating state prisons in MN has grown at four times the rate of increase for funding of probation services, even if this bill passes







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Probation Trend Testimony DFO and Washington County 4/13/2005

<u>Testimony on behalf Community Corrections Counties – Senate Criminal Justice Finance Committee –</u> <u>April 13, 2005</u>

Tom Adkins, Director, Washington County Community Corrections #651-430-6902 Andy Erickson, Director, Dodge-Fillmore-Olmsted County Community Corrections; #507-287-1686

We appreciate this opportunity to address the Senate Omnibus Public Safety Finance Bill regarding resources available to manage offenders in the community over the past few years, and provide a preliminary response to the Department of Corrections' memo on probation caseload trends dated March 29. We are representing our respective counties as probation directors, as well as members of MACCAC, the community corrections organization. As you often hear, three quarters of the convicted offenders in Minnesota are supervised in the community, by probation staff working for a community corrections agency.

In essence, the March 29 DOC memo suggests that probation caseloads have remained relatively flat since 2001, intimating a neutral impact from the budget reductions enacted for SFY04-05.

We have several responses to the Department's memo, and to the general area of probation funding, as follows:

- A statewide probation task force presented its report to the MN Legislature in 1995, which concluded the probation system was underfunded by \$40 million. Legislative action provided \$18 million in new dollars toward that shortfall in 2002, and has since cut that by 8%. Since the report in 1995, probation cases have grown by 27.4%.
- 2. Counties throughout Minnesota have relied on a variety of techniques to balance growing probation pressure with declining resources, including:
 - a. Raising the risk level of offenders who are actively supervised (DFO has raised the threshold on the LSI risk assessment from 17 to 21, Washington has raised it from 17 to 19, and Dakota has raised it from 17 to 26).
 - b. Reducing "contact standards" for agents (the frequency with which offenders who are actively supervised are seen in their office or in their homes)
 - c. Shifting increasing numbers of offenders to either kiosks or paper supervision
 - d. Reducing treatment, educational classes
- 3. Minnesota has the 49th lowest incarceration rate in the nation, and is 46th lowest on per capita spending on corrections. 15 offenders can be supervised safely in the community for every offender placed in state prison (on an annualized basis). Probation is cost effective and more effective in reducing offender recidivism than prison alone.
- 4. A number of the programs that contribute to the success of probation and supervision of offenders in the community, namely treatment and cognitive behavioral programming, have been greatly reduced as opposed to laying off probation staff
- 5. The impact of the state funding reductions (effective date of 07/01/03) were primarily felt in the 2004 budget year by counties. As the 2004 State Probation Survey is still unfinished, caseloads for 2004 cannot yet be calculated on a statewide basis and the true impact of those reductions is uncertain.
- 6. In order to stave off further staffing reductions, local governments have stepped up to the plate with in some cases record levy increases for corrections.
- 7. Not only are the cases left on probation harder to supervise (as lower risk offenders are moved to paper), but the duties of officers have grown from DNA collection, to co-facilitation of

Probation Trend Testimony DFO and Washington County 4/13/2005

cognitive skills classes and sometimes treatment groups, to pretrial supervision (which does not appear in probation counts), drug testing, and assuming responsibility for apprehension of low level offenders to relieve overburdened local law enforcement.

The Dodge-Fillmore-Olmsted Experience since 2001

- **1.** The probationers have become more difficult to supervise
 - Today's offenders present more risk, have more violations (a DFO increase of 24% from 2002 to 2003) and are more likely to engage in behavior which results in probation revocation (which is then followed by a commitment to the DOC Commissioner and <u>a return</u> to the community on supervised release).
 - The outstate growth in methamphetamine production and addition:
 - There has been a significant increase in positive drug tests for meth in DFO (28.6% increase since 2001)
 - ¹⁄₂ of felony drug cases in last half of 2003 were meth-related
 - There has been a 35% increase in new drug felony cases since '02
- 2. DFO has enacted a 21% reduction in staff since 2001, with a concurrent 24% increase in offenders on probation. In order to stave off cuts to probation staff, the three counties have stepped up to the plate (26% levy increase in Olmsted, 7.5% in Fillmore, and 9.75% in Dodge County for 2005– See chart in Appendix). Had each of the counties levied their historical increase (of 5.71%), DFO would have laid off six staff.
- 3. DFO has enacted other measures to manage declining resources, including:
 - Raised LSI-R cut-off level from 17 to 21, increasing risk level of all caseloads
 - Decrease/eliminate service to Misdemeanor DUI offenders (men only)
 - Reduce supervision for Gross Misdemeanor property offenders
 - We have reduced our budget for cognitive skills for offenders by 40%. Our own study suggests that adult males who complete cog skills are 15% less likely to reoffend than those who don't.
 - Increased workload for Kiosk and Administrative Supervision, including handling of violations.

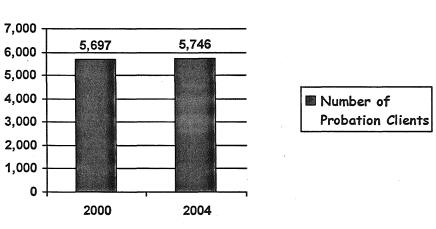
The initial cuts in DFO (to volunteer, program evaluation, contracted services) have had negligible impact on public safety. However, the cuts of the past two years have now begun to compromise public safety. Three specific case scenarios are provided in the appendix – these are the types of cases probation agents used to supervise (home visits, etc). All three of these cases are now on a kiosk, where they check in once per month at an electronic station.

Therefore, behind the numbers of a relatively flat caseload size average for probation agents across Minnesota lies a very different story. Adequate funding of probation needs to be considered in the context of public safety, along with law enforcement, the state department of Corrections, and state correctional facilities. Thank you.

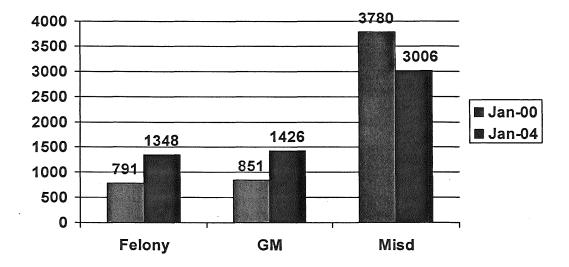
<u>APPENDIX</u>

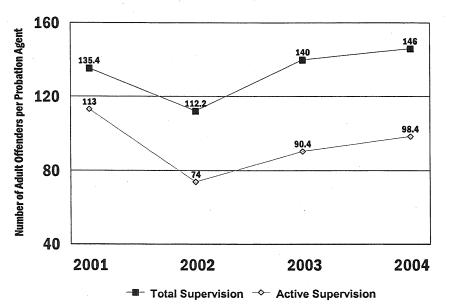
Washington County Community Corrections Offenders on probation – 2000 and 2004

Tom Adkins, Director, Washington County Community Corrections Andy Erickson, Director, Dodge-Fillmore-Olmsted County Community Corrections



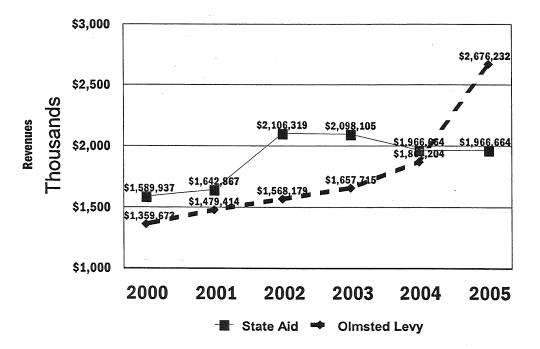
Washington County Community Corrections Breakdown by Offense Level 2000 and 2004

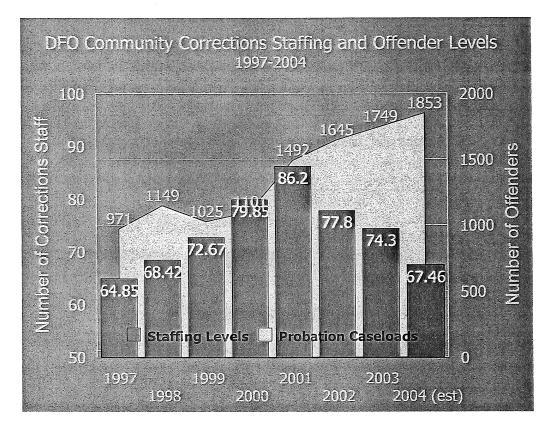




Olmsted County Adult Probation Caseload Trends - DFO Community Corrections 2001-2004

Funding for DFO Community Corrections State Aid vs Olmsted Local Levy 2000-2005





Three examples of offenders currently on kiosk supervision in DFO

33 year-old white male, currently on probation for two felony counts of Violation of Order for Protection. (The second count occurred approximately two months after being sentenced for the first count). The victim is his ex-wife. He has three previous convictions for OFP violations, as well as 2 DWI's and other miscellaneous driving offenses. He was convicted of 3rd degree Burglary as a juvenile. He has been violated for failing to remain abstinent and failing to remain law-abiding. He is chemically dependent and has been through both CD treatment and domestic violence programming. We continue to get calls from the victim with concerns about her safety.

38 year-old white male, currently on probation for felony 5th Degree Controlled Substance and Terroristic Threats. His wife is the victim of the terroristic threats conviction. The defendant has a lengthy criminal history, including Burglary as a juvenile, two Domestic Assault convictions, three Disorderly Conduct Convictions, two alcohol/drug related convictions, three Theft convictions, a 2nd degree Burglary conviction and 3rd degree Criminal Sexual Conduct conviction, as well as numerous driving offenses. He has had at least 27 detox admissions, 8 chemical dependency treatment admissions as well as domestic violence programming at least twice. He has violated his current sentences by failing to remain abstinent and failing to comply with domestic violence programming.

29 year-old white female, currently on probation for two counts of misdemeanor Theft and one count of misdemeanor 5th Degree Assault. Ten days after sentencing on these convictions she allegedly committed a new offense and has pending charges of 1st and 2nd degree Aggravated Robbery. The charges allege she entered the home of persons unknown to her and demanded money. When they refused she pulled a knife on them. She had her two small children with her during the commission of the crime. She has a lengthy criminal history that includes felony drug crimes, felony Fleeing a Peace Officer, felony Theft, and Prostitution. She also appears to having pending charges in Minneapolis of 1st Degree Controlled Substance. She has a history of chemical dependency.

Portrait of a Meth Case in DFO Community Corrections NOTE: this case was only supervised by our electronic kiosk February, 2005

- Corrections officers get tip from Narcotics Task Force that one of our female probationers is using/selling meth. Female probationer is on probation for DUI.
- Police and probation go to home of probationer to conduct a search. First three people they
 encounter in the home do not live there. They are stoned and in their late teens and early 20s.
- Husband of probationer comes out of bedroom. He has sores all over from meth use. Meth found in bedroom and appears to be the highly addictive crystal meth version.
- Marijuana and drug paraphernalia found under the couch in the living room.
- While at the home an older daughter comes home. She is concerned about the situation and about her 11 year old brother who is at school.
- Mom (probationer) arrives in a car with another young person. Mom tries to deny her identity. Older daughter helps confirm her identity.
- Young person in car with probationer is daughter of law enforcement official from another jurisdiction. Claims she does not use. Meth found in vehicle and appears to be more crystal meth.
- Older daughter agrees to pick up brother and care for him.
- Dad to jail with new felony charges.
- Mom tests positive for Meth and Cocaine. Mom goes to jail.
- Both already have pending First Degree Controlled Substance offenses pending in a neighboring county.
- One week previous, oldest son committed to prison for a sex offense, with the probation violation being use of methamphetamine.

How Supervision levels are Determined

Services and supervision levels are determined by:

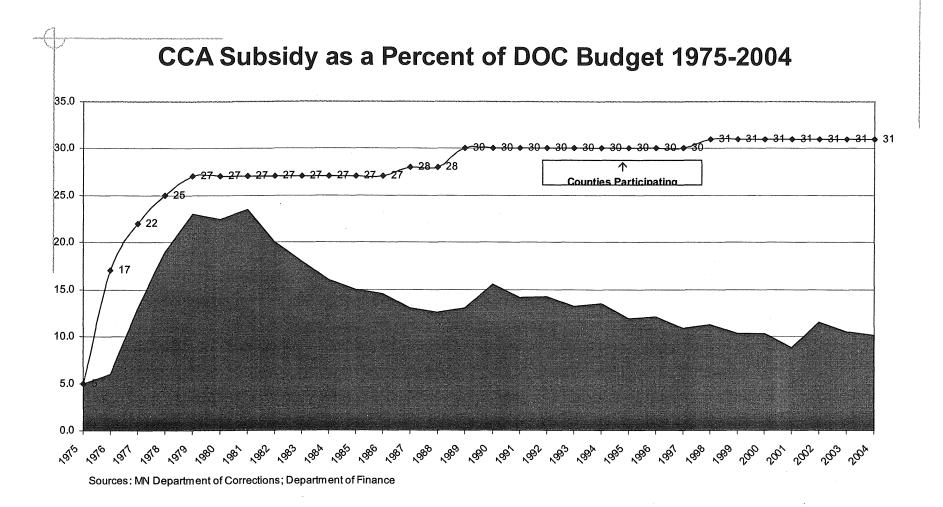
- Specialized assessment tools
- Offense severity
- Court ordered conditions
- Cooperation and compliance with probation

Supervision principles

- Community Corrections philosophy relies heavily on local decision making the bench, community advisory panels, etc
- Utilize most resources on high-risk offenders, minimal for lower risk clients (Best Practices)
- Address small misbehaviors in the community before they escalate (Broken Windows)
- Utilize Restorative Justice Principles with a balance between victim, offender, and community risks and needs

Offender outcomes

- Offenders remain Law Abiding-Recidivism
- The Community Receives Restorative Services
- Restoring the Crime Victim Victims Receive Court Ordered Restitution
- Develop Offenders Competencies and Assist Offenders to Change



Grade - D

NIC - Corrections Statistics for Minnesota

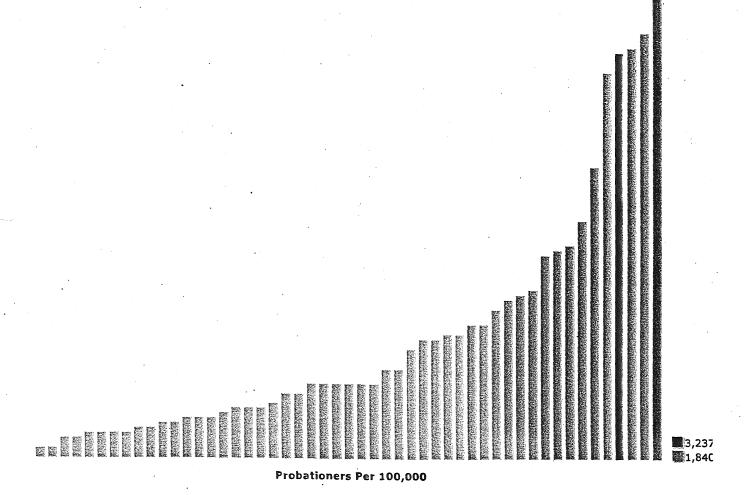
At-A-Glance

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The following graph displays Minnesota's rankings compared to all U.S. states.

Minnesota's Rates (per 100,000)

U.S. National Average (per 100,000)

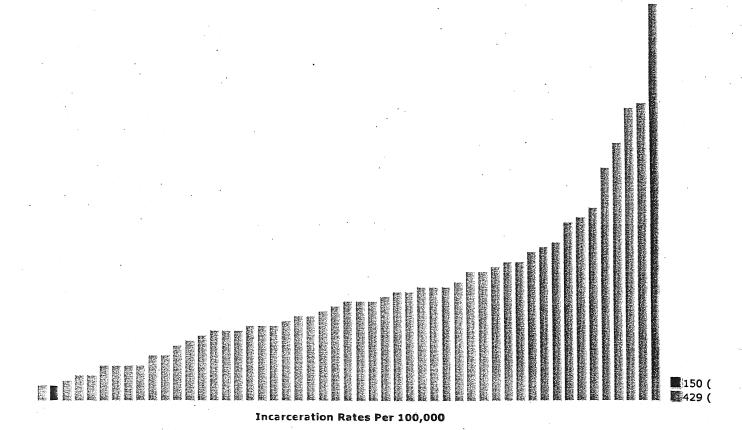


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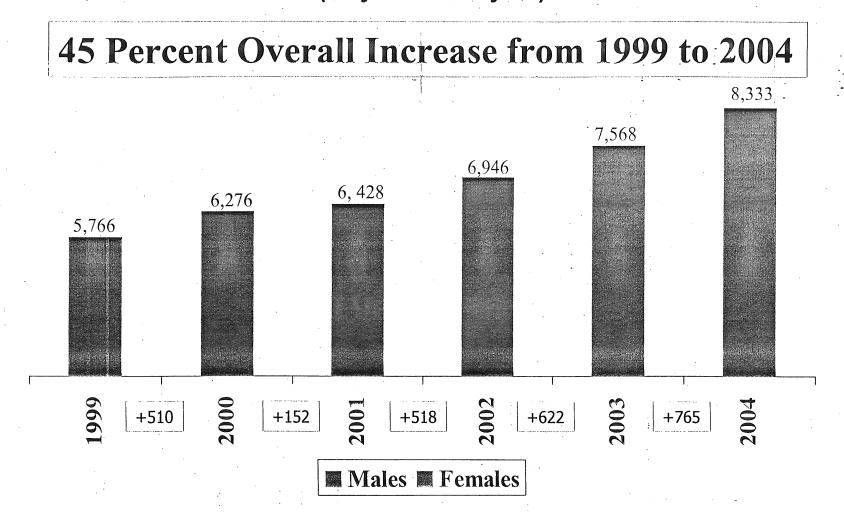
At-A-Glance

The following graph displays Minnesota's rankings compared to all U.S. states.

Minnesota's Rates (per 100,000)



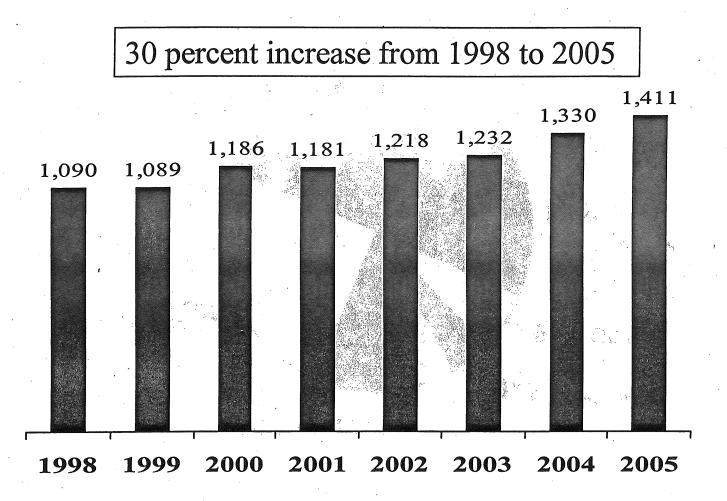
Minnesota Department of Corrections Actual Prison Populations* (July 1 of each year)



* Actual prison population include those housed in a DOC facility or contracted to be housed in a local jail/private facility.

Minnesota Prison Population Sex Offenders- Governing Offense

January 1, 2005



Data Source: Department of Corrections profile card Prepared by: Minnesota Department of Corrections 3/05

04/25/05 PARISEAU

[COUNSEL] CT SCA4098A33

1	Senator moves to amend SC4098-1 as follows:
2	Pages 169 to 171, delete sections 7 to 10
3	Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal
4	references
5	Amend the title accordingly

1 • -

04/26/05 METZEN

1	Senator moves to amend SC4098-1 as follows:
2	Pages 169 to 171, delete sections 7 to 10
3	Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal
4	references
5	Amend the title accordingly

Roll Call Vote

Committee:	Finance	anaratum tana kana kanya taya 2012/07/2014/1010-1010-000		
Bill/Amendment	: A33 to	Public Safely	Bidget Bill	SC#4098-1
	05			
Action: Fa	ailed			
Member	Aye	Nay	Pass	
Cohen		×	·····	
Berglin		X		
Chaudhary		\times		
Dille		X		
Fischbach				
Frederickson	\times			
Gerlach	X			
Hottinger		×		
Kierlin	· ×			
Kiscaden		×		
Langseth	\times			
Larson	X			
Metzen	.K			· · ·
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Olson	\times			
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Pariseau	X			
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Stumpf	\mathbf{X}			······
Wiger	for the second	\checkmark		
Results:	11	ll		· · · · ·

Senator moves to amend SC4098-1 as follows:
 Pages 194 to 198, delete sections 30 to 32 and insert:
 "Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 357.18, is
 amended to read:

5

357.18 [COUNTY RECORDER.]

6 Subdivision 1. [COUNTY RECORDER FEES.] The fees to be 7 charged by the county recorder shall be as-follows and not 8 exceed the following:

9 (1) for indexing and recording any deed or other instrument 10 \$1-fer-each-page-of-an-instrument,-with-a-minimum-fee-of-\$15 a 11 fee of \$46; \$10.50 shall be paid to the state treasury and 12 credited to the general fund; \$10 shall be deposited in the 13 technology fund pursuant to subdivision 3; and \$25.50 to the 14 county general fund;

(2) for documents containing multiple assignments, partial
releases or satisfactions \$10-for-each-document-number-or-book
and-page-cited a fee of \$40; if the document cites more than
four recorded instruments, an additional fee of \$10 for each
additional instrument cited over the first four citations;

20 (3) for certified copies of any records or papers, \$1-for
21 each-page-of-an-instrument-with-a-minimum-fee-of-\$5 \$10;

(4) for a noncertified copy of any instrument or writing on
file or recorded in the office of the county recorder, or any
specified page or part of it, an amount as determined by the
county board for each page or fraction of a page specified. If
computer or microfilm printers are used to reproduce the
instrument or writing, a like amount per image;

28 (5) for an abstract of title, the fees shall be determined 29 by resolution of the county board duly adopted upon the 30 recommendation of the county recorder, and the fees shall not 31 exceed \$5 \$10 for every entry, $\$5\theta \100 for abstract 32 certificate, \$1 per page for each exhibit included within an 33 abstract as a part of an abstract entry, and \$2 \$5 per name for 34 each required name search certification;

35 (5) (6) for a copy of an official plat filed pursuant to 36 section 505.08, the fee shall be 9.59 510 and an additional 50

Section 30

1 cents \$5 shall be charged for the certification of each plat;

(6) (7) for filing an amended floor plan in accordance with chapter 515, an amended condominium plat in accordance with chapter 515A, or a common interest community plat or amendment complying with section 515B.2-110, subsection (c), the fee shall be 50 cents per apartment or unit with a minimum fee of \$30 \$50;

7 (7) (8) for a copy of a floor plan filed pursuant to 8 chapter 515, a copy of a condominium plat filed in accordance 9 with chapter 515A, or a copy of a common interest community plat 10 complying with section 515B.2-110, subsection (c), the fee shall 11 be \$1 for each page of the floor plan, condominium plat or 12 common interest community plat with a minimum fee of \$10;

13 (9) for recording any plat, a fee of \$56, of which \$10.50
14 must be paid to the state treasury and credited to the general
15 fund, \$10 must be deposited in the technology fund pursuant to
16 subdivision 3, and \$35.50 must be deposited in the county

17 general fund; and

18 (10) for a noncertified copy of any document submitted for 19 recording, if the original document is accompanied by a copy or 20 duplicate original, \$2. Upon receipt of the copy or duplicate 21 original and payment of the fee, a county recorder shall return 22 it marked "copy" or "duplicate," showing the recording date and, 23 if available, the document number assigned to the original.

Subd. 1a. [ABSTRACTING SERVICE FEES.] Fees fixed by or established pursuant to subdivision 1 shall be the maximum fee charged in all counties where the county recorder performs abstracting services and shall be charged by persons authorized to perform abstracting services in county buildings pursuant to section 386.18.

30 Subd. 2. [FEES FOR RECORDING INSTRUMENTS IN COUNTY 31 RECORDER OFFICE.] Notwithstanding the provisions of any general 32 or special law to the contrary, the <u>established fees pursuant to</u> 33 <u>subdivision 1 shall be the fee charged in fees-prescribed-by</u> 34 this-section-shall-govern all counties for the specified 35 <u>service</u>, the-filing-or-recording-of-all-instruments-in-the 36 office-of-the-county-recorder other than Uniform Commercial Code

Section 30

documents, and documents filed or recorded pursuant to sections
 270.69, subdivision 2, paragraph (c), 272.481 to 272.488,
 277.20, and 386.77.

Subd. 3. {SURCHARGE-}-In-addition-to-the-fees-imposed-in
subdivision-17-a-\$4.50-surcharge-shall-be-collected:--on-each
fee-charged-under-subdivision-17-clauses-(1)-and-(6)7-and-for
each-abstract-certificate-under-subdivision-17-clause-(4).
Fifty-cents-of-each-surcharge-shall-be-retained-by-the-county-to
cover-its-administrative-costs-and-\$4-shall-be-paid-to-the-state
teasury-and-credited-to-the-general-fund.

Subd.-4. [EQUIPMENT TECHNOLOGY FUND.] \$1-of-each The \$10 11 fee collected under subdivision 1, clause (1), shall be 12 deposited in an-equipment a technology fund to for obtaining, 13 maintaining, and updating current technology and equipment to 14 15 provide services from the record system. The fund shall be disbursed at the county recorder's discretion to provide modern 16 17 information services from the records system. The fund is a supplemental fund and shall not be construed to diminish the 18 duty of the county governing body to furnish funding for 19 expenses and personnel necessary in the performance of the 20 duties of the office pursuant to section 386.015, subdivision 6, 21 paragraph (a), clause (2), and to comply with the requirements 22 of section 357.182. 23

Subd. 5 4. [VARIANCE FROM STANDARDS.] A document that-does 24 not should conform to the standards in section 507.093, 25 26 paragraph (a), shall-not-be-recorded-except-upon-payment-of-an additional-fee-of-\$10-per-document but should not be rejected 27 unless the document is not legible or cannot be archived. 28 This subdivision applies only to documents dated after July 31, 1997, 29 and does not apply to Minnesota uniform conveyancing 30 blanks contained-in-the-book-of-forms on file in the office of 31 the commissioner of commerce provided for under section 507.09, 32 certified copies, or any other form provided for under Minnesota 33 34 Statutes.

35 <u>Subd. 5.</u> [REGISTRAR OF TITLES' FEES.] <u>The fees to be</u> 36 <u>charged by the registrar of titles are in sections 508.82 and</u>

Section 30

[COUNSEL] PSW SCA4098A26

04/24/05 RANUM

1 508A.82.

Sec. 31. [357.182] [COUNTY FEES AND RECORDING STANDARDS 2 FOR THE RECORDING OF REAL ESTATE DOCUMENTS.] 3

Subdivision 1. [APPLICATION.] Unless otherwise specified 4 in this section and notwithstanding any other law to the 5 contrary, effective August 1, 2005, this section applies to each 6 county in Minnesota. Documents presented for recording within 7 60 days after the effective date of this section and that are 8 acknowledged, sworn to before a notary, or certified before the 9 effective date of this section must not be rejected for failure 10 11 to include the new filing fee.

Subd. 2. [FEE RESTRICTIONS.] Notwithstanding any local law 12 or ordinance to the contrary, no county may charge or collect 13 any fee, special or otherwise, or however described, other than 14 a fee denominated or prescribed by state law, for any service, 15 task, or step performed by any county officer or employee in 16 connection with the receipt, recording, and return of any 17 recordable instrument by the county recorder or registrar of 18 titles, whether received by mail, in person, or by electronic 19 delivery, including, but not limited to, opening mail; handling, 20 21 transferring, or transporting the instrument; certifying no 22 delinquent property taxes; payment of state deed tax, mortgage registry tax, or conservation fee; recording of approved plats, 23 24 subdivision splits, or combinations; or any other prerequisites 25 to recording, and returning the instrument by regular mail or in person to the person identified in the instrument for that 26 27 purpose.

Subd. 3. [RECORDING REQUIREMENTS.] Each county recorder 28 and registrar of titles shall, within 15 business days after any 29 30 instrument in recordable form accompanied by payment of 31 applicable fees by customary means is delivered to the county for recording or is otherwise received by the county recorder or 32

registrar of titles for that purpose, record and index the 33

34 instrument in the manner provided by law and return it by

35 regular mail or in person to the person identified in the

36 instrument for that purpose, if the instrument does not require

certification of no-delinquent taxes, payment of state deed tax, 1 mortgage registry tax, or conservation fee. Each county must 2 establish a policy for the timely handling of instruments that 3 require certification of no-delinquent taxes, payment of state 4 deed tax, mortgage registry tax, or conservation fee and that 5 6 policy may allow up to an additional five business days at the request of the office or offices responsible to complete the 7 payment and certification process. 8 For calendar years 2009 and 2010, the maximum time allowed 9 for completion of the recording process for documents presented 10 in recordable form will be 15 business days. 11 For calendar year 2011 and thereafter, the maximum time 12 allowed for completion of the recording process for documents 13 presented in recordable form will be ten business days. 14 15 Instruments recorded electronically must be returned no 16 later than five business days after receipt by the county in a 17 recordable format. Subd. 4. [COMPLIANCE WITH RECORDING REQUIREMENTS.] For 18 calendar year 2007, a county is in compliance with the recording 19 20 requirements prescribed by subdivision 3 if at least 60 percent of all recordable instruments described in subdivision 3 and 21 received by the county in that year are recorded and returned 22 23 within the time limits prescribed in subdivision 3. In calendar year 2008, at least 70 percent of all recordable instruments 24 25 must be recorded and returned in compliance with the recording 26 requirements; for calendar year 2009, at least 80 percent of all 27 recordable instruments must be recorded and returned in 28 compliance with the recording requirements; and for calendar 29 year 2010 and later years, at least 90 percent of all recordable 30 instruments must be recorded and returned in compliance with the recording requirements. 31 32 Subd. 5. [TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF COMPLIANCE WITH RECORDING REQUIREMENTS.] Compliance with the requirements of 33 subdivision 4 may be suspended for up to six months when a 34 35 county undertakes material enhancements to its systems for 36 receipt, handling, paying of deed and mortgage tax and

Section 31

conservation fees, recording, indexing, certification, and 1 return of instruments. The six-month suspension may be extended 2 for up to an additional six months if a county board finds by 3 4 resolution that the additional time is necessary because of the difficulties of implementing the enhancement. 5 Subd. 6. [CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE WITH RECORDING 6 7 REQUIREMENTS.] Effective beginning in 2007 for the 2008 county budget and in each year thereafter, the county recorder and 8 registrar of titles for each county shall file with the county 9 commissioners, as part of their budget request, a report that 10 establishes the status for the previous year of their compliance 11 with the requirements established in subdivision 3. If the 12 office has not achieved compliance with the recording 13 14 requirements, the report must include an explanation of the 15 failure to comply, recommendations by the recorder or registrar 16 to cure the noncompliance and to prevent a reoccurrence and a proposal identifying actions, deadlines, and funding necessary 17 to bring the county into compliance. 18 19 Subd. 7. [RESTRICTION ON USE OF RECORDING 20 FEES.] Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, for county 21 budgets adopted after January 1, 2006, each county shall 22 segregate the additional unallocated fee authorized by sections 23 357.18, 508.82, and 508A.82 from the application of the 24 provisions of chapters 386, 507, 508, and 508A, in an appropriate account. This money is available as authorized by 25 26 the Board of County Commissioners for supporting enhancements to 27 the recording process, including electronic recording, to fund compliance efforts specified in subdivision 5 and for use in 28 29 undertaking data integration and aggregation projects. Money 30 remains in the account until expended for any of the authorized 31 purposes set forth in this subdivision. This money must not be used to supplant the normal operating expenses for the office of 32 33 county recorder or registrar of titles. 34 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 505.08, 35 subdivision 2, is amended to read: 36 Subd. 2. [PUBLIC CERTIFIED COPIES.] The copies of the

Section 32

official plat or of the exact reproducible copy shall be 1 compared and certified to by the county recorder in the manner 2 in which certified copies of records are issued in the 3 recorder's office, and the copy thereof shall be bound in a 4 proper volume for the use of the general public and anyone shall 5 6 have access to and may inspect such certified copy at their pleasure. When the plat includes both registered and 7 nonregistered land two copies thereof shall be so certified and 8 bound, one for such general public use in each of the offices of 9 the county recorder and registrar of titles; provided, however, 10 that only one such copy so certified and bound shall be provided 11 for general public use in those counties wherein the office 12 quarters of the county recorder and registrar of titles are one 13 and the same. When the copy, or any part thereof, shall become 14 unintelligible from use or wear or otherwise, at the request of 15 the county recorder it shall be the duty of the county surveyor 16 17 to make a reproduction copy of the official plat, or the exact transparent reproducible copy under the direct supervision of 18 the county recorder, who shall compare the copy, certify that it 19 is a correct copy thereof, by proper certificate as above set 20 forth, and it shall be bound in the volume, and under the page, 21 and in the place of the discarded copy. In counties not having 22 23 a county surveyor the county recorder shall employ a licensed land surveyor to make such reproduction copy, at the expense of 24 the county. The county recorder shall receive as a fee for 25 26 filing these plats, as aforesaid described, 50-cents-per-lot, 27 but-shall-receive-not-less-than-\$30-for-any-plat-filed-in-the recorder's-office pursuant to section 357.18, subdivision 1. 28 Reproductions from the exact transparent reproducible copy shall 29 30 be available to any person upon request and the cost of such reproductions shall be paid by the person making such request. 31 If a copy of the official plat is requested the county recorder 32 shall prepare it and duly certify that it is a copy of the 33 official plat and the cost of such copy shall be paid by the 34 person making such request. 35

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Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 508.82, is

Section 33

amended to read: 1

508.82 [REGISTRAR'S REGISTRAR OF TITLES' FEES.] 2 Subdivision 1. [STANDARD DOCUMENTS.] The fees to be paid 3

to charged by the registrar of titles shall be as-follows and 4 not exceed the following: 5

(1) of the fees provided herein, five-percent \$1.50 of the 6 fees collected under clauses (3), $(5)_7 - (11)_7 - (13)_7 - (10)_7$ 7 (12), (14), (16), and $(17)_7$ for filing or memorializing shall be 8 paid to the commissioner-of-finance state treasury pursuant to 9 section 508.75 and credited to the general fund; plus-a-\$4.50 10 11 surcharge-shall-be-charged-and-collected-in-addition-to-the total-fees-charged-for-each-transaction-under-clauses-(2),-(3), 12 (5),--(11),--(13),--(14),--(16),-and-(17),-with-50-cents-of-this 13 surcharge-to-be-retained-by-the-county-to-cover-its 14

administrative-costs7-and-\$4-to-be-paid-to-the-state-treasury 15

16 and-credited-to-the-general-fund;

(2) for registering a first certificate of title, including 17 issuing a copy of it, \$30 \$46. Pursuant to clause (1), 18 19 distribution of this fee is as follows:

(i) \$10.50 shall be paid to the state treasury and credited 20 21 to the general fund;

(ii) \$10 shall be deposited in the technology fund pursuant 22 23 to section 357.18, subdivision 3; and

(iii) \$25.50 shall be deposited in the county general fund; 24 25 (3) for registering each instrument transferring the fee simple title for which a new certificate of title is issued and 26 for the registration of the new certificate of title, including 27 a copy of it, \$30 \$46. Pursuant to clause (1), distribution of 28 29 this fee is as follows:

30 (i) \$12 shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to 31 the general fund;

32 (ii) \$10 shall be deposited in the technology fund pursuant 33 to section 357.18, subdivision 3; and

34 (iii) \$24 shall be deposited in the county general fund; 35 (4) for-issuance-of-a-CECT-pursuant-to-section-508.3517 36 \$15+

Section 33

1	(5) for the entry of each memorial on a
2	certificate, \$15 <u>\$46. For multiple certificate entries, \$20</u>
3	thereafter. Pursuant to clause (1), distribution of this fee is
4	as follows:
5	(i) \$12 shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to
6	the general fund;
7	(ii) \$10 shall be deposited in the technology fund pursuant
8	to section 357.18, subdivision 3;
9	(iii) \$24 shall be deposited in the county general fund;
10	and
11	(iv) \$20 shall be deposited in the county general fund for
12	each multiple entry used;
13	(6) (5) for issuing each residue certificate, $$20$ $$40$;
14	(7) (6) for exchange certificates, $$10$ $$20$ for each
15	certificate canceled and $\$10$ $\$20$ for each new certificate
16	issued;
17	(8) (7) for each certificate showing condition of the
18	register, \$10
19	(9) (8) for any certified copy of any instrument or writing
20	on file or recorded in the registrar's registrar of titles'
21	office, the-same-fees-allowed-by-law-to-county-recorders-for <u>\$10</u>
22	like-services;
23	(10) for a noncertified copy of any certificate of
24	title, other than the copies issued under clauses (2) and (3),
25	any instrument or writing on file or recorded in the office of
26	the registrar of titles, or any specified page or part of it, an
27	amount as determined by the county board for each page or
28	fraction of a page specified. If computer or microfilm printers
29	are used to reproduce the instrument or writing, a like amount
30	per image;
31	(11) for a noncertified copy of any document submitted
32	for recording, if the original document is accompanied by a copy
33	or duplicate original, \$2. Upon receipt of the copy or duplicate
34	original and payment of the fee, a registrar of titles shall
35	return it marked "copy" or "duplicate," showing the recording
36	date and, if available, the document number assigned to the

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Section 33

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1	original;
2	(11) for filing two copies of any plat in the office of the
3	registrar, $\$30$ $\$56$. Pursuant to clause (1), distribution of
4	this fee is as follows:
5	(i) \$12 shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to
6	the general fund;
7	(ii) \$10 shall be deposited in the technology fund pursuant
8	to section 357.18, subdivision 3; and
9	(iii) \$34 shall be deposited in the county general fund;
10	(12) for any other service under this chapter, such fee as
11	the court shall determine;
12	(13) for filing an amendment to a declaration in
13	accordance with chapter 515, $\$10$ $\$46$ for each certificate upon
14	which the document is registered and $\$3\theta$ for multiple
15	certificate entries, \$20 thereafter; \$56 for an amended floor
16	plan filed in accordance with chapter 515. Pursuant to clause
17	(1), distribution of this fee is as follows:
18	(i) \$12 shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to
19	the general fund;
20	(ii) \$10 shall be deposited in the technology fund pursuant
21	to section 357.18, subdivision 3;
22	(iii) \$24 shall be deposited in the county general fund for
23	amendment to a declaration;
24	(iv) \$20 shall be deposited in the county general fund for
25	each multiple entry used; and
26	(v) \$34 shall be deposited in the county general fund for
27	an amended floor plan;
28	(14) for issuance of a CECT pursuant to section 508.351,
29	<u>\$40;</u>
30	(14) (15) for filing an amendment to a common interest
31	community declaration and plat or amendment complying with
32	section 515B.2-110, subsection (c), $$\pm 0$ 546 for each certificate
33	upon which the document is registered and $\$3\theta$ for multiple
34	certificate entries, \$20 thereafter and \$56 for the filing of
35	the condominium or common interest community plat or amendment.
36	Pursuant to clause (1), distribution of this fee is as follows:

(i) \$12 shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to
the general fund;
(ii) \$10 shall be deposited in the technology fund pursuant
to section 357.18, subdivision 3;
(iii) \$24 shall be deposited in the county general fund for
the filing of an amendment complying with section 515B.2-110,
subsection (c);
(iv) \$20 shall be deposited in the county general fund for
each multiple entry used; and
(v) 34 shall be deposited in the county general fund for
the filing of a condominium or CIC plat or amendment;
(15) (16) for a copy of a condominium floor plan filed in
accordance with chapter 515, or a copy of a common interest
community plat complying with section 515B.2-110, subsection
(c), the fee shall be \$1 for each page of the floor plan or
common interest community plat with a minimum fee of \$10;
(17) for the filing of a certified copy of a plat of
the survey pursuant to section 508.23 or 508.671, $\$10$ $\$46$.
Pursuant to clause (1), distribution of this fee is as follows:
(i) \$12 shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to
the general fund;
(ii) \$10 shall be deposited in the technology fund pursuant
to section 357.18, subdivision 3; and
(iii) \$24 shall be deposited in the county general fund;
(17) (18) for filing a registered land survey in triplicate
in accordance with section 508.47, subdivision 4, $\$30$ $\$56$.
Pursuant to clause (1), distribution of this fee is as follows:
(i) \$12 shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to
the general fund;
(ii) \$10 shall be deposited in the technology fund pursuant
to section 357.18, subdivision 3; and
(iii) \$34 shall be deposited in the county general fund;
and
(19) for furnishing a certified copy of a registered
land survey in accordance with section 508.47, subdivision
4, \$±0 <u>\$15</u> .

Section 33

SCA4098A26

Subd. 1a. [FEES FOR RECORDING INSTRUMENTS WITH REGISTRAR 1 OF TITLES' OFFICE.] Notwithstanding the provisions of any 2 general or special law to the contrary, and pursuant to section 3 357.182, the established fees pursuant to subdivision 1 shall be 4 the fee charged in all counties for the specified service, other 5 than Uniform Commercial Code documents and documents filed or 6 recorded pursuant to sections 270.69, subdivision 2, paragraph 7 8 (c); 272.481 to 272.488; 277.20; and 386.77. 9 Subd. 2. [VARIANCE FROM STANDARDS.] A document that-does 10 not should conform to the standards in section 507.093, paragraph (a), shall-not-be-filed-except-upon-payment-of-an 11 additional-fee-of-\$10-per-document but should not be rejected 12 unless the document is not legible or cannot be archived. 13 This subdivision applies only to documents dated after July 31, 1997, 14 15 and does not apply to Minnesota uniform conveyancing blanks contained-in-the-book-of-forms on file in the office of 16 the commissioner of commerce provided for under section 507.09, 17

18 certified copies, or any other form provided for under Minnesota 19 Statutes.

20 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 508A.82, is 21 amended to read:

508A.82 [REGISTRAR'S REGISTRAR OF TITLES' FEES.]
Subdivision 1. [STANDARD DOCUMENTS.] The fees to be paid
to charged by the registrar of titles shall be as-follows and
not exceed the following:

(1) of the fees provided herein, five-percent \$1.50 of the 26 fees collected under clauses (3), (5), (11), (13), (14), (15), 27 28 and $(17)_7$ (18) for filing or memorializing shall be paid to the commissioner-of-finance state treasury pursuant to section 29 30 508.75 and credited to the general fund; plus-a-\$4.50-surcharge shall-be-charged-and-collected-in-addition-to-the-total-fees 31 charged-for-each-transaction-under-clauses-(2),-(3),-(5),-(11), 32 33 (13),-(14),-and-(17),-with-50-cents-of-this-surcharge-to-be retained-by-the-county-to-cover-its-administrative-costs,-and-\$4 34 35 to-be-paid-to-the-state-treasury-and-credited-to-the-general fund; 36

Section 34

[COUNSEL] PSW SCA4098A26 04/24/05 RANUM (2) for registering a first CPT, including issuing a copy 1 of it, \$30; \$46. Pursuant to clause (1), distribution of the 2 fee is as follows: 3 (i) \$10.50 shall be paid to the state treasury and credited 4 to the general fund; 5 (ii) \$10 shall be deposited in the technology fund pursuant 6 7 to section 357.18, subdivision 3; and (iii) \$25.50 shall be deposited in the county general fund; 8 (3) for registering each instrument transferring the fee 9 10 simple title for which a new CPT is issued and for the registration of the new CPT, including a copy of it, \$30; \$46. 11 Pursuant to clause (1), distribution of the fee is as follows: 12 (i) \$12 shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to 13 14 the general fund; (ii) \$10 shall be deposited in the technology fund pursuant 15. to section 357.18, subdivision 3; and 16 (iii) \$24 shall be deposited in the county general fund; 17 18 (4) for issuance of a CECT pursuant to section 508A.351, 19 \$15; (5) for the entry of each memorial on a CPT, \$15; \$46; for 20 multiple certificate entries, \$20 thereafter. Pursuant to 21 clause (1) distribution of the fee is as follows: 22 23 (i) \$12 shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to 24 the general fund; (ii) \$10 shall be deposited in the technology fund pursuant 25 to section 357.18, subdivision 3; 26 27 (iii) \$24 shall be deposited in the county general fund; , 28 and (iv) \$20 shall be deposited in the county general fund for 29 30 each multiple entry used; (6) for issuing each residue CPT, \$20 \$40; 31 (7) for exchange CPTs or combined certificates of title, 32 33 \$10 \$20 for each CPT and certificate of title canceled and \$10 \$20 for each new CPT or combined certificate of title 34 issued; 35 (8) for each CPT showing condition of the 36

Section 34

[COUNSEL] PSW SCA4098A26

register, \$t0 \$50; 1

(9) for any certified copy of any instrument or writing on 2 3 file or recorded in the registrar's registrar of titles' office, the-same-fees-allowed-by-law-to-county-recorders-for-like 4 5 services \$10;

(10) for a noncertified copy of any CPT, other than the 6 copies issued under clauses (2) and (3), any instrument or 7 writing on file or recorded in the office of the registrar of 8 titles, or any specified page or part of it, an amount as 9 determined by the county board for each page or fraction of a 10 11 page specified. If computer or microfilm printers are used to reproduce the instrument or writing, a like amount per image; 12 (11) for a noncertified copy of any document submitted for 13 14 recording, if the original document is accompanied by a copy or duplicate original, \$2. Upon receipt of the copy or duplicate 15 original and payment of the fee, a registrar of titles shall 16 return it marked "copy" or "duplicate," showing the recording 17 date and, if available, the document number assigned to the 18 19 <u>original;</u>

(12) for filing two copies of any plat in the office of the 20 21 registrar, \$30; \$56. Pursuant to clause (1), distribution of 22 the fee is as follows:

23 (i) \$12 shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to 24 the general fund;

25 (ii) \$10 shall be deposited in the technology fund pursuant 26 to section 357.18, subdivision 3; and

27 (iii) \$34 shall be deposited in the county general fund; (13) for any other service under sections 508A.01 to 28 508A.85, the fee the court shall determine; 29

30 (13) (14) for filing an amendment to a declaration in accordance with chapter 515, \$10 \$46 for each certificate upon 31 which the document is registered and \$30 for multiple 32 certificate entries, \$20 thereafter; \$56 for an amended floor 33 plan filed in accordance with chapter 5157. Pursuant to clause 34 35 (1), distribution of the fee is as follows:

Section 34

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(i) \$12 shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to

1	the general fund;
2	(ii) \$10 shall be deposited in the technology fund pursuant
3	to section 357.18, subdivision 3;
4	(iii) \$24 shall be deposited in the county general fund for
5	amendment to a declaration;
6	(iv) \$20 shall be deposited in the county general fund for
7	each multiple entry used; and
8	(v) \$34 shall be deposited in the county general fund for
9	an amended floor plan;
10	(14) (15) for issuance of a CECT pursuant to section
11	<u>508.351, \$40;</u>
12	(16) for filing an amendment to a common interest community
13	declaration and plat or amendment complying with section
14	515B.2-110, subsection (c), and issuing a CECT if
15	required, $\$10$ $\$46$ for each certificate upon which the document
16	is registered and $\$3\theta$ for multiple certificate entries, $\$20$
17	thereafter; \$56 for the filing of the condominium or common
18	interest community plat or amendment ; . Pursuant to clause (1),
19	distribution of the fee is as follows:
20	(i) \$12 shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to
21	the general fund;
22	(ii) \$10 shall be deposited in the technology fund pursuant
23	to section 357.18, subdivision 3;
24	(iii) \$24 shall be deposited in the county general fund for
25	the filing of an amendment complying with section 515B.2-110,
26	subsection (c);
27	(iv) \$20 shall be deposited in the county general fund for
28	each multiple entry used; and
29	(v) \$34 shall be deposited in the county general fund for
30	the filing of a condominium or CIC plat or amendment;
31	(15) (17) for a copy of a condominium floor plan filed in
32	accordance with chapter 515, or a copy of a common interest
33	community plat complying with section 515B.2-110, subsection
34	(c), the fee shall be \$1 for each page of the floor plan, or
35	common interest community plat with a minimum fee of \$10;
36	(18) in counties in which the compensation of the

Section 34

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[COUNS

[COUNSEL] PSW SCA4098A26

04/24/05 RANUM

examiner of titles is paid in the same manner as the 1 compensation of other county employees, for each parcel of land 2 contained in the application for a CPT, as the number of parcels 3 is determined by the examiner, a fee which is reasonable and 4 which reflects the actual cost to the county, established by the 5 board of county commissioners of the county in which the land is 6 located; 7 (17) (19) for filing a registered land survey in triplicate 8 in accordance with section 508A.47, subdivision 4, \$30; -and \$56. 9 Pursuant to clause (1), distribution of the fee is as follows: 10 11 (i) \$12 shall be paid to the state treasury and credited to the general fund; 12 (ii) \$10 shall be deposited in the technology fund pursuant 13 to section 357.18, subdivision 3; and 14 (iii) \$34 shall be deposited in the county general fund; 15 16 and (18) (20) for furnishing a certified copy of a registered 17 land survey in accordance with section 508A.47, subdivision 18 19 4, \$10 \$15. Subd. 1a. [FEES TO RECORD INSTRUMENTS WITH REGISTRAR OF 20 21 TITLES.] Notwithstanding any special law to the contrary, and pursuant to section 357.182, the established fees pursuant to 22 subdivision 1 shall be the fee charged in all counties for the 23 specified service, other than Uniform Commercial Code documents, 24 25 and documents filed or recorded pursuant to sections 270.69, subdivision 2, paragraph (c); 272.481 to 272.488; 277.20; and 26 386.77. 27 28 Subd. 2. [VARIANCE FROM STANDARDS.] A document that-does not should conform to the standards in section 507.093, 29 30 paragraph (a), shall-not-be-filed-except-upon-payment-of-an 31 additional-fee-of-\$10-per-document but should not be rejected 32 unless the document is not legible or cannot be archived. This 33 subdivision applies only to documents dated after July 31, 1997, 34 and does not apply to Minnesota uniform conveyancing 35 blanks contained-in-the-book-of-forms on file in the office of

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the commissioner of commerce provided for under section 507.09,

certified copies, or any other form provided for under Minnesota
 Statutes.

3 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 515B.1-116, is 4 amended to read:

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515B.1-116 [RECORDING.]

6 (a) A declaration, bylaws, any amendment to a declaration 7 or bylaws, and any other instrument affecting a common interest 8 community shall be entitled to be recorded. In those counties 9 which have a tract index, the county recorder shall enter the 10 declaration in the tract index for each unit affected. The 11 registrar of titles shall file the declaration in accordance 12 with section 508.351 or 508A.351.

(b) The recording officer shall upon request promptly
assign a number (CIC number) to a common interest community to
be formed or to a common interest community resulting from the
merger of two or more common interest communities.

(c) Documents recorded pursuant to this chapter shall in the case of registered land be filed, and references to the recording of documents shall mean filed in the case of registered land.

21 (d) Subject to any specific requirements of this chapter, if a recorded document relating to a common interest community 22 purports to require a certain vote or signatures approving any 23 restatement or amendment of the document by a certain number or 24 percentage of unit owners or secured parties, and if the 25 26 amendment or restatement is to be recorded pursuant to this chapter, an affidavit of the president or secretary of the 27 28 association stating that the required vote or signatures have been obtained shall be attached to the document to be recorded 29 and shall constitute prima facie evidence of the representations 30 contained therein. 31

32 (e) If a common interest community is located on registered 33 land, the recording fee for any document affecting two or more 34 units shall be the-then-current-fee-for-registering-the-document 35 on-the-certificates-of-title-for-the-first-ten-affected 36 certificates-and-one-third-of-the-then-current-fee-for-each

Section 35

[COUNSEL] PSW SCA4098A26

additional-affected-certificate \$40 for the first ten affected
 certificates and \$10 for each additional affected certificate.
 This provision shall not apply to recording fees for deeds of
 conveyance, with the exception of deeds given pursuant to
 sections 515B.2-119 and 515B.3-112.

(f) Except as permitted under this subsection, a recording 6 officer shall not file or record a declaration creating a new 7 common interest community, unless the county treasurer has 8 certified that the property taxes payable in the current year 9 for the real estate included in the proposed common interest 10 community have been paid. This certification is in addition to 11 the certification for delinquent taxes required by section 12 272.12. In the case of preexisting common interest communities, 13 the recording officer shall accept, file, and record the 14 following instruments, without requiring a certification as to 15 16 the current or delinquent taxes on any of the units in the 17 common interest community: (i) a declaration subjecting the 18 common interest community to this chapter; (ii) a declaration 19 changing the form of a common interest community pursuant to section 515B.2-123; or (iii) an amendment to or restatement of 20 21 the declaration, bylaws, or CIC plat. In order for an instrument to be accepted and recorded under the preceding 22 sentence, the instrument must not create or change unit or 23 common area boundaries." 24

25 Page 201, line 24, before "<u>Minnesota</u>" insert "<u>(a)</u>"
26 Page 201, after line 26, insert:

"(b) Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 386.30, is repealed."
 Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal
 references

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Amend the title accordingly

	04/26/05 RANUM [COUNSEL] KPB SCA4098A36
1	Senator moves to amend SC4098-1 as follows:
. 2	Page 9, delete line 10 and insert:
3	"Subd. 3. Community Services 27,244,000 27,244,000"
4	Page 9, line 48, delete "\$19,600,000" and insert
5	"\$19,093,000"
6	Page 11, delete lines 26 to 32
7	Pages 108 to 110, delete section 12
8	Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal
9	references
10	Amend the title accordingly

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[COUNSEL] PSW SCA4098A25 04/22/05 CHAUDHARY 1 Senator moves to amend SC4098-1 as follows: Page 167, delete lines 2 to 5 and insert: 2 "Subd. 2c. [\$1 SURCHARGE.] In addition to the fees 3 required in subdivision 2, the commissioner shall collect a \$1 4 surcharge on every license or identification card issued under 5 this section. The proceeds of the surcharge must be deposited 6 in the state treasury and credited to the Minnesota Financial 7 Crimes Oversight Council account created in section 299A.68, 8 subdivision 10." 9 Page 177, line 13, after "[FUNDING.]" insert "(a) The 10 11 Minnesota Financial Crimes Oversight Council account is created in the special revenue fund. Money received for the purposes of 12 the council under section 171.06, subdivision 2c, this 13 subdivision, or from any other source must be credited to the 14 account. All money in the account is appropriated to the 15 16 commissioner for the purposes of this section. 17 (b) " 18 Page 177, line 14, after "federal" insert ", state, or

19 local"

A bill for an act

relating to state government; appropriating money for environmental, natural resources, agricultural, and economic development purposes; establishing and modifying certain programs; providing for regulation of certain activities and practices; providing for accounts, assessments, and fees; amending Minnesota Statutes 2004, sections 11A.24, subdivision 6; 13.635, by adding a subdivision; 16A.125, subdivision 5; 16B.61, subdivision 1; 16B.70, subdivisions 2, 3; 17.03, subdivision 13; 17.117, by adding a subdivision; 17B.03, subdivision 1; 18B.05, subdivision 1; 18B.08, subdivision 4; 18B.26, subdivision 3; 18B.31, subdivision 5; 18B.315, subdivision 6; 18B.32, subdivision 6; 18B.33, subdivision 7; 18B.34, subdivision 5; 18C.141, subdivisions 1, 3, 5; 18C.425, subdivision 6; 18E.03, subdivision 2; 18G.10, subdivisions 5, 7; 18G.16, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 14; 18H.07, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 19.64, subdivision 1; 25.341, subdivision 2; 25.39, subdivisions 1, 4; 41A.09, subdivisions 2a, 2a, 3a, by adding subdivisions; 41B.046, subdivision 5; 41B.049, subdivision 2; 60A.14, subdivision 1; 60K.55, subdivision 2; 72B.04, subdivision 10; 82B.09, subdivision 1; 84.027, subdivisions 12, 15; 84.0911, subdivision 2; 84.780; 84.788, subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision; 84.791, subdivision 2; 84.798, by adding a subdivision; 84.82, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 84.8205, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 6; 84.83, subdivisions 3, 4; 84.86, subdivision 1; 84.922, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 84.925, subdivision 1; 84D.03, subdivision 4; 85.054, subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 85.055, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 85.43; 86B.415, by adding a subdivision; 88.6435, subdivision 4; 89.039, subdivision 1; 89.37, by adding a subdivision; 90.195; 97A.055, subdivision 4b; 97A.061, subdivision 1; 97A.075, subdivision 3; 97A.4742, subdivision 4; 97A.482; 97A.485, subdivision 7; 97A.551, by adding a subdivision; 97B.015, subdivision 7; 97B.025; 97C.085; 103E.081, by adding subdivisions; 103G.271, subdivision 6; 103G.301, subdivision 2; 103G.615, subdivision 2; 103I.681, subdivision 11; 115.03, subdivision 4a; 115.551; 115B.48, subdivision 8; 115B.49, by adding a subdivision; 115C.07,

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subdivision 3; 115C.09, subdivisions 3h, 3j; 115C.13; 1 116J.571; 116J.572; 116J.574; 116J.575; 116L.20, 2 subdivision 1; 116L.30, subdivisions 1, 2, by adding subdivisions; 1160.09, subdivision 1a; 116P.05, 3 subdivisions; 1160.09, subdivision 1a; 116P.05, subdivision 2; 120A.40; 129D.02, subdivision 3; 4 5 160.232; 168.1296, subdivision 1; 176.136, subdivision 6 7 1a; 183.41, by adding a subdivision; 183.411, subdivisions 2a, 3; 183.42; 183.44, subdivision 1; 183.51, subdivision 2, by adding a subdivision; 183.545; 183.57; 216B.2424, subdivisions 1, 2, 5a, 6, 8 9 10 8, by adding a subdivision; 223.17, subdivision 3; 11 231.16; 232.22, subdivision 3; 236.02, subdivision 4; 12 237.11; 237.295, subdivisions 1, 2; 237.701, 13 subdivision 1; 239.011, subdivision 2; 239.05, 14 subdivision 10b, by adding a subdivision; 239.09; 15 239.101, subdivision 3; 239.75, subdivisions 1, 5; 16 239.101, Subarvision 3, 239.79, Subarvision: 2, 2, 2, 239.761; 239.77, by adding a subdivision; 239.79, subdivision 4; 239.791, subdivisions 1, 7, 8, 15; 239.792; 282.08; 282.38, subdivision 1; 296A.01, subdivisions 2, 7, 8, 14, 19, 20, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 28; 296A.18, subdivision 2; 298.22, by adding a subdivision 2; 298.22, by 17 18 19 20 21 subdivision; 357.021, subdivisions 1a, 2; 462.357, 22 subdivision 1e; 469.050, subdivision 5; 469.1082, 23 subdivision 1; 469.310, subdivision 11; 469.319, 24 subdivision 1, by adding a subdivision; 469.320, 25 26 subdivision 3; 469.330, subdivision 11; 469.340, 27 subdivision 1; 473.197, subdivision 4; 517.08, subdivisions 1b, 1c; Laws 1999, chapter 224, section 7; Laws 2003, chapter 128, article 1, section 9; Laws 28 29 2003, chapter 128, article 1, section 172; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 30 31 16B; 25; 41B; 45; 84; 86B; 97C; 103F; 116H; 116P; 181; 219; 237; 325F; 354B; 446A; 473; repealing Minnesota 32 33 Statutes 2004, sections 18B.065, subdivision 5; 19.64, 34 35 subdivision 4a; 41B.046, subdivision 3; 84.901; 115B.49, subdivision 4a; 116J.573; 178.12; 239.05, 36 37 subdivisions 6a, 6b; 473.156; 473.197, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 5; Laws 1999, chapter 125, section 4; Laws 2002, 38 chapter 398, section 7. 39 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA: 40 ARTICLE 1 41

42 ENVIRONMENT, NATURAL RESOURCES, AND AGRICULTURE 43 Section 1. [ENVIRONMENT, NATURAL RESOURCES, AND AGRICULTURE

44 APPROPRIATIONS.]

The sums in the columns marked "APPROPRIATIONS" are added 45 46 to, or if shown in parentheses, are subtracted from the appropriations to the specific agencies in 2005 S.F. No. 1879, 47 48 article 6, if enacted. The appropriations are from the general fund, unless another fund is named, and are available for the 49 fiscal year indicated for each purpose. The figures "2006" and 50 51 "2007," where used in this act, mean that the appropriation or 52 appropriations listed under them are available for the year 53 ending June 30, 2006, or June 30, 2007, respectively. The term 54 "the first year" means the year ending June 30, 2006, and the 55 term "the second year" means the year ending June 30, 2007. The

Article 1 Section 1

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1 biennium is fiscal years 2006 and 2007.

-	Diemitum is liscal ye	ears 2006 and 20	07.	ι.
2		SUMMARY BY	FUND	
3		2006	2007	TOTAL
4	General \$	(60,000)\$	(828,000)\$	(888,000)
5	Environmental	8,832,000	9,139,000	17,971,000
6 7	Natural Resources	9,541,000	8,255,000	17,996,000
8	Game and Fish	3,262,000	3,111,000	6,373,000
9 10	Great Lakes Protection	28,000	-0-	28,000
11 12	Environment and Natural Resources	18,829,000	18,829,000	37,658,000
13	Remediation	35,000	35,000	70,000
14	Bond Proceeds	18,000,000	-0-	18,000,000
15	Permanent School	50,000	50,000	100,000
16	Total	58,717,000	38,591,000	97,308,000
17 18	Sec. 2. POLLUTION CO AGENCY	DNTROL		
19 20	Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation	L	\$6,428,000	\$6,735,000
21	Summary	y by Fund		
22	General	\$(2,404,000) \$(2,404,000)	
23	Environmental	8,832,000	9,139,000	
24 25 26	5 appropriation for each program are			
27	Subd. 2. Water			
28	\$ 6,296,000 \$ 6	5,296,000		
29	Summary	y by Fund		
30	General	(2,004,000) (2,004,000)	
31	Environmental	8,300,000	8,300,000	
32	Subd. 3. Air			
33	532,000	839,000		
34	Summary	y by Fund		
35	Environmental	532,000	839,000	
36	Subd. 4. Land			
37 38 ,9 40	8 from the remediation fund to the 9 environmental fund. This is a onetime			
41	Of the money appropr	iated from the		
Ar	ticle 1 Section 2	3		

10,000

remediation fund under Minnesota 1 Statutes, section 116.155, subdivision 2 2, \$6,800,000 for the biennium must be 3 used for cleanup at Mankato Plating; 4 5 Gopher Oil; Whiteway Cleaners; Reserve 6 Mining; Valentine Clark; and old 7 unpermitted solid waste disposal 8 facilities. 9 Subd. 5. Administrative Support (400,000)10 (400,000)Summary by Fund 11 (400,000) (400,000)General 12 13 By December 1, 2005, the commissioner shall submit a report to the 14 15 Environment and Natural Resources 16 Policy and Finance Committees of the 17 house and senate that provides a benchmarking matrix and analysis that 18 compares the environmental review and 19 20 permitting requirements for forest products and mining industry projects 21 22 in Minnesota with requirements in other states and countries. The matrix and 23 24 analysis must include an assessment of 25 whether the requirements in Minneosta and other states and countries are more 26 27 strict, less strict, or equivalent to requirements of the federal 28 29 Environmental Protection Agency and 30 requirements under the National 31 Environmental Policy Act. 32 OFFICE OF ENVIRONMENTAL Sec. 3. ASSISTANCE 33 34 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16B.37, the commissioner of 35 36 administration shall not issue a 37 reorganization order affecting the 38 Office of Environmental Assistance or direct work by the office for another 39 agency before July 1, 2007. The 40 director of the Office of Environmental 41 42 Assistance shall not enter into or 43 continue any memorandum of understanding or other agreement that 44 45 directs work by the office for another 46 agency before July 1, 2007. 47 Sec. 4. ZOOLOGICAL BOARD 8,000 48 Summary by Fund 49 Natural Resources 8,000 10,000 50 \$8,000 the first year and \$10,000 the 51 second year are from the natural 52 resources fund. This appropriation is from the revenue deposited in the 53 natural resources fund under Minnesota 54 55 Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph 56 (e), clause (5). 57 NATURAL RESOURCES Sec. 5. 58 Subdivision 1. Total Article 1 Section 5 4

1 Appropriation

9,289,000

8,189,000

2	Summar	ry by Fund	
3	General	(1,861,000)	(2,836,000)
4	Natural Resources	7,838,000	7,864,000
5	Game and Fish	3,262,000	3,111,000
6	Permanent School	50,000	50,000
7 8 9	appropriation for each program are		

10 Subd. 2. Land and Mineral Resources 11 Management

12	737,000	487,000	
13	Summary	by Fund	
14	General	593,000	343,000
15	Natural Resources	20,000	20,000
16	Game and Fish	74,000	74,000
17	Permanent School	50,000	50 , 000

18 \$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the 19 second year are from the state forest 20 suspense account in the permanent 21 school fund to identify, evaluate, and 22 lease construction aggregate located on 23 school trust lands.

\$250,000 the first year is for a grant
to the Board of Regents of the
University of Minnesota to drill a
5,000 foot core sampling bore hole at
the Tower-Soudan mine complex in
support of a National Science
Foundation grant.

Subd. 3. Water Resources Management 31 408,000 32 408,000 33 Summary by Fund 408,000 34 General 408,000 Subd. 4. Forest Management 35 36 2,789,000 2,789,000 Summary by Fund 37 General (1,261,000) (1,261,000)38 3,800,000 3,800,000 39 Natural Resources 40 Game and Fish 250,000 250,000

\$3,800,000 the first year and
\$3,800,000 the second year are from the
forest management investment account in
the natural resources fund for only the
purposes specified in Minnesota

Article 1 Section 5

Statutes, section 89.039, subdivision 2. 1 \$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 the second year are for grants to the 2 3 4 Natural Resources Research Institute 5 for silvicultural research to improve the quality and quantity of timber 6 7 The appropriation must be fiber. matched in the amount of \$200,000 each 8 year, in cash or in-kind contributions, 9 from the forest products industry 10 members of the Minnesota Forest 11 Productivity Research Cooperative. 12 13 \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 14 the second year are from the game and fish fund to implement Ecological 15 Classification Systems (ECS) standards 16 17 on forested landscapes. This 18 appropriation is from revenue deposited in the game and fish fund under 19 20 Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (e), clause (1). 21 2.2 Subd. 5. Parks and Recreation 23 Management 3,764,000 24 3,836,000 Summary by Fund 25 26 General 3,518,000 3,518,000 27 Natural Resources 246,000 318,000 \$246,000 the first year and \$318,000 28 the second year are from the natural 29 resources fund for state park and 30 31 recreation area operations. This 32 appropriation is from the revenue 33 deposited to the natural resources fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 34 297A.94, paragraph (e), clause (2). 35 36 Subd. 6. Trails and Waterways 37 Management 38 4,583,000 4,129,000 Summary by Fund 39 40 General 450,000 50,000 41 Natural Resources 3,726,000 3,676,000 Game and Fish 407,000 403,000 42 43 \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 44 the second year are from the snowmobile 45 trails and enforcement account in the natural resources fund for snowmobile 46 47 grants-in-aid. Any unencumbered balance does not cancel at the end of 48 49 the first year and is available for the 50 second year. \$500,000 in fiscal year 2006 and 51 \$500,000 in fiscal year 2007 are 52 appropriated from the snowmobile trails 53 54 and enforcement account to the

55 commissioner of natural resources to

Article 1 Section 5

acquire easements for permanent
 recreational snowmobile trails.

The commissioner must work with trail
providers to increase grooming rates
and maintenance reimbursements,
consistent with funding appropriated by
the legislature, for grants provided
under Minnesota Statutes, section 84.83.

9 \$75,000 the first year is from the 10 all-terrain vehicle account in the 11 natural resources fund for a study to 12 determine the amount of gasoline used each year by all-terrain vehicle riders 13 in the state. The commissioners of 14 15 natural resources, revenue, and 16 transportation shall jointly determine 17 the amount of unrefunded gasoline tax attributable to all-terrain vehicle use 18 19 in the state and shall report to the legislature by March 1, 2006, with an 20 21 appropriate proposed revision to 22 Minnesota Statutes, section 296A.18.

With money appropriated from the
natural resources fund in S.F. No.
1879, article 6, section 5, subdivision
6, if enacted, the department shall
establish a boat launch and ramp at
Horseshoe Bay in Cook County, and
rehabilitate the historic fishing pier
on Dower Lake in Todd County.

31 \$100,000 the first year is for a grant 32 to the Duluth Port Authority to 33 determine the cause of freshwater 34 corrosion of harbor sheet piling, 35 provided these state funds are matched 36 on a dollar-for-dollar basis by 37 nonstate funds.

\$300,000 is for a grant to the St. 38 Louis and Lake Counties Regional 39 40 Railroad Authority to complete constructing, furnishing, and equipping Mesabi Station along the 132-mile 41 42 43 recreational trail known as Mesabi 44 Trail and located at the intersection 45 of U.S. 53 and marked Trunk Highway 46 This appropriation is dependent 37. upon a matching contribution of 47 48 \$800,000 from other sources, public or 49 private.

50 The appropriation in Laws 2003, chapter 51 128, article 1, section 5, subdivision 6, from the water recreation account in 52 53 the natural resources fund for a 54 cooperative project with the United States Army Corps of Engineers to 55 develop the Mississippi Whitewater Park 56 is available until June 30, 2007. 57

58 Subd. 7. Fish and Wildlife Management

59	5,820,000	5,348,000
60	Sur	nmary by Fund

61 General 425,000

100,000

Article 1 Section 5

04/25/05

1 Natural Resources 348,000 348,000

2 Game and Fish 5,047,000 4,900,000

\$150,000 the second year is a reduction
from the trout and salmon management
account for the purposes specified in
Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.075,
subdivision 3.

\$983,000 the first year and \$983,000
the second year are from the wildlife
acquisition surcharge account for only
the purposes specified in Minnesota
Statutes, section 97A.071, subdivision
2a.

\$142,000 the first year and \$142,000
the second year are from the deer
habitat improvement account for only
the purposes specified in Minnesota
Statutes, section 97A.075, subdivision
1, paragraph (b).

20 \$65,000 the first year and \$65,000 the 21 second year are from the deer and bear 22 management account for only the 23 purposes specified in Minnesota 24 Statutes, section 97A.075, subdivision 25 1, paragraph (c).

26 \$35,000 the first year and \$35,000 the 27 second year are a reduction from the 28 waterfowl habitat improvement account 29 for only the purposes specified in 30 Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.075, 31 subdivision 2.

\$344,000 the first year and \$344,000
the second year are from the pheasant
habitat improvement account for only
the purposes specified in Minnesota
Statutes, section 97A.075, subdivision
4.

\$22,000 the first year and \$22,000 the 38 second year are from the wild turkey 39 management account for only the 40 purposes specified in Minnesota 41 42 Statutes, section 97A.075, subdivision Of this amount, \$8,000 the first 43 5. 44 year and \$8,000 the second year are appropriated from the game and fish fund for transfer to the wild turkey 45 46 management account for purposes 47 48 specified in Minnesota Statutes, section 97A.075, subdivision 5. 49

50 \$675,000 the first year and \$675,000 51 the second year are from the heritage 52 enhancement account in the game and 53 fish fund for only the purposes 54 specified in Minnesota Statutes, 55 section 297A.94, paragraph (e), clause 56 (1).

\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000
the second year are for coordination
and implementation of the roadsides for
wildlife program, including roadside
wildlife management training for road

1 managers and adjacent landowners, 2 development of local partnerships to 3 maximize roadside habitat benefits, 4 identification and cataloguing of existing and needed technical 5 resources, and development of a 6 steering group to monitor the progress 7 8 of the program and identify and resolve 9 issues of concern for wildlife management in roadsides. 10 11 \$325,000 the first year is for a grant to "Let's Go Fishing" of Minnesota to 12 promote opportunities for fishing. 13 14 Subd. 8. Ecological Services 15 889,000 889,000 Summary by Fund 16 General 75,000 75,000 17 Natural Resources 18 426,000 426,000 Game and Fish 19 388,000 388,000 20 Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 290.431, \$100,000 the first 21 year and \$100,000 the second year from 22 23 the nongame wildlife management account 24 is for nongame information, education, 25 and promotion. 26 \$325,000 the first year and \$325,000 the second year are from the heritage enhancement account in the game and 27 28 fish fund for only the purposes 29 specified in Minnesota Statutes, 30 31 section 297A.94, paragraph (e), clause 32 (1). \$370,000 the first year and \$370,000 33 the second year are for a cost-share 34 35 program with local government, lake associations, and conservation organizations for aquatic invasive 36 37 species prevention and management 38 (1) development activities, including: 39 40 of prevention plans; (2) aquatic 41 invasive species surveys and monitoring; (3) public education and 42 training programs; or (4) conducting 43 44 watercraft inspection programs. Of this amount, \$154,000 each year is from the general fund and \$216,000 each year 45 46 is from the heritage enhancement 47 account in the game and fish fund. 48 The general fund appropriation in this subdivision includes a \$250,000 per 49 50 51 year general fund reduction and a 52 \$171,000 increase for operations 53 support reallocation. 54 Subd. 9. Enforcement 5ز 735,000 735,000 56 Summary by Fund

04/25/05

6

1	General	(240,000)	(240,000)
2	Natural Resources	347,000	347,000
3	Game and Fish	628,000	628,000
4	Subd. 10. Operations Support		
5	(10,436,000) (10,432,000)	

Summary by Fund

7	General	(5,829,000)	(5,829,000)
8	Natural Resources	(1,075,000)	(1,071,000)
9	Game and Fish	(3,532,000)	(3,532,000)

10 \$18,000 the first year and \$22,000 the 11 second year are from the natural resources fund for grants to be divided 12 equally between the city of St. Paul for the Como Zoo and Conservatory and 13 14 the city of Duluth Zoo. 15 This 16 appropriation is from the revenue 17 deposited to the natural resources fund under Minnesota Statutes, section 18 19 297A.94, paragraph (e), clause (5).

20 The natural resources fund 21 appropriation in this subdivision 22 includes a reduction of \$1,093,000 each 23 year for operations support 24 reallocation.

Any reduction in general fund
appropriations in S.F. No. 1879,
article 10, section 33, if enacted,
must be taken from administrative costs
of the central office in St. Paul.

30 Sec. 6. BOARD OF WATER AND 31 SOIL RESOURCES

32 \$35,000 the first year and \$35,000 the 33 second year are for grants to the 34 Minnesota River basin study area 2 for 35 administration and flood reduction 36 programs.

37 \$109,000 the first year is for an 38 implementation assessment of public 39 drainage system buffers and their use, 40 maintenance, and benefits. The 41 assessment must be done in consultation 42 with farm groups, watershed districts, 43 soil and water conservation districts, 44 counties, and conservation 45 organizations, as well as federal 46 agencies implementing voluntary buffer 47 programs. The board shall report the 48 results to the senate and house of 49 representatives committees with 50 jurisdiction over drainage systems by 51 January 15, 2006.

\$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the
second year are for beaver damage
control grants under new Minnesota
Statutes, section 103F.950.

194,000

85,000

1 The appropriations for grants in this 2 section are available until expended. 3 If an appropriation for grants in either year is insufficient, the appropriation in the other year is 4 5 6 available for it. METROPOLITAN COUNCIL 7 Sec. 7. 495,000 581,000 8 Summary by Fund 9 General 200,000 200,000 10 Natural Resources 295,000 381,000 11 \$295,000 the first year and \$381,000 12 the second year are from the natural resources fund for metropolitan area regional parks and trails maintenance 13 14 15 and operations. This appropriation is from the revenue deposited in the 16 natural resources fund under Minnesota 17 Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph 18 19 (e), clause (3). AGRICULTURE 20 Sec. 8. 21 Subdivision 1. Total 22 Appropriation 21,390,000 3,704,000 23 Summary by Fund 24 General 3,355,000 3,669,000 Remediation 35,000 35,000 25 18,000,000 26 Bond Proceeds -0-27 The amounts that may be spent from this 28 appropriation for each program are specified in the following subdivisions. 29 30 Subd. 2. Protection Services 31 35,000 35,000 Summary by Fund 32 Remediation 35,000 35,000 33 34 Subd. 3. Value-Added Agricultural Products 35 600,000 100,000 \$500,000 in the first year is for 36 grants to gasoline service station owners who, after the effective date of 37 38 this section, install pumps in this 39 40 state for dispensing E85 gasoline. The commissioner may reimburse owners of 41 gasoline service stations for up to 50 42 percent of the total cost of installing 43 44 an E85 pump, including the tank and any 45 related components, up to a maximum of \$15,000 per E85 pump. The commiss shall grant priority for E85 pumps 46 The commissioner 47 installed in areas of the state where 48 **19** gasoline service stations with E85 50 pumps are not reasonably available to the general public. This appropriation 51 is available until spent. 52

Article 1 Section 8 11

1 2

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combustion efficiency grants under Minnesota Statutes, section 41A.09, 4 subdivision 9. 5 Subd. 4. Administration and 6 Financial Assistance 7 8 20,755,000 3,569,000 Summary by Fund 9 10 General 2,755,000 3,569,000 11 Bond Proceeds 18,000,000 -0-\$85,000 is to conduct a study, in close 12 consultation with the commissioner of 13 transportation, of the feasibility and desirability of constructing a rail 14 15 container load-out facility in or near 16 17 the city of Willmar or the city of 18 Clara City. The study must include an estimate of the costs and benefits of a 19 facility to the city and region and to 20 the state transportation system. 21 The 22 commissioner shall report to the 23 governor and legislature on the results 24 of the study by January 15, 2006. 25 \$100,000 in the first year and \$100,000 in the second year are for transfer to 26 the Board of Trustees of the Minnesota 27 State Colleges and Universities for 28 29 mental health counseling support to 30 farm families and business operators 31 through farm business management 32 programs at Central Lakes College and 33 Ridgewater College. 34 \$35,000 the first year and \$35,000 the 35 second year are for grants to the 36 Minnesota Horticultural Society. \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the 37 second year are for annual grants to 38 39 the Northern Minnesota Forage-Turf Seed 40 Advisory Committee for basic and 41 applied research on the improved 42 production of forage and turf seed related to new and improved varieties. 43 44 The grant recipient may subcontract with a qualified third party for some 45 or all of the basic and applied 46 47 research. 48 \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the second year are to provide training 49 and technical assistance to county and 50 town officials relating to livestock 51 52 siting issues and local zoning and land 53 use planning including a checklist 54 template that would clarify the 55 federal, state, and local government 56 requirements for consideration of an animal agriculture modernization or 57 58 expansion project. In developing the training and technical assistance 59 program, the commissioner may seek 60 assistance from the local planning 61

\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000

the second year is for ethanol

1 assistance center of the Department of 2 Administration and shall seek guidance, 3 advice, and support of livestock producer organizations, general 4 5 agricultural organizations, local government associations, academic 6 7 institutions, other government agencies, and others with expertise in 8 9 land use and agriculture. 10 \$220,000 the first year is to contract 11 with the University of Minnesota for 12 further research and development of 13 livestock odor and air quality 14 management. 15 \$325,000 the first year and \$325,000 16 the second year are for grants to 17 Second Harvest Heartland on behalf of Minnesota's six Second Harvest food 18 19 banks for the purchase of milk for distribution to Minnesota's food 20 21 shelves and other charitable 22 organizations that are eligible to 23 receive food from the food banks. Milk 24 purchased under the grants must be 25 acquired from Minnesota milk processors 26 and based on low-cost bids. The milk must be allocated to each Second 27 28 Harvest food bank serving Minnesota according to the formula used in the 29 30 distribution of United States Department of Agriculture commodities 31 under The Emergency Food Assistance 32 33 Program (TEFAP). Second Harvest Heartland must submit quarterly reports 34 to the commissioner on forms prescribed by the commissioner. The reports must 35 36 include, but are not limited to, 37 38 information on the expenditure of 39 funds, the amount of milk purchased, 40 and the organizations to which the milk was distributed. Second Harvest 41 Heartland may enter into contracts or 42 43 agreements with food banks for shared 44 funding or reimbursement of the direct 45 purchase of milk. Each food bank 46 receiving money from this appropriation may use up to two percent of the grant 47 for administrative expenses. 48

49 \$18,000,000 is appropriated from the bond proceeds fund for purposes as set 50 51 forth in the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 5, clause (h), to 52 53 the Rural Finance Authority to purchase participation interests in or to make 54 direct agricultural loans to farmers 55 56 under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 41B. This appropriation is for the beginning 57 58 farmer program under Minnesota 59 Statutes, section 41B.039, the loan restructuring program under Minnesota 60 61 Statutes, section 41B.04, the 62 seller-sponsored program under 63 Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.042, the agricultural improvement loan 54 65 program under Minnesota Statutes, 66 section 41B.043, and the livestock 67 expansion loan program under Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.045. All debt 68

Section 8

Article 1

service on bond proceeds used to 1 finance this appropriation must be 2 repaid by the Rural Finance Authority 3 under Minnesota Statutes, section 4 5 16A.643. Loan participations must be 6 priced to provide full interest and 7 principal coverage and a reserve for potential losses. Priority for loans 8 9 must be given first to basic beginning farmer loans; second, to 10 seller-sponsored loans; and third, to 11 12 agricultural improvement loans. BOND SALE 13 Sec. 9. 14 To provide the money appropriated in this act from the bond proceeds fund, 15 16 the commissioner of finance shall sell and issue bonds of the state in an 17 amount up to \$18,000,000 in the manner, 18 upon the terms, and with the effect 19 prescribed by Minnesota Statutes, 20 sections 16A.631 to 16A.675, and by the 21 Minnesota Constitution, article XI, 22 23 sections 4 to 7. 24 Sec. 10. BOARD OF ANIMAL 25 HEALTH 456,000 26 \$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 the second year are for a grant to the 27 Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory at the University of Minnesota to expand 28 29 animal disease surveillance and to 30 31 protect animal agriculture and public This appropriation is 32 health. 33 available until June 30, 2007. Sec. 11. MINNESOTA RESOURCES 34 35 Subdivision 1. Total 36 Appropriation 37 \$20,457,000 38 Summary by Fund 39 State Land and Water Conservation -0-40 Account (LAWCON) 1,600,000 Environment and Natural Resources 41 42 Trust Fund 18,829,000 18,829,000 43 Great Lakes Protection -0-Account 28,000 44 Appropriations from the LAWCON account 45 46 and Great Lakes protection account are 47 available for either year of the 48 biennium. 49 For appropriations from the environment and natural resources trust fund, any 50 51 unencumbered balance remaining in the first year does not cancel and is 52 53 available for the second year of the 54 Unless otherwise provided, biennium. 55 the amounts in this section are 56 available until June 30, 2007, when 57 projects must be completed and final

products delivered. 58

Article 1 Section 11 14 458,000

\$18,829,000

		04/25/05	[COUNSI	EL]	GK/CEB	SC4100	
	1	Subd. 2. Definitions					
	3 4 5	(a) "State Land and Water Conservation Account (LAWCON)" means the state land and water conservation account in the natural resources fund referred to in Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.14.					
	8 9	(b) "Great Lakes Protection Account" means the Great Lakes protection account referred to in Minnesota Statutes, section 116Q.02, subdivision 1.					
1 1	13	(c) "Trust fund" means the Minnesota environment and natural resources trust fund referred to in Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.02, subdivision 6.					
1	L6	Subd. 3. Administration 524,000 525,000					
]	L 7	Summary by Fund					
1	L8	Trust Fund 524,000) !	525,0	00		
-	L9	(a) Legislative Commission on Minnesota Resources					
	20 21 22 23 24	the second year are from the trust fund for administration as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.09,					
	25	(b) Contract Administration					
	26 27 28 29 30 31 32	second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for contract administration activities assigned to the commissioner in this section. This appropriation is					
	33	Subd. 4. Citizen Advisory Com	mittee	10	,000	10,000	
	34	Summary by Fund					
	35	Trust Fund 10,00	0	10,0	00		
	36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 45 45 46	<pre>second year are from the trust fund to the Legislative Commission on Minnesota Resources for expenses of the citizen advisory committee as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.06. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.281, the availability of \$15,000 of the appropriation from Laws 2003, chapter 128, article 1, section 9, subdivision 4, advisory committee,</pre>					
	48	8 Subd. 5. Fish and Wildlife Habitat 5,038,000 5,038,000					
	49	Summary by Fund					
· · ·	50	Trust Fund 5,038,00	05,	,038,0	000		
	51 52						

\$2,031,000 the first year and 1 \$2,031,000 the second year are from the 2 trust fund to the commissioner of 3 natural resources for the third 4 biennium for acceleration of agency 5 programs and cooperative agreements 6 with Pheasants Forever, Minnesota Deer 7 Hunters Association, Ducks Unlimited, Inc., National Wild Turkey Federation, 8 9 the Nature Conservancy, Minnesota Land 10 Trust, the Trust for Public Land, 11 Minnesota Valley National Wildlife 12 Refuge Trust, Inc., U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Red Lake Band of 13 14 Chippewa, Leech Lake Band of Chippewa, 15 16 Fond du Lac Band of Chippewa, USDA-Natural Resources Conservation 17 18 Service, and the Board of Water and Soil Resources to plan, restore, and 19 acquire fragmented landscape corridors 20 21 that connect areas of quality habitat to sustain fish, wildlife, and plants. Expenditures are limited to the 11 22 23 project areas as defined in the work 24 25 Land acquired with this program. appropriation must be sufficiently 26 27 improved to meet at least minimum habitat and facility management 28 29 standards as determined by the commissioner of natural resources. 30 31 This appropriation may not be used for the purchase of residential structures, 32 unless expressly approved in the work 33 Any land acquired in fee 34 program. title by the commissioner of natural 35 36 resources with money from this appropriation must be designated: 37 (1)38 as an outdoor recreation unit under 39 Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.07; or 40 (2) as provided in Minnesota Statutes, 41 sections 89.018, subdivision 2, paragraph (a); 97A.101; 97A.125; 42 The commissioner 97C.001; and 97C.011. 43 44 may similarly designate any lands 45 acquired in less than fee title. This appropriation is available until June 46 30, 2008, at which time the project 47 48 must be completed and final products 49 delivered, unless an earlier date is 50 specified in the work program.

51 (b) Metropolitan Area Wildlife52 Corridors-Phase II

53 \$1,765,000 the first year and 54 \$1,765,000 the second year are from the 55 trust fund to the commissioner of 56 natural resources for the second 57 biennium for acceleration of agency programs and cooperative agreements 58 59 with the Trust for Public Land, Ducks 60 Unlimited, Inc., Friends of the Mississippi River, Great River 61 Greening, Minnesota Land Trust, 62 Minnesota Valley National Wildlife 63 64 Refuge Trust, Inc., Pheasants Forever, Inc., and Friends of the Minnesota 65 Valley for the purposes of planning, improving, and protecting important 66 67 natural areas in the metropolitan 68 69 region, as defined by Minnesota

Article 1 Section 11

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Statutes, section 473.121, subdivision 1 2, and portions of the surrounding 2 counties, through grants, contracted 3 Δ services, conservation easements, and fee acquisition. Land acquired with 5 6 this appropriation must be sufficiently 7 improved to meet at least minimum 8 management standards as determined by 9 the commissioner of natural resources. 10 Expenditures are limited to the identified project areas as defined in 11 the work program. This appropriation 12 13 may not be used for the purchase of 14 residential structures, unless 15 expressly approved in the work program. Any land acquired in fee 16 title by the commissioner of natural 17 18 resources with money from this 19 appropriation must be designated: (1) 20 as an outdoor recreation unit under Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.07; or 21 (2) as provided in Minnesota Statutes, 22 23 sections 89.018, subdivision 2, paragraph (a); 97A.101; 97A.125; 97C.001; and 97C.011. The commissioner 24 25 may similarly designate any lands 26 27 acquired in less than fee title. This appropriation is available until June 28 30, 2008, at which time the project must be completed and final products 29 30 delivered, unless an earlier date is specified in the work program. 31 32 (c) Development of Scientific and Natural Areas 33 34 \$67,000 the first year and \$67,000 the 35

second year are from the trust fund to 36 the commissioner of natural resources to develop and enhance lands designated 37 as scientific and natural areas. 38 This 39 appropriation is available until June 30, 2008, at which time the project 40 41 must be completed and final products delivered, unless an earlier date is 42 specified in the work program. 43

44 (d) Prairie Stewardship of Private Lands

45 \$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second year are from the trust fund to 46 the commissioner of natural resources 47 48 to develop stewardship plans and implement prairie management on private 49 50 prairie lands on a cost-share basis 51 with private or federal funds. This 52 appropriation is available until June 53 30, 2008, at which time the project must be completed and final products 54 delivered, unless an earlier date is 55 specified in the work program. 56

57 (e) Local Initiative Grants-Conservation 58 Partners and Environmental Partnerships

59 \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 60 the second year are from the trust fund 61 to the commissioner of natural 62 resources to provide matching grants of 63 up to \$20,000 to local government and 64 private organizations for enhancement, 65 restoration, research, and education

associated with natural habitat and 1 2 environmental service projects. 3 Subdivision 16 applies to grants awarded in the approved work program. 4 5 This appropriation is available until June 30, 2008, at which time the 6 7 project must be completed and final 8 products delivered, unless an earlier date is specified in the work program. 9 (f) Minnesota ReLeaf Community Forest 10 11 Development and Protection 12 \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 13 the second year are from the trust fund 14 to the commissioner of natural 15 resources for acceleration of the agency program and a cooperative 16 agreement with Tree Trust to protect 17 18 forest resources, develop 19 inventory-based management plans, and 20 provide matching grants to communities to plant native trees. At least 21 \$390,000 of this appropriation must be 22 23 used for grants to communities. For the purposes of this paragraph, the 24 25 match must be a nonstate contribution, but may be either cash or qualifying 26 27 in-kind. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2008, at which 28 time the project must be completed and 29 30 final projects delivered, unless an earlier date is specified in the work 31 32 program.

33 (g) Integrated and Pheromonal Control of 34 Common Carp

35 \$275,000 the first year and \$275,000 36 the second year are from the trust fund 37 to the University of Minnesota for the second biennium to research new options 38 for controlling common carp. 39 This 40 appropriation is available until June 41 30, 2009, at which time the project must be completed and final products 42 43 delivered, unless an earlier date is specified in the work program. 44

45 (h) Biological Control of European Buckthorn46 and Garlic Mustard

47 \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural 48 49 50 resources to research potential insects 51 for biological control of invasive 52 European buckthorn species for the 53 second biennium and to introduce and 54 evaluate insects for biological control This appropriation 55 of garlic mustard. is available until June 30, 2008, at 56 57 which time the project must be 58 completed and final products delivered, 59 unless an earlier date is specified in 60 the work program.

61 (i) Land Exchange Revolving Fund for62 Aitkin, Cass, and Crow Wing Counties

63 \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000

Article 1 Section 11 18

1 the second year are from the trust fund 2 to the commissioner of natural 3 resources for an agreement with Aitkin 4 County for a six-year revolving loan 5 fund to improve public and private land 6 ownership patterns, increase management 7 efficiency, and protect critical 8 habitat in Aitkin, Cass, and Crow Wing Counties. By June 30, 2011, Aitkin 9 County shall repay the \$500,000 to the commissioner of finance for deposit in 10 11 12 the environment and natural resources trust fund. 13 14 Subd. 6. Recreation 7,160,000 5,559,000 15 Summary by Fund 16 Trust Fund 5,560,000 5,559,000 17 State Land and Water Conservation 18 Account (LAWCON) 1,600,000 -0-19 (a) State Park and Recreation Area 20 Land Acquisition \$1,000,000 the first year and 21 \$1,000,000 the second year are from the 22 trust fund to the commissioner of 23 24 natural resources to acquire 25 in-holdings for state park and 26 recreation areas. Land acquired with 27 this appropriation must be sufficiently 28 improved to meet at least minimum 29 management standards as determined by 30 the commissioner of natural resources. 31 This appropriation is available until 32 June 30, 2008, at which time the project must be completed and final 33 products delivered, unless an earlier 34 35 date is specified in the work program. (b) LAWCON Federal Reimbursements 36 37 \$1,600,000 is from the State Land and Water Conservation Account (LAWCON) in 38 the natural resources fund to the 39 commissioner of natural resources for 40 priorities established by the 41 commissioner for eligible state 42 43 projects and administrative and planning activities consistent with 44 Minnesota Statutes, section 116P.14, 45 and the federal Land and Water 46 Subdivision 16 47 Conservation Fund Act. 48 applies to grants awarded in the 49 approved work program. This appropriation is contingent upon 50 receipt of the federal obligation and 51 remains available until June 30, 2008, 52 at which time the project must be completed and final products delivered, 53 54 unless an earlier date is specified in 55 the work program. 56 (c) State Park and Recreation Area 57

58 Revenue-Enhancing Development

59 \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 60 the second year are from the trust fund 61 to the commissioner of natural

Article 1 Section 11 19

resources to enhance revenue generation 1 in the state's park and recreation 2 3 system. (d) Best Management Practices for Parks 4 and Outdoor Recreation 5 \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 6 the second year are from the trust fund 7 to the commissioner of natural 8 resources for an agreement with the 9 10 Minnesota Recreation and Park Association to develop and evaluate 11 opportunities to more efficiently 12 manage Minnesota's parks and outdoor 13 recreation areas. 14 15 (e) Metropolitan Regional Parks Acquisition, Rehabilitation, and Development 16 \$1,000,000 the first year and 17 \$1,000,000 the second year are from the 18 19 trust fund to the Metropolitan Council for subgrants for the acquisition, 20 development, and rehabilitation in the 21 metropolitan regional park system, 22 23 consistent with the Metropolitan 24 Council regional recreation open space capital improvement plan. 25 This 26 appropriation may not be used for the purchase of residential structures, may 27 28 be used to reimburse implementing agencies for acquisition as expressly 29 30 approved in the work program, and must 31 be matched by at least 40 percent of Subdivision 16 applies 32 nonstate money. to grants awarded in the approved work 33 34 program. This appropriation is 35 available until June 30, 2008, at which 36 time the project must be completed and final products delivered, unless an 37 earlier date is specified in the work 38 If a project financed under 39 program. 40 this program receives a federal grant 41 award, the availability of the financing from this paragraph for that project is extended to equal the period 42 43 44 of the federal grant. 45 (f) Gitchi-Gami State Trail

46 \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 47 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural 48 49 resources, in cooperation with the Gitchi-Gami Trail Association, for the 50 fourth biennium, to design and 51 construct approximately two miles of Gitchi-Gami State Trail segments. T 52 53 This 54 appropriation is available until June 55 30, 2008, at which time the project 56 must be completed and final products 57 If this project receives a delivered. 58 federal grant award, the availability 59 of the financing from this paragraph for the project is extended to equal 60 61 the period of the federal grant.

62 (g) Casey Jones State Trail

63 \$600,000 the first year and \$600,000

Article 1 Section 11

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the second year are from the trust fund 1 2 to the commissioner of natural resources in cooperation with the 3 Friends of the Casey Jones Trail Association for land acquisition and 4 5 development of the Casey Jones State 6 Trail in southwest Minnesota. 7 This ·8 appropriation is available until June 30, 2008, at which time the project 9 must be completed and final products 10 11 delivered. If this project receives a federal grant award, the availability 12 13 of the financing from this paragraph for the project is extended to equal 14 the period of the federal grant. 15

16 (h) Paul Bunyan State Trail Connection

\$200,000 the first year and \$200,000
the second year are from the trust fund
to the commissioner of natural
resources to acquire land to connect
the Paul Bunyan State Trail within the
city of Bemidji.

23 (i) Minnesota River Trail Planning

\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the University of Minnesota to provide trail planning assistance to three communities along the Minnesota River State Trail.

32 (j) Local Initiative Grants-Parks and Natural Areas

33 \$600,000 the first year and \$600,000 34 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural 35 36 resources to provide matching grants to 37 local governments for acquisition and 38 development of natural and scenic areas 39 and local parks as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 85.019, subdivisions 2 and 4a, and regional 40 41 42 parks outside of the metropolitan area. Grants may provide up to 50 percent of the nonfederal share of the 43 44 45 project cost, except nonmetropolitan 46 regional park grants may provide up to 47 60 percent of the nonfederal share of 48 the project cost. \$500,000 of this appropriation is for land acquisition 49 for a proposed county regional park on 50 The 51 Kraemer Lake in Stearns County. 52 commission will monitor the grants for 53 approximate balance over extended periods of time between the 54 metropolitan area, under Minnesota Statutes, section 473.121, subdivision 55 56 57 2, and the nonmetropolitan area through 58 work program oversight and periodic allocation decisions. For the purposes 59 60 of this paragraph, the match must be a nonstate contribution, but may be 61 either cash or qualifying in-kind. Recipients may receive funding for more 62 63 than one project in any given grant period. Subdivision 16 applies to 64 65

Article 1

Section 11

grants awarded in the approved work 2 program. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2008, at which time the project must be completed and 3 4 final products delivered. 5 (k) Regional Park Planning for Nonmetropolitan 6 7 Urban Areas 8 \$43,000 the first year and \$43,000 the second year are from the trust fund to 9 the commissioner of natural resources 10 for an agreement with the University of 11 Minnesota to develop a plan for a 12 system of regional recreation areas for 13 14 major outstate urban complexes in 15 Minnesota. 16 (1) Local and Regional Trail Grant Initiative Program 17 \$350,000 the first year and \$350,000 18 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural 19 20 resources to provide matching grants to 21 local units of government for the cost of acquisition, development, 22 engineering services, and enhancement of existing and new trail facilities. 23 24 25 Subdivision 16 applies to grants awarded in the approved work program. 26 This appropriation is available until 27 June 30, 2008, at which time the 28 project must be completed and final 29 30 products delivered, unless an earlier 31 date is specified in the work program. 32 In addition, if a project financed 33 under this program receives a federal grant award, the availability of the 34 35 financing from this paragraph for that project is extended to equal the period 36 37 of the federal grant. 38 (m) Mesabi Trail 39 \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 40 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural 41 42

resources for an agreement with St. 43 Louis and Lake Counties Regional Rail 44 Authority for the seventh biennium to 45 acquire and develop segments for the Mesabi Trail. This appropriation is 46 available until June 30, 2008, at which 47 time the project must be completed and 48 If this 49 final products delivered. 50 project receives a federal grant award, 51 the availability of the financing from 52 this paragraph for the project is extended to equal the period of the 53 54 federal grant.

55 (n) Cannon Valley Trail Belle Creek Bridge 56 Replacement

\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000
the second year are from the trust fund
to the commissioner of natural
resources for an agreement with the
Cannon Valley Trail Joint Powers Board
for bridge replacement of the Belle
Creek Bridge on the Cannon Valley

Article 1 Section 11 22

Trail.

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3,000,000

This appropriation must be matched by at least \$44,000 of nonstate 2 3 money. (o) Arrowhead Regional Bike Trail Connections Plan 4 \$42,000 the first year and \$41,000 the 5 6 second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources 7 for an agreement with the Arrowhead 8 Regional Development Commission to 9 analyze the Arrowhead's major bike 10 trails and plan new trail connections. 11 (p) Land Acquisition, Minnesota Landscape Arboretum 12 \$325,000 the first year and \$325,000 13 14 the second year are from the trust fund to the University of Minnesota for an 15 16 agreement with the University Minnesota Landscape Arboretum 17 18 Foundation for the sixth biennium to 19 acquire land from willing sellers. 20 This appropriation must be matched by an equal amount of nonstate money. 21 This appropriation is available until 22 23 June 30, 2008, at which time the project must be completed and final 24 25 products delivered, unless an earlier 26 date is specified in the work program. (q) Development and Rehabilitation of Minnesota 27 28 Shooting Ranges 29 \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 30 the second year are from the trust fund 31 to the commissioner of natural 32 resources to provide technical assistance and matching grants to local 33 34 communities and recreational shooting 35 and archery clubs for the purpose of developing or rehabilitating shooting and archery facilities for public use. 36 37 Recipient facilities must be open to 38 39 the general public at reasonable times 40 and for a reasonable fee on a walk-in basis. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2008, at which time the 41 42 project must be completed and final 43 44 products delivered, unless an earlier 45 date is specified in the work program. 46 (r) Birding Maps 47 \$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the 48 second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Audubon Minnesota 49 50 51 to create a new birding trail guide for 52 the North Shore/Arrowhead region and 53 reprint and distribute guides for three existing birding trails. 54 55 Subd. 7. Water Resources 3,027,000 56 Summary by Fund 57 Trust Fund 2,999,000 3,000,000 58 Great Lakes Protection 59 28,000 Account Article 1 Section 11 23

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\$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the second year are from the trust fund to the Board of Water and Soil Resources to accelerate the local water management challenge grant program under Minnesota Statutes, sections 103B.3361 to 103B.3369, through

(a) Local Water Management Matching Challenge Grants

9 matching grants to implement high priority activities in state-approved comprehensive water management plans. 10 11 For the purposes of this paragraph, the 12 match must be a nonstate contribution, 13 but may be either cash or qualifying 14 The grants may be provided on 15 in-kind. an advance basis as specified in the 16 This appropriation is 17 work program. 18 available until June 30, 2008, at which time the project must be completed and 19 20 final products delivered, unless an earlier date is specified in the work 21 22 program.

23 (b) Accelerating and Enhancing Surface Water24 Monitoring for Lakes and Streams

\$300,000 the first year and \$300,000 25 the second year are from the trust fund 26 to the commissioner of the Pollution 27 Control Agency for acceleration of 28 29 agency programs and cooperative 30 agreements with the Minnesota Lakes Association, Rivers Council of 31 Minnesota, and the University of Minnesota to accelerate monitoring 32 33 34 efforts through assessments, citizen 35 training, and implementation grants. 36 This appropriation is available until 37 June 30, 2008, at which time the 38 project must be completed and final 39 products delivered, unless an earlier 40 date is specified in the work program.

41 (c) Effects of Land Retirements on the 42 Minnesota River

43 \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 44 the second year are from the trust fund to the Board of Water and Soil 45 46 Resources for a cooperative agreement with the U.S. Geological Survey to 47 48 evaluate effects of retired or 49 set-aside agricultural lands on the 50 water quality and aquatic habitat of 51 streams in the Minnesota River Basin in 52 order to enhance prioritization of 53 future land retirements. This appropriation must be matched by an 54 55 equal amount of nonstate money. This 56 appropriation is available until June 30, 2008, at which time the project must be completed and final products 57 58 59 delivered, unless an earlier date is 60 specified in the work program.

61 (d) Recycling Treated Municipal Wastewater for62 Industrial Water Use

63 \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000

Article 1 Section 11

the second year are from the trust fund 1 to the commissioner of natural 2 resources for an agreement with the 3 Metropolitan Council to determine the 4 feasibility of recycling treated municipal wastewater for industrial 5 6 use, characterize industrial water 7 8 demand and quality, and determine the costs to treat municipal wastewater to 9 10 meet specific industrial needs. 11 (e) Unwanted Hormone Therapy: Protecting Water 12 and Public Health \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 13 the second year are from the trust fund 14 to the University of Minnesota to 15 16 determine where behavior-altering estrogenic compounds come from and how they are distributed in wastewater 17 18 treatment plants. This appropriation 19 is available until June 30, 2008, at 20 21 which time the project must be 22 completed and final products delivered, unless an earlier date is specified in 23 24 the work program. 25 (f) Climate Change Impacts on Minnesota's 26 Aquatic Resources 27 \$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 28 the second year are from the trust fund to the University of Minnesota, Natural 29 Resources Research Institute, to 30 quantify climate, hydrologic, and 31 32 ecological variability and trends; and identify indicators of future climate 33 34 change effects on aquatic systems. This appropriation is available until 35 June 30, 2008, at which time the 36 37 project must be completed and final 38 products delivered, unless an earlier 39 date is specified in the work program. 40 (g) Green Roof Cost Share and Monitoring 41 \$175,000 the first year and \$175,000 42 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural 43 44 resources for an agreement with Ramsey 45 Conservation District to install green, vegetated roofs on four commercial or 46 industrial buildings in Roseville and 47 48 Falcon Heights and to monitor their 49 effectiveness for stormwater 50 management, flood reduction, water quality, and energy efficiency. South of the installations must be 51 The 52 matched by at least 50 percent nonstate 53 54 money. 55 (h) Woodchip Biofilter Treatment of Feedlot Runoff 56 \$135,000 the first year and \$135,000 57 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural 58 59 resources for agreements with Stearns 60 County Soil and Water Conservation 61 District and the University of Minnesota to treat feedlot runoff with 62 woodchip biofilters to remove 63

04/25/05

pollutants and assess improvements to 1 2 surface water quality. This appropriation is available until June 3 30, 2008, at which time the project 4 must be completed and final products 5 delivered, unless an earlier date is 6 7 specified in the work program. 8 (i) Improving Water Quality on the Central Sands \$294,000 the first year and \$293,000 9 10 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural 11 resources for agreements with the University of Minnesota and the Central 12 13 Lakes College Agricultural Center to 14 15 reduce nitrate and phosphorus losses to groundwater and surface waters of sandy ecoregions through the development, 16 17 promotion, and adoption of new farming 18 and land management practices and 19 20 techniques. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2008, at which time the project must be completed and 21 22 23 final products delivered, unless an 24 earlier date is specified in the work 25 program. (j) Improving Impaired Watersheds: 26 Conservation 27 Drainage Research 28 \$150,000 the first year and \$150,000 the second year are from the trust fund 29 to the commissioner of agriculture to 30 31 analyze conservation drainage systems 32 at University of Minnesota research and 33 outreach centers for opportunities to retrofit drainage infrastructure with 34 35 water quality improvement 36 technologies. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2008, at which time the project must be completed and 37 38 39 final products delivered, unless an 40 earlier date is specified in the work 41 program. 42 (k) Hydrology, Habitat, and Energy Potential 43 of Mine Lakes 44 \$188,000 the first year and \$211,000 45 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural 46 47 resources for agency work and 48 agreements with Architectural Resources, Inc., and Northeast Technical Services, Inc., for a 49 50 coordinated effort of the Central Iron 51 52 Range Initiative to establish ultimate 53 mine water elevations, outflows, and 54 quality; design optimum future mineland 55 configurations for fish habitat and lakeshore development; and evaluate 56 57 wind-pumped hydropower potential.

\$62,000 the first year and \$39,000 the second year are from the trust fund to 58 59 the Minnesota Geological Survey at the 60 61 University of Minnesota to assess the geology and mine pit morphometry. 62

63 (1) Hennepin County Beach Water Quality 64 Monitoring Project

Article 1 Section 11 26

1,000,000

\$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the 1 second year are from the trust fund to 2 the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Hennepin County 3 4 to develop a predictive model for 5 on-site determination of beach water 6 quality to prevent outbreaks of 7 waterborne illnesses and provide 8 related water safety outreach to the 9 10 public. 11 (m) Southwest Minnesota Floodwater Retention Projects \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 12 the second year are from the trust fund 13 to the commissioner of natural 14 15 resources for an agreement with Area II 16 MN River Basin Projects, Inc., to acquire easements and construct four 17 floodwater retention projects in the 18 Minnesota River Basin to improve water 19 20 quality and waterfowl habitat. 21 (n) Upgrades to Blue Heron Research Vessel \$28,000 is from the Great Lakes 22 protection account in the first year 23 24 and \$133,000 the first year and 25 \$134,000 the second year are from the 26 trust fund to the University of 27 Minnesota, Large Lakes Observatory, to 28 upgrade and overhaul the Blue Heron Research Vessel. 29 30 (o) Bassett Creek Valley Channel Restoration 31 \$87,000 the first year and \$88,000 the second year are from the trust fund to 32 33 the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the city of 34 35 Minneapolis for design and engineering activities for habitat restoration and 36 water quality and channel improvements 37 38 for Bassett Creek Valley. (p) Restoration of Indian Lake 39 40 \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 41 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural 42 resources for agreements with MN 43 Environmental Services and Bemidji 44 45 State University to demonstrate the removal of excess nutrients from Indian 46 47 Lake in Wright County. This appropriation is available until June 48 30, 2008, at which time the project 49 must be completed and final products 50 delivered, unless an earlier date is specified in the work program, and is 51 52 contingent on all appropriate permits 53 54 being obtained. 55 Subd. 8. Land Use and Natural Resource 1,000,000 56 Information 57 Summary by Fund 58 Trust Fund 1,000,000 1,000,000

Article 1 Section 11

1 (a) Minnesota County Biological Survey

\$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 2 the second year are from the trust fund 3 to the commissioner of natural 4 resources for the tenth biennium to 5 accelerate the survey that identifies 6 significant natural areas and 7 systematically collects and interprets 8 data on the distribution and ecology of 9 native plant communities, rare plants, 10 and rare animals. 11

12 (b) Soil Survey

\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 13 the second year are from the trust fund 14 to the Board of Water and Soil 15 Resources to accelerate digitizing of 16 completed soil surveys for Web-based 17 user application and for agreements 18 with Pine and Crow Wing Counties to 19 20 begin soil surveys. The new soil surveys must be done on a cost-share 21 basis with local and federal funds. 22 23 This appropriation is available until June 30, 2008, at which time the 24 25 project must be completed and final 26 products delivered, unless an earlier date is specified in the work program. 27

28 (c) Land Cover Mapping for Natural Resource Protection

29 \$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 30 the second year are from the trust fund 31 to the commissioner of natural 32 resources for an agreement with Hennepin County to develop GIS tools 33 for prioritizing natural areas for 34 35 protection and restoration and to 36 update and complete land cover classification mapping. 37

38 (d) Open Space Planning and Protection

39 \$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 40 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural 41 42 resources for an agreement with Anoka Conservation District to protect open 43 space by identifying high priority 44 45 natural resource corridors through 46 planning, conservation easements, and 47 land dedication as part of development 48 processes.

49 Subd. 9. Agriculture and Natural 50 Resource Industries

1,342,000

1,341,000

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Summary by Fund

52 Trust Fund1,342,0001,341,000

53 (a) Completing Third-Party Certification 54 of DNR Forest Lands

\$125,000 the first year and \$125,000
the second year are from the trust fund
to the commissioner of natural
resources for third-party assessment
and certification of 4,470,000 acres of

Article 1 Section 11

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DNR-administered lands under forest 1 sustainability standards established by 2 two internationally recognized forest 3 certification systems, the Forest 4 Stewardship Council system, and the 5 6 Sustainable Forestry Initiative system. 7 (b) Third-Party Certification of Private Woodlands \$188,000 the first year and \$188,000 8 9 the second year are from the trust fund to the University of Minnesota, Cloquet 10 Forestry Center, to pilot a third-party 11 12 certification assessment framework for 13 nonindustrial private forest owners. (c) Sustainable Management of Private Forest Lands 14 \$437,000 the first year and \$437,000 15 the second year are from the trust fund 16 to the commissioner of natural 17 18 resources to develop stewardship plans 19 for private forested lands, implement stewardship plans on a cost-share basis 20 and for conservation easements matching federal funds. This appropriation is 21 22 23 available until June 30, 2008, at which 24 time the project must be completed and final products delivered, unless an earlier date is specified in the work 25 26 27 program. 28 (d) Evaluating Riparian Timber Harvesting 29 Guidelines: Phase 2 30 \$167,000 the first year and \$166,000 31 the second year are from the trust fund 32 to the University of Minnesota for a second biennium to assess the timber 33 harvesting riparian management 34 35 guidelines for postharvest impacts on terrestrial, aquatic, and wildlife 36 37 habitat. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2008, at which 38 time the project must be completed and 39 40 final products delivered, unless an 41 earlier date is specified in the work 42 program. 43 (e) Third Crops for Water Quality-Phase 2 44 \$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 the second year are from the trust fund 45 to the commissioner of natural 46 47 resources for cooperative agreements 48 with Rural Advantage and the University 49 of Minnesota to accelerate adoption of 50 third crops to enhance water quality, 51 diversify cropping systems, supply 52 bioenergy, and provide wildlife habitat 53 through demonstration, research, and 54 education. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2008, at which 55 time the project must be completed and 56 57 final products delivered, unless an 58 earlier date is specified in the work 59 program.

60 (f) Bioconversion of Potato Waste into 61 Marketable Biopolymers

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100 04/25/05 \$175,000 the first year and \$175,000 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Bemidji State University to evaluate the bioconversion of potato waste into plant-based plastics. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2008, at which time the project must be completed and final products delivered, unless an earlier date is specified in the work program. Subd. 10. 1,896,000 1,896,000 Energy Summary by Fund 1,896,000 1,896,000 Trust Fund

16 (a) Clean Energy Resource Teams and Community Wind17 Energy Rebate Program

\$350,000 the first year and \$350,000 18 19 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of commerce. 20 21 \$300,000 of this appropriation is to provide technical assistance to 22 implement cost-effective conservation, 23 24 energy efficiency, and renewable energy \$400,000 of this 25 projects. 26 appropriation is to assist two 27 Minnesota communities in developing locally owned wind energy projects by 28 29 offering financial assistance rebates.

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30 (b) Planning for Economic Development31 via Energy Independence

32 \$120,000 the first year and \$120,000 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural 33 34 35 resources for an agreement with the 36 University of Minnesota-Duluth to 37 evaluate the socioeconomic benefits of statewide and community renewable 38 energy production and distribution by 39 analyzing system installation, 40 41 technical capabilities, cost-competitiveness, economic impacts, 42 43 and policy incentives.

44 (c) Manure Methane Digester Compatible Wastes45 and Electrical Generation

46 \$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the 47 second year are from the trust fund to 48 the commissioner of agriculture to 49 research the potential for a centrally 50 located, multifarm manure digester and 51 the potential use of compatible waste 52 streams with manure digesters.

53 (d) Dairy Farm Digesters

54 \$168,000 the first year and \$168,000 55 the second year are from the trust fund 56 to the commissioner of natural 57 resources for an agreement with the 58 Minnesota Project for a pilot project 59 to evaluate anaerobic digester 60 technology on average size dairy farms

of 50 to 300 cows. 1 (e) Wind to Hydrogen Demonstration 2 3 \$400,000 the first year and \$400,000 the second year are from the trust fund 4 to the commissioner of natural 5 resources for an agreement with the 6 University of Minnesota, West Central 7 8 Research and Outreach Center, to develop a model community-scale 9 wind-to-hydrogen facility. 10 11 (f) Natural Gas Production from Agricultural Biomass 12 13 \$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the second year are from the trust fund to 14 the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with Sebesta Blomberg 15 16 and Associates to demonstrate potential 17 18 natural gas yield using anaerobic digestion of blends of chopped grasses 19 or crop residue with hog manure and 20 determine optimum operating conditions 21 for conversion to natural gas. 22 23 (g) Biomass-Derived Oils for Generating Electricity 24 and Reducing Emissions \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the 25 second year are from the trust fund to the University of Minnesota to evaluate 26 27 the environmental and performance 28 benefits of using renewable 29 30 biomass-derived oils, such as soybean 31 oil, for generating electricity. 32 (h) Phillips Biomass Community Energy System 33 \$450,000 the first year and \$450,000 the second year are from the trust fund 34 to the commissioner of natural 35 36 resources for an agreement with 37 Phillips Community Energy Cooperative 38 to assist in the distribution system 39 equipment and construction costs for a biomass district energy system. 40 This appropriation is contingent on all 41 appropriate permits being obtained and 42 43 a signed commitment of financing for the biomass electrical generating 44 facility being in place. 45 (i) Laurentian Energy Authority Biomass Project 46 \$233,000 the first year and \$233,000 47 48 the second year are from the trust fund 49 to the commissioner of natural 50 resources for an agreement with Virginia Public Utility to lease land and plant approximately 1,000 acres of 51 52 trees to support a proposed conversion 53 54 to a biomass power plant. 360,000 360,000 55 Subd. 11. Environmental Education Summary by Fund 56 Trust Fund 360,000 360,000 57

Article 1 Section 11 31

(a) Enhancing Civic Understanding of Groundwater 1 \$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the 2 second year are from the trust fund to 3 4 the commissioner of natural resources 5 for an agreement with the Science 6 Museum of Minnesota to create 7 groundwater exhibits and a statewide traveling groundwater classroom 8 9 program. This appropriation is 10 available until June 30, 2008, at which time the project must be completed and 11 12 final products delivered, unless an earlier date is specified in the work 13 14 program. 15 (b) Cedar Creek Natural History Area Interpretive 16 Center and Restoration 17 \$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 18 the second year are from the trust fund 19 to the commissioner of natural 20 resources for an agreement with the University of Minnesota, Cedar Creek 21 22 Natural History Area, to restore 400 acres of savanna and prairie; construct a Science Interpretive Center to 23 24 publicly demonstrate technologies for 25 26 energy efficiency; and create 27 interpretive trails. This 28 appropriation is available until June 30, 2008, at which time the project 29 must be completed and final products 30 31 delivered, unless an earlier date is 32 specified in the work program. 33 (c) Environmental Problem-Solving Model for Twin Cities Schools 34 \$38,000 the first year and \$37,000 the second year are from the trust fund to 35 36 37 the commissioner of natural resources 38 for an agreement with Eco Education to train high school students and teachers 39 40 on environmental problem solving. 41 (d) Tamarack Nature Center Exhibits \$47,000 the first year and \$48,000 the second year are from the trust fund to 42 43 the commissioner of natural resources 44 for an agreement with Ramsey County 45 46 Parks and Recreation Department to 47 develop interactive ecological exhibits at Tamarack Nature Center. 48 49 Subd. 12. Children's Environmental 50 Health 100,000 51 Summary by Fund 52 Trust Fund 100,000 100,000 53 Minnesota Children's Pesticide Exposure Reduction Initiative 54 \$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 55 the second year are appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture to reduce 56 57 58 children's pesticide exposure through 59 parent education on alternative pest

Article 1 Section 11

32

100,000

1 control methods and safe pesticide use.

2 Subd. 13. Data Availability Requirements

3 (a) During the biennium ending June 30, 2007, data collected by the projects 4 funded under this section that have 5 6 value for planning and management of 7 natural resource, emergency preparedness, and infrastructure 8 9 investments must conform to the 10 enterprise information architecture developed by the Office of Technology. 11 12 Spatial data must conform to geographic information system guidelines and standards outlined in that architecture 13 14 and adopted by the Minnesota Geographic 15 16 Data Clearinghouse at the Land 17 Management Information Center. Α 18 description of these data that adheres to Office of Technology geographic metadata standards must be submitted to 19 20 21 the Land Management Information Center to be made available on-line through 22 the clearinghouse, and the data themselves must be accessible and free 23 24 to the public unless made private under 25 the Data Practices Act, Minnesota 26 27 Statutes, chapter 13.

28 (b) To the extent practicable, summary 29 data and results of projects funded 30 under this section should be readily 31 accessible on the Internet and identified as an environment and 32 natural resources trust fund project. 33

34 (c) As part of project expenditures, recipients of land acquisition 35 36 appropriations must provide the 37 information necessary to update public 38 recreation information maps to the Department of Natural Resources in the form specified by the department. 39 40

41 Subd. 14. Project Requirements

42 It is a condition of acceptance of the appropriations in this section that any 43 agency or entity receiving the 44 45 appropriation must comply with Minnesota Statutes, chapter 116P, and vegetation planted must be native to 46 47 Minnesota and preferably of the local 48 ecotype unless the work program 49 50 approved by the commission expressly allows the planting of species that are not native to Minnesota. Bridges that 51 52 53 are constructed with appropriations 54 under this section must be made out of 55 iron, concrete, or wood.

56 Subd. 15. Match Requirements

57 Unless specifically authorized, 58 appropriations in this section that 59 must be matched and for which the match 60 has not been committed by December 31, 2005, are canceled, and in-kind 61 contributions may not be counted as 62 63 matching funds.

Article 1 Section 11 33

1 Subd. 16. Payment Conditions and Capital Equipment Expenditures

2 All agreements, grants, or contracts referred to in this section must be 3 4 administered on a reimbursement basis 5 unless otherwise provided in this section. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 16A.41, expenditures made on or after July 1, 2005, or the 6 7 8 date the work program is approved, 9 whichever is later, are eligible for 10 reimbursement unless otherwise provided in this section. Payment must be made 11 12 upon receiving documentation that 13 project-eligible, reimbursable dollar 14 amounts have been expended, except that 15 reasonable amounts may be advanced to 16 projects to accommodate cash flow needs 17 or match federal funds. 18 The advances must be approved as part of the work 19 No expenditures for capital 20 program. equipment are allowed unless expressly 21 authorized in the project work program. 22

23 Subd. 17. Purchase of Recycled and Recyclable Materials

24 A political subdivision, public or private corporation, or other entity 25 26 that receives an appropriation in this section must use the appropriation in 27 compliance with Minnesota Statutes, 28 sections 16B.121 and 16B.122, requiring 29 the purchase of recycled, repairable, 30 31 and durable materials; the purchase of 32 uncoated paper stock; and the use of 33 soy-based ink, the same as if it were a 34 state agency.

35 Subd. 18. Energy Conservation

36 A recipient to whom an appropriation is 37 made in this section for a capital 38 improvement project shall ensure that 39 the project complies with the 40 applicable energy conservation 41 standards contained in law, including Minnesota Statutes, sections 216C.19 42 and 216C.20, and rules adopted 43 44 thereunder. The recipient may use the energy planning, advocacy, and state energy office units of the Department 45 46 47 of Commerce to obtain information and 48 technical assistance on energy conservation and alternative energy 49 development relating to the planning 50 51 and construction of the capital 52 improvement project.

53 Subd. 19. Accessibility

54 Structural and nonstructural facilities
55 must meet the design standards in the
56 Americans with Disability Act (ADA)
57 accessibility guidelines.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 16A.125,
subdivision 5, is amended to read:
Subd. 5. [FOREST TRUST LANDS.] (a) The term "state forest

04/25/05

1 trust fund lands" as used in this subdivision, means public land 2 in trust under the Constitution set apart as "forest lands under 3 the authority of the commissioner" of natural resources as 4 defined by section 89.001, subdivision 13.

5 (b) The commissioner of finance shall credit the revenue 6 from the forest trust fund lands to the forest suspense 7 account. The account must specify the trust funds interested in 8 the lands and the respective receipts of the lands.

(c) After a fiscal year, the commissioner of finance shall 9 10 certify the total costs incurred for forestry during that year under appropriations for the protection, improvement, 11 12 administration, and management of state forest trust fund lands and construction and improvement of forest roads to enhance the 13 forest value of the lands. The certificate must specify the 14 trust funds interested in the lands. The commissioner of 15 natural resources shall supply the commissioner of finance with 16 17 the information needed for the certificate.

18 (d) After a fiscal year, the commissioner shall distribute 19 the receipts credited to the suspense account during that fiscal 20 year as follows:

(a) (1) the amount of the certified costs incurred by the state for forest management, forest improvement, and road improvement during the fiscal year shall be transferred to the general-fund. forest management investment account established under section 89.039;

26 (2) the balance of the certified costs incurred by the
27 state during the fiscal year shall be transferred to the general
28 fund; and

29 (b) (3) the balance of the receipts shall then be returned 30 prorated to the trust funds in proportion to their respective 31 interests in the lands which produced the receipts.

32 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 17.03,

33 subdivision 13, is amended to read:

34 Subd. 13. [SEMIANNUAL REPORTS.] (a) By-October-15-and 35 April-15-of-each-year, The commissioner shall submit to the 36 legislative committees having jurisdiction over appropriations

Article 1 Section 13

04/25/05

1 from the agricultural fund in section 16A.531 a-report reports
2 on the amount of revenue raised in each fee account within the
3 fund, the expenditures from each account, and the purposes for
4 which the expenditures were made. The reports must be issued in
5 February and November each year, to coincide with the forecasts
6 of revenue and expenditures prepared under section 16A.103.

7 (b) The report delivered on-October-15 in February of each
8 year must include the commissioner's recommendations, if any,
9 for changes in statutes relating to the fee accounts of the
10 agricultural fund.

11 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 17.117, is 12 amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5b. [APPLICATION FEE.] The commissioner may impose a 13 nonrefundable application fee of \$50 for each loan issued under 14 the program. The fees must be credited to the agricultural best 15 management practices administration account, which is hereby 16 established in the agricultural fund. Interest earned in the 17 account accrues to the account. Money in the account and 18 interest earned in the accounts established in the agricultural 19 20 fund under subdivision 5a are appropriated to the commissioner for administrative expenses of the program. 21

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 17B.03,
subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [COMMISSIONER'S POWERS.] The commissioner 24 25 of agriculture shall exercise general supervision over the 26 inspection, grading, weighing, sampling, and analysis of grain subject to the provisions of the United States Grain Standards 27 28 Act of 1976 and the rules promulgated thereunder by the United States Department of Agriculture. This activity may take place 29 within or outside the state of Minnesota. Scale testing must be 30 performed at export locations or, upon request from and with the 31 32 consent of the delegated authority, at domestic locations. Fees for the testing of scales and weighing equipment shall be fixed 33 34 by the commissioner and must be uniform with those charged by 35 the Division of Weights and Measures of the Department of

36 <u>Commerce</u>.

04/25/05 [COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100 1 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2002, section 18B.05, subdivision 1, is amended to read: 2 Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] A pesticide regulatory 3 account is established in the agricultural fund. 4 Fees, 5 assessments, and penalties collected under this chapter must be deposited in the agricultural fund and credited to the pesticide 6 7 regulatory account. Money in the account, including interest, 8 is appropriated to the commissioner for the administration and enforcement of this chapter. 9 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18B.08, 10 11 subdivision 4, is amended to read: Subd. 4. 12 [APPLICATION FEE.] A person initially applying 13 for a chemigation permit must pay a nonrefundable application fee of \$50 \$250. A person who holds a fertilizer chemigation 14 permit under section 18C.205, is exempt from the fee in this. 15 subdivision. 16 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18B.26, 17 subdivision 3, is amended to read: 18 Subd. 3. [APPLICATION FEE.] (a) A registrant shall pay an 19 20 annual application fee for each pesticide to be registered, and this fee is set at one-tenth of one percent for calendar year 21 1990, at one-fifth of one percent for calendar year 1991, and at 22 two-fifths of one percent for calendar year 1992 and thereafter 23 of annual gross sales within the state and annual gross sales of 24 pesticides used in the state, with a minimum nonrefundable fee 25 of \$250. The registrant shall determine when and which 26 pesticides are sold or used in this state. The registrant shall 27 secure sufficient sales information of pesticides distributed 28 into this state from distributors and dealers, regardless of 29 30 distributor location, to make a determination. Sales of pesticides in this state and sales of pesticides for use in this 31 state by out-of-state distributors are not exempt and must be 32 included in the registrant's annual report, as required under 33 paragraph (c), and fees shall be paid by the registrant based 34 upon those reported sales. Sales of pesticides in the state for 35 use outside of the state are exempt from the application fee in 36

Article 1 Section 18

04/25/05

this paragraph if the registrant properly documents the sale 1 location and distributors. A registrant paying more than the 2 minimum fee shall pay the balance due by March 1 based on the 3 gross sales of the pesticide by the registrant for the preceding 4 The fee for disinfectants and sanitizers shall calendar year. 5 be the minimum. The minimum fee is due by December 31 preceding 6 the year for which the application for registration is made. 7 The commissioner shall spend at least \$300,000 per fiscal year 8 from the pesticide regulatory account for the purposes of the 9 waste pesticide collection program. 10

(b) An additional fee of \$100 must be paid by the applicant
for each pesticide to be registered if the application is a
renewal application that is submitted after December 31.

(c) A registrant must annually report to the commissioner 14 the amount and type of each registered pesticide sold, offered 15 for sale, or otherwise distributed in the state. 16 The report shall be filed by March 1 for the previous year's registration. 17 The commissioner shall specify the form of the report and 18 19 require additional information deemed necessary to determine the amount and type of pesticides annually distributed in the 20 state. The information required shall include the brand name, 21 amount, and formulation of each pesticide sold, offered for 22 sale, or otherwise distributed in the state, but the information 23 24 collected, if made public, shall be reported in a manner which does not identify a specific brand name in the report. 25

(d) A registrant who is required to pay more than the
minimum fee for any pesticide under paragraph (a) must pay a
late fee penalty of \$100 for each pesticide application fee paid
after March 1 in the year for which the license is to be issued.

30 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18B.31,
31 subdivision 5, is amended to read:

32 Subd. 5. [APPLICATION FEE.] (a) An application for a
33 pesticide dealer license must be accompanied by a nonrefundable
34 application fee of \$50 \$150.

35 (b) If an application for renewal of a pesticide dealer36 license is not filed before January 1 of the year for which the

license is to be issued, an additional fee of \$20 must be paid
 by the applicant before the license is issued.

3 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18B.315,
4 subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [FEES.] (a) An applicant for an aquatic pest
control license for a business must pay a nonrefundable
application fee of \$100 \$200. An employee of a licensed
business must pay a nonrefundable application fee of \$50 for an
individual aquatic pest control license.

(b) An application received after expiration of the aquatic
pest control license is subject to a penalty of 50 percent of
the application fee.

(c) An applicant that meets renewal requirements by
reexamination instead of attending workshops must pay the
equivalent workshop fee for the reexamination as determined by
the commissioner.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18B.32,
subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [FEES.] (a) An applicant for a structural pest
control license for a business must pay a nonrefundable
application fee of \$±00 \$200. An employee of a licensed
business must pay a nonrefundable application fee of \$50 for an
individual structural pest control license.

(b) An application received after expiration of the
structural pest control license is subject to a penalty fee of
50 percent of the application fee.

(c) An applicant that meets renewal requirements by
reexamination instead of attending workshops must pay the
equivalent workshop fee for the reexamination as determined by
the commissioner.

31 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18B.33,
32 subdivision 7, is amended to read:

33 Subd. 7. [APPLICATION FEES.] (a) A person initially 34 applying for or renewing a commercial applicator license must 35 pay a nonrefundable application fee of \$50.

36 (b) If A license renewal application is-not-filed

Article 1 Section 22

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

before received after March 1 of <u>in</u> the year for which the license is to be issued₇-an-additional <u>is subject to a</u> penalty fee of \$10-must-be-paid-before-the-commercial-applicator <u>50</u> percent of the application fee. The penalty fee must be paid before the renewal license may be issued.

6 (c) An application for a duplicate commercial applicator
7 license must be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee
8 of \$10.

9 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18B.34, 10 subdivision 5, is amended to read:

11 Subd. 5. [FEES.] (a) A person initially applying for or 12 renewing a noncommercial applicator license must pay a 13 nonrefundable application fee of \$50, except an applicant who is 14 a government <u>or Minnesota Conservation Corps</u> employee who uses 15 pesticides in the course of performing official duties must pay 16 a nonrefundable application fee of \$10.

(b) If-an <u>A license renewal</u> application for-renewal-of-a
noncommercial-license-is-not-filed-before received after March 1
in the year for which the license is to be issued7-an-additional
<u>is subject to a</u> penalty fee of \$10-must-be-paid-before-the <u>50</u>
percent of the application fee. The penalty fee must be paid
before the renewal license may be issued.

(c) An application for a duplicate noncommercial applicator
license must be accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee
of \$10.

26 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18C.141, 27 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PROGRAM ESTABLISHMENT.] The commissioner shall establish a-program voluntary programs to certify the accuracy of analyses from soil and manure testing laboratories and promote standardization of soil and manure testing procedures and analytical results.

33 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18C.141,
34 subdivision 3, is amended to read:

35 Subd. 3. [ANALYSES REPORTING STANDARDS.] (a) The results 36 obtained from soil, manure, or plant analysis must be reported

Article 1 Section 25

in accordance with standard reporting units established by the
 commissioner by rule. The standard reporting units must conform
 as far as practical to uniform standards that are adopted on a
 regional or national basis.

5 (b) If a certified laboratory offers a recommendation for use in Minnesota, the University of Minnesota recommendation or 6 that of another land grant college in a contiguous state must be 7 offered in addition to other recommendations, and the source of 8 the recommendation must be identified on the recommendation 9 10 form. If relative levels such as low, medium, or high are presented to classify the analytical results, the corresponding 11 relative levels based on the analysis as designated by the 12 13 University of Minnesota or the land grant college in a contiguous state must also be presented. 14

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18C.141,
subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [@ERTIFICATION FEES.] (a) <u>The commissioner may</u>
<u>charge the actual costs for check sample preparation and</u>
shipping.

(b) A laboratory applying for certification shall-pay-an
application-fee-of-\$100-and-a-certification-fee-of-\$100-before
the-certification-is-issued may be charged a nonrefundable
certification fee to cover the actual costs for administration
of the program.

(b) (c) Certification is valid-for-one-year-and-the-renewal fee-is-\$100---The-commissioner-shall-charge-an-additional application-fee-of-\$100-if-a-certified-laboratory-allows certification-to-lapse-before-applying-for-renewed-certification renewable on an annual basis.

30 (e) The commissioner shall notify a certified lab that its
31 certification lapses within 30 to 60 days of the date when the
32 certification lapses.

33 (d) The commissioner may accept donations to support the
 34 development and operation of soil and manure programs.

35 (e) Revenues under this section are deposited in the
36 fertilizer account of the agricultural fund.

Article 1 Section 26

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18C.425, 1 2 subdivision 6, is amended to read: 3 Subd. 6. [INSPECTION FEES.] The person responsible for payment of the inspection fees for fertilizers, soil amendments, 4 or plant amendments sold and used in this state must pay an 5 inspection fee of 15 30 cents per ton of fertilizer, soil 6 amendment, and plant amendment sold or distributed in this 7 state, with a minimum of \$10 on all tonnage reports. Products 8 sold or distributed to manufacturers or exchanged between them 9 are exempt from the inspection fee imposed by this subdivision 10 if the products are used exclusively for manufacturing purposes. 11 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18E.03, 12 13 subdivision 2, is amended to read: Subd. 2. [EXPENDITURES.] (a) Money in the agricultural 14 chemical response and reimbursement account may only be used: 15 (1) to pay for the commissioner's responses to incidents 16 17 under chapters 18B, 18C, and 18D that are not eligible for payment under section 115B.20, subdivision 2; 18 (2) to pay for emergency responses that are otherwise 19 20 unable to be funded; (3) to reimburse and pay corrective action costs under 21 22 section 18E.04; and (4) by the board to reimburse the commissioner for board 23 24 staff and other administrative costs up to \$175,000 \$225,000 per fiscal year. 25 (b) Money in the agricultural chemical response and 26 reimbursement account is appropriated to the commissioner to 27 28 make payments as provided in this subdivision. Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18G.10, 29 30 subdivision 5, is amended to read: [CERTIFICATE FEES.] (a) The commissioner shall 31 Subd. 5. 32 assess the fees in paragraphs (b) to (f) for the inspection, service, and work performed in carrying out the issuance of a 33 phytosanitary certificate or export certificate. The inspection 34 35 fee must be based on mileage and inspection time. 36 (b) Mileage charge: current United States Internal Revenue

1 Service mileage rate.

(c) Inspection time: \$50 per hour minimum or fee necessary
to cover department costs. Inspection time includes the driving
time to and from the location in addition to the time spent
conducting the inspection.

(d) A-fee-must-be-charged-for-any-certificate-issued-that
requires-laboratory-analysis-before-issuance.--The-fee-must-be
deposited-into-the-laboratory-account-as-authorized-in-section
17.85. If laboratory analysis or other technical analysis is
required to issue a certificate, the commissioner must set and
collect the fee to recover this additional cost.

(e) Certificate fee for product value greater than \$250:
\$75 for each phytosanitary or export certificate issued for any
single shipment valued at more than \$250 in addition to any
mileage or inspection time charges that are assessed.

(f) Certificate fee for product value less than \$250: \$25
for each phytosanitary or export certificate issued for any
single shipment valued at less than \$250 in addition to any
mileage or inspection time charges that are assessed.

20 (g) For services provided for in subdivision 7 that are 21 goods and services provided for the direct and primary use of a 22 private individual, business, or other entity, the commissioner 23 must set and collect the fees to cover the cost of the services 24 provided.

25 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18G.10, 26 subdivision 7, is amended to read:

27 Subd. 7. [PHANT-PROTECTION-INSPECTIONS, SUPPLEMENTAL, 28 ADDITIONAL, OR OTHER CERTIFICATES, AND PERMITS, AND-FEES.] (a) 29 The commissioner may provide inspection, sampling, or 30 certification services to ensure that Minnesota plant products 31 or commodities meet import requirements of other states or 32 countries.

(b) The state plant regulatory official may issue permits
and certificates verifying that various Minnesota agricultural
products or commodities meet specified phytosanitary plant
<u>health</u> requirements, treatment requirements, or pest absence

Article 1 Section 30 43

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

assurances based on determinations by the commissioner. The
 commissioner-may-collect-fees-sufficient-to-recover-costs-for
 these-permits-or-certificates.--The-fees-must-be-deposited-in
 the-nursery-and-phytosanitary-account.

5 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18G.16,
6 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] (a) The definitions in thissubdivision apply to this section.

9 (b) "Metropolitan area" means the counties of Anoka,10 Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington.

(c) "Municipality" means a home rule charter or statutory 11 12 city or a town located in the metropolitan area that exercises 13 municipal powers under section 368.01 or any general or special law; a special park district organized under chapter 398; a 14 special-purpose park and recreation board organized under the 15 city charter of a city of the first class located in the 16 17 metropolitan area; a county in the metropolitan area for the 18 purposes of county-owned property or any portion of a county located outside the geographic boundaries of a city or a town 19 20 exercising municipal powers; and a municipality or county 21 located outside the metropolitan area with an approved disease 22 control program.

(d) "Shade tree disease pest" means Butch-elm-disease7-oak
 wilt7-or-any-disorder pests or pathogens affecting the growth
 and life of shade trees.

(e) "Wood utilization or disposal system" means facilities,
equipment, or systems used for the removal and disposal of
diseased <u>or pest-infested</u> shade trees, including collection,
transportation, processing, or storage of wood and assisting in
the recovery of materials or energy from wood.

(f) "Approved disease pest control program" means a
municipal plan approved by the commissioner to control or
<u>eradicate a</u> shade tree disease pest.

(g) "Bisease <u>Pest</u> control area" means an area approved by
 the commissioner within which a municipality will conduct an
 approved disease pest control program.

Article 1 Section 31 44

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

(h) "Sanitation" means the identification, inspection,
 disruption of a common root system, girdling, trimming, removal,
 and disposal of dead, pest-infested or diseased wood of shade
 trees, including subsidies for trees removed pursuant to
 subdivision 4, on public or private property within a disease
 control area.

7 (i) "Reforestation" means the replacement of shade trees 8 removed from public property and the planting of a tree as part 9 of a municipal disease control program. For purposes of this 10 paragraph, "public property" includes private property within five feet of the boulevard or street terrace in a city that 11 12 enacted an ordinance on or before January 1, 1977, that 13 prohibits or requires a permit for the planting of trees in the public right-of-way. 14

(j) "Shade tree" means a woody perennial grown primarily
 for aesthetic or environmental purposes.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18G.16,
subdivision 2, is amended to read:

19 Subd. 2. [COMMISSIONER TO ADOPT RULES.] The commissioner 20 may adopt rules relating to shade tree pest and disease control 21 in any municipality. The rules must prescribe control measures 22 to be used to prevent the spread of shade tree pests and 23 diseases and must include the following:

24 (1) a definition of shade tree;

25 (2) qualifications for tree inspectors;

26 (3) methods of identifying diseased or <u>pest-infested</u> shade
27 trees;

(4) procedures for giving reasonable notice of inspectionof private real property;

30 (5) measures for the removal of any shade tree which may
31 contribute to the spread of shade tree pests or disease and for
32 reforestation of pest or disease control areas;

33 (6) approved methods of treatment of shade trees;

34 (7) criteria for priority designation areas in an approved
 35 pest or disease control program; and

36 (8) any other matters determined necessary by the

Article 1 Section 32

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100 04/25/05 commissioner to prevent the spread of shade tree pests or disease and enforce this section. Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18G.16,

subdivision 3, is amended to read: 4 Subd. 3. [DIAGNOSTIC LABORATORY.] The commissioner shall 5 operate a diagnostic laboratory for culturing diseased or pest-6

infested trees for positive identification of diseased or pest-7 infested shade trees. 8

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18G.16, 9 subdivision 4, is amended to read: 10

Subd. 4. [COOPERATION BY UNIVERSITY.] The University of 11 Minnesota College of Natural Resources shall cooperate with the 12 department in control of shade tree disease, pests, and 13 disorders and management of shade tree populations. The College 14 15 of Natural Resources shall cooperate with the department to conduct tree inspector certification and recertification 16 workshops for certified tree inspectors. The College of Natural 17 Resources shall also conduct research into means for identifying 18 diseased or pest-infested shade trees, develop and evaluate 19 20 control measures, and develop means for disposing of and using diseased or pest-infested shade trees. 21

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18G.16, 22 23 subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [EXPERIMENTAL PROGRAMS.] The commissioner may 24 25 establish experimental programs for sanitation or treatment of shade tree diseases and for research into tree varieties most 26 suitable for municipal reforestation. The research must include 27 28 considerations of disease resistance, energy conservation, and 29 other factors considered appropriate. The commissioner may make grants to municipalities or enter into contracts with 30 31 municipalities, nurseries, colleges, universities, or state or 32 federal agencies in connection with experimental shade tree 33 programs including research to assist municipalities in establishing priority designation areas for shade tree disease 34 35 pest control and energy conservation.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18G.16, 36

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1 subdivision 6, is amended to read:

2 Subd. 6. [REMOVAL OF DISEASED OR PEST-INFESTED TREES.] After reasonable notice of inspection, an owner of real property 3 containing a shade tree that is diseased, infested, or may 4 contribute to the spread of pests or disease, must remove or 5 6 treat the tree within the period of time and in the manner established by the commissioner. Trees that are not removed in 7 compliance with the commissioner's rules must be declared a 8 9 public nuisance and removed or treated by approved methods by the municipality, which may assess all or part of the expense, 10 limited to the lowest contract rates available that include wage 11 levels which meet Minnesota minimum wage standards, to the 12 property and the expense becomes a lien on the property. A 13 14 municipality may assess not more than 50 percent of the expense of treating with an approved method or removing diseased or 15 pest-infested shade trees located on street terraces or 16 boulevards to the abutting properties and the assessment becomes 17 a lien on the property. 18

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18G.16,subdivision 7, is amended to read:

[RULES; APPLICABILITY TO MUNICIPALITIES.] The 21 Subd. 7. 22 rules of the commissioner apply in a municipality unless the municipality adopts an ordinance determined by the commissioner 23 to be more stringent than the rules of the commissioner. 24 The rules of the commissioner or the municipality apply to all state 25 agencies, special purpose districts, and metropolitan 26 commissions as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 5a, that 27 own or control land adjacent to or within a shade tree disease 28 29 pest control area.

30 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18G.16,
31 subdivision 8, is amended to read:

32 Subd. 8. [GRANTS TO MUNICIPALITIES.] (a) The commissioner 33 may, in the name of the state and within the limit of 34 appropriations provided, make a grant to a municipality with an 35 approved disease pest control program for the partial funding of 36 municipal sanitation and reforestation programs to replace trees

Article 1 Section 38 47

04/25/05

1 lost to <u>pest</u>, disease or natural disaster. The commissioner may 2 make a grant to a home rule charter or statutory city, a special 3 purpose park and recreation board organized under a charter of a 4 city of the first class, a nonprofit corporation serving a city 5 of the first class, or a county having an approved disease 6 control program for the acquisition or implementation of a wood 7 use or disposal system.

8 (b) The commissioner shall adopt rules for the 9 administration of grants under this subdivision. The rules must 10 contain:

11 (1) procedures for grant applications;

(2) conditions and procedures for the administration ofgrants;

14 (3) criteria of eligibility for grants including, but not
15 limited to, those specified in this subdivision; and

(4) other matters the commissioner may find necessary to
17 the proper administration of the grant program.

(c) Grants for wood utilization and disposal systems made 18 by the commissioner under this subdivision must not exceed 50 19 percent of the total cost of the system. Grants for sanitation 20 and reforestation must be combined into one grant program. 21 Grants to a municipality for sanitation must not exceed 50 22 percent of sanitation costs approved by the commissioner 23 including any amount of sanitation costs paid by special 24 assessments, ad valorem taxes, federal grants, or other funds. 25 A municipality must not specially assess a property owner an 26 27 amount greater than the amount of the tree's sanitation cost minus the amount of the tree's sanitation cost reimbursed by the 28 29 commissioner. Grants to municipalities for reforestation must not exceed 50 percent of the wholesale cost of the trees planted 30 under the reforestation program; provided that a reforestation 31 32 grant to a county may include 90 percent of the cost of the first 50 trees planted on public property in a town not included 33 34 in the definition of municipality in subdivision 1 and with less than 1,000 population when the town applies to the county. 35 Reforestation grants to towns and home rule charter or statutory 36

04/25/05

cities of less than 4,000 population with an approved disease 1 pest control program may include 90 percent of the cost of the 2 first 50 trees planted on public property. The governing body 3 of a municipality that receives a reforestation grant under this 4 section must appoint up to seven residents of the municipality 5 or designate an existing municipal board or committee to serve 6 as a reforestation advisory committee to advise the governing 7 body of the municipality in the administration of the 8 reforestation program. For the purpose of this subdivision, 9 "cost" does not include the value of a gift or dedication of 10 11 trees required by a municipal ordinance but does include documented "in-kind" services or voluntary work for 12 municipalities with a population of less than 1,000 according to 13 14 the most recent federal census.

(d) Based upon estimates submitted by the municipality to 15 the commissioner, which state the estimated costs of sanitation 16 and reforestation in the succeeding quarter under an approved 17 program, the commissioner shall direct guarterly advance 18 19 payments to be made by the state to the municipality commencing 20 April 1. The commissioner shall direct adjustment of any overestimate in a succeeding quarter. A municipality may elect 21 22 to receive the proceeds of its sanitation and reforestation 23 grants on a periodic cost reimbursement basis.

(e) A home rule charter or statutory city, county outside
the metropolitan area, or any municipality, as defined in
subdivision 1, may submit an application for a grant authorized
by this subdivision concurrently with its request for approval
of a disease pest control program.

(f) The commissioner shall not make grants for sanitation and reforestation or wood utilization and disposal systems in excess of 67 percent of the amounts appropriated for those purposes to the municipalities located within the metropolitan area, as defined in subdivision 1.

34 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18G.16, 35 subdivision 9, is amended to read:

36 Subd. 9. [SUBSIDIES TO CERTAIN OWNERS.] A municipality may

Article 1 Section 39

04/25/05

provide subsidies to nonprofit organizations, to owners of
 private residential property of five acres or less, to owners of
 property used for a homestead of more than five acres but less
 than 20 acres, and to nonprofit cemeteries for the approved
 treatment or removal of diseased <u>or pest-infested</u> shade trees.

6 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, an owner of 7 property on which shade trees are located may contract with a municipality to provide protection against the cost of approved 8 treatment or removal of diseased or pest-infested shade trees or 9 shade trees that will contribute to the spread of shade tree 10 11 diseases or pest infestations. Under the contract, the municipality must pay for the removal or approved treatment 12 13 under terms and conditions determined by its governing body.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18G.16,subdivision 14, is amended to read:

16 Subd. 14. [MUNICIPAL OPTION TO PARTICIPATE IN PROGRAM.] 17 The term "municipality" shall include only those municipalities which have informed the commissioner of their intent to continue 18 19 an approved disease pest control program. Any municipality 20 desiring to participate in the grants-in-aid for the partial funding of municipal sanitation and reforestation programs must 21 22 notify the commissioner in writing before the beginning of the calendar year in which it wants to participate and must have an 23 approved disease pest control program during any year in which 24 it receives grants-in-aid. Notwithstanding the provisions of 25 any law to the contrary, no municipality shall be required to 26 have an approved disease control program after December 31, 1981. 27 28 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18H.07,

29 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT OF FEES.] The commissioner shall establish fees sufficient to allow for the administration and enforcement of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter, including the portion of general support costs and statewide indirect costs of the agency attributable to that function, with a reserve sufficient for up to six months. The commissioner shall review the fee schedule annually in

	04/25/05 [COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100
1	consultation with the Minnesota Nursery and Landscape Advisory
2	Committee. For the certificate year beginning January 1, 2004
3	2006, the fees are as described in this section.
4	Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18H.07,
5	subdivision 2, is amended to read:
6	Subd. 2. [NURSERY STOCK GROWER CERTIFICATE.] (a) A nursery
7	stock grower must pay an annual fee based on the area of all
8	acreage on which nursery stock is grown for certification as
9	follows:
10	(1) less than one-half acre, \$150;
11	(2) from one-half acre to two acres, \$200;
12	(3) over two acres up to five acres, \$300;
13	(4) over five acres up to ten acres, \$350;
14	(5) over ten acres up to 20 acres, \$500;
15	(6) over 20 acres up to 40 acres, \$650;
16	(7) over 40 acres up to 50 acres, \$800;
17	(8) over 50 acres up to 200 acres, \$1,100;
18	(9) over 200 acres up to 500 acres, \$1,500; and
19	(10) over 500 acres, \$1,500 plus \$2 for each additional
20	acre.
21	(b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of
22	ten percent of the fee due must be charged for each month, or
23	portion thereof, that the fee is delinquent up to a maximum of
24	<u>30 percent</u> for any application for renewal not received by
25	January 1 of the year following expiration of a certificate.
26	Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 18H.07,
27	subdivision 3, is amended to read:
28	Subd. 3. [NURSERY STOCK DEALER CERTIFICATE.] (a) A nursery
29	stock dealer must pay an annual fee based on the dealer's gross
30	sales of <u>certified</u> nursery stock per location during the
31	preceding most recent certificate year. A certificate applicant
32	operating for the first time must pay the minimum fee. The fees
33	per sales location are:
34	(1) gross sales up to $\frac{20}{7000}$, $\frac{55,000}{100}$, $\frac{5150}{100}$, $\frac{5100}{100}$, $\frac{6100}{100}$, $\frac{600}{100}$, $\frac{600}$
35	(2) gross sales over $$20,000$ up to $$100,000$ (2) $$175$.
36	\$175;
Aı	cticle 1 Section 43 51

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100 04/25/05 (3) gross sales over \$100,000 up to 1 \$250,000, \$300; 2 (4) gross sales over \$250,000 up to 3 \$500, \$425; 4 (5) gross sales over \$500,000 up to 5 \$170007000 \$100,000, \$550; 6 (6) gross sales over $\frac{1}{7}$,000,000 up to 7 \$270007000 \$200,000, \$675; and 8 (7) gross sales over \$270007000 \$200,000, \$800. 9 (b) In addition to the fees in paragraph (a), a penalty of 10 ten percent of the fee due must be charged for each month, or 11 portion thereof, that the fee is delinquent up to a maximum of 12 30 percent for any application for renewal not received by 13 January 1 of the year following expiration of a certificate. 14 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 19.64, 15 subdivision 1, is amended to read: 16 Subdivision 1. [REGISTRATION.] Every person who owns, 17 leases, or possesses colonies of bees or-who-intends-to-bring 18 bees-into-the-state-under-an-entry-permit shall register the 19 bees with the commissioner on or before April-15 June 1 of each 20 year or within 15 days of entry into Minnesota or taking 21 possession of hives, whichever comes first. The registration 22 application shall include the name and address of the applicant, 23 24 a description of the exact location of each of the applicant's apiaries by county, township, range and quarter section, and 25 other information required by the commissioner. 26 The fee for registration under this subdivision is \$10 \$25 for beekeepers 27 with less than 50 colonies and \$50 for beekeepers with 50 28 colonies or more maintained in the state. The-commissioner 29 30 shall-provide-registered-beekeepers-with-the-Minnesota-pest report-31 The registration required by this section is not 32 transferable. At least one colony in each location must be 33 34 plainly and legibly marked with the owner's name and telephone number and address, and other information required by the 35 commissioner. The department shall provide information on 36

1	colony locations as reported on the registrations on an Internet
2	Web site or through other appropriate measures.
3	Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 25.341,
4	subdivision 2, is amended to read:
5	Subd. 2. [APPLICATION; FEE; TERM.] A person who is
6	required to have a commercial feed license shall submit an
7	application on a form provided or approved by the commissioner
8	accompanied by a license fee of \$25 paid to the commissioner for
9	each facility location. A license is not transferable from one
10	person to another, from one ownership to another, or from one
11	location to another. The license year is the calendar year. A
12	license expires on December 31 of the year for which it is
13	issued, except that a license is valid through January 31 of the
14	next year or until the issuance of the renewal license,
15	whichever comes first, if the licensee has filed a renewal
16	application with the commissioner on or before December 31 of
17	the year for which the current license was issued. A-new
18	applicant-who Any person who is required to have, but fails to
19	obtain a license within-15-working-days-of-notification-of-the
20	requirement-to-obtain-a-license, or a licensee who fails to
21	comply with license renewal requirements, shall pay a \$50 late
22	fee in addition to the license fee. The-commissioner-may-issue
23	a-withdrawal-from-distribution-order-on-any-commercial-feed-that
24	an-unlicensed-person-produces-or-distributes-in-the-state-until
25	a-license-is-issued.
26	Sec. 46. [25.342] [CERTIFICATES, FREE SALE.]
27	A nonrefundable application fee of \$25 must accompany all
28	free sale certificate requests to facilitate the movement of
29	Minnesota processed and manufactured feeds destined for export
30	from the state. Each label submitted for review must be
31	accompanied by a nonrefundable \$50 application fee.
32	Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 25.39,
33	subdivision 1, is amended to read:
34	Subdivision 1. [AMOUNT OF FEE.] (a) An inspection fee at
35	the rate of 16 cents per ton must be paid to the commissioner on
36	commercial feeds distributed in this state by the person who

Article 1 Section 47

2

7

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 first distributes the commercial feed, except that:

(1) no fee needs-to need be paid on:

3 (1) a commercial feed if the payment has been made by a
4 previous distributor; or

5 (2) (ii) customer formula feeds if the inspection fee is 6 paid on the commercial feeds which are used as ingredients; or

(3)-commercial-feeds-used-as-ingredients-for-the

manufacture-of-commercial-feeds-if-the-fee-has-been-paid-by-a 8 previous-distributor---If-the-fee-has-already-been-paid,-credit 9 must-be-given-for-that-payment- (2) a Minnesota feed distributor 10 who distributes can substantiate that greater than 50 percent of 11 the distribution of commercial feed is to purchasers outside the 12 state may purchase commercial feeds, without payment by-any 13 14 person of the inspection fee required-on-those-purchases, under a tonnage fee exemption permit issued by the commissioner. Such 15 16 location specific permits shall only be issued on a calendar 17 year basis to commercial feed distributors who submit a \$100 nonrefundable application fee and comply with rules adopted by 18 19 the commissioner relative to record keeping, tonnage of 20 commercial feed distributed in Minnesota, total of all 21 commercial feed tonnage distributed, and all other information 22 which the commissioner may require so as to ensure that proper 23 inspection fee payment has been made.

(b) In the case of pet food distributed in the state only 24 25 in packages of ten pounds or less, a listing of each product and a current label for each product must be submitted annually on 26 27 forms provided by the commissioner and accompanied by an annual 28 fee of \$50 for each product in lieu of the inspection fee. This annual fee is due by July 1. The inspection fee required by 29 paragraph (a) applies to pet food distributed in packages 30 31 exceeding ten pounds.

(c) In the case of specialty pet food distributed in the state only in packages of ten pounds or less, a listing of each product and a current label for each product must be submitted annually on forms provided by the commissioner and accompanied by an annual fee of \$25 for each product in lieu of the

inspection fee. This annual fee is due by July 1. The
 inspection fee required by paragraph (a) applies to specialty
 pet food distributed in packages exceeding ten pounds.

4 (d) The minimum inspection fee is \$10 per annual reporting5 period.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 25.39,
subdivision 4, is amended to read:

[COMMERCIAL FEED INSPECTION ACCOUNT.] A 8 Subd. 4. commercial feed inspection account is established in the 9 10 agricultural fund. Fees and penalties collected under sections 25-35-to-25-43 this chapter and interest attributable to money 11 in the account must be deposited in the agricultural fund and 12 credited to the commercial feed inspection account. Money in 13 the account, including interest earned, is appropriated to the 14 15 commissioner for the administration and enforcement of sections 25-341-to-25-43 this chapter. 16

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 41A.09,
subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purposes of this section,
the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given
them.

(a) "Ethanol" means fermentation ethyl alcohol derived from
agricultural products, including potatoes, cereal grains, cheese
whey, and sugar beets; forest products; or other renewable
resources, including residue and waste generated from the
production, processing, and marketing of agricultural products,
forest products, and other renewable resources, that:

(1) meets all of the specifications in ASTM specificationD4806-01; and

30 (2) is denatured as specified in Code of Federal
31 Regulations, title 27, parts 20 and 21.

32 (b) "Ethanol plant" means a plant at which ethanol is33 produced.

34 (c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture.
 35 (d) "Rural economic infrastructure" means the development
 36 activities that will enhance the value of agricultural crop or

Article 1

Section 49

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

livestock commodities or by-products or waste from farming
 operations.

3 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 41A.09,
4 subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. [ETHANOL PRODUCER PAYMENTS.] (a) The 5 commissioner shall make cash payments to producers of ethanol 6 located in the state that have begun production at a specific 7 location by June 30, 2000. For the purpose of this subdivision, 8 an entity that holds a controlling interest in more than one 9 ethanol plant is considered a single producer. The amount of 10 the payment for each producer's annual production, except as 11 12 provided in paragraph (c), is 20 cents per gallon for each gallon of ethanol produced at a specific location on or before 13 June 30, 2000, or ten years after the start of production, 14 15 whichever is later. Annually, within 90 days of the end of its fiscal year, an ethanol producer receiving payments under this 16 17 subdivision must file a disclosure statement on a form provided 18 by the commissioner. The initial disclosure statement must 19 include a summary description of the organization of the 20 business structure of the claimant, a listing of the percentages 21 of ownership by any person or other entity with an ownership 22 interest of five percent or greater, and a copy of its annual 23 audited financial statements, including the auditor's report and footnotes. The disclosure statement must include information 24 25 demonstrating what percentage of the entity receiving payments 26 under this section is owned by farmers or other entities eligible to farm or own agricultural land in Minnesota under the 27 28 provisions of section 500.24. Subsequent annual reports must 29 reflect noncumulative changes in ownership of ten percent or more of the entity. The report need not disclose the identity 30 of the persons or entities eligible to farm or own agricultural 31 land with ownership interests, individuals residing within 30 32 33 miles of the plant, or of any other entity with less than ten percent ownership interest, but the claimant must retain 34 35 information within its files confirming the accuracy of the data 36 provided. This data must be made available to the commissioner

Article 1 Section 50

- 56

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

upon request. Not later than the 15th day of February in each 1 2 year the commissioner shall deliver to the chairs of the standing committees of the senate and the house of 3 representatives that deal with agricultural policy and 4 agricultural finance issues an annual report summarizing 5 6 aggregated data from plants receiving payments under this section during the preceding calendar year. Audited financial 7 statements and notes and disclosure statements submitted to the 8 9 commissioner are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision Notwithstanding the provisions of chapter 13 relating to 10 9. nonpublic data, summaries of the submitted audited financial 11 reports and notes and disclosure statements will be contained in 12 13 the report to the committee chairs and will be public data.

(b) No payments shall be made for ethanol production that
occurs after June 30, 2010. <u>A producer of ethanol shall not</u>
<u>transfer the producer's eligibility for payments under this</u>
<u>section to an ethanol plant at a different location.</u>

(c) If the level of production at an ethanol plant
increases due to an increase in the production capacity of the
plant, the payment under paragraph (a) applies to the additional
increment of production until ten years after the increased
production began. Once a plant's production capacity reaches
15,000,000 gallons per year, no additional increment will
qualify for the payment.

(d) Total payments under paragraphs (a) and (c) to a
producer in a fiscal year may not exceed \$3,000,000.

(e) By the last day of October, January, April, and July, 27 each producer shall file a claim for payment for ethanol 28 production during the preceding three calendar months. A 29 producer that files a claim under this subdivision shall include 30 a statement of the producer's total ethanol production in 31 Minnesota during the quarter covered by the claim. For each 32 claim and statement of total ethanol production filed under this 33 34 subdivision, the volume of ethanol production must be examined by an independent certified public accountant in accordance with 35 standards established by the American Institute of Certified 36

Article 1

Section 50

04/25/05

1 Public Accountants.

(f) Payments shall be made November 15, February 15, May 15, and August 15. A separate payment shall be made for each claim filed. Except as provided in paragraph (g), the total quarterly payment to a producer under this paragraph may not exceed \$750,000.

(g) Notwithstanding the quarterly payment limits of 7 8 paragraph (f), the commissioner shall make an additional payment in the fourth quarter of each fiscal year to ethanol producers 9 for the lesser of: (1) 20 cents per gallon of production in the 10 fourth quarter of the year that is greater than 3,750,000 11 gallons; or (2) the total amount of payments lost during the 12 first three quarters of the fiscal year due to plant outages, 13 repair, or major maintenance. Total payments to an ethanol 14 producer in a fiscal year, including any payment under this 15 paragraph, must not exceed the total amount the producer is 16 eligible to receive based on the producer's approved production 17 capacity. The provisions of this paragraph apply only to 18 production losses that occur in quarters beginning after 19 December 31, 1999. 20

(h) The commissioner shall reimburse ethanol producers for 21 any deficiency in payments during earlier quarters if the 22 deficiency occurred because of unallotment or because 23 appropriated money was insufficient to make timely payments in 24 25 the full amount provided in paragraph (a). Notwithstanding the quarterly or annual payment limitations in this subdivision, the 26 commissioner shall begin making payments for earlier 27 deficiencies in each fiscal year that appropriations for ethanol 28 payments exceed the amount required to make eligible scheduled 29 payments. Payments for earlier deficiencies must continue until 30 the deficiencies for each producer are paid in full. 31

32 (i) The commissioner may make direct payments to producers 33 of rural economic infrastructure with any amount of the annual 34 appropriation for ethanol producer payments and rural economic 35 infrastructure that is in excess of the amount required to make 36 scheduled ethanol producer payments and deficiency payments

1	under paragraphs (a) to (h).
2	Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 41A.09, is
3	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
4	Subd. 9. [MOTOR VEHICLES; ETHANOL COMBUSTION EFFICIENCY
5	GRANTS.] From within the appropriation for each fiscal year to
6	the ethanol development program under this section, or from
7	other appropriated money, the commissioner shall make up to two
8	grants, each in an amount not exceeding \$50,000, to qualified
9	applicants proposing to do research on, but not limited to,
10	ethanol's effect on fuel system materials compatibility and ways
11	to improve the energy efficiency of ethanol fuel blends in motor
12	vehicles while meeting all requirements for control of tailpipe
13	emissions. A grant recipient may receive funding for no more
14	than two consecutive years. A research project must be matched
15	by \$2 of nonstate money for each \$3 of state grant money.
16	Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 41A.09, is
17	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
18	Subd. 10. [GUIDELINES.] The commissioner shall establish
19	guidelines not subject to chapter 14 for the submission and
20	review of applications and the awarding of grants under
21	subdivision 9.
22	Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 41B.046,
23	subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [LOANS.] (a) The authority may participate in a 24 stock loan with an eligible lender to a farmer who is eligible 25 under subdivision 4. Participation is limited to 45 percent of 26 the principal amount of the loan or \$40,000, whichever is less. 27 The interest rates and repayment terms of the authority's 28 participation interest may differ from the interest rates and 29 repayment terms of the lender's retained portion of the loan, 30 but the authority's interest rate must not exceed 50 percent of 31 32 the lender's interest rate.

33 (b) No more than 95 percent of the purchase price of the
34 stock may be financed under this program.

35 (c) Security for stock loans must be the stock purchased, a
36 personal note executed by the borrower, and whatever other

Article 1 Section 53 5

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.

2 (d) The authority may impose a reasonable nonrefundable 3 application fee for each application for a stock loan. The 4 authority may review the fee annually and make adjustments as 5 necessary. The application fee is initially \$50. Application 6 fees received by the authority must be deposited in the 7 value-added agricultural product revolving fund.

8 (e) Stock loans under this program will be made using money
9 in the value-added-agricultural-product revolving fund loan
10 account established under-subdivision-3 in section 41B.06.

(f) The authority may not grant stock loans in a cumulative amount exceeding \$2,000,000 for the financing of stock purchases in any one cooperative.

(g) Repayments of financial assistance under this section,
 including principal and interest, must be deposited into the
 revolving loan account established in section 41B.06.

Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 41B.049,
subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [REVOLVING-FUND DEPOSIT OF REPAYMENTS.] There-is 19 established-in-the-state-treasury-a-revolving-fund,-which-is 20 eligible-to-receive-appropriations-and-the-transfer-of-funds 21 from-other-services. All repayments of financial assistance 22 granted under subdivision 1, including principal and interest, 23 must be deposited into this-fund---Interest-earned-on-money-in 24 the-fund-accrues-to-the-fund,-and-money-in-the-fund-is 25 appropriated-to-the-commissioner-of-agriculture-for-purposes-of 26 the-manure-digester-loan-program,-including-costs-incurred-by 27 28 the-authority-to-establish-and-administer-the-program the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06. 29 Sec. 55. [41B.055] [LIVESTOCK EQUIPMENT PILOT LOAN 30 31 PROGRAM.] 32 Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The authority must establish and implement a livestock equipment pilot loan program 33

34 to help finance the first purchase of livestock-related

35 equipment and make livestock facilities improvements.

36 Subd. 2. [ELIGIBILITY.] Notwithstanding section 41B.03, to

1	be eligible for this program a borrower must:
2	(1) be a resident of Minnesota or general partnership or a
3	family farm corporation, authorized farm corporation, family
4	farm partnership, or authorized farm partnership as defined in
5	section 500.24, subdivision 2;
6	(2) be the principal operator of a livestock farm;
7	(3) have a total net worth, including assets and
8	liabilities of the borrower's spouse and dependents, no greater
9	than the amount stipulated in section 41B.03, subdivision 3;
10	(4) demonstrate an ability to repay the loan; and
11	(5) hold an appropriate feedlot registration or be using
12	the loan under this program to meet registration requirements.
13	In addition to the requirements in clauses (1) to (5),
14	preference must be given to applicants who have farmed less than
15	ten years as evidenced by their filing of schedule F in their
16	federal tax returns.
17	Subd. 3. [LOANS.] (a) The authority may participate in a
18	livestock equipment loan equal to 90 percent of the purchased
19	equipment value with an eligible lender to a farmer who is
20	eligible under subdivision 2. Participation is limited to 45
21	percent of the principal amount of the loan or \$40,000,
22	whichever is less. The interest rates and repayment terms of
23	the authority's participation interest may differ from the
24	interest rates and repayment terms of the lender's retained
25	portion of the loan, but the authority's interest rate must not
26	exceed three percent. The authority may review the interest
27	annually and make adjustments as necessary.
28	(b) Standards for loan amortization must be set by the
29	rural finance authority and must not exceed seven years.
30	(c) Security for a livestock equipment loan must be a
31	personal note executed by the borrower and whatever other
32	security is required by the eligible lender or the authority.
33	(d) Refinancing of existing debt is not an eligible purpose.
34	(e) The authority may impose a reasonable, nonrefundable
35	application fee for a livestock equipment loan. The authority
36	may review the fee annually and make adjustments as necessary.

Article 1 Section 55

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100 04/25/05 The initial application fee is \$50. Application fees received 1 by the authority must be deposited in the revolving loan account 2 established in section 41B.06. 3 (f) Loans under this program must be made using money in 4 the revolving loan account established in section 41B.06. 5 Subd. 4. [ELIGIBLE EXPENDITURES.] Money may be used for 6 loans for the acquisition of equipment for animal housing, 7 confinement, animal feeding, milk production, and waste 8 management, including the following, if related to animal 9 husbandry: 10 (1) fences; 11 (2) watering facilities; 12 (3) feed storage and handling equipment; 13 (4) milking parlors; 14 (5) milking equipment; 15 16 (6) scales; (7) milk storage and cooling facilities; 17 (8) manure pumping and storage facilities; and 18 (9) capital investment in pasture. 19 Sec. 56. [41B.06] [RURAL FINANCE AUTHORITY REVOLVING LOAN 20 ACCOUNT.] 21 There is established in the rural finance administration 22 23 fund a rural finance authority revolving loan account that is 24 eligible to receive appropriations and the transfer of loan funds from other programs. All repayments of financial 25 assistance granted from this account, including principal and 26 27 interest, must be deposited into this account. Interest earned on money in the account accrues to the account, and the money in 28 29 the account is appropriated to the commissioner of agriculture 30 for purposes of the rural finance authority livestock equipment, methane digester, and value-added agricultural product loan 31 32 programs, including costs incurred by the authority to establish 33 and administer the programs. Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.027, 34 35 subdivision 12, is amended to read: Subd. 12. [PROPERTY DISPOSAL; GIFT ACKNOWLEDGMENT; 36

04/25/05

ADVERTISING SALES.] (a) The commissioner may give away to members of the public items with a value of less than \$±0 \$50 that are intended to promote conservation of natural resources or create awareness of the state and its resources or natural resource management programs. The total value of items given to the public under this paragraph may not exceed \$25,000 per year.

7 (b) The commissioner may recognize the contribution of 8 money or in-kind services on plaques, signs, publications, 9 audio-visual materials, and media advertisements by allowing the 10 organization's contribution to be acknowledged in print of 11 readable size.

(c) The commissioner may accept paid advertising for
departmental publications. Advertising revenues received are
appropriated to the commissioner to be used to defray costs of
publications, media productions, or other informational
materials. The commissioner may not accept paid advertising
from any elected official or candidate for elective office.
Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.027,

19 subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. [ELECTRONIC TRANSACTIONS.] (a) The commissioner 20 may receive an application for, sell, and issue any license, 21 22 stamp, permit, pass, sticker, duplicate safety training certification, registration, or transfer under the jurisdiction 23 of the commissioner by electronic means, including by telephone. 24 Notwithstanding section 97A.472, electronic and telephone 25 transactions may be made outside of the state. The commissioner 26 27 may:

(1) provide for the electronic transfer of funds generatedby electronic transactions, including by telephone;

(2) assign a-license <u>an</u> identification number to an
applicant who purchases a hunting or fishing license <u>or</u>
<u>recreational vehicle registration</u> by electronic means, to serve
as temporary authorization to engage in the licensed activity
<u>requiring a license or registration</u> until the license <u>or</u>
<u>registration</u> is received or expires;

36 (3) charge and permit agents to charge a fee of individuals

Article 1 Section 58

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

who make electronic transactions and transactions by
 telephone <u>or Internet</u>, including the issuing fee-under-section
 97A-4857-subdivision-67 fees and an additional transaction fee
 not to exceed \$3.50;

(4) collect-issuing-or-filing-fees-as-provided-under 5 sections-84.7887-subdivision-37-paragraph-(e);-84.7987 6 subdivision-3,-paragraph-(b);-84.82,-subdivision-2,-paragraph 7 (d);-84-82057-subdivisions-5-and-6;-84-9227-subdivision-27 8 paragraph-(e);-85-417-subdivision-5;-86B-4157-subdivision-8;-and 9 97A-4857-subdivision-67-and-collect establish, by written order, 10 an electronic licensing system commission on to be paid by 11 revenues generated from all sales of-licenses-as-provided-under 12 sections-85-43,-paragraph-(b),-and-97A-485,-subdivision-7 made 13 through the electronic licensing system. The commissioner shall 14 establish the commission in a manner that neither significantly 15 16 overrecovers nor underrecovers costs involved in providing the electronic licensing system; and 17

18 (5) adopt rules to administer the provisions of this19 subdivision.

(b) Establishment-of The transaction-fee <u>fees established</u> under paragraph (a), clause (3), and the commission established <u>under paragraph (a), clause (4)</u>, is <u>are</u> not subject to the rulemaking procedures of chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not apply.

(c) Money received from fees and commissions collected
under this subdivision, including interest earned, is annually
appropriated from the game and fish fund and the natural
resources fund to the commissioner for the cost of electronic
licensing.

30 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective on July 6, 2005.
31 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.0911,
32 subdivision 2, is amended to read:

33 Subd. 2. [RECEIPTS.] Money received from the sale of wild 34 rice licenses issued by the commissioner under section 84.091, 35 subdivision 3, paragraph (a), clauses (1), (3), and (4), and 36 subdivision 3, paragraph (b), <u>except for the electronic</u>

<u>licensing system commission established by the commissioner</u>
 <u>under section 84.027, subdivision 15, shall be credited to the</u>
 wild rice management account.

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective on July 1, 2006.
Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.780, is
amended to read:

7

84.780 [OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLE DAMAGE ACCOUNT.]

8 (a) The off-highway vehicle damage account is created in 9 the natural resources fund. Money in the off-highway vehicle 10 damage account is appropriated to the commissioner of natural 11 resources for the repair or restoration of property damaged by 12 the operation of off-highway vehicles in an unpermitted area 13 after August 1, 2003, and for the costs of administration for 14 this section.

Before the commissioner may make a payment from this 15 account, the commissioner must determine whether the damage to 16 the property was caused by the unpermitted use of off-highway 17 vehicles, that the applicant has made reasonable efforts to 18 19 identify the responsible individual and obtain payment from the 20 individual, and that the applicant has made reasonable efforts 21 to prevent reoccurrence. By June 30, 2005 2007, the commissioner of finance must transfer the remaining balance in 22 the account to the off-highway motorcycle account under section 23 84.794, the off-road vehicle account under section 84.803, and 24 25 the all-terrain vehicle account under section 84.927. The amount transferred to each account must be proportionate to the 26 amounts received in the damage account from the relevant 27 28 off-highway vehicle accounts.

(b) Determinations of the commissioner under this section
may be made by written order and are exempt from the rulemaking
provisions of chapter 14. Section 14.386 does not apply.

32 (c) This section expires July 1, 2005 2007.

Section 61

33 Sec. 61. [84.785] [OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLE SAFETY AND
34 CONSERVATION GRANT PROGRAM.]

35 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> [CREATION.] <u>The commissioner of natural</u> 36 <u>resources shall establish an off-highway vehicle safety and</u>

Article 1

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1	conservation grant program to make grants to organizations that
2	meet the eligibility requirements under subdivision 3.
3	Subd. 2. [PURPOSE.] The purpose of the off-highway vehicle
4	safety and conservation grant program is to encourage
5	off-highway vehicle clubs to assist in safety training;
6	environmental education; and improving, maintaining, and
7	monitoring public trails. This section does not grant law
8	enforcement authority.
9	Subd. 3. [ELIGIBILITY.] To be eligible for a grant under
10	this section, an organization must:
11	(1) be a statewide, nonprofit organization that promotes
12	the operation of off-highway vehicles in a manner that is safe
13	and responsible;
14	(2) support the safe operation of off-highway vehicles in a
15	manner that does not conflict with the laws and rules that
16	relate to the operation of off-highway vehicles;
17	(3) have an interest in the safe, lawful, and responsible
18	operation of off-highway vehicles;
19	(4) be governed by a board of directors that has a majority
20	of members who are representatives of off-highway vehicle clubs;
21	and
22	(5) provide support to off-highway vehicle clubs.
23	Subd. 4. [USE OF GRANT.] An organization receiving a grant
24	under this section shall use the grant money to promote and
25	provide support to the Department of Natural Resources by:
26	(1) training volunteers to assist in improving,
27	maintaining, and monitoring public trails and other public
28	lands;
29	(2) providing assistance to the department in locating,
30	recruiting, and training instructors;
31	(3) publishing a manual in cooperation with the
32	commissioner to be used to train volunteers in monitoring the
33	operation of off-highway vehicles for safety, environmental, and
34	other issues that relate to the responsible operation of
35	off-highway vehicles;
36	(4) collecting data on the operation of off-highway

04/25/05

1 vehicles in the state; and 2 (5) publishing an annual report outlining accomplishments and annual costs related to the efforts under this subdivision. 3 The report must be approved by the commissioner. 4 5 Subd. 5. [VOLUNTEER STATUS.] Volunteers of the nonprofit 6 organization and any volunteers under this section are not volunteers for purposes of section 84.089. 7 Subd. 6. [WORKER DISPLACEMENT PROHIBITED.] The 8 9 commissioner may not enter into any agreement that has the purpose of or results in the displacement of public employees by 10 11 volunteers participating in the off-highway vehicle safety and conservation grant program under this section. The commissioner 12 13 must certify to the appropriate bargaining agent that the work 14 performed by a volunteer will not result in the displacement of 15 currently employed workers or workers on seasonal layoff or layoff from a substantially equivalent position, including 16 partial displacement such as reduction in hours of nonovertime 17 work, wages, or other employment benefits. 18 19 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.788, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 20 [APPLICATION; ISSUANCE; REPORTS.] (a) Application 21 Subd. 3. 22 for registration or continued registration must be made to the commissioner or an authorized deputy registrar of motor vehicles 23

24 in a form prescribed by the commissioner. The form must state 25 the name and address of every owner of the off-highway 26 motorcycle.

27 (b) A person who purchases from a retail dealer an 28 off-highway motorcycle shall make application for registration 29 to the dealer at the point of sale. The dealer shall issue a dealer temporary ten-day registration permit to each purchaser 30 31 who applies to the dealer for registration. The dealer shall 32 submit the completed registration applications and fees to the deputy registrar at least once each week. No fee may be charged 33 34 by a dealer to a purchaser for providing the temporary permit. (c) Upon receipt of the application and the appropriate 35 36 fee, the commissioner or deputy registrar shall issue to the

Article 1 Section 62

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

applicant, or provide to the dealer, a-60-day-temporary-receipt 1 and-shall-assign-a an assigned registration number that or a 2 commissioner or deputy registrar temporary ten-day permit. Once 3 issued, the registration number must be affixed to the 4 motorcycle in-a-manner-prescribed-by-the-commissioner according 5 to paragraph (f). A dealer subject to paragraph (b) shall 6 provide the registration materials and or temporary receipt 7 permit to the purchaser within the ten-day temporary permit 8 period. 9

(d) The commissioner shall develop a registration system to 10 register vehicles under this section. A deputy registrar of 11 motor vehicles acting under section 168.33, is also a deputy 12 registrar of off-highway motorcycles. The commissioner of 13 natural resources in agreement with the commissioner of public 14 safety may prescribe the accounting and procedural requirements 15 necessary to ensure efficient handling of registrations and 16 registration fees. Deputy registrars shall strictly comply with 17 the accounting and procedural requirements. 18

(e) In addition to other fees prescribed by law, a filing
fee of \$4.50 is charged for each off-highway motorcycle
registration renewal, duplicate or replacement registration
card, and replacement decal and a filing fee of \$7 is charged
for each off-highway motorcycle registration and registration
transfer issued by:

(1) a deputy registrar and must be deposited in the
treasury of the jurisdiction where the deputy is appointed, or
kept if the deputy is not a public official; or

(2) the commissioner and must be deposited in the statetreasury and credited to the off-highway motorcycle account.

30 (f) Unless exempted under paragraph (g), the owner of an
31 off-highway motorcycle must display a registration decal issued
32 by the commissioner. If the motorcycle is licensed as a motor
33 vehicle, a registration decal must be affixed on the upper left
34 corner of the rear license plate. If the motorcycle is not
35 licensed as a motor vehicle, the decal must be attached on the
36 side of the motorcycle and may be attached to the fork tube.

The decal must be attached so that it is visible while a rider 1 2 is on the motorcycle. The decals must not exceed three inches high and three inches wide. 3 (g) Display of a registration decal is not required for an 4 off-highway motorcycle while being operated on private property 5 or while competing in a closed-course competition event. 6 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.788, is 7 amended by adding a subdivision to read: 8 9 Subd. 11. [REFUNDS.] The commissioner may issue a refund on a registration, not including any issuing fees paid under 10 subdivision 3, paragraph (e), or section 84.027, subdivision 15, 11 12 paragraph (a), clause (3), if the refund request is received within 12 months of the original registration and: 13 14 (1) the off-highway motorcycle was registered incorrectly by the commissioner or the deputy registrar; or 15 16 (2) the off-highway motorcycle was registered twice, once 17 by the dealer and once by the customer. 18 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.791, subdivision 2, is amended to read: 19 20 Subd. 2. [FEES.] For the purposes of administering the 21 program and to defray a portion of the expenses of training and certifying vehicle operators, the commissioner shall collect a 22 23 fee not to exceed \$5 from each person who receives the training. The commissioner shall collect a fee for issuing a duplicate 24 off-highway motorcycle safety certificate. The commissioner 25 26 shall establish the fee for a duplicate off-highway motorcycle safety certificate, to include a \$1 issuing fee for licensing 27 28 agents, that neither significantly overrecovers nor 29 underrecovers costs, including overhead costs, involved in providing the service. The fees must, except for the issuing 30 fee for licensing agents under this subdivision, shall be 31 deposited in the state treasury and credited to the off-highway 32 33 motorcycle account in the natural resources fund. 34 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective on July 1, 2005. 35 Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.798, is 36 amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Article 1 Section 65

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

Subd. 10. [REFUNDS.] The commissioner may issue a refund 1 on a registration, not including any issuing fees paid under 2 subdivision 3, paragraph (b), or section 84.027, subdivision 15, 3 paragraph (a), clause (3), if the refund request is received 4 within 12 months of the original registration and the vehicle 5 was registered incorrectly by the commissioner or the deputy 6 registrar. 7

Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.82, 8 subdivision 2, is amended to read: 9

Subd. 2. [APPLICATION, ISSUANCE, REPORTS, ADDITIONAL FEE.] 10 (a) Application for registration or reregistration shall be made 11 to the commissioner or an authorized deputy registrar of motor 12 vehicles in a format prescribed by the commissioner and shall 13 state the legal name and address of every owner of the 14 snowmobile. 15

(b) A person who purchases a snowmobile from a retail 16 dealer shall make application for registration to the dealer at 17 the point of sale. The dealer shall issue a dealer temporary 18 ten-day registration permit to each purchaser who applies to the 19 20 dealer for registration. The-temporary-registration-is-valid for-60-days-from-the-date-of-issue. Each retail dealer shall 21 submit completed registration and fees to the deputy registrar 22 23 at least once a week. No fee may be charged by a dealer to a purchaser for providing the temporary permit. 24

(c) Upon receipt of the application and the appropriate fee 25 as hereinafter provided, such-snowmobile-shall-be-registered-and 26 a the commissioner or deputy registrar shall issue to the 27 28 applicant, or provide to the dealer, an assigned registration 29 number assigned-which-shall or a commissioner or deputy 30 registrar temporary ten-day permit. Once issued, the registration number must be affixed to the snowmobile in a 31 32 clearly visible and permanent manner for enforcement purposes as the commissioner of natural resources shall prescribe. A dealer 33 subject to paragraph (b) shall provide the registration 34 materials or temporary permit to the purchaser within the 35 temporary ten-day permit period. The registration is not valid 36

Article 1 Section 66

1 unless signed by at least one owner.

(c) (d) Each deputy registrar of motor vehicles acting 2 pursuant to section 168.33, shall also be a deputy registrar of 3 snowmobiles. The commissioner of natural resources in agreement 4 with the commissioner of public safety may prescribe the 5 accounting and procedural requirements necessary to assure 6 efficient handling of registrations and registration fees. 7 Deputy registrars shall strictly comply with these accounting 8 9 and procedural requirements.

10 (d) (e) A fee of \$2 in addition to that otherwise
11 prescribed by law shall be charged for:

(1) each snowmobile registered by the registrar or a deputy
registrar and the additional fee shall be disposed of in the
manner provided in section 168.33, subdivision 2; or

(2) each snowmobile registered by the commissioner and the additional fee shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the snowmobile trails and enforcement account in the natural resources fund.

Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.82, is
amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. [REFUNDS.] The commissioner may issue a refund
on a registration, not including any issuing fees paid under
subdivision 2, paragraph (e), or section 84.027, subdivision 15,
paragraph (a), clause (3), if the refund request is received
within 12 months of the original registration and:

26 (1) the snowmobile was registered incorrectly by the
27 commissioner or the deputy registrar; or

28 (2) the snowmobile was registered twice, once by the dealer
29 and once by the customer.

30 Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.8205,
31 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

32 Subdivision 1. [STICKER REQUIRED; FEE.] A person may not 33 operate a snowmobile that-is-net-registered-in-this-state on a 34 state or grant-in-aid snowmobile trail unless a snowmobile state 35 trail sticker is affixed to the snowmobile. The commissioner of 36 natural resources shall issue a sticker upon application and

Article 1 Section 68

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71
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[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1	payment of a \$15 fee. The fee for a three-year snowmobile state
2	trail sticker that is purchased at the time of snowmobile
3	registration is \$30. In addition to other penalties prescribed
4	by law, a person in violation of this subdivision must purchase
5	an annual state trail sticker for a fee of \$30. The sticker is
6	valid from November 1 through April 30. Fees collected under
7	this section, except for the issuing fee for licensing agents
8	under this section and for the electronic licensing system
9	commission established by the commissioner under section 84.027,
10	subdivision 15, shall be deposited in the state treasury and
11	credited to the snowmobile trails and enforcement account in the
12	natural resources fund and must be used for grants-in-aid or
13	acquisition of easements for permanent recreational snowmobile
14	trails.
15	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective on July 6, 2005.
16	Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.8205,
17	subdivision 3, is amended to read:
18	Subd. 3. [LICENSE AGENTS.] County-auditors-are-appointed
19	agents-of-the-commissioner-for-the-sale-of-snowmobile-state
20	trail-stickers. The commissioner may appoint other-state
21	agencies-as agents for-the-sale-of-the to issue and sell state
22	trail stickers. A-county-auditor-may-appoint-subagents-within
23	the-county-or-within-adjacent-counties-to-sell-stickersUpon
24	appointment-of-a-subagent;-the-auditor-shall-notify-the
25	commissioner-of-the-name-and-address-of-the-subagentThe
26	auditor-may-revoke-the-appointment-of-a-subagent7-and The
27	commissioner may revoke the appointment of a-state-agency an
28	agent at any time. The-commissioner-may-require-an-auditor-to
29	revoke-a-subagent's-appointmentThe-auditor-shall-furnish
30	stickers-on-consignment-to-any-subagent-who-furnishes-a-surety
31	bond-in-favor-of-the-county-in-an-amount-at-least-equal-to-the
32	walue-of-the-stickers-to-be-consigned-to-that-subagentA
33	surety-bond-is-not-required-for-a-state-agency-appointed-by-the
34	commissionerThe-county-auditor-shall-be-responsible-for-all
35	stickers-issued-to-and-user-fees-received-by-agents-except-in-a
36	county-where-the-county-auditor-does-not-retain-fees-paid-for

Article 1

Section 69

license-purposes.--In-these-counties,-the-responsibilities
 imposed-by-this-section-upon-the-county-auditor-are-imposed-upon
 the-county. The commissioner may promulgate adopt additional
 rules governing-the-accounting-and-procedures-for-handling-state
 trail-stickers as provided in section 97A.485, subdivision 11.

Any-resident-desiring-to-sell-snowmobile-state-trail 6 7 stickers-may-either-purchase-for-cash-or-obtain-on-consignment stickers-from-a-county-auditor-in-groups-of-not-less-than-ten 8 individual-stickers---In-selling-stickers--the-resident-shall-be 9 deemed-a-subagent-of-the-county-auditor-and-the-commissioner, 10 and An agent shall observe all rules promutgated adopted by the 11 commissioner for accounting and handling of licenses-and 12 stickers pursuant to section 97A.485, subdivision 11. 13

The-county-auditor An agent shall promptly deposit and 14 remit all money received from the sale of the stickers with-the 15 county-treasurer-and-shall-promptly-transmit-any-reports 16 required-by-the-commissioner,-plus-96-percent-of-the-price-paid 17 by-each-stickerholder, exclusive of the issuing fee, for-each 18 19 sticker-sold-or-consigned-by-the-auditor-and-subsequently-sold 20 to-a-stickerholder-during-the-accounting-period---The-county auditor-shall-retain-as-a-commission-four-percent-of-all-sticker 21 fees7-excluding-the-issuing-fee-for-stickers-consigned-to 22 23 subagents-and-the-issuing-fee-on-stickers-sold-by-the-auditor-to 24 stickerholders to the commissioner.

Unsold-stickers-in-the-hands-of-any-subagent-shall-be 25 26 redeemed-by-the-commissioner-if-presented-for-redemption-within 27 the-time-prescribed-by-the-commissioner---Any-stickers-not 28 presented-for-redemption-within-the-period-prescribed-shall-be 29 conclusively-presumed-to-have-been-sold,-and-the-subagent 30 possessing-the-same-or-to-whom-they-are-charged-shall-be 31 accountable. 32 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective on July 6, 2005. 33 Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.8205,

34 subdivision 4, is amended to read:

35 Subd. 4. [DISTRIBUTION ISSUANCE OF STICKERS.] The
36 commissioner and agents shall provide issue and sell snowmobile

Article 1 Section 70

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100 04/25/05 state trail stickers to-all-agents-authorized-to-issue-stickers 1 2 by-the-commissioner. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective on July 6, 2005. 3 Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.8205, 4 subdivision 6, is amended to read: 5 Subd. 6. [DUPLICATE STATE TRAIL STICKERS.] The 6 commissioner and agents shall issue a duplicate sticker to 7 persons whose sticker is lost or destroyed using the process 8 established under section 97A.405, subdivision 3, and rules 9 promulgated thereunder. The fee for a duplicate state trail 10 sticker is \$2, with an issuing fee of 50 cents. 11 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective on July 6, 2005. 12 Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2002, section 84.83, 13 subdivision 3, is amended to read: 14 Subd. 3. [PURPOSES FOR THE ACCOUNT.] The money deposited 15 in the account and interest earned on that money may be expended 16 only as appropriated by law for the following purposes: 17 (1) for a grant-in-aid program to counties and 18 municipalities for construction and maintenance of snowmobile 19 trails, including maintenance of trails on lands and waters of 20 Voyageurs National Park, on Lake of the Woods, on Rainy Lake, 21 and on the following lakes in St. Louis County: Burntside, 22 23 Crane, Little Long, Mud, Pelican, Shagawa, and Vermilion; 24 (2) for acquisition, development, and maintenance of state recreational snowmobile trails; 25 26 (3) for snowmobile safety programs; and 27 (4) for the administration and enforcement of sections 28 84.81 to 84.91 and appropriated grants to local law enforcement 29 agencies. Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2002, section 84.83, 30 subdivision 4, is amended to read: 31 32 Subd. 4. [PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO FUNDING RECIPIENTS.] 33 (a) Recipients of Minnesota trail assistance program funds must 34 be afforded the same protection and be held to the same standard 35 of liability as a political subdivision under chapter 466 for activities associated with the administration, design, 36

04/25/05

construction, maintenance, and grooming of snowmobile trails.
 (b) Recipients of Minnesota trail assistance program funds
 who maintain ice trails on <u>public waters listed under</u>
 <u>subdivision 3, clause (1), or on</u> waters of Voyageurs National
 Park are expressly immune from liability under section 466.03,
 subdivision 6e.

Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.86,
8 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

9 Subdivision 1. [REQUIRED RULES.] With a view of achieving 10 maximum use of snowmobiles consistent with protection of the 11 environment the commissioner of natural resources shall adopt 12 rules in the manner provided by chapter 14, for the following 13 purposes:

14 (1) Registration of snowmobiles and display of registration15 numbers.

16 (2) Use of snowmobiles insofar as game and fish resources17 are affected.

(3) Use of snowmobiles on public lands and waters, or ongrant-in-aid trails.

(4) Uniform signs to be used by the state, counties, and
cities, which are necessary or desirable to control, direct, or
regulate the operation and use of snowmobiles.

23

(5) Specifications relating to snowmobile mufflers.

24 (6) A comprehensive snowmobile information and safety education and training program, including but not limited to the 25 preparation and dissemination of snowmobile information and 26 safety advice to the public, the training of snowmobile 27 operators, and the issuance of snowmobile safety certificates to 28 29 snowmobile operators who successfully complete the snowmobile safety education and training course. For the purpose of 30 administering such program and to defray expenses of training -31 32 and certifying snowmobile operators, the commissioner shall collect a fee from each person who receives the youth or adult 33 training. The commissioner shall collect a fee, to include a \$1 34 issuing fee for licensing agents, for issuing a duplicate 35 snowmobile safety certificate. The commissioner shall establish 36

Article 1

Section 74

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

both fees in a manner that neither significantly overrecovers 1 nor underrecovers costs, including overhead costs, involved in 2 providing the services. The fees are not subject to the 3 rulemaking provisions of chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not 4 The fees may be established by the commissioner 5 apply. notwithstanding section 16A.1283. The fees must, except for the 6 issuing fee for licensing agents under this subdivision, shall 7 8 be deposited in the snowmobile trails and enforcement account in the natural resources fund and the amount thereof, except for 9 the electronic licensing system commission established by the 10 commissioner under section 84.027, subdivision 15, and issuing 11 fees collected by the commissioner, is appropriated annually to 12 the Enforcement Division of the Department of Natural Resources 13 for the administration of such programs. In addition to the fee 14 established by the commissioner, instructors may charge each 15 16 person up to the established fee amount for class materials and 17 The commissioner shall cooperate with private expenses. organizations and associations, private and public corporations, 18 19 and local governmental units in furtherance of the program established under this clause. School districts may cooperate 20 21 with the commissioner and volunteer instructors to provide space 22 for the classroom portion of the training. The commissioner 23 shall consult with the commissioner of public safety in regard 24 to training program subject matter and performance testing that 25 leads to the certification of snowmobile operators.

26 (7) The operator of any snowmobile involved in an accident 27 resulting in injury requiring medical attention or hospitalization to or death of any person or total damage to an 28 extent of \$500 or more, shall forward a written report of the 29 accident to the commissioner on such form as the commissioner 30 31 shall prescribe. If the operator is killed or is unable to file 32 a report due to incapacitation, any peace officer investigating the accident shall file the accident report within ten business 33 34 days.

35 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective on July 6, 2005.
 36 Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.922,

1 subdivision 2, is amended to read:

2 Subd. 2. [APPLICATION, ISSUANCE, REPORTS.] (a) Application 3 for registration or continued registration shall be made to the 4 commissioner of-natural-resources,-the-commissioner-of-public 5 safety or an authorized deputy registrar of motor vehicles in a 6 form prescribed by the commissioner. The form must state the 7 name and address of every owner of the vehicle.

(b) A person who purchases an all-terrain vehicle from a 8 9 retail dealer shall make application for registration to the dealer at the point of sale. The dealer shall issue a dealer 10 temporary ten-day registration permit to each purchaser who 11 12 applies to the dealer for registration. The dealer shall submit the completed registration application and fees to the deputy 13 14 registrar at least once each week. No fee may be charged by a dealer to a purchaser for providing the temporary permit. 15 16 (c) Upon receipt of the application and the appropriate 17 fee, the commissioner or deputy registrar shall issue to the applicant, or provide to the dealer, a-60-day-temporary-receipt 18 19 and-shall-assign-a an assigned registration number that or a commissioner or deputy registrar temporary ten-day permit. Once 20 21 issued, the registration number must be affixed to the vehicle 22 in a manner prescribed by the commissioner. A dealer subject to paragraph (b) shall provide the registration materials and or 23 24 temporary receipt permit to the purchaser within the ten-day 25 temporary permit period. The commissioner shall use the snowmobile registration system to register vehicles under this 26 section. 27

(d) Each deputy registrar of motor vehicles acting under 28 section 168.33, is also a deputy registrar of all-terrain 29 The commissioner of natural resources in agreement 30 vehicles. with the commissioner of public safety may prescribe the 31 32 accounting and procedural requirements necessary to assure efficient handling of registrations and registration fees. 33 34 Deputy registrars shall strictly comply with the accounting and procedural requirements. 35

36

(e) In addition to other fees prescribed by law, a filing

Article 1 Section 75

04/25/05

fee of \$4.50 is charged for each all-terrain vehicle 1 registration renewal, duplicate or replacement registration 2 card, and replacement decal and a filing fee of \$7 is charged 3 for each all-terrain vehicle registration and registration 4 5 transfer issued by: (1) a deputy registrar and shall be deposited in the 6 treasury of the jurisdiction where the deputy is appointed, or 7 retained if the deputy is not a public official; or 8

9 (2) the commissioner and shall be deposited to the state 10 treasury and credited to the all-terrain vehicle account in the 11 natural resources fund.

Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.922, is
amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 12. [REFUNDS.] The commissioner may issue a refund
on a registration, not including any issuing fees paid under
subdivision 2, paragraph (e), or section 84.027, subdivision 15,
paragraph (a), clause (3), if the refund request is received
within 12 months of the original registration and:

19 (1) the vehicle was registered incorrectly by the
 20 commissioner or the deputy registrar; or

(2) the vehicle was registered twice, once by the dealer
 and once by the customer.

Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.925,
subdivision 1, is amended to read:

25 Subdivision 1. [PROGRAM ESTABLISHED.] (a) The commissioner shall establish a comprehensive all-terrain vehicle 26 27 environmental and safety education and training program, 28 including the preparation and dissemination of vehicle information and safety advice to the public, the training of 29 all-terrain vehicle operators, and the issuance of all-terrain 30 vehicle safety certificates to vehicle operators over the age of 31 32 12 years who successfully complete the all-terrain vehicle 33 environmental and safety education and training course.

(b) For the purpose of administering the program and to
 defray a portion of the expenses of training and certifying
 vehicle operators, the commissioner shall collect a fee of \$15

04/25/05

from each person who receives the training. The commissioner 1 2 shall collect a fee, to include a \$1 issuing fee for licensing agents, for issuing a duplicate all-terrain vehicle safety 3 certificate. The commissioner shall establish the fee for a 4 duplicate all-terrain vehicle safety certificate that neither 5 6 significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers costs, including overhead costs, involved in providing the service. Fee 7 proceeds, except for the issuing fee for licensing agents under 8 this subdivision, shall be deposited in the all-terrain vehicle 9 account in the natural resources fund. 10

11 (c) The commissioner shall cooperate with private organizations and associations, private and public corporations, 12 13 and local governmental units in furtherance of the program 14 established under this section. School districts may cooperate 15 with the commissioner and volunteer instructors to provide space for the classroom portion of the training. The commissioner 16 shall consult with the commissioner of public safety in regard 17 to training program subject matter and performance testing that 18 19 leads to the certification of vehicle operators. By June 30, 20 2003, the commissioner shall incorporate a riding component in the safety education and training program. 21

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective on July 6, 2005.
Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84D.03,
subdivision 4, is amended to read:

25 Subd. 4. [COMMERCIAL FISHING AND TURTLE, FROG, AND CRAYFISH HARVESTING RESTRICTIONS IN INFESTED AND NONINFESTED 26 27 WATERS.] (a) All nets, traps, buoys, anchors, stakes, and lines 28 used for commercial fishing or turtle, frog, or crayfish harvesting in an infested waters, water that is designated 29 30 because the-waters-contain it contains invasive fish or invertebrates, may not be used in noninfested any other waters. 31 If a commercial licensee operates in both noninfested-waters-and 32 33 an infested waters water designated because the-waters-contain it contains invasive fish or invertebrates and other waters, all 34 35 nets, traps, buoys, anchors, stakes, and lines used for commercial fishing or turtle, frog, or crayfish harvesting in 36

Article 1 Section 78

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

noninfested waters <u>not designated as infested with invasive fish</u>
or invertebrates must be tagged with tags provided by the
commissioner, as specified in the commercial licensee's license
or permit, and may not be used in infested waters designated
because the waters contain invasive fish or invertebrates.

(b) In-infested-waters-designated-solely-because-the-waters 6 contain-Eurasian-water-milfoil, All nets, traps, buoys, anchors, 7 stakes, and lines used for commercial fishing or turtle, frog, 8 or crayfish harvesting in an infested water that is designated 9 solely because it contains Eurasian water milfoil must be dried 10 for a minimum of ten days or frozen for a minimum of two days 11 12 before they are used in noninfested any other waters, except as provided in this paragraph. Commercial operators licensees must 13 notify the department's regional or area fisheries office or a 14 conservation officer when before removing nets or equipment from 15 an infested waters water designated solely because it contains 16 Eurasian water milfoil and before resetting those nets or 17 equipment in noninfested any other waters. All-aquatic 18 macrophytes Upon notification, the commissioner may authorize a 19 commercial licensee to move nets or equipment to another water 20 without freezing or drying, if that water is designated as 21 22 infested solely because it contains Eurasian water milfoil.

(c) A commercial licensee must be-removed remove all
 aquatic macrophytes from nets and other equipment when the nets
 and equipment are removed from infested waters of the state.

26 (d) The commissioner shall provide a commercial licensee
27 with a current listing of designated infested waters at the time
28 that a license or permit is issued.

Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 85.054,
subdivision 1, is amended to read:

31 Subdivision 1. [STATE PARK OPEN HOUSE DAY.] (a) A state 32 park permit is not required for a motor vehicle to enter a state 33 park, state monument, state recreation area, or state wayside, 34 on one day each calendar year <u>at each park</u>, which the 35 commissioner may designate as State Park Open House Day. The 36 commissioner may designate two consecutive days as State Park

04/25/05

Open House Day, if the open house is held in conjunction with a 1 special pageant described in section 85.052, subdivision 2. 2

(b) The commissioner shall announce the date of each state 3 park open house day at least 30 days in advance of the date it 4 occurs. 5

The state park open house day is to acquaint the 6 (C) 7 public with state parks, recreation areas, and waysides. Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 85.054, is 8

amended by adding a subdivision to read: 9

Subd. 11. [BIG BOG STATE RECREATION AREA.] A state park 10 permit is not required and a fee may not be charged for motor 11 vehicle entry or parking at the parking area located north of 12 Tamarac River in the southern unit of Big Bog State Recreation 13 Area, Beltrami County. 14

Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 85.055, is 15 amended by adding a subdivision to read: 16

Subd. 1b. [DISCOUNTS.] Except as otherwise specified in 17 law, and notwithstanding section 16A.1285, subdivision 2, the 18 commissioner may by written order authorize waiver or reduction 19 of state park entrance fees. 20

Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 85.055, 21 subdivision 2, is amended to read: 22

Subd. 2. [FEE DEPOSIT AND APPROPRIATION.] The fees 23 collected under this section shall be deposited in the natural 24 resources fund and credited to a the state parks account. Money 25 in the account, except for the electronic licensing system 26 commission established by the commissioner under section 84.027, 27 subdivision 15, is annually appropriated to the commissioner to 28 operate and maintain the state park system. 29

30

31

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective on July 6, 2005. Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 85.43, is amended to read: 32

33 85.43 [DISPOSITION OF RECEIPTS; PURPOSE.]

(a) Fees from cross-country ski passes shall be deposited 34 in the state treasury and credited to a cross-country ski 35 account in the natural resources fund and, except as-provided-in 36

Article 1 Section 83

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100 04/25/05 paragraph-(b) for the electronic licensing system commission 1 established by the commissioner under section 84.027, 2 subdivision 15, are appropriated to the commissioner of natural 3 resources for: 4 (1) grants-in-aid for cross-country ski trails sponsored by 5 local units of government and special park districts as provided 6 7 in section 85.44; and (2) maintenance, winter grooming, and associated 8 administrative costs for cross-country ski trails under the 9 jurisdiction of the commissioner. 10 (b)-The-commissioner-shall-retain-for-the-operation-of-the 11 electronic-licensing-system-a-commission-of-4.7-percent-of-all 12 cross-country-ski-pass-fees-collected. 13 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective on July 6, 2005. 14 15 Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 86B.415, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 16 17 Subd. 11. [REFUNDS.] The commissioner may issue a refund on a license or title, not including any issuing fees paid under 18 subdivision 8 or section 84.027, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), 19 20 clause (3), or 86B.870, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), if the refund request is received within 12 months of the original 21 22 license or title and: 23 (1) the watercraft was licensed or titled incorrectly by 24 the commissioner or the deputy registrar; 25 (2) the customer was incorrectly charged a title fee; or 26 (3) the watercraft was licensed or titled twice, once by the dealer and once by the customer. 27 Sec. 85. [86B.706] [WATER RECREATION ACCOUNT; RECEIPTS AND 28 PURPOSE.] 29 Subdivision 1. [CREATION.] The water recreation account is 30 31 created in the state treasury in the natural resources fund. Subd. 2. [MONEY DEPOSITED IN ACCOUNT.] The following shall 32 be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the water 33 34 recreation account: 35 (1) fees and surcharges from titling and licensing of 36 watercraft under this chapter;

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1	(2) fines, installment payments, and forfeited bail
2	according to section 86B.705, subdivision 2;
3	(3) civil penalties according to section 84D.13;
4	(4) mooring fees and receipts from the sale of marine gas
5	at state-operated or state-assisted small craft harbors and
6	mooring facilities according to section 86A.21;
7	(5) the unrefunded gasoline tax attributable to watercraft
8	use under section 296A.18; and
9	(6) fees for permits issued to control or harvest aquatic
10	plants other than wild rice under section 103G.615, subdivision
11	<u>2.</u>
12	Subd. 3. [PURPOSES.] The money in the account may be
13	expended only as appropriated by law for the following purposes:
14	(1) as directed under section 296A.18, subdivision 2, for
15	acquisition, development, maintenance, and rehabilitation of
16	public water access and boating facilities on public waters;
17	lake and river improvements; and boat and water safety;
18	(2) from the fees collected at state-operated or
19	state-assisted small craft harbors and mooring facilities from
20	daily and seasonal moorings and the sale of marine gas, for
21	maintenance, operation, replacement, and expansion of these
22	facilities and for the debt service on state bonds sold to
23	finance these facilities;
24	(3) for administration and enforcement of this chapter as
25	it pertains to titling and licensing of watercraft and use and
26	safe operation of watercraft; grants for county-sponsored and
27	administered boat and water safety programs; and state boat and
28	water safety efforts;
29	(4) for management of aquatic invasive species and the
30	implementation of chapter 84D as it pertains to aquatic invasive
31	species, including control, public awareness, law enforcement,
32	assessment and monitoring, management planning, and research;
33	and
34	(5) for management of aquatic plants and the implementation
35	of section 103G.615 as it pertains to aquatic plants, including
36	plant removal permitting, control, public awareness, law
Aı	rticle 1 Section 85 83

04/25/05 [COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100 enforcement, assessment and monitoring, management planning, and 1 2 research. 3 Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 88.6435, 4 subdivision 4, is amended to read: [FOREST BOUGH ACCOUNT; DISPOSITION OF PERMIT FEES 5 Subd. 4. 6 AND-PENALTIES.] (a) The forest bough account is established in the state treasury within the natural resources fund. 7 8 (b) Fees for permits issued under this section shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the special 9 revenue-fund forest bough account and, except for the electronic 10 11 licensing system commission established by the commissioner 12 under section 84.027, subdivision 15, are annually appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources for costs associated 13 14 with balsam bough educational programs for harvesters and buyers. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective on July 6, 2005. 15 Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 89.039, 16 subdivision 1, is amended to read: 17 18 Subdivision 1. [ACCOUNT ESTABLISHED; SOURCES.] The forest 19 management investment account is created in the natural resources fund in the state treasury and money in the account 20 21 may be spent only for the purposes provided in subdivision 2. 22 The following revenue shall be deposited in the forest 23 management investment account: 24 (1) timber sales receipts transferred from the consolidated 25 conservation areas account as provided in section 84A.51, 26 subdivision 2; (2) timber sales receipts from forest lands as provided in 27 28 section 89.035; and (3) money transferred from the forest suspense account 29 30 according to section 16A.125, subdivision 5; and 31 (4) interest accruing from investment of the account. Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 89.37, is 32 33 amended by adding a subdivision to read: Subd. 4a. [SURCHARGE.] For tree seedlings sold according 34 35 to this section, the commissioner may assess a 2.5 cent surcharge on each tree seedling. All surcharges collected under 36

1 this subdivision must be deposited in the state treasury and

2 credited to the forest nursery account and are annually

3 appropriated to the commissioner for the purpose of forestry

4 education and technical assistance.

5 Sec. 89. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 90.195, is 6 amended to read:

7

90.195 [SPECIAL USE PERMIT.]

The commissioner may issue a permit to salvage or cut not 8 to exceed 12 cords of fuelwood per year for personal use from 9 10 either or both of the following sources: (1) dead, down, and 11 diseased trees; (2) other trees that are of negative value under good forest management practices. The permits may be issued for 12 a period not to exceed one year. The commissioner shall charge 13 a fee7-not-less-than-\$57-in-an-amount-up-to-the-stumpage for the 14 15 permit that shall cover the commissioner's cost of issuing the 16· permit and shall not exceed the current market value of fuelwood 17 of similar species, grade, and volume that is being sold in the 18 area where the salvage or cutting is authorized under the permit. 19 Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 97A.055,

20 subdivision 4b, is amended to read:

21 Subd. 4b. [CITIZEN OVERSIGHT SUBCOMMITTEES.] (a) The commissioner shall appoint subcommittees of affected persons to 22 23 review the reports prepared under subdivision 4; review the 24 proposed work plans and budgets for the coming year; propose 25 changes in policies, activities, and revenue enhancements or reductions; review other relevant information; and make 26 27 recommendations to the legislature and the commissioner for improvements in the management and use of money in the game and 28 29 fish fund.

30 (b) The commissioner shall appoint the following 31 subcommittees, each comprised of at least three affected persons: 32 (1) a Fisheries Operations Subcommittee to review fisheries 33 funding, excluding activities related to trout and salmon stamp 4 funding;

35 (2) a Wildlife Operations Subcommittee to review wildlife
 36 funding, excluding activities related to migratory waterfowl,

Article 1 Section 90

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 pheasant, and turkey stamp funding and excluding review of the 2 amounts available under section 97A.075, subdivision 1, 3 paragraphs (b) and (c);

4 (3) a Big Game Subcommittee to review the report required 5 in subdivision 4, paragraph (a), clause (2);

6 (4) an Ecological Services Operations Subcommittee to7 review ecological services funding;

8 (5) a subcommittee to review game and fish fund funding of 9 enforcement, support services, and Department of Natural 10 Resources administration;

(6) a subcommittee to review the trout and salmon stamp report and address funding issues related to trout and salmon;

(7) a subcommittee to review the report on the migratory
waterfowl stamp and address funding issues related to migratory
waterfowl;

(8) a subcommittee to review the report on the pheasant
stamp and address funding issues related to pheasants; and

(9) a subcommittee to review the report on the turkey stampand address funding issues related to wild turkeys.

20 (c) The chairs of each of the subcommittees shall form a 21 Budgetary Oversight Committee to coordinate the integration of 22 the subcommittee reports into an annual report to the 23 legislature; recommend changes on a broad level in policies, 24 activities, and revenue enhancements or reductions; provide a forum to address issues that transcend the subcommittees; and 25 26 submit a report for any subcommittee that fails to submit its 27 report in a timely manner.

(d) The Budgetary Oversight Committee shall develop
recommendations for a biennial budget plan and report for
expenditures on game and fish activities. By August 15 of each
even-numbered year, the committee shall submit the budget plan
recommendations to the commissioner.

(e) Each subcommittee shall choose its own chair, except
 that the chair of the Budgetary Oversight Committee shall be
 appointed by the commissioner and may not be the chair of any of
 the subcommittees.

(f) The Budgetary Oversight Committee must make
 recommendations to the commissioner for outcome goals from
 expenditures.

(g) Notwithstanding section 15.059, subdivision 5, or other
law to the contrary, the Budgetary Oversight Committee and
subcommittees do not expire until June 30, 2005 2010.

7 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
8 following final enactment.

9 Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 97A.061,
10 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY; AMOUNT.] (a) The 11 commissioner shall annually make a payment to each county having 12 public hunting areas and game refuges. Money to make the 13 14 payments is annually appropriated for that purpose from the general fund. Except as provided in paragraph (b), this section 15 does not apply to state trust fund land and other state land not 16 purchased for game refuge or public hunting purposes. Except as 17 provided in paragraph (b), the payment shall be the greatest of: 18 19 (1) 35 percent of the gross receipts from all special use permits and leases of land acquired for public hunting and game 20 21 refuges;

(2) 50 cents per acre on land purchased actually used forpublic hunting or game refuges; or

(3) three-fourths of one percent of the appraised value of 24 purchased land actually used for public hunting and game refuges. 25 (b) The payment shall be 50 percent of the dollar amount 26 adjusted for inflation as determined under section 477A.12, 27 28 subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (1), multiplied by the number of acres of land in the county that are owned by another 29 30 state agency for military purposes and designated as a game refuge under section 97A.085. 31

32 (c) The payment must be reduced by the amount paid under 33 subdivision 3 for croplands managed for wild geese.

34 (c) (d) The appraised value is the purchase price for five
 35 years after acquisition. The appraised value shall be
 36 determined by the county assessor every five years after

Article 1 Section 91

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 acquisition. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for aids paid 2 in calendar year 2007 and thereafter. 3 Sec. 92. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 97A.075, 4 subdivision 3, is amended to read: 5 Subd. 3. [TROUT AND SALMON STAMP.] (a) Ninety percent of 6 the revenue from trout and salmon stamps must be credited to the 7 trout and salmon management account. Money in the account may 8 be used only for: 9 10 (1) the development, restoration, maintenance, improvement, protection, and preservation of habitat for trout and salmon in 11 12 trout streams and lakes, including, but not limited to, evaluating habitat; stabilizing eroding stream banks; adding 13 fish cover; modifying stream channels; managing vegetation to 14 protect, shade, or reduce runoff on stream banks; and purchasing 15 16 equipment to accomplish these tasks; 17 (2) rearing of trout and salmon and, including utility and service costs associated with coldwater hatchery buildings and 18 19 systems; stocking of trout and salmon in streams and lakes and 20 Lake Superior; and monitoring and evaluating stocked trout and 21 salmon; 22 (3) acquisition of easements and fee title along trout 23 waters; 24 (4) identifying easement and fee title areas along trout 25 waters; and (5) research and special management projects on trout 26 27 streams, trout lakes, and Lake Superior and the-anadromous 28 portions of its tributaries. 29 (b) Money in the account may not be used for costs unless 30 they are directly related to a specific parcel of land or body of water under paragraph (a) or, to specific fish rearing 31 activities under paragraph (a), clause (2), or for costs 32 associated with supplies and equipment to implement trout and 33 salmon management activities under paragraph (a). 34 Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 97A.4742, 35 36 subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [ANNUAL REPORT.] By December 15 each year, the 1 commissioner shall submit a report to the legislative committees 2 3 having jurisdiction over environment and natural resources appropriations and environment and natural resources policy. 4 5 The report shall state the amount of revenue received in and expenditures made from revenue transferred from the lifetime 6 fish and wildlife trust fund to the game and fish fund and-shall 7 describe-projects-funded,-locations-of-the-projects,-and-results 8 and-benefits-from-the-projects. The report may be included in 9 10 the game and fish fund report required by section 97A.055, subdivision 4. The commissioner shall make the annual report 11 available to the public. 12

13 Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 97A.482, is 14 amended to read:

15 97A.482 [LICENSE APPLICATIONS; COLLECTION OF SOCIAL16 SECURITY NUMBERS.]

(a) All applicants for individual noncommercial game and
fish licenses under this chapter and chapters 97B and 97C must
include the applicant's social security number on the license
application. If an applicant does not have a Social Security
number, the applicant must certify that the applicant does not
have a Social Security number.

(b) The Social Security numbers collected by the 23 24 commissioner on game and fish license applications are private data under section 13.49, subdivision 1, and must be provided by 25 the commissioner to the commissioner of human services for child 26 support enforcement purposes. Title IV-D of the Social Security 27 Act, United States Code, title 42, section 666(a)(13), requires 28 the collection of Social Security numbers on game and fish 29 30 license applications for child support enforcement purposes.

31 (c) The commissioners of human services and natural 32 resources shall request a waiver from the secretary of health 33 and human services to exclude any applicant under the age of 16 34 from the requirement under this section to provide the 35 applicant's Social Security number. If a waiver is granted,

36 this section will be so amended effective January 1, 2006, or

Article 1

Section 94

	04/25/05 [COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100
1	upon the effective date of the waiver, whichever is later.
2	Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 97A.485,
3	subdivision 7, is amended to read:
4	Subd. 7. [ELECTRONIC LICENSING SYSTEM COMMISSION.] The
5	commissioner shall retain for the operation of the electronic
6	licensing system a-commission-of-4.7-percent-of the commission
7	established under section 84.027, subdivision 15, and issuing
8	fees collected by the commissioner on all license fees
9	collected, excluding:
10	(1) the small game surcharge; and
11	(2) all-issuing-fees;-and
12	(3) \$2.50 of the license fee for the licenses in section
13	97A.475, subdivisions 6, clauses (1), (2), and (4), 7, 8, 12,
14	and 13.
15	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective on July 6, 2005.
16	Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 97A.551, is
17	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
18	Subd. 6. [TAGGING AND REGISTRATION.] The commissioner may,
19	by rule, require persons taking, possessing, and transporting
20	certain species of fish to tag the fish with a special fish
21	management tag and may require registration of tagged fish. A
22	person may not possess or transport a fish species taken in the
23	state for which a special fish management tag is required unless
24	a tag is attached to the fish in a manner prescribed by the
25	commissioner. The commissioner shall prescribe the manner of
26	issuance and the type of tag as authorized under section
27	97C.087. The tag must be attached to the fish as prescribed by
28	the commissioner immediately upon reducing the fish to
29	possession and must remain attached to the fish until the fish
30	is processed or consumed. Species for which a special fish
31	management tag is required must be transported undressed.
32	Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 97B.015,
33	subdivision 7, is amended to read:
34 35	Subd. 7. [FEE FOR DUPLICATE CERTIFICATE.] The commissioner
35	shall collect a fee, to include a \$1 issuing fee for licensing agents, for issuing a duplicate firearms safety certificate.
00	ayence, for resuling a supricate firearms safety certificate.

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

The commissioner shall establish a fee that neither 1 significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers costs, including 2 overhead costs, involved in providing the service. The fee is 3 not subject to the rulemaking provisions of chapter 14 and 4 section 14.386 does not apply. The commissioner may establish 5 the fee notwithstanding section 16A.1283. The duplicate 6 7 certificate fees, except for the issuing fee for licensing agents under this subdivision, shall be deposited in the game 8 and fish fund and, except for the electronic licensing system 9 commission established by the commissioner under section 84.027, 10 11 subdivision 15, and issuing fees collected by the commissioner, are appropriated annually to the Enforcement Division of the 12 Department of Natural Resources for the administration of the 13 firearm safety course program. 14

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective on July 6, 2005. 15 Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 97B.025, is 16 17 amended to read:

18

97B.025 [HUNTER AND TRAPPER EDUCATION.]

(a) The commissioner may establish education courses for 19 hunters and trappers. The commissioner shall collect a fee from 20 each person attending a course. A fee, to include a \$1 issuing 21 fee for licensing agents, shall be collected for issuing a 22 duplicate certificate. The commissioner shall establish the 23 fees in a manner that neither significantly overrecovers nor 24 underrecovers costs, including overhead costs, involved in 25 providing the services. The fees are not subject to the 26 27 rulemaking provisions of chapter 14 and section 14.386 does not apply. The commissioner may establish the fees notwithstanding 28 section 16A.1283. The fees, except for the issuing fee for 29 licensing agents under this subdivision, shall be deposited in 30 the game and fish fund and the amount thereof, except for the 31 electronic licensing system commission established by the 32 commissioner under section 84.027, subdivision 15, is 33 appropriated annually to the Enforcement Division of the 34 Department of Natural Resources for the administration of the 35 program. In addition to the fee established by the commissioner 36

Article 1 Section 98

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 for each course, instructors may charge each person up to the 2 established fee amount for class materials and expenses. School 3 districts may cooperate with the commissioner and volunteer 4 instructors to provide space for the classroom portion of the 5 training.

(b) The commissioner shall enter into an agreement with a 6 statewide nonprofit trappers association to conduct a trapper 7 education program. At a minimum, the program must include at 8 least six hours of classroom and in the field training. The 9 program must include a review of state trapping laws and 10 regulations, trapping ethics, the setting and tending of traps 11 and snares, tagging and registration requirements, and the 12 preparation of pelts. The association shall be responsible for 13 all costs of conducting the education program, and shall not 14 charge any fee for attending the course. 15

[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective on July 6, 2005.
 Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 97C.085, is
 amended to read:

19 97C.085 [PERMIT REQUIRED FOR TAGGING FISH.]

A person may not tag or otherwise mark a live fish for identification without a permit from the commissioner, except for special fish management tags as authorized under section 97A.<u>551</u>.

Sec. 100. [97C.087] [SPECIAL FISH MANAGEMENT TAGS.]
<u>Subdivision 1.</u> [TAGS TO BE ISSUED.] <u>If the commissioner</u>
<u>determines it is necessary to require that a species of fish be</u>
<u>tagged with a special fish management tag, the commissioner</u>
<u>shall prescribe, by rule, the species to be tagged, tagging</u>
procedures, and eligibility requirements.

30 <u>Subd. 2.</u> [APPLICATION FOR TAG.] <u>Application for special</u> 31 <u>fish management tags must be accompanied by a \$5, nonrefundable</u> 32 <u>application fee for each tag. A person may not make more than</u> 33 <u>one tag application each year. If a person makes more than one</u> 34 <u>application, the person is ineligible for a special fish</u> 35 <u>management tag for that season after determination by the</u> 36 <u>commissioner, without a hearing.</u>

1	Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 103E.081, is
2	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
3	Subd 2a. [PLANTING TREES OVER PUBLIC TILE.] A person must
4	not knowingly plant trees over a public drain tile, unless the
5	person planting the trees receives permission from the drainage
6	authority.
7	Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 103E.081, is
8	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
9	Subd. 2b. [PLANTING TREES OVER PRIVATE TILE.] A person
10	must not knowingly plant trees over a private drain tile that
11	provides for the drainage of land owned or leased by another
12	person, unless the person planting the trees receives permission
13	from all persons who receive drainage benefits from the drain
14	tile.
15	Sec. 103. [103F.950] [BEAVER DAMAGE CONTROL GRANTS.]
16	Subdivision 1. [ESTABLISHMENT.] The Board of Water and
17	Soil Resources shall establish a beaver damage control grant
18	program to provide grants for the control of beaver activities
19	causing damage to public waters, roads, and ditches and adjacent
20	private property. The grants may be made to:
21	(1) a joint powers board established under section 471.59
22	by two or more governmental units;
23	(2) soil and water conservation districts; and
24	(3) Indian tribal governments.
25	Subd. 2. [GRANT AMOUNT.] The board may provide up to 50
26	percent of the costs of implementing a beaver damage control
27	program by a joint powers board.
28	Subd. 3. [AWARDING OF GRANTS.] Applications for grants
29	must be made to the board on forms prescribed by the
30	commissioner. The board shall consult with town supervisors and
31	county commissioners representing different areas of the state
32	in developing the application form. A joint powers board
33	seeking a grant may be required to supply information on the
34	beaver control program it has adopted, the extent of the problem
35	in the geographic area covered by the joint powers agreement,
36	and the ability of the joint powers board to match the state

Article 1 Section 103 93

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

grant. The board may prioritize the grant applications based 1 upon the information requested as part of the grant application. 2 Subd. 4. [REPORT.] (a) Within one year after receiving a 3 4 grant under this section, a joint powers board must report to the Board of Water and Soil Resources on the joint powers 5 board's efforts to control beaver in the area. 6 7 (b) By December 15 of each even-numbered year, the board shall report to the senate and house environment and natural 8 resources policy and finance committees on the efforts under 9 10 this section to control beaver. Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 103G.271, 11 subdivision 6, is amended to read: 12 Subd. 6. [WATER USE PERMIT PROCESSING FEE.] (a) Except as 13 14 described in paragraphs (b) to (f), a water use permit processing fee must be prescribed by the commissioner in 15 accordance with the schedule of fees in this subdivision for 16 each water use permit in force at any time during the year. 17 The 18 schedule is as follows, with the stated fee in each clause 19 applied to the total amount appropriated: 20 (1) \$101 for amounts not exceeding 50,000,000 gallons per 21 (2) \$3 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 22 50,000,000 gallons but less than 100,000,000 gallons per year; 23 (3) \$3.50 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 100,000,000 gallons but less than 150,000,000 gallons per year; 24 25 (4) \$4 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 150,000,000 gallons but less than 200,000,000 gallons per year; 26 27 (5) \$4.50 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 200,000,000 gallons but less than 250,000,000 gallons per year; 28 (6) \$5 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 29 250,000,000 gallons but less than 300,000,000 gallons per year; 30 (7) \$5.50 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 31 32 300,000,000 gallons but less than 350,000,000 gallons per year; (8) \$6 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 33 350,000,000 gallons but less than 400,000,000 gallons per year; 34 35 (9) \$6.50 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than 400,000,000 gallons but less than 450,000,000 gallons per year; 36

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 (10) \$7 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than
2 450,000,000 gallons but less than 500,000,000 gallons per year;
3 and

4 (11) \$7.50 per 1,000,000 gallons for amounts greater than5 500,000,000 gallons per year.

(b) For once-through cooling systems, a water use
processing fee must be prescribed by the commissioner in
accordance with the following schedule of fees for each water
use permit in force at any time during the year:

10 (1) for nonprofit corporations and school districts, \$150
11 per 1,000,000 gallons; and

(2) for all other users, \$200 \$300 per 1,000,000 gallons.
(c) The fee is payable based on the amount of water
appropriated during the year and, except as provided in
paragraph (f), the minimum fee is \$100.

16 (d) For water use processing fees other than once-through17 cooling systems:

18 (1) the fee for a city of the first class may not exceed19 \$250,000 per year;

20 (2) the fee for other entities for any permitted use may21 not exceed:

(i) \$50,000 per year for an entity holding three or fewerpermits;

(ii) \$75,000 per year for an entity holding four or five25 permits;

26 (iii) \$250,000 per year for an entity holding more than 27 five permits;

(3) the fee for agricultural irrigation may not exceed \$75029 per year;

(4) the fee for a municipality that furnishes electric
service and cogenerates steam for home heating may not exceed
\$10,000 for its permit for water use related to the cogeneration
of electricity and steam; and

(5) no fee is required for a project involving the
appropriation of surface water to prevent flood damage or to
remove flood waters during a period of flooding, as determined

Article 1 Section 104

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95
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[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

04/25/05

1 by the commissioner.

(e) Failure to pay the fee is sufficient cause for revoking a permit. A penalty of two percent per month calculated from the original due date must be imposed on the unpaid balance of fees remaining 30 days after the sending of a second notice of fees due. A fee may not be imposed on an agency, as defined in section 16B.01, subdivision 2, or federal governmental agency holding a water appropriation permit.

9 (f) The minimum water use processing fee for a permit 10 issued for irrigation of agricultural land is \$20 for years in 11 which:

(1) there is no appropriation of water under the permit; or
(2) the permit is suspended for more than seven consecutive
days between May 1 and October 1.

(g) A surcharge of \$20 per million gallons in addition to the fee prescribed in paragraph (a) shall be applied to the volume of water used in June, July, and August that exceeds the volume of water used in January for municipal water use, irrigation of golf courses, and landscape irrigation.

20 Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 103G.301, 21 subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PERMIT APPLICATION FEES.] (a) An application for a permit authorized under this chapter, and each request to amend or transfer an existing permit, must be accompanied by a permit application fee to defray the costs of receiving, recording, and processing the application or request to amend or transfer.

28 (b) The fee to apply for a permit to appropriate water, a permit to construct or repair a dam that is subject to dam 29 30 safety inspection, or a state general permit or to apply for the state water bank program is \$75 \$150. The application fee for a 31 32 permit to work in public waters or to divert waters for mining must be at least \$75 \$150, but not more than \$500 \$1,000, 33 according to a schedule of fees adopted under section 16A.1285. 34 35 Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 103G.615, 36 subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FEES.] (a) The commissioner shall establish a 1 2 fee schedule for permits to control or harvest aquatic plants other than wild rice. The fees must be set by rule, and section 3 16A.1283 does not apply. The fees may not exceed \$750 per 4 permit based upon the cost of receiving, processing, analyzing, 5 and issuing the permit, and additional costs incurred after the 6 7 application to inspect and monitor the activities authorized by the permit, and enforce aquatic plant management rules and 8 permit requirements. 9

10 (b) The fee for a permit for the control of rooted aquatic 11 vegetation is \$35 for each contiguous parcel of shoreline owned 12 by an owner. This fee may not be charged for permits issued in 13 connection with purple loosestrife control or lakewide Eurasian 14 water milfoil control programs.

15 (c) A fee may not be charged to the state or a federal16 governmental agency applying for a permit.

17 (d) The money received for the permits under this
18 subdivision shall be deposited in the treasury and credited to
19 the game-and-fish-fund water recreation account.

Sec. 107. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 103I.681,
subdivision 11, is amended to read:

[PERMIT FEE SCHEDULE.] (a) The commissioner of 22 Subd. 11. natural resources shall adopt a permit fee schedule under 23 chapter 14. The schedule may provide minimum fees for various 24 25 classes of permits, and additional fees, which may be imposed subsequent to the application, based on the cost of receiving, 26 processing, analyzing, and issuing the permit, and the actual 27 inspecting and monitoring of the activities authorized by the 28 29 permit, including costs of consulting services.

30 (b) A fee may not be imposed on a state or federal31 governmental agency applying for a permit.

(c) The fee schedule may provide for the refund of a fee,
in whole or in part, under circumstances prescribed by the
commissioner of natural resources. Permit Fees received must be
deposited in the state treasury and credited to the general
fund. The-amount-of-money-necessary-to-pay-the-refunds-is

97

Article 1

Section 107

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

Permit fees received are appropriated annually from the general 1 fund to the commissioner of natural resources for the costs of 2 inspecting and monitoring the activities authorized by the 3 4 permit, including costs of consulting services. Sec. 108. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 115.03, 5 subdivision 4a, is amended to read: 6 [SECTION 401 CERTIFICATIONS.] (a) The following 7 Subd. 4a. definitions apply to this subdivision: 8 (1) "section 401 certification" means a water quality 9 certification required under section 401 of the federal Clean 10 Water Act, United States Code, title 33, section 1341; and 11

(2) "nationwide <u>federal general</u> permit" means a nationwide
general permit issued by the United States Army Corps of
Engineers and-listed-in-Code-of-Federal-Regulations,-title-40,
part-330,-appendix-A under section 404 of the federal Clean
Water Act, United States Code, title 33, section 1344; and

17 (3) "professional review" means review of federal permits
18 or licenses that require section 401 certification before
19 issuance by professional or technical agency staff experienced
20 with 401 water quality certification.

(b) The agency <u>commissioner</u> is responsible for providing
section 401 certifications for nationwide <u>federal</u> permits <u>or</u>
<u>licenses that require section 401 certification before issuance</u>
<u>of the federal permit or license</u>.

(c) Before making a final decision on a section 401
certification for regional conditions on a nationwide federal
<u>general</u> permit, the agency <u>commissioner</u> shall hold at least one
public meeting outside the seven-county metropolitan area.

29 (d) In addition to other notice required by law, the agency shall provide written notice of a meeting at which the agency 30 31 will be considering a section 401 certification for regional 32 conditions on a mationwide federal general permit at least 21 33 days before the date of the meeting to the members of the senate 34 and house of-representatives-environment-and-natural-resources 35 committees7-the-senate-Agriculture-and-Rural-Development 36 Committee,-and-the-house-of-representatives-Agriculture

Committee policy committees with jurisdiction over environment 1 and agriculture. 2 (e) Beginning July 1, 2005, the commissioner shall collect 3 a fee on individual section 401 certifications that are not 4 5 subject to a federal general permit or a letter of permission in the amount of \$350 per certification and an additional \$200 for 6 each acre of wetland or surface water that is subject to the 7 section 401 certification. All fees collected by the 8 commissioner under this section shall be deposited in the 9 10 environmental fund and are appropriated to the agency for the purpose of providing professional review and notification. 11 (f) A decision by the commissioner to waive review of 12 13 section 401 certification must include a written notice to project applicants that they remain responsible for complying 14 15 with all water quality standards and other applicable statutes and rules and that the commissioner retains the authority to 16 17 enforce violations of applicable standards, statutes, and rules, 18 including assessment of penalties. (g) The commissioner shall provide access to all public 19 20 notices of applications for section 401 certification, their status, and the decision to certify, deny, or waive any 21 22 application on the agency's Internet Web site, and may publish 23 these documents in any other appropriate public medium. All 24 public comments must be attached to the official public record 25 waiver decision and be available for review upon request. All 26 publications shall include the project's location, including 27 county, township, range and section, street address or directions. 28 29 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day 30 following final enactment. 31 Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 115.551, is amended to read: 32 33 115.551 [TANK FEE.] 34 (a) An installer shall pay a fee of \$25 for each septic 35 system tank installed in the previous calendar year. The fees required under this section must be paid to the commissioner by 36

Article 1

Section 109

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

January 30 of each year. The revenue derived from the fee
 imposed under this section shall be deposited in the
 environmental fund and is exempt from section 16A.1285.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), for the purposes of
performance based individual sewage treatment systems, the tank
fee is limited to \$25 per household system installation.

Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 115B.48,
8 subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [FULL-TIME EQUIVALENCE.] "Full-time equivalence" 9 means 2,000 hours worked by employees, owners, and others in a 10 dry cleaning facility during a 12-month period beginning July 1 11 of the preceding year and running through June 30 of the year in 12 which the annual registration fee is due. For those dry 13 cleaning facilities that were in business less than the 12-month 14 period, full-time equivalence means the total of all of the 15 hours worked in the dry cleaning facility, divided by 2,000 and 16 multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is 50 and the 17 denominator of which is the number of weeks in business during 18 the reporting period. For the purposes of section 115B.49, an 19 owner working 2,000 hours or more shall be considered as one 20

21 <u>full-time equivalent.</u>

22 Sec. 111. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 115B.49, is 23 amended by adding a subdivision to read:

24 <u>Subd. 4b.</u> [FEE ADJUSTMENT.] <u>Notwithstanding section</u> 25 <u>16A.1285, each fiscal year the commissioner shall adjust the</u> 26 <u>fees in subdivision 4 as necessary to maintain an annual income</u> 27 <u>to the account of \$650,000.</u>

28 Sec. 112. [116H.55] [DEFINITIONS.]

29 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> [SCOPE.] For the purposes of this chapter, 30 <u>the following terms have the meanings given.</u>

31 <u>Subd. 2.</u> [CATHODE RAY TUBE OR CRT.] <u>"Cathode ray tube" or</u> 32 <u>"CRT" means a vacuum tube or picture tube used to convert an</u> 33 <u>electronic signal into a visual image. It is composed primarily</u> 34 <u>of glass, and is the video display component of a television or</u> 35 <u>computer monitor, and includes other items integrally attached</u> 36 <u>to the CRT.</u>

Article 1 Section 112 100

1	Subd. 3. [COMPUTER MONITOR.] "Computer monitor" means an
2	electronic device that is a cathode ray tube or flat panel
3	display primarily intended to display information from a central
4	processing unit or the Internet. Computer monitor includes a
5	laptop computer.
6	Subd. 4. [FULL TRUCKLOAD.] "Full truckload" means a
7	quantity weighing 25,000 pounds or more of video display devices.
8	Subd. 5. [HENNEPIN COUNTY STUDY.] "Hennepin County study"
9	means the Hennepin County Consumer Electronics Brand Tally,
10	published January 2005.
11	Subd. 6. [HOUSEHOLD.] "Household" means an occupant of a
12	single detached dwelling unit or a single unit of a multiple
13	dwelling unit who has used a video display device at a dwelling
14	unit primarily for personal use.
15	Subd. 7. [INTERMEDIATE CONSOLIDATION POINT.] "Intermediate
16	consolidation point" means a facility in the state approved by
17	the Office of Environmental Assistance pursuant to section
18	116H.65, paragraph (d), clause (3), where local governments and
19	households can deliver for consolidation video display devices
20	generated by households and destined for recycling,
21	refurbishment, or reuse. The facility may be operated by a
22	private entity or a local unit of government, and must be
23	capable of consolidating a full truckload of video display
24	devices from households in accordance with all applicable
25	federal, state, and local laws, rules, regulations, and
26	ordinances.
27	Subd. 8. [MANUFACTURER.] "Manufacturer" means a person
28	who: (1) manufactures video display devices to be sold under
29	its own brand as identified by its own brand label; or (2) sells
30	video display devices manufactured by others under its own brand
31	as identified by its own brand label.
32	Subd. 9. [MANUFACTURER'S BRANDS.] "Manufacturer's brands"
33	means a manufacturer's name, brand name, or brand label, and all
34	manufacturer's names, brand names, and brand labels for which
35	the manufacturer has legal responsibility, including those
36	manufacturer's names, brand names, and brand labels of companies

Article 1 Section 112 101

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100 04/25/05 that have been acquired by the manufacturer. 1 Subd. 10. [OFFICE.] "Office" means the Office of 2 Environmental Assistance. 3 Subd. 11. [ORPHAN WASTE.] "Orphan waste" means a video 4 display device covered by this section for which (1) no 5 manufacturer can be identified, or (2) the manufacturer no 6 longer exists and no successor can be identified. 7 Subd. 12. [PRO RATA SHARE.] "Pro rata share" means the 8 percentage that is the proportion, multiplied by 100, of the 9 total weight of video display devices, of the manufacturer's 10 11 brands registered by a registrant, as required by section 116H.60, paragraph (e), received at intermediate consolidation 12 points divided by the total weight of video display devices 13 14 received at intermediate consolidation points, as determined by the sampling program at intermediate consolidation points 15 16 pursuant to section 116H.65, paragraph (d), clause (1). The pro 17 rata share for the first program year shall be based on the 18 Hennepin County study. 19 Subd. 13. [REGISTRANT.] "Registrant" means a manufacturer 20 that submits the registration required by section 116H.60, 21 paragraph (a), or an independent party that submits the 22 registration required by section 116H.60, paragraph (a), in lieu 23 of a manufacturer. 24 Subd. 14. [SELL OR SALE.] "Sell" or "sale" means any 25 transfer for consideration of title or of the right to use, by lease or sales contract, including, but not limited to, 26 transactions conducted through sales outlets, catalogs, or the 27 28 Internet, or any other similar electronic means either inside or 29 outside of the state, by a person who conducts the transaction 30 and controls the delivery of a video display device to a consumer in the state, but does not include a wholesale 31 transaction with a distributor or a retailer. 32 Subd. 15. [TELEVISION.] "Television" means an electronic 33 34 device that is a cathode ray tube or flat panel display 35 primarily intended to receive video programming via broadcast, cable, or satellite transmission or video from surveillance or 36

Article 1 Section 112

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

04/25/05

1	other similar cameras.
	Subd. 16. [VIDEO DISPLAY DEVICE.] "Video display device"
2	
3	means a computer monitor or television with a screen size
4	greater than eight inches measured diagonally. The term "video
5	display device" does not include a video display device that is
6	part of or contained in a motor vehicle; industrial, commercial,
7	or medical equipment; or any appliance.
8	Sec. 113. [116H.60] [REGISTRATION PROGRAM.]
9	(a) On and after July 1, 2006, a retailer or manufacturer
10	may not sell or offer for sale a new video display device to any
11	person in the state unless:
12	(1) the video display device is labeled with the
13	manufacturer's brand, which label is permanently affixed and
14	readily visible; and
15	(2) the video display device is subject to a registration
16	filed by a registrant with the office according to this section,
17	with the registration effective upon receipt by the office.
18	(b) A retailer or manufacturer who sells or offers for sale
19	a new video display device to a consumer in this state must,
20	before initial offer for sale of the device, submit to the
21	office a certification that the retailer or manufacturer has
22	reviewed the office's Web site specified in paragraph (h), and
23	has determined that all new video display devices that the
24	retailer or manufacturer is then offering for sale are labeled
25	with manufacturer's brands that are subject to registration
26	statements filed with the office. After the initial submittal,
27	the certification must be submitted to the office annually by
28	July 10 of each year, effective as of July 1 of each year. A
29	retailer is not responsible for an unlawful sale under this
30	paragraph if the registration expired or was revoked and the
31	retailer took possession of the video display device prior to
32	the expiration or revocation of the registration and the
33	unlawful sale occurred within six months after the expiration or
34	revocation.
35	(c) By February 1, 2006, a manufacturer of video display
36	devices sold to a consumer in this state must submit a

Article 1 Section 113 103

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

registration to the office that includes a certification that a 1 registrant will participate in the intermediate consolidation 2 point program as specified in paragraph (m) beginning July 1, 3 2006. A manufacturer who begins to sell or offer for sale video 4 display devices after February 1, 2006, and has not filed a 5 registration pursuant to this section must submit a registration 6 to the office within ten days of beginning to sell or offer for 7 sale video display devices to consumers in the state. The 8 registration is effective upon receipt by the office. 9 (d) The registration must list the manufacturer's brands. 10 The registration must be updated within ten days after a change 11 in the manufacturer's brands, such as in the event of an 12 acquisition, merger, or divestiture. 13 (e) A registrant may partner with one or more manufacturers 14 or other parties, collectively a "registrant," to prepare and 15 submit to the office a joint video display device recycling, 16 refurbishment, or reuse program. 17 (f) Each manufacturer who registers under this section must 18 19 pay an annual fee which is deposited in an electronic waste account established in the environmental fund. The fee is equal 20 to \$2,000 multiplied by the manufacturer's pro rata share of 21 22 video display devices as determined under section 116H.55, subdivision 12. A manufacturer registered under this section 23 whose pro rata share is less than 0.25 percent must pay a 24 minimum fee of \$500. Money in the electronic waste account is 25 appropriated to the office for the purpose of administering the 26 27 program. 28 (g) The office shall develop procedures to administer and 29 implement the registration program under this section and shall 30 present them to the legislature by January 15, 2006. 31 (h) The office must review each registration and notify the registrant if the registration does not include the information 32 required by this section. Within 30 days of receipt of a 33 34 notification from the office, the registrant must file with the 35 office a revised registration providing the information noted by the office. 36

1	(i) The office must maintain on its Web site the names of
2	the registrants and the manufacturers' brands that are listed in
3	registrations filed with the office. The office must update the
4	Web site information promptly upon receipt of a new registration
5	or an updated registration.
6	(j) The obligations of a manufacturer or registrant apply
7	only to video display devices received from households in this
8	state and do not apply to video display devices received from
9	owners other than households.
10	(k) Persons who receive a video display device for
11	recycling, refurbishment, or reuse pursuant to a registration
12	may recycle, refurbish, or reuse, including resell, the video
13	display device. Except to the extent otherwise required by law,
14	such persons have no responsibility for any data that may be on
15	the video display device if an information storage device is
16	included with the video display device.
17	(1) A city, county, or other public agency may not require
18	households to use the intermediate consolidation point program
19	to recycle their video display devices to the exclusion of other
20	programs legally available. Nothing in this chapter prohibits or
21	restricts any video display recycling programs that are in
22	addition to those provided by manufacturers or registrants or
23	prohibits or restricts any persons from receiving, storing,
24	transporting, or recycling video display devices.
25	(m) By October 1 of each year, each registrant must submit
26	a report to the office that describes the implementation of the

28 July 1 through June 30. The first report must be submitted by
29 October 1, 2007. The report must:

program during the preceding program year. The program year is

30 (1) identify the total weight of the video display devices
31 that the registrant has arranged for pickup from intermediate
32 consolidation points during the preceding year, and the total
33 weight of video display devices that the registrant has received
34 from households through other methods during the preceding year
35 and for which the registrant has used such video display devices
36 to satisfy all or a portion of its pro rata share responsibility

Article 1 Section 113

27

1 during the preceding year; and 2 (2) describe the processes and methods used to recycle, refurbish, or reuse video display devices that the registrant 3 has arranged for pickup from intermediate collection points 4 during the preceding year and that the registrant has received 5 6 from households through other methods, and for which the registrant has used such video display devices to satisfy all or 7 8 a portion of its pro rata share responsibility during the preceding year; and, in particular, identify any disassembly, 9 physical recovery operation including crushing, shredding, 10 11 grinding, or glass to glass recycling, or any other operation 12 that was used and describe where it took place. The report must also discuss whether these activities included procedures 13 described in the United States Environmental Protection Agency's 14 guidelines for the environmentally sound management of 15 16 electronic equipment. (n) Participation in the intermediate consolidation point 17 program requires that a registrant must: 18 19 (1) arrange for the pickup and recycling of a full truckload or full truckloads of computer monitor video display 20 21 devices or television video display devices received by intermediate consolidation points after July 1, 2006, up to the 22 23 registrant's pro rata share of computer monitor video display 24 devices or television video display devices, from intermediate consolidation points, pursuant to procedures developed under 25 26 paragraph (g), capable of consolidating a full truckload of 27 video display devices from households in accordance with all 28 applicable federal, state, and local laws, rules, regulations, and ordinances; and 29 30 (2) arrange for the pickup and recycling of the 31 registrant's pro rata share of orphan waste by weight from intermediate consolidation points, pursuant to procedures 32 33 developed under paragraph (g). 34 (0) Registrants are responsible for the costs of pickup and recycling of the video display devices. A registrant may 35 satisfy a portion or all of its pro rata share responsibility by 36

	1	receipt of video display devices from households through other
	2	methods if the registrant has not charged for the recycling,
	3	refurbishment, or reuse of the video display devices that the
	4	registrant has received from households in this state through
	5	the other methods. A registrant who intends to satisfy a
	6	portion or all of its pro rata share responsibility by receipt
	7	of the video display devices from households through other
	8	methods must provide the office with a report of its receipt of
	9	video display devices through the other methods on a quarterly
	10	basis.
	11	(p) After receipt of the report required by paragraph (m)
	12	to be filed on October 1, 2009, the office must review the
	13	performance of the program and may issue performance standards
	14	related to the number of units collected per household.
	15	Sec. 114. [116H.65] [DUTIES OF OFFICE.]
	16	(a) The office must administer and enforce this chapter.
	17	(b) The office must establish procedures for:
	18	(1) receipt and maintenance of the registration statements
	19	and certifications filed with the office pursuant to section
	20	116H.60; and
	21	(2) making the statements and certifications easily
	22	available to registrants, manufacturers, distributors,
~~~~	23	retailers, and members of the public.
	24	(c) On or before December 1, 2010, and every three years
	25	thereafter, the office must provide a report to the governor and
	26	the legislature on the implementation of this chapter. For each
	27	of the preceding three program years, the report must discuss
	28	the total weight of video display devices received by all
	29	registrants from intermediate consolidation points, the total
	30	weight of video display devices received by each registrant from
	31	intermediate consolidation points, the total weight of video
	32	display devices that the registrant has received from households
	33	through other methods during the preceding year and which the
	34	registrant has used to satisfy all or a portion of its pro rata
	35	share responsibility during the preceding year, and a summary of
	36	information in the report submitted by registrants pursuant to

Article 1 Section 114 107

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

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1	section 116H.60, paragraph (1). The report must also discuss
2	the various collection programs used to collect video display
3	devices and information received by the office regarding video
4	display devices that are not being collected by the
5	registrants. The report must include a description of
6	enforcement actions under this chapter and information about
7	video display devices, if any, being disposed of in landfills in
8	this state. The office may include in its report other
9	information received by the office regarding the implementation
10	of the chapter.
11	(d) The office must administer the intermediate
12	consolidation point program.
13	(e) The office must calculate pro rata shares for video
14	display devices on an annual program year basis for each
15	registrant. Pro rata shares for the first program year must be
16	determined by the office by May 1, 2006, using the Hennepin
17	County study. For each subsequent year, pro rata shares must be
18	determined by May 1 of the preceding year based upon an annual
19	sampling survey conducted by the office at intermediate
20	consolidation points during that preceding year. The sampling
21	survey must identify televisions and computer monitors
22	separately, and calculate the weight of televisions and computer
23	monitors separately. The office may provide registrants with
24	projections or estimates of the amount by weight of video
25	display devices for which the registrant may be responsible
26	during a given program year.
27	(f) The office must establish under section 116H.60,
28	paragraph (g), a system to coordinate among registrants pickups
29	from intermediate consolidation points after an intermediate
30	consolidation point has notified the office that a full
31	truckload of video display devices from households has been
32	consolidated. The office must provide a program year accounting
33	of the extent to which each registrant met its pro rata share
34	responsibility as established pursuant to section 116H.60,
35	paragraph (n), and methods for addressing amounts greater than
36	or less than a registrant's pro rata share responsibility that
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[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

1	were picked up and recycled by a registrant during the program
2	year.
3	(g) By February 1, 2006, the office must receive
4	applications for the establishment of intermediate consolidation
5	points. The director must seek to receive at least 15
6	applications with at least ten of the applications from outside
7	the metropolitan area. By April 30, 2006, the office must
8	establish a list of approved intermediate consolidation points
9	and must provide the list on its Web site. Manufacturers and
10	registrants have no responsibility for any costs of the
11	intermediate consolidation points. Applications for the
12	establishment of intermediate consolidation points must specify
13	any method that will be used to ensure that video display
14	devices will be collected only from households or that video
15	display devices from households will be segregated from other
16	video display devices.
17	(h) The Pollution Control Agency must establish a
18	multistakeholder Oversight and Advisory Committee within one
19	year following enactment of this chapter for the purpose of
20	overseeing producer electronic waste recycling program plan
21	implementation, reviewing producer plan annual reports and
22	identifying and recommending additional products to be included
23	as electronic waste. An annual report consistent with this
24	section must be submitted to the chairs of the senate and house
25	environmental policy committees commencing in February 2006.
26	Sec. 115. [116H.75] [REQUIREMENTS FOR PURCHASES BY STATE
27	AGENCIES.]
28	(a) The Department of Administration must ensure that
29	acquisitions of video display devices under chapter 16C are
30	certified by the vendor to be in compliance with section 116H.60.
31	(b) The bid solicitation documents must specify that the
32	prospective bidder is required to cooperate fully in providing
33	reasonable access to its records and documents that evidence
34	compliance with paragraph (a) and section 116H.60.
35	(c) Any person awarded a contract under chapter 16C for
36	purchase or lease of video display devices that is found to be
A	rticle 1 Section 115 109

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100 04/25/05 in violation of paragraph (a) or section 116H.60 is subject to 1 the following sanctions: 2 (1) the contract must be voided; 3 (2) the contractor is ineligible to bid on any state 4 contract for a period of three years; and 5 (3) if the attorney general establishes that any money, 6 property, or benefit was obtained by a contractor as a result of 7 violating paragraph (a) or section 116H.60, the court may, in 8 addition to any other remedy, order the disgorgement of the 9 unlawfully obtained money, property, or benefit. 10 Sec. 116. [116H.80] [REGULATION OF CRT DEVICES.] 11 If the United States Environmental Protection Agency adopts 12 regulations under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act 13 regarding the handling, storage, or treatment of cathode ray 14 tube devices or video display devices being recycled, those 15 16 regulations are automatically effective in this state on the 17 same date and supersede any rules previously adopted by the office or the Pollution Control Agency regarding the handling, 18 19 storage, or treatment of cathode ray tube devices or video display devices being recycled. 20 Sec. 117. [116H.85] [ENFORCEMENT.] 21 This chapter shall be enforced in the manner provided by 22 sections 115.071, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5, and 6; and 116.072. 23 24 Sec. 118. [116H.90] [LIMITATIONS.] This chapter expires if a federal law, or combination of 25 federal laws, takes effect that is applicable to all video 26 27 display devices sold in the United States and establishes a 28 program for the collection and recycling or reuse of video 29 display devices that is applicable to all video display devices 30 discarded by households. 31 Sec. 119. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 1160.09, subdivision 1a, is amended to read: 32 33 Subd. 1a. [BOARD OF DIRECTORS.] The board of directors of 34 the Agricultural Utilization Research Institute is comprised of: (1) the chairs of the senate and the house of 35 36 representatives standing committees with jurisdiction over

1 agriculture finance or the chair's designee; (2) two representatives of statewide farm organizations; 2 (3) two representatives of agribusiness; and 3 (4) three representatives of the commodity promotion 4 councils. 5 6 A-member-of-the-board-of-directors-under-clauses-(2)-to 7 (4),-including-a-member-serving-on-July-1,-2003,-may-serve-for-a 8 maximum-of-two-three-year-terms---The-board's-compensation-is governed-by-section-15-05757-subdivision-3-9 Sec. 120. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 116P.05, 10 11 subdivision 2, is amended to read: 12 Subd. 2. [DUTIES.] (a) The commission shall recommend a budget plan for expenditures from the environment and natural 13 14 resources trust fund and shall adopt a strategic plan as provided in section 116P.08. 15 (b) The commission shall recommend expenditures to the 16 legislature from the state land and water conservation account 17 in the natural resources fund. 18 19 (c) It is a condition of acceptance of the appropriations made from the Minnesota environment and natural resources trust 20 21 fund, and oil overcharge money under section 4.071, subdivision 2, that the agency or entity receiving the appropriation must 22 submit a work program and semiannual progress reports in the 23 form determined by the Legislative Commission on Minnesota 24 Resources, and comply with applicable reporting requirements 25 26 under section 116P.16. None of the money provided may be spent unless the commission has approved the pertinent work program. 27 28 (d) The peer review panel created under section 116P.08 must also review, comment, and report to the commission on 29 research proposals applying for an appropriation from the oil 30 overcharge money under section 4.071, subdivision 2. 31 (e) The commission may adopt operating procedures to 32 33 fulfill its duties under chapter 116P. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for interests 34 in land acquired after June 30, 2005. 35 Sec. 121. [116P.16] [REAL PROPERTY INTEREST REPORT.] 36

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

Article 1 Section 121 111

04/25/05

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

1	By December 1 each year, a recipient of an appropriation	
2	from the trust fund, that is used for the acquisition of an	
3	interest in real property, must submit annual reports on the	
4	status of the real property to the Legislative Commission on	
5	Minnesota Resources in a form determined by the commission. The	
6	responsibility for reporting under this section may be	
7	transferred by the recipient of the appropriation to another	
.8	person who holds the interest in the real property. To complete	
9	the transfer of reporting responsibility, the recipient of the	
10	appropriation must:	
11	(1) inform the person to whom the responsibility is	
12	transferred of that person's reporting responsibility;	
13	(2) inform the person to whom the responsibility is	
14	transferred of the property restrictions under section 116P.15;	
15	and	
16	(3) provide written notice to the commission of the	
17	transfer of reporting responsibility, including contact	
18	information for the person to whom the responsibility is	
19	transferred.	
20	After the transfer, the person who holds the interest in the	
21	real property is responsible for reporting requirements under	
21		
22	this section.	
22	this section.	
22 23	this section. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for interests	
22 23 24	this section. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for interests in land acquired after June 30, 2005.	
22 23 24 25	<pre>this section. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for interests in land acquired after June 30, 2005. Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 160.232, is</pre>	
22 23 24 25 26	<pre>this section. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for interests in land acquired after June 30, 2005. Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 160.232, is amended to read:</pre>	
22 23 24 25 26 27	<pre>this section.   [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for interests   in land acquired after June 30, 2005.     Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 160.232, is   amended to read:     160.232 [MOWING DITCHES OUTSIDE CITIES.]</pre>	
22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<pre>this section.   [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for interests   in land acquired after June 30, 2005.     Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 160.232, is   amended to read:     160.232 [MOWING DITCHES OUTSIDE CITIES.]     (a) To provide enhanced roadside habitat for nesting birds</pre>	
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<pre>this section.   [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for interests in land acquired after June 30, 2005.   Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 160.232, is amended to read:     160.232 [MOWING DITCHES OUTSIDE CITIES.]     (a) To provide enhanced roadside habitat for nesting birds and other small wildlife, road authorities may not mow or till</pre>	
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<pre>this section.   [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for interests in land acquired after June 30, 2005.   Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 160.232, is amended to read:     160.232 [MOWING DITCHES OUTSIDE CITIES.]     (a) To provide enhanced roadside habitat for nesting birds and other small wildlife, road authorities may not mow or till the right-of-way of a highway located outside of a home rule</pre>	
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<pre>this section.   [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for interests in land acquired after June 30, 2005.   Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 160.232, is amended to read:     160.232 [MOWING DITCHES OUTSIDE CITIES.]     (a) To provide enhanced roadside habitat for nesting birds and other small wildlife, road authorities may not mow or till the right-of-way of a highway located outside of a home rule charter or statutory city except as allowed in this section and</pre>	
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<pre>this section.   [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for interests in land acquired after June 30, 2005.   Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 160.232, is amended to read:     160.232 [MOWING DITCHES OUTSIDE CITIES.]     (a) To provide enhanced roadside habitat for nesting birds and other small wildlife, road authorities may not mow or till the right-of-way of a highway located outside of a home rule charter or statutory city except as allowed in this section and section 160.23.</pre>	
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<pre>this section.   [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for interests in land acquired after June 30, 2005.   Sec. 122. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 160.232, is amended to read:     160.232 [MOWING DITCHES OUTSIDE CITIES.]     (a) To provide enhanced roadside habitat for nesting birds and other small wildlife, road authorities may not mow or till the right-of-way of a highway located outside of a home rule charter or statutory city except as allowed in this section and section 160.23.     (b) On any highway, the first eight feet away from the road</pre>	

Article 1 Section 122 112

## [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

04/25/05

may only be mowed if necessary for safety reasons, and but may 1 not be mowed to a height of less than 12 inches. 2 (d) A right-of-way may be mowed as necessary to maintain 3 sight distance for safety and may be mowed at other times under 4 rules of the commissioner, or by ordinance of a local road 5 authority not conflicting with the rules of the commissioner. 6 (e) A right-of-way may be mowed, burned, or tilled to 7 prepare the right-of-way for the establishment of permanent 8 vegetative cover or for prairie vegetation management. 9 10 (f) When feasible, road authorities are encouraged to utilize low maintenance, native vegetation that reduces the need 11 to mow, provides wildlife habitat, and maintains public safety. 12 (g) The commissioner of natural resources shall cooperate 13 with the commissioner of transportation to provide enhanced 14 roadside habitat for nesting birds and other small wildlife. 15 Sec. 123. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 168.1296, 16 subdivision 1, is amended to read: 17 Subdivision 1. [GENERAL REQUIREMENTS AND PROCEDURES.] (a) 18 19 The registrar shall issue special critical habitat license plates to an applicant who: 20 21 (1) is an owner or joint owner of a passenger automobile, pickup truck, or van, or recreational equipment; 22 (2) pays a fee of \$10 to cover the costs of handling and 23 manufacturing the plates; 24 25 (3) pays the registration tax required under section 26 168.013; (4) pays the fees required under this chapter; 27 (5) contributes a minimum of \$30 annually to the Minnesota 28 critical habitat private sector matching account established in 29 section 84.943; and 30 (6) complies with laws and rules governing registration and 31 licensing of vehicles and drivers. 32 33 (b) The critical habitat license application form must clearly indicate that the annual contribution specified under 34 paragraph (a), clause (5), is a minimum contribution to receive 35 36 the license plate and that the applicant may make an additional

Article 1 Section 123 113

1 contribution to the account. (c) Owners of recreational equipment under paragraph (a), 2 3 clause (1), are eligible only for special critical habitat license plates for which the designs are selected under 4 subdivision 2, on or after January 1, 2006. 5 6 (d) Special critical habitat license plates, the designs 7 for which are selected under subdivision 2, on or after January 8 1, 2006, may be personalized according to section 168.12, 9 subdivision 2a. 10 Sec. 124. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 223.17, subdivision 3, is amended to read: 11 12 Subd. 3. [GRAIN BUYERS AND STORAGE ACCOUNT; FEES.] The 13 commissioner shall set the fees for inspections under sections 223.15 to 223.22 at levels necessary to pay the expenses of 14 15 administering and enforcing sections 223.15 to 223.22. 16 The fee for any license issued or renewed after June 30, 17 2001, shall be set according to the following schedule: 18 (a)  $\frac{125}{140}$  plus  $\frac{100}{10}$  for each additional location for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases are less than 19 \$100,000; 20 21 (b) \$250 \$275 plus \$400 \$110 for each additional location for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases are at least 22 \$100,000, but not more than \$750,000; 23 (c) \$375 <u>\$415</u> plus \$200 <u>\$220</u> for each additional location 24 for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases are more than 25 \$750,000 but not more than \$1,500,000; 26 (d) \$500 plus \$200 for each additional location 27 28 for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases are more than \$1,500,000 but not more than \$3,000,000; and 29 30 (e) 625 5700 plus 200 for each additional location for grain buyers whose gross annual purchases are more than 31 32 \$3,000,000. A penalty amount not to exceed ten percent of the fees due 33 may be imposed by the commissioner for each month for which the 34 35 fees are delinquent. There is created the grain buyers and storage account in 36

Article 1 Section 124

# [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

1 the agricultural fund. Money collected pursuant to sections 2 223.15 to 223.19 shall be paid into the state treasury and 3 credited to the grain buyers and storage account and is 4 appropriated to the commissioner for the administration and 5 enforcement of sections 223.15 to 223.22.

6 Sec. 125. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 231.16, is 7 amended to read:

8 231.16 [WAREHOUSE OPERATOR OR HOUSEHOLD GOODS WAREHOUSE
9 OPERATOR TO OBTAIN LICENSE.]

10 A warehouse operator or household goods warehouse operator must be licensed annually by the department. The department 11 shall prescribe the form of the written application. 12 If the 13 department approves the license application and the applicant files with the department the necessary bond, in the case of 14 household goods warehouse operators, or proof of warehouse 15 operators legal liability insurance coverage in an amount of 16 \$50,000 or more, as provided for in this chapter, the department 17 shall issue the license upon payment of the license fee required 18 in this section. A warehouse operator or household goods 19 warehouse operator to whom a license is issued shall pay a fee 20 as follows: 21

22	Building square footage used for	r public storage
23	(1) 5,000 or less	<del>\$1</del> 00 <u>\$110</u>
24	(2) 5,001 to 10,000	<del>\$2</del> 00 <u>\$220</u>
25	(3) 10,001 to 20,000	<del>\$3</del> 00 <u>\$330</u>
26	(4) 20,001 to 100,000	<del>\$4</del> 00 <u>\$440</u>
27	(5) 100,001 to 200,000	<del>\$5</del> 00 <u>\$550</u>
28	(6) over 200,000	\$600 <u>\$660</u>
29	A penalty amount not to exceed ten	percent of the fees due

30 may be imposed by the commissioner for each month for which the 31 fees are delinquent.

Fees collected under this chapter must be paid into the grain buyers and storage account established in section 232.22. The license must be renewed annually on or before July 1, and always upon payment of the full license fee required in this section. No license shall be issued for any portion of a year

Article 1 Section 125 115

#### [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

## 04/25/05

for less than the full amount of the license fee required in 1 this section. Each license obtained under this chapter must be 2 publicly displayed in the main office of the place of business 3 of the warehouse operator or household goods warehouse operator 4 to whom it is issued. The license authorizes the warehouse 5 6 operator or household goods warehouse operator to carry on the business of warehousing only in the one city or town named in 7 the application and in the buildings therein described. The 8 department, without requiring an additional bond and license, 9 may issue permits from time to time to any warehouse operator 10 already duly licensed under the provisions of this chapter to 11 operate an additional warehouse in the same city or town for 12 which the original license was issued during the term thereof, 13 upon the filing an application for a permit in the form 14 prescribed by the department. 15

16 A license may be refused for good cause shown and revoked 17 by the department for violation of law or of any rule adopted by 18 the department, upon notice and after hearing.

Sec. 126. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 232.22,subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [FEES; GRAIN BUYERS AND STORAGE ACCOUNT.] There 21 is created in the agricultural fund an account known as the 22 grain buyers and storage account. The commissioner shall set 23 the fees for inspections, certifications and licenses under 24 sections 232.20 to 232.25 at levels necessary to pay the costs 25 of administering and enforcing sections 232.20 to 232.25. 26 A11 27 money collected pursuant to sections 232.20 to 232.25 and chapters 233 and 236 shall be paid by the commissioner into the 28 state treasury and credited to the grain buyers and storage 29 account and is appropriated to the commissioner for the 30 administration and enforcement of sections 232.20 to 232.25 and 31 32 chapters 233 and 236. All money collected pursuant to chapter 231 shall be paid by the commissioner into the grain buyers and 33 34 storage account and is appropriated to the commissioner for the administration and enforcement of chapter 231. 35

36 The fees for a license to store grain are as follows:

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

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	1	(a) For a license to store grain, \$110 for each home rule		
~	2	charter or statutory city or town in which a public grain		
	3	warehouse is operated.		
4 (b) A person with a license to store grain in a pub				
	5	grain warehouse is subject to an examination fee for each		
	6 licensed location, based on the following schedule for one			
7 <u>examination</u> :				
	8	Bushel Capacity Examination Fee		
	9	Less than 150,001 \$300		
	10	150,001 to 250,000 \$425		
	11	250,001 to 500,000 \$545		
	12	500,001 to 750,000 \$700		
/	13	750,001 to 1,000,000 \$865		
	14	1,000,001 to 1,200,000 \$1,040		
	15	1,200,001 to 1,500,000 \$1,205		
	16	1,500,001 to 2,000,000 \$1,380		
	17	More than 2,000,000 \$1,555		
	18	(c) The fee for the second examination is \$55 per hour per		
	19	examiner for warehouse operators who choose to have it performed		
F	20	0 by the commissioner.		
	21	(d) A penalty amount not to exceed ten percent of the fees		
	22	due may be imposed by the commissioner for each month for which		
~	23	the fees are delinquent.		
	24	Sec. 127. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 236.02,		
	25	subdivision 4, is amended to read:		
	26	Subd. 4. [FEES.] The license fee is \$140 for each home		
	27	rule charter or statutory city or town in which a private grain		
	28	warehouse is operated and which will be used to operate a grain		
	29	bank. A penalty amount not to exceed ten percent of the fees		
	30	due may be imposed by the commissioner for each month for which		
	31	the fees are delinquent. The license fee must be set by the		
	32	commissioner in an amount sufficient to cover the costs of		
	33	administering and enforcing this chapter. Fees collected under		
	34	this chapter must be paid into the grain buyers and storage		
	35	account established in section 232.22.		
	36	Sec. 128. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 282.08, is		

Article 1 Section 128 117

## [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

### 04/25/05

1 amended to read:

2 282.08 [APPORTIONMENT OF PROCEEDS TO TAXING DISTRICTS.] 3 The net proceeds from the sale or rental of any parcel of 4 forfeited land, or from the sale of products from the forfeited 5 land, must be apportioned by the county auditor to the taxing 6 districts interested in the land, as follows:

7 (1) the amounts necessary to pay the state general tax levy 8 against the parcel for taxes payable in the year for which the 9 tax judgment was entered, and for each subsequent payable year 10 up to and including the year of forfeiture, must be apportioned 11 to the state;

(2) the portion required to pay any amounts included in the
appraised value under section 282.01, subdivision 3, as
representing increased value due to any public improvement made
after forfeiture of the parcel to the state, but not exceeding
the amount certified by the clerk of the municipality must be
apportioned to the municipal subdivision entitled to it;

18 (3) the portion required to pay any amount included in the appraised value under section 282.019, subdivision 5, 19 representing increased value due to response actions taken after 20 forfeiture of the parcel to the state, but not exceeding the 21 amount of expenses certified by the Pollution Control Agency or 22 the commissioner of agriculture, must be apportioned to the 23 agency or the commissioner of agriculture and deposited in the 24 fund from which the expenses were paid; 25

(4) the portion of the remainder required to discharge any
special assessment chargeable against the parcel for drainage or
other purpose whether due or deferred at the time of forfeiture,
must be apportioned to the municipal subdivision entitled to it;
and

31

(5) any balance must be apportioned as follows:

(i) The county board may annually by resolution set aside
no more than 30 percent of the receipts remaining to be used for
timber forest development on tax-forfeited land and dedicated
memorial forests, to be expended under the supervision of the
county board. It must be expended only on projects approved-by

the-commissioner-of-natural-resources improving the health and
 management of the forest resource.
 (ii) The county board may annually by resolution set aside
 no more than 20 percent of the percent percent percent.

4 no more than 20 percent of the receipts remaining to be used for
5 the acquisition and maintenance of county parks or recreational
6 areas as defined in sections 398.31 to 398.36, to be expended
7 under the supervision of the county board.

8 (iii) Any balance remaining must be apportioned as 9 follows: county, 40 percent; town or city, 20 percent; and 10 school district, 40 percent, provided, however, that in 11 unorganized territory that portion which would have accrued to 12 the township must be administered by the county board of 13 commissioners.

Sec. 129. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 282.38,
subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEVELOPMENT.] In any county where the 16 17 county board by proper resolution sets aside funds for timber 18 forest development pursuant to section 282.08, clause (3)(a) (5), item (i), or section 459.06, subdivision 2, 19 the Commissioner of Iron Range resources and 20 rehabilitation with the approval of the board may upon request 21 of the county board assist said county in carrying out any 22 project for the long range development of its timber forest 23 resources through matching of funds or otherwise,-provided-that 24 any-such-project-shall-first-be-approved-by-the-commissioner-of 25 natural-resources. 26

Sec. 130. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 296A.18,
subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [MOTORBOAT.] Approximately 1-1/2 percent of all 29 30 gasoline received in this state and 1-1/2 percent of all gasoline produced or brought into this state, except gasoline 31 32 used for aviation purposes, is being used as fuel for the operation of motorboats on the waters of this state and of the 33 total revenue derived from the imposition of the gasoline fuel 34 tax for uses other than for aviation purposes, 1-1/2 percent of 35 such-revenues the revenue is the amount of tax on fuel used in 36

Article 1 Section 130 119

# [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

## 04/25/05

motorboats operated on the waters of this state. The amount of 1 unrefunded tax paid on gasoline used for motor boat purposes as 2 computed in this chapter shall be paid into the state treasury 3 and credited to a water recreation account in the special 4 revenue fund for acquisition, development, maintenance, and 5 rehabilitation of sites for public access and boating facilities 6 on public waters; lake and river improvement; state-park 7 development; and boat and water safety. 8

9 Sec. 131. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 462.357, 10 subdivision 1e, is amended to read:

11 Subd. 1e. [NONCONFORMITIES.] (a) Any nonconformity, 12 including the lawful use or occupation of land or premises 13 existing at the time of the adoption of an additional control 14 under this chapter, may be continued, including through repair, 15 replacement, restoration, maintenance, or improvement, but not 16 including expansion, unless:

17 (1) the nonconformity or occupancy is discontinued for a18 period of more than one year; or

(2) any nonconforming use is destroyed by fire or other
peril to the extent of greater than 50 percent of its market
value, and no building permit has been applied for within 180
days of when the property is damaged. In this case, a
municipality may impose reasonable conditions upon a building
permit in order to mitigate any newly created impact on adjacent
property.

(b) Any subsequent use or occupancy of the land or premises 26 shall be a conforming use or occupancy. A municipality may, by 27 28 ordinance, permit an expansion or impose upon nonconformities 29 reasonable regulations to prevent and abate nuisances and to protect the public health, welfare, or safety. This subdivision 30 does not prohibit a municipality from enforcing an ordinance 31 32 that applies to adults-only bookstores, adults-only theaters, or similar adults-only businesses, as defined by ordinance. 33

34 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a municipality shall
 35 regulate the repair, replacement, maintenance, improvement, or
 36 expansion of nonconforming uses and structures in floodplain

Article 1 Section 131 120

1	areas to the extent necessary to maintain eligibility in the
2	National Flood Insurance Program and not increase flood damage
3	potential or increase the degree of obstruction to flood flows
4	in the floodway.
5	Sec. 132. [473.1565] [METROPOLITAN AREA WATER SUPPLY
6	PLANNING ACTIVITIES; ADVISORY COMMITTEE.]
7	Subdivision 1. [PLANNING ACTIVITIES.] (a) The Metropolitan
8	Council must carry out planning activities addressing the water
9	supply needs of the metropolitan area as defined in section
10	473.121, subdivision 2. The planning activities must include,
11	at a minimum:
12	(1) development and maintenance of a base of technical
13	information needed for sound water supply decisions including
14	surface and groundwater availability analyses, water demand
15	projections, water withdrawal and use impact analyses, modeling,
16	and similar studies;
17	(2) development and periodic update of a metropolitan area
18	master water supply plan that:
19	(i) provides guidance for local water supply systems and
20	future regional investments;
21	(ii) emphasizes conservation, interjurisdictional
22	cooperation, and long-term sustainability; and
23	(iii) addresses the reliability, security, and
24	cost-effectiveness of the metropolitan area water supply system
25	and its local and subregional components;
26	(3) recommendations for clarifying the appropriate roles
27	and responsibilities of local, regional, and state government in
28	metropolitan area water supply;
29	(4) recommendations for streamlining and consolidating
30	metropolitan area water supply decision-making and approval
31	processes; and
32	(5) recommendations for the ongoing and long-term funding
33	of metropolitan area water supply planning activities and
34	capital investments.
35	(b) The council must carry out the planning activities in
36	this subdivision in consultation with the metropolitan area

Article 1 Section 132 121

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100 04/25/05 water supply advisory committee established in subdivision 2. 1 Subd. 2. [ADVISORY COMMITTEE.] (a) A metropolitan area 2 water supply advisory committee is established to assist the 3 council in its planning activities in subdivision 1. The 4 advisory committee has the following membership: 5 (1) the commissioner of agriculture or the commissioner's 6 designee; 7 (2) the commissioner of health or the commissioner's 8 designee; 9 (3) the commissioner of natural resources or the 10 commissioner's designee; 11 (4) the commissioner of the pollution control agency or the 12 commissioner's designee; 13 (5) two officials of counties that are located in the 14 15 metropolitan area, appointed by the governor; 16 (6) six officials of noncounty local governmental units that are located in the metropolitan area, appointed by the 17 18 governor; and 19 (7) the chair of the Metropolitan Council or the chair's designee, who is chair of the advisory committee. 20 21 (b) Members of the advisory committee appointed by the governor serve at the pleasure of the governor and their terms 22 end with the term of the governor. Members of the advisory 23 committee serve without compensation but may be reimbursed for 24 their reasonable expenses as determined by the Metropolitan 25 26 Council. The advisory committee does not expire until repealed by law. 27 Subd. 3. [REPORTS TO LEGISLATURE.] The council must submit 28 29 reports to the legislature regarding its continuing planning activities under subdivision 1. The first report must be 30 31 submitted to the legislature by the date the legislature 32 convenes in 2007 and subsequent reports must be submitted by 33 such date every five years thereafter. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day 34 35 following final enactment. 36 Sec. 133. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 473.197,

	1	subdivision 4, is amended to read:
~	2	Subd. 4. [DEBT RESERVE; LEVY.] To provide money to pay
-		
	3	debt service on bonds issued under the credit enhancement
	4	program if-pledged-revenues-are-insufficient-to-pay-debt-service
	5	in repealed subdivision 1 of Minnesota Statutes 2004, section
	6	<u>473.197</u> , the council must maintain a debt reserve fund $\frac{1}{2}$
	7	manner-and-with-the-effect-provided-by-section-118A-04-for
	8	public-funds until the reserve is no longer pledged or otherwise
	9	needed to pay debt service on such bonds. To-provide-funds-for
	10	the-debt-reserve-fund,-the-council-may-use-up-to-\$3,000,000-of
	11	the-proceeds-of-solid-waste-bonds-issued-by-the-council-under
	12	section-473-831-before-its-repealTo-provide-additional-funds
~	13	for-the-debt-reserve-fund,-the-council-may-levy-a-tax-on-all
	14	taxable-property-in-the-metropolitan-area-and-must-levy-the-tax
	15	If sums in the debt reserve fund are insufficient to cure any
	16	deficiency in the debt service fund established for the bonds <u>$_{L}$</u>
	17	the council must levy a tax on all taxable property in the
	18	metropolitan area in the amount needed to liquidate the
	19	deficiency. The tax authorized by this section does not affect
	20	the amount or rate of taxes that may be levied by the council
	21	for other purposes and is not subject to limit as to rate or
	22	amount.
~	23	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
	24	following final enactment.
	25	Sec. 134. Laws 2003, chapter 128, article 1, section 9,
	26	subdivision 6, is amended to read:
	27	Subd. 6. Recreation 7,622,000 5,870,000
	28	Summary by Fund
	29	Trust Fund 5,622,000 5,870,000
	30 31	State Land and Conservation Account (LAWCON) 2,000,000
	32 33	(a) State Park and Recreation Area Land Acquisition
	34 35 36 37 38 39 40	\$750,000 the first year and \$750,000 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources to acquire in-holdings for state park and recreation areas. Land acquired with this appropriation must be sufficiently improved to meet at

Article 1 Section 134 123

least minimum management standards as 1 2 determined by the commissioner of natural resources. This appropriation 3 is available until June 30, 2006, at which time the project must be 4 5 completed and final products delivered, 6 7 unless an earlier date is specified in 8 the work program.

9 (b) LAWCON Federal Reimbursements

\$2,000,000 is from the state land and 10 11 water conservation account (LAWCON) in the natural resources fund to the 12 commissioner of natural resources for 13 eligible state projects and 14 administrative and planning activities 15 consistent with Minnesota Statutes, 16 section 116P.14, and the federal Land and Water Conservation Fund Act. Thi 17 18 This appropriation is contingent upon 19 20 receipt of the federal obligation and remains available until June 30, 2006, 21 at which time the project must be completed and final products delivered, 22 23 24 unless an earlier date is specified in 25 the work program.

26 (c) Local Initiative Grants-Parks and 27 Natural Areas

\$1,290,000 the first year and 28 \$1,289,000 the second year are from the 29 trust fund to the commissioner of 30 natural resources for matching grants 31 32 to local governments for acquisition 33 and development of natural and scenic 34 areas and local parks as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 85.019, subdivisions 2 and 4a, and regional 35 36 37 parks outside of the metropolitan 38 Grants may provide up to 50 area. percent of the nonfederal share of the 39 40 project cost, except nonmetropolitan 41 regional park grants may provide up to 60 percent of the nonfederal share of 42 43 the project cost. The commission will monitor the grants for approximate 44 45 balance over extended periods of time between the metropolitan area, under 46 Minnesota Statutes, section 473.121, subdivision 2, and the nonmetropolitan 47 48 49 area through work program oversight and 50 periodic allocation decisions. For the 51 purposes of this paragraph, the match must be a nonstate contribution, but 52 53 may be either cash or qualifying in-kind. Recipients may receive 54 funding for more than one project in 55 56 any given grant period. This 57 appropriation is available until June 30, 2006, at which time the project 58 59 must be completed and final products delivered. 60

61 (d) Metropolitan Regional Parks62 Acquisition, Rehabilitation, and63 Development

64 \$1,670,000 the first year and 65 \$1,669,000 the second year are from the

Article 1 Section 134 124

trust fund to the commissioner of 1 natural resources for an agreement with 2 3 the metropolitan council for subgrants for the acquisition, development, and 4 rehabilitation in the metropolitan 5 6 regional park system, consistent with the metropolitan council regional 7 8 recreation open space capital This appropriation 9 improvement plan. 10 may not be used for the purchase of residential structures. 11 This appropriation may be used to reimburse 12 13 implementing agencies for acquisition of nonresidential property as expressly 14 15 approved in the work program. This appropriation is available until June 16 30, 2006, at which time the project 17 18 must be completed and final products delivered, unless an earlier date is specified in the work program. In 19 20 addition, if a project financed under 21 this program receives a federal grant, 22 the availability of the financing from 23 24 this paragraph for that project is extended to equal the period of the 25 26 federal grant.

27 (e) Local and Regional Trail Grant 28 Initiative Program

\$160,000 the first year and \$160,000 29 30 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural 31 32 resources to provide matching grants to local units of government for the cost 33 34 of acquisition, development, 35 engineering services, and enhancement 36 of existing and new trail facilities. This appropriation is available until 37 June 30, 2006, at which time the 38 39 project must be completed and final products delivered, unless an earlier 40 41 date is specified in the work program. 42 In addition, if a project financed under this program receives a federal 43 44 grant, the availability of the financing from this paragraph for that project is extended to equal the period 45 46 47 of the federal grant.

48 (f) Gitchi-Gami State Trail

\$650,000 the first year and \$650,000 49 50 the second year are from the trust fund 51 to the commissioner of natural resources, in cooperation with the Gitchi-Gami Trail Association, for the 52 53 third biennium, to design and construct 54 approximately five miles of Gitchi-Gami 55 56 state trail segments. This appropriation must be matched by at 57 least \$400,000 of nonstate money. 58 The availability of the financing from this 59 60 paragraph is extended to equal the period of any federal money received. 61

62 (g) Water Recreation: Boat Access,63 Fishing Piers, and Shore-fishing

64 \$450,000 the first year and \$700,000 65 the second year are from the trust fund

Article 1 Section 134 125

to the commissioner of natural 1 resources to acquire and develop public 2 water access sites statewide, construct 3 shore-fishing and pier sites, and 4 restore shorelands at public accesses. 5 This appropriation is available until 6 June 30, 2006, at which time the 7 8 project must be completed and final products delivered, unless an earlier date is specified in the work program. 9 10

#### 11 (h) Mesabi Trail

\$190,000 the first year and \$190,000 12 the second year are from the trust fund 13 to the commissioner of natural 14 resources for an agreement with St. 15 16 Louis and Lake Counties Regional Rail Authority for the sixth biennium to 17 acquire and develop segments of the 18 19 Mesabi trail. If a federal grant is received, the availability of the financing from this paragraph is 20 21 extended to equal the period of the 22 23 federal grant.

24 (i) Linking Communities Design,25 Technology, and DNR Trail Resources

\$92,000 the first year and \$92,000 the second year are from the trust fund to the commissioner of natural resources for an agreement with the University of Minnesota to provide designs for up to three state trails incorporating recreation, natural, and cultural features.

34 (j) Ft. Ridgley Historic Site 35 Interpretive Trail

\$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the 36 second year are from the trust fund to 37 38 the Minnesota historical society to 39 construct a trail through the original 40 fort site and install interpretive markers. This appropriation is 41 available until June 30, 2006, at which 42 43 time the project must be completed and 44 final products delivered, unless an earlier date is specified in the work 45 46 program.

47 (k) Development and Rehabilitation of48 Minnesota Shooting Ranges

\$120,000 the first year and \$120,000 49 50 the second year are from the trust fund 51 to the commissioner of natural 52 resources to provide technical assistance and matching cost-share 53 54 grants to local recreational shooting 55 and archery clubs for the purpose of developing or rehabilitating shooting 56 and archery facilities for public use. 57 58 Recipient facilities must be open to 59 the general public at reasonable times and for a reasonable fee on a walk-in 60 61 This appropriation is available basis. until June 30, 2006, at which time the 62 project must be completed and final 63

Article 1	Se	ction 1	L34	126
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products delivered, unless an earlier 1 date is specified in the work program. 2 (1) Land Acquisition, Minnesota 3 Landscape Arboretum 4 5 \$175,000 the first year and \$175,000 6 the second year are from the trust fund to the University of Minnesota for an 7 agreement with the University of 8 9 Minnesota Landscape Arboretum Foundation for the fifth biennium to 10 acquire in-holdings-within-the 11 arboretum's-boundary land from willing 12 sellers. This appropriation must be 13 matched by an equal amount of nonstate 14 15 money. This appropriation is available until June 30, 2006, at which time the 16 project must be completed and final 17 18 products delivered, unless an earlier 19 date is specified in the work program. 20 Sec. 135. [CONTINUATION OF AGREEMENTS.] 21 An agreement entered into between the Metropolitan Council 22 and a participant in the credit enhancement program under Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 473.197, subdivision 5, with 23 24 respect to bonds issued prior to the effective date of this act, 25 shall continue in effect in accordance with its terms; provided that no provision in the agreement shall be construed to require 26 27 or allow the council to pledge its full faith and credit and taxing powers to the payment of additional bonds issued after 28 29 the effective date of this act. 30 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day 31 following final enactment. [USE OF CREDIT ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM FUNDS.] 32 Sec. 136. The Metropolitan Council must transfer any funds 33 originating from the proceeds of solid waste bonds and available 34 35 for the credit enhancement program under Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 473.197, subdivision 4, to the council's general 36 37 fund to the extent that the funds are no longer pledged or 38 otherwise needed by the council to maintain a debt reserve fund as provided for in ongoing Minnesota Statutes, section 473.197, 39 subdivision 4. The council must first use the transferred funds 40 for carrying out the metropolitan area water supply planning 41 42 activities required by section 1, for staff support of the 43 advisory committee established under that section, and for If the council determines that the 44 related purposes.

Article 1 Section 136

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127
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	04/25/05 [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100
1	transferred funds are no longer needed for those purposes, the
2	council may use any of the funds for any general purposes of the
3	council.
4	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
5	following final enactment.
6	Sec. 137. [TRANSFER OF FUNDS; DEPOSIT OF REPAYMENTS.]
7	The remaining balances in the revolving accounts in
8	Minnesota Statutes, sections 41B.046 and 41B.049, that are
9	dedicated to rural finance authority loan programs under those
10	sections, are transferred to the revolving loan account
11	established in Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.06, on the
12	effective date of this section. All future receipts from
13	value-added agricultural product loans and methane digester
14	loans originated under Minnesota Statutes, sections 41B.046 and
15	41B.049, must be deposited in the revolving loan account
16	established in Minnesota Statutes, section 41B.06.
17	Sec. 138. [REPEALER.]
18	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2004, sections 18B.065, subdivision
19	5; 19.64, subdivision 4a; 41B.046, subdivision 3; 84.901; and
20	115B.49, subdivision 4a, are repealed.
21	(b) Minnesota Statutes 2004, sections 473.156 and 473.197,
22	subdivisions 1, 2, 3, and 5, are repealed, effective the day
23	following final enactment.
24	ARTICLE 2
25	ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
26	Section 1. [ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT APPROPRIATIONS.]
27	The sums in the columns marked "APPROPRIATIONS" are added
28	to, or, if shown in parentheses, are subtracted from the
29	appropriations to the specified agencies in 2005 S.F. No. 1879,
30	article 5, if enacted. The appropriations are from the general
31	fund, unless another fund is named, and are available for the
32	fiscal year indicated for each purpose. The figures "2006" and
33	"2007," where used in this article, mean that the additions to
34	or subtractions from the appropriations listed under them are
35	for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2006, or June 30, 2007,
36	respectively. The "first year" is fiscal year 2006. The

04/25/05 [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100 1 "second year" is fiscal year 2007. The "biennium" is fiscal 2 years 2006 and 2007. 3 SUMMARY BY FUND 2006 2007 TOTAL 4 General \$ 2,738,000 \$ 5 9,213,000 \$ 11,951,000 6 Workers' 7 Compensation 25,000 25,000 50,000 8 Workforce 5,000,000 7,950,000 9 Development 12,950,000 10 Special Revenue 643,000 848,000 1,491,000 11 TOTAL \$ 14,881,000 \$ 11,561,000 \$ 26,442,000 12 APPROPRIATIONS Available for the Year 13 14 Ending June 30 15 2006 2007 16 Sec. 2. EMPLOYMENT AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT 17 18 Subdivision 1. Total 19 Appropriation \$ 12,078,000 \$ 6,558,000 20 Summary by Fund 21 General 7,935,000 460,000 22 Workforce Development 23 2,750,000 4,500,000 24 Special 25 Revenue 643,000 848,000 The amounts that may be spent from this 26 appropriation for each program are 27 specified in the following subdivisions. 28 29 Subd. 2. Business and Community 30 Development 31 7,930,000 455,000 \$7,000,000 the first year is for the direct and indirect expenses of the 32 33 collaborative research partnership 34 35 between the University of Minnesota and the Mayo Foundation for research in 36 biotechnology and medical genomics. This is a onetime appropriation. A 37 38 An annual report on the expenditure of 39 40 this appropriation must be submitted to 41 the governor and the chairs of the senate Higher Education Budget Division, the house of representatives 42 43 Higher Education Finance Committee, the 44 45 senate Environment, Agriculture, and 46 Economic Development Budget Division, and the house of representatives Jobs 47 and Economic Opportunity Policy and 48 Finance Committee, by June 30 of each fiscal year until the appropriation is 49 50 expended. This appropriation is available until expended. 51 52

Article 2 Section 2 1

\$100,000 the first year and \$100,000 1 the second year are to help small 2 3 businesses access federal funds through the federal Small Business Innovation 4 Research Program and the federal Small 5 6 Business Technology Transfer Program. Department services must include 7 maintaining connections to 11 federal programs, assessment of specific 8 9 funding opportunities, review of 10 11 funding proposals, referral to specific consulting services, and training workshops throughout the state. 12 13 appropriation is added to the agency's 14 The department must implement 15 base. 16 fees for services that help companies seek federal Phase II Small Business 17 18 Innovation Research grants. The recommended fee schedule must be 19 reported to the chairs of the house of 20 representatives finance committee and 21 22 senate budget division with 23 jurisdiction over economic development 24 by February 1, 2006.

\$50,000 the first year and \$50,000 the
second year are for a grant to the
Minnesota Inventors Congress.

\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000
the second year are to establish a
methamphetamine laboratory cleanup
revolving loan fund pursuant to
proposed Minnesota Statutes, section
446A.083. This appropriation is
available until spent.

35 \$125,000 the first year is for a grant 36 to the Northwest Regional Development 37 Commission at Warren to do field 38 research on the planting and production 39 of cold-hardy grape cultivars. This is 40 a onetime appropriation and is 41 available until expended.

42 This vineyard production research project is to select cold-hardy 43 44 cultivars and cultural practices that can diversify the agricultural landscape of Minnesota and stimulate 45 46 47 economic development with subsequent expansion into value-added businesses 48 49 and the winery industry. Treatments 50 used in this research project must 51 focus on development of cultural and management practices that include 52 53 trials on planting depths, vine root 54 care, cultivation techniques, mulching, 55 and other methods that will enhance 56 productivity and winter survival in subzero temperatures. 57

58 An annual report is required, including 59 an economic assessment that compares the input requirements and feasibility 60 61 of each overwintering technique and its 62 contribution to the success of the 63 vines. The report must be submitted to the chairs of the house of 64 representatives and senate policy 65 66 committees with jurisdiction over

Article 2 Section 2 130

## [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

## 04/25/05

1 agriculture. The Northwest Regional Development Commission is encouraged to 2 work with the University of Minnesota 3 and the North Dakota State University 4 experiment stations and on-farm sites 5 to evaluate the suitability of 6 regionally developed grape cultivars in 7 8 areas of harsh winters and short 9 growing seasons.

\$55,000 the first year and \$55,000 the 10 second year are for a grant to the 11 12 Metropolitan Economic Development 13 Association for continuing minority 14 business development programs in the metropolitan area. These programs 15 16 include one-on-one business consulting, 17 marketing assistance, providing and 18 arranging financing, and training and 19 leadership development. These 20 appropriations are part of the 21 department's budget base.

\$250,000 the first year is for a grant 22 to the Blandin Foundation for the "get 23 24 broadband" program. This appropriation 25 must be matched equally by nonstate funds and is available until expended. Expenditures made by the Blandin Foundation beginning December 1, 2004, 26 27 28 29 may be used as match for this appropriation. The "get broadband" 30 program must be designed to increase 31 the use of broadband-based technologies 32 33 by businesses, schools, health care 34 organizations, government organizations, and the general public. 35

36 \$100,000 the first year is for a grant 37 to the Children's Discovery Museum for 38 furnishing and equipping the new 39 Children's Discovery Museum in Grand 40 Rapids.

#### 41 Subd. 3. Workforce Partnerships

3,398,000 5,353,000 42 43 Summary by Fund 44 General 5,000 5,000 45 Workforce 2,750,000 4,500,000 46 Development 47 Special Revenue 643,000 848,000 \$1,000,000 the first year and 48 \$2,000,000 the second year are from the workforce development fund for a grant 49 50 51 to the Minnesota Alliance of Boys and Girls Clubs to administer a statewide 52 53 project of youth job skills development. This project, which may 54 have career guidance components, is to encourage, train, and assist youth in 55 56

57 job-seeking skills, workplace

58 orientation, and job-site knowledge

59 through coaching. This grant requires 60 a 25 percent match from nonstate

61 resources.

Article 2 Section 2 131

\$5,000 the first year and \$5,000 the 1 second year are for a grant to the 2 Northwest Regional Curfew Center under 3 4 the youth intervention program in 5 Minnesota Statutes, section 116L.30.

6 \$500,000 the first year and \$500,000 the second year are from the workforce 7 8 development fund for a grant to the Minnesota Opportunities 9 Industrialization Centers State 10 The grant shall be used by 11 Council. the American Indian Opportunities 12 13 Industrialization Centers of Minneapolis, and the Northwestern 14 15 **Opportunities Industrialization Centers** 16 of Bemidji, to provide training to American Indians on personal financial 17 management and investment and to become 18 19 small businesspersons. The opportunities industrialization centers 20 may contract with any accredited state 21 or private educational institution to 22 23 deliver training. This appropriation is in addition to the base level 24 25 funding and shall become part of the 26 agency's budget base.

27 \$500,000 the first year and \$1,000,000 the second year are from the workforce 28 29 development fund for a grant to the Minnesota OIC State Council. The grashall be used to initiate and expand 30 The grant 31 health occupation training at Minnesota 32 33 Opportunity Industrialization Centers. 34 The grant shall be distributed evenly 35 among those Minnesota Opportunity Industrialization Centers that have 36 37 plans to either initiate or expand 38 health occupations and career ladder 39 training programs for individuals 40 seeking employment as nurses, nursing 41 assistants, home health aides, 42 phlebotomists, or in the field of 43 This appropriation is medical coding. in addition to the base level funding and shall become part of the agency's 44 45 46 budget base.

Notwithstanding 2005 S.F. No. 1879, 47 48 article 7, section 2, subdivision 3, paragraph (d), if enacted, of the total 49 appropriations in these subdivisions, 50 51 \$843,000 the first year and \$1,048,000 52 the second year are for displaced 53 homemaker programs under Minnesota 54 Statutes, section 116L.96. These appropriations are from the special 55 56 revenue fund and are part of agency budget base. 57 The commissioner of economic security shall report to the 58 59 legislature by February 15, 2007, on 60 the outcome of grants under this 61 paragraph.

\$750,000 the first year is from the 62 workforce development fund for a grant 63 64 to provide training to implement the 65 Ford Motor Company Ford Production System at the Twin Cities Ford Assembly 66 67 Plant.

Article 2 Section 2 132

\$500,000 the first year and \$1,500,000 1 the second year are from the workforce 2 3 development fund for youth intervention 4 programs under Minnesota Statutes, 5 section 116L.30. This funding must be used to help existing programs serve 6 unmet needs in their communities, and 7 to create new programs in underserved 8 9 areas of the state. This appropriation is part of the department's budget 10 11 base. The appropriations are available 12 until expended.

13 \$8,500 in the first year and \$8,500 in 14 the second year are from the department's base for a grant to the 15 Twin Cities Community Voice Mail to 16 maintain the toll-free telephone number 17 18 for the Greater Minnesota Project. The 19 commissioner must ensure that the telephone number is not changed for the 20 2006-2007 biennium. 21

\$250,000 the first year and \$250,000 22 the second year are from the workforce 23 development fund for a grant to 24 25 Lifetrack Resources for its 26 immigrant/refugee collaborative 27 programs, including those related to 28 job-seeking skills and workplace orientation, intensive job development, 29 .30 functional work English, and on-site 31 job coaching.

32 Subd. 4. Workforce Services

33 750,000 750,000

34 \$400,000 the first year and \$400,000 35 the second year are from the workforce 36 development fund for extended 37 employment services for persons with 38 severe disabilities or related 39 conditions under Minnesota Statutes, 40 section 268A.15.

\$150,000 the first year and \$150,000
the second year are from the workforce
development fund for grants to the
Minnesota Employment Center for people
who are deaf or hard-of-hearing. Money
not expended the first year is
available the second year.

\$200,000 the first year and \$200,000 48 49 the second year are from the workforce 50 development fund for grants for 51 programs that provide employment support services to persons with mental 52 53 illness under Minnesota Statutes, sections 268A.13 and 268A.14. Of the 54 55 total appropriations for this program, up to \$84,000 each year may be used for 56 administrative and salary expenses. 57

58 Sec. 3. MINNESOTA CONSERVATION CORPS 1

59 This appropriation is from the

60 workforce development fund for the

61 purposes of Minnesota Statutes, section

62 84.991.

Article 2 Section 3 133

1,200,000

2,400,000

125,000

1,125,000

Notwithstanding 2005 S.F. No. 1879,
article 7, section 3, if enacted, the
appropriation in that section, plus the
appropriation in this section, must be
spent as provided in this section.

7 \$1,000,000 in the second year is to enhance the public/private funding 8 partnership. To develop maximum 9 private sector involvement in tourism, 10 \$4,000,000 the first year and 11 \$4,000,000 the second year of the 12 13 amounts appropriated for marketing 14 activities are contingent upon receipt of an equal contribution from nonstate 15 sources that have been certified by the 16 director. Up to one-half of the match 17 18 may be given in in-kind contributions.

In order to maximize marketing grant 19 20 benefits, the director must give priority for joint venture marketing 21 grants to organizations with year-round 22 sustained tourism activities. For 23 24 programs and projects submitted, the director must give priority to those 25 that encompass two or more areas or 26 that attract nonresident travelers to 27 28 the state.

29 If an appropriation for either year for 30 grants is not sufficient, the 31 appropriation for the other year is 32 available for it.

The director may use grant dollars or the value of in-kind services to provide the state contribution for the partnership program.

Any unexpended money from general fund
appropriations governed by this section
does not cancel but must be placed in a
special advertising account for use by
Explore Minnesota Tourism to purchase
additional media.

\$125,000 the first year and \$125,000 the second year of the appropriation in 43 44 45 this section are for the Minnesota Film 46 Board. The appropriation in each year 47 is available only upon receipt by the board of \$1 in matching contributions 48 of money or in kind from nonstate sources for every \$3 provided by this 49 50 51 appropriation.

52 Sec. 5. HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY

53 As provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.20, subdivision 3, the 54 55 agency may transfer unencumbered 56 balances from one appropriated account 57 to another as necessary to implement 58 the business plan of the working group 59 on long-term homelessness established 60 in Laws 2003, chapter 128, article 15, section 9. 61

1 The agency shall establish a priority for supportive housing projects that 2 3 provide employment support and housing 4 for offenders who are discharged from a correctional or detention facility. 5 Uρ to \$1,400,000 of the appropriation to 6 the housing trust fund in 2005 S.F. No. 7 8 1879, if enacted, shall be awarded to projects that address this priority and 9 10 the greatest number of priorities established under the rules governing the housing trust fund program. 11 12 13 Sec. 6. LABOR AND INDUSTRY 14 Subdivision 1. Total 703,000 703,000 15 Appropriation 16 Summary by Fund 17 General 378,000 378,000 Workers' 18 25,000 25,000 19 Compensation 20 Workforce Development 300,000 300,000 21 22 The amounts that may be spent from this appropriation for each program are 23 specified in the following subdivisions. 24 Subd. 2. Workers' Compensation 25 25,000 26 25,000 This appropriation is from the workers' 27 compensation fund for grants to the 28 29 Vinland Center for rehabilitation 30 These grants include the service. Vinland employment program and must 31 address multiple barriers to 32 33 employment, a self-sufficiency lifestyle, and physical, mental, emotional, or cognitive work injuries 34 35 36 or disabilities. This appropriation is part of the budget base for the 37 38 Department of Labor and Industry. 39 Subd. 3. Workplace Services 678,000 678,000 40 Summary by Fund 41 42 General 378,000 378,000 43 Workforce 300,000 300,000 44 Development \$378,000 the first year and \$378,000 45 the second year are to improve the 46 47 regulatory enforcement and safety of boilers and high-pressure-piping 48 49 systems. \$300,000 each year is from the workforce development fund for the 50 51 apprenticeship program under Minnesota 52 53 Statutes, chapter 178.

The annual license fees authorized 1 under Minnesota Statutes, section 2 326.48, and detailed in Minnesota 3 Rules, part 5230.0100, subpart 3, shall 4 5 increase \$20 for a journeyman high-pressure piping pipefitter license, \$20 for a high-pressure piping 6 7 contracting pipefitter, \$10 for an 8 inactive license, and \$100 for a 9 high-pressure pipefitting business 10 11 license. The permit filing and inspection fees 12 authorized under Minnesota Statutes, 13 section 326.47, and detailed in 14 Minnesota Rules, part 5230.0100, subpart 4, shall be increased as 15 16 17 follows: the filing of a permit application shall be increased \$50, the 18 minimum high-pressure piping inspection 19 fee shall be increased \$50, and the 20 schedule of inspection fee rates shall

23 Subd. 4. General Support

be increased by ten percent.

21 22

The commissioner of labor and industry
shall report to the 2006 legislature on
the safety and education program for
Minnesota loggers under Minnesota
Statutes, section 176.130.

29 Sec. 7. MINNESOTA HISTORICAL 30 SOCIETY

775,000

775,000

\$75,000 the first year and \$75,000 the
second year are to assist the Minnesota
Sesquicentennial Commission for
planning and support of its mission.
This is a onetime appropriation and is
available until January 30, 2009.

\$700,000 the first year and \$700,000 37 the second year are to operate historic 38 sites including: Kelley Farm, Hill 39 House, Lower Sioux Agency, Fort 40 Ridgely, Historic Forestville, the 41 42 Forest History Center, and the Comstock Funding for these sites must be 43 House. 44 matched on a \$1 of nonstate money to \$1 of state money basis. This appropriation is in addition to any 45 46 other appropriation and is part of the 47 48 Minnesota Historical Society's budget 49 base.

50 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 11A.24, 51 subdivision 6, is amended to read:

52 Subd. 6. [OTHER INVESTMENTS.] (a) In addition to the 53 investments authorized in subdivisions 1 to 5, and subject to 54 the provisions in paragraph (b), the state board may invest 55 funds in:

56 (1) venture capital investment businesses through 57 participation in limited partnerships, trusts, private

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

1 placements, limited liability corporations, limited liability companies, limited liability partnerships, and corporations; 2 3 (2) real estate ownership interests or loans secured by mortgages or deeds of trust or shares of real estate investment 4 trusts through investment in limited partnerships, bank 5 sponsored collective funds, trusts, mortgage participation 6 7 agreements, and insurance company commingled accounts, including separate accounts; 8

9 (3) regional and mutual funds through bank sponsored 10 collective funds and open-end investment companies registered 11 under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940, and closed-end 12 mutual funds listed on an exchange regulated by a governmental 13 agency;

(4) resource investments through limited partnerships,
trusts, private placements, limited liability corporations,
limited liability companies, limited liability partnerships, and
corporations; and

18

(5) international securities.

(b) The investments authorized in paragraph (a) mustconform to the following provisions:

(1) the aggregate value of all investments made according to paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (4), may not exceed 35 percent of the market value of the fund for which the state board is investing;

(2) there must be at least four unrelated owners of the
investment other than the state board for investments made under
paragraph (a), clause (1), (2), (3), or (4);

(3) state board participation in an investment vehicle is
limited to 20 percent thereof for investments made under
paragraph (a), clause (1), (2), (3), or (4); and

(4) state board participation in a limited partnership does not include a general partnership interest or other interest involving general liability. The state board may not engage in any activity as a limited partner which creates general liability.

36 (c) All financial or proprietary data received, prepared,

Article 2 Section 8 137

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

1	used, or retained by the state board in connection with
2	investments authorized by paragraph (a), clause (1), (2), or
3	(4), are nonpublic data under section 13.02, subdivision 9. As
4	used in this paragraph, "financial or proprietary data" means
5	information, as determined by the executive director, that is of
6	a financial or proprietary nature, the release of which could
7	cause competitive harm to the state board, the legal entity in
8	which the state board has invested or has considered an
9	investment, the managing entity of an investment, or a portfolio
10	company in which the legal entity holds an interest. Regardless
11	of whether they could be considered financial or proprietary
12	data, the following data received, prepared, used, or retained
13	by the state board in connection with investments authorized by
14	paragraph (a), clause (1), (2), or (4), are public at all times:
15	(1) the name and industry group classification of the legal
16	entity in which the state board has invested or in which the
17	state board has considered an investment;
18	(2) the state board commitment amount, if any;
19	(3) the funded amount of the state board's commitment to
20	date, if any;
21	(4) the market value of the investment by the state board;
22	(5) the state board's internal rate of return for the
23	investment, including expenditures and receipts used in the
24	calculation of the investment's internal rate of return; and
25	(6) the age of the investment in years.
26	Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 13.635, is
27	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
28	Subd. 1a. [STATE BOARD OF INVESTMENT.] Certain government
29	data of the State Board of Investment related to venture capital
30	investments are classified under section 11A.24, subdivision 6.
31	Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 16B.61,
32	subdivision 1, is amended to read:
33	Subdivision 1. [ADOPTION OF CODE.] Subject to sections
34	16B.59 to $\pm 6B.75$ 16B.77, the commissioner shall by rule
35	establish a code of standards for the construction,
36	reconstruction, alteration, and repair of buildings, governing
Ar	ticle 2 Section 10 138

## [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

matters of structural materials, design and construction, fire
 protection, health, sanitation, and safety, including design and
 construction standards regarding heat loss control,

illumination, and climate control. The code must also include 4 duties and responsibilities for code administration, including 5 procedures for administrative action, penalties, and suspension 6 and revocation of certification. The code must conform insofar 7 as practicable to model building codes generally accepted and in 8 use throughout the United States, including a code for building 9 conservation. In the preparation of the code, consideration 10 must be given to the existing statewide specialty codes 11 presently in use in the state. Model codes with necessary 12 modifications and statewide specialty codes may be adopted by 13 The code must be based on the application of 14 reference. scientific principles, approved tests, and professional 15 16 judgment. To the extent possible, the code must be adopted in 17 terms of desired results instead of the means of achieving those results, avoiding wherever possible the incorporation of 18 19 specifications of particular methods or materials. To that end the code must encourage the use of new methods and new 20 21 materials. Except as otherwise provided in sections 16B.59 to 22 16B-75 16B.77, the commissioner shall administer and enforce the provisions of those sections. 23

The commissioner shall develop rules addressing the plan review fee assessed to similar buildings without significant modifications including provisions for use of building systems as specified in the industrial/modular program specified in section 16B.75. Additional plan review fees associated with similar plans must be based on costs commensurate with the direct and indirect costs of the service.

31 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 16B.70,
32 subdivision 2, is amended to read:

33 Subd. 2. [COLLECTION AND REPORTS.] All permit surcharges 34 must be collected by each municipality and a portion of them 35 remitted to the state. Each municipality having a population 36 greater than 20,000 people shall prepare and submit to the

Article 2 Section 11

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

commissioner once a month a report of fees and surcharges on 1 fees collected during the previous month but shall retain the 2 greater of two percent or that amount collected up to \$25 to 3 apply against the administrative expenses the municipality 4 incurs in collecting the surcharges. All other municipalities 5 shall submit the report and surcharges on fees once a quarter 6 but shall retain the greater of four percent or that amount 7 collected up to \$25 to apply against the administrative expenses 8 the municipalities incur in collecting the surcharges. The 9 report, which must be in a form prescribed by the commissioner, 10 must be submitted together with a remittance covering the 11 surcharges collected by the 15th day following the month or 12 quarter in which the surcharges are collected. All money 13 collected by the commissioner under subdivision 1 for mechanical 14 15 systems permits is appropriated to the Board of Mechanical Systems for the purposes of section 16B.77. \$135,250 of the 16 money collected by the commissioner through surcharges and other 17 18 fees prescribed by sections 16B.59 to ±6B.75 16B.77 shall be deposited in the state government special revenue fund and is 19 20 appropriated to the Board of Mechanical Systems for the purposes of section 16B.77. The remainder is appropriated to the 21 22 commissioner for the purpose of administering and enforcing 23 the remaining portions of the State Building Code under sections 16B.59 to <del>16B.75</del> <u>16B.77</u>. 24

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 16B.70,
subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [REVENUE TO EQUAL COSTS.] Revenue received from 27 28 the surcharge imposed in subdivision 1 should approximately equal the cost, including the overhead cost, of administering 29 30 sections 16B.59 to 16B.75 16B.77. By November 30 each year, the 31 commissioner must report to the commissioner of finance and to 32 the legislature on changes in the surcharge imposed in 33 subdivision 1 needed to comply with this policy. In making this 34 report, the commissioner must assume that the services 35 associated with administering sections 16B.59 to 16B.75 16B.77 36 will continue to be provided at the same level provided during

Article 2 Section 12

1	the fiscal year in which the report is made.
2	Sec. 13. [16B.77] [BOARD OF MECHANICAL SYSTEMS.]
3	Subdivision 1. [MEMBERSHIP.] (a) The Board of Mechanical
4	Systems consists of the following members appointed by the
5	governor as provided under section 15.0575:
6	(1) two journeymen and two contractors in the fuel systems
7	discipline;
8	(2) two journeymen and two contractors in the sheet metal
9	and ventilation systems discipline;
10	(3) two journeymen and two contractors in the refrigeration
11	systems discipline;
12	(4) two journeymen, two contractors, and two
13	representatives of utilities in the piping systems discipline;
14	(5) two journeymen and two contractors in the medical and
15	nonmedical gas systems discipline;
16	(6) one mechanical engineer; and
17	(7) two members of the public, as defined in section 214.02.
18	(b) For purposes of this section, "journeyman" means a
19	person with at least five years of verifiable experience in the
20	relevant discipline, and "contractor" means a person with at
21	least five years of experience operating a business that is
22	primarily engaged in the discipline who remains active in the
23	discipline during their term on the board.
24	(c) The board must adopt a new mechanical code no later
25	than four months after convening.
26	(d) Section 15.0575, subdivision 3, does not apply to the
27	board.
28	Subd. 2. [ORGANIZATION AND MEETINGS.] (a) The board must
29	meet at least once in each quarter of the calendar year.
30	(b) The board must establish subcommittees in each of the
31	disciplines listed in subdivision 1. No member who is a
32	contractor or journeyman may serve on more than one
33	subcommittee, and the engineer appointed under subdivision 1,
34	clause (6), must serve on all of the subcommittees. Each
35	subcommittee must elect a chairperson. The subcommittee must
36	meet at the call of the chairperson.

Article 2 Section 13 141

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

7	Subd. 3. [POWERS OF THE BOARD; MECHANICAL CODE.] The board
1	has the powers of the commissioner under sections 16B.59 to
2	
3	16B.77 regarding all mechanical code issues, including, but not
4	limited to, rulemaking, interpretation, administration, and
5	enforcement, including appeals from local units of government.
6	No appeal from a decision of the board may be made to the
7	commissioner.
8	Subd. 4. [SUPPORT.] The board may use the funds
9	appropriated to it to hire the staff necessary to conduct its
10	functions.
11	Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 41A.09,
12	subdivision 2a, is amended to read:
13	Subd. 2a. [DEFINITIONS.] For the purposes of this section,
14	the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given
15	them.
16	(a) "Ethanol" means fermentation ethyl alcohol derived from
17	agricultural products, including potatoes, cereal grains, cheese
18	whey, and sugar beets; forest products; or other renewable
19	resources, including residue and waste generated from the
20	production, processing, and marketing of agricultural products,
21	forest products, and other renewable resources, that:
22	(1) meets all of the specifications in ASTM specification
23	Đ4806-01 <u>D4806-04a;</u> and
24	(2) is denatured as specified in Code of Federal
25	Regulations, title 27, parts 20 and 21.
26	(b) "Ethanol plant" means a plant at which ethanol is
27	produced.
28	(c) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture.
29	Sec. 15. [45.22] [LICENSE EDUCATION.]
30	The following fees must be paid to the commissioner:
31	(1) initial course approval, \$10 for each hour or fraction
32	of one hour of education course approval sought. Initial course
33	approval expires on the last day of the 24th month after the
34	course is approved;
35	(2) renewal of course approval, \$10 per course. Renewal of
36	course approval expires on the last day of the 24th month after

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

04/25/05

1 the course is renewed; (3) initial coordinator approval, \$100. Initial 2 coordinator approval expires on the last day of the 24th month 3 after the coordinator is approved; and 4 (4) renewal of coordinator approval, \$10. Renewal of 5 coordinator approval expires on the last day of the 24th month 6 7 after the coordinator is renewed. 8 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 60A.14, 9 subdivision 1, is amended to read: 10 Subdivision 1. [FEES OTHER THAN EXAMINATION FEES.] In 11 addition to the fees and charges provided for examinations, the 12 following fees must be paid to the commissioner for deposit in the general fund: 13 14 (a) by township mutual fire insurance companies; (1) for filing certificate of incorporation \$25 and 15 16 amendments thereto, \$10; 17 (2) for filing annual statements, \$15; (3) for each annual certificate of authority, \$15; 18 (4) for filing bylaws \$25 and amendments thereto, \$10; 19 (b) by other domestic and foreign companies including 20 21 fraternals and reciprocal exchanges; 22 (1) for filing an application for an initial certification 23 of authority to be admitted to transact business in this state, 24 \$1,500; (2) for filing certified copy of certificate of articles of 25 incorporation, \$100; 26 (2) (3) for filing annual statement, \$225; 27 (3) (4) for filing certified copy of amendment to 28 certificate or articles of incorporation, \$100; 29 (4) (5) for filing bylaws, \$75 or amendments thereto, \$75; 30 (5) (6) for each company's certificate of authority, \$575, 31 32 annually; (c) the following general fees apply: 33 (1) for each certificate, including certified copy of 34 certificate of authority, renewal, valuation of life policies, 35 corporate condition or qualification, \$25; 36

Article 2 Section 16 143

# [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

04/25/05

(2) for each copy of paper on file in the commissioner's
 office 50 cents per page, and \$2.50 for certifying the same;

3 (3) for license to procure insurance in unadmitted foreign
4 companies, \$575;

(4) for valuing the policies of life insurance companies, 5 one cent per \$1,000 of insurance so valued, provided that the 6 fee shall not exceed \$13,000 per year for any company. The 7 commissioner may, in lieu of a valuation of the policies of any 8 foreign life insurance company admitted, or applying for 9 admission, to do business in this state, accept a certificate of 10 valuation from the company's own actuary or from the 11 commissioner of insurance of the state or territory in which the 12 13 company is domiciled;

14 (5) for receiving and filing certificates of policies by
15 the company's actuary, or by the commissioner of insurance of
16 any other state or territory, \$50;

17 (6) for each appointment of an agent filed with the18 commissioner, \$10;

(7) for filing forms and rates, \$75 per filing, which may
be paid on a quarterly basis in response to an invoice. Billing
and payment may be made electronically;

(8) for annual renewal of surplus lines insurer license,\$300;

(9) \$250 filing fee for a large risk alternative rating
option plan that meets the \$250,000 threshold requirement.
The commissioner shall adopt rules to define filings that
are subject to a fee.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 60K.55,
subdivision 2, is amended to read:

30 Subd. 2. [LICENSING FEES.] (a) In addition to fees 31 provided for examinations, each insurance producer licensed 32 under this chapter shall pay to the commissioner a fee of:

(1) \$40 \$50 for an initial life, accident and health,
property, or casualty license issued to an individual insurance
producer, and a fee of \$40 \$50 for each renewal;

36 (2) \$75 <u>\$50</u> for an initial variable life and variable

annuity license issued to an individual insurance producer, and
 a fee of \$50 for each renewal;

3 (3) \$00 \$50 for an initial personal lines license issued to
4 an individual insurance producer, and a fee of \$00 \$50 for each
5 renewal;

6 (4) \$00 \$50 for an initial limited lines license issued to
7 an individual insurance producer, and a fee of \$00 \$50 for each
8 renewal;

9 (5) \$200 for an initial license issued to a business
10 entity, and a fee of \$±50 \$200 for each renewal; and
11 (6) \$500 for an initial surplus lines license, and a fee of
12 \$500 for each renewal.

(b) Initial licenses issued under this chapter are valid 13 for a period not to exceed 24 months and expire on October 31 of 14 15 the renewal year assigned by the commissioner. Each renewal insurance producer license is valid for a period of 24 months. 16 17 Licensees who submit renewal applications postmarked or delivered on or before October 15 of the renewal year may 18 continue to transact business whether or not the renewal license 19 has been received by November 1. Licensees who submit 20 applications postmarked or delivered after October 15 of the 21 22 renewal year must not transact business after the expiration date of the license until the renewal license has been received. 23 24 (c) All fees are nonreturnable, except that an overpayment of any fee may be refunded upon proper application. 25 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 72B.04, 26

27 subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [FEES.] A fee of \$60 <u>\$50</u> is imposed for each initial license or temporary permit and \$00 <u>\$50</u> for each renewal thereof or amendment thereto. A fee of \$20 is imposed for the registration of each nonlicensed adjuster who is required to register under section 72B.06. All fees shall be transmitted to the commissioner and shall be payable to the Department of Commerce.

35 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 82B.09,
36 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Article 2 Section 19 145

## [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100 04/25/05 Subdivision 1. [AMOUNTS.] The following fees must be paid 1 to the commissioner: 2 (1) \$150 for each initial individual real estate 3 appraiser's license:--\$150-if-the-license-expires-more-than-12 4 months-after-issuance,-\$100-if-the-license-expires-less-than-12 5 months-after-issuance; and a-fee-of 6 (2) \$100 for each renewal. 7 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 115C.07, 8 subdivision 3, is amended to read: 9 Subd. 3. [RULES.] (a) The board shall adopt rules 10 regarding its practices and procedures, the form and procedure 11 for applications for compensation from the fund, procedures for 12 investigation of claims and specifying the costs that are 13 eligible for reimbursement from the fund. 14 (b) The board may adopt rules requiring certification of 15 environmental consultants. 16 (c) The board may adopt other rules necessary to implement 17 this chapter. 18 19 (d) The board may use section 14.389 to adopt rules specifying the competitive bidding requirements for consultant 20 21 services proposals. 22 (e) The board may use section 14.389 to adopt rules specifying the written proposal and invoice requirements for 23 24 consultant services. Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 115C.09, 25 subdivision 3h, is amended to read: 26 Subd. 3h. [REIMBURSEMENT; ABOVEGROUND TANKS IN BULK 27 28 PLANTS.] (a) As used in this subdivision, "bulk plant" means an aboveground or underground tank facility with a storage capacity 29 30 of more than 1,100 gallons but less than 1,000,000 gallons that 31 is used to dispense petroleum into cargo tanks for transportation and sale at another location. 32 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter and 33 any rules adopted pursuant to this chapter, the board shall 34 35 reimburse 90 percent of an applicant's cost for bulk plant

36 upgrades or closures completed between June 1, 1998, and

November 1, 2003, to comply with Minnesota Rules, chapter 7151, 1 2 provided that the board determines the costs were incurred and reasonable. The reimbursement may not exceed \$10,000 per bulk 3 4 plant. The board may provide reimbursement under this paragraph for work completed after November 1, 2003, if the work was 5 6 contracted for prior to that date and was not completed by that 7 date as a result of an unanticipated situation, provided that an application for reimbursement under this sentence, which may be 8 a renewal of an application previously denied, is submitted 9 prior to December 31, 2005. 10

(c) For corrective action at a bulk plant located on what is or was railroad right-of-way, the board shall reimburse 90 percent of total reimbursable costs on the first \$40,000 of reimbursable costs and 100 percent of any remaining reimbursable costs when the applicant can document that more than one bulk plant was operated on the same section of right-of-way, as determined by the commissioner of commerce.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 115C.09,
subdivision 3j, is amended to read:

20 Subd. 3j. [RETAIL LOCATIONS AND TRANSPORT VEHICLES.] (a) As used in this subdivision, "retail location" means a facility 21 located in the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, 22 subdivision 2, where gasoline is offered for sale to the general 23 24 public for use in automobiles and trucks. "Transport vehicle" means a liquid fuel cargo tank used to deliver gasoline into 25 underground storage tanks during 2002 and 2003 at a retail 26 location. 27

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, 28 and any rules adopted under this chapter, the board shall 29 reimburse 90 percent of an applicant's cost for retrofits of 30 retail locations and transport vehicles completed between 31 January 1, 2001, and January 1, 2006, to comply with section 32 116.49, subdivisions 3 and 4, provided that the board determines 33 the costs were incurred and reasonable. The reimbursement may 34 not exceed \$3,000 per retail location and \$3,000 per transport 35 vehicle. 36

Article 2 Section 22 147

## [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 115C.13, is
 amended to read:

3 115C.13 [REPEALER.]

Sections 115C.01, 115C.02, 115C.021, 115C.03, 115C.04,
115C.045, 115C.05, 115C.06, 115C.065, 115C.07, 115C.08, 115C.09,
115C.093, 115C.094, 115C.10, 115C.11, 115C.111, 115C.112,
115C.113, 115C.12, and 115C.13, are repealed effective June 30,
2007 2012.

9 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 116J.571, is 10 amended to read:

11 116J.571 [CREATION OF ACCOUNTS.]

Two greater-Minnesota redevelopment accounts are created, one in the general fund and one in the bond proceeds fund. Money in the accounts may be used to make grants as provided in section 116J.575---Money-in-the-bond-proceeds-fund-may-only-be used-for-eligible-costs-for-publicly-owned-property---Money-in the-general-fund-may-be-used and to pay for the commissioner's costs in reviewing the applications and making grants.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 116J.572, isamended to read:

21 116J.572 [DEFINITIONS.]

22 Subdivision 1. [SCOPE OF APPLICATION.] For purposes of 23 sections 116J.571 to 116J.575, the terms in this section have 24 the meanings given.

Subd. 2. [DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY.] "Development authority" includes a statutory or home rule charter city, county, housing and redevelopment authority, economic development authority, or port authority *located-outside*.

29 <u>Subd. 2a.</u> [METROPOLITAN AREA.] <u>"Metropolitan area" means</u> 30 the seven-county metropolitan area, as defined in section 31 473.121, subdivision 2.

32 <u>Subd. 2b.</u> [MUNICIPALITY.] <u>"Municipality" means the</u> 33 <u>statutory or home rule charter city, town, or, in the case of</u> 34 <u>unorganized territory, county in which the redevelopment is</u> 35 <u>located.</u>

36 Subd. 3. [ELIGIBLE <u>REDEVELOPMENT</u> COSTS OR COSTS.]

## [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

04/25/05

"Eligible Redevelopment costs" or "costs" means the costs of 1 land acquisition, stabilizing unstable soils when infill is 2 required, demolition, infrastructure improvements, and ponding 3 or other environmental infrastructure;-building-construction; 4 design-and-engineering; and costs necessary for adaptive reuse 5 of buildings, including remedial activities. Eligible-costs-do 6 not-include-project-administration-and-legal-fees-7 Subd--4---{REBEVELOPMENT-}-"Redevelopment"-means-recycling 8 obsolete7-abandoned7-or-underutilized-properties-for-new 9 industrial,-commercial,-or-residential-uses. 10 11 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 116J.574, is 12 amended to read: 116J.574 [GRANT APPLICATIONS.] 13 14 Subdivision 1. [APPLICATION REQUIRED.] To obtain a redevelopment grant, a development authority shall apply to the 15 commissioner. The governing body of the municipality must 16 approve the application by resolution. 17 Subd. 2. [REQUIRED CONTENT.] The commissioner shall 18 19 prescribe and provide the application form. The application must include at least the following information: 20 21 (1) identification of the site; 22 (2) a redevelopment plan for the site; 23 (3) a detailed budget estimate, including along with 24 necessary supporting evidence, of the total redevelopment costs for the site including-the-total-eligible-redevelopment-costs; 25 (3)-a-complete (4) an assessment of the development 26 potential or likely use of the site after completion of the 27 28 redevelopment plan, including any specific commitments from third parties to construct improvements on the site; 29 30 (4)-a-complete-financing-plan,-including (5) the manner in which the development-authority-uses-innovative-financial 31 partnerships-between-government,-private-for-profit,-and 32 nonprofit-sectors municipality will meet the local match 33 34 requirement; and 35 (5) (6) any additional information or material that the 36 commissioner prescribes.

Article 2 Section 26 149

# [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

1 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 116J.575, is 2 amended to read:

3 116J.575 [GRANTS.]

Subdivision 1. [COMMISSIONER DISCRETION.] The commissioner 4 may make a grant for up to 50 percent of the eligible costs of a 5 project. The determination of whether to make a grant for a 6 site is within the discretion of the commissioner, subject to 7 this section and sections 116J.571 to 116J.574 and available 8 unencumbered money in the greater-Minnesota redevelopment 9 account. The commissioner's decisions and application of the 10 priorities under this section are not subject to judicial 11 review, except for abuse of discretion. 12

13 <u>Subd. 1a.</u> [PRIORITIES.] <u>(a) If applications for grants</u> 14 <u>exceed the available appropriations, grants shall be made for</u>

15 sites that, in the commissioner's judgment, provide the highest

16 return in public benefits for the public costs incurred.

17 "Public benefits" include job creation, bioscience development,

18 environmental benefits to the state and region, efficient use of

19 public transportation, efficient use of existing infrastructure,

20 provision of affordable housing, multiuse development that

21 constitutes community rebuilding rather than single-use

22 development, crime reduction, blight reduction, community

23 stabilization, and property tax base maintenance or

24 improvement. In making this judgment, the commissioner shall

25 give priority to redevelopment projects with one or more of the

26 following characteristics:

27 (1) the need for redevelopment in conjunction with
 28 contamination remediation needs;

(2) the redevelopment project meets current tax increment
 financing requirements for a redevelopment district and tax
 increments will contribute to the project;

32 (3) the redevelopment potential within the municipality;
33 (4) proximity to public transit if located in the
34 metropolitan area; and

35 (5) multijurisdictional projects that take into account the
 36 need for affordable housing, transportation, and environmental

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

1 impact. 2 (b) The factors in paragraph (a) are not listed in a rank order of priority; rather, the commissioner may weigh each 3 factor, depending upon the facts and circumstances, as the 4 commissioner considers appropriate. 5 Subd. 2. [APPLICATION CYCLES.] In making grants, the 6 commissioner shall establish semiannual application deadlines in 7 which grants will be authorized from all or part of the 8 available money in the account. 9 10 Subd. 3. [MATCH REQUIRED.] In order to qualify for a grant under sections 116J.571 to 116J.575, the municipality must pay 11 for at least one-half of the redevelopment costs as a local 12 13 match from any money available to the municipality. Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 116L.20, 14 subdivision 1, is amended to read: 15 Subdivision 1. [DETERMINATION AND COLLECTION OF SPECIAL 16 17 ASSESSMENT.] (a) In addition to amounts due from an employer 18 under the Minnesota unemployment insurance program, each employer, except an employer making reimbursements is liable for 19 a special assessment levied at the rate of seven-hundredths 20 21 one-tenth of one percent per year on all taxable wages, as 22 defined in section 268.035, subdivision 24. If the commissioner 23 of trade and economic development determines that the need for 24 services under the dislocated worker program substantially 25 exceeds the resources that will be available for that program, 26 the commissioner may increase the fee to no more than twelve-hundredths of one percent of taxable wages. The 27 28 assessment shall become due and be paid by each employer on the same schedule and in the same manner as other amounts due from 29 an employer under section 268.051, subdivision 1. 30 (b) The special assessment levied under this section shall 31 32 be subject to the same requirements and collection procedures as any amounts due from an employer under the Minnesota 33 unemployment insurance program. 34

35 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective January 1, 2006.
 36 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 116L.30,

Article 2 Section 29 151

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

1 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

2 Subdivision 1. [GRANTS.] The commissioner may make grants 3 to nonprofit agencies administering youth intervention programs 4 in communities where the programs are or may be established.

"Youth intervention program" means a nonresidential 5 community-based program providing advocacy, education, 6 counseling, mentoring, and referral services to youth and their 7 families experiencing personal, familial, school, legal, or 8 chemical problems with the goal of resolving the present 9 problems and preventing the occurrence of the problems in the 10 The purpose of the youth intervention program is to future. 11 provide an ongoing, stable funding source to community-based 12 early intervention programs for youth. Program design may be 13 different for the grantees depending on youth needs in the 14

15 communities being served.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 116L.30,
subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [APPLICATIONS.] Applications for a grant-in-aid 18 shall be made by the administering agency to the commissioner. 19 20 The grant-in-aid is contingent upon the agency having obtained from the community in which the youth intervention program is 21 established local matching money two times the amount of the 22 23 grant that is sought. The purpose of the matching requirement is to leverage the investment of state and community dollars in 24 25 supporting the efforts of the grantees to provide early

26 intervention services to youth and their families.

The commissioner shall provide the application form, procedures for making application-form applications, criteria for review of the application, and kinds of contributions in addition to cash that qualify as local matching money. No grant to any agency may exceed \$50,000.

32 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 116L.30, is 33 amended by adding a subdivision to read:

34 <u>Subd. 3.</u> [GRANT ALLOCATION FORMULA.] <u>Up to one percent of</u> 35 <u>the appropriations to the grants-in-aid to the youth</u>

36 intervention program may be used for a grant to the Minnesota

	04/25/05 [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100
1	Youth Intervention Programs Association for expenses in
2	providing collaborative training and technical assistance to
3	community-based grantees.
4	Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 116L.30, is
• 5	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
6	Subd. 4. [ADMINISTRATIVE COSTS.] The commissioner may use
7	up to two percent of the biennial appropriation for
8	grants-in-aid to the youth intervention program to pay costs
9	incurred by the department in administering the grants.
10	Sec. 33. [116P.081] [MINNESOTA EARLY STAGE VENTURE CAPITAL
11	INVESTMENTS.]
12	(a) For purposes of this section, "Minnesota early stage
13	company" means an early stage company with its headquarters and
14	principal place of business located in this state.
15	(b) Until June 30, 2019, the State Board of Investment must
16	invest at least \$25,000,000 of the principal of the Minnesota
17	environmental and natural resources trust fund in early stage
18	venture capital investments, subject to the following conditions:
19	(1) the board may not make initial investments of more than
20	a total of \$50,000,000 under this section;
21	(2) each separate investment vehicle must commit 50 percent
22	or more of its assets to investments in Minnesota early stage
23	companies;
24	(3) the board's investment may not exceed 50 percent of the
25	total investment in an investment vehicle;
26	(4) no new investment vehicles may be purchased after June
27	30, 2008; and
28	(5) the board may reinvest returns from investments made
29	under this section.
30	The board may set evaluation criteria for investment
31	vehicles and fund managers of investments under this section
32	different from those it uses for other investments.
33	(c) This section expires August 1, 2019.
34	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
35	following final enactment.
36	Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 120A.40, is
Ar	cticle 2 Section 34 153

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

04/25/05

1 amended to read:

2

120A.40 [SCHOOL CALENDAR.]

(a) Except for learning programs during summer, flexible 3 learning year programs authorized under sections 124D.12 to 4 124D.127, and learning year programs under section 124D.128, a 5 district must not commence an elementary or secondary school 6 year before September-1 Labor Day, except as provided under 7 paragraph (b). Days devoted to teachers' workshops may be held 8 before September-1 Labor Day. Districts that enter into 9 cooperative agreements are encouraged to adopt similar school 10 calendars. 11

(b) A district may begin the school year on any day before
September-1 Labor Day to accommodate a construction or
remodeling project of \$400,000 or more affecting a district
school facility.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 129D.02,
subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [COMPENSATION.] Members shall be compensated at 18 the-rate-of-\$35-per-day-spent-on-board-activities---In-addition; 19 20 members-shall-receive-reimbursement-for-expenses-in-the-same manner-and-amount-as-state-employees---Employees-of-the-state-or 21 22 its-political-subdivisions-shall-not-be-entitled-to-the-per 23 diem7-but-they-shall-suffer-no-loss-in-compensation-or-benefits 24 as-a-result-of-service-on-the-board.--Members-not-entitled-to 25 the-per-diem-shall-receive-expenses-as-provided-in-this subdivision-unless-the-expenses-are-reimbursed-from-another 26 source as provided in section 15.0575, subdivision 3. 27 28 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 176.136,

29 subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. [RELATIVE VALUE FEE SCHEDULE.] The liability of an employer for services included in the medical fee schedule is limited to the maximum fee allowed by the schedule in effect on the date of the medical service, or the provider's actual fee, whichever is lower. The medical fee schedule effective on October 1, 1991, remains in effect until the commissioner adopts a new schedule by permanent rule. The commissioner shall adopt

permanent rules regulating fees allowable for medical, 1 chiropractic, podiatric, surgical, and other health care 2 provider treatment or service, including those provided to 3 hospital outpatients, by implementing a relative value fee 4 schedule to be effective on October 1, 1993. The commissioner 5 may adopt by reference the relative value fee schedule adopted 6 for the federal Medicare program or a relative value fee 7 schedule adopted by other federal or state agencies. The 8 relative value fee schedule must may contain reasonable 9 10 classifications including, but not limited to, classifications that differentiate among health care provider disciplines. 11 The 12 conversion-factors-for-the-original-relative-value-fee-schedule must-reasonably-reflect-a-15-percent-overall-reduction-from-the 13 14 medical-fee-schedule-most-recently-in-effect.--The-reduction 15 need-not-be-applied-equally-to-all-treatment-or-services,-but must-represent-a-gross-15-percent-reduction The rules must 16 provide that chiropractors and physical therapists have the same 17 provider group designation as medical physicians and have the 18 same maximum fee allowed as medical physicians for the same 19 patient interventions. 20

After permanent rules have been adopted to implement this 21 section, the conversion factors must be adjusted annually on 22 October 1 by no more than the percentage change computed under 23 section 176.645, but without the annual cap provided by that 24 section. The commissioner shall annually give notice in the 25 State Register of the adjusted conversion factors and may also 26 give annual notice of any additions, deletions, or changes to 27 the relative value units or service codes adopted by the federal 28 Medicare program. The relative value units may be statistically 29 30 adjusted in the same manner as for the original workers' compensation relative value fee schedule. The notices of the 31 adjusted conversion factors and additions, deletions, or changes 32 to the relative value units and service codes is in lieu of the 33 requirements of chapter 14. The commissioner shall follow the 34 requirements of section 14.386, paragraph (a). The annual 35 adjustments to the conversion factors and the medical fee 36

Article 2

155

Section 36

## [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100 04/25/05 schedules adopted under this section, including all previous fee 1 schedules, are not subject to expiration under section 14.386, 2 paragraph (b). 3 Sec. 37. [181.722] [MISREPRESENTATION OF EMPLOYMENT 4 RELATIONSHIP PROHIBITED.] 5 Subdivision 1. [PROHIBITION.] No employer shall 6 misrepresent the nature of its employment relationship with its 7 employees to any federal, state, or local government unit, to 8 other employers or to its employees. An employer misrepresents 9 the nature of its employment relationship with its employees if 10 it makes any statement regarding the nature of the relationship 11 that the employer knows or has reason to know is untrue and if 12 it fails to report individuals as employees when legally 13 required to do so. 14 Subd. 2. [AGREEMENTS TO MISCLASSIFY PROHIBITED.] No 15 employer shall require or request any employee to enter into any 16 17 agreement, or sign any document, that results in misclassification of the employee as an independent contractor 18 19 or otherwise does not accurately reflect the employment relationship with the employer. 20 Subd. 3. [DETERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT RELATIONSHIP.] For 21 purposes of this section, the nature of an employment 22 relationship is determined using the same tests and in the same 23 24 manner as employee status is determined under the applicable workers' compensation and unemployment insurance program laws 25 26 and rules. 27 Subd. 4. [REPORTING OF VIOLATIONS.] Any court finding that a violation of this section has occurred shall transmit a copy 28 of the documentation of the finding to the commissioner of labor 29 and industry. The commissioner of labor and industry shall 30 31 report the finding to relevant state and federal agencies, 32 including at least the commissioner of commerce, the 33 commissioner of employment and economic development, the commissioner of revenue, the federal Internal Revenue Service, 34 35 and the United States Department of Labor. 36 Subd. 5. [CIVIL REMEDY.] An individual not a contractor

injured by a violation of this section may bring an action for 1 2 damages against the violator. The court may award attorney fees, costs, and disbursements to a party recovering under this 3 section. If the individual injured is an employee of the 4 violator of this section, the employee's representative, as 5 defined in section 179.01, subdivision 5, may bring an action 6 for damages against the violator on behalf of the employee. 7 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 183.41, is 8 amended by adding a subdivision to read: 9 Subd. 4. [ANNUAL PERMIT.] The commissioner shall issue an 10 annual permit to a boat for the purpose of carrying passengers 11 for hire on the inland waters of the state provided the boat 12 satisfies the inspection requirements of this section. A boat 13 subject to inspection under this chapter shall be registered 14 with the Division of Boiler Inspection and shall be inspected 15 before a permit may be issued. 16 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 183.411, 17 subdivision 2a, is amended to read: 18 Subd. 2a. [INSPECTION FEES.] The commissioner-may-set-fees 19 20 fee for inspecting traction engines, show boilers, and show 21 engines shall be the hourly rate pursuant to section 16A-1285 183.545, subdivision 3a. 22 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 183.411, 23 subdivision 3, is amended to read: 24 Subd. 3. [LICENSES.] A license to operate steam farm 25 26 traction engines, portable and stationary show engines and portable and stationary show boilers shall be issued to an 27 28 applicant who: (a) (1) is 18 years of age or older; 29 30 (b) (2) has a licensed second class or higher class engineer or steam traction (hobby) engineer sign the affidavit 31 attesting to the applicant's competence in operating said 32 33 devices; (c) (3) passes a written test for competence in operating 34 said devices; 35 (d) has at least 25 hours of actual operating 36

Article 2 Section 40 157

2

## [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

1 experience on said devices; and

<del>(e)</del> <u>(5)</u> pays the required fee.

A license shall be valid for the lifetime of the licensee. A onetime fee set-by-the-commissioner pursuant to section <u>16A-1205</u> <u>183.545</u>, subdivision 4, shall be charged for the license.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 183.42, is
amended to read:

9 183.42 [INSPECTION EACH-YEAR AND REGISTRATION.]

Subdivision 1. [INSPECTION.] Every owner, lessee, or other 10 person having charge of boilers, or pressure vessels, -or-any 11 boat subject to inspection under this chapter shall cause them 12 to be inspected by the Division of Boiler Inspection. 13 Boilers and-boats subject to inspection under this chapter must 14 be inspected at least annually and pressure vessels inspected at 15 least every two years except as provided under section 16 183.45. A-person-who-fails-to-have-the-inspection-required-by 17 this-section-shall-pay-to-the-commissioner-a-penalty-in-the 18 19 amount-of-the-cost-of-inspection-up-to-a-maximum-of-\$1,000. The commissioner shall assess a \$250 penalty per applicable boiler 20 or pressure vessel for failure to have the inspection required 21 by this section and may seal the boiler or pressure vessel for 22 23 refusal to allow an inspection as required by this section. Subd. 2. [REGISTRATION.] Every owner, lessee, or other 24 person having charge of boilers or pressure vessels subject to 25 inspection under this chapter shall register said objects with 26 27 the Division of Boiler Inspection. The registration shall be renewed annually and is applicable to each object separately. 28 The fee for registration of a boiler or pressure vessel shall be 29 pursuant to section 183.545, subdivision 10. The Division of 30 Boiler Inspection may issue a billing statement for each boiler 31 32 and pressure vessel on record with the division, and may determine a monthly schedule of billings to be followed for 33 34 owners, lessees, or other persons having charge of a boiler or pressure vessel subject to inspection under this chapter. 35 Subd. 3. [CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.] The Division of 36

	1	Boiler Inspection shall issue a certificate of registration that
~	2	lists the boilers and pressure vessels at the location,
	3	expiration date of the certificate of registration, last
	4	inspection date of each boiler and pressure vessel, and maximum
	5	allowable working pressure for each boiler and pressure vessel.
	6	The commissioner may make an electronic certificate of
	7	registration available to be printed by the owner, lessee, or
	8	other person having charge of the boiler or pressure vessel.
	9	Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 183.44,
	10	subdivision 1, is amended to read:
	11	Subdivision 1. [MASTERS AND PILOTS.] The <del>Division-of</del>
	12	Beiler-Inspection commissioner or the commissioner's designee
_	13	shall examine all masters and-pilots of boats and vessels
	14	carrying passengers for hire on the inland waters of the state
	15	as to their qualifications and fitness. If found trustworthy
	16	<u>qualified</u> and competent to perform their duties as a master <del>or</del>
	17	pilot of a boat carrying passengers for hire, they shall be
	18	given issued a certificate license authorizing them to act as
	19	such on the inland waters of the state. The license shall be
	20	renewed annually. Fees for the original issue and renewal of
	21	the license authorized under this section shall be pursuant to
	22	section 183.545, subdivision 2.
	23	Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 183.51,
	24	subdivision 2, is amended to read:
	25	Subd. 2. [APPLICATIONS.] Any person who desires an
	26	engineer's license shall make submit a written application, on
	27	blanks furnished by the inspectorThe-person-shall-also
	28	successfully-pass-a-written-examination-for-such-grade-of
	29	<del>license-applied-for</del> commissioner or designee, at least 15 days
	30	before the requested exam date. The application is valid for
	31	one year from the date the commissioner or designee received the
	32	application.
	33	Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 183.51, is
	34	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
	35	Subd. 2a. [EXAMINATIONS.] Each applicant for a license
	36	must pass an examination approved by the commissioner. The

Article 2 Section 44 159

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100 04/25/05 examinations shall be of sufficient scope to establish the 1 competency of the applicant to operate a boiler of the 2 applicable license class and grade. 3 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 183.545, is 4 amended to read: 5 183.545 [FEES FOR INSPECTION.] 6 Subdivision 1. [FEE AMOUNT; VESSELS OPERATED ON INLAND 7 WATERS.] The fees for the inspection of the hull, boiler, 8 machinery, and equipments of vessels are-to-be-set-by-the 9 commissioner-pursuant-to-section-16A-12857-for-vessels-of-50 10 tons-burden-or-over-and-vessels-of-less-than-50-tons 11 burden. operated on inland waters and that carry passengers for 12 hire are as follows: 13 (1) annual operating permit and safety inspections shall be 14 \$200; and 15 (2) other inspections, including dry-dock inspections, boat 16 stability tests, and plan reviews, are billed at the hourly rate 17 18 set in subdivision 3a. 19 Subd. 2. [FEE AMOUNTS; MASTERS AND-PHLOTS.] The commissioner-shall;-pursuant-to-section-16A:1285;-set 20 21 the license and application fee for an-examination-of-an 22 applicant-for a master's or-pilot's license is \$50, for-an or \$20 if the applicant possesses a valid, unlimited, current 23 24 United States Coast Guard master's or pilot's license. The 25 annual renewal of a master's or-a-pilot's license,-and-for-an is 26 \$20. The annual renewal if paid later than ten 30 days after 27 expiration is \$35. The fee for replacement of a current, valid license is \$20. 28 Subd. 3. [BOILER AND PRESSURE VESSEL INSPECTION FEES.] The 29 fees for the annual inspection of boilers and biennial 30 inspection of pressure vessels are to-be-set-by-the-commissioner 31 32 pursuant-to-section-16A-12857-for as follows: 33 (a) (1) boiler inaccessible for internal inspection, \$55; (b) (2) boiler accessible for internal inspection, \$55; 34 (c) (3) boiler internal inspection over 2,000 square feet 35 36 heating surface shall be billed at the hourly rate set in

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1 subdivision 3a; 2 (d) (4) boiler-internal-inspection-over-4,000-square-feet heating-surface; 3 (e)-boiler-internal-inspection-over-10,000-square-feet 4 heating-surface; 5 (f) boiler accessible for internal inspection requiring 6 7 one-half day or more of inspection time shall be billed at the 8 established-shop-inspection-fee hourly rate set in subdivision 9 3a; 10 (g) (5) pressure vessel for internal inspection via manhole , \$35; and 11 12 (h) (6) pressure vessel inaccessible for internal inspection, \$35. 13 14 An-additional-fee-based-on-the-scale-of-fees-applicable-to 15 an-inspection-shall-be-charged-when-it-is-necessary-to-make-a 16 special-trip-for-a-hydrostatic-test-of-a-boiler-or-pressure 17 vessel-Subd. 3a. [HOURLY RATE.] The commissioner-shall,-pursuant 18 to-section-16A-1285,-set-shop-inspection-fees hourly rate for an 19 inspection not set elsewhere in this chapter is \$80 per hour. 20 Inspection time includes all time related to the shop 21 inspection. Travel time, billed at the hourly rate, and travel 22 23 expenses shall be billed for shop inspections, triennial audits, boat stability tests, hydrostatic tests of a boiler or pressure 24 25 vessel, or any other inspection or consultation requiring a special trip. 26 Subd. 4. [APPLECANTS BOILER ENGINEER LICENSE FEES.] The 27 commissioner-shall,-pursuant-to-section-16A-1285,-set-the-fee 28 for-an-examination-of-an-applicant For the following licenses, 29 30 the nonrefundable license and application fee is: (a) (1) chief engineer's license, \$50; 31 (b) (2) first class engineer's license, \$50; 32 (3) second class engineer's license, \$50; 33 (d) special engineer's license, \$20; and 34 (e) (5) traction or hobby boiler engineer's license; -and, 35 \$50. 36

Article 2 Section 45 161

(f)-pilot/s-license-1 If-an-applicant,-after-an-examination,-is-entitled-to 2 receive-a-license7-it-shall-be-issued-without-the-payment-of-any 3 additional-charge---Any-license-so-issued-expires-one-year-after 4 the-date-of-its-issuance. An engineer's license may be renewed 5 upon application therefor and the payment of an annual renewal 6 fee as-set-by-the-commissioner-pursuant-to-section-16A-1285 of 7 \$20. The annual renewal, if paid later than 30 days after 8 expiration, is \$35. The fee for replacement of a current, valid 9 license is \$20. 10 Subd. 6. [NATIONAL BOARD INSPECTORS.] The fee for an 11 examination of an applicant for a National Board of Boiler and 12 Pressure Vessels Inspectors commission shall-be-set-by-the 13 commissioner-pursuant-to-section-16A-1285 is \$100. 14 Subd. 7. [NUCLEAR ENDORSEMENT.] The fee for each 15 examination of an applicant for a National Board of Boiler and 16 Pressure Vessels commissioned inspectors nuclear endorsement 17 shall-be-set-by-the-commissioner-pursuant-to-section-16A-1285 is 18 \$100. 19 20 Subd. 8. [CERTIFICATE OF COMPETENCY.] The fee for issuance of the original state of Minnesota certificate of competency for 21 22 inspectors shall-be-set-by-the-commissioner-pursuant-to-section This fee is waived for inspectors who paid the <del>16A-1285</del> is \$50. 23 24 examination fee. The fee for an annual renewal of the state of Minnesota certificate of competency shall-be-set-by-the 25 commissioner-pursuant-to-section-16A-1285 is \$35, and is due 26 27 January 1 of each year. The fee for replacement of a current, valid license is \$35. 28 Subd. 9. [DEPOSIT OF FEES.] Fees received under this 29 30 section and-section-183.57 must be deposited in the state

31 treasury and credited to the general fund.

32 <u>Subd. 10.</u> [BOILER AND PRESSURE VESSEL REGISTRATION
33 FEE.] <u>The annual registration fee for boilers and pressure</u>
34 <u>vessels in use and required to be inspected per section 183.42</u>
35 <u>shall be \$10 per boiler and pressure vessel.</u>

36 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 183.57, is

1 amended to read:

2 183.57 [REPORT OF INSURER; EXEMPTION FROM INSPECTION.] Subdivision 1. [REPORT REQUIRED.] Any insurance company 3 insuring boilers and pressure vessels in this state shall make-a 4 written file a report thereof showing the date of inspection, 5 6 the name of the person making the inspection, the condition of the boiler or pressure vessel as disclosed by the inspection, 7 8 whether the same-is boiler was operated by a properly licensed 9 engineer, and whether a policy of insurance has been issued by the company with reference to the boiler or pressure vessel, and 10 other information as directed by the chief boiler inspector. 11 Within 15 21 days after the inspection, the insurance company 12 shall mail-a-copy-of file the report to with the chief boiler 13 14 inspector and or designee. The insurer shall provide a copy of 15 the report to the person, firm, or corporation owning or operating the inspected boiler or pressure vessel inspected. 16 Such report shall be made annually for boilers and biennially 17 18 for pressure vessels.

Subd. 2. [EXEMPTION.] Every boiler or pressure vessel as 19 20 to which any insurance company authorized to do business in this 21 state has issued a policy of insurance, after the inspection thereof, is exempt from inspection by the department made under 22 23 sections 183.375 to 183.62, while the same continues to be 24 insured and provided it continues to be inspected in accordance with the inspection schedule set forth in sections 183.42 and 25 183.45, and the person, firm, or corporation owning or operating 26 the same has an unexpired certificate of exemption-from 27 inspection,-issued-by-the-chief-boiler 28 29 inspector registration. The-fee-set-by-the-commissioner pursuant-to-section-16A-12857-on-the-first-object-inspected-and 30 on-each-object-thereafter-shall-apply-to-each-exempt-object---A 31 certificate-of-exemption-expires-one-year-from-date-of-issue. 32 The-certificate-of-exemption-shall-be-posted-in-a-conspicuous 33 34 place-near-the-boiler-or-pressure-vessel-or-in-the-plant-office 35 or-boiler-room-described-therein-and-to-which-it-relates---Every insurance-company-shall-give-written-notice-to-the-chief-boiler 36

Article 2 Section 46 163

## [COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

inspector-of-the-cancellation-or-expiration-of-every-policy-of 1 insurance-issued-by-it-with-reference-to-policies-in-this-state; 2 and-the-cause-or-reason-for-the-cancellation-or-expiration. 3 These-notices-of-cancellation-or-expiration-shall-show-the-date 4 of-the-policy-and-the-date-when-the-cancellation-has-or-will 5 become-effective. 6 Subd.-4.--feerfifieAfe-of-Exemption.j-The-Division-of 7 Boiler-Inspection-may-issue-a-billing-and-exemption-certificate 8 for-each-boiler-and-pressure-vessel-which-the-division-records 9 indicate-shall-be-or-has-been-inspected-by-an-insurance-company 10 which-is-providing-coverage-for-the-boilers-and-pressure 11 vessels --- The-division-may-determine-the-monthly-schedule-of-the 12 billings-to-be-followed-for-each-business-insured-13 Subd. 5. [NOTICE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE.] The insurer shall 14 notify the commissioner or designee in writing of its policy to 15 insure and inspect boilers and pressure vessels at a location 16 within 30 days of the effective date of insurance coverage, 17 including binders. The insurer must also provide a duplicate of 18 19 the notification to the insured. Subd. 6. [NOTICE OF DISCONTINUED COVERAGE.] The insurer 20 shall notify the commissioner or designee in writing, within 30 21 22 days of the effective date, of the discontinuation of insurance coverage of the boilers and pressure vessels at a location and 23 the cause or reason for the discontinuation. This notice shall 24 25 show the effective date when the discontinued policy takes effect. 26 27 Subd. 7. [PENALTIES.] The commissioner shall assess upon the insurer a \$50 penalty, per applicable boiler and pressure 28 29 vessel, for failing to submit an inspection report or notify the 30 commissioner of insurance coverage or discontinuation of insurance coverage as set forth in this section. The 31 32 commissioner shall assess upon the insurer a penalty of \$100, 33 per applicable boiler and pressure vessel, for failing to conduct the required in-service inspection within 120 days after 34 the inspection was due in accordance with section 183.42. 35 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 216B.2424, 36

1 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

2 Subdivision 1. [FARM-GROWN CLOSED-LOOP BIOMASS.] (a) For 3 the purposes of this section, "farm-grown closed-loop biomass" 4 means biomass, as defined in section 216C.051, subdivision 7, 5 that:

6 (1) is intentionally cultivated, harvested, and prepared 7 for use, in whole or in part, as a fuel for the generation of 8 electricity;

9 (2) when combusted, releases an amount of carbon dioxide 10 that is less than or approximately equal to the carbon dioxide 11 absorbed by the biomass fuel during its growing cycle; and

(3) is fired in a new or substantially retrofitted electricgenerating facility that is:

14 (i) located within 400 miles of the site of the biomass15 production; and

(ii) designed to use biomass to meet at least 75 percent ofits fuel requirements.

(b) The legislature finds that the negative environmental
impacts within 400 miles of the facility resulting from
transporting and combusting the biomass are offset in that
region by the environmental benefits to air, soil, and water of
the biomass production.

(c) Among the biomass fuel sources that meet the
requirements of paragraph (a), etause clauses (1) and (2) are
poplar, aspen, willow, switch grass, sorghum, alfalfa, and
cultivated prairie grass and sustainably managed woody biomass.

27 (d) For the purpose of this section, "sustainably managed
28 woody biomass" means:

29 (1) brush, trees, and other biomass harvested from within
30 designated utility, railroad, and road rights-of-way;

31 (2) upland and lowland brush harvested from lands
32 incorporated into brushland habitat management activities of the
33 Minnesota Department of Natural Resources;

34 (3) upland and lowland brush harvested from lands managed
 35 in accordance with Minnesota Department of Natural Resources

36 "Best Management Practices for Managing Brushlands";

Article 2 Section 47 165

[COUNSEL ] GK/CEB SC4100

1	(4) logging slash or waste wood that is created by harvest,
2	precommercial timber stand improvement to meet silvicultural
3	objectives, or by fire, disease, or insect control treatments,
4	and that is managed in compliance with the Minnesota Forest
5	Resources Council's "Sustaining Minnesota Forest Resources:
6	Voluntary Site-Level Forest Management Guidelines for
7	Landowners, Loggers and Resource Managers" as modified by the
8	requirement of this subdivision; and
9	(5) trees or parts of trees that do not meet the
10	utilization standards for pulpwood, posts, bolts, or sawtimber
11	as described in the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources
12	Division of Forestry Timber Sales Manual, 1998, as amended as of
13	May 1, 2005, and the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources
14	Timber Scaling Manual, 1981, as amended as of May 1, 2005,
15	except as provided in paragraph (a), clause (1), and this
16	paragraph, clauses (1) to (3).
17	Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 216B.2424, is
18	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
19	Subd. 1a. [MUNICIPAL WASTE-TO-ENERGY PROJECT.] (a) This
20	subdivision applies only to a biomass project owned or
21	controlled, directly or indirectly, by two municipal utilities
22	as described in subdivision 5a, paragraph (b).
23	(b) Woody biomass from state-owned land must be harvested
24	in compliance with an adopted management plan and a program of
25	ecologically based third-party certification.
26	(c) The project must prepare a fuel plan on an annual basis
27	after commercial operation of the project as described in the
28	power contract between the project and the public utility, and
29	must also prepare annually certificates reflecting the types of
30	fuel used in the preceding year by the project, as described in
31	the power contract. The fuel plans and certificates shall also
32	be filed with the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources and
33	the Minnesota Department of Commerce within 30 days after being
34	provided to the public utility, as provided by the power
35	contract. Any person who believes the fuel plans, as amended,
36	and certificates show that the project does not or will not

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	1	comply with the fuel requirements of this subdivision may file a
~	2	petition with the commission seeking such a determination.
	3	(d) The wood procurement process must utilize third-party
	4	audit certification systems to verify that applicable best
	5	management practices were utilized in the procurement of the
	6	sustainably managed biomass. If there is a failure to so verify
	7	in any two consecutive years during the original contract term,
	8	the farm-grown closed-loop biomass requirements of subdivision 2
	9	must be increased to 50 percent for the remaining contract term
	10	period; however, if in two consecutive subsequent years after
	11	the increase has been implemented, it is verified that the
	12	conditions in this subdivision have been met, then for the
	13	remaining original contract term the closed-loop biomass mandate
	14	reverts to 25 percent. If there is a subsequent failure to
	15	verify in a year after the first failure and implementation of
	16	the 50 percent requirement, then the closed-loop percentage
	17	shall remain at 50 percent for each remaining year of the
	18	contract term.
	19	(e) In the closed-loop plantation, no transgenic plants may
	20	be used.
	21	(f) No wood may be harvested from any lands identified by
	22	the final or preliminary Minnesota County Biological Survey as
~~~	23	having statewide significance as native plant communities, large
	24	populations or concentrations of rare species, or critical
	25	animal habitat.
	26	(g) A wood procurement plan must be prepared every five
	27	years and public meetings must be held and written comments
	28	taken on the plan and documentation must be provided on why or
	29	why not the public inputs were used.
	30	(h) Guidelines or best management practices for sustainably
	31	managed woody biomass must be adopted by:
	32	(1) the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources for
	33	managing and maintaining brushland and open land habitat on
	34	public and private lands, including, but not limited to,
	35	provisions of sections 84.941, 84.942, and 97A.125; and
	36	(2) the Minnesota Forest Resources Council for logging

Article 2 Section 48 167

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1	slash, using the most recent available scientific information
2	regarding the removal of woody biomass from forest lands, to
3	sustain the management of forest resources as defined by section
4	89.001, subdivisions 8 and 9, with particular attention to soil
5	productivity, biological diversity as defined by section 89A.01,
6	subdivision 3, and wildlife habitat.
7	These guidelines must be completed by July 1, 2007, and the
8	process of developing them must incorporate public notification
9	and comment.
10	(i) The University of Minnesota Initiative for Renewable
11	Energy and the Environment is encouraged to solicit and fund
12	high-quality research projects to develop and consolidate
13	scientific information regarding the removal of woody biomass
14	from forest and brush lands, with particular attention to the
15	environmental impacts on soil productivity, biological
16	diversity, and sequestration of carbon. The results of this
17	research shall be made available to the public.
18	(j) The two utilities owning or controlling, directly or
19	indirectly, the biomass project described in subdivision 5a,
20	paragraph (b), shall fund or obtain funding from nonstate
21	sources of up to \$150,000 to complete the guidelines or best
22	management practices described in paragraph (h). The
23	expenditures to be funded under this paragraph do not include
24	any of the expenditures to be funded under paragraph (i).
25	Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 216B.2424,
26	subdivision 2, is amended to read:
27	Subd. 2. [INTERIM EXEMPTION.] (a) A biomass project
28	proposing to use, as its primary fuel over the life of the
29	project, short-rotation woody crops, may use as an interim fuel
30	agricultural waste and other biomass which is not farm-grown
31	closed-loop biomass for up to six years after the project's
32	electric generating facility becomes operational; provided, the
33	project developer demonstrates the project will use the
34	designated short-rotation woody crops as its primary fuel after
35	the interim period and provided the location of the interim fuel
36	production meets the requirements of subdivision 1, paragraph

Article 2 Section 49

1 (a), clause (3).

(b) A biomass project proposing to use, as its primary fuel 2 over the life of the project, short-rotation woody crops, may 3 use as an interim fuel agricultural waste and other biomass 4 which is not farm-grown closed-loop biomass for up to three 5 years after the project's electric generating facility becomes 6 operational; provided, the project developer demonstrates the 7 project will use the designated short-rotation woody crops as 8 its primary fuel after the interim period. 9

10 (c) A biomass project that uses an interim fuel under the 11 terms of paragraph (b) may, in addition, use an interim fuel 12 under the terms of paragraph (a) for six years less the number 13 of years that an interim fuel was used under paragraph (b).

(d) A project developer proposing to use an exempt interim
fuel under paragraphs (a) and (b) must demonstrate to the public
utility that the project will have an adequate supply of
short-rotation woody crops which meet the requirements of
subdivision 1 to fuel the project after the interim period.

19 (e) If a biomass project using an interim fuel under this 20 subdivision is or becomes owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by two municipal utilities as described in 21 22 subdivision 5a, paragraph (b), the project is deemed to comply 23 with the requirement under this subdivision to use farm-grown closed-loop biomass as its primary fuel if farm-grown 24 closed-loop biomass comprises no less than 25 percent of the 25 fuel used over the life of the project. For purposes of this 26 subdivision, "life of the project" means 20 years from the date 27 the project becomes operational or the term of the applicable 28 power purchase agreement between the project owner and the 29 30 public utility, whichever is longer.

31 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 216B.2424,
32 subdivision 5a, is amended to read:
33 Subd. 5a. [REDUCTION OF BIOMASS MANDATE.] (a)

Notwithstanding subdivision 5, the biomass electric energy mandate shall must be reduced from 125 megawatts to 110 megawatts.

Article 2 Section 50 169

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

(b) The Public Utilities Commission shall approve a request 1 pending before the Public-Utilities commission as of May 15, 2 2003, for an-amendment amendments to and assignment of a 3 contract-for-power-from power purchase agreement with the owner 4 of a facility that uses short-rotation, woody crops as its 5 primary fuel previously approved to satisfy a portion of the 6 biomass mandate if the developer owner of the project agrees to 7 reduce the size of its project from 50 megawatts to 35 8 megawatts, while maintaining a an average price for energy at-or 9 below-the-current-contract-price- in nominal dollars measured 10 over the term of the power purchase agreement at or below \$104 11 per megawatt-hour, exclusive of any price adjustments that may 12 take effect subsequent to commission approval of the power 13 purchase agreement, as amended. The commission shall also 14 approve, as necessary, any subsequent assignment or sale of the 15 power purchase agreement or ownership of the project to an 16 entity owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by two 17 municipal utilities located north of Constitutional Route No. 8, 18 as described in section 161.114, which currently own electric 19 20 and steam generation facilities using coal as a fuel and which propose to retrofit their existing municipal electrical 21 22 generating facilities to utilize biomass fuels in order to 23 perform the power purchase agreement. 24 (c) If the power purchase agreement described in paragraph 25 (b) is assigned to an entity that is, or becomes, owned or 26 controlled, directly or indirectly, by two municipal entities as described in paragraph (b), and the power purchase agreement 27 28 meets the price requirements of paragraph (b), the commission 29 shall approve any amendments to the power purchase agreement 30 necessary to reflect the changes in project location and ownership and any other amendments made necessary by those 31 32 changes. The commission shall also specifically find that: 33 (1) the power purchase agreement complies with and fully satisfies the provisions of this section to the full extent of 34 35 its 35-megawatt capacity; 36 (2) all costs incurred by the public utility and all

amounts to be paid by the public utility to the project owner 1 under the terms of the power purchase agreement are fully 2 recoverable pursuant to section 216B.1645; 3 (3) subject to prudency review by the commission, the 4 public utility may recover from its Minnesota retail customers 5 the Minnesota jurisdictional portion of the amounts that may be 6 7 incurred and paid by the public utility during the full term of the power purchase agreement; and 8 9 (4) if the purchase power agreement meets the requirements of this subdivision, it is reasonable and in the public interest. 10 11 (d) The commission shall specifically approve recovery by the public utility of any and all Minnesota jurisdictional costs 12 incurred by the public utility to improve, construct, install, 13 14 or upgrade transmission, distribution, or other electrical facilities owned by the public utility or other persons in order 15 to permit interconnection of the retrofitted biomass-fueled 16 generating facilities or to obtain transmission service for the 17 energy provided by the facilities to the public utility pursuant 18 19 to section 216B.1645, and shall disapprove any provision in the 20 power purchase agreement that requires the developer or owner of the project to pay the jurisdictional costs or that permit the 21 22 public utility to terminate the power purchase agreement as a result of the existence of those costs or the public utility's 23 obligation to pay any or all of those costs. 24 25 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 216B.2424,

25 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2004, Section 216B.242426 subdivision 6, is amended to read:

27 Subd. 6. [REMAINING MEGAWATT COMPLIANCE PROCESS.] (a) If there remain megawatts of biomass power generating capacity to 28 fulfill the mandate in subdivision 5 after the commission has 29 taken final action on all contracts filed by September 1, 2000, 30 by a public utility, as amended and assigned, this subdivision 31 governs final compliance with the biomass energy mandate in 32 subdivision 5 subject to the requirements of subdivisions 7 and 33 34 8.

35 (b) To the extent not inconsistent with this subdivision, 36 the provisions of subdivisions 2, 3, 4, and 5 apply to proposals

Article 2 Section 51 171

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 subject to this subdivision.

(c) A public utility must submit proposals to the 2 commission to complete the biomass mandate. The commission 3 shall require a public utility subject to this section to issue 4 a request for competitive proposals for projects for electric 5 generation utilizing biomass as defined in paragraph (f) of this 6 subdivision to provide the remaining megawatts of the mandate. 7 The commission shall set an expedited schedule for submission of 8 proposals to the utility, selection by the utility of proposals 9 or projects, negotiation of contracts, and review by the 10 commission of the contracts or projects submitted by the utility 11 to the commission. 12

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 1 to 5 13 but subject to the provisions of subdivisions 7 and 8, a new or 14 existing facility proposed under this subdivision that is fueled 15 either by biomass or by co-firing biomass with nonbiomass may 16 satisfy the mandate in this section. Such a facility need not 17 use biomass that complies with the definition in subdivision 1 18 19 if it uses biomass as defined in paragraph (f) of this subdivision. Generating capacity produced by co-firing of 20 biomass that is operational as of April 25, 2000, does not meet 21 the requirements of the mandate, except that additional 22 co-firing capacity added at an existing facility after April 25, 23 2000, may be used to satisfy this mandate. Only the number of 24 megawatts of capacity at a facility which co-fires biomass that 25 26 are directly attributable to the biomass and that become 27 operational after April 25, 2000, count toward meeting the biomass mandate in this section. 28

(e) Nothing in this subdivision precludes a facility
proposed and approved under this subdivision from using fuel
sources that are not biomass in compliance with subdivision 3.

(f) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision 1, for proposals subject to this subdivision, "biomass" includes farm-grown closed-loop biomass; agricultural wastes, including animal, poultry, and plant wastes; and waste wood, including chipped wood, bark, brush, residue wood, and sawdust.

(g) Nothing in this subdivision affects in any way 1 contracts entered into as of April 25, 2000, to satisfy the 2 mandate in subdivision 5. 3

(h) Nothing in this subdivision requires a public utility 4 to retrofit its own power plants for the purpose of co-firing 5 biomass fuel, nor is a utility prohibited from retrofitting its 6 own power plants for the purpose of co-firing biomass fuel to 7 meet the requirements of this subdivision. 8

Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 216B.2424, 9 subdivision 8, is amended to read: 10

Subd. 8. [AGRICULTURAL BIOMASS REQUIREMENT.] Of the 125 11 megawatts mandated in subdivision 5, or 110 megawatts mandated 12 in subdivision 5a, at least 75 megawatts of the generating 13 14 capacity must be generated by facilities that use agricultural biomass as the principal fuel source. For purposes of this 15 subdivision, agricultural biomass includes only farm-grown 16 17 closed-loop biomass and agricultural waste, including animal, poultry, and plant wastes. For purposes of this subdivision, 18 "principal fuel source" means a fuel source that satisfies at 19 least 75 percent of the fuel requirements of an electric power 20 21 generating facility. Nothing in this subdivision is intended to 22 expand the fuel source requirements of subdivision 5.

Sec. 53. [219.552] [OBSTRUCTING TREATMENT OF INJURED 23 WORKER.] 24

It is unlawful for a railroad company or person employed by 25 a railroad company to: 26

(1) deny, delay, or interfere with medical treatment or 27 first aid treatment to an employee of a railroad who has been 28 injured during employment; or 29

(2) discipline or threaten to discipline an employee who 30 has been injured during employment for requesting medical 31 treatment or first aid treatment. 32

33

Sec. 54. [219.553] [ENFORCEMENT.]

Subdivision 1. [PENALTY.] A person who believes that the 34 person has been affected by a violation of section 1 may file a 35 complaint with the commissioner of labor and industry who shall 36

Article 2 Section 54 173

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

refer it to the Office of Administrative Hearings for 1 2 consideration as a contested case. Upon finding a violation, 3 the administrative law judge may assess a penalty to the violating railroad company of up to \$10,000 for a violation of 4 section 219.552. In determining the amount of the penalty, the 5 administrative law judge shall consider those factors that must 6 be considered in determining a monetary penalty under section 7 221.036, subdivision 3. The contents of the order must include 8 the provisions specified in section 221.036, subdivision 4. 9 Subd. 2. [ADMINISTRATIVE HEARING OR JUDICIAL REVIEW.] A 10 11 railroad company against which a penalty is imposed under subdivision 1 may request judicial review in district court. 12 Judicial review under this subdivision is as provided in section 13 14 221.036, subdivision 8. 15 Subd. 3. [ENFORCEMENT OF PENALTY.] A penalty ordered under subdivision 1 and due and payable under this section may be 16 17 enforced by the attorney general in the manner provided under section 221.036, subdivision 11. 18 19 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 237.11, is 20 amended to read: 21 237.11 [INSPECTING RECORDS AND PROPERTY; REPORTS REQUIRED.] 22 Every telephone company subject to the provisions of this 23 chapter, wherever organized, shall keep an office in this state, and make such reports to the department as it shall from time to 24 25 time require. All books, records, and files, whether they relate to competitive or noncompetitive services, and all of its 26 27 property shall be at all times subject to inspection by the 28 commission and the department. It shall close its accounts and take therefrom a balance sheet on December 31 of each year, and 29 30 on or before May 1 following, such balance sheet, together with such other information as the department shall require, verified 31 by an officer of the telephone company, shall be filed with the 32 commission and the department, except that a telephone company, 33 competitive local exchange carrier, or independent telephone 34 company is only required to file an annual report that includes 35 36 the company's name, contact person, annual revenue, and status

Article 2 Section 55

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

04/25/05

of it 911 update plan.

1 In the event that any telephone company shall fail to file 2 its annual report, as provided by this section, the department 3 is authorized to make such an examination of the books, records, 4 and vouchers of the company as is necessary to procure the 5 necessary data for the annual report and cause the same to be 6 The expense of procuring this data and preparing this prepared. 7 report shall be paid by the telephone company failing to report, 8 and the amount paid shall be credited by the commissioner of 9 finance to funds appropriated for the expense of the department. 10 11 The department is authorized to force collection of such sum by an action at law in the name of the department. 12 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 237.295, 13 14 subdivision 1, is amended to read: 15 Subdivision 1. [PAYMENT-FOR-INVESTIGATION FILING FEE FOR 16 NEW AUTHORITY.] (a)-Whenever-the-department-or-commission--in-a proceeding-upon-its-own-motion;-on-complaint;-or-upon-an 17 application-to-it,-considers-it-necessary,-in-order-to-carry-out 18 19 the-duties-imposed-on-it,-to-investigate-the-books,-accounts, practices,-and-activities-of-any-company,-parties-to-the 20 21 proceeding-shall-pay-the-expenses-reasonably-attributable-to-the 22 proceeding---The-department-and-commission-shall-ascertain-the 23 expenses,-and-the-department-shall-render-a-bill-for-those expenses-to-the-parties,-at-the-conclusion-of-the-proceeding. 24 25 The-department-is-authorized-to-submit-billings-to-parties-at 26 intervals-selected-by-the-department-during-the-course-of-a proceeding. 27 (b)-The-allocation-of-costs-may-be-adjusted-for-cause-by 28

29 the-commission-during-the-course-of-the-proceeding,-or-upon-the closing-of-the-docket-and-issuance-of-an-order---In-addition-to 30 the-rights-granted-in-subdivision-37-parties-to-a-proceeding-may 31 32 object-to-the-allocation-at-any-time-during-the-proceeding. Withdrawal-by-a-party-to-a-proceeding-does-not-absolve-the-party 33 from-paying-allocated-costs-as-determined-by-the-commission-34 The-commission-may-decide-that-a-party-should-not-pay-any 35 allocated-costs-of-the-proceeding. 36

Article 2 Section 56 175

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1	(c)-The-bill-constitutes-notice-of-the-assessment-and-a
2	demand-for-paymentThe-amount-of-the-bills-assessed-by-the
3	department-under-this-subdivision-must-be-paid-by-the-parties
4	into-the-state-treasury-within-30-days-from-the-date-of
5	assessmentThe-total-amountin-a-calendar-year-for-which-a
6	telephone-company-may-become-liable,-by-reason-of-costs-incurred
7	by-the-department-and-commission-within-that-calendar-year,-may
8	not-exceed-two-fifths-of-one-percent-of-the-gross-jurisdictional
9	operating-revenue-of-the-telephone-company-in-the-last-preceding
10	calendar-yearDirect-charges-may-be-assessed-without-regard-to
11	this-limitation-until-the-gross-jurisdictional-operating-revenue
12	of-the-telephone-company-for-the-preceding-calendar-year-has
13	been-reported-for-the-first-timeWhereunder-this
14	subdivisioncosts-are-incurred-within-a-calendar-year-that-are
15	in-excess-of-two-fifths-of-one-percent-of-the-gross
16	jurisdictional-operating-revenues,-the-excess-costs-are-not
17	chargeable-as-part-of-the-remainder-under-subdivision-2-
18	(d) -Except-as-otherwise-provided-in-paragraph-(e),-for
19	purposes-of-assessing-the-cost-of-a-proceeding-to-a-party;
20	"party"-means-any-entity-or-group-subject-to-the-laws-and-rules
21	of-this-state,-however-organized,-whether-public-or-private,
22	whether-domestic-or-foreign7-whether-for-profit-or-nonprofit7
23	and-whether-natural,-corporate,-or-political,-such-as-a-business
24	or-commercial-enterprise-organized-as-any-type-or-combination-of
25	corporation7-limited-liability-company7-partnership7-limited
26	liability-partnership,-proprietorship,-association,-cooperative,
27	joint-venture,-carrier,-or-utility,-and-any-successor-or
28	assignee-of-any-of-them;-a-social-or-charitable-organization;
29	and-any-type-or-combination-of-political-subdivisionwhich
30	includes-the-executive,-judicial,-or-legislative-branch-of-the
31	state7-a-local-government-unit7-an-agency-of-the-state-or-a
32	local-government-unit,-or-a-combination-of-any-of-them.
33	<pre>{e}-For-assessment-and-billing-purposes"party"-does-not</pre>
34	include-the-Bepartment-of-Commerce-or-the-Residential-Utilities
35	Bivision-of-the-Office-of-Attorney-General;-any-entity-or-group
36	instituted-primarily-for-the-purpose-of-mutual-help-and-not

1 conducted-for-profit;-intervenors-awarded-compensation-under 2 section-237-0757-subdivision-107-or-any-individual-or-group-or counsel-for-the-individual-or-group-representing-the-interests 3 of-end-users-or-classes-of-end-users-of-services-provided-by 4 telephone-companies-or-telecommunications-carriers,-as 5 6 determined-by-the-commission An application for a new authority must be accompanied by a payment not to exceed \$2,000 as 7 determined by the Public Utilities Commission. This fee will be 8 reviewed annually and adjusted accordingly. 9 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 237.295,

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11 subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ASSESSMENT OF COSTS.] The department and 12 commission shall quarterly, at least 30 days before the start of 13 14 each quarter, estimate the total of their expenditures in the 15 performance of their duties relating to telephone companies, 16 other than amounts chargeable to telephone companies under 17 subdivision 1, 5, or 6. The remainder must be assessed by the department to the telephone companies operating in this state in 18 19 proportion to their respective gross jurisdictional operating 20 revenues during the last calendar year. The assessment must be 21 paid into the state treasury within 30 days after the bill has 22 been mailed to the telephone companies. The bill constitutes 23 notice of the assessment and demand of payment. The total 24 amount that may be assessed to the telephone companies under this subdivision may not exceed one-eighth three-eighths of one 25 percent of the total gross jurisdictional operating revenues 26 27 during the calendar year. The assessment for the third quarter 28 of each fiscal year must be adjusted to compensate for the amount by which actual expenditures by the commission and 29 30 department for the preceding fiscal year were more or less than the estimated expenditures previously assessed. A telephone 31 company with gross jurisdictional operating revenues of less 32 than \$5,000 is exempt from assessments under this subdivision. 33 34 Sec. 58. [237.491] [COMBINED PER NUMBER FEE.] Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] (a) The definitions in this 35 subdivision apply to this section. 36

Article 2 Section 58 177

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1	(b) "911 emergency and public safety communications program"
2	means the program governed by chapter 403.
3	(c) "Minnesota telephone number" means a ten-digit
4	telephone number being used to connect to the public switched
5	telephone network and starting with area code 218, 320, 507,
6	612, 651, 763, or 952, or any subsequent area code assigned to
7	this state.
8	(d) "Service provider" means a provider doing business in
9	this state who provides real time, two-way voice service with a
10	Minnesota telephone number.
11	(e) "Telecommunications access Minnesota program" means the
12	program governed by sections 237.50 to 237.55.
13	(f) "Telephone assistance program" means the program
14	governed by sections 237.69 to 237.711.
15	Subd. 2. [PER NUMBER FEE.] (a) By January 15, 2006, the
16	commissioner of commerce shall report to the legislature and to
17	the senate Committee on Jobs, Energy, and Community Development
18	and the house Committee on Regulated Industries, recommendations
19	for the amount of and method for assessing a fee that would
20	apply to each service provider based upon the number of
21	Minnesota telephone numbers in use by current customers of the
22	service provider. The fee would be set at a level calculated to
23	generate only the amount of revenue necessary to fund:
24	(1) the telephone assistance program and the
25	telecommunications access Minnesota program at the levels
26	established by the commission under sections 237.52, subdivision
27	2, and 237.70; and
28	(2) the 911 emergency and public safety communications
29	program at the levels appropriated by law to the commissioner of
30	public safety and the commissioner of finance for purposes of
31	sections 403.11, 403.113, 403.27, 403.30, and 403.31 for each
32	fiscal year.
33	(b) The recommendations must include any changes to
34	Minnesota Statutes necessary to establish the procedures whereby
35	each service provider, to the extent allowed under federal law,
36	would collect and remit the fee proceeds to the commissioner of

.

1	revenue. The commissioner of revenue would allocate the fee
2	proceeds to the three funding areas in paragraph (a) and credit
3	the allocations to the appropriate accounts.
4	(c) The recommendations must be designed to allow the
5	combined per telephone number fee to be collected beginning July
6	1, 2006. The per access line fee used to collect revenues to
7	support the TAP, TAM, and 911 programs remains in effect until
8	the statutory changes necessary to implement the per telephone
9	number fee have become effective.
10	(d) As part of the process of developing the
11	recommendations and preparing the report to the legislature
12	required under paragraph (a), the commissioner of commerce must,
13	at a minimum, consult regularly with the Departments of Public
14	Safety, Finance, and Administration, the Public Utilities
15	Commission, service providers, the chairs and ranking minority
16	members of the senate and house committees, subcommittees, and
17	divisions having jurisdiction over telecommunications and public
18	safety, and other affected parties.
19	Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 237.701,
20	subdivision 1, is amended to read:
21	Subdivision 1. [FUND CREATED; AUTHORIZED EXPENDITURES.]
22	The telephone assistance fund is created as a separate account
23	in the state treasury to consist of amounts received by the
24	commissioner of public safety representing the surcharge
25	authorized by section 237.70, subdivision 6, and amounts earned
26	on the fund assets. Money in the fund may be used only for:
27	(1) reimbursement to local service providers for expenses
28	and credits allowed in section 237.70, subdivision 7, paragraph
29	(d), clause (5);
30	(2) reimbursement of the <u>reasonable</u> administrative expenses
31	of the commission net-to-exceed-\$257000-annually, a portion of
32	which may be used for periodic promotional activities,
33	including, but not limited to, radio or newspaper
34	advertisements, to inform eligible households of the
35	availability of the telephone assistance program; and
36	(3) reimbursement of the statewide indirect cost of the

Article 2 Section 59 179

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 commission.

Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 239.011,
3 subdivision 2, is amended to read:

4 Subd. 2. [DUTIES AND POWERS.] To carry out the 5 responsibilities in section 239.01 and subdivision 1, the 6 director:

(1) shall take charge of, keep, and maintain in good order
8 the standard of weights and measures of the state and keep a
9 seal so formed as to impress, when appropriate, the letters
10 "MINN" and the date of sealing upon the weights and measures
11 that are sealed;

(2) has general supervision of the weights, measures, and
weighing and measuring devices offered for sale, sold, or in use
in the state;

(3) shall maintain traceability of the state standards to
the national standards of the National Institute of Standards
and Technology;

18 (4) shall enforce this chapter;

(5) shall grant variances from department rules, within the limits set by rule, when appropriate to maintain good commercial practices or when enforcement of the rules would cause undue hardship;

(6) shall conduct investigations to ensure compliance withthis chapter;

(7) may delegate to division personnel the
 responsibilities, duties, and powers contained in this section;

(8) shall test annually, and approve when found to be
correct, the standards of weights and measures used by the
division, by a town, statutory or home rule charter city, or
county within the state, or by a person using standards to
repair, adjust, or calibrate commercial weights and measures;

32 (9) shall inspect and test weights and measures kept,33 offered, or exposed for sale;

(10) shall inspect and test, to ascertain if they are
 correct, weights and measures commercially used to:

36 (i) determine the weight, measure, or count of commodities

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

or things sold, offered, or exposed for sale, on the basis of
 weight, measure, or count; and

3 (ii) compute the basic charge or payment for services4 rendered on the basis of weight, measure, or count;

5 (11) shall approve for use and mark weights and measures6 that are found to be correct;

7 (12) shall reject, and mark as rejected, weights and
8 measures that are found to be incorrect and may seize them if
9 those weights and measures:

10 (i) are not corrected within the time specified by the 11 director;

(ii) are used or disposed of in a manner not specificallyauthorized by the director; or

(iii) are found to be both incorrect and not capable of being made correct, in which case the director shall condemn those weights and measures;

(13) shall weigh, measure, or inspect packaged commodities 17 18 kept, offered, or exposed for sale, sold, or in the process of delivery, to determine whether they contain the amount 19 20 represented and whether they are kept, offered, or exposed for sale in accordance with this chapter and department rules. 21 In carrying out this section, the director must employ recognized 22 sampling procedures, such as those contained in National 23 Institute of Standards and Technology Handbook 133, "Checking 24 the Net Contents of Packaged Goods"; 25

(14) shall prescribe the appropriate term or unit of weight
or measure to be used for a specific commodity when an existing
term or declaration of quantity does not facilitate value
comparisons by consumers, or creates an opportunity for consumer
confusion;

(15) shall allow reasonable variations from the stated quantity of contents, including variations caused by loss or gain of moisture during the course of good distribution practice or by unavoidable deviations in good manufacturing practice, only after the commodity has entered commerce within the state; (16) shall inspect and test petroleum products in

Article 2

Section 60

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 accordance with this chapter and chapter 296A;

(17) shall distribute and post notices for used motor oil
and used motor oil filters and lead acid battery recycling in
accordance with sections 239.54, 325E.11, and 325E.115;

5 (18) shall collect inspection fees in accordance with 6 sections 239.10 and 239.101; and

7 (19) shall provide metrological services and support to 8 businesses and individuals in the United States who wish to 9 market products and services in the member nations of the 10 European Economic Community, and other nations outside of the 11 United States by:

(i) meeting, to the extent practicable, the measurement
quality assurance standards described in the International
Standards Organization ISO 90007-Guide-25 17025;

(ii) maintaining, to the extent practicable, certification
 of the metrology laboratory by a-governing-body-appointed-by-the
 European-Economic-Community an internationally accepted

18 accrediting body such as the National Voluntary Laboratory

19 Accreditation Program (NVLAP); and

(iii) providing calibration and consultation services to
metrology laboratories in government and private industry in the
United States.

23 Sec. 61. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 239.05, is 24 amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3a. [AUTOMOTIVE FUEL.] For the purpose of enforcing
 the gasoline octane requirements in section 239.792, "automotive
 fuel" has the meaning given it in Code of Federal Regulations,
 title 16, section 306.0.

<u>20</u> <u>citie 10, section 500.0.</u>

Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 239.05,
subdivision 10b, is amended to read:

Subd. 10b. [OXYGENATE <u>ETHANOL</u> BLENDER.] "Oxygenate <u>Ethanol</u> blender" means a person who has-registered-with-the-division-to blend-and-distribute7-transport7-sell7-or-offer <u>blends and</u> distributes, transports, sells, or offers to sell gasoline containing a-minimum-of-2:0-percent7-and-an-average-of-2:7 <u>ten</u> percent oxygen <u>ethanol</u> by weight <u>volume</u>. 3

Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 239.09, is
 amended to read:

239.09 [SPECIAL POLICE POWERS.]

When necessary to enforce this chapter or rules adopted under the authority granted by section 239.06, the director is:

6 (1) authorized and empowered to arrest, without formal
7 warrant, any violator of sections 325E.11 and 325E.115 or of the
8 statute in relation to weights and measures;

9 (2) empowered to seize for use as evidence and without 10 formal warrant, any false weight, measure, weighing or measuring 11 device, package, or commodity found to be used, retained, or 12 offered or exposed for sale or sold in violation of law;

(3) during normal business hours, authorized to entercommercial premises;

(4) if the premises are not open to the public, authorized
to enter commercial premises only after presenting credentials
and obtaining consent or after obtaining a search warrant;

(5) empowered to issue stop-use, hold, and removal orders with respect to weights and measures commercially used, and packaged commodities or bulk commodities kept, offered, or exposed for sale, that do not comply with the weights and measures laws; and

(6) empowered, upon reasonable suspicion of a violation of
the weights and measures laws, to stop a commercial vehicle and,
after presentation of credentials, inspect the contents of the
vehicle, require that the person in charge of the vehicle
produce documents concerning the contents, and require the
person to proceed with the vehicle to some specified place for
inspection; and

<u>(7) empowered, after written warning, to issue citations of</u>
<u>not less than \$100 and not more than \$500 to a person who</u>
<u>violates any provision of this chapter, any provision of the</u>
<u>rules adopted under the authority contained in this chapter, or</u>
<u>any provision of statutes enforced by the division of weights</u>
<u>and measures.</u>
Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 239.101,

Article 2 Section 64

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

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subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [PETROLEUM INSPECTION FEE.] (a) An inspection fee 2 is imposed (1) on petroleum products when received by the first 3 licensed distributor, and (2) on petroleum products received and 4 held for sale or use by any person when the petroleum products 5 have not previously been received by a licensed distributor. 6 The petroleum inspection fee is \$1 for every 1,000 gallons 7 received. The commissioner of revenue shall collect the fee. 8 The revenue from 81 cents of the fee must-first-be-applied-to 9 cover-the-amounts-appropriated---Fifteen-cents-of-the-inspection 10 fee-must-be-deposited-in-an-account-in-the-special-revenue-fund 11 and is appropriated to the commissioner of commerce for the cost 12 of petroleum-product-quality-inspection-expenses-and-for-the 13 inspection-and-testing-of-petroleum-product-measuring 14 equipment operations of the Division of Weights and Measures, 15 16 petroleum supply monitoring, and the oil burner retrofit 17 The remainder of the fee must be deposited in the program. general fund. 18

The commissioner of revenue shall ereit credit a person for inspection fees previously paid in error or for any material exported or sold for export from the state upon filing of a report as prescribed by the commissioner of revenue.

(c) The commissioner of revenue may collect the inspection
fee along with any taxes due under chapter 296A.

Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 239.75,
subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [INSPECTION TO BE MADE.] The director shall:
(1) take samples, free of charge, of petroleum products
wherever processed, blended, held, stored, imported,
transferred, offered for sale or use, or sold in Minnesota,
limiting each sample to:

32 (i)-two-tenths-of-one <u>one-half</u> gallon;-except-when-an
 33 octane-test-is-planned;-or

(ii)-seven-tenths-of-one-gallon-for-an-octane-test;
 (2) inspect and test petroleum product samples according to
 the methods of ASTM or other valid test methods adopted by rule,

to determine whether the products comply with the specifications
 in section 239.761;

3 (3) inspect petroleum product storage tanks to ensure that
4 the products are free from water and impurities;

5 (4) inspect and test samples submitted to the department by 6 a licensed distributor, making the test results available to the 7 distributor;

8 (5) inspect the labeling, price posting, and price 9 advertising of petroleum product dispensers and advertising 10 signs at businesses or locations where petroleum products are 11 sold, offered for sale or use, or dispensed into motor vehicles; 12 (6) maintain records of all inspections and tests according 13 to the records retention policies of the Department of

14 Administration;

(7) delegate to division personnel, at the director's
discretion, any or all of the responsibilities, duties, and
powers in sections 239.75 to 239.80;

(8) publish eetane test data and information to assist
persons who use, produce and, distribute, or sell gaseline-and
gaseline-exygenate-blends petroleum-based heating and engine
fuels;

(9) register-gasoline-oxygenate-blenders-according-to-the
 requirements-of-the-EPA;

(10) audit the records of any person responsible for the 24 25 product to determine compliance with sections 239.75 to 239.792; (11) after consulting with the commissioner of-the 26 Pollution-Control-Agency, grant a temporary exemption from the 27 oxygenated-gasoline-ethanol blending requirements in 28 29 section 239.791 if the supply of exygenate ethanol is insufficient to produce gasoline-exygenate gasoline-ethanol 30 blends during-an-EPA-designated-carbon-monoxide-control-period; 31 32 and

33 (12) (11) adopt, as an enforcement policy for the division,
34 reasonable margins of uncertainty for the tests used to
35 determine compliance with the specifications in section 239.761,
36 the oxygen percentages in section 239.791, and the octane

Article 2

Section 65

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185
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[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

04/25/05

requirements in section 239.792 and apply the margins of 1 uncertainty to only tests performed by the division, not by 2 adding the margins to uncertainties in tests performed by any 3 person responsible for the product. 4 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 239.75, 5 subdivision 5, is amended to read: 6 Subd. 5. [PRODUCT QUALITY, RESPONSIBILITY.] After a 7 gasoline-product petroleum-based engine fuel is purchased, 8 transferred, or otherwise removed from a refinery or terminal, 9 the person responsible for the product shall: 10 (1) keep the product free from contamination with water and 11 impurities; 12 (2) not blend the product with dissimilar petroleum 13 products, for example, gasoline must not be blended with diesel 14 fuel; 15 (3) not blend the product with any contaminant, dye, 16 17 chemical, or additive, except: (i) agriculturally derived, denatured ethanol that complies 18 with the specifications in this chapter; 19 (ii) an antiknock additive, or an additive designed to 20 replace tetra-ethyl lead, that is registered by the EPA; or 21 (iii) a dye to distinguish heating fuel from low sulfur 22 diesel fuel; and or 23 24 (iv) biodiesel fuel that complies with the specifications 25 in this chapter; and (4) maintain a record of the name or chemical composition 26 27 of the additive, with the product shipping manifest or bill of lading for one year after the date of the manifest or bill. 28 29 Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 239.761, is 30 amended to read: 239.761 [PETROLEUM PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS.] 31 32 Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] A person responsible for 33 the product must meet the specifications in this section. The specifications apply to petroleum products processed, held, 34 stored, imported, transferred, distributed, offered for 35 distribution, offered for sale or use, or sold in Minnesota. 36

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186
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[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 Subd. 2. [COORDINATION WITH DEPARTMENTS OF REVENUE AND 2 AGRICULTURE.] The petroleum product specifications in this 3 section are intended to match the definitions and specifications 4 in sections 41A.09 and 296A.01. Petroleum products named in 5 this section are defined in section 296A.01.

Subd. 3. [GASOLINE.] (a) Gasoline that is not blended with
ethanol must not be contaminated with water or other impurities
and must comply with ASTM specification D4014-01 D4814-014.
Gasoline that is not blended with ethanol must also comply with
the volatility requirements in Code of Federal Regulations,
title 40, part 80.

(b) After gasoline is sold, transferred, or otherwise
removed from a refinery or terminal, a person responsible for
the product:

(1) may blend the gasoline with agriculturally derived
ethanol as provided in subdivision 4;

17 (2) shall not blend the gasoline with any oxygenate other18 than denatured, agriculturally derived ethanol;

(3) shall not blend the gasoline with other petroleum
products that are not gasoline or denatured, agriculturally
derived ethanol;

(4) shall not blend the gasoline with products commonly and
commercially known as casinghead gasoline, absorption gasoline,
condensation gasoline, drip gasoline, or natural gasoline; and

(5) may blend the gasoline with a detergent additive, an
antiknock additive, or an additive designed to replace
tetra-ethyl lead, that is registered by the EPA.

Subd. 4. [GASOLINE BLENDED WITH ETHANOL.] (a) Gasoline may be blended with up to ten percent, by volume, agriculturally derived, denatured ethanol that complies with the requirements of subdivision 5.

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(b) A gasoline-ethanol blend must:

(1) comply with the volatility requirements in Code of
Federal Regulations, title 40, part 80;

35 (2) comply with ASTM specification D4814-01 <u>D4814-04a</u>, or 36 the gasoline base stock from which a gasoline-ethanol blend was

Article 2 Section 67

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 produced must comply with ASTM specification B4814-01 D4814-04a; 2 and

3 (3) not be blended with casinghead gasoline, absorption gasoline, condensation gasoline, drip gasoline, or natural 4 gasoline after the gasoline-ethanol blend has been sold, 5 transferred, or otherwise removed from a refinery or terminal. 6 7 Subd. 5. [DENATURED ETHANOL.] Denatured ethanol that is to be blended with gasoline must be agriculturally derived and must 8 comply with ASTM specification B4886-81 D4806-04a. 9 This includes the requirement that ethanol may be denatured only as 10 specified in Code of Federal Regulations, title 27, parts 20 and 11 12 21.

Subd. 6. [GASOLINE BLENDED WITH NONETHANOL OXYGENATE.] (a)
A person responsible for the product shall comply with the
following requirements:

(1) after July 1, 2000, gasoline containing in excess of
one-third of one percent, in total, of nonethanol oxygenates
listed in paragraph (b) must not be sold or offered for sale at
any time in this state; and

(2) after July 1, 2005, gasoline containing any of the
nonethanol oxygenates listed in paragraph (b) must not be sold
or offered for sale in this state.

(b) The oxygenates prohibited under paragraph (a) are:
(1) methyl tertiary butyl ether, as defined in section
25 296A.01, subdivision 34;

(2) ethyl tertiary butyl ether, as defined in section
27 296A.01, subdivision 18; or

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(3) tertiary amyl methyl ether.

(c) Gasoline that is blended with a nonethanol oxygenate
must comply with ASTM specification B4814-01 D4814-04a.
Nonethanol oxygenates must not be blended into gasoline after
the gasoline has been sold, transferred, or otherwise removed
from a refinery or terminal.

34 Subd. 7. [HEATING FUEL OIL.] Heating fuel oil must comply 35 with ASTM specification D396-012a.

36 Subd. 8. [DIESEL FUEL OIL.] Diesel fuel oil must comply

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 with ASTM specification B975-01a D975-04b, except that diesel 2 fuel oil is not required to meet the diesel lubricity standard until the date that the biodiesel fuel requirement in section 3 239.77, subdivision 2, becomes effective or December 31, 2005, 4 whichever comes first. 5 [KEROSENE.] Kerosene must comply with ASTM 6 Subd. 9. specification D3699-01 D3699-03. 7 Subd. 10. [AVIATION GASOLINE.] Aviation gasoline must 8 comply with ASTM specification B910-00 D910-04. 9 Subd. 11. [AVIATION TURBINE FUEL, JET FUEL.] Aviation 10 11 turbine fuel and jet fuel must comply with ASTM specification б655-0± D1655-04. 12 13 Subd. 12. [GAS TURBINE FUEL OIL.] Fuel oil for use in nonaviation gas turbine engines must comply with ASTM 14 specification D2880-00 D2880-03. 15 Subd. 13. [E85.] A blend of ethanol and gasoline, 16 containing at least 60 percent ethanol and not more than 85 17 percent ethanol, produced for use as a motor fuel in alternative 18 fuel vehicles as defined in section 296A.01, subdivision 5, must 19 comply with ASTM specification D5798-99 (2004). 20 21 Subd. 14. [M85.] A blend of methanol and gasoline, containing at least 85 percent methanol, produced for use as a 22 motor fuel in alternative fuel vehicles as defined in section 23 296A.01, subdivision 5, must comply with ASTM specification 24 25 D5797-96. 26 Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 239.77, is 27 amended by adding a subdivision to read: 28 Subd. 4. [DISCLOSURE.] A refinery or terminal shall provide, at the time diesel fuel is sold or transferred from the 29 refinery or terminal, a bill of lading or shipping manifest to 30 the person who receives the fuel. For biodiesel-blended 31 product, the bill of lading or shipping manifest must disclose 32 biodiesel content, stating volume percentage, or gallons of 33 34 biodiesel per gallons of petroleum diesel base-stock, or an ASTM "Bxx" designation where "xx" denotes the volume percent 35 biodiesel included in the blended product. This subdivision 36

Article 2 Section 68 189

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

<u>does not apply to sales or transfers of biodiesel blend stock</u>
 <u>between refineries</u>, between terminals, or between a refinery and

3 <u>a terminal.</u>

Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 239.79,
subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [SALE OF CERTAIN PETROLEUM PRODUCTS ON GROSS 6 VOLUME BASIS.] A person responsible for the products listed in 7 this subdivision shall transfer, ship, distribute, offer for 8 distribution, sell, or offer to sell the products by volume. 9 Volumetric measurement of the product must not be temperature 10 11 compensated, or adjusted by any other factor. This subdivision applies to gasoline, number one and number two diesel fuel oils, 12 13 number one and number two heating fuel oils, kerosene, denatured 14 ethanol that-is-to-be-blended-into-gasoline,-and-an-oxygenate that-is-to-be-blended-into-gasoline, and biodiesel. 15 This subdivision does not apply to the measurement of petroleum 16 products transferred, sold, or traded between refineries, 17 between refineries and terminals, or between terminals. 18

Sec. 70. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 239.791,subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [MINIMUM ETHANOL CONTENT REQUIRED.] (a) Except as provided in subdivisions 10 to 14, a person responsible for the product shall ensure that all gasoline sold or offered for sale in Minnesota must contain at least 10.0 percent denatured ethanol by volume.

26 (b) For purposes of enforcing the minimum ethanol requirement of paragraph (a), a gasoline/ethanol blend will be 27 28 construed to be in compliance if the ethanol content, exclusive of denaturants and permitted contaminants, comprises not less 29 30 than 9.2 percent by volume and not more than 10.0 percent by volume of the blend as determined by an appropriate United 31 States Environmental Protection Agency or American Society of 32 33 Testing Materials standard method of analysis of alcohol/ether 34 content in motor engine fuels.

35 Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 239.791,
36 subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [OXYGENATE ETHANOL RECORDS; STATE AUDIT.] The 1 director shall audit the records of registered exygenate ethanol 2 blenders to ensure that each blender has met all requirements in 3 this chapter. Specific information or data relating to sales 4 figures or to processes or methods of production unique to the 5 blender or that would tend to adversely affect the competitive 6 position of the blender must be only for the confidential use of 7 the director, unless otherwise specifically authorized by the 8 registered blender. 9

Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 239.791,
subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [DISCLOSURE.] A refinery or terminal, shall 12 provide, at the time gasoline is sold or transferred from the 13 14 refinery or terminal, a bill of lading or shipping manifest to the person who receives the gasoline. For oxygenated gasoline, 15 the bill of lading or shipping manifest must include the 16 17 identity and the volume percentage or gallons of oxygenate included in the gasoline, and it must state: "This fuel 18 contains an oxygenate. Do not blend this fuel with ethanol or 19 with any other oxygenate." For-nonoxygenated-gasoline-sold-or 20 21 transferred-before-October-1,-1997,-the-bill-or-manifest-must 22 state:--"This-fuel-must-not-be-sold-at-retail-in-a-carbon monoxide-control-area." For nonoxygenated gasoline sold or 23 transferred after September 30, 1997, the bill or manifest must 24 state: "This fuel is not oxygenated. It must not be sold at 25 retail in Minnesota." This subdivision does not apply to sales 26 or transfers of gasoline between refineries, between terminals, 27 or between a refinery and a terminal. 28

Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 239.791,
subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. [EXEMPTION FOR CERTAIN BLEND PUMPS.] (a) A person responsible for the product, who offers for sale, sells, or dispenses nonoxygenated premium gasoline under one or more of the exemptions in subdivisions 10 to 14, may sell, offer for sale, or dispense oxygenated gasoline that contains less than the minimum amount of ethanol required under subdivision 1 if

Article 2 Section 73 191

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 all of the following conditions are met:

2 (1) the blended gasoline has an octane rating of 88 or3 greater;

4 (2) the gasoline is a blend of oxygenated gasoline meeting
5 the requirements of subdivision 1 with nonoxygenated premium
6 gasoline;

7 (3) the blended gasoline contains not more than ten percent
8 nonoxygenated premium gasoline;

9 (4) the blending of oxygenated gasoline with nonoxygenated 10 gasoline occurs within the gasoline dispenser; and

(5) the gasoline station at which the gasoline is sold, offered for sale, or delivered is equipped to store gasoline in not more than two storage tanks.

(b) This subdivision applies only to those persons who meet the conditions in <u>paragraph (a)</u>, clauses (1) through (5), on the effective-date-of-this-act <u>August 1, 2004</u>, and have registered with the director within three months of the-effective <u>that</u> date ef-this-act.

Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 239.792, isamended to read:

239.792 [GASOLINE-OCTANE AUTOMOTIVE FUEL RATINGS,
22 CERTIFICATION, AND POSTING.]

Subdivision 1. [DESCLOSURE DUTIES OF REFINERS, IMPORTERS, 23 24 AND PRODUCERS.] A manufacturer,-hauler,-blender,-agent,-jobber, 25 consignment-agent refiner, importer, or distributor-who-sells, delivers7-or-distributes-gasoline-or-gasoline-oxygenate-blends7 26 shall-provide;-at-the-time-of-delivery;-a-bill-of-lading-or 27 shipping-manifest-to-the-person-who-receives-the-gasoline---The 28 bill-or-manifest-must-state-the-minimum-octane-of-the-gasoline 29 30 delivered --- The-stated-octane-number-must-be-the-average-of-the 31 "motor-method"-octane-number-and-the-"research-method"-octane 32 number-as-determined-by-the-test-methods-in-ASTM-specification 33 B4814-017-or-by-a-test-method-adopted-by-department rule producer of automotive fuel must comply with the automotive 34 fuel rating, certification, and record-keeping requirements of 35 36 Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.5 to 306.7.

1	Subd. 2. [BISPENSER-LABELING DUTIES OF DISTRIBUTORS.] A
2	person-responsible-for-the-product-shall-elearly,-conspicuously,
3	and-permanently-label-each-gasoline-dispenser-that-is-used-to
4	sell-gasoline-or-gasoline-oxygenate-blends-at-retail-or-to
5	dispense-gasoline-or-gasoline-oxygenate-blends-into-the-fuel
6	supply-tanks-of-motor-vehicles,-with-the-minimum-octane-of-the
7	gasoline-dispensedThe-label-must-meet-the-following
8	requirements:
9	{a}-The-octane-number-displayed-on-the-label-must-represent
10	the-average-of-the-"motor-method"-octane-number-and-the
11	"research-method"-octane-number-as-determined-by-the-test
12	methods-in-ASTM-specification-B4814-01,-or-by-a-test-method
13	adopted-by-department-rule-
14	<pre>(b)-The-label-must-be-at-least-2-1/2-inches-high-and-three</pre>
15	inches-wide7-with-a-yellow-background7-black-border7-and-black
16	figures-and-letters.
17	(c)-The-number-representing-the-octane-of-the-gasoline-must
18	be-at-least-one-inch-high.
19	(d)-The-label-must-include-the-words-"minimum-octane"-and
19 20	(d)-The-label-must-include-the-words-"minimum-octane"-and the-term-"(R+M)/2"-or-"(RON+MON)/2." <u>A licensed distributor of</u>
20	the-term-"(R+M)/2"-or-"(RON+MON)/2-" A licensed distributor of
20 21	the-term-"(R+M)/2"-or-"(RON+MON)/2-" A licensed distributor of automotive fuel must comply with the certification and
20 21 22	the-term-"(R+M)/2"-or-"(RON+MON)/2-" A licensed distributor of automotive fuel must comply with the certification and record-keeping provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title
20 21 22 23	the-term-"(R+M)/2"-er-"(RON+MON)/2-" A licensed distributor of automotive fuel must comply with the certification and record-keeping provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.8 and 306.9.
20 21 22 23 24	<pre>the-term-"(R+M)/2"-or-"(RON+MON)/2-" A licensed distributor of automotive fuel must comply with the certification and record-keeping provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.8 and 306.9. Subd. 3. [DUTIES OF RETAILERS.] A person responsible for</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25	<pre>the-term-"(R+M)/2"-er-"(RON+MON)/2-" A licensed distributor of automotive fuel must comply with the certification and record-keeping provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.8 and 306.9. Subd. 3. [DUTIES OF RETAILERS.] A person responsible for the product who sells or transfers automotive fuel to a consumer</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26	<pre>the-term-"(R+M)/2"-er-"(RON+MON)/2." A licensed distributor of automotive fuel must comply with the certification and record-keeping provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.8 and 306.9. Subd. 3. [DUTIES OF RETAILERS.] A person responsible for the product who sells or transfers automotive fuel to a consumer must comply with the automotive fuel rating posting and</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27	<pre>the-term-"(R+M)/2"-er-"(RON+MON)/2." A licensed distributor of automotive fuel must comply with the certification and record-keeping provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.8 and 306.9. Subd. 3. [DUTIES OF RETAILERS.] A person responsible for the product who sells or transfers automotive fuel to a consumer must comply with the automotive fuel rating posting and record-keeping reguirements, and the label specifications of</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	<pre>the-term-"(R+M)/2"-er-"(RON+MON)/2." A licensed distributor of automotive fuel must comply with the certification and record-keeping provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.8 and 306.9. Subd. 3. [DUTIES OF RETAILERS.] A person responsible for the product who sells or transfers automotive fuel to a consumer must comply with the automotive fuel rating posting and record-keeping requirements, and the label specifications of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.10 to 306.12.</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29	<pre>the-term-"(R+M)/2"-or-"(RON+MON)/2." A licensed distributor of automotive fuel must comply with the certification and record-keeping provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.8 and 306.9. Subd. 3. [DUTIES OF RETAILERS.] A person responsible for the product who sells or transfers automotive fuel to a consumer must comply with the automotive fuel rating posting and record-keeping requirements, and the label specifications of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.10 to 306.12. Subd. 4. [DUTIES OF DIRECTOR.] Upon request, the director</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	<pre>the-term-"(R+M)/2"-er-"(RON+MON)/2-" A licensed distributor of automotive fuel must comply with the certification and record-keeping provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.8 and 306.9. Subd. 3. [DUTIES OF RETAILERS.] A person responsible for the product who sells or transfers automotive fuel to a consumer must comply with the automotive fuel rating posting and record-keeping requirements, and the label specifications of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.10 to 306.12. Subd. 4. [DUTIES OF DIRECTOR.] Upon request, the director shall provide any person with a copy of Code of Federal</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	<pre>the-term-"(R+M)/2"-or-"(RON+MON)/2-" A licensed distributor of automotive fuel must comply with the certification and record-keeping provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.8 and 306.9. Subd. 3. [DUTIES OF RETAILERS.] A person responsible for the product who sells or transfers automotive fuel to a consumer must comply with the automotive fuel rating posting and record-keeping requirements, and the label specifications of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.10 to 306.12. Subd. 4. [DUTIES OF DIRECTOR.] Upon request, the director shall provide any person with a copy of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, part 306. Upon request, the director</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32	<pre>the-term-"(R+M)/2"-er-"(REN+MEN)/2-" A licensed distributor of automotive fuel must comply with the certification and record-keeping provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.8 and 306.9. Subd. 3. [DUTIES OF RETAILERS.] A person responsible for the product who sells or transfers automotive fuel to a consumer must comply with the automotive fuel rating posting and record-keeping requirements, and the label specifications of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.10 to 306.12. Subd. 4. [DUTIES OF DIRECTOR.] Upon request, the director shall provide any person with a copy of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, part 306. Upon request, the director shall provide any distributor, retailer, or organization of</pre>
20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<pre>the-term-"(R+M)/2"-or-"(RON+MGN)/2." A licensed distributor of automotive fuel must comply with the certification and record-keeping provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.8 and 306.9. Subd. 3. [DUTIES OF RETAILERS.] A person responsible for the product who sells or transfers automotive fuel to a consumer must comply with the automotive fuel rating posting and record-keeping requirements, and the label specifications of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, sections 306.10 to 306.12. Subd. 4. [DUTIES OF DIRECTOR.] Upon request, the director shall provide any person with a copy of Code of Federal Regulations, title 16, part 306. Upon request, the director shall provide any distributor, retailer, or organization of distributors or retailers with the label specifications in Code</pre>

Article 2 Section 75 193

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

Subd. 2. [AGRICULTURAL ALCOHOL GASOLINE.] "Agricultural 1 alcohol gasoline" means a gasoline-ethanol blend of up to ten 2 percent agriculturally derived fermentation ethanol derived from 3 agricultural products, such as potatoes, cereal, grains, cheese 4 whey, sugar beets, forest products, or other renewable 5 resources, that: 6 (1) meets the specifications in ASTM specification B4806-017 D4806-04a; and 8 (2) is denatured as specified in Code of Federal 9 Regulations, title 27, parts 20 and 21. 10 Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 296A.01, 11 subdivision 7, is amended to read: 12 Subd. 7. [AVIATION GASOLINE.] "Aviation gasoline" means 13 any gasoline that is capable of use for the purpose of producing 14 or generating power for propelling internal combustion engine 15 aircraft, that meets the specifications in ASTM 16 specification B910-00 D910-04, and that either: 17 18 (1) is invoiced and billed by a producer, manufacturer, 19 refiner, or blender to a distributor or dealer, by a distributor to a dealer or consumer, or by a dealer to consumer, as 20 "aviation gasoline"; or 21 (2) whether or not invoiced and billed as provided in 22 23 clause (1), is received, sold, stored, or withdrawn from storage 24 by any person, to be used for the purpose of producing or generating power for propelling internal combustion engine 25 26 aircraft. Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 296A.01, 27 subdivision 8, is amended to read: 28 29 Subd. 8. [AVIATION TURBINE FUEL AND JET FUEL.] "Aviation turbine fuel" and "jet fuel" mean blends of hydrocarbons derived 30 31 from crude petroleum, natural gasoline, and synthetic 32 hydrocarbons, intended for use in aviation turbine engines, and 33 that meet the specifications in ASTM specification б655-0± D1655.04. 34 Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 296A.01, 35 36 subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. [DIESEL FUEL OIL.] "Diesel fuel oil" means a 1 2 petroleum distillate or blend of petroleum distillate and residual fuels, intended for use as a motor fuel in internal 3 combustion diesel engines, that meets the specifications in ASTM 4 specification B975-01A D975-04b, except that diesel fuel oil is 5 6 not required to meet the diesel lubricity standard until the 7 date that the biodiesel fuel requirement in section 239.77, subdivision 2, becomes effective or December 31, 2005, whichever 8 comes first. Diesel fuel includes number 1 and number 2 fuel 9 oils. K-1 kerosene is not diesel fuel unless it is blended with 10 11 diesel fuel for use in motor vehicles.

12 Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 296A.01, 13 subdivision 19, is amended to read:

14 Subd. 19. [E85.] "E85" means a petroleum product that is a 15 blend of agriculturally derived denatured ethanol and gasoline 16 or natural gasoline that typically contains 85 percent ethanol by volume, but at a minimum must contain 60 percent ethanol by 17 For the purposes of this chapter, the energy content of 18 volume. 19 E85 will be considered to be 82,000 BTUs per gallon. E85 produced for use as a motor fuel in alternative fuel vehicles as 20 defined in subdivision 5 must comply with ASTM specification 21 22 D5798-99 (2004).

23 Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 296A.01, 24 subdivision 20, is amended to read:

Subd. 20. [ETHANOL, DENATURED.] "Ethanol, denatured" means ethanol that is to be blended with gasoline, has been agriculturally derived, and complies with ASTM specification B4806-01 <u>D4806-04a</u>. This includes the requirement that ethanol may be denatured only as specified in Code of Federal

30 Regulations, title 27, parts 20 and 21.

31 Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 296A.01,
32 subdivision 22, is amended to read:

33 Subd. 22. [GAS TURBINE FUEL OIL.] "Gas turbine fuel oil" 34 means fuel that contains mixtures of hydrocarbon oils free of 35 inorganic acid and excessive amounts of solid or fibrous foreign 36 matter, intended for use in nonaviation gas turbine engines, and

Article 2 Section 81

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100 04/25/05 that meets the specifications in ASTM specification 1 Đ₴₽₽₽-00 D2880-03. 2 Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 296A.01, 3 4 subdivision 23, is amended to read: [GASOLINE.] (a) "Gasoline" means: Subd. 23. 5 (1) all products commonly or commercially known or sold as 6 gasoline regardless of their classification or uses, except 7 casinghead gasoline, absorption gasoline, condensation gasoline, 8 drip gasoline, or natural gasoline that under the requirements 9 of section 239.761, subdivision 3, must not be blended with 10 gasoline that has been sold, transferred, or otherwise removed 11 from a refinery or terminal; and 12 (2) any liquid prepared, advertised, offered for sale or 13 sold for use as, or commonly and commercially used as, a fuel in 14 spark-ignition, internal combustion engines, and that when 15 tested by the Weights and Measures Division meets the 16 17 specifications in ASTM specification B4814-01 D4814-04a. (b) Gasoline that is not blended with ethanol must not be 18 19 contaminated with water or other impurities and must comply with both ASTM specification B4814-01 D4814-04a and the volatility 20 21 requirements in Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 80. (c) After gasoline is sold, transferred, or otherwise 22 removed from a refinery or terminal, a person responsible for 23 24 the product: 25 (1) may blend the gasoline with agriculturally derived ethanol, as provided in subdivision 24; 26

(2) must not blend the gasoline with any oxygenate other
than denatured, agriculturally derived ethanol;

(3) must not blend the gasoline with other petroleum
products that are not gasoline or denatured, agriculturally
derived ethanol;

(4) must not blend the gasoline with products commonly and
commercially known as casinghead gasoline, absorption gasoline,
condensation gasoline, drip gasoline, or natural gasoline; and
(5) may blend the gasoline with a detergent additive, an
antiknock additive, or an additive designed to replace

1 tetra-ethyl lead, that is registered by the EPA.

Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 296A.01,
subdivision 24, is amended to read:

Subd. 24. [GASOLINE BLENDED WITH NONETHANOL OXYGENATE.] 4 "Gasoline blended with nonethanol oxygenate" means gasoline 5 blended with ETBE, MTBE, or other alcohol or ether, except 6 denatured ethanol, that is approved as an oxygenate by the EPA, 7 and that complies with ASTM specification B4814-01 D4814-04a. 8 Oxygenates, other than denatured ethanol, must not be blended 9 into gasoline after the gasoline has been sold, transferred, or 10 11 otherwise removed from a refinery or terminal.

Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 296A.01,subdivision 25, is amended to read:

14 Subd. 25. [GASOLINE BLENDED WITH ETHANOL.] "Gasoline blended with ethanol" means gasoline blended with up to ten 15 percent, by volume, agriculturally derived, denatured ethanol. 16 The blend must comply with the volatility requirements in Code 17 of Federal Regulations, title 40, part 80. The blend must also 18 19 comply with ASTM specification B4814-01 D4814-04a, or the 20 gasoline base stock from which a gasoline-ethanol blend was produced must comply with ASTM specification B4814-01 D4814-04a; 21 22 and the gasoline-ethanol blend must not be blended with casinghead gasoline, absorption gasoline, condensation gasoline, 23 24 drip gasoline, or natural gasoline after the gasoline-ethanol blend has been sold, transferred, or otherwise removed from a 25 refinery or terminal. The blend need not comply with ASTM 26 specification D4014-01 D4814-04a if it is subjected to a 27 standard distillation test. For a distillation test, a 28 gasoline-ethanol blend is not required to comply with the 29 temperature specification at the 50 percent liquid recovery 30 point, if the gasoline from which the gasoline-ethanol blend was 31 32 produced complies with all of the distillation specifications. Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 296A.01, 33

34 subdivision 26, is amended to read:

35 Subd. 26. [HEATING FUEL OIL.] "Heating fuel oil" means a 36 petroleum distillate, blend of petroleum distillates and

Article 2 Section 85 197

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100 04/25/05 residuals, or petroleum residual heating fuel that meets the 1 specifications in ASTM specification D396-01 D396-02a. 2 Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 296A.01, 3 subdivision 28, is amended to read: 4 Subd. 28. [KEROSENE.] "Kerosene" means a refined petroleum 5 distillate consisting of a homogeneous mixture of hydrocarbons 6 essentially free of water, inorganic acidic and basic compounds, 7 and excessive amounts of particulate contaminants and that meets 8 the specifications in ASTM specification D3699-01 D3699-03. 9 Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 298.22, is 10 amended by adding a subdivision to read: 11 Subd. 9. [SALE OR PRIVATIZATION OF FUNCTIONS.] The 12 commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation may not 13 sell or privatize any project area or function of the agency 14 without prior approval by a majority vote of the board. 15 Sec. 88. [325F.991] [911 EMERGENCY PHONE SERVICE 16 17 REPRESENTATIONS.] Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] For purposes of this 18 19 section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings 20 given them. 21 (a) "911 emergency telecommunications system" means a 22 dedicated emergency telecommunications system required by section 403.025. 23 (b) "Person" means an individual, corporation, firm, or 24 25 other legal entity. 26 (c) "Service provider" means a person doing business in Minnesota who provides real time, two-way voice service 27 interconnected with the public switched telephone network using 28 29 numbers allocated for Minnesota by the North American Numbering 30 Plan Administration. 31 Subd. 2. [REPRESENTATIONS OF 911 SERVICE.] A person shall 32 not advertise, market, or otherwise represent that the person furnishes a service capable of providing access to emergency 33 34 services by dialing 911 unless the person provides a service 35 that routes 911 calls through the 911 emergency 36 telecommunications system.

1	Subd. 3. [DISCLOSURE.] A service provider that does not
2	provide 911 dialing that routes 911 calls through the 911
3	emergency telecommunications system must disclose that fact in
4	all advertisements, marketing materials, and contracts. The
5	disclosure must be in capital letters, in 12-point font, and on
6	the front page of the advertisement, marketing materials, and
7	contracts. The disclosure must state: "THIS SERVICE DOES NOT
8	ROUTE 911 CALLS THROUGH THE 911 EMERGENCY SYSTEM."
9	Subd. 4. [CERTAIN CALLS NOT 911 CALLS.] For purposes of
10	this section, 911 calls routed to the general access number at a
11	public safety answering point do not qualify as being routed
12	through a 911 emergency telecommunications system.
13	Sec. 89. [354B.33] [IRON RANGE RESOURCES AND
14	REHABILITATION; EARLY SEPARATION INCENTIVE PROGRAM
15	AUTHORIZATION.]
16	(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the
17	commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation, in
18	consultation with the commissioner of employee relations, may
19	offer a targeted early separation incentive program for
20	employees of the commissioner who have attained the age of 60
21	years and have at least five years of allowable service credit
22	under chapter 352, or who have received credit for at least 30
23	years of allowable service under the provisions of chapter 352.
24	(b) The early separation incentive program may include one
25	or more of the following:
26	(1) employer-paid postseparation health, medical, and
27	dental insurance until age 65; and
28	(2) cash incentives that may, but are not required to be,
29	used to purchase additional years of service credit through the
30	Minnesota State Retirement System, to the extent that the
31	purchases are otherwise authorized by law.
32	(c) The commissioner of Iron Range resources and
33	rehabilitation shall establish eligibility requirements for
34	employees to receive an incentive.
35	(d) The commissioner of Iron Range Resources and
36	Rehabilitation, consistent with the established program

Article 2 Section 89

199

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[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

provisions under paragraph (b), and with the eligibility 1 requirements under paragraph (c), may designate specific 2 programs or employees as eligible to be offered the incentive 3 4 program. 5 (e) Acceptance of the offered incentive must be voluntary on the part of the employee and must be in writing. The 6 7 incentive may only be offered at the sole discretion of the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation. 8 (f) The cost of the incentive is payable solely by funds 9 10 made available to the commissioner of Iron Range resources and rehabilitation by law, but only on prior approval of the 11 expenditures by a majority of the Iron Range Resources and 12 13 Rehabilitation Board. (g) This section expires June 30, 2006. 14 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day 15 16 following final enactment. Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 357.021, 17 subdivision 1a, is amended to read: 18 19 Subd. la. [TRANSMITTAL OF FEES TO COMMISSIONER OF 20 FINANCE.] (a) Every person, including the state of Minnesota and 21 all bodies politic and corporate, who shall transact any 22 business in the district court, shall pay to the court administrator of said court the sundry fees prescribed in 23 24 subdivision 2. Except as provided in paragraph (d), the court administrator shall transmit the fees monthly to the 25 commissioner of finance for deposit in the state treasury and 26 credit to the general fund. \$30 of each fee collected in a 27 28 dissolution action under subdivision 2, clause (1), must be deposited by the commissioner of finance in the special revenue 29 fund to be appropriated to the commissioner of employment and 30 economic development for the displaced homemaker program under 31 section 116L.96. 32 33 (b) In a county which has a screener-collector position, fees paid by a county pursuant to this subdivision shall be 34

35 transmitted monthly to the county treasurer, who shall apply the 36 fees first to reimburse the county for the amount of the salary

paid for the screener-collector position. The balance of the 1 fees collected shall then be forwarded to the commissioner of 2 finance for deposit in the state treasury and credited to the 3 general fund. In a county in a judicial district under section 4 480.181, subdivision 1, paragraph (b), which has a 5 screener-collector position, the fees paid by a county shall be 6 transmitted monthly to the commissioner of finance for deposit 7 in the state treasury and credited to the general fund. 8 Α screener-collector position for purposes of this paragraph is an 9 employee whose function is to increase the collection of fines 10 and to review the incomes of potential clients of the public 11 defender, in order to verify eligibility for that service. 12

13 (c) No fee is required under this section from the public 14 authority or the party the public authority represents in an 15 action for:

(1) child support enforcement or modification, medical
assistance enforcement, or establishment of parentage in the
district court, or in a proceeding under section 484.702;

(2) civil commitment under chapter 253B;

(3) the appointment of a public conservator or public
guardian or any other action under chapters 252A and 525;
(4) wrongfully obtaining public assistance under section
256.98 or 256D.07, or recovery of overpayments of public
assistance;

25 (5) court relief under chapter 260;

(6) forfeiture of property under sections 169A.63 and
609.531 to 609.5317;

(7) recovery of amounts issued by political subdivisions or
public institutions under sections 246.52, 252.27, 256.045,
256.25, 256.87, 256B.042, 256B.14, 256B.15, 256B.37, 260B.331,
and 260C.331, or other sections referring to other forms of
public assistance;

34 (9) actions seeking monetary relief in favor of the state
35 pursuant to section 16D.14, subdivision 5.

36 (d) The fees collected for child support modifications

(8) restitution under section 611A.04; or

Article 2 Section 90 201

33

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

under subdivision 2, clause (13), must be transmitted to the
 county treasurer for deposit in the county general fund. The
 fees must be used by the county to pay for child support
 enforcement efforts by county attorneys.

5 Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 357.021,
6 subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FEE AMOUNTS.] The fees to be charged and
collected by the court administrator shall be as follows:

9 (1) In every civil action or proceeding in said court, 10 including any case arising under the tax laws of the state that 11 could be transferred or appealed to the Tax Court, the 12 plaintiff, petitioner, or other moving party shall pay, when the 13 first paper is filed for that party in said action, a fee of 14 \$235, except in marriage dissolution actions the fee is \$265.

15 The defendant or other adverse or intervening party, or any 16 one or more of several defendants or other adverse or 17 intervening parties appearing separately from the others, shall 18 pay, when the first paper is filed for that party in said 19 action, a fee of \$235, except in marriage dissolution actions 20 <u>the fee is \$265</u>.

21 The party requesting a trial by jury shall pay \$75. 22 The fees above stated shall be the full trial fee 23 chargeable to said parties irrespective of whether trial be to 24 the court alone, to the court and jury, or disposed of without 25 trial, and shall include the entry of judgment in the action, 26 but does not include copies or certified copies of any papers so filed or proceedings under chapter 103E, except the provisions 27 28 therein as to appeals.

(2) Certified copy of any instrument from a civil or
30 criminal proceeding, \$10, and \$5 for an uncertified copy.

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(3) Issuing a subpoena, \$12 for each name.

(4) Filing a motion or response to a motion in civil,
 family, excluding child support, and guardianship cases, \$55.

(5) Issuing an execution and filing the return thereof;
issuing a writ of attachment, injunction, habeas corpus,
mandamus, quo warranto, certiorari, or other writs not

Article 2 Section 91

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

04/25/05

1 specifically mentioned, \$40.

(6) Issuing a transcript of judgment, or for filing and
docketing a transcript of judgment from another court, \$30.

4 (7) Filing and entering a satisfaction of judgment, partial 5 satisfaction, or assignment of judgment, \$5.

6 (8) Certificate as to existence or nonexistence of
7 judgments docketed, \$5 for each name certified to.

8 (9) Filing and indexing trade name; or recording basic 9 science certificate; or recording certificate of physicians, 10 osteopaths, chiropractors, veterinarians, or optometrists, \$5. 11 (10) For the filing of each partial, final, or annual

12 account in all trusteeships, \$40.

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(11) For the deposit of a will, \$20.

14 (12) For recording notary commission, \$100, of which,
15 notwithstanding subdivision 1a, paragraph (b), \$80 must be
16 forwarded to the commissioner of finance to be deposited in the
17 state treasury and credited to the general fund.

(13) Filing a motion or response to a motion for
modification of child support, a fee fixed by rule or order of
the Supreme Court.

(14) All other services required by law for which no fee is 21 22 provided, such fee as compares favorably with those herein provided, or such as may be fixed by rule or order of the court. 23 (15) In addition to any other filing fees under this 24 chapter, a surcharge in the amount of \$75 must be assessed in 25 accordance with section 259.52, subdivision 14, for each 26 adoption petition filed in district court to fund the fathers' 27 adoption registry under section 259.52. 28

The fees in clauses (3) and (5) need not be paid by a public authority or the party the public authority represents. Sec. 92. [446A.083] [METHAMPHETAMINE LABORATORY CLEANUP REVOLVING FUND.]

33 <u>Subdivision 1.</u> [DEFINITIONS.] <u>As used in this section:</u> 34 (1) "clandestine lab site" has the meaning given in section 35 <u>152.0275</u>, subdivision 1, paragraph (a);

36 (2) "property" has the meaning given in section 152.0275,

203

Article 2 Section 92

	04/25/05 [COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100
1	subdivision 2, paragraph (a), but does not include motor
2	vehicles; and
3	(3) "remediate" has the meaning given to remediation in
4	section 152.0275, subdivision 1, paragraph (a).
5	Subd. 2. [FUND ESTABLISHED.] The authority shall establish
6	a methamphetamine laboratory cleanup revolving fund to provide
7	loans to counties and cities to remediate clandestine lab
8	sites. The fund must be credited with repayments.
9	Subd. 3. [APPLICATIONS.] Applications by a county or city
10	for a loan from the fund must be made to the authority on the
11	forms prescribed by the authority. The application must
12	include, but is not limited to:
13	(1) the amount of the loan requested and the proposed use
14	of the loan proceeds;
15	(2) the source of revenues to repay the loan; and
16	(3) certification by the county or city that it meets the
17	loan eligibility requirements of subdivision 4.
18	Subd. 4. [LOAN ELIGIBILITY.] A county or city is eligible
19	for a loan under this section if the county or city:
20	(1) identifies a site or sites designated by a local public
21	health department or law enforcement as a clandestine lab site;
22	(2) has required the site's property owner to remediate the
23	site at cost, under a local public health nuisance ordinance
24	that addresses clandestine lab remediation;
25	(3) certifies that the property owner cannot pay for the
26	remediation immediately;
27	(4) certifies that the property owner has not properly
28	remediated the site; and
29	(5) issues a revenue bond payable to the authority to
30	secure the loan.
31	Subd. 5. [USE OF LOAN PROCEEDS; REIMBURSEMENT BY PROPERTY
32	OWNER.] (a) A loan recipient shall use the loan to remediate the
33	clandestine lab site or if this has already been done to
34	reimburse the applicable county or city fund for costs paid by
35	the recipient to remediate the clandestine lab site.
36	(b) A loan recipient shall seek reimbursement from the

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1	owner of the property containing the clandestine lab site for
2	the costs of the remediation. In addition to other lawful means
3	of seeking reimbursement, the loan recipient may recover its
4	costs through a property tax assessment by following the
5	procedures specified in section 145A.08, subdivision 2,
6	paragraph (c).
7	Subd. 6. [AWARD AND DISBURSEMENT OF FUNDS.] The authority
8	shall award loans to recipients on a first-come, first-served
9	basis, provided that the recipient is able to comply with the
10	terms and conditions of the authority loan, which must be in
11	conformance with this section. The authority shall make a
12	single disbursement of the loan upon receipt of a payment
13	request that includes a list of remediation expenses and
14	evidence that a second-party sampling was undertaken to ensure
15	that the remediation work was successful or a guarantee that
16	such a sampling will be undertaken.
17	Subd. 7. [LOAN CONDITIONS AND TERMS.] (a) When making
18	loans from the revolving fund, the authority shall comply with
19	the criteria in paragraphs (b) to (e).
20	(b) Loans must be made at a two percent per annum interest
21	rate for terms not to exceed ten years unless the recipient
22	requests a 20-year term due to financial hardship.
23	(c) The annual principal and interest payments must begin
24	no later than one year after completion of the clean up. Loans
25	must be amortized no later than 20 years after completion of the
26	clean up.
27	(d) A loan recipient must identify and establish a source
28	of revenue for repayment of the loan and must undertake whatever
29	steps are necessary to collect payments within one year of
30	receipt of funds from the authority.
31	(e) The fund must be credited with all payments of
32	principal and interest on all loans, except the costs as
33	permitted under section 446A.04, subdivision 5, paragraph (a).
34	(f) Loans must be made only to recipients with a local
35	public health nuisance ordinance that addresses clandestine lab
36	remediation.

Article 2 Section 92 205

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

Subd. 8. [AUTHORITY TO INCUR DEBT.] Counties and cities 1 may incur debt under this section by resolution of the board or 2 council authorizing issuance of a revenue bond to the authority. 3 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005. 4 Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 469.050, 5 subdivision 5, is amended to read: 6 Subd. 5. [PAY.] A commissioner, including the president, 7 must be paid \$35 \$55 for each regular or special port authority 8 meeting attended and shall receive reimbursement for expenses 9 incurred while performing duties. The advisory members of the 10 Duluth authority from the legislature must not be paid for their 11 service to the authority. 12 Sec. 94. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 469.1082, 13 subdivision 1, is amended to read: 14 Subdivision 1. [AUTHORITY TO CREATE.] A county located 15 outside-the-metropolitan-area may form a county economic 16 development authority or grant a housing and redevelopment 17 authority the powers specified in subdivision 4, clause (2), if 18 it receives a recommendation to do so from a committee formed 19 under subdivision 2. An economic development authority 20 established under this section has all the powers and rights of 21 an authority under sections 469.090 to 469.1081, except the 22 23 authority granted under section 469.094 if so limited under subdivision 4. This section is in addition to any other 24 25 authority to create a county economic development authority or 26 service provider. Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 469.310, 27 28 subdivision 11, is amended to read: 29 Subd. 11. [QUALIFIED BUSINESS.] (a) "Qualified-business" means A person carrying on a trade or business at a place of 30 business located within a job opportunity building zone is a 31 qualified business for the purposes of sections 469.310 to 32 469.320 according to the criteria in paragraphs (b) to (f). 33 (b) A person is a qualified business only on those parcels 34 35 of land for which the person has entered into a business subsidy 36 agreement, as required under section 469.313, with the

		04/25/05 [COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100
	1	appropriate local government unit in which the parcels are
	2	located.
	3	(c) Prior to execution of the business subsidy agreement,
	4	the local government unit must consider the following factors:
	5	(1) how wages compare to the regional industry average;
	6	(2) the number of jobs that will be provided relative to
	7	overall employment in the community;
	8	(3) the economic outlook for the industry the business will
	9	engage_in;
	10	(4) sales that will be generated from outside the state of
	11	Minnesota;
	12	(5) how the business will build on existing regional
	13	strengths or diversify the regional economy;
	14	(6) how the business will increase capital investment in
	15	the zone; and
	16	(7) any other criteria the commissioner deems necessary.
	17	$\frac{b}{d}$ (d) A person that relocates a trade or business from
	18	outside a job opportunity building zone into a zone is not a
	19	qualified business, unless the business meets all of the
	20	requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) and:
	21	(1) (i) increases full-time employment in the first full
	22	year of operation within the job opportunity building zone by $\mathtt{a} \mathtt{t}$
~	23	least a minimum of five jobs or 20 percent, whichever is
	24	greater, measured relative to the operations that were relocated
	25	and maintains the required level of employment for each year the
	26	zone designation applies; or
	27	(ii)-makes-a-capital-investment-in-the-property-located
	28	within-a-zone-equivalent-to-ten-percent-of-the-gross-revenues-of
	29	operation-that-were-relocated-in-the-immediately-preceding
	30	taxable-year; and
	31	(2) enters a binding written agreement with the
	32	commissioner that:
	33	(i) pledges the business will meet the requirements of
	34	clause (1);
	35	(ii) provides for repayment of all tax benefits enumerated
	36	under section 469.315 to the business under the procedures in

Article 2 Section 95 207

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

04/25/05	5/05
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section 469.319, if the requirements of clause (1) are not met 1 for the taxable year or for taxes payable during the year in 2 which the requirements were not met; and 3 (iii) contains any other terms the commissioner determines 4 5 appropriate. (e) The commissioner may waive the requirements under 6 paragraph (d), clause (1), if the commissioner determines that 7 the qualified business will substantially achieve the factors 8 9 under this subdivision. (f) A business is not a qualified business if, at its 10 location or locations in the zone, the business is primarily 11 engaged in making retail sales to purchasers who are physically 12 present at the business's zone location. 13 (g) A qualifying business must pay each employee 14 compensation, including benefits not mandated by law, that on an 15 16 annualized basis is equal to at least 110 percent of the federal poverty level for a family of four. 17 18 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day 19 following final enactment and applies to any business entering a business subsidy agreement for a job opportunity development 20 zone after that date, except that paragraph (b) is effective 21 retroactively from June 9, 2003. 22 Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 469.319, 23 24 subdivision 1, is amended to read: 25 Subdivision 1. [REPAYMENT OBLIGATION.] A business must 26 repay the amount of the total tax reduction listed in section 27 469.315 and any refund under section 469.318 in excess of tax liability, received during the two years immediately before it 28 29 ceased to operate in the zone, if the business: 30 (1) received tax reductions authorized by section 469.315; and 31 32 (2) (i) did not meet the goals specified in an agreement entered into with the applicant that states any obligation the 33 qualified business must fulfill in order to be eligible for tax 34 35 benefits. The commissioner of employment and economic 36 development may extend for up to one year the period for meeting

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

04/25/05 any goals provided in an agreement. The applicant may extend 1 the period for meeting other goals by documenting in writing the 2 reason for the extension and attaching a copy of the document to 3 its next annual report to the commissioner of employment and 4 economic development; or 5 (ii) ceased to operate its facility located within the job 6 opportunity building zone or otherwise ceases to be or is not a 7 8 qualified business. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day 9 following final enactment. 10 Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 469.319, is 11 amended by adding a subdivision to read: 12 13 Subd. 6. [RECONCILIATION.] Where this section is 14 inconsistent with section 116J.994, subdivision 3, paragraph (e), or 6, or any other provisions of sections 116J.993 to 15 116J.995, this section prevails. 16 17 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day following final enactment. 18 19 Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 469.320, 20 subdivision 3, is amended to read: Subd. 3. [REMEDIES.] If the commissioner determines, based 21 22 on a report filed under subdivision 1 or other available information, that a zone or subzone is failing to meet its 23 performance goals, the commissioner may take any actions the 24 commissioner determines appropriate, including modification of 25 the boundaries of the zone or a subzone or termination of the 26 zone or a subzone. Before taking any action, the commissioner 27 28 shall consult with the applicant and the affected local government units, including notifying them of the proposed 29 30 actions to be taken. The-commissioner-shall-publish-any-order modifying-a-zone-in-the-State-Register-and-on-the-Internet. 31 The applicant may appeal the commissioner's order under the 32 contested case procedures of chapter 14. 33 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day 34 following final enactment. 35 Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 469.330, 36

Section 99 Article 2 209

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 subdivision 11, is amended to read:

[QUALIFIED BUSINESS.] (a) "Qualified business" Subd. 11. 2 means a person carrying on a trade or business at a 3 biotechnology and health sciences industry facility located 4 within a biotechnology and health sciences industry zone. 5 Α person is a qualified business only on those parcels of land for 6 which it has entered into a business subsidy agreement, as 7 required under section 469.333, with the appropriate local 8 government unit in which the parcels are located. 9

(b) A person that relocates a biotechnology and health
sciences industry facility from outside a biotechnology and
health sciences industry zone into a zone is not a qualified
business, unless the business:

(1) (i) increases full-time employment in the first full year of operation within the biotechnology and health sciences industry zone by at least 20 percent measured relative to the operations that were relocated and maintains the required level of employment for each year the zone designation applies; or

(ii) makes a capital investment in the property located within a zone equivalent to ten percent of the gross revenues of operation that were relocated in the immediately preceding taxable year; and

(2) enters a binding written agreement with thecommissioner that:

(i) pledges the business will meet the requirements ofclause (1);

(ii) provides for repayment of all tax benefits enumerated
under section 469.336 to the business under the procedures in
section 469.340, if the requirements of clause (1) are not met;
and

(iii) contains any other terms the commissioner determinesappropriate.

33 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective retroactively
 34 from June 9, 2003.

35 Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 469.340,
36 subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Article 2 Section 100 210

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

04/25/05

1 Subdivision 1. [REPAYMENT OBLIGATION.] A business must 2 repay the amount of the tax reduction listed in section 469.336 3 and any refunds under sections 469.338 and 469.339 in excess of 4 tax liability, received during the two years immediately before 5 it ceased to operate in the zone, if the business:

6 (1) received tax reductions authorized by section 469.336;7 and

(2) (i) did not meet the goals specified in an agreement 8 entered into with the applicant that states any obligation the 9 qualified business must fulfill in order to be eligible for tax 10 benefits. The commissioner of employment and economic 11 development may extend for up to one year the period for meeting 12 13 any goals provided in an agreement. The applicant may extend 14 the period for meeting other goals by documenting in writing the 15 reason for the extension and attaching a copy of the document to its next annual report to the commissioner of employment and 16 economic development; or 17

(ii) ceased to operate its facility located within the
biotechnology and health sciences industry zone or otherwise
ceases to be or is not a qualified business.

21 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
22 following final enactment.

Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 517.08,
subdivision 1b, is amended to read:

25 Subd. 1b. [TERM OF LICENSE; FEE; PREMARITAL EDUCATION.] (a) The local registrar shall examine upon oath the party 26 applying for a license relative to the legality of the 27 28 contemplated marriage. If at the expiration of a five-day period, on being satisfied that there is no legal impediment to 29 30 it, including the restriction contained in section 259.13, the local registrar shall issue the license, containing the full 31 names of the parties before and after marriage, and county and 32 state of residence, with the county seal attached, and make a 33 34 record of the date of issuance. The license shall be valid for a period of six months. In case of emergency or extraordinary 35 circumstances, a judge of the district court of the county in 36

Article 2

Section 101

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

which the application is made, may authorize the license to be 1 issued at any time before the expiration of the five days. 2 Except as provided in paragraph (b), the local registrar shall 3 collect from the applicant a fee of \$85 \$100 for administering 4 the oath, issuing, recording, and filing all papers required, 5 and preparing and transmitting to the state registrar of vital 6 7 statistics the reports of marriage required by this section. If the license should not be used within the period of six months 8 due to illness or other extenuating circumstances, it may be 9 surrendered to the local registrar for cancellation, and in that 10 case a new license shall issue upon request of the parties of 11 12 the original license without fee. A local registrar who knowingly issues or signs a marriage license in any manner other 13 than as provided in this section shall pay to the parties 14 15 aggrieved an amount not to exceed \$1,000.

(b) The marriage license fee for parties who have completed 16 17 at least 12 hours of premarital education is \$20 \$35. In order to qualify for the reduced fee, the parties must submit a signed 18 19 and dated statement from the person who provided the premarital 20 education confirming that it was received. The premarital 21 education must be provided by a licensed or ordained minister or the minister's designee, a person authorized to solemnize 22 23 marriages under section 517.18, or a person authorized to 24 practice marriage and family therapy under section 148B.33. The education must include the use of a premarital inventory and the 25 teaching of communication and conflict management skills. 26

(c) The statement from the person who provided the
premarital education under paragraph (b) must be in the
following form:

"I, (name of educator), confirm that (names of both parties) received at least 12 hours of premarital education that included the use of a premarital inventory and the teaching of communication and conflict management skills. I am a licensed or ordained minister, a person authorized to solemnize marriages under Minnesota Statutes, section 517.18, or a person licensed to practice marriage and family therapy under Minnesota

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

04/25/05

1 Statutes, section 148B.33."

The names of the parties in the educator's statement must be identical to the legal names of the parties as they appear in the marriage license application. Notwithstanding section 138.17, the educator's statement must be retained for seven years, after which time it may be destroyed.

(d) If section 259.13 applies to the request for a marriage
license, the local registrar shall grant the marriage license
without the requested name change. Alternatively, the local
registrar may delay the granting of the marriage license until
the party with the conviction:

(1) certifies under oath that 30 days have passed since service of the notice for a name change upon the prosecuting authority and, if applicable, the attorney general and no objection has been filed under section 259.13; or

16 (2) provides a certified copy of the court order granting 17 it. The parties seeking the marriage license shall have the 18 right to choose to have the license granted without the name 19 change or to delay its granting pending further action on the 20 name change request.

Sec. 102. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 517.08,
subdivision 1c, is amended to read:

Subd. 1c. [DISPOSITION OF LICENSE FEE.] (a) Of the marriage license fee collected pursuant to subdivision 1b, paragraph (a), \$15 must be retained by the county. The local registrar must pay \$70 \$85 to the commissioner of finance to be deposited as follows:

28 (1) \$50 in the general fund;

(2) \$3 in the special revenue fund to be appropriated to
the commissioner of education for parenting time centers under
section 119A.37;

32 (3) \$2 in the special revenue fund to be appropriated to
33 the commissioner of health for developing and implementing the
34 MN ENABL program under section 145.9255;

35 (4) $$\pm 0$ \$25 in the special revenue fund to be appropriated 36 to the commissioner of employment and economic development for

Article 2 Section 102

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 the displaced homemaker program under section 116L.96; and

(5) \$5 in the special revenue fund to be appropriated to
the commissioner of human services for the Minnesota Healthy
Marriage and Responsible Fatherhood Initiative under section
256.742.

(b) Of the \$20 \$35 fee under subdivision 1b, paragraph (b),
\$15 must be retained by the county. The local registrar must
pay \$5 \$20 to the commissioner of finance to be distributed
deposited as follows:

10 (1) \$5 as provided in paragraph (a), clauses (2) and (3);
11 and

12 (2) \$15 in the special revenue fund to be appropriated to 13 the commissioner of employment and economic development for the 14 displaced homemaker program under section 116L.96.

(c) The increase in the marriage license fee under paragraph (a) provided for in Laws 2004, chapter 273, and disbursement of the increase in that fee to the special fund for the Minnesota Healthy Marriage and Responsible Fatherhood Initiative under paragraph (a), clause (5), is contingent upon the receipt of federal funding under United States Code, title 42, section 1315, for purposes of the initiative.

Sec. 103. Laws 1999, chapter 224, section 7, as amended by
Laws 2004, chapter 261, article 6, section 3, is amended to read:
Sec. 7. [SUNSET.]

Sections 2 and 4 expire on August 1, 2005 2006, and
Minnesota Statutes 1998, sections 237.63, 237.65, and 237.68,
expire on December 31, 2004.

28 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day

29 following final enactment.

30 Sec. 104. Laws 2003, chapter 128, article 1, section 172, 31 is amended to read:

32 Sec. 172. [TEMPORARY PETROFUND FEE EXEMPTION FOR MINNESOTA
 33 COMMERCIAL AIRLINES.]

(a) A-commercial <u>An</u> airline providing-regularly-scheduled
 jet-service-and-with-its-corporate-headquarters-in-Minnesota-is
 <u>as defined under Minnesota Statutes</u>, section 270.071,

Article 2 Section 104 214

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1 <u>subdivision 4, is</u> exempt from the fee established in Minnesota
2 Statutes, section 115C.08, subdivision 3, until July 1, 2005
3 <u>2007</u>, provided the airline develops a plan approved by the
4 commissioner of commerce demonstrating that the savings from
5 this exemption will go towards minimizing job losses in
6 Minnesota, and to support the airline's efforts to avoid filing
7 for federal bankruptcy protections.

8 (b) A-commercial An airline exempted from the fee is 9 ineligible to receive reimbursement under Minnesota Statutes, 10 chapter 115C, until July 1, 2005 2007. A-commercial An airline 11 that has a release during the fee exemption period is ineligible 12 to receive reimbursement under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115C, 13 for the costs incurred in response to that release.

14 Sec. 105. [TRANSITION PERIOD FOR CHIROPRACTOR AND PHYSICAL
15 THERAPIST WORKERS' COMPENSATION FEE MAXIMUMS.]

The requirement that the maximum fees for chiropractors and 16 physical therapists under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.136, 17 subdivision 1a, be the same as for medical physicians must be 18 phased in over three years commencing January 1, 2006. On 19 January 1, 2006, the difference in those maximum fees must be 20 reduced by one-third, on January 1, 2007, by another one-third, 21 and on January 1, 2008, the difference must be eliminated and 22 23 the maximum fees made the same.

To ensure that the fee adjustments mandated by this section 24 25 do not increase costs to the workers' compensation system, the commissioner of labor and industry shall on October 1, 2005, 26 2006, and 2007, reduce the annual adjustment in the conversion 27 factors under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.136, subdivision 28 1a, so that savings in medical fee costs caused by the reduction 29 30 approximately equal the increase in costs caused by the 31 increased maximum fees provided by this section. The actual fees shall be determined without application of any scaling 32 factors, but shall not exceed the provider's uniform, customary, 33 and reasonable fee. 34 35 Sec. 106. [SESQUICENTENNIAL COMMISSION.] Subdivision 1. [COMMISSION; PURPOSE.] The Minnesota 36

Article 2 Section 106 215

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1	Sesquicentennial Commission is established to plan for
2	activities relating to Minnesota's 150th anniversary of
3	statehood. The commission shall create a plan for capital
4	improvements, celebratory activities, and public engagement in
5	every county in the state of Minnesota.
6	Subd. 2. [MEMBERSHIP.] The commission shall consist of 17
7	members who shall serve until the completion of the
8	sesquicentennial year of statehood, appointed as follows:
9	(1) nine members appointed by the governor, representing
10	major corporate, nonprofit, and public sectors of the state,
11	selected from all parts of the state;
12	(2) two members appointed by the speaker of the house of
13	representatives;
14	(3) two members appointed by the minority leader of the
15	house of representatives;
16	(4) two members from the majority party in the senate,
17	appointed by the Subcommittee on Committees; and
18	(5) two members from the minority party in the senate,
19	appointed by the Subcommittee on Committees.
20	Subd. 3. [COMPENSATION; OPERATION.] The governor shall
21	appoint a chair from the membership of the commission. The
22	chair shall convene the first meeting and set the agenda for the
23	commission. The Minnesota Historical Society shall provide
24	office space and staff support for the commission, and shall
25	cooperate with the University of Minnesota and Minnesota State
26	Colleges and Universities to support the programs of the
27	commission. Meetings shall be at the call of the chair and must
28	be convened at least quarterly. The commission may appoint an
29	advisory council to advise and assist the commission with its
30	duties. Members shall receive no compensation for service on
31	the Sesquicentennial Commission. Members appointed by the
32	governor may be reimbursed for expenses under Minnesota
33	Statutes, section 15.059, subdivision 3.
34	Subd. 4. [DUTIES.] The commission shall have the following
35	duties:
36	(1) to present to the governor, senate and house of

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1	representatives committees with jurisdiction over the Minnesota
2	Historical Society, and the Minnesota Historical Society a plan
3	for grants to pay for capital improvements on Minnesota's
4	historic public and private buildings, to be known as
5	sesquicentennial grants;
6	(2) to seek funding for activities to celebrate the 150th
7	anniversary of statehood, and to form partnerships with private
8	parties to further this mission; and
9	(3) to present an annual report to the governor,
10	legislative committees identified in clause (1), and the
11	Minnesota Historical Society outlining progress made towards the
12	celebration of the sesquicentennial.
13	Subd. 5. [EXPIRATION.] The commission shall continue to
14	operate until January 30, 2009, at which time it shall expire.
15	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
16	following final enactment.
17	Sec. 107. [MINNESOTA REDEVELOPMENT ACCOUNTS.]
18	Applications for the Minnesota redevelopment accounts grant
19	program under Minnesota Statutes, section 116J.573, must be
20	submitted to the commissioner of employment and economic
21	development by August 1, 2005.
22	By October 1, 2005, the commissioner shall have awarded
23	grants for qualified redevelopment projects from greater
24	Minnesota.
25	By November 1, 2005, the commissioner shall have awarded
26	grants for qualified redevelopment projects in the seven-county
27	metropolitan area.
28	Sec. 108. [EXTENDED EMPLOYMENT PROGRAM WAGE RATES.]
29	The commissioner of employment and economic development
30	must study the issue of the appropriate level of wages to be
31	paid to participants in extended employment programs under
32	Minnesota Statutes, chapter 268A. The commissioner must consult
33	with employers, rehabilitation facilities, program participants
34	and their parents or legal guardians, advocacy groups, other
35	involved government agencies, and others the commissioner
36	determines necessary. The commissioner shall report the results

Article 2 Section 108 217

[COUNSEL] GK/CEB SC4100

1	of the study along with any recommendations by February 1, 2006,
2	to the chairs of the legislative committees with fiscal or
3	policy jurisdiction over those extended employment programs.
4	Sec. 109. [REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.]
5	(a) The revisor of statutes shall insert a first grade
6	headnote prior to Minnesota Statutes, section 181.722, that
7	reads "MISREPRESENTATION OF EMPLOYMENT RELATIONSHIPS."
8	(b) The revisor of statutes shall renumber Minnesota
9	Statutes, section 239.05, as section 239.051, alphabetize the
10	definitions, and correct any cross-references to that section
11	accordingly.
12	Sec. 110. [REPEALER.]
13	(a) Minnesota Statutes 2004, sections 116J.573; 178.12; and
14	239.05, subdivisions 6a and 6b, are repealed.
15	(b) Laws 1999, chapter 125, section 4, as amended by Laws

16 2002, chapter 398, section 7, is repealed.

Senate Counsel, Research, and Fiscal Analysis

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Senate

State of Minnesota

S.C. No. 4100 - 2005 Supplemental Environment, Natural Resources, Agriculture, and Economic Development Appropriations

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ARTICLE 1

ENVIRONMENT, NATURAL RESOURCES, AND AGRICULTURE

Section 1 [Environment and Natural Resources Appropriations and Reductions] specifies that the appropriation additions and reductions in this article are from the appropriations in S.F. No.1879, Article 6, if enacted, and provides a summary by fund.

Section 2 [Pollution Control Agency] cuts over \$4 million in the general fund for the water program to the PCA and appropriates an additional \$16.8 million from the environmental fund for the water program. Another \$800,000 in the general fund for administrative support is cut and almost \$1.4 million is appropriated from the environmental fund for the air program. This section also specifies that \$6.8 million from the remediation fund must be spent on superfund cleanup of specific sites, and provides for a report on a comparison of environmental review and permitting requirements in Minnesota with other states and countries.

Section 3 [Office of Environmental Assistance] prohibits the reorganization of the OEA for the biennium.

Section 4 [Minnesota Zoo] appropriates the additional \$18,000 from lottery in lieu money that is available for the Minnesota Zoo.

Section 5 [Department of Natural Resources] appropriates an overall net increase of just under \$17.5 million to the DNR, including approximately \$4.7 reduction in the general fund, an increase of \$15.7 million from the natural resources fund, an increase of approximately \$6.4 million from the game and fish fund, and an increase of \$100,000 from the permanent school fund. Included in the changes are:

• \$100,000 to identify, evaluate, and lease construction aggregate on school trust lands from S.F. No. 712 (Stumpf);

- \$250,000 for a grant to the U of M to drill a bore hole in the Tower-Soudan mine complex from S.F. No. 1643 (Bakk);
- \$7.6 million from the forest management investment account;

• \$400,000 for grants to the Natural Resources Research Institute for silvicultural research from S.F. No. 875 (Solon);

• \$1 million from the snowmobile account money to acquire easements for permanent snowmobile trails, and \$1 million from the snowmobile account for additional snowmobile grants-in-aid from S.F. No.1534 (Bakk);

• \$75,000 from the ATV account for an ATV gas tax study from S.F. No.1248 (Dille);

• \$100,000 for a grant to the Duluth Port Authority to determine the cause of freshwater corrosion from S.F. No. 33 (Solon);

• \$300,000 for a grant to the St. Louis and Lake Counties Regional Railroad Authority for the Mesabi Station with the updated site description (this was part of the bonding bill with a site description that will not work);

• additional spending from the stamp and surcharge accounts in the game and fish fund that were recommended by the Governor;

- \$200,000 for the roadsides for wildlife program from S.F. No. 1937 (Chaudhary);
- \$325,000 for a grant to "Let's Go Fishing" from S.F. No. 665 (Johnson, D.E.);

• \$200,000 from the nongame wildlife management account for nongame information, education, and promotion from S.F. No. 1248 (Dille);

• \$740,000 for an aquatic species cost-share program from S.F. No. 1434 (Olson);

• \$400,000 in additional general fund appropriations and \$564,000 in lottery in lieu money for state parks;

• \$40,000 from lottery in lieu money that is available for the Como and Duluth Zoos; and

• approximately \$20.8 million in operations support reallocations to the program areas of the DNR.

Section 6 [Board of Water and Soil Resources] appropriates an additional \$279,000 to BOWSER from the general fund for:

• \$70,000 for a grant for Area 2 flood reduction programs from S.F. No. 405 (Vickerman);

 \$109,000 for drainage system buffer assessment from S.F. No. 876 (Hottinger); and

• \$100,000 for beaver damage control grants from S.F. No. 1418 (Skoe).

Section 7 [Metropolitan Council] appropriates almost \$1.1 million for metropolitan parks. Of this amount, \$400,000 is a general fund increase, and \$676,000 is an increase in lottery in lieu money.

Section 8 [Agriculture] appropriates almost \$25.1 million to the Department of Agriculture. Included in the changes are:

• \$70,000 for an increase in the Superfund program for agricultural chemicals from S.F. No. 1248 (Dille);

• \$500,000 for grants for E85 pumps from S.F. No. 1213 (Sams);

• \$200,000 for ethanol combustion efficiency research from S.F. No. 1893 (Murphy);

• \$85,000 for a rail container load out facility feasibility study from S.F. No. 787 (Johnson, D.E.) and S.F. No. 1730 (Kubly);

• \$200,000 for transfer to MNSCU for mental health counseling support for farmers from S.F. No. 691 (Sams);

• \$70,000 for grants to the Minnesota Horticultural Society from S.F. No. 1357 (Kubly);

• \$150,000 for forage and turf seed grants from S.F. No. 1754 (Stumpf);

• \$200,000 for local training and technical assistance related to livestock facilities from S.F. No. 1629 (Dille);

• \$220,000 for a contract with the U of M on livestock odor and air quality management from S.F. No. 1629 (Dille);

• \$650,000 for grants to Second Harvest food banks for milk purchases from S.F. No. 1202 (Dille);

• \$18 million in bond proceeds for Rural Finance Authority loan programs; and

• Over \$4.7 million from the general fund for new building lease costs from S.F. No. 1248 (Dille).

Section 9 [Bond Sale] provides for the sale of \$18 million in general obligation bonds that are appropriated in section 9 for Rural Finance Authority programs.

Section 10 [Board of Animal Health] appropriates \$914,000 to the Board of Animal Health:

• \$600,000 for a grant to the Veterinary Diagnostic Laboratory from S.F. No. 1413 (Dille); and

• \$314,000 for new building lease costs from S.F. No. 1248 (Dille).

Section 11 [Minnesota Resources] appropriates almost \$37.7 million from the environment and natural resources trust fund, \$1.6 million from the land and water conservation account, and \$28,000 from the Great Lakes protection account as recommended by the LCMR.

Sections 12 and 87 [Forest Trust Lands] place the amounts certified for forest management, forest improvement, and road improvement on school trust lands in the forest management investment account. This is from S.F. No. 790 (Saxhaug).

Sections 13 to 30 [Agricultural Fees and Related Changes] provide for agricultural fee increases and related changes from budget recommendations of the administration, as contained in S.F. No. 1248 (Dille).

Section 13 modifies the date for the reports on the agricultural fund to coincide with the budget forecasts.

Section 14 establishes a \$50 nonrefundable application fee on agricultural BMP loans to pay for administrative expenses of the program.

Section 15 allows the Commissioner of Agriculture to establish fees for scale testing at export grain locations.

Section 16 clarifies that waste pesticide program assessments will be deposited in the pesticide regulatory account.

Section 17 increases the chemigation permit fee to \$250 from \$50.

Section 18 establishes a late fee penalty of \$100 per pesticide registration.

Section 19 increases the pesticide dealer license to \$150 from \$50.

Section 20 increases the aquatic pest control license fee for a business to \$200 from \$100.

Section 21 increases the structural pest control license fee for a business to \$200 from \$100.

Section 22 increases the late fee for a commercial pesticide applicator to 50 percent of the license fee from \$10.

Section 23 increases the late fee for a noncommercial pesticide applicator to 50 percent of the license fee from \$10. This section also contains a change recommended by the Minnesota Conservation Corps (MCC) that reduces the application fee for an MCC employee to \$10 from \$50.

Section 24 clarifies that the soil and manure certification programs are voluntary.

Section 25 clarifies that soil and manure testing laboratory recommendations are for use in Minnesota.

Section 26 specifies that the Commissioner of Agriculture must charge for the actual cost of the soil and manure laboratory certification and allows for the acceptance of donations for the programs.

Section 27 increases the fertilizer inspection fee to 30 cents per ton from 15 cents per ton.

Section 28 increases the amount allowed for administrative costs of the Agricultural Chemical Response and Reimbursement Board from the agricultural chemical response and reimbursement account (ACRRA) to \$225,000 per year from \$175,000 per year.

Section 29 clarifies that the Commissioner of Agriculture must charge a fee to recover costs for laboratory or technical analysis for phytosanitary or export certificates.

Section 30 eliminates language allowing the Commissioner of Agriculture to collect fees for supplemental permits or certificates.

Sections 31 to 40 [Shade Tree Disease Program] updates language for the shade tree disease program. This is from S.F. No. 1580 (Higgins), as amended by Division.

Sections 41 to 43 [Nursery Stock Grower and Dealer Fees] update the nursery stock grower and dealer fees beginning January 1, 2006. The changes reduce the gross sales levels for each category of a nursery stock certificate and provide a maximum late fee of 30 percent. This is from budget recommendations of the Governor, as contained in S.F. No. 1248 (Dille).

Section 44 [Beekeeper Fees] increases the beekeeper fee to \$25 for beekeepers with less than 50 colonies and \$50 for beekeepers with more than 50 colonies. The current fee is a minimum of \$10. This section also directs the Department of Agriculture to provide information on bee colony locations. This is from budget recommendations of the Governor, as contained in S.F. No. 1248 (Dille), as amended by Division.

Sections 45 to 48 [Commercial Feed Fees and Related Changes] provide for commercial feed fee increases and related changes from budget recommendations of the Governor, as contained in S.F. No. 1248 (Dille).

Section 45 provides that commercial feed licenses are not transferable. This section also provides that anyone who is required to have a commercial feed license and does not obtain the license must pay the \$50 late fee.

Section 46 establishes a \$25 fee for free sale certificates on commercial feed. If a label is submitted for review the fee is \$50.

Section 47 eliminates the commercial feed inspection fee exemption for commercial feeds that are used as an ingredient and the fee was paid by the previous distributor. This section also provides that only commercial feed distributors with greater than 50 percent distribution outside Minnesota are exempt from the inspection fee and establishes a commercial feed distributor location fee of \$100.

Section 48 is technical.

Sections 49 to 50 [Rural Economic Infrastructure; Ethanol Payment Transfer Prohibition] provide for the ability of the Commissioner of Agriculture to provide grants for rural economic infrastructure with any excess ethanol producer payment appropriations. This is from S.F. No. 1150 (Sams). These sections also include a prohibition on the transfer of ethanol producer payments to a new location.

Section 51 to 52 [Ethanol Combustion Efficiency] directs the Commissioner of Agriculture to make up to two grants each year not to exceed \$50,000 for research on ethanol combustion efficiency. This is from S.F. No. 1893 (Murphy).

Sections 53 to 56 and 137 [Livestock Equipment Pilot Loan Program; Account Consolidation] establish a livestock equipment pilot loan program and consolidates the financing of several agricultural finance programs. This is from S.F. No. 1629 (Dille).

Section 53 provides that value-added agricultural product stock loans will be made from the new consolidated account.

Section 54 places repayments from manure digester loans in the new consolidated account.

Section 55 establishes the livestock equipment pilot loan program to help finance the purchase of livestock-related equipment and facility improvements. The loans are limited to a state participation on the loan of 45 percent or \$40,000, whichever is less.

Section 56 establishes a Rural Finance Authority (RFA) revolving account for making loans for livestock equipment, methane digesters, and value-added agricultural product loans.

Section 137 transfers the remaining balances in the value-added agricultural product stock and manure digester loan accounts to the new RFA revolving account.

Sections 57, 79, and 81 [State Parks Bill] are from the state parks bill requested by the administration, S.F. No. 956 (Frederickson).

Section 57 increases the value of items that may be given away by the Commissioner of Natural Resources to \$50 from \$10.

Section 79 allows flexibility in establishing state park open house days.

Section 81 allows the Commissioner of Natural Resources to waive or reduce state park entrance fees.

Sections 58 to 60, 62 to 67, 69 to 71, 74 to 77, 83 to 84, 86, 88, 95, 97 to 98, and 123 [Electronic Licensing System; OHV, Snowmobile Registration and Watercraft Licensing] contain the changes requested by the administration for the electronic licensing system (ELS) and certain recreational vehicle registration. The changes are from S.F. No. 788 (Saxhaug) and S.F. No. 1626 (Saxhaug), as amended by Division.

Section 61 [OHV Safety and Conservation Grant Program] creates an off-highway vehicle safety and conservation grant program to provide grants to off-highway vehicle

clubs to assist the DNR in OHV safety and conservation regarding OHVs this is from S.F. No. 1248 (Dille).

Section 68 [State Snowmobile Trail Sticker] extends the snowmobile state trail sticker requirement (\$15/year) to residents who operate on a state or state grant-in aid snowmobile trails. A person may purchase a three-year sticker at the time of snowmobile registration for \$30. Anyone caught on a state or grant-in-aid trail without a sticker is required to purchase a one-year sticker for \$30. This is from S.F. No. 1534 (Bakk), as amended by Division. This section also makes technical changes relating to the ELS system from S.F. No. 1626 (Saxhaug).

Sections 72 and 73 [Snowmobile Ice Trails] adds specific lakes in northern Minnesota to provisions allowing snowmobile grants-in-aid for ice trails and provide the grant-in-aid recipients for the ice trails with immunity from liability for the trails. The addition of the lakes is from S.F. No. 610 (Bakk). The liability provisions are from the 2004 Senate budget bill.

Sections 78, 80, 85, 90, 93, 106, and 128 to 131 [DNR Technical Bill] contain a number of changes requested by the administration. This is from S.F. No. 1098 (Dibble), as amended by Division.

Section 78 makes mostly technical changes to commercial fishing restrictions on infested and noninfested waters.

Section 80 provides that a state park permit is not needed for cars parked in a specific parking lot within Big Bog State Recreation Area.

Section 85 provides statutory language clarifying the water recreation account and adds the fee revenue from aquatic plant control permits to the account.

Section 90 extends the game and fish fund citizen oversight committees to June 30, 2010.

Section 93 eliminates the requirement for specific project information on projects funded by lifetime game and fish license revenue.

Section 106 places the fee revenue from aquatic control permits in the water recreation account.

Section 128 eliminates the need for approval by the Commissioner of Natural Resources for county forest development expenditures from tax-forfeited land revenue.

Section 129 eliminates the need for approval by the Commissioner of Natural Resources for the IRRA to assist counties with county forest development expenditures from tax-forfeited land revenue.

Section 130 eliminates state park development from the uses of money in the water recreation account.

Section 131 specifies that municipalities must regulate nonconforming uses and structure in floodplain areas to maintain flood insurance eligibility and not increase flood damage potential.

Section 88 [Tree Seedling Surcharge] adds a 2.5 cent surcharge on tree seedlings sold by the DNR to be used for forestry education and technical assistance.

Section 89 [Fuel Wood Permits] directs the Commissioner of Natural Resources to recover the cost of issuing fuel wood permits, not to exceed the current market value of the fuel wood. This is from S.F. No. 802 (Bakk).

Section 91 [Payments in Lieu of Taxes; Camp Ripley] provides for the payment in lieu of taxes for lands in Camp Ripley of 50 percent of the regular in lieu payments. The payments begin after July 1, 2007. This is from S.F. No. 667 (Koering).

Section 92 [Trout and Salmon Stamp] expands the use of the trout and salmon stamp revenue. This is from S.F. No. 789 (Saxhaug).

Section 94 [Social Security Numbers on Game and Fish License Applications] directs the Commissioners of Human Services and Natural Resources to request a waiver from federal requirements for social security numbers on game and fish license application for persons under the age of 16. The requirement for persons under the age of 16 is to be amended on the later of January 1, 2006, or when the waiver is granted. This is from the 2004 Senate budget bill.

Sections 96 and 99 to 100 [Special Fish Management Tags] allow the Commissioner of Natural Resources to issue special fish management tags and charge a \$5 application fee for the tags.

Section 101 to 102 [Planting Trees over Drainage Tile] prohibits the planting of trees over drain tile without permission. This is from 2004 legislation that passed the Senate, S.F. No. 2068 (Dille)

Section 103 [Beaver Damage Control Grants] reestablishes the beaver damage control grant program in the Board of Water and Soil Resources. This is from S.F. No. 1418 (Skoe).

Sections 104 to 105 [DNR Water Fees] increase certain DNR water fees as recommended by the administration. This is from S.F. No. 1248 (Dille).

Section 104 increases water appropriation fees for once-through cooling and summer water use.

Section 105 increase the application fees water appropriations and public waters work permits.

Section 107 [Underground Storage Permit Fees] provides a statutory appropriation of underground storage fees to the DNR for costs related to the permit. This is from S.F. No. 1248 (Dille)

Section 108 [401 Certification; Wetlands] establishes a fee for federal certification of individual permits by the PCA. The fee is \$350 per certification and an additional fee of \$200 for each acre of wetland or surface water subject to the certification. The fee revenue will be used to provide professional review of federal individual permits by the PCA. This is from S.F. No. 1123 (Hottinger).

Section 109 [ISTS Tank Fee] specifies that the individual sewage treatment system (ISTS) tank fee is \$25 per household for a multiple tank, performance-based ISTS system. This is from S.F. No. 748 (Bakk).

Sections 110 to 111 [Dry Cleaner Fees] clarify that an owner is always considered one full-time equivalent regardless of the hours worked and allows for a fee adjustment on the drycleaners fees to raise \$650,000 per year. This is from S.F. No. 1424 (Sams), as amended by Division.

Sections 112 to 118 [Waste Electronics Recycling] provide for producer responsibility for recycling of household televisions and computer monitors with a diagonal measure of eight inches or greater. This is from S.F. No. 1298 (Higgins), as amended by Division.

Section 119 [AURI Board of Directors] eliminates the 2003 changes that limited the Agricultural Utilization Research Institute (AURI) board members terms and provided that the compensation of board members must follow state agency guidelines. This was a Division amendment (Sams).

Sections 120 to 121 [LCMR Real Property Interest Report] requires reporting of the current status of an interest in real property that was obtained with an appropriation from the environment and natural resources trust fund. This is from S.F. No. 469 (Vickerman).

Section 122 [Roadsides for Wildlife] encourages road authorities to utilize native vegetation that reduces the need to mow on roadsides and directs cooperation between DNR and MnDOT to provide enhanced roadside habitat. This is from S.F. No. 1937 (Chaudhary).

Sections 124 to 127 [Warehouse and Grain Buyers Fees] provide for warehouse and grain buyer fee increases and related changes from budget recommendations of the administration, as contained in S.F. No. 1248 (Dille).

Section 124 increases the grain buyers and storage inspection fees by approximately ten percent and allows for charging delinquent fees.

Section 125 increases the warehouse inspection fees by ten percent and allows for charging delinquent fees.

Section 126 provides for grain storage fees and allows for charging delinquent fees.

Section 127 establishes a grain bank license fee of \$140, and allows for charging delinquent fees.

Sections 132,133 and 135 to 137 [Metropolitan Area Water Supply Planning] directs the Metropolitan Council to carry out planning activities addressing water supply needs of the seven-county metropolitan area. Money for the planning is from housing bond credit enhancement program funds. This is from S.F. No. 1071 (Higgins).

Section 134 [2003 LCMR Change] modifies the purpose of a 2003 environment and natural resource fund appropriation for the Minnesota Landscape Arboretum. This is from S.F. No. 469 (Vickerman).

Section 138 [Repealers] repeals Minnesota Statutes, sections:

18B.065, subdivision 5 – Waste pesticide collection account from S.F. No. 1248 (Dille);

19.64, subdivision 4a – Bee inspection fees from S.F. No. 1248 (Dille);

41B.046, subdivision 3 – Value-added agricultural product stock revolving account from S.F. No. 1629 (Dille);

84.901 – OHV safety and conservation program from S.F. No. 1248 (Dille);

115B.49, subdivision 4a – obsolete interim dry cleaner fees from S.F. No. 1424 (Sams);

473.156 – Metropolitan water use and supply plan from S.F. No. 1071 (Higgins); and

473.197, subdivisions 1 to 3 and 5 – Housing bond credit enhancement program from S.F. No. 1071 (Higgins).

Article 2 Economic Development

Sections 1 to 7 (see spreadsheet)

Sections 8 and 9 [Other Investments.] classify data related to certain venture capital investments.

Sections 10 to 12 make technical changes related to the Board of Mechanical Systems created in section 13, and also appropriates \$135,000 to that board.

Section 13 [Board of Mechanical Systems.] creates a 25-member board which has the powers of the commissioner of administration with regard to all mechanical code issues.

Section 14 updates ASTM standard specifications.

Section 15 [License Education.] establishes fees for annual renewal of continuing education courses and coordinators in the insurance business.

Sections 16 to 19 adjust various fees related to the insurance business and individual real estate appraisers licenses.

Section 20 permits the Petroleum Tank Release Compensation Board to use the expedited process to adopt rules for consultant services.

Section 21 [Reimbursement; Above-Ground Tanks in Bulk Plants.] allows the board to reimburse work completed after November 1, 2003, if the work was contracted for before that date and was not completed because of an unanticipated situation.

Section 22 [Retail Locations and Transport Vehicles.] allows transport vehicles used to deliver gasoline into underground storage tanks during 2002 and 2003 to be reimbursed for retrofits.

Section 23 delays the repeal of petroleum tank release cleanup provisions.

Sections 24 to 26 makes technical and clarifying changes in Minnesota redevelopment accounts.

Section 27 provides priority criteria for awarding redevelopment grants, and requires a one-to-one match for the grant amount.

Section 28 [Determination and Collection of Special Assessment] raises the special assessment under the Minnesota Unemployment Insurance Program from 7/100th's of one percent per year on taxable wages to 1/10th of one percent. It allows the Commissioner of Trade and Economic Development to increase the fee if the need for services under the Dislocated Worker Program substantially exceeds the resources available for that program.

Sections 29 to 32 make clarifying changes to the Youth Intervention Program. It allows up to one percent of the appropriation to be used for a grant to provide collaborative

training and technical assistance to community-based grantees. It allows the Commissioner to use up to two percent of the appropriation for administration costs.

Section 33 [Minnesota Early Stage Venture Capital Investments.] authorizes venture capital investments using the environmental and natural resources trust fund.

Section 34 [School Calendar.] prohibits school districts from starting school before Labor Day.

Section 35 [Compensation.] changes the per diem for the Arts Board by referencing the standard per diem language for state boards.

Section 36 [Relative Value Fee Schedule.] modifies the medical fee schedule under the workers' compensation chapter to provide that chiropractors and physical therapists have the same provider group designation and the same maximum fee allowed as medical physicians for the same patient interventions.

Section 37 [Unlawful Trade Practices.] prohibits false reporting by employers about the status of employees and requires reports of violations to state and federal labor and other authorities. It allows injured parties to bring a civil action.

Sections 38 to 46 [Fees.] increase license, permit, penalty, and inspection fees related to regulatory enforcement and safety of boilers, pressure vessels, hobby boilers, boats-forhire, and high-pressure piping systems.

Section 47 [Farm-Grown Closed-Loop Biomass.] expands the list of fuel sources that meet one of the statutory requirements of farm-grown closed-loop biomass within the biomass power mandate to include brush, trees, and other biomass harvested from utility, rail, and road rights-of-way; brush harvested from lands managed by the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources in accordance with best practices for managing brushland; and slash, timber, and trees harvested in compliance with the Minnesota Forest Resources Council guidelines.

Section 48 [Municipal Waste-to-Energy Project.] requires the municipal utilities of Virginia and Hibbing to comply with certain management plans, third-party certifications, and fuel plans and wood procurement plan. It requires the Minnesota Department of Natural Resources and the Minnesota Forest Resources Council to adopt best-management practices for sustainably managed woody biomass. It requires the two utilities to obtain funding from nonstate sources of up to \$150,000 to complete the best-management practices.

Section 49 [Interim Exemption.] deems that a biomass project owned or controlled by the municipal utilities of Virginia and Hibbing meets the interim fuel exemption if the statutorily defined primary fuel comprises no less than 25 percent of the fuel used over the 20-year life of the project.

Section 50 [Reduction of Biomass Mandate.] changes the terms of ownership, price for energy, and cost recovery under which the Public Utilities Commission must approve a biomass energy project owned or controlled by the municipal utilities of Virginia and Hibbing.

Sections 51 and 52 make conforming changes.

Section 53 [Obstructing Treatment of Injured Worker.] makes it unlawful for a railroad to delay treatment of an injured employee or to discipline an employee for requesting medical treatment.

Section 54 [Enforcement.] allows an administrative law judge to impose a fine up to \$10,000 for a violation and provides for administrative and judicial hearings and enforcement by the Attorney General.

Section 55 [Inspecting Records and Property; Reports Required.] allows a telephone company, competitive local exchange carrier, or independent telephone company to file an annual report that includes only the company's name, contact person, annual revenue, and status of its 911-update plan to the Commissioner of Commerce.

Section 56 [Filing Fee for New Authority.] allows the Public Utilities Commission to establish an application fee for a new telephone company not to exceed \$2,000.

Section 57 [Assessment of Costs.] raises the amount that may be assessed to telephone companies from one-eighth to three-eights of one percent of the total gross jurisdictional operating revenues during a calendar year.

Section 58 [Combined Per Number Fee.] requires the PUC to establish, by July 1, 2006, a fee that applies to each service provider based upon the amount of numbers allocated for Minnesota in use by the provider. The fee must be calculated to generate sufficient revenue necessary to fund the telephone assistance program, the telecommunications access Minnesota program, and the 911 emergency and public safety communications program.

Sections 59 allows the Commissioner of Public Safety to use reasonable amounts of money for periodic promotional activities, including informing eligible households of the availability of the telephone assistance program.

Section 60 updates an ISO standard concerning the general requirements for the competence of calibration and testing laboratories, and amends a reference to the body certifying meteorology laboratories in the Division of Weights and Measures.

Section 61 specifies the federal code used for enforcing gasoline octane requirements.

Section 62 amends the section of law regulating blenders of gasoline to specify its application to those who use ten percent ethanol by volume.

Section 63 empowers the Director of the Division of Weights and Measures to issue citations of between \$100 and \$500 for violations of any provision in the chapter on weights and measures.

Section 64 appropriates 81 cents of the petroleum inspection fee to the Commissioner of Commerce for the cost of operating the Division of Weights and Measures, petroleum supply monitoring, and the oil burner retrofit program.

Section 65 increases the size of samples of gasoline which may be taken for testing purposes to one- half gallon, and makes other clarifying changes related to petroleum products.

Section 66 contains clarifying changes related to petroleum products.

Sections 67, 75 to 77, and 80 to 86 update superseded ASTM standard specifications.

Section 68 requires disclosure of biodiesel volume percentages.

Section 69 adds biodiesel to the list of products sold by volume.

Sections 70, 71, and 79 contain clarifying changes related to ethanol.

Section 72 deletes obsolete language concerning oxygenated gasoline sold before 1997.

Section 73 makes conforming changes.

Section 74 updates the disclosure requirement for ethanol and the duties of ethanol distributors. Imposes a duty upon the Director of the Division of Weights and Measures to furnish, upon request, the requirements of federal code.

Section 78 updates an ASTM standard for biodiesel and clarifies that the standard is not in effect until the biodiesel requirement in statute becomes effective.

Section 87 requires approval by a majority vote of the Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board for the Commissioner to sell or privatize any project area or function of the agency.

Section 88 restricts marketing representations of a 911 service and requires certain disclosures.

Section 89 [Iron Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board; Early Separation Incentive Program Authorization.] allows the IRRRB to offer an early separation incentive program, which will expire on June 30, 2006.

Section 90 requires \$30 of each fee collected in a marriage dissolution action to be appropriated to the Commissioner of Employment and Economic Development for the Displaced Homemaker Program.

Section 91 [Fee Amounts.] raises the court filing fee in marriage dissolution actions by \$30.

Section 92 [Methamphetamine Laboratory Clean-Up Revolving Fund.] requires the Public Facilities Authority to establish a methamphetamine laboratory cleanup revolving fund. The purpose of the fund is to provide low-interest loans to counties and cities to remediate clandestine lab sites. Specifies the criteria for awarding loans, the loan application process, the eligibility requirements for loans, the loan conditions and terms, etc. Defines key terms.

Section 93 [Pay.] raises the per diem for commissioners attending a port authority meeting.

Section 94 makes conforming changes.

Sections 95 and 99 [Qualified Business.] clarify that a business is eligible for tax benefits only if it has signed a business subsidy agreement with the local government unit. It also requires the local government unit to consider various factors to evaluate the appropriateness of allowing a business to receive JOBZ benefits.

Sections 96, 97, and 100 make changes to the JOBZ claw-back provisions.

Section 98 eliminates the requirement that the Commissioner of Employment and Economic Development publish all JOBZ zone modifications in the State Register and on the Internet.

Section 101 raises the marriage fee from \$85 to \$100, and for parties who have completed at least 12 hours of premarital education, the marriage license fee is raised from \$20 to \$35.

Section 102 specifies that a portion of the marriage license fee collected shall be appropriated to the Commissioner of Employment and Economic Development for the displaced homemaker program.

Section 103 sunsets sections 56 and 57 of the bill on August 1, 2006.

Section 104 extends a temporary petrofund fee exemption for Minnesota commercial airlines until July 1, 2007.

Section 105 phases in the requirement for equality in medical fees for chiropractors and physical therapists over three years.

Section 106 [Sesquicentennial Commission.] establishes a commission to plan for activities relating to Minnesota's 150th anniversary of statehood.

Section 107 [Minnesota Redevelopment Accounts.] establishes dates by which the Commissioner of Employment and Economic Opportunity shall have awarded grants for redevelopment projects.

Section 108 extends employment program wage rates; requires the Commissioner of Employment and Economic Opportunity to study the issue of the appropriate level of wages to be paid to participants in extended employment programs.

Section 109 gives technical instructions to the Revisor.

Section 110 repeals criteria for use of the accounts in the Minnesota Redevelopment Account, the \$30 apprenticeship registration fee, and two subdivisions relating to federal Environmental Protection Agency control of carbon monoxide.

CEB:rdr

2005 Session - Ag, Env & Econ Dev Spending Proposals - General Fund

A 105 1000	Spending Proposals - General Fund	(000.0	mitted)	
4/25/2005)	FY06	mitted) FY07	FY06 & 07
Econ De			1 10/	100 0 0
	- not in SF1879			
spending	Meth Lab Revolving Fund	250	250	500
	Inspection & Code Enforcement	378	378	756
	Firm Board	125	125	250
	Tourism	125	1,000	1,000
	-	753	1,753	2,506
	Subtotal	755	1,755	2,500
Spending	by Bills			
251	Children's Discovery Museum-Grand Rapids	100		100
677	Historical Sites	700	700	1,400
980	MEDA	55	55	110
1120	Broadband	250	55	250
1309	UoM/Mayo Biotech/Medical/Genomics	7,000		7,000
1627	-	7,000 50	50	100
	Minn Inventors Congress			
1714	NW Regional Curfew	5	5	10
1951	Cold Weather Vineyard Research	125	50	125
2011	Sesquicentennial Project	50	50	100
2164	Fed Contract Procurement-DEED	100	100	200
	Subtotal	8,435	960	9,395
D				
Revenue		750	750	1 50/
	Commerce Licensing Changes	752	752	1,504
	Labor & Industry Code Enforcement	810	810	1,620
	Subtotal	1,562	1,562	3,124
Spending	Less Revenues:			8,777
10 8 E	n./-			
Ag & E				/000
	not in SF1879 - Net			(888)
Revenue	S-Net			<u>6,145</u> 5,257
	Subtotal			5,257
Total - G	eneral Fund Spending			14,034
Target fo	r Division Spending less Revenues			14,000
÷	r (Under) Target			34
Over u	(Under) Target			34
Workfor	ce Development Fund:			
workton	Displaced Homemaker Adjustment	(750)	(750)	(1,500
	Apprenticeship Fee Adjustment	300	300	600
450	Job Skills - Boys & Girls Clubs	1,000	2,000	3,000
450 771	•			
	Mn Conservation Corps	1,200	2,400	3,600
937	Youth Intervention Program	500	1,500	2,000
1393	Lifetrack Resources	250	250	500
1618	Nurses Training - OICs	500	1,000	1,500
2095	Entreprenuer/Business - OICs	500	500	1,000
2212	Educational Program - Ford Plant	750		750
866	EE-Services for MI Increase	200	200	40
1133	EE-Provider Funding Increase	400	400	800
1334	Deaf & Hard of Hearing	150	150	30
	Subtotal	5,000	7,950	12,950
	Compensation Fund			
958	Vinland Center-Rehab	25	25	50
900		20	20	

Env and Ag Area: Gen Fund Detail Changes

×			
Senate Changes in SF1879		Gov Cuts NOT Adopted in SF1879	
Gen Fund Forecast Base	416,193	PCA Gen Fund Reduction	(4,808)
DNR: Minerals Management Fee	(3,052)	DNR: Freeze PILT Payments	(3,000)
DNR: Gen Fund Reduction	(6,342)	MN Cons Corps Cut	(700)
DNR: Debt Service for Tankers	(2,292)	BWSR: Area II Joint Powers Cut	(210)
BWSR: Reallocations	(600)		
Base after SF1879	403,907		(8,718)
Proposed Appropriation Changes in Phase II			
PCA: Gen Fund Reduction (Gov Rec)	(4,808)		
DNR: Water Permit Fee Increase (expense) (Gov Rec)	. 20		
DNR: Invasive Species Prevention (SF1434-Olson)	308		
DNR: Trust Land Management Costs (Gov Rec)	(7,000)	shift cost to Nat Res Fund	
DNR: Duluth Port Authority (SF33-Solon)	100		
DNR: Lets Go Fishing Promotion (SF665-Johnson)	325		
DNR: Siliviculture-Timber Fiber Quality (SF875-Solon)	400		
DNR: Roadside Habitat (SF1937-Chaudhary)	200		
DNR: Tower-Soudan Mine Drilling (SF1642-Bakk)	250		
DNR: Mesaba State Trail Facility (Tomassoni)	300		
DNR: State Parks Increase (Senate)	400		
Met Council: Metro Parks Increase (Senate)	400		
BWSR:Additional Floodplain Management (SF405-Vickerman)	70	,	
BWSR:Beaver Damage Control Grants (SF1418-Skoe)	100		
BWSR:Public Drainage Sysytem Buffer (SF876-Hottinger)	109		
Ag:Rail Studies for Willmar & Clara City(Johnson & Kubly)	85		
Ag:Livestock Siting Asstance and Training (Gov Rec)	200		
Ag:Livestock Odor and Air Research (Gov Rec)	220		
Ag:MN Horticulture Society (SF1357-Kubly)	70		
Ag:Cold Climate Research (SF1754-Stumpf)	150		
Ag:Mental Health Grants (SF691-Sams)	200		
Ag:Second Harvest Food Banks (SF1202-Dille)	650		
Ag:New Building Lease Costs (Gov Rec)	4,749		
Ag: E85 Pump Grants (SF1213-Sams)	500		
Ag: Ethanol Efficiency Grants (SF1893-Murphy)	200		
Ag:Veterinary Diagnostic Lab @ U of MN (SF1413-Dille)	600		
Animal Health Brd:New Building Lease Costs (Gov Rec)	314		
Net Gen Fund Appropriation Changes-Phase II	(888)		
Revenue Changes Phase II		and the second	
DNR: Minerals Management Fee from SF1879	• • •	missed lost revenue from SF1879	
DNR: Trust Land Management Costs (Gov Rec)		shift revenue to Nat Res Fund	
DNR: Surcharge on Summer Water (Gov Rec)		new revenue	
DNR: Summer Water Permit Fee (Gov Rec)	426	new revenue	
Ag: Apiary Fee Increase (Gov Rec)	18	new revenue, adjusted by Dept. of Ag	
Net Gen Fund Revenue Changes-Phase II	(6,145)		
Ag & Env Phase II Spending Less Revenues	5,257]	

	2005 Session - dollars in thousands	Ay, En		Jev)		954	879							
	S.F. xxxx / H.F. xxx					Senate - Ba		ant Bill		Senate			Senate	
	4/25/2005		Governor's R	loce Rionni	al Rudgot	2/28/05 Bas			Adjucts	nents to SF	1970	SE1970	Plus Adjust	mente
	Agency/Program/ Initiative	Fund	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07
1	Trade and Economic Development			1107	1100-07	1100	1107	1100-07	1100	1107	1100-07	1100	1107	1100-07
	Busines & Community Development													
3	Direct	GF	8.233	8,233	16,466	8,233	8,233	16.466				8,233	8,233	16,466
4	Minnesota Investment Fund	GF	(1,203)	(1,203)	(2,406)	0,200	· 0	00+.01				0,200	0,200	0,400
5	Methamphetamine Cleanup Fund	GF	250	250	(2,400)	Ő	0	0		250	500	250	-	500
6	Reduce Program Costs	GF	(329)	(329)	(658)	(329)	(329)	(658)		200	000	(329)		(658)
7	UoM/Mayo Biotech/Medical Reseach	GF	(020)	(020)	(000)	(020)	(023)	(000,	7,000		7.000	7,000	(020)	7,000
- 8	SBIR-Access to Federal Contracts	GF							, 100	100	200	100	100	200
9	Minnesota Inventors Congres-Grant	GF							50	50	100	50	50	100
10	NWRDC Cold-Hardy Vineyard Resear								125	0	125	125	0	125
11	MEDA-Grant	GF							55	55	110	55	55	110
12	Get Broadband Grant-Blandin Fd	GF							250	0	250	250	. 0	250
13	Children's Discovery Museum	GF							100	Ŭ	100	100	0	100
14	Open & Standing - Base	GF-O	250	250	500	250	250	500	100		100	250	250	500
15	Eliminate Mortgage Credit Program	GF-O	(250)	(250)	(500)	(250)	(250)	(500)	· ·			(250)		(500)
16	Remediation	REM	700	700	1,400	700	700	1,400	,			700	700	1,400
17	Statutory	SR	700	29	29	100	,00	00+,1		. 29	29	700	29	29
	Program Totals	GF	6,951	6,951	13,902	7,904	7,904	15,808	7,930	455	8,385	15,834	8,359	24,193
19		GF-O	0,001	0,001	0	7,004 0	7,004 0	0.000	0,000	-00	0,000	0	0,000	0
20		REM	700	700	1,400	700	700	1,400	Ő	Ő	Ő	700	700	1.400
21		ALL	7.651	7,651	15,302	8,604	8,604	17,208	7.930	455	8,385	16.534	9.059	25,593
22			.,	.,		0,001	0,001	17,200	1,000	100	0,000		0,000	
	Workforce Partnerships													
24	Direct	GF	13,617	13,617	27,234	13,617	13,617	27,234				13.617	13,617	27,234
25	Eliminate Youthbuild	GF	(757)	(757)	(1,514)	0	0	0				0	0	0
26	Eliminate MN Youth Program	GF	(4,190)	(4,190)	(8,380)	õ	õ	õ				õ	Ő	ō
27	Eliminate Learn-To-Earn Program	GF	(183)	(183)	(366)	ŏ	õ	Ő				õ	õ	ō
28	Transfer Youth Inter to Public Safety	GF	(1,452)	(1,452)	(2,904)	Ő	õ	Ő				0 0	0	0
29	NW Regional Curfew Center-Grant	GF	(1,102)	(1,102)	(2,001)	•	Ū		5	5	10	5	5	10
30	Twin Cities Comunty Voice Mail(Base)								[8.5]	[8.5]	[17.0]	[8.5]	[8.5]	[17.0]
31	Direct	WKDF	1,725	1,725	3,450	1,725	1,725	3,450	[0.0]	[0.0]	[11:0]	1,725	1,725	3,450
32	Eliminate Displaced Homemaker Prog		(750)	(750)	(1,500)	0	0	0	(750)	(750)	(1,500)	,	(750)	(1,500)
33	Eliminate Lifetrack Resources(1 time)		(100)	(100)	(200)	(100)	(100)	(200)		()	((100)	(100)	(200)
34	Lifetrack Resources	WKDF	()	()	()	()	(100)	(200)	250	250	500	250	250	500
35	Job Skills - Boys and Girls Alliance	WKDF							1.000	2,000	3,000	1,000	2,000	3,000
36	OICs Indian Businesspersons	WKDF							500	500	1,000	500	500	1,000
37	OICs Nurses Training	WKDF							500	1,000	1,500	500	1,000	1,500
38	Educational Program-Ford Plant	WKDF							750	0,000	750	750	0	750
39	Youth Intervention Program	WKDF							500	1,500	2,000	500	1,500	2,000
40	Statutory									1,000	2,000		.,	
41	Workforce Development Fund	WKDF	750	750	1,500	750	750	1,500				750	750	1,500
42	Statutory				1,000			1,000						
43	Displaced Homemaker Program	SR	200	200	400				643	848	1,491	643	848	1,491
44	Eliminate Displaced Homemaker Prog		(200)	(200)	(400)	200	200	400	0.0	• • •		200	200	400
	Program Totals	GF	7,035	7,035	14,070	13,617	13,617	27,234	5	5	10	13,622	13,622	27,244
46		SR	0	0	0	200	200	400	643	848	1,491	843	1,048	1,891
47		WKDF	875	875	1,750	1,625	1,625	3,250	2,750	4,500	7,250	4,375	6,125	10,500
48		ALL	7,910	7,910	15,820	15,442	15,442	30,884	3,398	5,353	8,751	18,840	20,795	39,635
					•			·						

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2005 Session - dollars in thousands S.F. xxxx / H.F. xxx			,		SF1 Senate - Ba	879 Janced Buc	laet Bill	\$	Senate		ç	Senate	
4/25/2005		Governor's F	Recs-Bienn	ial Budget	2/28/05 Bas		•		ents to SF	1879		Plus Adjustr	nents
Agency/Program/ Initiative	Fund	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07
49 Workforce Services							······································						
50 Direct	GF	20,165	20,165	40,330	20,165	20,165	40,330				20,165	20,165	40,330
51 Direct	WKDF	6,945	6,945	13,890	6,945	6,945	13,890				6,945	6,945	13,890
52 EE-Services for MI Increase	WKDF							200	200	400	200	200	400
53 EE-Provider Funding Increase	WKDF							400	400	800	400	400	800
54 Deaf & Hard of Hearing	WKDF							150	150	300	150	150	300
55 Program Totals	GF	20,165	20,165	40,330	20,165	20,165	40,330	0	0	0	20,165	20,165	40,330
56	WKDF	6,945	6,945	13,890	6,945	6,945	13,890	750	750	1,500	7,695	7,695	15,390
57	ALL	27,110	27,110	54,220	27,110	27,110	54,220	750	750	1,500	27,860	27,860	55,720
58 State Funded Administration		21,110	21,110	01,220	27,110	27,110	01,220	100	,	1,000	21,000	21,000	
59 Direct	GF	3,721	3,721	7,442	3.721	3.721	7.442				3,721	3,721	7,442
60 Reduce Administrative Costs	GF	(444)	(444)	(888)	(444)	(444)	(888)				(444)	(444)	(888)
61 Statutory	SR	20	20	(000) 40	20	20	40				20	20	40
62 Program Totals	GF	3,277	3,277	6,554	3,277	3.277	6.554		······		3.277	3,277	6,554
63	01	0,277	0,211	0,004	0,217	0,211	0,004				0,217	0,277	0,004
64 Agency Totals	GF	37,428	37,428	74,856	44,963	44,963	89,926	7,935	460	8,395	52,898	45,423	98,321
65 .	GF-O	0,420	07,420	000,+1	000, דד 0	0	00,020	0,000	-00	0,000	02,000	40,420	00,021
66	SR	ő	0	· 0	200	200	400	643	848	1,491	843	1,048	1,891
67	REM	700	700	1,400	700	700	1,400	043	040	0	700	700	1,400
68	WKDF	7,820	7,820	15,640	8,570	8.570	17,140	3,500	5,250	8,750	12.070	13,820	25,890
69	ALL	45,948	45,948	91,896	54,433	54,433	108,866	12,078	6,558	18,636	66,511	60,991	127,502
70 Minnesota Conservation Corps	ALL	40,940	40,940	91,090	54,455	04,400	108,800	12,070	0,000	18,030	00,511	00,991	127,002
71 Job Skills and Training Grant	WKDF							1,200	2,400	3,600	1,200	2,400	3,600
72 Agency Total	WKDF						-	1,200	2,400	3,600	1,200	2,400	3,600
73	WNDF							1,200	2,400	3,600	1,200	2,400	3,000
74 Explore Minnesota Tourism													
75 Direct	GF	8,626	8,626	17.050	0.000	8,626	17 050				8,626	8,626	17,252
76 Base Reduction	GF		,	17,252	8,626	8,626 0	17,252 0				8,828 0	0,020 0	17,252
		(1,000)	(1,000)	(2,000)	0	0	U	405	405	050	-	125	250
J	GF		4	4 000	•	•	0	125	125	250	125	125	
		7,000	1,000	1,000	0	0		0	1,000	1,000	0	_	1,000
79 Agency Total	GF	7,626	8,626	16,252	8,626	8,626	17,252	125	1,125	1,250	8,751	8,751	18,502
80 Housing Finance Agency 81 Direct	05	04.005	04.005	00 770			0				04.005	04 005	60 770
	GF	34,885	34,885	69,770			0				34,885	34,885	69,770
82 Current Law Base Change-HAF	GF	885	885	1,770	0.070	0.070	0				885	885	1,770
83 Affordable Rental Investment-Preserv		(742)	(742)	(1,484)	9,273	9,273	18,546				0	0	0'
84 Family Homeless Prevention	GF	0	0	0	3,715	3,715	7,430				0	0	0
85 Housing Challenge Program	GF	(5,215)	(5,215)	(10,430)	9,622	9,622	19,244				0	0	0
86 Rental Assistance for Mentally III	GF	0	0	0	1,638	1,638	3,276				0	0	0
87 Homeowership, Ed, Counseling & Tr	GF	0	0	0	770	770	1,540				0	0	0
88 Rehabilitation Loan Program	GF	(1,318)	(1,318)	(2,636)	3,972	3,972	7,944				0	0	0
89 Homeowership Assistance Fund	GF	(885)	(885)	(1,770)	885	885	1,770				0	0	0
90 Non-Profit Capacity Building Program		(55)	(55)	(110)	305	305	610				0	0	0
91 Tribal Indian Housing Program	GF	(1,105)	(1,105)	(2,210)	1,105	1,105	2,210				0	0	0
92 Urban Indian Housing Program	GF	(180)	(180)	(360)	180	180	360				0	0	0
93 Housing Trust Fund	GF				4,305	4,305	8,610	(1,400)	0	(1,400)	(1,400)	0	(1,400)
94 Correctional/Dentention-Housing-HTF	GF							1,400	0	1,400	1,400	0	1,400
95 Ending Long-Term Homeless - HTF	GF	2,000	2,000	4,000	· 0	0	0				0	0	0
					35,770	35,770					35,770	35,770	71,540

2005 Session - dollars in thousands	(, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,			1879		a .		D + -	
S.F. xxxx / H.F. xxx					Senate - Ba			Senate		Senate	
4/25/2005	F ord	Governor's f			2/28/05 Bas			Adjustments to SF1879		Plus Adjustn	
Agency/Program/ Initiative	Fund	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06 FY07 FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07
97											
98 .											
99											
100 Commerce											
101 Financial Examinations											
102 Direct Base	GF	5,994	5,994	11,988	5,994	5,994	11,988		5,994	5,994	11,988
103 Program Total	GF	5,994	5,994	11,988	5,994	5,994	11,988		5,994	5,994	11,988
104											
105 Petroleum Tank Release Cleanup											
106 Direct Base	Petro	1,084	1,084	2,168	1,084	1,084	2,168		1,084	1,084	2,168
107 Program Total	Petro	1.084	1.084	2,168	1.084	1.084	2,168		1,084	1.084	2,168
108		.,	.,	_,			-,				
109											
110 Administrative Services	GF										
111 Direct Base	GF	5,418	5,418	10.836	5,418	5,418	10.836		5,418	5,418	10,836
112 Program Total	GF	5,418	5,418	10,836	5,418	5,418	10,836		5,418	5.418	10.836
113	0.	0,110	0,110	10,000	0,110	0,410	10,000		0,110	0,110	10,000
114 Market Assurance											
115 Direct Base	GF	4.912	4,912	9,824	4,912	4.912	9,824		4,912	4,912	9.824
116 Reallocation of Contractor Admin FD		(100)	(100)	(200)	(100)	(100)	(200)		(100)	(100)	(200)
117 Statutory	SR	100	100	200	100	100	200		100	100	200
118 Direct Base	WCSF	835	835	1,670	835	835	1,670		835	835	1,670
119 Program Totals	GF	4,812	4,812	9.624	4,812	4,812	9,624		4,812	4,812	9,624
120	WCSF	835	835	1,670	835	835	1,670		835	835	1,670
121	All	5,647	5,647	11,294	5,647	5,647	11,294		5,647	5,647	11,294
122	<u> </u>	5,047	5,047	11,234	5,047	5,047	11,254		5,047	5,047	11,234
123 Energy & Telecommunications											
124 Direct Base	GF	4,349	4,349	8,698	4,349	4,349	8,698		4,349	4,349	8,698
125 Division Expenses Reduction	GF										
126 Open Appropriation - Base	GF-O	(125)	(125)	(250)	(125)	(125)	(250)		(125)	(125)	(250)
127 Shift Costs to Renewable Energy Fd		4,838	4,838	9,676	4,838	4,838	9,676		4,838	4,838	9,676
	GF-O	(4,538)	(4,538)	(9,076)	0	0	0		0	0	0
	005	4.500	4 500			-			-		
		4,538	4,538	9,076	0	0	0		0	0	0
130 Program Totals	GF	4,224	4,224	8,448	4,224	4,224	8,448		4,224	4,224	8,448
131	GF-O	300	300	600	4,838	4,838	9,676		4,838	4,838	9,676
132 Weights & Measures	~ ~										
133 Direct Base	GF	2,507	2,507	5,014	2,507	2,507	5,014		2,507	2,507	5,014
134 Program Total	GF	2,507	2,507	5,014	2,507	2,507	5,014		2,507	2,507	5,014
135											
136 Agency Totals	GF	22,955	22,955	45,910	22,955	22,955	45,910		22,955	22,955	45,910
137	Petro	1,084	1,084	2,168	1,084	1,084	2,168		1,084	1,084	2,168
138	WCSF	835	835	1,670	835	835	1,670		835	835	1,670
139	ALL	24,874	24,874	49,748	24,874	24,874	49,748		24,874	24,874	49,748
140	GF-O	300	300	600	4,838	4,838	9,676		4,838	4,838	9,676
141											
142					,						

0.5 /// 5						879		· · .			_		
S.F. xxxx / H.F. xxx					Senate - Ba				enate			Senate	
4/25/2005 Agency/Program/ Initiative	Fund	Governor's F FY06	FY07	FY06-07	2/28/05 Bas FY06	e With Adju FY07		Adjustme FY06	nts to SF1 FY07	879 FY06-07	SF1879 P FY06	lus Adjustn FY07	FY06-07
	Fulla	FTUO	FTU/	FT00-07	F 106	FTU7	FY06-07	F100	F107	FT06-07	P100	FTU/	F100-07
143 Accountancy Board 144 Direct Base	05												
	GF	577	577	1,154	577	577	1,154				577	577	1,154
145 Conslid Admin with Arch & Enginer Bd 146 Agency Total	GF GF	<u>(90)</u> 487	<u>(90)</u> 487	<u>(180)</u> 974	<u>(90)</u> 487	<u>(90)</u> 487	<u>(180)</u> 974				<u>(90)</u> 487	<u>(90)</u> 487	<u>(180</u>) 974
148 Agency Total 147	GF	487	487	9/4	487	487	974				487	487	9/4
148							•						
140 149 Arch, Eng, Surveying, Landscape, Geos	alanaa 9 Int	arian Dealan											
150 Direct Base	GF	785	785	1,570	785	785	1,570				785	785	1,570
151 Agency Total	GF	785	785	1,570	785	785	1,570				785	785	1,570
152	GF	765	765	1,570	765	765	1,570				765	765	1,570
153													
154 Barbers & Cosmetologists Examiners													
155 Direct Base	GF	699	699	1,398	699	699	1,398				699	699	1,398
156 Agency Total	GF	699	699	1,398	699	699	1,398				699	699	1,398
157	01	099	099	1,000	033	033	1,000				000	000	1,000
158			•										
159 Labor & Industry													
160 Workers Compensation Division													
161 Direct Base	WCSF	10,346	10,346	20,692	10,346	10,346	20,692				10,346	10,346	20,692
162 Vinland Center-Rehab Services	WCSF	10,040	10,040	20,002	10,040	10,040	20,002	25	25	50	25	25	50
163 Program Total	WCSF	10,346	10,346	20,692	10,346	10,346	20,692	25	25	50	10,371	10,371	20,742
164		10,040	10,040	20,002	10,040	10,040	20,002	20	20		10,071	10,011	20,7 12
165 Workplace Services Division													
166 Direct Base	GF	2,494	2.494	4,988	2,494	2,494	4,988				2,494	2,494	4,988
167 Code Enforcement Inrease	GF	378	378	756	_,	0	0	378	378	756	378	378	756
168 Direct Base	WKDF	450	450	900	450	450	900				450	450	900
169 Apprenticeship Fee - Replacement	WKDF							300	300	600	300	300	600
170 Direct Base	SR							300	300	600	300	300	600
171 Apprenticeship Fee - Reduction	SR							(300)	(300)	(600)	(300)	(300)	(600)
172 Direct Base	WCSF	3,639	3,639	7,278	3,639	3,639	7,278	(/			3,639	3,639	7,278
173 Program Totals	GF	2,872	2,872	5,744	2,494	2,494	4,988	378	378	756	2,872	2,872	5,744
74	WKDF	450	450	900	450	450	900	300	. 300	600	750	750	1,500
75	WCSF	3,639	3,639	7,278	3,639	3,639	7,278	0	0	0	3,639	3,639	7,278
76	ALL	6,961	6,961	13,922	6,583	6,583	13,166	678	678	1,356	7,261	7,261	14,522
77													
78 General Support Divison													
79 Direct Base	WCSF	5,287	5,287	10,574	5,287	5,287	10,574				5,287	5,287	10,574
80 Program Total	WCSF	5,287	5,287	10,574	5,287	5,287	10,574				5,287	5,287	10,574
81													
82 Agency Totals	GF	2,872	2,872	5,744	2,494	2,494	4,988	378	378	756	2,872	2,872	5,744
83	WKDF	450	450	900	450	450	900	300	300	600	750	750	1,500
84	WCSF	19,272	19,272	38,544	19,272	19,272	38,544	25	25	50	19,297	19,297	38,594
85	ALL	22,594	22,594	45,188	22,216	22,216	44,432	703	703	1,406	22,919	22,919	45,838
86			•										
87													
88 Mediation Services Bureau													
			4 770	0.540	4 770	1 772	3,546				1,773	1,773	3,546
89 Direct Base	GF	1,773	1,773	3,546	1,773	1,773	3,340				1,773	1,775	0,040

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2005 Session - dollars in thousands S.F. xxxx / H.F. xxx					Senate - Ba	879 lanced Buc	laet Bill		Senate			Senate	
4/25/2005		Governor's F	Recs-Bienni	al Budget	2/28/05 Bas				ents to SF	1879	SF1879 I	Plus Adjustr	nents
Agency/Program/ Initiative	Fund	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07
191													
192													
193 Workers Comp Court of Appeals													
194 Direct Base	WCSF	1,618	1,618	3,236	1,618	1,618	3,236				1.618	1,618	3,236
195 Agency Total	WCSF	1,618	1,618	3,236	1,618	1,618	3,236				1,618	1,618	3,236
196													
197													
198 Public Utilities Commission													
199 Direct Base	GF	4,163	4,163	8,326	4,163	4.163	8,326				4,163	4,163	8,326
200 Agency Total	GF	4,163	4,163	8,326	4,163	4,163	8,326				4,163	4,163	8,326
201													
202													
203 Historical Society													
204 Education and Outreach													
205 Direct Base	GF	12,381	12,381	24,762	12,381	12,381	24,762				12,381	12,381	24,762
206 Budget Reduction	GF	(557)	(557)	(1,114)	0	0	0				0	0	C
207 Sesquicentennial Project	GF							75	75	150	75	75	150
208 Historical Sites	GF							700	700	1,400	700	700	1,400
209 Program Total	GF	11,824	11,824	23,648	12,381	12,381	24,762	775	775	1,550	13,156	13,156	26,312
210													
211 Preservation & Access													
212 Direct Base	GF	9,772	9,772	19,544	9,772	9,772	19,544				9,772	9,772	19,544
213 Program Total	GF	9,772	9,772	19,544	9,772	9,772	19,544				9,772	9,772	19,544
214													
215 Pass Through Grants													
216 Direct Base													
217 MN International Center	GF	43	42	85	43	42	85				43	42	85
218 MN Air National Guard Museum	GF	16		16	16		16				16		16
219 MN Military Museum	GF	67		67	67		67				67		67
20 Farmamerica	GF	128	85	213	128	85	213				128	85	213
21 Program Total	GF	254	127	381	254	127	381	0	0	0	254	127	381
222			•										
23 Agency Total		21,850	21,723	43,573	22,407	22,280	44,687	775	775	1,550	23,182	23,055	46,237
24						·							
25 Arts Board													
26 Operation & Services													
27 Direct Base	GF	404	404	808	404	404	808				404	404	808
28 Program Total	GF	404	404	808	404	404	808				404	404	808
29													
30 Grant Programs													
31 Direct Base	GF	5,767	5,767	11,534	5,767	5,767	11,534				5,767	5,767	11,534
32 Program Total	GF	5,767	5,767	11,534	5,767	5,767	11,534		·····		5,767	5,767	11,534
33	.	3,, •.	-,,		-,,	-,/ •/					-,	-,, -,	
34 Regional Arts Councils													
35 Direct Base	GF	2,422	2,422	4,844	2,422	2,422	4,844				2,422	2,422	4,844
36 Program Total	GF	2,422	2,422	4,844	2,422	2,422	4,844				2,422	2.422	4,844
37	0.	e,766	£,-7££	-,0-1-1	6,766	L,762	7,077				2,722	6,766	7,074

2005 Session - dollars in thousands S.F. XXX / H.F. XXX	(79, 2114		·	al Quedanat	Senate - Ba		0	A dia a ta	Senate	4070		Senate	
4/25/2005 Agency/Program/ Initiative	Fund	Governor's FY06	Recs-Blenn FY07	FY06-07	2/28/05 Ba FY06	se vvitn Adj FY07	FY06-07	FY06	nents to SF FY07	FY06-07	5F18/91 FY06	Plus Adjusti FY07	FY06-07
239													
240													
241 Electricity Board													
242 Statutory	SR	11.046	11,046	22,092	11,046	11,046	22,092				11,046	11,046	22,092
243 Agency Total	SR	11,046	11,046	22,092	11,046	11,046	22,092				11.046	11,046	22,092
244													
245													
246 Iron Range Resources & Rehablilitation													
247 Region - Occupation Tax	GF-0	468	468	936	468	468	936				468	468	936
248 Statutory	IRRRB	21,338	23,239	44,577	21,338	23,239	44,577				21,338	23.239	44,577
249 Statutory 250 Statutory	GRG&SR	5,874	5,874	11,748	5,874	5,874	11,748				5,874	5,874	11,748
250 Statutory 251 Agency Total	NMEP GF-0	4,381 468	2,580	<u>6,961</u> 936	4,381	2,580	<u>6,961</u> 936				4,381	2,580	<u>6,96</u> 936
251 Agency Total 252	Statutory	468 31,593	408 31,693	936 63,286	408 31,593	466 31,693	936 63,286				468 31,593	468 31,693	63,286
253	ALL	32,061	32,161	64,222	32,061	32,161	64,222				32,061	32,161	64,22
254		52,001	02,101	04,222	52,001	52,101	04,222				52,001	52,101	
255													
256													
257		<u>مەرە مەرىمەر مەرەمەرە بەرە مەرەمەرە مەرەمەرە مەرەمەرە مەرەمەرە مەرەمەرە</u>						er Benedes					1999 - Color - Color
258													
259 Totals for all agencies	GF	137,501	138,374	275,875	153,715	153,588	307,303	9,213	2,738	11,951	162,928	155,326	319,254
260	GF-O	768	768	1,536	5,306	5,306	10,612	0	0	0	5,306	5,306	10,612
261	SR	0	0	. 0	200	200	400	643	848	1,491	843	1,048	1,891
262	REM	700	700	1,400	700	700	1,400	0	0	0	700	700	1,400
263	Petro	1,084	1,084	2,168	1,084	1,084	2,168	0	0	0	1,084	1,084	2,168
264	WCSF	21,725	21,725	43,450	21,725	21,725	43,450	25	25	50	21,750	21,750	43,500
265	WKDF	8,270	8,270	16,540	9,020	9,020	18,040	5,000	7,950	12,950	14,020	16,970	30,990
266	ALL	170,048	170,921	340,969	191,750	191,623	383,373	14,881	11,561	26,442	206,631	202,184	409,81
267		170.010	170 004		404 750								100.017
268 Total Direct Appropriatons 269 Less General Fund Open		170,048	170,921	340,969	191,750	191,623	383,373	14,881	11,561	26,442	206,631	202,184	409,815
270 Total Appropriations in Bill		(768) 169,280	(768) 170,153	(1,536) 339,433	(5,306)	(5,306) 186,317	(10,612) 372,761	0 14,881	0 [.] 11,561	0 26,442	(5,306) 201,325	(5,306) 196,878	(10,612 399,203
		109,200	170,155	339,433	186,444	100,317	372,701	14,001	11,001	20,442	201,325	190,070	399,20
272													
273 General Fund Revenue								•					
274 Commerce-Unclaimed Property Sale		25.000	5.000	30,000	25,000	5.000	30.000				25,000	5,000	30,000
275 Commerce-License Fee Change		734	734	1,468	0	0,000	00,000	734	734	1,468	734	734	1,468
276 Commerce-Insurance Certificate of Auth	ority Fee	18	18	36	Ō	ō	0	18	18	36	18	18	36
277 Labor & Industry-Boiler Inspection Fees		810	810	1,620	0	Ō	Ō	810	810	1,620	810	810	1,620
278 Electricity Board Transfer		4,000		4,000	Ō	Ō	0			• • • •	0	0	(
279 Total General Fund Revenue		30,562	6,562	37,124	25,000	5,000	30,000	1,562	1,562	3,124	26,562	6,562	33,124
280										· · · ·			
280 281													

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282 283 284 Non-General Fund Revenue 285 DEED-Meth Lab Cleanup Revolving Loan SR 29 29 0		2005 Session - dollars in thousands	g, ==== = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =			SF	1879							
Agency/Program/ Initiative Fund FY06 FY07 FY06-07 FY06 FY07 FY06 FY07 FY06 </th <th></th> <th>S.F. xxxx / H.F. xxx</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Senate - Ba</th> <th>lanced Bud</th> <th>lget Bill</th> <th>S</th> <th>Senate</th> <th></th> <th>:</th> <th>Senate</th> <th></th>		S.F. xxxx / H.F. xxx				Senate - Ba	lanced Bud	lget Bill	S	Senate		:	Senate	
282 283 284 Non-General Fund Revenue 285 DEED-Meth Lab Cleanup Revolving Loan SR 29 29 0		4/25/2005	Governor's	Recs-Bienn	ial Budget	2/28/05 Bas	se With Adj	ustments	Adjustme	ents to SF	1879	SF1879 F	Plus Adjustr	nents
283 284 Non-General Fund Revenue 285 DEED-Meth Lab Cleanup Revolving Loan SR 29 29 0 0 0 29 29 55 55 110 286 DEED-Meth Lab Cleanup Revolving Loan SR 29 29 0 <td></td> <td>Agency/Program/ Initiative F</td> <td>fund FY06</td> <td>FY07</td> <td>FY06-07</td> <td>FY06</td> <td>FY07</td> <td>FY06-07</td> <td>FY06</td> <td>FY07</td> <td>FY06-07</td> <td>FY06</td> <td>FY07</td> <td>FY06-07</td>		Agency/Program/ Initiative F	fund FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07	FY06	FY07	FY06-07
284 Non-General Fund Revenue 285 DEED-Meth Lab Cleanup Revolving Loan SR 29 29 0 0 0 29 29 55 55 110 286 DEED-Meth Lab Cleanup Revolving Loan SR 350 350 700 0 </td <td>282</td> <td></td>	282													
285 DEED-Meth Lab Cleanup Revolving Loan SR 29 29 29 0 0 0 29 29 55 55 110 286 DEED- Mn Investment Fund-Repayment SR 350 350 700 0 <td< td=""><td>283</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	283													
286 DEED- Mn Investment Fund-Repayment SR 350 350 700 0 <td< td=""><td>284 I</td><td>Non-General Fund Revenue</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	284 I	Non-General Fund Revenue												
287 DEED-Promotional & Marketing Rev Fd SR 20 20 40 0 0 0 0 20 20 40 20 20 40 288 DEED-\$10 Marriage Fee Reduction-DHP SR (200) (200) (400) 0	285	DEED-Meth Lab Cleanup Revolving Loan S	SR	29	29	0	0	0		29	29	55	55	110
288 DEED-\$10 Marriage Fee Reduction-DHP SR (200) (200) (400) 0 0 0 289 DEED-Marriage, Dissolution, Education Fees 200 200 200 400 643 848 1,491 843 1,048 1,891 290 Mn Tourism Public Private Enhancement SR 1,500 1,500 3,000 0 0 0 1,500 3,000 291 Total Non-General Fund Revenue 1,670 1,699 3,369 200 200 400 663 897 1,560 2,418 2.623 5,041 292 293 293 294 NET GENERAL FUND(Negatives are gains: Positives are Losses) 295 Direct Appropriations 137,501 138,374 275,875 153,715 153,588 307,303 9,213 2,738 11,951 162,928 155,326 319,254	286	DEED- Mn Investment Fund-Repayment S	SR 350) 350	700	0	0	0				0	0	0
289 DEED-Marriage, Dissolution, Education Fees 200 200 400 643 848 1,491 843 1,048 1,891 290 Mn Tourism Public Private Enhancement SR 1,500 1,500 3,000 0 0 0 0 1,500 3,000 3,000 291 Total Non-General Fund Revenue 1,670 1,699 3,369 200 200 400 663 897 1,560 2,418 2.623 5,041 292 293 294 NET GENERAL FUND(Negatives are gains: Positives are Losses) 295 137,501 138,374 275,875 153,715 153,588 307,303 9,213 2,738 11,951 162,928 155,326 319,254	287	DEED-Promotional & Marketing Rev Fd S	SR 20	20	40	0	- 0	0	20	20	40	20	20	40
289 DEED-Marriage, Dissolution, Education Fees 200 200 400 643 848 1,491 843 1,048 1,891 290 Mn Tourism Public Private Enhancement SR 1,500 1,500 3,000 0 0 0 0 1,500 3,000 3,000 291 Total Non-General Fund Revenue 1,670 1,699 3,369 200 200 400 663 897 1,560 2,418 2,623 5,041 292 293 293 294 NET GENERAL FUND(Negatives are gains: Positives are Losses) 295 Direct Appropriations 137,501 138,374 275,875 153,715 153,588 307,303 9,213 2,738 11,951 162,928 155,326 319,254	288	DEED-\$10 Marriage Fee Reduction-DHP S	SR (200	(200)	(400)	0	0	0						
291 Total Non-General Fund Revenue 1,670 1,699 3,369 200 200 400 663 897 1,560 2,418 2,623 5,041 292 293 294 294 294 294 294 294 294 294 295 200 200 400 663 897 1,560 2,418 2,623 5,041 293 293 294 NET GENERAL FUND(Negatives are gains: Positives are Losses) 295 Direct Appropriations 137,501 138,374 275,875 153,715 153,588 307,303 9,213 2,738 11,951 162,928 155,326 319,254	289	DEED-Marriage, Dissolution, Education Fee	es			200	200	400	643	848	1,491	843	1,048	1,891
292 293 294 NET GENERAL FUND(Negatives are gains: Positives are Losses) 295 Direct Appropriations 137,501 138,374 275,875 153,715 153,588 307,303 9,213 2,738 11,951 162,928 155,326 319,254	290	Mn Tourism Public Private Enhancement S	SR 1,500	1,500	3,000	0	0 -	0				1,500	1,500	3,000
293 294 NET GENERAL FUND(Negatives are gains: Positives are Losses) 295 Direct Appropriations 137,501 138,374 275,875 153,715 153,588 307,303 9,213 2,738 11,951 162,928 155,326 319,254	291	Total Non-General Fund Revenue	1,670	1,699	3,369	200	200	400	663	897	1,560	2,418	2,623	5,041
294 NET GENERAL FUND(Negatives are gains: Positives are Losses) 295 Direct Appropriations 137,501 138,374 275,875 153,715 153,588 307,303 9,213 2,738 11,951 162,928 155,326 319,254	292													
295 Direct Appropriations 137,501 138,374 275,875 153,715 153,588 307,303 9,213 2,738 11,951 162,928 155,326 319,254	293													
	294	NET GENERAL FUND(Negatives are gains: F	Positives are Losses)										
296 Plus Open & Standing 768 768 1,536 5,306 5,306 10,612 0 0 0 5,306 5,306 10,612	295	Direct Appropriations	137,501	, 138,374	275,875	153,715	153,588	307,303	9,213	2,738	11,951	162,928	155,326	319,254
	296	Plus Open & Standing	768	768	1,536	5,306	5,306	10,612	0	0	0	5,306	5,306	10,612
297 Less General Fund Revenues (30,562) (6,562) (37,124) (25,000) (5,000) (30,000) (1,562) (1,562) (3,124) (26,562) (6,562) (33,124)	297	Less General Fund Revenues	(30,562	(6,562)	(37,124)	(25,000)	(5,000)	(30,000)	(1,562)	(1,562)	(3,124)	(26,562)	(6,562)	(33,124)
	298 -	Fotal Impact on General Fund	107,707		240,287	134,021	153,894	287,915	7,651	1,176	8,827	141,672	154,070	296,742
299	299	· .												
300 Balanced Budget Bill - Difference from Gov Rec 47,628 56,455	300 1	Balanced Budget Bill - Difference from Gov I	Rec					47,628						56,455
301		2												-

Dave Jensen, Fiscal Analyst

Page 7 of 7

	FY	FY 2006	SENATE FY 2007	2006-07	+/(-)	+/(-)
Summary Division Changes		FT 2000	FT 2007	2000-07	Sen-Dase	361-000
Agency by Fund	Fund Type			·		
POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY; Direct after S						
General State Government Special Revenue	GEN dir SGSR dir	14,715 48	14,715 48	29,430 96	-	
Environmental	ENV dir	40 26,812	40 26,812	53,624	-	
Remediation	REM dir	11,404	11,404	22,808	-	
	lirect after SF1879	52,979	52,979	105,958	-	
hange Items: CA - Water Div	· · ·					
- General Fund Reduction	GEN dir	(2,004)	(2,004)	(4,008)		1,09
Transfer from Remediation Fund (Land)	ENV dir	8,300	8,300	16,600		(18,50
Clean Water Sec 401 Waivers (SF1123-Hottinger) CA - Air Div	ENV stat	140	140	280		28
Air Fee Increase PCA - Land Div	ENV dir	532	839	1,371		
Transfer to ENV Fund	REM stat	(11,700)	(11,700)	(23,400)		
Remain in Land Program for Superfund Sites	REM stat	3,400	3,400	6,800		6,80
General Fund Reduction	GEN dir	(400)	(400)	(800)		
Total Change Items:	GEN dir	(2,404)	(2,404)	(4,808)		
	ENV dir	8,832	9,139	17,971 280		
	ENV stat REM stat	140 (8,300)	(8,300)	200 (16,600)		
		(1,732)	(1,425)	(3,157)		
	otal Change Items:	(1,132)	(1,420)	(3,131)		
POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY; Di	rect all					
General	GEN dir	12,311	12,311	24,622	(4,808)	
State Government Special Revenue	SGSR dir	48	48	96	-	
Environmental	ENV dir	35,644	35,951	71,595	17,971	
Remediation	REM dir	11,404	11,404	22,808	-	
P	CA - total direct all	59,407	59,714	119,121	13,163	
المرورين مستقري والفاري واستكثر والتكافر والمتحالة المتحالية والمتحالية والمناقب والمنقول والمحالي والمحالي والمحالي	-					
OFFICE OF ENV ASSISTANCE; Direct after S	والمراجع والمتشاعدة والمراجع كمتشار فاستجر متماد كالشامات			00.500		
General	GEN dir	11,760	11,760	23,520	-	
Environmental	ENV <u>dir</u> direct after SF1879	7,994 19,754	7,994 19,754	15,988 39,508		
OEA- Iolai (unect alter SF 1073	13,754	13,754	33,300		
Change Items:						
none					-	
]	
MINNESOTA ZOO; Direct after						
General	GEN dir	6,557	6,557	13,114		
Natural Resources	NRF dir	<u>124</u>	<u>124</u>	13 362	248 248	
MIN 200 - 101al	direct after SF1879	6,681	6,681	13,362	248	
Change Items:						
Lottery in Lieu - MN Zoo Forecast Adjustment	NRF dir	8	10	18		
				.*		
MINNESOTA ZOO; D						
General	GEN dir	6,557	6,557	13,114		
Natural Resources	NRF dir	<u>132</u> 6,689	134 6,691	266 13,380		
	Zoo - total direct all					

	ENVIRONMENT, NATURAL RESOURCES and AGRICU	LIUK	E 20	06-2007 BU	DGEI (\$	tnousand	5)	
					SENATE		+/(-)	
line	Summary Division Changes		FY	FY 2006	FY 2007	2006-07	Sen-Base	Sen-Gov
3 4	Agency by Fund	Fund	Туре				x	
64	DEPT OF NATURAL RESOURCES; Direct after SF1879		1					
65	General	GEN	dir	77,941	77,941	155,882	(9,394)	
66	Natural Resources	NRF	dir	52,067	52,067	104,134	3,892	
67 00	Game and Fish	G&F	dir	82,050	82,050	164,100	-	
68 69	Permanent School Remediation	PS REM	dir dir	- 100	- 100	200	-	
70	DNR- total direct a			212,158	212,158	424,316	(5,502)	
71				,	,		(-,,	
72	Change Items:							And and
73	DNR - Lands & Minerals							
74	Operations Support Reallocation	GEN	dir	343	343	686		-
75 76	Tower-Soudan Mine Drilling (Bakk)	GEN	dir	250	-	250 40		250
76 77	Operations Support Reallocation Operations Support Reallocation	NRF G&F	dir dir	20 74	20 74	40 148		-
78	Aggregate Inventory on School Trust Land	PS	dir	50	50	100		-
79	DNR - Water Resources							-
80	Operations Support Reallocation	GEN	dir	398	398	796		-
81	Water Permit Fee Increase	GEN	dir	10	10	20		-
82	DNR-Forest Management							-
83	Operations Support Reallocation	GEN	dir	1,789	1,789	3,578		-
84	Trust Land Management Costs (SF790-Saxhaug)	GEN	dir	(3,500)	(3,500)	(7,000)		-
85	Reallocation from Enforcement (Senate)	GEN	dir	250	250	500 400		500 400
86 87	Siliviculture-Timber Fiber Quality (SF875-Solon) Trust Land Management Costs (SF790-Saxhaug)	GEN NRF	dir dir	200 3,500	200 3,500	400 7,000		400
88	Appropriation from Forestry Mgmnt Investment Acct (Senate)	NRF	dir	300	300	600		600
89	State Forestry Nursery Stock Surcharge (SF710-Bakk)	SR	stat	250	250	500		-
90	Heritage Enhancement	G&F	dir	250	250	500		-
91	DNR-Parks & Recreation							-
92	Operations Support Reallocation	GEN	dir	3,068	3,068	6,136		-
93	Gen Fund Reallocation from Ecological Services (Senate)	GEN GEN	dir dir	250 200	250 200	500 400		500 400
94 95	Increase State Parks Funding (Senate) Lottery in-Lieu Sales Tax adjustment	NRF	dir dir	200	318	400 564		004 (C
96	DNR-Trails & Waterways		<i>u"</i>	240	010	007		-
97	Operations Support Reallocation	GEN	dir	50	50	100		_
98	Duluth Port Authority (SF33-Solon)	GEN	dir	100	-	100		100
99	Mesaba Trail Facilities (Tomassoni)	GEN	dir	300	-	. 300		300
100	Lottery in-Lieu Sales Tax adjustment	NRF	dir	1,332	1,357	2,689	1	(90)
101	Operations Support Reallocation	NRF NRF	dir	866	866	1,732 1,300		-
102 103	Water Recreation Funding Fishing Pier Adjustments	NRF	dir dir	650 (154)	650 (154)	(308)		-
103	Off-Highway Vehicle	NRF	dir	(100)	(104)	(200)		-
105	ATV Gas Tax Study	NRF	dir	75	-	75		-
106	Expansion Snowmobile Trail Acct (SF610-Bakk)	NRF	dir	57	57	114		114
107	Increased Snowmobile Grants-in-aid (SF1534-Bakk)	NRF	dir	500	500	1,000		1,000
108	Snowmobile Sticker/Easement & New Position (SF1534-Bakk)	NRF	dir	500	500	1,000		1,000
109 110	Extend OHV Damage Account (Dibble Amendement) Fishing Pier Adjustments	NRF G&F	stat dir	200 154	- 154	200 308	11	200
111	Wallop-Breaux Water Access Funding	G&F		253	249	502	11	-
112	DNR-Fish & Wildlife		•	1	2.0			-
113	Lets Go Fishing Promotion (SF665-Johnson)	GEN	dir	325	-	325		325
114	Roadside Habitat (SF1937-Chaudhary)	GEN		100	100	200	11	200
115	Water Recreation Funding	NRF		348	348	696		-
116	Operations Support Reallocation	G&F	dir	2,719	. 2,719	5,438		-
117	Water Recreation Funding	G&F		(348)	• •			-
118	Red Lake Fish Management	G&F		100	100	200	"	-
119 120	Comprehensive Lakes Management Shoreland Habitat Management Program	G&F G&F		85 200	85 200	170 400		-
120	Sturgeon Tagging	G&F		25	28	53	8	
122	Increase Stamp Acct Spending	G&F		1,591	1,441	3,032	11	
123	Heritage Enhancement-Wolf Delisting	G&F	dir	75	75	150		-
124	Heritage: Prairie Wetland Complexes & Monitoring	G&F		600	600	1,200		-
125	Statewide Electronic Registration	G&F		22	312	624		-
126 127	Full Funding ELS Costs Expand Critical Habitat Plate Sales	G&F		828	75 111	150 222		-
127	DNR-Ecological Services	RIM	stat	111	111	222		-
129	General Fund Reallocation to Parks (Senate)	GEN	dir	(250)	(250)	(500))	(500)
130	Operations Support Reallocation	GEN			171	342		-
				-			"Division Ch	•
	Dan Mueller, Senate Fiscal Analyst	2					4/25/2005, 5:	UY MM

Image Summary Division Changes FV FV <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>-1</th><th></th></t<>								-1	
Agency by Fund Fund Type 11 Invasive Space Pavention (SF143-Olson) OEH dr 154 154 156 308 131 Invasive Space Pavention (SF143-Olson) OEH dr 60 60 120 - 133 Water Research Funding (Includes invasive spaces) NRF dr 60 100 100 202 - 134 Operations Support Realization Operations Complexes & Monitoring GAE dr 111 111 112 226 650 - 135 Operations Support Realization GAF dr 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 63 - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>SENATE</td> <td></td> <td>+/(-)</td> <td>+/(-)</td>						SENATE		+/(-)	+/(-)
4 Agency by Fund Fund Fund Fund Total 54 364 308	line	Summary Division Changes		FY	FY 2006	FY 2007	2006-07	Sen-Base	Sen-Gov
11 Invasive Species Prevention (SF-134-Olson) 0EN dir 154 154 156 308 308 2. Operations Support Reallocation Water Recensitor Funding (Includes Invasive species) N/R dir 100 100 202 - 13 Morgane Wildlin E4, Link & Franz, one time IN/R ² dir 100 100 202 - 13 Operations Support Reallocation 0.45 dir 111 111 225 255 120 - 14 Operations Support Reallocation 0.64 dir 64 63 650 100 100 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10					·				
132 Operations Support Realboarison NRF dir 60 60 60 60 700 134 Wear Recreation Funding (Includes Invasive spacelis) NRF dir 100 100 200									000
133 Water Recension Funding (includes invasive species) NRF dr 100 286 286 286 532									308
134 Nongame Withite Ed., Info. & Promo, (one time) NRF dir 100 100 100 200 35 Operations Support Reallocation G&F dir 111 111 222 - 36 Water Recreation Funding G&F dir 112 (112) (112) (112) (112) (112) (112) (112) (112) (112) (112) (112) (111) (112) (111) (112) (111) (112) (111) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>									-
135 Operations Support Realiccation G&F dr. 1/11 1/11 2/2									-
Mater Recreation Funding G&F dr (112) (112) (123) (124) 3 Horitage: Parkin Velocation G&F dr 325 650 - 30 DNR-Enforcement G G 46 84 64 84 728 140 Operations Support Reallocation GEN dr 10 10 20 - 141 Gen Fund Reallocation NRF dr 147 147 244 - 142 Operations Support Reallocation NRF dr 168 200 400 - 144 Dependention Support Reallocation GEN dr 1793 (1,823) (1,185) - 145 Operations Support Reallocation WRF dr (1,233) (2,189) - - 146 Lotery in-Lou Sales Tax adjustment, zoos NRF dr (1,233) (2,189) - - - - - - - - - - -				IB					-
Stream Restoration G&F dir 64 64 64 728 DNR-Enforcement 0 10 10 20 - <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>									-
39 DNR-Enforcement -	137	Heritage: Prairie Wetland Complexes & Monitoring			325	325			-
10 Operations Support Real/ocation GEN dr 10 10 10 20			G&F	dir	64	64	128		-
141 Gen Fund Reallocation to Forset Div (Senate) GEN dr 1250 (500) (500) 142 Operations Support Reallocation NRF dr 147 147 224	.39								-
142 Operations Support Reallocation NRF dr 147 147 244 - 143 Operations Support Reallocation G&F dr 220 200 400 - 144 Operations Support Reallocation G&F dr 628 628 1,286 - 146 Operations Support Reallocation GEN dr (5,829) (5,828) (1,683) - 147 Operations Support Reallocation NRF dr 118 2,2 40 40 149 Operations Support Reallocation G&F dr (1,861) (2,835) (4,697) 149 Operations Support Reallocation 9,28 dr 3,533 (4,697) 150 Total Change Items: G&F dr 3,222 3,64 45,702 153 Total Change Items: G&F dr 3,220 - 200 - 200 155 Total Change Items: 110,237 5,937 19,174 156 Rifk assources NRF dr 55,00 100 100 157 General GEN dr 50,050 50,831 119,934 6,373 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>									-
133 OHP Funding Levels MRF dir 200 200 400 Operations Support Reallocation G&F dir 628 628 1,256 - 143 DUR-Operations Support Reallocation GEN dir (1,683) (1,163) (1,163) - 144 Dependents Support Reallocation CEN dir (1,823) (1,803) (2,183) - 147 Operations Support Reallocation ORF dir (1,833) (1,803) (2,183) - 148 Lattery in-Live Sales Tax adjustment, zoos NRF dir (7,838) (7,848) (7,064) - 153 Total Change Items: 9,289 (1,801) (2,233) (4,697) 154 Depert OF NATURAL RESOURCES; Direct all Gen dir 3,262 3,311 13,354 155 Openations and Fish G&F dir 5,305 559,311 19,184 111,374 155 Openations MRF dir 76,080 75,105 151,185 (14,091) 156 Openations Openations General GEN dir 53,050 53,031 100,375 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>8</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(500)</td>				8					(500)
144 Operations Support Resilication G&F dr 628 628 1,286		• • •					11		-
DNR-Operations Descriptions		•							· -
Goperations Support Reallocation GEN dir Volume (5.829) (10.93) (11.659) (2.168)			Cur	<i>u</i> "	020	020	1,200		-
147 Coperations Support Reallocation NNEF dir (1,033) (2,186) - 148 Latery in-Lieu Sales Tax adjustment, zoos NNEF dir 16 22.40 40 149 Operations Support Reallocation 0.285 (3,532) (7,064) - 151 Total Change Items: 0.285 GEN dir (1,867) (2,836) (4,697) 152 NEF dir 7,838 7,864 15,703 - - 153 Operations Support Reallocation 0.285 - 0.050 - - 153 Operations Support Reallocation 0.285 - 0.050 - - 0.057 -			GEN	dir	(5.829)	(5.829)	(11.658)		-
Lattery in-Lieu Sales Tax adjustment, zoos NRF dir Operations Support Reallocation 0 GEF dir (3,532) 18 22 40 40 Operations Support Reallocation 0 GEF dir (3,532) (3,532) (7,064) - 151 Total Change Items: GEN dir (1,861) (1,861) (2,236) (4,697) 153 GER dir (3,262) 3,262 3,111 6,373 100 155 NRF dir (50 50 100 100 100 155 NRF stat 200 - 200 156 SR stat 200 - 200 157 GEF dir (3,532) 75,105 151,185 (14,091) 158 RUM stat 111 111 222 159 Total Change Items: 10,237 19,174 160 DEPT OF NATURAL RESOURCES; Direct all General 68,312 65,311 119,356 19,594 163 General GEN dir (100 100 100 100 100 164 General GEN dir (100						• • •			-
92,289 (1,861) (2,236) (4,67) 151 Total Change Items: 0,87 dir 7,384 15,702 153 0,87 dir 3,282 3,111 16,702 153 0,87 dir 3,282 3,111 16,702 154 0,97 dir 50 50 100 155 0,87 stat 200 - 200 156 0,87 stat 250 250 500 157 GAF stat 387 377 774 158 Total Change Items: 10,237 8,937 19,174 159 Total Change Items: 10,237 8,937 19,174 159 Matural Resources NRF dir 76,080 75,105 151,185 (14,091) 161 DEPT OF NATURAL RESOURCES: Direct all 78,005 50 100 100 100 162 General GEN dir 76,080 75,105 151,185 (14,091) 163 Natural Resources NRF dir 4,1	148		NRF	dir		• • •			40
151 Total Change Items: GEN dir. (7,838) 7,849 15,702 153 G&F dir. 3,262 3,111 6,373 154 PS dir. 3,262 3,111 6,373 154 PS dir. 3,262 3,111 6,373 155 NHFF stat 200 - 200 156 SR stat 200 - 200 157 G&F stat 387 377 774 158 Total Change Items: 10,237 8,937 19,174 159 DEPT OF NATURAL RESOURCES; Direct all General G&F stat 85,312 85,161 170,473 6,373 163 Natural Resources NRF dir 45,312 85,161 170,473 6,373 164 Game and Fish G&F dir 3,300 5,50 100 100 166 Permanent School PS 350 50 100 11,176 172 Met Council Regional Par	149	Operations Support Reallocation		dir	(3,532)	(3,532)	(7,064)		-
NRF dir 7,884 7,864 15,702 153 G&F dir 3,262 3,111 6,373 154 PS dir 30 50 100 155 NRF stat 200 - 200 157 GR stat 357 387 774 158 RM stat 217 8,937 19,774 159 Total Change Items: 10,237 8,937 19,174 160 DEPT OF NATURAL RESOURCES; Direct all 6RN dir 76,080 75,105 151,185 161 DEPT OF NATURAL RESOURCES; Direct all 6RN dir 50,931 119,936 19,594 162 General GRN dir 50,935 19,811 19,594 163 Natural Resources NRF dir 50 50 100 100 164 Game and Fish GRA dir 50 50 100 100 165 Permanent School PS 50 50 100 100 166 Remediation REM dir 4,152 4,152 8,304 (676) 172 Natural Resources NRF dir 4,152 14,904 (676) 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all			•		(1.00.1)	(0.000)	(1.007)		
63 G&F dir PS dir 50 3,2111 6,373 154 PS dir 50 50 50 500 155 NRF stat 200 - 200 - 200 156 SR stat 250 250 500 500 500 157 G&F stat 250 367 387 774 500 159 Total Change Items: 10.237 8,937 19,174 161 DEPT OF NATURAL RESOURCES; Direct all General Resources f6.060 75,105 151,185 (14,091) 161 DEPT OF NATURAL RESOURCES; Direct all Game and Fish G&F stat 500 75,105 151,185 (14,091) 163 Natural Resources NRF dir 500 500 100 100 200 - 166 Remediation REM dir 500 3,300 3,300 6,600 11,976 172 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all 221,447 220,347 441,794 11,976 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all 3,300 3,300 6,600 676 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all		Total Change Items:							
154 PS dr 60 50 100 155 NRF stat 200 - 200 156 SR stat 250 500 157 GAE stat 337 397 774 158 RIM stat 111 111 222 159 Total Change Items: 10.237 8,937 19,174 156 General GEN dir 59,905 151,185 (14,091) 157 General GEN dir 59,905 59,931 151,185 (14,091) 156 Permaent School PS dir 65,312 85,161 170,473 6,373 166 Remediation REM dir 100 100 100 100 167 DIR-total direct after SF1879 7,452 7,452 14,994 (676) 171 General GEN dir 3,300 3,300 6,000 - - 172 Natural Resources NRF dir 4,152 7,452 7,452 14,994 (676) 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879									
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156 SR stat 250 250 500 157 GAF stat 387 784 183 RIM stat 111 111 222 159 Total Change Items: 10,237 6,937 19,174 160 DEPT OF NATURAL RESOURCES; Direct all 10,237 6,937 19,174 161 DEPT OF NATURAL RESOURCES; Direct all 76,080 75,105 151,185 (14,091) 162 Game and Fish G&F dir 50,905 59,9031 119,836 19,594 164 Game and Fish G&F dir 50 50 100 100 100 165 Permanent School PS dir 50 50 100 100 100 166 Remediation REM dir 100 100 200 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>						-			
157 G&F stat 387 387 774 158 IIII 111 111 222 159 Total Change items: 10,237 8,937 19,174 160 DEPT OF NATURAL RESOURCES; Direct all 6,937 19,174 161 DEPT OF NATURAL RESOURCES; Direct all 76,080 75,105 151,185 (14,091) 163 Gemeral GEN dir 75,0805 59,931 119,836 6,373 164 Game and Fish G&F stat 35,010 100 100 100 166 Remediation REM 100 100 100 100 100 166 Remediation REM 100 100 100 100 100 167 DNR- total direct all 221,447 220,347 441,794 11,976 168 General GEN dir 3,300 3,300 6,600 - 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 7,452 14,904 (676) 174 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 7,552 3,81						250			
Total Change Items: 10,237 8,937 19,174 160 DEPT OF NATURAL RESOURCES; Direct all General GEN dir SEN dir 76,080 75,105 151,185 (14,091) 63 Natural Resources NRF dir 59,905 59,931 119,836 (19,594 64 Game and Fish G&F dir 85,312 85,161 170,473 6,373 165 Permanent School PS dir 100 100 100 166 Remediation REM dir 100 100 100 100 167 ONR-total direct all 221,447 220,347 441,794 11,976 168 MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct after SF1879 7,452 7,452 14,904 (676) 172 Natural Resources NRF dir 2,00 200 - 119 General GEN dir 2,00 2,00 400 676 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 7,452 7,452 14,904	157			stat		387			
100 DEPT OF NATURAL RESOURCES; Direct all (14,091) 161 General GEN dir 76,080 75,105 151,185 (14,091) 163 Natural Resources NRF dir 59,905 59,931 119,836 19,594 164 Game and Fish G&F dir 85,312 85,161 170,473 6,373 165 Permanent School PS dir 50 50 1000 100 166 Remediation REM dir 100 100 200 - 167 Onesral General GEN dir 3,300 3,300 6,600 - 171 General GEN dir 4,152 4,152 8,304 (676) 172 Natural Resources NRF dir 4,152 4,152 8,304 (676) 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 7,452 14,904 (676) 174 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 2,900 400 400 176 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 3,500 3,500 7,000 40	158		RIM	stat	111	111	222		
161 DEPT OF NATURAL RESOURCES; Direct all General GEN dir 75,105 151,185 (14,091) 63 Natural Resources NRF dir 59,905 59,931 119,836 19,554 64 Game and Fish G&F dir 550 50 100 100 166 Remediation REM dir 100 100 200 - 167 MetroUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct after SF1879 0 3,300 3,300 6,600 - 172 Natural Resources NRF dir 4,152 4,152 8,304 (676) 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 7,452 7,452 14,904 (676) 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 6,76 676 676 174 Forecast Adjustment NRF dir 3,500 3,500 7,000 400 176 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 3,500 3,500 7,000 400 176 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 676 676<	159		Total Change It	ems:	10,237	8,937	19,174		
122 General GEN fir 76,080 75,105 151,185 (14,091) 63 Natural Resources NRF fir 59,905 59,931 119,836 19,594 164 Game and Fish G&F dir 85,312 85,161 170,473 6,373 165 Permanent School PS dir 50 50 100 100 166 Remediation REM dir 100 100 200 - 167 DNR- total direct all 221,447 220,347 441,794 11,976 168 General GEN dir 3,300 3,300 6,600 - 170 MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct after SF1879 7,452 7,452 14,904 (676) 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 7,452 7,452 14,904 (676) 174 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 200 200 400 400 176 Increase Metro Parks Funding G	160	· · · ·							
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164 Game and Fish G&F dir 85,312 85,161 170,473 6,373 165 Permanent School PS fir 50 50 100 100 166 Remediation REM dir 100 100 200 - 167 DNR- total direct all 221,447 220,347 441,794 11,976 169 General GEN dir 3,300 3,300 6,600 171 General GEN dir 4,152 4,152 8,304 (676) 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 7,452 14,904 (676) 174 Forecast Adjustment NRF dir 200 200 400 400 176 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 2,50 3,500 7,000 400 176 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 3,500 3,500 7,000 400 177 Forecast Adjustment NRF dir 3,500 3,500 - 400 178 Met Council R						•			
165 Permanent School PS dir 50 50 100 100 200 - 167 DNR- total direct all 221,447 220,347 441,794 11,976 168 DNR- total direct all 221,447 220,347 441,794 11,976 168 General GEN dir 3,300 5,600 - 170 MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct after SF1879 J.300 3,300 6,600 - 171 General GEN dir 4,152 8,304 (676) 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 7,452 7,452 14,904 (676) 174 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 200 200 400 400 175 Change Items: Forecast Adjustment NRF dir 3,500 3,500 7,000 400 176 Increase Metro Parks Funding General GEN dir 3,500 3,500 7,000 400						•			
Remediation REM dir 100 100 200 - 167 DNR- total direct all 221,447 220,347 441,794 11,976 168 General GEN dir 3,300 3,300 6,600 - 171 General GEN dir 3,300 3,300 6,600 - 172 Natural Resources NRF dir 4,152 8,304 (676) 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 7,452 14,904 (676) 175 Change Items: Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 200 200 400 176 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 200 200 400 176 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 200 200 400 176 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 3,500 3,500 7,000 400 178 MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct all GEN dir									
Info DNR- total direct all 221,447 220,347 441,794 11,976 111 MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct after SF1879 0 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td></t<>								-	
168					221,447	220,347		11,976	
MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct after SF1879 Sources NRF dir 3,300 3,300 6,600 - 171 General GEN dir 4,152 4,152 8,304 (676) 172 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 7,452 14,904 (676) 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 7,452 14,904 (676) 174 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 200 200 400 400 176 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 295 381 676 676 178 MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct all General General GEN dir 3,500 3,500 7,000 400 180 General GEN dir 3,500 3,500 7,000 400 181 Natural Resources NRF dir 3,503 15,980 400 183 MN Conservation Corps - total direct after SF1879 Stotal direct after SF1879 Stota	168								
171 General GEN dir 3,300 3,300 6,600 - 172 Natural Resources NRF dir 4,152 4,152 8,304 (676) 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 7,452 7,452 14,904 (676) 174 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 200 200 400 400 175 Change Items: 0 205 381 676 676 176 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 295 381 676 676 178 MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct all General GEN dir 3,500 3,500 7,000 400 180 General GEN dir 3,500 3,500 7,000 400 181 Natural Resources NRF dir 4,447 4,533 8,980 - 182 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all 7,947 8,033 15,980 400 183 General GEN dir 350 350 700 - 184									
172 Natural Resources NRF dir 4,152 4,152 8,304 (676) 173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 7,452 7,452 14,904 (676) 174 Change Items:	170	MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct after	r SF1879						
173 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct after SF1879 7,452 7,452 14,904 (676) 174							•	-	
174 175 Change Items:									
175 Change Items: 76 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 200 200 400 400 177 Forecast Adjustment NRF dir 295 381 676 676 178 MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct all 179 MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct all 700 400 676 178 0 General GEN dir 3,500 7,000 400 180 Natural Resources NRF dir 4,447 4,533 8,980 - 182 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all 7,947 8,033 15,980 400 183 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all 7,947 8,033 15,980 400 184 185 MN CONSERVATION CORPS; Direct after SF1879 400 490 980 - 185 MN Conservation Corps - total direct after SF1879 840 840 1,680 - 186 MN Conservation Corps - total direct after SF1879 840 840 1,680 - 189 MN Conservation Corps - total direct		Met Council Regional Parks - tota	l direct after SF	1879	7,452	7,452	14,904	(676)	
176 Increase Metro Parks Funding GEN dir 200 200 400 400 177 Forecast Adjustment NRF dir 295 381 676 676 178 MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct all 676 179 MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct all 676 180 General GEN dir 3,500 3,500 7,000 400 181 Natural Resources NRF dir 4,447 4,533 8,980 - 182 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all 7,947 8,033 15,980 400 183 400 - - 184 - - 185 MN CONSERVATION CORPS; Direct after SF1879 - - 186 General GEN dir 490 490 980 - 187 MN Conservation Corps - total direct after SF1879 840 840 1,680 -		Change Items:							
177 Forecast Adjustment NRF dir 295 381 676 676 178 MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct all - - - - 676		•	GEN	dir	200	200	400		400
178 MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS; Direct all - 180 General GEN dir 3,500 3,500 7,000 181 Natural Resources NRF dir 4,447 4,533 8,980 - 182 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all 7,947 8,033 15,980 400 183 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all 7,947 8,033 15,980 400 183 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all 7,947 8,033 15,980 400 183 General GEN dir 350 350 700 - 184 General GEN dir 490 490 980 - 186 General GEN dir 490 490 980 - 186 Mix Conservation Corps - total direct after SF1879 840 840 1,680 - 189 Mix Conservation Corps - total direct after SF1879 840 840 1,680 - 189 none Inone Inone Inone Inone Inone Inone Inone Inone <t< td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td>n</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>		•			n				
180 General GEN dir 3,500 3,500 7,000 400 181 Natural Resources NRF dir 4,447 4,533 8,980 - 182 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all 7,947 8,033 15,980 400 183 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all 7,947 8,033 15,980 400 183 General GEN dir 350 350 700 - 184 General GEN dir 350 350 700 - 185 MN CONSERVATION CORPS; Direct after SF1879 Second Second - 186 General GEN dir 350 350 700 - 186 General GEN dir 490 490 980 - 187 MN Conservation Corps - total direct after SF1879 840 840 1,680 - 189 Inone									
181 Natural Resources NRF dir 4,447 4,533 8,980 - 182 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all 7,947 8,033 15,980 400 183 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all 7,947 8,033 15,980 400 183 Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all 7,947 8,033 15,980 400 183 General GEN dir 350 350 700 - 186 General GEN dir 350 350 700 - 186 Met Conservation Corps - total direct after SF1879 840 840 1,680 - 189 Mix Conservation Corps - total direct after SF1879 840 840 1,680 - 189 none none 100 100 100 -	179	MET COUNCIL-REGIONAL PARKS;	Direct all						
Met Council Regional Parks - total direct all 7,947 8,033 15,980 400 183 184 -								400	
183					Alexandra and a second s				
184 MN CONSERVATION CORPS; Direct after SF1879 Source So		Met Council Regional F	arks - total dire	ect all	7,947	8,033	15,980	400	
MN CONSERVATION CORPS; Direct after SF1879 Sector									
186 General GEN dir 350 350 700 - 37 Natural Resources NRF dir 490 490 980 - 38 MN Conservation Corps - total direct after SF1879 840 840 1,680 - 189 190 Change items: 191 none - -		MN CONSERVATION CORRES Direct of	SE1870						
37 Natural Resources NRF dir 490 980 - .8 MN Conservation Corps - total direct after SF1879 840 840 1,680 - 189 190 Change items: 191 none - -				dir	250	250	700	-	
B MN Conservation Corps - total direct after SF1879 840 840 1,680 - 189 190 Change Items: 191 none					1				
189 190 Change Items: 191 <i>none</i>								1 -	
191 none				-			-		
	190	Change Items:						I.	
192		none							
	192				8				

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	ENVIRONMENT, NATURAL RESOURCES and AGRIC	ULTURE 20	06-2007 BU	DGET (\$	thousand	s)	÷
				SENATE	0000.07	+/(-)	+/(-)
line 3	Summary Division Changes	FY :	FY 2006	FY 2007	2006-07	Sen-Base S	en-Gov
4	Agency by Fund	Fund Type					
193	BRD. OF WATER & SOIL RES; Direct after SF18	70					
194 [195	General	GEN dir	15,131	15,131	30,262	(600)	
196	BWSR- total direct	and the second se	15,131	15,131	30,262	(600)	
197							
198	Change Items:		05	25	70		70
199 200	Additional Floodplain Management (SF405-Vickerman) Beaver Damage Control Grants (SF1418-Skoe)	GEN dir GEN dir	35 50	35 50	70 100		יי ר
200	Public Drainage System Buffer Study (SF876-Hottinger)	GEN dir	109	-	109		್ರ
202							
203	BRD. OF WATER & SOIL RES; Direct		45 005	45.040	20 544	(204)	
204 205	General	GEN dir total direct all	15,325 15,325	<u>15,216</u> 15,216	30,541 30,541	(321) (321)	
205 [[206	BW3N-	iotal unect an	13,323		30,341	(021)	
200							
208	SCIENCE MUSEUM; Direct after SF18	79					
209	General	GEN dir	750	750	1,500	-	
210	Science Museum- total direc	t after SF1879	750	750	1,500	-	
211 212	Change Items:						
212	none						
214							
215							
216	AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT; Direct after SF18		07 544	24.024	74 646		
217 218	General Remediation	GEN dir REM dir	37,511 353	34,034 353	71,545 706	-	
219	Agriculture- total direc		37,864	34,387	72,251	-	
220							
221	Change Items: AG-Protection Services						
222 223	Agronomy Program Fees	AG stat	437	449	886		-
223	Nursery and Phytosanitry Fees	AG stat	152	152	304		
225	ACRRA Administration	AG stat	50	50	100		
226	MERLA Administration	REM dir	35	35	70	1	-
227	AG-Promotion and Marketing	10 -1-1			440		-
228 229	Grain Buyer and Storage Fees AG-Ethanol	AG stat	55	55	110		-
230	E85 Pump Grant Program (SF1213-Sams)	GEN dir	500	-	500		500
231	Ethanol Efficiency Grants (SF1893-Murphy)	GEN dir	100	100	200		200
232	AG-Admin Services						-
233	Ag BMP Loan Application Fees	AG stat	9	11	20		-
234	New Building Lease Costs Rail Studies (Wilmar & Clara City)	GEN dir GEN dir	1,815 85	2,934	4,749 85	11	- 85
235 236	Cold Climate Research (SF1754-Stumpf)	GEN dir	75	- 75	150	11	150
237	Livestock Siting Asstance and Training (Dille)	GEN dir	100	100	200	H	-
238	Livestock Odor and Air Research (Dille)	GEN dir	220	-	220		-
239	MN Horticulture Society (SF1357-Kubly)	GEN dir	35	35	70		70
240 241	Mental Health Grants (SF691-Sams) Second Harvest Food Banks Milk Program (SF1202-Dille)	GEN dir GEN dir	100 325	100 325	200 650		200 650
242	Rural Finance AuthorityBonds	RFA bond	"		18,000	11	18,000
243	·						
244	Total Change Items:	GEN dir	3,355	3,669	7,024	11	
245 246		REM dir RFA bond	41	35	70 18,000	14	
247	• • • •	AG stat	703	717	1,420		
248	Total	Change Items:	22,093	4,421	26,514		
249		-					
250 251	AGRICULTURE DEPARTMENT; Direct General	GEN dir	40,866	37,703	78,569	7,024	N
252	Remediation	REM dir		388	776	14	
253	Rural Finance Authority; Bonds	RFA bond		-	18,000		
254	Agriculture	total direct all	59,254	38,091	97,345	25,094	
255							
256			.11			u	

						- /	
				SENATE		+/(-)	+/(-)
line	Summary Division Changes	Y∦ Fì	Y 2006	FY 2007	2006-07	Sen-Base	Sen-Gov
3							
4	Agency by Fund Fund Typ	pe					
257	ANIMAL HEALTH BOARD; Direct after SF1879						
258	General GEN dir	ir	2,803	2,803	5,606	· -	
259	AHB- total direct after SF1879	'9	2,803	2,803	5,606	-	
260		1					
261	Change Items:				1		
262	New Building Lease Costs GEN dir		156	158	314		-
263	Veterinary Diagnostic Lab @ U of MN (SF1413-Dille) GEN dir	ir	300	300	600		600
54							
<i>≟</i> 65	ANIMAL HEALTH BOARD; Direct all	.	0.050	0.004	0 500	014	
266	General GEN di		3,259	3,261	6,520	914	
267	AHB- total direct al		3,259	3,261	6,520	914	
268							
269							
270	AG. UTILIZATION RESEARCH; Direct after SF1879		1.000	1000			
271	General <u>GEN di</u>		1,600	1,600	3,200	-	
272	AURI- total direct SF187	al	1,600	1,600	3,200	-	
273	Change Items:	l					
274 275	none						
275	none						
270							
278	LCMR; Direct after SF1879						
279	LAWCON Acct NRF di	ir I	_		- 1		
280	Env & Nat Res Trust Fund TF di	11	_	-	-		
281	Great Lakes Protection Acct GLP di		-	-	_		
282	LCMR- total direct after SF187			-	-		
283							
284	Change Items:	1					
285	LAWCON Acct NRF di	lir	1,600		1,600		
286	Env & Nat Res Trust Fund TF di	lir 🛛	18,829	18,829	37,658		
287	Great Lakes Protection Acct GLP di	lir 📗	28	-	28		
88	LCMR- total direct	:t	20,457	18,829	39,286		
_89 -		1					
290							
291	TOTAL DIRECT APPROPRIATIONS; ALL AGENCIES						
292		1					
	All Direct Appropriations - Division						
293	Changes						
294	General GEN di		(60)	(828)	(888)		
295	Environmental ENV di		8,832	9,139	17,971		
296		lir	18,829	18,829	37,658		
297		lir	9,741	8,255	17,996		
298	Game and Fish G&F di		3,262	3,111	6,373		
299		tir and	18 000	50	100	l	
300	Rural Finance Authority Bonds RFA boo Great Lakes Protection Acct GLP d		18,000	-	18,000 28	1	
301 302		dir dir	28 35	- 35	20 70		
302	Environment & Natural Resources - total direct		58,717	38,591	97,308	1	
303			JU,/1/	30,331	57,000	<u>ال</u>	

Dan Mueller, Senate Fiscal Analyst

				NOR'S BUDG		1	SENATE-ALL		Sen -
line	DEVENUES DEDIDECTIONS TRANSFERS	agency	FY 2006	FY 2007	2006-07	FY 2006	FY 2007	2006-07	Gov II
3 4	REVENUES, REDIRECTIONS, TRANSFERS								
5	General Fund *								
6	Apiary (Beekeepers) Fee Increase	AG	29	29	58	9	9	18	(40)
7	Administrative Penalty Order	DNR	2	5	7	-	-	-	(7)
8 9	Surcharge on Summer Water Use Water Permit Fee Increase	DNR	330	330	660	330	330 213	660 426	- (96)
9 10	Minerals Management Fee (transfer)	DNR DNR	261 (137)	261 (112)	522 (249)	213 (137)	(112)	(249)	(90)
11	Trust Land Management Costs (transfer)	DNR	(3,500)	(3,500)	(7,000)	(3,500)	(3,500)	(7,000)	-
12	Create Dept. Env. Assistance	PCA	40	40	80			-	(80)
13 14	Create Dept. Env. Assistance	OEA PCA	(40)	(40)	(80)			-	80 .613
14	Solid Waste Tax Change Cancel ENV Fund to General Fund (no inflation)	PCA	(12,171)	(12,442)	(24,613)	-	-	-1	
16									
17	. .	.	(17.17.2)			(2.00.00)	(-	-
18 19	General	Fund-total	(15,186)	(15,429)	(30,615)	(3,085)	(3,060)	(6,145)	24,470
20									
21	Environmental Fund*					1			
22	Air Fee Increase	PCA	532	839	1,371	532	839	1,371	-
23	Solid Waste Tax Change	PCA	12,171	12,442	24,613	- 140	- 140	-	(24,613)
24 25	Clean Water Sec 401 Waivers (SF1123-Hottinger) Limiting Fees for Performance-Based (SF748-Bakk)	PCA PCA	-	-	-	140 (8)	(8)	280 (16)	280 (16)
26	Create Dept. Env. Assistance	PCA	1,281	1,281	2,562	(0)	(0)	(,	(2,562)
27	Create Dept. Env. Assistance	OEA	(1,281)	(1,281)	(2,562)			-	2,562
28	-			-			074	-	-
29 30	Environmental	Fund-total	12,703	13,281	25,984	664	971	1,635	(24,349)
31									
32	Special Revenue / SGSR Fund								
33	Special Fuelwood Permits Fee Increase	DNR	1	1	2	1	1	2	-
34	State Forestry Nursery Stock Surcharge	DNR	250	250	500	250	250	500	-
35 36	Create Dept. Env. Assistance Create Dept. Env. Assistance	PCA OEA	128 (128)	128 (128)	256 (256)				(256) 256
37	Oreale Dept. Liv. Assistance		(120)	(120)	(200)			-	-
38	Special Revenue	Fund-total	251	251	502	251	251	502	-
39									
40 41	Permanent University Fund								
42	Minerals Mgmnt Fee (transfer)	DNR	(1,134)	(1,389)	(2,523)	(1,134)	(1,389)	(2,523)	
43		DINIX	(1,104)	(1,000)	-	(1,104)	(1,000)	(2,020)	-
44					-				-
45	Misc Agency	Fund-total	(1,134)	(1,389)	(2,523)	(1,134)	(1,389)	(2,523)	-
46 47			l						-
47 48	Game and Fish Fund								
49	Sturgeon Tagging	DNR	25	28	53	25	28	53	-
50	Aquatic Plant Management (SF1098-Dibble)	DNR	(260)	(260)	(520)	(260)	(260)	(520)	-
51	Orange and Fish	Frend Andre	(00.5)	(000)	-	(005)	(000)	-	-
52 53	Game and Fish	Fund-total	(235)	(232)	(467)	(235)	(232)	(467)	-
54									
55	Natural Resources Fund								
56	Cross-Country Ski Pass Increase	DNR	140	140	280	-	-	-	(280)
57	Electronic Open Burning Permits	DNR	80	80	160		-	-	(160)
58 59	Special Fuelwood Permits Fee Increase Road Easement Application Fee	DNR DNR	2 20	2 20	4 40	2	2	4	(40)
60	Sale of Tax-forfeited Riparian Lands	DNR	500	500	1,000	-	-	-	(1,000)
61	Minerals Mgmnt Fee (transfer)	DNR	3,112	3,644	6,756	3,112	3,644	6,756	-
62	Trust Land Management Costs (transfer)	DNR	3,500	3,500	7,000	3,500	3,500	7,000	-
63 64	Snowmobile Sticker/Easement & New Position (SF153 Aquatic Plant Management (SF1098-Dibble)	DNR DNR	- 260	- 260	- 520	1,000 260	1,000 260	2,000 520	2,000
65	- quest fait management (of 1000-bibble)	DINIX	200	200	520	200	200	- 520	
66	Natural Resources	Fund-total	7,614	8,146	15,760	7,874	8,406	16,280	520
67			· · ·			J			1

		F	COVE	RNOR'S BUD	OFT		SENATE-ALL		Sen -
line		agency	FY 2006	FY 2007	2006-07	FY 200		2006-07	Gov
68							``		
69	Agricultural Fund				1				
70	Agronomy Program Fees	AG	437	449	886	1 11 1	37 449	886	
71	Nursery and Phytosanitry Fees	AG	152	152	304		52 152	304	-
72	Grain Buyer and Storage Fees	AG	55	55	110		55 55	110	-
73	Ag BMP Loan Application Fees	AG	9	11	20		9 11	20	-
74									-
75	·								-
76	Agricultural	Fund-total	653	667	1,320	6	53 667	1,320	-
77						l			
78									
79	Reinvest in Minnesota								
80	Expand Critical Habitat Plate Sales	DNR	111	111	222	1	11 111	222	- [
81					-			-	-
82		_			-			- 222	-
83	Reinvest in Minnesota	Fund-total	111	111	222		11 111	222	-
84 85									
85 86	Permanent School Fund								
87	Special Fuelwood Permits Fee Increase	DNR	3	3	6		3 3	6	_
88	Revenue Enhancements on School Lands	DNR	-	200	200			-	(200)
89	Minerals Mgmnt Fee (transfer)	DNR	(1,841)	(2,143)	(3,984)	(1,8	41) (2,143)	(3,984)	
90		2	(.,)	(_()	(0,00.)		(_,,	()	_
91					-			-	_
92	Permanent School	Fund - total	(1,838)	(1,940)	(3,778)	(1,8	38) (2,140)	(3,978)	(200)
93									
94									
95	Gift Fund								1 1
96	Create Dept. Env. Assistance	OEA	(11)	(11)	(22)			-	22
97	Create Dept. Env. Assistance	PCA	11	11	22			-	(22)
98					-				- I
99	Gift	Fund-total	-		-			-	-
100									
101									
102									
103	TOTAL FUNDING CHANGES		2,939	3,466	6,405	3,2	261 3,585	6,846	441

2005 L	CMR Recmommendations		·			
Subd. #	Title	LCMR Funding Recommendations	TF Year 1 - FY 2005 July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2006	TF Year 2 - FY 2006, July 1 2006 - June 30, 2007		GLଡ଼A Year 1 - FY 2005
)3a	Subd: 3 - Administration LCMR Administrative Budget	899,000	449,000	450,000	an a	
)3b	Contract Administration	150,000	75,000	75,000		
	SUBTOTAL	1,049,000	524,000			·
	Subd. 4 - Advisory Committee					
4 1	Citizen Advisory Committee	20,000	10,000	10,000	- Museule (1996) (1997) 	
	SUBTOTAL	20,000	10,000	10,000		
	Subd: 5 - Fish & Wildlife Habitat	state to support the		ant and a start for		
)5a	Restoring Minnesota's Fish and Wildlife Habitat Corridors - Phase III	4,062,000	2,031,000	2,031,000		
05b	Metropolitan Area Wildlife Corridors- Phase II	3,530,000	1,765,000	1,765,000		
05c	Development of Scientific & Natural Areas	134,000	67,000	67,000		
05d	Prairie Stewardship of Private Lands	100,000	50,000	50,000		
05e	Local Initiative Grants -Conservation Partners &	500,000	250,000	250,000		
05f	Environmental Partnerships Minnesota ReLeaf Community Forest Development	500,000	250,000	250,000)	
05g	and Protection Integrated and Pheromonal Control of Carp	. 550,000	275,000	275,000) ·	
05h	Biological Control of European Buckthorn and	200,000	100,000	100,000)	
05i	Garlic Mustard Land Exchange Revolving Fund for Aitkin, Cass,	500,000	250,000	250,000)	
	and Crow Wing Counties SUBTOTAL	10,076,000	5,038,000	5,038,000		-
1956	Subd. 6 - Recreation	Second a constant				
06a	State Park and Recreation Area Land Acquisition	2,000,000	1,000,000	0 1,000,000) 	
06b	LAWCON Federal Reimbursements	1,600,000	C	0 0	1,600,000	
06c	State Park and Recreation Area Revenue- Enhancing Development	200,000	- 100,000	0 100,000	D	
06d	Best Management Practices for Parks and Outdoor Recreation	200,000	100,000	0 100,000	D	
06e	Metropolitan Regional Parks Acquisition, Rehabilitation and Development	2,000,000	1,000,000	0 1,000,00	D	
06f	Gitchi-Gami State Trail	500,000	250,00	0 250,00	0	
06g	Casey Jones State Trail	1,200,000	600,00	0 600,00	0	
06h	Paul Bunyan State Trail Connection	400,000	200,00	0 200,00	0	
06i	Minnesota River Trail Planning	200,000) 100,00	0 100,00	0	
06j	Local Initiative Grants -Parks and Natural Areas	1,200,000	600,00	0 600,00	0	
06k	Regional Park Planning for NonMetropolitan Urban	86,000	43,00	43,00	0	
061	Areas Local and Regional Trail Grant Initiative Program	700,000	350,00	0 350,00	0	
06m	Mesabi Trail	1,000,000	500,00	500,00	0	
1						

Subd. #	Title	LCMR Funding Recommendations	TF Year 1 - FY 2005 July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2006	TF Year 2 - FY 2006, July 1 2006 - June 30, 2007	LAWCON Year 1 - FY 2005	GLPA Year 1 - FY 2005
060	Arrowhead Regional Bike Trail Connections Plan	83,000	42,000	41,000		
06p	Land Acquisition, Minnesota Landscape Arboretum	650,000	325,000	325,000		
06q	Development and Rehabilitation of Recreational	300,000	150,000	150,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
06r	Shooting Ranges Birding Maps	100,000	50,000	50,000		
	SUBTOTAL	12,719,000	5,560,000	5,559,000	1,600,000	
22.1	Subd. 7 - Water Resources					
07a	Local Water Management Matching Challenge Grants	1,000,000	500,000	500,000		
07b	Accelerating and Enhancing Surface Water Monitoring for Lakes and Streams	600,000	300,000	300,000		
07c	Effects of Land Retirements on the Minnesota River	300,000	150,000	150,000		
07d	Recycling Treated Municipal Wastewater for Industrial Water Use	300,000	150,000	150,000		
07e	Unwanted Hormone Therapy: Protecting Water and Public Health	300,000	150,000	150,000		
07f	Climate Change Impacts on Minnesota's Aquatic Resources	250,000	125,000	125,000		· ·
07g	Green Roof Cost Share and Monitoring	350,000	175,000	175,000		
07h	Woodchip Biofilter Treatment of Feedlot Runoff	270,000	135,000	135,000		
07i	Improving Water Quality on the Central Sands	587,000	294,000	293,000		
07j	Improving Impaired Watersheds: Conservation Drainage Research	300,000	150,000	150,000		
07k	Hydrology, Habitat and Energy Potential of Mine Lakes	500,000	250,000	250,000		
<u> </u>	Hennepin County Beach Water Quality Monitoring Project	100,000	50,000	50,000		
07m	Southwest Minnesota Floodwater Retention Projects	500,000	250,000	250,000		
07n	Upgrades to Blue Heron Research Vessel	295,000	133,000	134,000		28,000
070	Bassett Creek Valley Channel Restoration	175,000	87,000	88,000		
07p	Restoration of Indian Lake	200,000	100,000	0 100,000		
	SUBTOTAL	6,027,000	2,999,000	3,000,000		28,000
	Subd. 8 - Land Use and Natural Resource Information	and the second secon	a an		en e	
08a	Minnesota County Biological Survey	1,000,000	500,000	0 500,000	0	
08b	Soil Survey	500,000	250,000	0 250,000)	
08c	Land Cover Mapping for Natural Resource Protection	250,000	125,000	0 125,000)	
08d	Open Space Planning and Protection	250,000	125,000	0 125,000	ס	
	SUBTOTAL	2,000,000	1,000,00	0 1,000,000	D	
	Subd. 9 - Agriculture & Natural Resource Industries			and a second s		
09a	Completing Third-Party Certification of DNR Forest Lands					
09b	Third-Party Certification of Private Wodlands	376,000				
09c	Sustainable Management of Private Forest Lands	874,000				
09d	Evaluating Riparian Timber Harvesting Guidelines: Phase 2	333,000	167,00	0 166,00	0	LCMR Rec's

Subd. #	, 				1	
Suba. #	Title	LCMR Funding Recommendations	TF Year 1 - FY 2005 July 1, 2005 - June 30, 2006	TF Year 2 - FY 2006, July 1 2006 - June 30, 2007	LAWCON Year 1 - FY 2005	GLPA Year 1 - FY 2005
09e	Third Crops for Water Quality - Phase 2	500,000	250,000	250,000		
09f	Bioconversion of Potato Waste into Marketable Biopolymers	350,000	175,000	175,000		
	SUBTOTAL	2,683,000	1,342,000	1,341,000		
a starter and a starter at the start	Subd. 10 - Energy					
10a	Clean Energy Resource Teams and Community Wind Energy Rebate Program	700,000	350,000	350,000		Constraints
10b	Planning for Economic Development via Energy Independence	240,000	120,000	120,000		
10c	Manure Methane Digester Compatible Wastes and Electrical Generation	100,000	50,000	50,000		
10d	Dairy Farm Digesters	336,000	168,000	168,000		
10e	Wind to Hydrogen Demonstration	800,000	400,000	400,000		
10f	Natural Gas Production from Agricultural Biomass	100,000	50,000	50,000		
10g	Biomass-Derived Oils for Generating Electricity and Reducing Emissions	150,000	75,000	75,000		
10h	Phillips Biomass Community Energy System	900,000	450,000	450,000		
10i	Laurentian Energy Authority Biomass Project	466,000	233,000	233,000		
	SUBTOTAL	3,792,000	1,896,000	1,896,000		
	Subd. 11 - Environmental Education	0.00				
11a	Enhancing Civic Understanding of Groundwater	150,000				
11b	Cedar Creek Natural History Area Interpretive Center and Restoration	400,000				
11ċ	Environmental Problem-Solving Model for Twin Cities Schools	75,000				
11d	Tamarack Nature Center Exhibits	95,000				
	SUBTOTAL	720,000	360,000	360,000		
and the second	Subd. 12-Children's Environmental	45 MET 1 - 1-77 (63)			and the gr	
	Health	in and all from the set	1			n thur commu
12a	Minnesota Children's Pesticide Exposure Reduction Initiative	200,000	100,000	0 100,000)	
	SUBTOTAL	200,000	- 100,000	100,000		
	Total Requested			18,829,000	1,600,000	28,00
L	Total Recommended Funding	39,286,000)			<u> </u>

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04/26/05 SAMS

[COUNSEL] GK SCA4100A-5

Senator moves to amend S.F. No. (SC4100) as 1 2 follows: Page 3, delete line 4 and insert: 3 (77,000)\$ (845,000)\$ (922,000)" "General \$ 4 Page 3, line 7, delete "9,541,000" and insert "9,741,000" 5 Page 3, delete line 16 and insert: 6 58,700,000 38,574,000 7 "Total 97,274,000" 8 Page 9, after line 13, insert: "Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, 9 section 16A.28, the appropriations encumbered under contract on or before 10 11 12 June 30, 2007, for aquatic restoration grants and wildlife habitat grants in 13 S.F. No. 1879, article 6, section 5, subdivision 7, if enacted, are 14 15 available until June 30, 2008." 16 17 Page 11, delete line 22 and insert: "Appropriation 21,373,000 3,687,000" 18 Page 11, delete line 24 and insert: 19 20 "General 3,338,000 3,652,000" Page 12, delete line 8 and insert: 21 "20,738,000 3,552,000" 22 23 Page 12, delete line 10 and insert: "General 2,738,000 24 3,552,000" 25 Page 63, after line 17, insert: "Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 84.027, 26 subdivision 13, is amended to read: 27 28 Subd. 13. [GAME AND FISH RULES.] (a) The commissioner of natural resources may adopt rules under sections 97A.0451 to 29 97A.0459 and this subdivision that are authorized under: 30 (1) chapters 97A, 97B, and 97C to set open seasons and 31 areas, to close seasons and areas, to select hunters for areas, 32 to provide for tagging and registration of game and fish, to 33 prohibit or allow taking of wild animals to protect a species, 34 35 to prevent or control wildlife disease, and to prohibit or allow importation, transportation, or possession of a wild animal; 36 (2) sections 84.093, 84.15, and 84.152 to set seasons for 37 38 harvesting wild ginseng roots and wild rice and to restrict or prohibit harvesting in designated areas; and 39 40 (3) section 84D.12 to designate prohibited invasive

04/26/05 SAMS

[COUNSEL] GK

SCA4100A-5

species, regulated invasive species, unregulated nonnative
 species, and infested waters.

(b) If conditions exist that do not allow the commissioner 3 to comply with sections 97A.0451 to 97A.0459, the commissioner 4 may adopt a rule under this subdivision by submitting the rule 5 to the attorney general for review under section 97A.0455, 6 publishing a notice in the State Register and filing the rule 7 with the secretary of state and the Legislative Coordinating 8 Commission, and complying with section 97A.0459, and including a 9 statement of the emergency conditions and a copy of the rule in 10 the notice. The notice may be published after it is received 11 from the attorney general or five business days after it is 12 submitted to the attorney general, whichever is earlier. 13

(c) Rules adopted under paragraph (b) are effective upon
publishing in the State Register and may be effective up to
seven days before publishing and filing under paragraph (b), if:
(1) the commissioner of natural resources determines that
an emergency exists;

(2) the attorney general approves the rule; and
(3) for a rule that affects more than three counties the
commissioner publishes the rule once in a legal newspaper
published in Minneapolis, St. Paul, and Duluth, or for a rule
that affects three or fewer counties the commissioner publishes
the rule once in a legal newspaper in each of the affected
counties.

(d) Except as provided in paragraph (e), a rule published
under paragraph (c), clause (3), may not be effective earlier
than seven days after publication.

(e) A rule published under paragraph (c), clause (3), may
be effective the day the rule is published if the commissioner
gives notice and holds a public hearing on the rule within 15
days before publication.

(f) The commissioner shall attempt to notify persons or
groups of persons affected by rules adopted under paragraphs (b)
and (c) by public announcements, posting, and other appropriate
means as determined by the commissioner.

04/26/05 SAMS

(g) Notwithstanding section 97A.0458, a rule adopted under 1 this subdivision is effective for the period stated in the 2 notice but not longer than 18 months after the rule is adopted." 3 Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal 4 references 5

Amend the title accordingly 6

7 Correct the subdivision and section totals and the 8 summaries by fund

04/26/05 BAKK

[COUNSEL] CEB SCA4100A11

Senator moves to amend S.F. No. (SC4100) as 1 2 follows: 3 Page 211, after line 22, insert: "Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 474A.061, 4 subdivision 2c, is amended to read: 5 Subd. 2c. [PUBLIC FACILITIES POOL ALLOCATION.] From the 6 beginning of the calendar year and continuing for a period of 7 120 days, the commissioner shall reserve \$3,000,000 \$5,000,000 8 of the available bonding authority from the public facilities 9 pool for applications for public facilities projects to be 10 financed by the Western Lake Superior Sanitary District. 11 Commencing on the second Tuesday in January and continuing on 12 13 each Monday through the last Monday in July, the commissioner shall allocate available bonding authority from the public 14 facilities pool to applications for eligible public facilities 15 projects received on or before the Monday of the preceding 16 If there are two or more applications for public week. 17 18 facilities projects from the pool and there is insufficient 19 available bonding authority to provide allocations for all projects in any one week, the available bonding authority shall 20 be awarded by lot unless otherwise agreed to by the respective 21 issuers." 22 23 Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal

- 24 references
- 25

Amend the title accordingly

04/26/05 HOTTINGER

[COUNSEL] PSW

1 Senator moves to amend SC4100 as follows: 2 Page 13, line 10, delete "\$220,000" and insert "\$120,000" 3 Page 13, after line 14, insert: "\$100,000 the first year is for transfer to the regents of the University of Minnesota for the Minnesota Institute for Sustainable 4 5

6 7

8 Agriculture to support the Alternative

- 9
- Swine Task Force and to develop alternative dairy and other livestock 10

11 programs."

Not adopted.

04/26/05 LANGSETH

Senator moves to amend S.F. No. (SC4100) as follows:
Page 217, delete section 107

Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal
references

6 Amend the title accordingly

[COUNSEL] CEB SCS4100A-4 04/26/05 Senator moves to amend S.F. No. (SC4100) as 1 2 follows: Page 143, after line 7, insert: 3 "Sec. 16. [59B.01] [SCOPE AND PURPOSE.] 4 (a) The purpose of this chapter is to create a legal 5 framework within which service contracts may be sold in this 6 7 state. (b) The following are exempt from this chapter: 8 (1) warranties; 9 10 (2) maintenance agreements; (3) warranties, service contracts, or maintenance 11 agreements offered by public utilities, as defined in section 12 216B.02, subdivision 4, or an entity or operating unit owned by 13 or under common control with a public utility; 14 15 (4) service contracts sold or offered for sale to persons other than consumers; 16 17 (5) service contracts on tangible property where the tangible property for which the service contract is sold has a 18 purchase price of \$250 or less exclusive of sales tax; 19 20 (6) motor vehicle service contracts as defined in section 65B.29, subdivision 1, paragraph (1); 21 22 (7) service contracts for home security equipment installed 23 by a licensed technology systems contractor; and (8) motor club membership contracts that typically provide 24 roadside assistance services to motorists stranded for reasons 25 that include, but are not limited to, mechanical breakdown or 26 27 adverse road conditions. 28 (c) The types of agreements referred to in paragraph (b) 29 are not subject to chapters 60A to 79A, except as otherwise 30 specifically provided by law. 31 Sec. 17. [59B.02] [DEFINITIONS.] Subdivision 1. [TERMS.] For the purposes of this chapter, 32 the terms defined in this section have the meanings given them. 33 34 Subd. 2. [ADMINISTRATOR.] "Administrator" means the person who is responsible for the administration of the service 35 36 contracts or the service contracts plan or who is responsible

[COUNSEL] CEB SCS4100A-4 04/26/05 for any filings required by this chapter. 1 Subd. 3. [COMMISSIONER.] "Commissioner" means the 2 commissioner of commerce. 3 Subd. 4. [CONSUMER.] "Consumer" means a natural person who 4 buys, other than for purposes of resale, any tangible personal 5 property that is distributed in commerce and that is normally 6 used for personal, family, or household purposes and not for 7 business or research purposes. 8 Subd. 5. [MAINTENANCE AGREEMENT.] "Maintenance agreement" 9 means a contract of limited duration that provides for scheduled 10 maintenance only. 11 Subd. 6. [PERSON.] "Person" means an individual, 12 partnership, corporation, incorporated or unincorporated 13 association, joint stock company, reciprocal, syndicate, or any 14 similar entity or combination of entities acting in concert. 15 Subd. 7. [PREMIUM.] "Premium" means the consideration paid 16 to an insurer for a reimbursement insurance policy. 17 Subd. 8. [PROVIDER.] "Provider" means a person who is 18 contractually obligated to the service contract holder under the 19 terms of the service contract. 20 Subd. 9. [PROVIDER FEE.] "Provider fee" means the 21 consideration paid for a service contract. 22 Subd. 10. [REIMBURSEMENT INSURANCE POLICY.] "Reimbursement 23 24 insurance policy" means a policy of insurance issued to a 25 provider to either provide reimbursement to the provider under the terms of the insured service contracts issued or sold by the 26 27 provider or, in the event of the provider's nonperformance, to pay on behalf of the provider all covered contractual 28 obligations incurred by the provider under the terms of the 29 30 insured service contracts issued or sold by the provider. 31 Subd. 11. [SERVICE CONTRACT.] "Service contract" means a 32 contract or agreement for a separately stated consideration for a specific duration to perform the repair, replacement, or 33 maintenance of property or indemnification for repair, 34 35 replacement, or maintenance, for the operational or structural

04/26/05

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1	wear and tear, with or without additional provisions for
2	incidental payment of indemnity under limited circumstances.
3	Service contracts may provide for the repair, replacement, or
4	maintenance of property for damage resulting from power surges
5	and accidental damage from handling.
6	Subd. 12. [SERVICE CONTRACT HOLDER OR CONTRACT
7	HOLDER.] "Service contract holder" or "contract holder" means a
8	person who is the purchaser or holder of a service contract.
9	Subd. 13. [WARRANTY.] "Warranty" means a warranty made
10	solely by the manufacturer, importer, or seller of property or
11	services without consideration, that is not negotiated or
12	separated from the sale of the product, and is incidental to the
13	sale of the product, that guarantees indemnity for defective
14	parts, mechanical or electrical breakdown, labor, or other
15	remedial measures, such as repair or replacement of the property
16	or repetition of services.
17	Sec. 18. [59B.03] [REQUIREMENTS FOR TRANSACTING BUSINESS.]
18	Subdivision 1. [APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.] A provider
19	may, but is not required to, appoint an administrator or other
20	designee to be responsible for any or all of the administration
21	of service contracts and compliance with this chapter.
22	Subd. 2. [CONTRACT COPIES AND RECEIPTS.] Service contracts
23	must not be issued, sold, or offered for sale in this state
24	unless the provider has:
25	(1) provided a receipt for, or other written evidence of,
26	the purchase of the service contract to the contract holder;
27	(2) provided a copy of the service contract to the service
28	contract holder within a reasonable period of time from the date
29	of purchase; and
30	(3) complied with this chapter.
31	Subd. 3. [REGISTRATION.] Each provider of service
32	contracts sold in this state shall file a registration with the
33	commissioner on a form prescribed by the commissioner. Each
34	provider shall pay to the commissioner a fee in the amount of
35	\$200 annually.
36	Subd. 4. [FINANCIAL REQUIREMENTS.] In order to ensure the

Section 18

[COUNSEL] CEB SCS4100A-4

1	faithful performance of a provider's obligations to its contract
2	holders, each provider is responsible for complying with the
3	requirements of one of the following:
4	(1) insure all service contracts under a reimbursement
5	insurance policy issued by an insurer authorized to transact
6	insurance in this state, a risk retention group, as that term is
7	defined in United States Code, title 15, section 3901(A)(4), as
8	long as that risk retention group is registered pursuant to
9	section 60E.03 or 60E.04 as applicable, and is in full
10	compliance with the federal Liability Risk Retention Act of
11	1986, United States Code, title 15, section 3901, et al., or
12	issued pursuant to sections 60A.195 to 60A.209, and either:
13	(i) the insurer or risk retention group shall, at the time
14	the policy is filed with the commissioner, and continuously
15	thereafter, maintain surplus as to policyholders and paid-in
16	capital of at least \$15,000,000, and annually file audited
17	financial statements with the commissioner; or
18	(ii) the commissioner may authorize an insurer or risk
19	retention group that has surplus as to policyholders and paid-in
20	capital of less than \$15,000,000 but at least equal to
21	\$10,000,000 to issue the insurance required by this section if
22	the insurer or risk retention group demonstrates to the
23	satisfaction of the commissioner that the company maintains a
24	ratio of direct written premiums, wherever written, to surplus
25	as to policyholders and paid-in capital of not greater than 3 to
26	<u>1;`or</u>
27	(2)(i) maintain a funded reserve account for obligations
28	under contracts issued and outstanding in this state. The
29	reserves must not be less than 40 percent of gross consideration
30	received, less claims paid, on the sale of the service contract
31	for all in-force contracts. The reserve account is subject to
32	examination and review by the commissioner; and
33	(ii) place in trust with the commissioner a financial
34	security deposit, having a value of not less than five percent
35	of the gross consideration received, less claims paid, on the
36	sale of the service contract for all service contracts issued

[COUNSEL] CEB SCS4100A-4 04/26/05 and in force, but not less than \$25,000, consisting of one of 1 2 the following: (A) a surety bond issued by an authorized surety; 3 (B) securities of the type eligible for deposit by 4 authorized insurers in this state; 5 6 (C) cash; (D) a letter of credit issued by a qualified financial 7 institution containing an evergreen clause which prevents the 8 expiration of the letter without due notice from the issuer; or 9 10 (E) another form of security prescribed by rules of the 11 commissioner; or (3) (i) maintain, or its parent company maintain, a net 12 worth or stockholders' equity of \$100,000,000; and 13 (ii) upon request, provide the commissioner with a copy of 14 the provider's or the provider's parent company's most recent 15 Form 10-K or Form 20-F filed with the Securities and Exchange 16 Commission (SEC) within the last calendar year, or if the 17 company does not file with the SEC, a copy of the company's 18 19 audited financial statements, which shows a net worth of the provider or its parent company of at least \$100,000,000. If the 20 provider's parent company's Form 10-K, Form 20-F, or audited 21 22 financial statements are filed to meet the provider's financial stability requirement, then the parent company shall agree to 23 guarantee the obligations of the provider relating to service 24 contracts sold by the provider in this state. 25 Subd. 5. [RIGHT OF RETURN.] Service contracts must require 26 the provider to permit the service contract holder to return the 27 28 service contract within 20 days of the date the service contract 29 was mailed to the service contract holder or within ten days of delivery if the service contract is delivered to the service 30 contract holder at the time of sale or within a longer time 31 32 period permitted under the service contract. Upon return of the service contract to the provider within the applicable time 33 34 period, if no claim has been made under the service contract 35 before its return to the provider, the service contract is void and the provider shall refund to the service contract holder, or 36

Section 18

credit the account of the service contract holder, with the full 1 purchase price of the service contract. The right to void the 2 service contract provided in this paragraph is not transferable 3 and applies only to the original service contract purchaser, and 4 only if no claim has been made before its return to the 5 provider. A ten percent penalty per month must be added to a 6 refund that is not paid or credited within 45 days after return 7 of the service contract to the provider. 8 Subd. 6. [PREMIUM TAXES.] (a) Provider fees collected on 9 10 service contracts are not subject to premium taxes. (b) Premiums for reimbursement insurance policies are 11 12 subject to applicable taxes. Subd. 7. [LICENSING EXEMPTION.] Except for the 13 14 registration requirements in subdivision 3, providers and 15 related service contract sellers, administrators, and other persons marketing, selling, or offering to sell service 16 contracts are exempt from any licensing requirements of this 17 state. 18 Subd. 8. [INSURANCE EXEMPTION.] The marketing, sale, 19 20 offering for sale, issuance, making, proposing to make, and 21 administration of service contracts by providers and related 22 service contract sellers, administrators, and other persons are exempt from all other provisions of the insurance laws of this 23 state, except as provided in section 72A.20, subdivision 38. 24 25 Sec. 19. [59B.04] [REQUIRED DISCLOSURES; REIMBURSEMENT 26 INSURANCE POLICY.] 27 Subdivision 1. [RIGHT TO PAYMENT OR 28 REIMBURSEMENT.] Reimbursement insurance policies insuring service contracts issued, sold, or offered for sale in this 29 state shall state that the insurer that issued the reimbursement 30 31 insurance policy shall either reimburse or pay on behalf of the provider any covered sums the provider is legally obligated to 32 33 pay or, in the event of the provider's nonperformance, shall 34 provide the service which the provider is legally obligated to perform according to the provider's contractual obligations 35 under the service contracts issued or sold by the provider. 36

1	Subd. 2. [RIGHT TO APPLY TO COMPANY.] In the event covered
2	service is not provided by the service contract provider within
3	60 days of proof of loss by the service contract holder, the
4	contract holder is entitled to apply directly to the
5	reimbursement insurance company.
6	Sec. 20. [59B.05] [REQUIRED DISCLOSURE; SERVICE
7	CONTRACTS.]
8	Subdivision 1. [READABILITY AND GENERAL
9	DISCLOSURE.] Service contracts marketed, sold, offered for sale,
10	issued, made, proposed to be made, or administered in this state
11	must be written, printed, or typed in clear, understandable
12	language that is easy to read and must disclose the requirements
13	set forth in this section, as applicable.
14	Subd. 2. [IDENTITIES OF PARTIES.] Service contracts must
15	state the name and address of the provider, and must identify
16	any administrator if different from the provider, the service
17	contract seller, and the service contract holder to the extent
18	that the name of the service contract holder has been furnished
19	by the service contract holder. The identities of the parties
20	are not required to be preprinted on the service contract and
21	may be added to the service contract at the time of sale.
22	Subd. 3. [TOTAL PURCHASE PRICE AND SALES TERMS.] Service
23	contracts must state the total purchase price and the terms
24	under which the service contract is sold. The purchase price is
25	not required to be preprinted on the service contract and may be
26	negotiated at the time of sale with the service contract holder.
27	Subd. 4. [DEDUCTIBLES.] Service contracts must state the
28	existence of any deductible amount, if applicable.
29	Subd. 5. [COVERAGES, LIMITATIONS, AND EXCLUSIONS.] No
30	particular causes of loss or property are required to be
31	covered, but service contracts must specify the merchandise and
32	services to be provided and, with equal prominence, any
33	limitations, exceptions, or exclusions including, but not
34	limited to, any damage or breakdown not covered by the service
35	contract.
36	Subd. 6. [RESTRICTIONS ON TRANSFERABILITY.] Service

contracts must state any restrictions governing the 1 2 transferability of the service contract, if applicable. 3 Subd. 7. [CANCELLATION TERMS.] Service contracts must state the terms, restrictions, or conditions governing 4 5 cancellation of the service contract prior to the termination or expiration date of the service contract by either the provider 6 7 or the service contract holder. The provider of the service 8 contract shall mail a written notice to the contract holder at the last known address of the service contract holder contained 9 10 in the records of the provider at least 15 days before cancellation by the provider. Five days' notice is required if 11 the reason for cancellation is nonpayment of the provider fee, a 12 material misrepresentation by the service contract holder to the 13 provider, or a substantial breach of duties by the service 14 15 contract holder relating to the covered product or its use. The notice must state the effective date of the cancellation and the 16 reason for the cancellation. 17 Subd. 8. [DUTIES OF CONTRACT HOLDER.] Service contracts 18 19 must set forth all of the obligations and duties of the service 20 contract holder, such as the duty to protect against any further 21 damage and any requirement to follow the owner's manual. Subd. 9. [EXCLUSIONS; CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES AND 22 PREEXISTING CONDITIONS.] Service contracts may exclude coverage 23 24 for consequential damages or preexisting conditions. These 25 exclusions, if applicable, must be stated in the contract. 26 Sec. 21. [59B.06] [ADDITIONAL REQUIRED DISCLOSURE; SERVICE 27 CONTRACTS.] 28 Subdivision 1. [INSURANCE DISCLOSURE.] Service contracts insured under a reimbursement insurance policy pursuant to 29 30 section 59B.03, subdivision 4, clause (1), must contain a 31 statement in substantially the following form: "Obligations of 32 the provider under this service contract are insured under a 33 service contract reimbursement insurance policy." The service 34 contract must also state the name and address of the insurer. Subd. 2. [DISCLOSURE OF NO INSURANCE.] Service contracts 35 not insured under a reimbursement insurance policy pursuant to 36

1	section 59B.03, subdivision 4, clause (1), must contain a
2	statement in substantially the following form: "Obligations of
3	the provider under this service contract are backed by the full
4	faith and credit of the provider."
5	Sec. 22. [59B.07] [PROHIBITED ACTS.]
6	Subdivision 1. [DECEPTIVE NAMES.] A provider shall not use
7	in its name the words insurance, casualty, surety, mutual, or
8	any other words descriptive of the insurance, casualty, or
9	surety business; or a name deceptively similar to the name or
10	description of any insurance or surety corporation, or to the
11	name of any other provider. The word "guaranty" or similar word
12	may be used by a provider. This section does not apply to a
13	company that was using any of the prohibited language in its
14	name before the effective date of this chapter. However, a
15	company using the prohibited language in its name shall include
16	in its service contracts a statement in substantially the
17	following form: "This agreement is not an insurance contract."
18	Subd. 2. [FALSE OR MISLEADING STATEMENTS.] A provider or
19	its representative shall not in its service contracts,
20	literature, or otherwise make, permit, or cause to be made any
21	false or misleading statement or omit any material statement
22	that would be considered misleading if omitted.
23	Subd. 3. [REQUIRED PURCHASE.] <u>A person, such as a bank,</u>
24	savings association, lending institution, manufacturer, or
25	
	seller of any product shall not require the purchase of a
26	seller of any product shall not require the purchase of a service contract as a condition of a loan or a condition for the
26 27	· · ·
	service contract as a condition of a loan or a condition for the
27	service contract as a condition of a loan or a condition for the sale of any property.
27 28	service contract as a condition of a loan or a condition for the sale of any property. Sec. 23. [59B.08] [RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS.]
27 28 29	<pre>service contract as a condition of a loan or a condition for the sale of any property. Sec. 23. [59B.08] [RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS.] Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] The provider shall keep</pre>
27 28 29 30	<pre>service contract as a condition of a loan or a condition for the sale of any property. Sec. 23. [59B.08] [RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS.] Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] The provider shall keep accurate accounts, books, and records concerning transactions</pre>
27 28 29 30 31	<pre>service contract as a condition of a loan or a condition for the sale of any property. Sec. 23. [59B.08] [RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS.] Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] The provider shall keep accurate accounts, books, and records concerning transactions regulated under this chapter.</pre>
27 28 29 30 31 32	<pre>service contract as a condition of a loan or a condition for the sale of any property. Sec. 23. [59B.08] [RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS.] Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] The provider shall keep accurate accounts, books, and records concerning transactions regulated under this chapter. The provider's accounts, books, and records include the</pre>
27 28 29 30 31 32 33	<pre>service contract as a condition of a loan or a condition for the sale of any property. Sec. 23. [59B.08] [RECORD-KEEPING REQUIREMENTS.] Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] The provider shall keep accurate accounts, books, and records concerning transactions regulated under this chapter. The provider's accounts, books, and records include the following:</pre>

Section 23

[COUNSEL] CEB SCS4100A-4 04/26/05 service contract holder; 1 (3) a list of the locations where service contracts are 2 marketed, sold, or offered for sale; and 3 (4) written claims files which shall contain information 4 5 regarding the services provided or claims payments for contracts that provide for payments or reimbursement, including at least 6 the dates and description of claims related to the service 7 8 contracts. 9 Subd. 2. [RETENTION.] (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), the provider shall retain all records required to be 10 maintained by this section for at least three years after the 11 specified period of coverage has expired. 12 (b) A provider discontinuing business in this state shall 13 maintain its records until it furnishes the commissioner 14 satisfactory proof that it has discharged all obligations to 15 16 contract holders in this state. Subd. 3. [MEDIUM.] The records required by this chapter 17 18 may be, but are not required to be, maintained on a computer disk or other record-keeping technology. If the records are 19 maintained in other than hard copy, the records must be capable 20 of duplication to legible hard copy at the request of the 21 22 commissioner. Sec. 24. [59B.09] [TERMINATION OF REIMBURSEMENT INSURANCE 23 24 POLICY.] 25 An insurer that issued a reimbursement insurance policy may not terminate the policy unless the insurer mails or delivers 26 27 written notice of the termination to the commissioner at least 28 30 days before the effective date of termination. The 29 termination of a reimbursement insurance policy does not reduce 30 the issuer's responsibility for service contracts issued by providers before the date of the termination. 31 32 Sec. 25. [59B.10] [OBLIGATION OF REIMBURSEMENT INSURANCE POLICY INSURERS.] 33 34 Insurers issuing reimbursement insurance to providers are deemed to have received the premiums for the insurance upon the 35 36 payment of provider fees by consumers for service contracts

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1	issued by the insured providers.
2	Nothing in this chapter prevents or limits the right of an
3	insurer which issued a reimbursement insurance policy to seek
4	indemnification or subrogation against a provider if the issuer
5	pays or is obligated to pay the service contract holder sums
6	that the provider was obligated to pay pursuant to the
7	provisions of the service contract.
8	Sec. 26. [59B.11] [SEVERABILITY PROVISION.]
9	If any provision of this chapter or the application of the
10	provision to any person or circumstances are held invalid, the
11	remainder of this chapter and the application of the provision
12	to person or circumstances other than those as to which it is
13	held invalid, must not be affected."
14	Page 145, after line 25, insert:
15	"Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 72A.20, is
16	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
17	Subd. 38. [UNFAIR CLAIMS SERVICE; SERVICE CONTRACTS.] No
18	person shall, in connection with a service contract regulated
19	under chapter 59B:
20	(1) attempt to settle claims on the basis of an application
21	or any other material document which was altered without notice
22	to, or knowledge or consent of, the service contract holder;
23	(2) make a material misrepresentation to the service
24	contract holder for the purpose and with the intent of effecting
25	settlement of the claims, loss, or damage under the contract on
26	less favorable terms than those provided in, and contemplated
27	by; the contract; or
28	(3) commit or perform with such frequency as to indicate a
29	general business practice any of the following practices:
30	(i) failure to properly investigate claims;
31	(ii) misrepresentation of pertinent facts or contract
32	provisions relating to coverages at issue;
33	(iii) failure to acknowledge and act upon communications
34	within a reasonable time with respect to claims;
35	(iv) denial of claims without conducting reasonable
36	investigations based upon available information;

Section 28

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1	(v) failure to affirm or deny coverage of claims upon
2	written request of the service contract holder within a
3	reasonable time after proof-of-loss statements have been
4	completed; or
5	(vi) failure to timely provide a reasonable explanation to
6	the service contract holder of the basis in the contract in
7	relation to the facts or applicable law for denial of a claim or
8	for the offer of a compromise settlement."
9	Page 218, after line 16, insert:
10	"Sec. 122. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]
11	Sections 16 to 26 and 28 are effective January 1, 2006, and
12	apply to service contracts issued on or after that date. A
13	provider transacting business in this state on or before the
14	date of the enactment of this chapter, which submits an
15	application for registration as a provider under Minnesota
16	Statutes, section 59B.03, subdivision 3, within 30 days after
17	the commissioner makes the application available, may continue
18	to transact business in this state until final agency action is
19	taken by the commissioner regarding the registration application
20	and all rights to administrative and judicial review related to
21	that final agency action have been exhausted or have expired."
22	Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal
23	references

24 Amend the title accordingly



Building Owners and Managers Association of Minnesota

State Delegates

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CHAIR Pat Wolf, St. Paul patwolf@cres-inc.com

Co-DIRECTORS Bill Buth oill.buth@bomastpaul.org

Kent Warden kw@bomampls.org

Owners of 60 Million Square Feet of Commercial and Corporate Office Space in Minnesota OPPOSE Hijacking of The Minnesota Mechanical Code

FACTS

- SF 1884, now incorporated in Omnibus Environment, Agriculture and Economic Development Bill, would undo three years of intensive analysis and negotiation that resulted in adopting the International Mechanical Code in 2004 through an *open and fair* rulemaking process.
- The International Mechanical Code is preferred by owners, developers, architects, engineers, professional code officials and the U.S. GSA because it is fully coordinated with an International "family" of codes and encourages use of modern materials and methods. Minnesota has also adopted the International Building, Fire and Residential Codes with little controversy and no adverse results, and all states bordering Minnesota have adopted the International Mechanical Code.
- With no recourse by the above stakeholder group, this bill would mandate return to the obsolete 1991 version of the Uniform Mechanical Code favored by pipe trades and mechanical contractors who directly benefit by its features and development process.
- This bill also establishes a 25 member "*Board of Mechanical Systems*", 22 of whom are employed in the pipe trades or by mechanical contractors, with absolute authority to adopt, administer, interpret and enforce the mechanical code with no further appeal allowed. It also diverts all State revenue from mechanical permits to the Board with no apparent accountability or oversight governing its use.
- It moves Minnesota backward at a time that global competition intensifies the need to assure that construction regulatory processes for development in Minnesota encourage investment and business expansion in our State.

We respectfully urge the Senate Finance Committee to reject this attempt to thwart sound rulemaking that adopted the International Mechanical Code in Minnesota by this end run of the system that will result in greater cost to businesses and State and local government in favor of narrow self interest by few.

Contact:

Kent Warden, BOMA Greater Minneapolis – 612-338-8627 Bill Buth, BOMA Greater St. Paul – 651-291-8888

> 332 Minnesota Street, #W2950 St. Paul, MN 55101 Phone: 651.291.8888 Fax: 651.291.1031



League of Minnesota Cities

145 University Avenue West, St. Paul, MN 55103-2044 (651) 281-1200 • (800) 925-1122 Fax: (651) 281-1299 • TDD: (651) 281-1290 www.imnc.org

April 26, 2005

Senator Dick Cohen, Chair Senate Finance Committee 121 State Capitol Saint Paul, MN 55155

Dear Senator Cohen:

The League of Minnesota Cities would like to register our concerns with a provision in the Senate Environment, Agriculture and Economic Development budget bill. This policy provision, which was offered as an amendment in the budget division, would hand over complete control of the state mechanical code to a new Board of Mechanical Systems. This proposal is an offshoot of legislation (SF 1884/HF 2328) introduced this year that would have repealed the International Mechanical Code (IMC) and reverted to the 1991 Uniform Mechanical Code (UMC).

Under the amendment, the Board of Mechanical Systems would have the authority to administer, interpret and enforce all mechanical code issues. This new board, which is dominated by industry representatives, is required to adopt a new mechanical code within four months of convening. This proposal is a significant change in the code development process that threatens to undermine the recently adopted IMC.

The League of Minnesota Cities is concerned that this proposal will undercut efforts to adopt a single set of compatible codes, which help provide for more efficient compliance, administration and enforcement of construction regulations. Many states, including neighboring Wisconsin, South Dakota, North Dakota, and Iowa use the IMC. Abandoning it now will create confusion among contractors and designers that work across these state borders and in border communities in Minnesota. Finally, cities have already expended a significant amount of time and money training in the ICC family of codes, and to discard the IMC for another code at this time would be a waste of this public investment.

The League urges you and the members of the Senate Finance Committee to remove the policy provisions relating to the mechanical code from the Omnibus Environment, Agriculture and Economic Development budget bill. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Miller

Jim Miller League of Minnesota Cities

CC: Members, Senate Finance Committee Senator Linda Higgins Representative Joe Mullery

In Opposition to SF1884/HF2328

STATUS OF SF1884 (Higgins) / HF2328 (Mullery)

Without any opportunity for opposition testimony, an amendment that would hand over complete control of the state mechanical code to a new Board of Mechanical Systems was adopted as a provision in the Senate Environment, Agriculture and Economic Development appropriations bill. This amendment is a spin-off of legislation (SF1884/HF2328) introduced earlier this year that would have repealed the International Mechanical Code (IMC) and directed the Department of Administration to amend state mechanical code rules by incorporating references to the 1991 Uniform Mechanical Code (UMC). There is no comparable provision in the House Jobs and Economic Opportunity appropriations bill.

WHAT THE AMENDMENT DOES

Under the amendment, the Board of Mechanical Systems would have the authority to administer, interpret and enforce all mechanical code issues. This new board would be dominated by industry representatives opposed to the IMC and does not include any local government or state regulatory representation. In addition, the board is required to adopt a new mechanical code no later than four months after convening, which in all likelihood would be the UMC. This bill threatens to undermine the recently adopted IMC and is an end-run around the administrative process.

PLEASE REMOVE THE UNDERMINING LANGUAGE FROM THE SENATE ENVIRONMENT AG AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT BILL

The following organizations are seriously concerned that this proposal will undercut efforts to adopt a single set of compatible codes, which help provide for more efficient compliance, administration and enforcement of construction regulations.

In addition, many states, including Wisconsin, South Dakota, North Dakota, and Iowa use the International Mechanical Code. Abandoning it now will create confusion among contractors and designers that work across these state borders and in border communities in Minnesota.

Finally, the State of Minnesota, cities and industry have already expended a significant amount of time and money adapting to the ICC family of codes, and to discard the IMC for another code based upon a narrow self interest would be a waste of public and private investments.

American Council of Engineering Companies of MN	CenterPoint Energy
American Institute of Architechts - MN	General Mills, Inc.
Aquila, Inc.	Greater Minneapolis BOMA
Associated Builders and Contractors, Inc.	League of Minnesota Cities
Association of MN Building Officials	Minnesota Association of Small Cities
Builders Association of MN	Minnesota Chamber of Commerce
Builders Association of the Twin Cities	Saint Paul BOMA

As of 4/25/2005 4:28 PM

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	General Mills, Inc.
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Associated Builders and Contractors, Inc.	
Association of MN Building Officials	Minnesota BOMA
Builders Association of MN	Minnesota Chamber of Commerce
	Minnesotans for an Energy Efficient
Builders Association of the Twin Cities	Economy (ME3)
	Sierra Club – Northstar Chapter

Senator moves to amend S.F. No. (SC4100) as 1 follows: 2 Page 6, delete line 38 and insert: 3 "6,383,000 5,929,000" 4 Page 6, delete line 41 and insert: 5 6 "Natural Resources 5,526,000 5,476,000" Page 7, after line 22, insert: 7 8 "\$1,800,000 the first year and \$1,800,000 the second year is from the 9 10 water recreation account in the natural resources fund for the purposes 11 specified in new Minnesota Statutes, 12 section 86B.706, subdivision 3." 13 Page 82, after line 14, insert: 14 15 "Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 86B.401, subdivision 5, is amended to read: 16 17 Subd. 5. [LICENSE PERIOD.] A watercraft license is valid for three two calendar years or a portion of the three-year 18 two-year period beginning in the calendar year the license is 19 20 issued. The watercraft license expires on December 31 of the last calendar year of the license period." 21 Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal 22 references 23 Amend the title accordingly 24 25 Correct the subdivision and section totals and the 26 summaries by fund

Not adopted.

04/26/05 CHAUDHARY

[COUNSEL] GK SCA4100A16

1 2	Senator moves to amend S.F. No (SC4100) as follows:
3	Page 84, after line 2, insert:
4	"Sec. 86. [87A.01] [DEFINITIONS.]
5	Subdivision 1. [APPLICABILITY.] The definitions in this
6	section apply to sections 87A.01 to 87A.08.
7	Subd. 2. [PERSON.] "Person" means an individual,
8	association, proprietorship, partnership, corporation, club,
9	political subdivision, or other legal entity.
10	Subd. 3. [SHOOTING RANGE OR RANGE.] "Shooting range" or
11	"range" means an area or facility designated or operated
12	primarily for the use of firearms, as defined in section
13	97A.015, subdivision 19, or archery, and includes shooting
14	preserves as described in section 97A.115 or any other Minnesota
15	law.
16	Subd. 4. [SHOOTING RANGE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS.] "Shooting
17	range performance standards" means those rules adopted by the
18	commissioner of natural resources under section 87A.02 for the
19	safe operation of shooting ranges.
20	Subd. 5. [LOCAL UNIT OF GOVERNMENT.] "Local unit of
21	government" means a home rule charter or statutory city, county,
22	town, or other political subdivision.
23	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
24	following final enactment.
25	Sec. 87. [87A.02] [SHOOTING RANGE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS.]
26	Subdivision 1. [ADOPTION OF STANDARDS; REVIEW.] (a) The
27	commissioner of natural resources must develop and adopt
28	shooting range performance standards, according to the expedited
29	rulemaking process under section 14.389. The shooting range
30	performance standards must provide for compliance with
31	applicable noise standards under section 87A.05 and for the safe
32	use of shooting ranges within their boundaries, including the
33	containment of projectiles.
34	(b) The shooting range performance standards must provide
35	for the operation of shooting preserves within the boundaries of
36	the preserve, including an exemption from any discharge distance

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04/26/05 CHAUDHARY [COUNSEL] GK SCA4100A16

limitations generally applicable to hunting on other land, when 1 2 the shooting preserve is in compliance with all other applicable laws and is in operation on or before the effective date of the 3 performance standards adopted under this section or prior to the 4 development of any structure that would cause the preserve to be 5 out of compliance with the discharge distance. 6 7 (c) The commissioner must review the shooting range performance standards at least once every five years and revise 8 them if necessary for the safe operation of shooting ranges. 9 (d) In the adoption of any amendments to the shooting range 10 performance standards adopted under paragraph (a), the 11 commissioner shall follow all notice and public hearing 12 requirements for the regular rule adoption process under 13 sections 14.001 to 14.28. 14 Subd. 2. [INTERIM STANDARDS.] Until the commissioner of 15 16 natural resources adopts the shooting range performance standards under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), the November 1999 17 revised edition of the National Rifle Association's Range Source 18 19 Book: A Guide to Planning and Construction shall serve as the interim shooting range performance standards, having the full 20 effect of the shooting range performance standards for purposes 21 of this chapter. The interim shooting range performance 22 23 standards sunset and have no further effect under this chapter 24 upon the effective date of the shooting range performance standards adopted under subdivision 1, paragraph (a). 25 26 [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day 27 following final enactment. 28 Sec. 88. [87A.03] [COMPLIANT RANGES; AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.] 29 Subdivision 1. [AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.] A shooting range 30 31 that operates in compliance with the shooting range performance 32 standards must be permitted to do all of the following within its geographic boundaries, under the same or different ownership 33 34 or occupancy, if done in accordance with shooting range 35 performance standards: 36 (1) operate the range and conduct activities involving the

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04/26/05 CHAUDHARY

1	discharge of firearms;
2	(2) expand or increase its membership or opportunities for
3	public participation related to the primary activity as a
4	shooting range;
5	(3) make those repairs or improvements desirable to meet or
6	exceed requirements of shooting range performance standards;
7	(4) increase events and activities related to the primary
8	activity as a shooting range;
9	(5) conduct shooting activities and discharge firearms
10	daily between 7:00 a.m. and 10:00 p.m. A local unit of
11	government with zoning jurisdiction over a shooting range may
12	extend the hours of operation by the issuance of a special or
13	conditional use permit; and
14	(6) acquire additional lands to be used for buffer zones or
15	noise mitigation efforts or to otherwise comply with this
16	chapter.
17	Subd. 2. [NONCONFORMING USE.] A shooting range that is a
18	nonconforming use shall be allowed to conduct additional
19	shooting activities within the range's lawful property
20	boundaries as of the date the range became a nonconforming use,
21	provided the shooting range remains in compliance with noise and
22	shooting range performance standards under this chapter.
23	Subd. 3. [COMPLIANCE WITH OTHER LAW.] Nothing in this
24	section exempts any newly constructed or remodeled building on a
25	shooting range from compliance with fire safety, handicapped
26	accessibility, elevator safety, bleacher safety, or other
27	provisions of the State Building Code that have mandatory
28	statewide application.
29	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
30	following final enactment.
31	Sec. 89. [87A.04] [MITIGATION AREA.]
32	(a) Except for those uses, developments, and structures in
33	existence or for which approval has been granted by October 1,
34	2005, no change in use, new development, or construction of a
35	structure shall be approved for any portion of property within
36	750 feet of the perimeter property line of an outdoor shooting

04/26/05 CHAUDHARY [COUNSEL] GK SCA4100A16

1	range if the change in use, development, or construction would
2	cause a preexisting outdoor shooting range in compliance with
3	this chapter to become out of compliance.
4	(b) A change in use, new development, or construction of a
5	structure may be approved under this section if the person
6	seeking approval agrees to provide any mitigation required to
7	keep the range in compliance with this chapter. The approving
8	authority, instead of the person requesting the change in use,
9	new development, or construction of a structure may provide any
10	mitigation required under this section. The person requesting
11	approval under this section is responsible for providing
12	documentation if no mitigation is required under this section.
13	Failure to provide the documentation or any mitigation required
14	under this section exempts the range from being out of
15	compliance with the shooting range performance and noise
16	standards of this chapter with regard to the property
17	responsible for the mitigation. Any action brought by the owner
18	of the property against the range is subject to section 87A.06.
19	With the permission of the range operator, any mitigation
20	required under this section may be provided on the range
21	property.
22	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
23	following final enactment.
24	Sec. 90. [87A.05] [NOISE STANDARDS.]
25	Allowable noise levels for the operation of a shooting
26	range are the levels determined by replacing the steady state
27	noise L10 and L50 state standards for each period of time within
28	each noise area's classification with a single Leq(h) standard
29	for impulsive noise that is two dBA lower than that of the L10
30	level for steady state noise. The noise level shall be measured
31	outside of the range property at the location of the receiver's
32	activity according to Minnesota Rules, parts 7030.0010 to
33	7030.0080. For purposes of this section, "Leg(h)" means the
34	energy level that is equivalent to a steady state level that
35	contains the same amount of sound energy as the time varying
36	sound level for a 60-minute time period.

[COUNSEL] GK SCA4100A16 04/26/05 CHAUDHARY [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day 1 2 following final enactment. Sec. 91. [87A.06] [NUISANCE ACTIONS; COMPLIANCE WITH 3 SHOOTING RANGE PERFORMANCE STANDARDS.] 4 A person who owns, operates, or uses a shooting range in 5 this state that is in compliance with shooting range performance 6 7 standards is not subject to any nuisance action based on noise or other matters regulated by the shooting range performance 8 standards. This section does not prohibit an action that seeks 9 damages for personal physical injury or tangible damage to 10 property caused by acts or omissions involving the operation of 11 12 the range or by a person using the range. [EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day 13 following final enactment. 14 15 Sec. 92. [87A.07] [CLOSURE OF SHOOTING RANGES.] Subdivision 1. [CLOSURE.] Except as otherwise provided in 16 sections 87A.01 to 87A.08, a shooting range that is in 17 compliance with shooting range performance standards and the 18 requirements of sections 87A.01 to 87A.08 shall not be forced to 19 permanently close or permanently cease any activity related to 20 the primary use of the shooting range unless the range or 21 22 activity is found to be a clear and immediate safety hazard. In any action brought to compel the permanent closure of any range 23 24 in compliance with shooting range performance standards and this chapter, or to permanently cease any activity related to the 25 26 primary use of the shooting range, there is a rebuttable presumption that the range or activity is not a clear and 27 immediate safety hazard. If the shooting range provides 28 29 evidence that the cause of a proven safety hazard can be mitigated so as to eliminate the safety hazard, the court shall 30 not order the permanent closure of the range, or permanent 31 32 ceasing of the activity found to be a clear and immediate safety hazard, unless the range operator fails to implement the 33 34 necessary mitigation to remove the safety hazard by the date 35 that is determined reasonable by the court. Subd. 2. [PRELIMINARY INJUNCTIONS.] Nothing in this 36

04/26/05 CHAUDHARY

1	section prohibits a court from granting a preliminary injunction
2	against any activity determined to be a probable clear and
3	immediate safety hazard, or against any individual determined to
4	be the probable cause of an alleged clear and immediate safety
5	hazard, pending the final determination of the existence of the
6	safety hazard.
7	Subd. 3. [PERMANENT INJUNCTIONS.] A court may grant a
8	permanent injunction only against a particular activity or
9	person instead of permanently closing the range unless the court
10	finds that the remaining operations also pose a safety hazard
11	under this section.
12	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
13	following final enactment.
14	Sec. 93. [87A.08] [APPLICABILITY OF OTHER LAWS.]
15	Subdivision 1. [PUBLIC SAFETY LAWS; ZONING.] (a) Nothing
16	in this chapter prohibits enforcement of any federal law. To
17	the extent consistent with this chapter, other state laws
18	regarding the health, safety, and welfare of the public may be
19	enforced. To the extent consistent with this chapter, a local
20	unit of government with zoning authority jurisdiction over a
21	shooting range may enforce its applicable ordinances and permits.
22	(b) If the operator of the shooting range shows evidence
23	that the range can be brought into compliance with the
24	applicable state law, local ordinance, or permit, the range may
25	not be permanently closed unless the range operator fails to
26	bring the range into compliance with the applicable law,
27	ordinance, or permit under this section by the date that the
28	court determines reasonable. Nothing in this section prohibits
29	a court from granting a preliminary injunction against any
30	activity determined to be a violation of a law, ordinance, or
31	permit under this section or against any individual determined
32	to be causing an alleged violation, pending the final
33	determination of the existence of the violation.
34	Subd. 2. [PERMANENT INJUNCTIONS.] A court may grant a
35	permanent injunction only against a particular activity or

36 person instead of permanently closing the range unless the court

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04/26/05	CHAUDHARY
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1	finds that the remaining operations also create a violation
2	under this section.
3	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective the day
4	following final enactment."
5	Renumber the sections in sequence and correct the internal
6	references

Amend the title accordingly 7

Roll Call Vote

Committee: Finance					
Bill/Amendment	Holfinger o	al amendment	re: Labor Day		
Bill/Amendment: Holfinger oral amendment re: Labor Day Date: 4/26/05					
Action: Motion fuiled					
Member	Aye	Nay	Pass		
Cohen		\times			
Berglin	\times				
Chaudhary		\times			
Dille		×			
Fischbach					
Frederickson	\sim				
Gerlach		×			
Hottinger	\times				
Kierlin	\times				
Kiscaden	\sim				
Langseth	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\times			
Larson		X			
Metzen	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	×	······································		
Murphy					
Neuville	\times				
Nienow		······································			
Olson					
Ourada					
Pappas	\times				
Pariseau					
Ranum	\times				
Sams		\times			
Stumpf		X			
Wiger		X			
Results:	8	10			

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Schools cannot do this alone BY JAMIE VOLLMER

America's public schools can be traced back to the year 1640. The Massachusetts Puritans established schools to:

1. Teach basic reading, writing, and arithmetic skills, and

2. Cultivate values that serve a democratic society (some history and civics implied).

The creators of these first schools assumed that families and churches bore the major responsibility for raising a child. The responsibility of the school was limited and focused.

From 1900 to 1910, we added

- nutrition
- immunization, and
- health to the list of school responsibilities.

From 1920 to 1940, we added

- vocational education
- the practical arts
- business education
- speech and drama
- half day kindergarten
- + Phys. Ed. Including organized athletics, and

♦ school lunch programs (We take this for granted today. It was, however, a significant step to shift to the schools the job of feeding America's children 1/3 of their daily meals.

In the 1950's, we added

- safety education
- driver's education
- expanded music and art education
- foreign language requirements are strengthened, and
- sex education introduced (topics escalate through 1990's)

In the 1960's, we added

- Advanced Placement programs
- consumer education
- career education
- peace education
- leisure education, and
- recreation education

In the 1970's, the breakup of the American family accelerated, and we added

special education (mandated by federal government)

- Title IX programs (greatly expanded athletic programs for girls)
- drug and alcohol abuse education
- ♦ Head Start
- parent education
- behavior adjustment classes
- character education
- environment education, and

♦ school breakfast programs appear (Now, some schools are feeding America's children 2/3 of their daily meals. Sadly, these are the only decent meals some children receive.)

In the 1980's, the floodgates open, and we add

- keyboarding and computer education
- global education
- ethnic education
- multicultural/ non-sexist education
- English-as-a-second-language, and bilingual education
- early childhood education
- + Jump Start, Early Start, Even Start, and Prime Start
- full day kindergarten
- pre-school programs for children at-risk
- after school programs for children of working parents
- alternative education in all its forms
- stranger/danger education
- anti-smoking education
- sexual abuse prevention education
- health and psychological services are expanded, and
- child abuse monitoring becomes a legal requirement for all teachers

And finally, in the 1990's, we have added

- HIV/AIDS education
- death education
- expanded computer and Internet education
- inclusion
- Tech Prep and School to work programs
- gang education (in urban centers)
- bus safety education
- bicycle safety education
- gun safety education

And in most states we have not added a single minute to the school calendar in five decades!

All of the items added to the list have merit, and all have their ardent supporters. They cannot, however, all be assigned to the schools.

The people of each community must come together to answer two essential questions: What do they want their children to know and be able to do when they graduate, and how can the entire community be organized to ensure that all children reach the stated goals.

The bottom line: schools cannot do it all. Schools cannot raise America's children.

To invite Jamie to speak in your schools and community, please call 641-472-1558 or e-mail jamie@jamievollmer.com

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