H0785A178

..... moves to amend H. F. No. 785, as follows: 1 2 Page ..., after line ..., insert: "Sec. 49. [REPORT; REPORT ON STANDARDIZED ASSESSMENT AND 3 CLASSIFICATION STANDARDS.] 4 5 Recognizing the importance of uniform and professional property tax assessment and classification practices, the 6 commissioner of revenue, in consultation with appropriate 7 stakeholder groups shall develop and issue two reports to the 8 9 chairs of the house and senate tax committees. The reports 10 shall include an analysis of existing practices and provide 11 recommendations, where necessary, for achieving higher quality and uniform assessments and consistency of property 12 classifications. The first report will be issued on February 1, 13 14 2006, and will address the following property types: (1) agricultural land including land enrolled in green 15 acres (both high and low values) and agricultural preserve; 16 (2) rural woodlands including timber, seasonal residential 17 recreational, agricultural and residential property and lands 18 used for the production of short rotation woody crops; and 19 20 (3) resort property including class 1c (ma and pa resorts) and class 4c seasonal residential recreational commercial 21 22 resorts. The second report will be issued on February 1, 2007, and 23 will address the following property types: 24

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06/28/05 4:17 p.m.

1	(1) lands enrolled in state or federal conservation
2	programs including the Conservation Reserve Program (CRP),
3	Reinvest in Minnesota (RIM) program, and Conservation Reserve
4	Enhancement Program (CREP);
5	(2) residential use properties including seasonal
6	residential recreational and residential homestead and
7	non-homestead property; and
8	(3) commercial/industrial property."

Subject:

Transfer of a manufactured home to the park owners without paying current or delinquent taxes on the home.

Will this amendment exempt mobile home park owners from the provisions on Minn. Stat. 277.20 Subd. 2? Minn. Stat. 277.20 Subd. 2, provides that a lien for delinquent personal property taxes on mobile homes is enforceable against a purchaser, mortgagee, pledgee, holder of a UCC security interest, mechanic's lien or, or judgment lien creditor if a notice of lien has been filed in the public records in accordance with the filling provisions described in the subdivision

Senate Bill Page 159 Subd. 16 We favor a provision that exempts mobile home park owners from having to pay delinquent taxes when they are going to destroy the trailer. With language: No County auditor or treasurer shall require a manufactured home park owner to satisfy the current or delinquent personal property taxes owed as a condition of title transfer to the park owner if the park owner provides a statement that the home is to be destroyed or moved to a site to be destroyed. The County **will** provide a move letter to the site of destruction without requiring all taxes be paid.

> What we disagree with is that a park owner is treated differently from any other purchasers of a mobile home as it related to current and delinquent personal property taxes. A mobile home park owner is not a dealer of mobile homes as stated in Minn Stat. 327.31 Subd. 5.

1 Sec. ... Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 273.11, is amended by adding a subdivision to read: 2 3 Subd. 21. [VALUATION EXCLUSION FOR HOMESTEAD PROPERTY DAMAGED BY MOLD.] (a) The owner of homestead property must 4 5 receive a reduction in the market value of the property if the owner of the property makes written application to the county 6 7 assessor on a form provided by the commissioner of revenue for 8 an exclusion under this subdivision, and includes with the application two estimates of the cost to cure the mold condition 9 provided by licensed contractors, each of which must estimate a 10 11 cost of at least \$..... 12 (b) If the conditions in paragraph (a) are met, the county 13 board must grant a reduction in the market value of the equal to the expendition required to come the mald condition homestead dwelling. 14 If a property owner applies for exclusion 15 under this subdivision between January 1 and June 30 of any 16 year, the exclusion applies for taxes payable in the following If a property owner applies for exclusion under this 17 year. subdivision between July 1 and December 31 of any year, the 18 19 exclusion applies for taxes payable in the second following year. 20 (c) A denial of a reduction under this section by the 21 county board may be appealed to the tax court. If the county 22 board takes no action on the application within 60 days after

- 23 its receipt, it is considered a denial.
- 24 (d) In the assessment year following the assessment year

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1	when a valuation reduction has occurred under this section, the
2	amount of the reduction must be added to the market value of the
3	property. For purposes of subdivision 1a, this amount must be
4	considered an increase in value due to an improvement.
5	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for property
6	taxes payable in 2006 and subsequent years.
7	Sec Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 273.11, is
8	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
9	Subd. 22. [VALUATION EXCLUSION FOR SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEM
10	IMPROVEMENTS.] Owners of property classified as class 1a, 1b,
11	1c, 2a, 4b, 4bb, or noncommercial 4c under section 273.13 may
12	apply for a valuation exclusion under this subdivision, provided
13	that the property is located in a county which has authorized
14	valuation exclusions under this subdivision, and provided that
15	the following conditions are met:
16	(1) a notice of noncompliance has been issued by a licensed
17	compliance inspector with regard to the individual sewage
18	treatment system serving the property under section 115.55,
19	subdivision 5b;
20	(2) the owner of the property furnishes documentation to
21	the satisfaction of the assessor that the property's individual
22	sewage treatment system has been replaced or refurbished,
23	including replacement of the individual system with a community
24	or cluster system, between July 1, 2005, and December 31, 2007,
25	and that the cost of the replacement or refurbishment is at
26	least \$; and
27	(3) a certificate of compliance has been issued for the new
28	or refurbished system under section 115.55, subdivision 5.
29	Application must be made to the assessor on a form
30	prescribed by the commissioner of revenue. Property meeting the
31	requirements of this subdivision is eligible for a valuation
32	exclusion equal to the actual costs incurred, to a maximum
33	exclusion of \$15,000, for a period of one year, after which the
34	amount of the exclusion will be added to the estimated market
35	value of the property and treated as an improvement for purposes
36	of subdivision 1a. If a property owner applies for exclusion

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1	under this subdivision between January 1 and June 30 of any
2	year, the exclusion applies for taxes payable in the following
3	year. If a property owner applies for exclusion under this
4	subdivision between July 1 and December 31 of any year, the
5	exclusion applies for taxes payable in the second following year.
6	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for taxes
7	payable in 2006 and subsequent years.
8	Sec Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 273.11, is
9	amended by adding a subdivision to read:
10	Subd. 23. [VALUATION EXCLUSION FOR LEAD HAZARD REDUCTION.]
11	Owners of property classified as class 1a, 1b, 1c, 2a, 4b, or
12	4bb under section 273.13 may apply for a valuation exclusion for
13	lead hazard reduction, provided that the property is located in
14	a city which has authorized valuation exclusions under this
15	subdivision. A city which authorizes valuation exclusions under
16	this subdivision must establish guidelines for qualifying lead
17	hazard reduction projects and must designate an agency within
18	the city to issue certificates of completion of qualifying
19	projects. For purposes of this subdivision, "lead hazard
20	reduction" has the same meaning as in section 144.9501,
21	subdivision 17.
22	The property owner must obtain a certificate from the city
23	stating that the project has been completed and stating the cost
24	incurred by the owner in completing the project. Only projects
25	originating after June 30, 2005, may qualify for exclusion under
26	this subdivision. The property owner shall apply for a
27	valuation exclusion to the assessor on a form prescribed by the
28	commissioner of revenue.
29	A qualifying property is eligible for a valuation exclusion
30	equal to the actual costs incurred, to a maximum exclusion of
31	\$30,000, for one year, after which the amount of the exclusion
32	will be added to the estimated market value of the property. If
33	a property owner applies for exclusion under this subdivision
34	between January 1 and June 30 of any year, the exclusion applies
35	for taxes payable in the following year. If a property owner
36	applies for exclusion under this subdivision between July 1 and

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1	December 31 of any year, the exclusion applies for taxes payable
2	in the second following year.
3	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for taxes

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4 payable in 2006 and subsequent years.

Cities in Outstate Minnesota with populations of 10,000 or more

House Research

6/28/2005

2003 Population

sales tax?

Asking for a local Meet stricter criteria in latest general authority amendment?

#2

Cities of the Third Class (population of 10,000 - 20,000):

		·
ALEXANDRIA CITY OF	10,165	
ST STER CITY OF	10,210	
FA JONT CITY OF	10,778	. · · ·
WORTHINGTON CITY OF	11,300	Yes community center and auditorium renovation
	,	might meet criteria of "regional convention or civic
		center"
CLOQUET CITY OF	11,499	Yes no - funding parks, industrial park infrastructure,
	.,	and landfill closing
SARTELL CITY OF	11,583	Yes part - regional library does, the local projects
)	probably don't
SAUK RAPIDS CITY OF	11,690	Yes part - regional library does, the local projects
		probably don't
BUFFALO CITY OF	12,120	p
ST MICHAEL CITY OF	12,343	
NORTH MANKATO CITY OF	12,429	
BEMIDJI CITY OF	12,758	Yes No - funding parks and trails
MARSHALL CITY OF	12,788	
HUTCHINSON CITY OF	13,545	
BRAINERD CITY OF	13,780	
FERGUS FALLS CITY OF	13,782	
NEW ULM CITY OF	13,798	
RED WING CITY OF	16,191	
HIE IG CITY OF	16,800	
ALBERT LEA CITY OF	18,082	Yes No- funding lake improvements
NORTHFIELD CITY OF	18,256	U
WILLMAR CITY OF	18,597	Yes Part - airport and civic center would. Trails,
	• • •	industrial park and treatment center purchase
		don't.
ELK RIVER CITY OF	18,758	
Cities of the second class (population	of 20,000 - 99,999):	
FARIBAULT CITY OF	22,037	
DWATONNA CITY OF	23,379	
\USTIN CITY OF	23,685	
VINONA CITY OF	27,018	Yes Unclear - unspecified library and cultural projects
		might; transportation wouldn't.
JOORHEAD CITY OF	32,720	
JANKATO CITY OF	33,844	Yes No- looking for extension of existing authority
ST CLOUD CITY OF	62,850	Yes Part- library and airport would but road projects
	· · ·	would not.
ROCHESTER CITY OF	93,037	Yes No - looking for extension of existing authority for
		transportation and higher ed projects.
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Lities of the first class (population of 100,000 or more and Duluth):

JULUTH CITY OF

86,082

Other cities asking for a local sales tax with a population less than 10,000:

St. Joseph Waite Park Hermantown Proctor Baxter Beaver Bay Clearwater Medford			· .	•	
Park Rapids Waseca	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ·			** **

Mower and Douglas Counties

1	moves to amend H. F. No, as follows:
2	Page, after line, insert:
3	"Sec Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 297A.99,
4	subdivision 1, is amended to read:
5	Subdivision 1. [AUTHORIZATION; SCOPE.] (a) A political
6	subdivision of this state may impose a general sales tax if
7	permitted by special law or if the political subdivision enacted
8	and imposed the tax before the effective date of section
9	477A.016 and its predecessor provision, of if the tax is allowed
10	under subdivision 1a.
11	(b) This section governs the imposition of a general sales
12	tax by the political subdivision. The provisions of this
13	section preempt the provisions of any special law:
14	(1) enacted before June 2, 1997, or
15	(2) enacted on or after June 2, 1997, that does not
16	explicitly exempt the special law provision from this section's
17	rules by reference.
18	(c) This section does not apply to or preempt a sales tax
19	on motor vehicles or a special excise tax on motor vehicles.
20	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for local sales
21	taxes for which the authorizing referendum is held after June
22	<u>30, 2005.</u>
23	Sec Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 297A.99, is

24 amended by adding a subdivision to read:

1	Subd. 1a. [GENERAL AUTHORITY; CERTAIN CITIES.] (a) A city
2	may impose a local sales tax of one-half of one percent without
3	authorization under a special law provided that:
4	(1) the city is located outside of the metropolitan
5	counties, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4;
6	(2) the city is a city of the first or second class as
7	defined in section 410.01;
8	(3) imposition of the tax is approved by the voters of the
9	city pursuant to subdivision 3, paragraph (a);
10	(4) imposition of the tax is approved by the voters at a
11	general election in each of the cities and organized townships
12	that are contiguous to the city imposing the tax;
13	(5) imposition of the tax is approved by resolution of the
14	county board for the home county of the city imposing the tax;
15	(6) all the conditions for adoption, use, and termination
16	of the tax contained in this subdivision and subdivisions 3 to
17	12 are met; and
18	(7) imposition of tax under this authority would not
19	increase the total local tax imposed in the city to a rate
20	greater than one-half of one percent.
21	(b) The proceeds of a tax imposed under this subdivision
22	must be dedicated exclusively to pay for specific regional
23	capital projects that provide benefit to persons outside of the
24	city boundaries, as defined in paragraph (c), as well as to the
25	city, and is approved by the voters in the authorizing
26	referendum. No proceeds may be used for normal maintenance or
27	operating costs of a facility. The proceeds may be used to pay
28	for collecting and administering the tax, to pay all or part of
29	the capital and administrative costs of the development, design,
30	acquisition, construction, expansion, and improvement, and to
31	secure and pay debt service on bonds or other obligations issued
32	to finance capital costs of any one of the following regional
33	projects:
34	(1) a regional convention or civic center;
35	(2) a regional airport;

36 (3) a regional public library;

1	(4) a performing arts center; or
2	(5) a flood control and protection project.
3	(c) A capital project listed in paragraph (b) is considered
4	to be a "regional capital project that provides benefits to
5	persons outside the city boundaries" if it meets one of the
6	following criteria:
7	(1) at least percent of the direct users of the
8	facility will be persons from outside of the city; or
9	(2) at least percent of the benefit derived from the
10	project will accrue to persons residing or businesses located
11	outside of the city boundaries.
12	(d) At least three months prior to holding a referendum to
13	impose the tax, a city must provide to the commissioner of
14	revenue a resolution approved by the city that shows that the
15	tax will fund a project that meets the requirements of
16	paragraphs (a) to (c), the date on which the referendum will be
17	held, the maximum amount raised by the tax that may be used for
18	the specified project, excluding issuance and interest costs for
19	any related bonds, and the maximum time that the tax may be
20	imposed. The commissioner shall certify that the requirements
21	under this subdivision are met and the city shall provide any
22	additional information the commissioner requests in order to
23	make that determination. The commissioner's decision is final.
24	(e) The question put to the voters at the referendum
25	authorizing the vote must include information on the specific
26	project to be funded by the proceeds of the tax, the maximum
27	amount of sales tax revenues that will be used to fund the
28	project, not including any issuance and interest costs for
29	related bonds, and the maximum length of time that the tax will
30	be imposed. The referendum must also include a statement that
31	the sales tax revenues are pledged to pay for the specific
32	capital improvement but the improvement costs and any related
33	bonds are a general obligation of the political subdivision and
34	will be guaranteed by the political subdivision's property tax
35	levy. If the referendum is not held on the date contained in
36	the resolution, the authority for imposing the tax expires.

	1	(f) A city may hold a referendum for only one project
	2	listed in paragraph (b) at any election.
	3	(g) A city may issue general obligation bonds to pay the
	4	costs of projects specified in the referendum authorizing
	5	imposition of the tax. The approval of the question under
	6	paragraph (e) meets the requirement for elector approval for
	7	issuance of bonds under section 475.58, subdivision 1. The debt
	8	represented by the bonds must not be included in computing any
	9	debt limitations applicable to the city, and the levy of taxes
	10	required by section 475.61 to pay the principal or any interest
	11	on the bonds must not be subject to any levy limitations or be
	12	included in computing or applying any levy limitation to the
	13	city.
	14	(h) The tax, if enacted, expires when the specified revenue
	15	has been raised or the maximum time in which the tax is in
	16	effect under the resolution is reached, whichever is sooner.
	17	Any tax imposed under this subdivision must expire no later than
	18	12 years after imposition. The governing board of the city may,
	19	by ordinance, terminate the tax at an earlier date.
	20	(i) Except as specifically authorized by this section, a
	21	city must not use public funds to prepare or disseminate
	22	material regarding the passage of a ballot question under
	23	section 297A.99, subdivision 1a, including but not limited to
	24	billboards or other signs, newspaper advertising, advertising
	25	messages broadcast on radio or television, programming on cable
	26	television, except for any legal requirements regarding notice
	27	of election. A city may allow meetings in a public building of
	28	proponents of a question involving imposing a local sales tax
	29	under section 297A.99, subdivision 1a, if opponents of the
	30	question who so request are allowed to meet in a public building
	31	on similar terms to those applicable to the proponents. A city
	32	must not allow proponents or opponents of a ballot question on
	33	imposition of a local sales tax under section 297A.99,
The second	34	subdivision 1a, to place campaign signs on public property.
	35	[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective for local sales
	36	taxes for which the authorizing referendum is held after June

1	30, 2004. If the authorizing referendum was held prior to July
2	1, 2005, the three month prior notice to the commissioner
3	contained in paragraph (d) shall not apply, but the commissioner
4	must still certify that all other provisions of this subdivision
5	are met before the tax may be imposed.
6	Sec Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 297A.99,
7	subdivision 3, is amended to read:
8	Subd. 3. [REQUIREMENTS FOR ADOPTION, USE, TERMINATION.]
9	(a) Imposition of a local sales tax is subject to approval by
10	voters of the political subdivision at a general election.
11	(b) The proceeds of the tax must be dedicated exclusively
12	to payment of the cost of a specific capital improvement which
13	is designated at least 90 days before the referendum on
14	imposition of the tax is conducted.
15	(c) The tax must terminate after the improvement designated
16	under paragraph (b) has been completed.
17	(d) After a sales tax imposed by a political subdivision
18	has expired or been terminated, the political subdivision is
19	prohibited from imposing a local sales tax for a period of one
20	year. Notwithstanding subdivision 13, this paragraph applies to
21	all local sales taxes in effect at the time of or imposed after
22	May 26, 1999.
23	(e) All local sales taxes imposed before July 1, 2005, must
24	be approved or re-approved by the voters in the taxing
25	jurisdiction at a general election held by December 31, 2010.
26	The question put to the voters must reaffirm the existing uses
27	and expiration of the tax. If the current tax has no expiration
28	provision, the reauthorized tax will expire no later than
29	December 31, 2022. If an existing tax is not approved by the
30	voters as required under this paragraph, the tax will expire at
31	the later of (1) the first day of the calendar quarter beginning
32	at least 90 days after failure of the referendum, or (2) when
33	the tax has generated revenues sufficient to pay off existing
34	bonds for the authorized project.

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[EFFECTIVE DATE.] This section is effective July 1, 2005."