# Governor's Supplemental Budget All Funds by Omnibus Bill and Agency

Dollars in Thousands FY 2007 FY 2008 FY 2009 FY 2006 **Public Safety Corrections Dept** Salary Costs and Prison Bed Savings General Expenditure 3,213 10,100 10,100 10,100 This item funds employee and benefit increases that were not included in the biennial budget. Most correctional employees provide direct care to offenders, either in correctional institutions or through community supervision. These costs are partially offset by estimated prison bed savings resulting from a lower than previously anticipated prison population. The November 2005 forecast projected 9,118 offenders in prison at the end of FY 2007, down from 9,835 offenders projected the previous year for the same time. **Grant--Mentoring Children of Inmates** General 300 300 300 Expenditure This item funds a grant to an organization providing mentoring to Minnesota children of incarcerated offenders. The program should match mentors with children whose parent or other significant family member is incarcerated. Outcomes should include reducing the incidence of these children entering the juvenile justice system. **Scott County--Community Corrections Act** General 196 196 196 Expenditure This funding adds Scott County to the Community Corrections Act counties under Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 401, as the county has requested. The funding amount is the net increase necessary to hold harmless other counties already funded under the Act. Under this law counties may apply to the commissioner of corrections for grant funding for certain community-based correctional programs. **Corrections Dept** General 3,213 10,596 10,596 10,596 Other Funds 0 0 **Total Net Change** Judicial Standards Board Deficiency Request---Hearings Costs 0 0 0 General Expenditure 172 This deficiency request is for estimated costs of three public hearings on complaints of judicial misconduct which are anticipated this year and for investigation costs related to one of those hearings. The amount is in addition to \$50,000 in funds already appropriated to the Board for special hearings costs this biennium. Judicial Standards Board General 172 0 0 0 0 0 Other Funds O 0 Total Net Change

Peace Officers Board (POST)

# Governor's Supplemental Budget All Funds by Omnibus Bill and Agency

			Dollars in T	housan <b>ds</b>	
		FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008	FY 2009
Public Safety					
Peace Officers Board (POST)					
Training Reimbursements					
General	Transfer In	(663)	(717)	(717)	(717)
Special Revenue	Expenditure	663	717	717	717
Special Revenue	Transfer Out	(663)	(717)	(717)	(717)
This item supplements dedicated training reimbursen biennium. Actual dedicated receipts from drivers lice than originally forecast. This brings the total funding 2006 and \$832,000 in FY 2007.	nse reinstatements, the dedica	ted funding source	e, are significan	tly less	
Peace Officers Board (POST)	General	663	717	717	717
Total Net Change	Other Funds	0	0	0	0
Public Defense Board  Appellate Transcripts		÷			
General	Expenditure	200	200	200	200
This proposal pays for additional mandatory transcript are required for appeals of convictions, supervised rel Public Defender's Office (SPD) provides services to in	lease/parole revocations, and d			•	
	rengent price note in anocc price	eedin <b>gs</b> .			
Public Defense Board	General	eedings. 200	200	200	200
Public Defense Board Total Net Change			200	200	200
	General	200			
Total Net Change	General	200			
Total Net Change Public Safety Dept	General	200			
Total Net Change  Public Safety Dept  DeficiencyState Disaster Match	General Other Funds  Expenditure I to three past disaster declarated cost overruns from the 1998 to ration for nine counties in wester	200 0 284 tions: additional el	0  0  igible local gove the City of St. I	0 ernment Peter, and	0
Public Safety Dept  DeficiencyState Disaster Match  General  This change is for additional state match costs related disaster costs by the City of Hastings (2001 storms), costs associated with the recent major disaster declar	General Other Funds  Expenditure I to three past disaster declarated cost overruns from the 1998 to ration for nine counties in wester	200 0 284 tions: additional el	0  0  igible local gove the City of St. I	0 ernment Peter, and	0

03/13/2006

BCA agents who will be specially trained and have statewide jurisdiction, as well as a computer technologist, a criminal analyst and a training specialist who will work with local officials. This team will work with criminal justice agencies across the state, including the Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force in the St. Paul Police Department, as well as federal law enforcement

officials.

# Governor's Supplemental Budget All Funds by Omnibus Bill and Agency

Dollars in Thousands FY 2006 FY 2007 FY 2008 FY 2009 **Public Safety Public Safety Dept** Mn. Illegal Immigration Enforcement Team General Expenditure 2,186 1,187 1,187 To better enforce immigration laws and improve public safety in Minnesota, this proposal would create a team of ten state law enforcement agents who will serve as the Minnesota Illegal Immigration Enforcement Team (MIIET). These officers will obtain additional training and receive dual jurisdiction to enforce federal immigration laws. MIIET efforts will be focused on illegal immigrants that commit crimes such as human trafficking, identity theft, illegal drug use, and terrorism. This proposal also includes enhancements to the Criminal History data systems to improve tracking. Posting of Non-compliant Sex Offenders General. 0 200 116 Expenditure 116 Minnesota law requires predatory offenders to register with the Department of Corrections and local law enforcement agencies following conviction for serious crimes such as criminal sexual conduct and kidnapping. This proposal would enhance the capability of the predatory offender database to allow the publishing on the internet of information about non-compliant sex offenders. **Alcohol Vendor Training** General Expenditure 100 100 100 This initiative would add a training component to the licensing of alcohol vendors to help prevent youth access to alcohol. 2.181 **Public Safety Dept** General 284 3.486 2.181 **Total Net Change** Other Funds Supreme Court Judicial Chemical Dependency Initiative Expenditure 750 Funding is for the first phase of a judicial initiative to more effectively address the increasing numbers of alcohol and other drug (AOD) offenders coming into Minnesota's courts, including the dramatic increase in methamphetamine offenders. The first phase will involve (1) training for multidisciplinary teams on the problem solving approach to high-risk AOD offenders; (2) a study of existing funding streams for a more cost-effective funding structure for this approach; and (3) filling gaps in available treatment and other services for current problem solving courts. General 0 750 0 Supreme Court Other Funds 0 0 **Total Net Change** 

Page 25 of 28

Fiscal Note - 2005-06 Session

Bill #: S2607-2E Complete Date: 03/31/06

Chief Author: REITER, MADY

Title: INTERNET CRIMES AGAINST CHILDREN

Agency Name:	Public Safety Dept
Adency Name:	Public Safety Dent

Fiscal Impact	Yes	No
State	X	
Local		X
Fee/Departmental Earnings		X
Tax Revenue		X

This table reflects fiscal impact to state government. Local government impact is reflected in the narrative only.

Dollars (in thousands) FY05 FY06 FY07 FY08 FY09 Dollars (in thousands) Expenditures General Fund 1,000 778 778 Less Agency Can Absorb -- No Impact --Net Expenditures General Fund 1,000 778 778 Revenues -- No Impact --Net Cost <Savings> 778 General Fund 1,000 778 778 1,000 778 Total Cost <Savings> to the State

	FY05	FY06	FY07	FY08	FY09 ·
Full Time Equivalents					
General Fund			9.00	9.00	9.00
Total FTE			9.00	9.00	9.00

#### **Bill Description**

The bill established a Crimes Agent Children's Team to investigate technology facilitated crimes against children including solicitation of minors for sexual purposes and possession or distribution of child pornography. In addition to investigative duties, the team will implement a statewide "NetSmartz" or other educational/prevention programs.

#### **Assumptions**

This legislation will require the hiring of four agents, two analysts, one clerical support, one Information Technology Specialist and one training specialist in order to carry out the duties described.

#### **Expenditure and/or Revenue Formula**

Expenditures are set forth below:

<u>Object</u>	<u>Description</u>	(4) Special Agents	(2) Criminal Intel Analyst	(1) Office/Admin Spec. Inter.	(1) Info Tech Spec. 5	(1) Trng. Spec.
1A	Salary/Fringe	\$325,452	. \$123,736	\$ 49,514	\$114,840	\$75,338
1C	Overtime 234 hrs annual (@\$32.60 hr.)	\$ 30,512				
1E	Workers Comp Agent Clothing Allowance	\$2,200	\$ 100	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 50
2A	Out-State Agent Office Space	\$ 3,800	'		. 1*	
2B	Vehicles/ Equip/Maint.	\$ 4,800				
2D	Agent Physical/ Psychological (1 <sup>st</sup> yr)	\$ 4,000			a .	
2F	Comm/Postage Phone Costs	\$ 5,600	\$ 1,400	\$ 700	\$ 700	\$ 700
2G	Agent Travel Expenses (1 <sup>st</sup> yr)	\$ 14,000			\$ 1,000	\$ 1,500
2H .	Analyst Anacapa Trng. (1 <sup>st</sup> yr)		\$ 7,600			
2J	Supplies/Gas Ammo (1 <sup>st</sup> yr)	\$ 19,200	\$ 400	\$ 200	\$ 76,820	\$ 200
2K	Equip/Comp/ Cell/Guns (1 <sup>st</sup> yr)	\$ 36,000	\$ 6,000	\$3,000	\$ 66,993	\$8,000

 2L
 Employee Development
 \$ 1,000
 \$ 500
 \$ 1,500
 \$ 500

 Total Expenditures \$457,564
 \$140,236
 \$53,964
 \$261,903
 \$86,288

The total for subsequent fiscal years is estimated at <u>\$778.058</u> based on the elimination of "first-year only" expenditures, and <u>decreases</u> in Agent Travel Expenses and Supplies (some of which are "first-year only" expenses)

#### **Long-Term Fiscal Considerations**

To continue these investigative and educational duties, the fiscal considerations would need to be made a part of the BCA's budget.

#### **Local Government Costs**

#### References/Sources

Agency Contact Name: Tim O'Malley 793-1020

FN Coord Signature: FRANK AHRENS

Date: 03/31/06 Phone: 296-9484

#### **EBO Comments**

I have reviewed this Fiscal Note for accuracy and content.

EBO Signature: NORMAN FOSTER Date: 03/31/06 Phone: 215-0594

\$999,955

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Section 1.

A bill for an act

relating to public safety; establishing a Crimes Against Children Team;

1.3	specifying the team's duties and membership; authorizing memorandums of understanding with federal agencies, the Internet Crimes Against Children Task
1.5 1.6	Force, local government, and law enforcement; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 299A.
1.7	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
1.8	Section 1. [299A.79] INTERNET CRIMES AGAINST CHILDREN;
1.9	MEMBERSHIP; DUTIES.
1.10	Subdivision 1. Definitions. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
1.11	have the meanings given them.
1.1	(b) "ICAC" means the Minnesota Internet Crimes Against Children Task Force.
1.13	(c) "Team" means the crimes against children team.
1.14	Subd. 2. Internet crimes against children team. The commissioner of public
1.15	safety shall convene a crimes against children team to investigate technology-facilitated
1.16	crimes against children, including the solicitation of minors for sexual purposes and
1.17	the possession or distribution of child pornography. The team shall consist of Bureau
1.18	of Criminal Apprehension agents, analysts, clerical support, and computer/technology
1.19	support.
1.20	Subd. 3. Team duties. (a) The team shall serve as a statewide source of prevention
1.21	education, and investigative expertise to provide assistance to parents, teachers, law
1 22	enforcement, and other professionals working on child victimization issues. The team
1.	shall investigate criminal activity involving the possession or distribution of child
1.24	pornography and criminal activity involving the exploitation or solicitation of a minor
1.25	for sexual purposes.

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(b) The team shall assist in implementing a statewide "NetSmartz" and	other
educational programs designed to enhance safety awareness for children and	to prevent
crimes against children.	r.

Subd. 4. Memorandum of understanding; federal agencies. The commissioner of public safety has the authority to enter into memorandums of understanding with federal agencies in the United States Departments of Justice, Treasury, and Homeland Security. The memorandums may authorize state law enforcement officers to enforce federal laws.

Subd. 5. Memorandum of understanding; ICAC; local government and law enforcement. The commissioner of public safety has the authority to enter into memorandums of understanding with the ICAC Task Force, state law enforcement agencies, city police departments, county sheriff's departments, and local government units. These memorandums of understanding may authorize city and county law enforcement officers to have statewide authority to conduct criminal investigations and to possess the same powers of arrest as those of a sheriff.

Subd. 6. Cooperation. The team shall cooperate fully with existing prosecutorial offices and law enforcement agencies including county attorney's offices, the Minnesota Attorney General's office, the United States Attorney's Office, the ICAC Task Force, federal law enforcement agencies, city and county law enforcement agencies, and other state law enforcement agencies.

# Sec. 2. APPROPRIATION.

\$1,000,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of public safety to fund the activities of the crimes against children team. The appropriation is available for the biennium ending June 30, 2007.

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Sec. 2.

Senators Berglin and Skoglund introduced-

S.F. No. 3568: Referred to the Committee on Finance.

relating to public safety; appropriating money to expand the downtown security collaborative in Minneapolis.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

# Section 1. APPROPRIATION.

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\$...... is appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007, from the general fund to the commissioner of public safety for a grant to the city of Minneapolis. This grant money is to be used by the Minneapolis Police Department to expand the worksite system throughout the city that supports the downtown security collaborative currently in use in the city's first precinct.

1.1	Senator moves to amend S.F. No. 3568 as follows:
1.2	Page 1, line 10, after the period, insert "If the amount appropriated is insufficient
1.3	to expand the work site system throughout the entire city, the city shall give the highest
1.4	priority to expanding the system to neighborhoods having the highest crime rate per
1 5	canita "

# **Information Technology Supplies**

#### Forensic software:

 $$1,600 \times 4 = $6,400$ Accessdata Ultimate tool kits:

 $$2,500 \times 4 = $10,000$ Encase:

 $$165 \times 4 = $660$ Net Analysis:

Paraben Network email examiner \$500 x 4 = 2,000

 $$500 \times 4 = $2,000$ Paraben Cell phone seizure kit

 $$500 \times 4 = $2,000$ Paraben PDA analysis kit

## Misc. Software:

 $$450 \times 4 = 1,800$ MS Office suite:

 $$450 \times 4 = 1,800$ Adobe Photo shop:

 $$300 \times 4 = 1,200$ Adobe Acrobat Pro:

 $$80 \times 4 = $320$ 

ACDC graphic viewer  $$60 \times 4 = $240$ Quick view plus

 $$50 \times 4 = $200$ McAfee antivirus

Forensic work stations:

76,620

Digital Intelligence FRED  $$7500 \times 4 = $30,000$ 

Digital Intelligence FREDDIE  $$9,000 \times 2 = 18,000$  (Portable forensic station)

# **Total Information Technology Supplies**

Information Technology Equipment

Other Forensic Hardware:

Shadow:	\$1,295
Ultrakit (write blockers)	$1,249 \times 2 = 2,498$
Tools kit	$300 \times 4 = 1,200$
Logic cube	\$3,500
	$\omega$

# Computer hardware:

Server:	\$34,000
Color laser printer (network)	\$5,000
Black & white laser printer	\$2,500
24 ports high speed switch	\$500
300 GB hard drives	$250 \times 12 = 3,000$
DVD archive machine	\$8,000
Blank DVD medias	<b>5500</b>
Laci 1TB external drive	\$2,000

**Total Information Technology Equipment** 

\$63,993

# Cities Represented by Persons Picking Up Drugs, Dealing, and Involved In Prostitution on Bloomington Ave. from Lake to 24th St., City of Minneapolis from 6 to 8 am during a Four Day Period, Sept. 5-9, '03

# (During this time period Minneapolis had 29, Suburbs and Rural Towns 40)

1) Lindstrom (Chisago Cty)

24) Osseo (Hennepin Cty)

2) Savage, (Scott Cty)

25) Waconia (Carver Cty)

3) Columbia Heights –3 (Anoka Cty)

26) Eveleth (St. Louis Cty)

4) St. Peter (Nicollet Cty)

27) South Haven (Wright Cty)

5) Marshall, (Lyon Cty)

28) Lino Lakes (Washington Cty)

6) New Hope (Hennepin Cty)

29) Plymouth (Hennepin Cty)

7) Fridley (Anoka Cty)

30) New Brighton (Ramsey Cty)

8) St. Cloud (Stearnes Cty)

31) Hastings (Dakota Cty)

9) Robbinsdale (Hennepin Cty)

32) Lakeland (Washington Cty)

10) Apple Valley (Dakota Cty)

33) Balaton (Lyon Cty)

11) Cockeysville, MD

34) Woodbury-2 (Washington Cty)

12) Brooklyn Park –2 (Hennepin Cty)

35) Wyoming (Chisago Cty)

13) Brooklyn Center (Hennepin Cty)

36) Bagley (Clearwater Cty)

14) Chanhassen (Carver Cty)

37) Hugo (Goodhue Cty)

15) Saint Paul –5 (Ramsey Cty)

38) Baxter (Crow Wing Cty)

16) Owatonna (Steele Cty)

39) Edina (Hennepin Cty)

17) Burnsville (Dakota)

40) Duluth (St. Louis Cty)

18) Litchfield (Meeker Cty)

19) Richfield (Hennepin Cty)

20) Spring Lake Park (Anoka Cty)

21) Eden Prairie 2 (Hennepin Cty)

22) Bloomington (Hennepin Cty)

23) Hopkins (Hennepin Cty)

Bloomington Ave. Citizens' Patrol

Prepared by Carol Pass

Senator Berglin introduced-

S.F. No. 3643: Referred to the Committee on Finance.

	A bill for an act
.2	relating to public safety; creating an open appropriation to commissioner of
.3	corrections for certain federal money received by commissioner of corrections;
.4	proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 241.
5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:
.6	Section 1. [241.105] SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION INCENTIVE
.7	PAYMENTS; INMATE DISCHARGE PLANNING.
.8	Money received by the commissioner of corrections from the Social Security
.9	Administration as a result of the incentive payment agreement under the Personal
.10	Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act, Public Law 104-193,
America.	section 1611(e)(1) and Public Law 106-170 section 202 (x)(3) is appropriated to the

commissioner of corrections for discharge planning for inmates with mental illness.

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# Minnesota Coalition for the Homeless

Working to ensure everyone has a safe, decent, affordable place to call home

# Transition Funding for People with Disabilities Leaving Prisons

# Discharge planning from correctional facilities contributes to homelessness.

Each year, hundreds of people released from jail or prison become homeless partially due to inadequate discharge planning.

- 69% of homeless adults had prior experience living in institutional arrangements.
- 58% of those leaving correctional facilities did not have a stable place to live when they left.
- Approximately 20% of the state's inmate population has a serious mental illness.

#### Incentive Amounts:

- Correctional facilities such as jails and prisons receive \$400 in federal funds for each inmate receiving SSI/SSDI, if reported within 30 days of incarceration or less.
- \$200 is provided per inmate on SSI/SSDI if reported within 30-90 days of incarceration.
- There are no incentive payments if inmates on SSI/SSDI are reported after 90 days of being incarcerated.

# Social Security Rules about Prisoner Benefits:

People receiving Supplemental Security Income (SSI) or Social Security Disability Income (SSDI) payments can continue to receive their checks for 30 days once entering the criminal justice or correctional system. However, federal law requires both SSI and SSDI recipients to report their incarceration after spending 30 days in a correctional facility, post-conviction. Those who are incarcerated for 1 year or more lose their benefits and have to re-apply. It is easier to reinstate benefits after suspension, than it is to reapply for them after termination. In the past many people failed to report their incarceration; and, SSA was paying millions of dollars in overpayments. As a result in 1996 the Incentive Payment Agreement was created as part of the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act (Public Law 104-193 1611 (e) (1) and P.L. 106-170 202 (x) (3)).

#### **Incentive Payments:**

As part of this Act correctional institutions can voluntarily report their inmate list each month to the Social Security Administration (SSA). If SSA finds an SSI recipient on the inmate roster, correctional institutions receive an incentive payment. There are no limitations on how incentive payments may be spent; and, SSA does not keep track of how local and state facilities are using their payments. The original purpose was to compensate correctional facilities for their time reporting to the SSA and to prevent an unfunded mandate by voluntarily paying institutions willing to report.

The Minnesota Department of Corrections (DOC) currently reports to SSA. Between 250 to 500 people residing in DOC facilities are identified each year by the SSA. However, the MNDOC is not receiving the incentive payments. Instead, the \$100,000 they would be receiving annually is going into the State's General Fund (M.S.S 16A.72). This statute says that all income shall be credited to the State's General Fund.

Incentive Payments are intended to pay correctional staff for the time they spend reporting to SSA. However, these payments fail to be incentives when the reporting institution has no access to the funds. At a basic level this is extra money for corrections. Inmates would also benefit from the reporting as they would not have to pay back checks they receive while incarcerated.

### Solution: Incentive Payments to Fund Discharge Planning or Housing Assistance for Ex-Prisoners

The estimated \$100,000 annually could be used to fund a staff position at the DOC to help inmates collect records, deal with overpayments, file waivers, and reapply for SSI while incarcerated. The DOC currently releases 1,000 people a year with a serious and persistent mental illness (SPMI). Of that group 400-600 inmates with SPMI receive assistance from one of the 9 Staff Discharge Planners. Having additional Discharge Planners to work with inmates with a SPMI would be essential in contributing to a successful reentry.

Additional funds could be used for Rental Assistance or put into Group Residential Housing (GRH) and earmarked for people leaving prisons that are disabled and/or reapplying for SSI. People applying for SSI are eligible to receive state funded GA, GAMC and GRH. When SSI benefits are reinstated, SSA pays the state the amount it spent for housing and health care out of a portion of the person's retroactive benefits. This interim assistance would create a revolving fund for GRH programs which would benefit additional ex-prisoners applying for SSI. DHS currently manages the interim assistance. (Revolving funds managed by DHS or DOC are exceptions to the general fund statute M.S.S 16A.72)

For more information contact MCH's Discharge Planning Specialist Kristin Titcombe at (612) 230-3284, mailto:titcombe@mnhomelesscoalition.org



April 3, 2006

Dear Members of the Public Safety Budget Division:

The National Alliance on Mental Illness of Minnesota (NAMI-MN) is writing to support S.F 3643. This bill requires that incentive payments from the Social Security Administration be used by the Commissioner of Corrections to fund discharge planning for inmates with mental illness.

Over 20% of Minnesota prison inmates have a mental illness. For many individuals, untreated or undertreated mental illness contributed to their crime and incarceration. When incarcerated their federal benefits, social security income and medical assistance, are terminated. Upon release, these individuals do not have access to financial support or healthcare. They must reapply for benefits in order to receive treatment, a time consuming and daunting process. Delays in treatment can be detrimental to an individual's health and smooth transition into the community.

Recognizing this, in 2001 the Minnesota legislature approved measures to require the Department of Corrections (DOC) to offer discharge planning to individuals with serious mental illness who are in prison. This discharge planning includes reapplications for federal benefits. S.F. 3643 would provide additional funding for this essential service.

NAMI-MN knows that offenders with mental illness, who discharge without a plan for continued access to treatment, often return to prison. NAMI-MN's Building Bridges Project aids correctional facilities in recognizing and responding to mental illness and promotes implementation discharge planning for offenders with mental illness. S.F. 3643 would provide more funding for necessary discharge planning.

NAMI-MN urges you to support S.F. 3643.

Sincerely,

Sue Abderholden Executive Director



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# Senators Betzold and Ranum introduced-

S.F. No. 3544: Referred to the Committee on Finance.

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- relating to public safety; appropriating funds for the project SOAR prisoner reentry program.
- 1.4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

# 1.5 Section 1. APPROPRIATION.

\$1,800,000 is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of corrections

for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2007. The commissioner must grant the entire

appropriation to the employment action center's project SOAR, which helps offenders

reenter Minneapolis communities upon release from prison. This appropriation is in

addition to the amount appropriated to the commissioner for community services in Laws

2005, chapter 136, article 1, section 13, subdivision 3. This appropriation is added to

the department's base funding.

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Senators Rest, Ranum, Skoglund, Neuville and Ruud introduced-

S.F. No. 3490: Referred to the Committee on Crime Prevention and Public Safety.

## A bill for an act

relating to public safety; requiring the Peace Officers Standards and Training Board to develop training materials and offer a course to peace officers on best practices in policing immigrant communities; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 626.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

# Section 1. [626.8472] POLICING IMMIGRANT COMMUNITIES; MATERIALS AND TRAINING.

Subdivision 1. Training course; policing immigrant communities. The board must prepare a training course to educate peace officers in the best practices for policing in immigrant communities. The board must offer and present the training course semiannually. Participation in the course is voluntary but shall earn participants continuing education credit. The course must be updated periodically as the board considers appropriate.

Subd. 2. In-service training; board requirements. The board must provide to chief law enforcement officers instructional materials patterned after the materials developed by the board under subdivision 1. These materials must meet board requirements for continuing education credit and be updated periodically as the board considers appropriate.

# Sec. 2. APPROPRIATION.

\$..... is appropriated from the general fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1.20 2007, to the Executive Director of the Peace Officers Standards and Training Board to 1.22 implement section 1.

1 Sec. 2.

1.1	Senator moves to amend S.F. No. 3490 as follows:
1.2	Page 1, delete section 1 and insert:
1.3	"Section 1. [626.8472] POLICING IMMIGRANT COMMUNITIES;
1.4	MATERIALS AND TRAINING.
1.5	Subdivision 1. Training; policing immigrant communities. The board shall
1.6	include in its learning objectives for professional peace officer education an objective to
1.7	educate peace officers in the best practices for policing in immigrant communities.
1.8	Subd. 2. Regional training seminars. The board shall facilitate regional seminars
1.9	throughout the state to increase awareness in the best practices for policing in immigrant
1.10	communities in specific regions of the state. The training seminars shall satisfy the
1.11	learning objectives described in subdivision 1. Participation in the seminars is voluntary
1.12	but shall earn participants continuing education credit. The seminar curriculum must be
1.13	updated periodically as the board considers appropriate.
1.14	Subd. 3. In-service training; board requirements. The board shall provide
1.15	to chief law enforcement officers instructional materials patterned after the materials
1.16	developed in the training programs under subdivision 1. These materials must meet board
1.17	requirements for continuing education credit and be updated periodically as the board
1.18	considers appropriate.
1.19	EFFECTIVE DATE; SUNSET. This section is effective July 1, 2006. Section 1,
1.20	subdivision 2, expires on January 1, 2008."