6587

EIGHTY-SECOND DAY

St. Paul, Minnesota, Monday, March 23, 1992

The Senate met at 2:30 p.m. and was called to order by the President.

CALL OF THE SENATE

Mr. Belanger imposed a call of the Senate. The Sergeant at Arms was instructed to bring in the absent members.

Prayer was offered by the Chaplain, Rev. John Spencer.

The members of the Senate gave the pledge of allegiance to the flag of the United States of America.

The roll was called, and the following Senators answered to their names:

Adkins	Day	Johnston	Moe, R.D.	Riveness
Beckman	DeCramer	Kelly	Mondale	Sams
Belanger	Dicklich	Knaak	Morse	Samuelson
Benson, D.D.	Finn	Kroening	Neuville	Solon
Benson, J.E.	Flynn	Laidig	Novak	Spear
Berg	Frank	Langseth	Olson	Stumpf
Berglin	 Frederickson, D. 	J. Larson	Pappas	Terwilliger
Bernhagen	 Frederickson, D. 	R.Lessard	Pariseau	Traub
Bertram	Gustafson	Luther	Piper	Vickerman
Brataas	Hottinger	Marty	Pogemiller	Waldorf
Chmielewski	Hughes	McGowan	Price	
Cohen	Johnson, D.E.	Mehrkens	Ranum	
Dahl	Johnson, D.J.	Merriam	Reichgott	
Davis	Johnson, J.B.	Metzen	Renneke	

The President declared a quorum present.

The reading of the Journal was dispensed with and the Journal, as printed and corrected, was approved.

MEMBERS EXCUSED

Mr. Halberg was excused from the Session of today. Mr. Dahl was excused from the Session of today at 3:15 p.m. Mr. Mondale was excused from the Session of today from 2:30 to 3:00 p.m.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

Mr. Moe, R.D. moved that the Committee Reports at the Desk be now adopted, with the exception of the reports on S.F. Nos. 2349 and 2145. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Davis from the Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2329: A bill for an act relating to farm safety; providing flexibility in spending an appropriation; amending Laws 1991, chapter 254, article 1, section 7, subdivision 5.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, lines 44 to 47, reinstate the stricken language and delete the new language

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Mr. Davis from the Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2655: A bill for an act relating to agriculture; making political subdivisions of the state eligible for reimbursement from the agricultural chemical response and reimbursement account; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 18E.02, subdivision 5.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, line 10, after "means" insert ":

(I)"

Page 1, lines 12 and 13, reinstate the stricken language and insert "except as provided in clause (2),"

Page 1, line 14, before the period, insert "; or

(2) a political subdivision of the state when an incident occurs at a site owned by the political subdivision and where an aerial pesticide applicator conducted storage, handling, or distribution operations"

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 2, after "making" insert "certain"

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Mr. Davis from the Committee on Agriculture and Rural Development, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2693: A bill for an act relating to agriculture; authorizing the commissioner of agriculture to make certain adjustments, agreements, and settlements in family farm security loans; providing for transfer and disposition of certain funds; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, sections 41.56, subdivision 3; 41.57, by adding subdivisions; and 41.61, by adding a subdivision.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 3, line 3, delete "partial" and insert "discounted" and after "obligations" insert "discounted under subdivision 2b" And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Ms. Berglin from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2473: A bill for an act relating to the department of health; establishing a service connection fee for certain public water supply users; appropriating money; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 144.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. Report adopted.

Ms. Berglin from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 1825: A bill for an act relating to the Minnesota supplemental aid program; expanding assistance for mentally ill persons in shared housing; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 256D.44, subdivisions 2 and 3.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete section 1

Page 1, line 24, delete "Sec. 2." and insert "Section 1."

Page 2, line 7, after the first comma, insert "who resides with another person who is not the applicant's or recipient's spouse or another financially responsible relative,"

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 5, delete "subdivisions 2 and" and insert "subdivision"

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Ms. Berglin from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2049: A bill for an act relating to occupations and professions; clarifying membership requirements for the board of pharmacy; amending Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 151.03.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, line 13, delete "hole" and insert "whole"

Page 1, after line 24, insert:

"Sec. 2. [APPLICATION.]

Section 1 is effective for appointments made after August 1, 1992."

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Mr. Spear from the Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2622: A bill for an act relating to Minnesota Statutes; correcting erroneous, ambiguous, and omitted text and obsolete references; eliminating certain redundant, conflicting, and superseded provisions; making miscellaneous technical corrections to statutes and other laws; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, sections 11A.23, subdivision 2; 13.791; 82B.20, subdivision 2; 86B.115; 86B.601, subdivision 1; 88.45; 103I.112; 115A.63, subdivision 3; 115A.82; 116J.70, subdivision 2a; 176.1041, subdivision 1; 176.361, subdivision 2; 177.23, subdivision 7; 183.38, subdivision 1; 214.01, subdivision 2; 268A.09, subdivision 7; 290.10; 297A.15, subdivision 5; 298.402; 298.405, subdivision 1; 326.405; 326.43; 348.13; 352.116, subdivision 3b; 352B.10, subdivision 5; 352B.105; 356.24; 356.82; 466.131; 504.02; 514.53; 517.08, subdivision 1c; and 609.0331; Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, sections 3.873, subdivision 6; 16B 122, subdivision 2; 60D.20, subdivision 1; 60G.01, subdivision 2; 116.072, subdivision 1; 116J.693, subdivision 2; 124.19, subdivision 1; 124.479; 169.983; 171.06, subdivision 3; 179A.10, subdivision 2; 256.969, subdivisions 2 and 3a; 256B.74, subdivision 2; 256H.03, subdivision 5; 272.01, subdivision 2; 272.02, subdivision 1; 275.50, subdivision 5; 340A.4055; 457A.01, subdivision 5; 473.845, subdivision 3; and 611A.02, subdivision 2; reenacting Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 256B.431, subdivision 3f; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 326.01, subdivision 20; Laws 1989, chapter 282, article 2, section 188; Laws 1991, chapters 182, section 1; and 305, section 10.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass. Report adopted.

Mr. Spear from the Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2368: A bill for an act relating to probate; enacting the uniform transfer on death security registration act; providing for rights of creditors and revocation of beneficiary designation by will; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 524.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 4, line 15, delete "such a" and insert "the"

Page 6, line 28, delete "stripes" and insert "stirpes"

Page 7, line 14, delete "OF PART"

Page 7, line 15, delete "This part applies" and insert "Sections 1 to 13 apply"

Page 7, line 16, after "before" insert ", on," and delete "this"

Page 7, line 17, delete "part" and insert "sections 1 to 13" and delete "of this"

Page 7, line 18, delete "part"

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Mr. Spear from the Committee on Judiciary, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 1821: A bill for an act relating to human services; changing certain provisions for support and placement of children; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, sections 256.87, subdivision 5; 257.071, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 257.072, subdivisions 7 and 8; 257.0725; 257.59, subdivision 1; 259.255; 259.28, subdivision 2; 259.455; 260.012; 260.015, by adding a subdivision; 260.181, subdivision 3; 260.191, subdivisions 1 and 1a; 260.221, subdivision 1; 260.235; and 260.40.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete section 1

Page 3, line 16, delete "she or he" and insert "the child"

Page 3, after line 32, insert:

"Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 257.071, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. [PROTECTION OF HERITAGE OR BACKGROUND.] The authorized child placing agency shall ensure that the child's best interests are met by giving due consideration of the child's race or ethnic heritage in making a family foster care placement. *Except as provided in section 5*, the authorized child placing agency shall place a child, released by court order or by voluntary release by the parent or parents, in a foster home selected by following the preferences described in section 260.181, sub-division 3. In instances where a child from a family of color is placed in a family foster home of a different racial or ethnic background *or is not placed with relatives*, the local social service agency shall review the placement after 30 days and each 30 days thereafter for the first six months to determine if there is another available placement that would better satisfy the requirements of this subdivision."

Page 4, line 1, delete everything after "unless" and insert a colon

Page 4, delete lines 2 and 3 and insert:

"(1) failure to remove the child from the foster family home would be detrimental to the child;

(2) the new placement is in an adoptive home and the foster family did not notify the social service agency that it wishes to adopt the child following notice under section 4;

(3) the new placement is for permanent foster care under section 260.235 and the foster family does not wish to provide permanent foster care;

(4) the new placement is in the home of a relative; or

(5) the child has been in the foster family home for less than six months.

For purposes of this subdivision, "relative" means (1) a grandparent, great-grandparent, aunt, uncle, great-aunt, great-uncle, first cousin, or sibling of the child, or (2) a person who resided in a household with the child for two years or more or with whom the child has established emotional ties creating a parent-child relationship.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 257.071, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [NOTICE OF AVAILABILITY FOR ADOPTION.] The social service agency shall notify the foster family of a child when the child becomes available for adoption. The notice must inform the foster family of the right to be considered for an adoptive placement in accordance with section 13, provided that the foster family notifies the agency within 30 days of receiving notice under this subdivision that the family wishes to adopt the child."

Page 4, line 13, delete "contact" and insert "disclose private or confidential data, as defined in section 13.02, to"

Page 4. line 14, delete everything after "placement"

Page 4, delete line 15

Page 4, line 16, delete everything before the period

Page 4. line 22, before the semicolon, insert "and the agency shall not contact relatives unless ordered to do so by the juvenile court"

Page 6, after line 18, insert:

"Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 257.076, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [HISPANIC.] "Hispanic" means heritage or national origins in Argentina, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba, Chile, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Puerto Rico, Uruguay, Spain, and Venezuela."

Page 7, line 6, before "The" insert "Except as provided in section 13."

Page 7, after line 28, insert:

"Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 259.26, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [TO WHOM GIVEN.] Except as provided in subdivision 3, and subject to section 259.261, notice of the hearing upon a petition to adopt a child shall be given to:

(1) The guardian, if any, of a child;

(2) The foster family of a child;

(3) An adult relative of the child, as defined in section 13; and

(4) The parent of a child if:

(a) The person's name appears on the child's birth certificate, as a parent, or

(b) The person has substantially supported the child, or

(c) The person either was married to the person designated on the birth certificate as the natural mother within the 325 days before the child's birth or married that person within the ten days after the child's birth, or

(d) The person is openly living with the child or the person designated on the birth certificate as the natural mother of the child, or both, or

(e) The person has been adjudicated the child's parent, or

(f) The person has filed an affidavit pursuant to section 259.261.

This notice need not be given to any above named person whose parental rights have been terminated, whose notice of intention to retain parental rights filed pursuant to section 259.261 has been successfully challenged, who has consented to the adoption or who has waived notice of the hearing. The notice need not be given to an adult relative, other than a parent, who cannot be reasonably identified or located. The notice of the hearing may be waived by a parent, guardian, foster family, relative, or other interested party by a writing executed before two competent witnesses and duly acknowledged. The waiver shall be filed in the adoption proceedings at any time before the matter is heard."

Page 8, line 4, before "In" insert "Except as provided in section 13,"

Page 8, after line 26, insert:

"Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 259.28, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3. [PERMANENCE.] If a child's foster family notified the social service agency within 30 days of receiving notice under section 4 that it wished to adopt the child, the court shall give preference to placing the child for adoption with the foster family in the absence of good cause to the contrary, unless:

(1) placement of the child with the foster family would be detrimental to the child;

(2) the child is placed for adoption with a relative; or

(3) the child has been in the foster family home for less than six months.

For purposes of this subdivision, "relative" means a grandparent, greatgrandparent, aunt, uncle, great-aunt, great-uncle, first cousin, or sibling of the child."

Page 12, line 6, before "The" insert "Except as provided in section 5 or 13,"

Page 12, lines 21 to 25, delete the new language

Page 20, line 36, before the colon. insert "and the provisions of section 5"

Page 21. line 26. before "The" insert "Subject to section 5,"

Page 21, line 35, after "in" insert "the child's"

Page 22, line 4, after the period, insert "The agency shall conduct an administrative review of the case plan every two years when the court has issued an order for long-term foster care."

Page 22, delete lines 20 and 21 and insert:

"Provisions of this act that delete the term "minority" in reference to a child's racial or ethnic heritage or that otherwise delete provisions that limit consideration of racial or ethnic heritage to a child of a minority racial or ethnic heritage are effective the day following final enactment."

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 4, delete "256.87."

Page 1, line 5, delete "subdivision 5;" and delete "a" and insert "subdivisions"

Page 1, line 6, delete "subdivision"

Page 1, line 7, after the second semicolon, insert "259.26, subdivision 1;" and after "2" insert ", and by adding a subdivision"

Page 1, line 10, before the period, insert "; and Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, sections 257.071, subdivision 1a; and 257.076, by adding a subdivision"

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Mr. Metzen from the Committee on Economic Development and Housing, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 2380: A bill for an act relating to the legislature; requiring committees of the legislature to consider the effect of proposed legislation on the state's science and technology policy; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 3.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, line 9, after "COMMITTEES" insert "AND COMMISSIONS"

Page 1, line 11, after "committees" insert "and commissions"

Page 2, line 27, delete "through"

Page 2, line 28, delete everything before the period

Page 3, line 4, delete everything after "system"

Page 3, line 5, delete everything before the period

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 2, after "committees" insert "and commissions"

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Ms. Berglin from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

H.F. No. 2034: A bill for an act relating to health; allowing persons who voluntarily provide assistance at the scene of an accident to obtain test results to determine whether they have been exposed to HIV or hepatitis B; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 144.761, subdivision 5.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass. Report adopted.

Ms. Berglin from the Committee on Health and Human Services, to which was referred

H.F. No. 2081: A bill for an act relating to health; modifying provider appeal requirements for medical assistance; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 256B.50, subdivision 1b.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass. Report adopted.

Mr. Metzen from the Committee on Economic Development and Housing, to which was referred

H.F. No. 1249: A bill for an act relating to the city of St. Paul; providing certain economic development authority.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, delete lines 14 and 15

Page 1, line 16, delete "(c)" and insert "(b)"

Page 2, line 1, delete "(d)" and insert "(c)"

Page 2, line 11, delete "(e)" and insert "(d)" and delete "(d)" and insert "(c)"

Page 2, delete section 2

Page 2, line 30, delete everything after the period

Page 2, delete lines 31 to 33

Renumber the sections in sequence

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Mr. Lessard from the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2205: A bill for an act relating to state land; authorizing private sale of certain land in Washington county; authorizing environmental cleanup of the land; authorizing alteration of marginal lands.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, line 10, delete "or any other law to the contrary"

Page 4, after line 35, insert:

"Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 138.56, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 18. [DESIGNATION.] Old Sibley county courthouse located on land owned by the city of Henderson in Sibley county is designated as the Joseph R. Brown historical interpretive center."

Page 4, line 36, delete "4" and insert "5"

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 5, before the period, insert "; designating the old Sibley county courthouse as an historical interpretive center; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 138.56, by adding a subdivision"

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Mr. DeCramer from the Committee on Transportation, to which was referred

S.E. No. 695: A bill for an act relating to motor carriers; making technical changes to motor carrier laws; allowing motor carrier certificate to be suspended or revoked for certain violations; providing an exemption for limousine service by a luxury passenger automobile: requiring private carriers operating vehicles having a gross weight greater than 12,000 pounds to comply with driver qualification rules; requiring formerly exempt carriers operating vehicles having a gross weight greater than 12,000 pounds to comply with rules on driver qualifications and maximum hours of service of drivers: adopting federal out-of-service criteria for motor carriers: providing that certain federal laws and regulations apply to certain intrastate commerce: authorizing certain inspections and information gathering by the department of transportation regarding hazardous materials: authorizing variances to federal regulations regarding certain cargo tanks that transport gasoline: requiring immediate notice and subsequent written reports for additional situations involving hazardous materials transportation: prohibiting issuance of hazardous waste transporter license to applicant with history of repeated or serious violations; allowing exchange of information on applicant for hazardous waste transporter license; allowing trip permits for certain interstate transportation of hazardous waste and imposing a fee; requiring certain information from applicant to operate as permit carrier or local cartage carrier: establishing the initial motor carrier contact program; requiring information to be displayed on power units of registered vehicles of certain motor carriers; authorizing commissioner of transportation to suspend or cancel the operating authority, permit, or certificate of a motor carrier failing to pay a required administrative penalty; imposing administrative penalties: requiring payment of service charge for each identification stamp issued to an interstate motor carrier; allowing commissioner of transportation to inspect vehicles and records of building movers; requiring building movers to comply with rules on driver qualifications, safe operation, maximum hours of service of drivers, inspection repair and maintenance, and accident reporting; requiring police escort when moving building, when required by permit; allowing commissioner of transportation to revoke, suspend, or deny a license for noncompliance with certain moving permits and other violations regarding building movers; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, sections 221.021; 221.025; 221.031, subdivisions 2, 3. and by adding a subdivision; 221.033, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 221.034, subdivisions 1 and 3; 221.035, subdivision 1, and by adding a subdivision; 221.121, subdivisions 1 and 7; 221.131, subdivisions 1 and 2; 221.185, subdivisions 1, 2, and 4: 221.60, subdivision 2: 221.605, by adding a subdivision; and 221.81, subdivisions 2 and 4, and by adding subdivisions; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 221.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 169.781, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] For purposes of sections 169.781 to 169.783:

(a) "Commercial motor vehicle" means:

63

(1) a commercial motor vehicle as defined in section 169.01, subdivision 75, paragraph (a); and

(2) each vehicle in a combination of more than 26,000 pounds.

"Commercial motor vehicle" does not include (1) a school bus displaying a certificate under section 169.451, (2) a bus operated by the metropolitan transit commission created in section 473.404 or by a local transit commission created in chapter 458A, or (3) a motor vehicle with a gross weight of not more than 26,000 pounds, carrying in bulk tanks a total of not more than 200 gallons of petroleum products or liquid fertilizer or pesticide.

(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of public safety.

(c) "Owner" means a person who owns, or has control, under a lease of more than 30 days' duration, of one or more commercial motor vehicles.

(d) "Storage semitrailer" means a semitrailer that (1) is used exclusively to store property at a location not on a street or highway, (2) does not contain any load when moved on a street or highway, (3) is operated only during daylight hours, and (4) is marked on each side of the semitrailer "storage only" in letters at least six inches high.

(e) "Building mover vehicle" means a vehicle owned or leased by a building mover as defined in section 221.81, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), and used exclusively for moving buildings.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 169.781, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [INSPECTION DECALS.] (a) A person inspecting a commercial motor vehicle shall issue an inspection decal for the vehicle if each inspected component of the vehicle complies with federal motor carrier safety regulations. The decal must state that in the month specified on the decal the vehicle was inspected and each inspected component complied with federal motor carrier safety regulations. The decal is valid for 12 months after the month specified on the decal. The commissioners of public safety and transportation shall make decals available, at a fee of not more than \$2 for each decal, to persons certified to perform inspections under subdivision 3, paragraph (b).

(b) Minnesota inspection decals may be affixed only to commercial motor vehicles bearing Minnesota-based license plates.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a person inspecting (1) a vehicle of less than 57,000 pounds gross vehicle weight and registered as a farm truck, or (2) a storage semitrailer, or (3) a building mover vehicle must issue an inspection decal to the vehicle unless the vehicle has one or more defects that would result in the vehicle being declared out of service under the North American Uniform Driver, Vehicle, and Hazardous Materials Out-of-Service Criteria issued by the federal highway administration and the commercial motor vehicle safety alliance. A decal issued to a vehicle described in clause (1) or, (2), or (3) is valid for two years from the date of issuance.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 169.825, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. [PNEUMATIC-TIRED VEHICLES.] No vehicle or combination

of vehicles equipped with pneumatic tires shall be operated upon the highways of this state:

(a) Where the gross weight on any wheel exceeds 9,000 pounds, except that on designated local routes and state trunk highways the gross weight on any single wheel shall not exceed 10,000 pounds;

(b) Where the gross weight on any single axle exceeds 18,000 pounds, except that on designated local routes and state trunk highways the gross weight on any single axle shall not exceed 20,000 pounds;

(c) Where the maximum wheel load:

(1) on the foremost and rearmost steering axles, exceeds 600 pounds per inch of tire width or the manufacturer's recommended load, whichever is less; or

(2) on other axles, exceeds 500 pounds per inch of tire width or the manufacturer's recommended load, whichever is less;

Clause (2) applies to new vehicles manufactured after August 1, 1991_{π} and after. For vehicles manufactured before August 2, 1991, the maximum weight per inch of tire width is 600 pounds per inch or the manufacturer's recommended load, whichever is less, until August 1, 1996_{π} to all vehicles. After July 31, 1996, clause (2) applies to all vehicles regardless of date of manufacture.

(d) Where the gross weight on any axle of a tridem exceeds 15,000 pounds, except that for vehicles to which an additional axle has been added prior to June 1, 1981, the maximum gross weight on any axle of a tridem may be up to 16,000 pounds provided the gross weight of the tridem combination does not exceed 39,900 pounds where the first and third axles of the tridem are spaced nine feet apart.

(e) Where the gross weight on any group of axles exceeds the weights permitted under this section with any or all of the interior axles disregarded and their gross weights subtracted from the gross weight of all axles of the group under consideration.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 169.825, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. [GROSS WEIGHT SCHEDULE.] (a) No vehicle or combination of vehicles equipped with pneumatic tires shall be operated upon the highways of this state where the total gross weight on any group of two or more consecutive axles of any vehicle or combination of vehicles exceeds that given in the following table for the distance between the centers of the first and last axles of any group of two or more consecutive axles under consideration; unless otherwise noted, the distance between axles being measured longitudinally to the nearest even foot, and when the measurement is a fraction of exactly one-half foot the next largest whole number in feet shall be used, except that when the distance between axles is more than three feet four inches and less than three feet six inches the distance of four feet shall be used:

Maximum gross weight in pounds on a group of

2

	2	3	4
Distances	consecutive	consecutive	consecutive
in feet	axles of	axles of	axles of

between centers of fore- most and rearmost axles of	a 2-axle vehicle or of any vehicle or combination of vehicles	a 3-axle vehicle or of any vehicle or combination of vehicles	a 4-axle vehicle or any com- bination of vehicles having a
a group 4 5 6 7	having a total of 2 or more axles 34,000 34,000 34,000	having a total of 3 or more axles	total of 4 or more axles
7 8 8 plus	34,000 34,000 34,000 (38,000)	39,000 37,000 39,000 38,500 42,000	
9 10	35,000 (39,000)	43,000 43,500	49,000
11	36,000 (40,000) 36,000	44,500	49,500
12 13		45,000 46,000	50,000 51,000
13		46,500	51.500
15		47,500	52,000
16		48,000	53,000
17		49,000	53,500
18		49,500	54,000
19		50,500	55,000
20		51,000	55,500
21		52,000	56,000
22		52,500	57,000
23		53,500	57,500
24		54,000	58,000
25		(55,000)	59,000
26		(55,500)	59,500
27		(56,500)	60,000
28		(57,000)	61,000
29 30		(58,000) (58,500)	61,500 62,000
30		(59,500)	63,000
32		(60,000)	63,500
33		(00,000)	64,000
34			65,000
35			65,500
36			66,000
37			67,000
38			67,500
39			68,000
40			69,000
41			69,500
42			70,000
43			71,000
44			71,500
45			72,000

46	72,500
47	(73,500)
48	(74,000)
49	(74,500)
50	(75,500)
51	(76,000)

The maximum gross weight on a group of three consecutive axles where the distance between centers of foremost and rearmost axles is listed as seven feet or eight feet applies only to vehicles manufactured before August 1, 1991.

"8 plus" refers to any distance greater than eight feet but less than nine feet.

Maximum gross weight in pounds on a group of

	5	6	7
Distances	consecutive	consecutive	consecutive
in feet	axles of a	axles of	axles of
between	5-axle vehicle	a combination	a combination
centers	or any com-	of vehicles	of vehicles
of fore-	bination of	having a total	having a total
most and	vehicles	of 6 or more	of 7 or more
rearmost	having a total	axles	axles
axles of	of 5 or more		
a group	axles		
14	57,000		
15	57,500		
16	58,000		
17	59,000		
18	59,500		
19	60,000		
20	60,500	66,000	72,000
21	61,500	67,000	72,500
22	62,000	67,500	73,000
23	62,500	68,000	73,500
24	63,000	68,500	74,000
25	64,000	69,000	75,000
26	64,500	70,000	75,500
27	65,000	70,500	76,000
28	65,500	71,000	76,500
29	66,500	71,500	77,000
30	67,000	72,000	77,500
31	67,500	73,000	78,500
32	68,000	73,500	79,000
33	69,000	74,000	79,500
34	69,500	74,500	80,000
35	70,000	75,000	
36	70,500	76,000	
37	71,500	76,500	
38	72,000	77,000	
39	72,500	77,500	
40	73,000	78,000	
41	(74,000)	79,000	
42	(74,500)	79,500	

80,000

43	(75,000)
44	(75,500)
45	(76,500)
46	(77,000)
47	(77,500)
48	(78,000)
49	(79,000)
50	(79,500)
51	(80,000)

The gross weights shown in parentheses in this clause are permitted only on state trunk highways and routes designated under section 169.832, subdivision 11.

(b) Notwithstanding any lesser weight in pounds shown in this table but subject to the restrictions on gross vehicle weights in clause (c), two consecutive sets of tandem axles may carry a gross load of 34,000 pounds each and a combined gross load of 68,000 pounds provided the overall distance between the first and last axles of the consecutive sets of tandem axles is 36 feet or more.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 169.85, the gross vehicle weight of all axles of a vehicle or combination of vehicles shall not exceed:

(1) 80,000 pounds for any vehicle or combination of vehicles on all state trunk highways as defined in section 160.02, subdivision 2, and for all routes designated under section 169.832, subdivision 11; and

(2) 73,280 pounds for any vehicle or combination of vehicles with five axles or less on all routes, other than state trunk highways and routes that are designated under section 169.832, subdivision 11; and

(3) 80,000 pounds for any vehicle or combination of vehicles with six or more axles on all routes, other than state trunk highways and routes that are designated under section 169.832, subdivision 11.

(d) The maximum weights specified in this subdivision for five consecutive axles shall not apply to a combination of vehicles that includes a three axle semitrailer first registered before August 1, 1981. All other weight limitations in this section are applicable.

(e) The maximum weights specified in this subdivision for five consecutive axles shall not apply to a four axle ready mix concrete truck which was equipped with a fifth axle prior to June 1, 1981. The maximum gross weight on four or fewer consecutive axles of vehicles excepted by this clause shall not exceed any maximum weight specified for four or fewer consecutive axles in this subdivision.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 169.825, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. [GROSS WEIGHT SEASONAL INCREASES.] (a) The limitations provided in this section are increased:

(1) by ten percent from January 1 to March 7 each winter, statewide;

(2) by ten percent from December 1 through December 31 each winter in the zone bounded as follows: beginning at Pigeon River in the northeast corner of Minnesota; thence in a southwesterly direction along the north shore of Lake Superior along trunk highway No. 61 to the junction with trunk highway No. 210; thence westerly along trunk highway No. 210 to the junction with trunk highway No. 10; thence northwesterly along trunk highway No. 10 to the Minnesota-North Dakota border; thence northerly along that border to the Minnesota-Canadian Border; thence easterly along said Border to Lake Superior; and

(3) by ten percent from October + the beginning of harvest to November 30 each year for the movement of sugar beets and potatoes within an area having a 75-mile radius from the field of harvest to the point of the first unloading. The commissioner shall not issue permits under this clause if to do so will result in a loss of federal highway funding to the state.

(b) The duration of a ten percent increase in load limits is subject to limitation by order of the commissioner, subject to implementation of spring-time load restrictions, or March 7.

(c) When the ten percent increase is in effect, a permit is required for a motor vehicle, trailer, or semitrailer combination that has a gross weight in excess of 80,000 pounds, an axle group weight in excess of that prescribed in subdivision 10, or a single axle weight in excess of 20,000 pounds and which travels on interstate routes.

(d) In cases where gross weights in an amount less than that set forth in this section are fixed, limited, or restricted on a highway or bridge by or under another section of this chapter, the lesser gross weight as fixed, limited, or restricted may not be exceeded and must control instead of the gross weights set forth in this section.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this subdivision, no vehicle may exceed a total gross vehicle weight of 80,000 pounds on routes which have not been designated by the commissioner under section 169.832, subdivision 11.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 169.825, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. [VARIABLE LOAD AXLES.] A vehicle or combination of vehicles equipped with one or more variable load axles shall have the pressure control preset so that the weight carried on the variable load axle may not be varied by the operator during transport of any load. The actuating control for the axle shall function only as an on and off switch. The provisions of this subdivision do not apply to any farm truck registered prior to July 1, 1981, under section 168.013, subdivision 1c, for 57,000 pounds or less or to any rear-loading refuse compactor vehicle. This subdivision does not apply to rear-loading refuse compactor vehicles, except that any refuse compactor vehicle having a tridem rear axle must comply with this subdivision 5, paragraph (h).

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 169.86, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. [FEES.] The commissioner, with respect to highways under the commissioner's jurisdiction, may charge a fee for each permit issued. All such fees for permits issued by the commissioner of transportation shall be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the trunk highway fund. Except for those annual permits for which the permit fees are specified elsewhere in this chapter, the fees shall be:

(a) \$15 for each single trip permit.

(b) \$36 for each job permit. A job permit may be issued for like loads carried on a specific route for a period not to exceed two months. "Like loads" means loads of the same product, weight, and dimension.

(c) \$60 for an annual permit to be issued for a period not to exceed 12 consecutive months. Annual permits may be issued for:

(1) refuse compactor vehicles that carry a gross weight up to but not in excess of 22,000 pounds on a single rear axle and not in excess of 38,000 pounds on a tandem rear axle;

(2) motor vehicles used to alleviate a temporary crisis adversely affecting the safety or well-being of the public;

(3) (2) motor vehicles which travel on interstate highways and carry loads authorized under subdivision 1a;

(4) (3) motor vehicles operating with gross weights authorized under section 169.825, subdivision 11, paragraph (a), clause (3); and

(5) (4) special pulpwood vehicles described in section 169.863.

(d) \$120 for an oversize annual permit to be issued for a period not to exceed 12 consecutive months. Annual permits may be issued for:

(1) mobile cranes;

(2) construction equipment, machinery, and supplies;

(3) manufactured homes;

(4) farm equipment when the movement is not made according to the provisions of section 169.80, subdivision 1, paragraphs (a) to (f);

(5) double-deck buses;

(6) commercial boat hauling.

(e) For vehicles which have axle weights exceeding the weight limitations of section 169.825, an additional cost added to the fees listed above. The additional cost is equal to the product of the distance traveled times the sum of the overweight axle group cost factors shown in the following chart:

Overweight Axle Group Cost Factors

Weight (pounds)	Cost Per Mile For Each Group Of:		
exceeding	Two consec-	Three consec-	Four consec-
weight limi-	utive axles	utive axles	utive axles
tations on	spaced within	spaced within	spaced with-
axles	8 feet or	9 feet or	in 14 feet
	less	less	or less
0-2,000	.100	.040	.036
2,001-4,000	.124	.050	.044
4,001-6,000	.150	.062	.050
6,001-8,000	Not permitted	.078	.056
8,001-10,000	Not permitted	.094	.070
10,001-12,000	Not permitted	.116	.078
12,001-14,000	Not permitted	.140	.094
14.001-16,000	Not permitted	.168	. 106
16,001-18,000	Not permitted	.200	.128
18,001-20,000	Not permitted	Not permitted	.140
20,001-22,000	Not permitted	Not permitted	.168

The amounts added are rounded to the nearest cent for each axle or axle group. The additional cost does not apply to paragraph (c), clauses (1) and (3).

For a vehicle found to exceed the appropriate maximum permitted weight, a cost-per-mile fee of 22 cents per ton, or fraction of a ton, over the permitted maximum weight is imposed in addition to the normal permit fee. Miles must be calculated based on the distance already traveled in the state plus the distance from the point of detection to a transportation loading site or unloading site within the state or to the point of exit from the state.

(f) As an alternative to paragraph (e), an annual permit may be issued for overweight, or oversize and overweight, construction equipment, machinery, and supplies. The fees for the permit are as follows:

Gross Weight (pounds) of vehicle	Annual Permit Fee
90,000 or less	\$200
90,001 - 100,000	\$300
100,001 - 110,000	\$400
110,001 - 120,000	\$500
120,001 - 130,000	\$600
130,001 - 140,000	\$700
140,001 - 145,000	\$800

If the gross weight of the vehicle is more than 145,000 pounds the permit fee is determined under paragraph (e).

(g) For vehicles which exceed the width limitations set forth in section 169.80 by more than 72 inches, an additional cost equal to \$120 added to the amount in paragraph (a) when the permit is issued while seasonal load restrictions pursuant to section 169.87 are in effect.

(h) \$85 for an annual permit to be issued for a period not to exceed 12 months, for refuse compactor vehicles that carry a gross weight of not more than: 22,000 pounds on a single rear axle; 38,000 pounds on a tandem rear axle; or, subject to section 169.825, subdivision 14, 46,000 pounds on a tridem rear axle. A permit issued for up to 46,000 pounds on a tridem rear axle must limit the gross vehicle weight to not more than 62,000 pounds.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 174.30, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [AUTHORITY TO ADOPT; PURPOSE AND CONTENT; RULEMAKING.] The commissioner of transportation shall adopt by rule standards for the operation of vehicles used to provide special transportation service which are reasonably necessary to protect the health and safety of individuals using that service. The commissioner, as far as practicable, consistent with the purpose of the standards, shall avoid adoption of standards that unduly restrict any public or private entity or person from providing special transportation service because of the administrative or other cost of compliance.

Standards adopted under this section must include but are not limited to:

(a) Qualifications of drivers and attendants, including driver training requirements that must be met before a driver provides special transportation;

(b) Safety of vehicles and necessary safety equipment;

(c) General requirements concerning inspection and maintenance of vehicles, replacement vehicles, standard vehicle equipment, and specialized equipment necessary to ensure vehicle usability and safety for disabled persons; and

(d) Minimum insurance requirements; and

(e) Assessment of administrative penalties for violations.

The commissioner shall consult with the council on disability before making a decision on a variance from the standards.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.011, subdivision 20, is amended to read:

Subd. 20. "Charter" means the agreement whereby the owner of a motor bus vehicle lets the same to a group of persons as one party for a specified sum and for a specified act of transportation at a specified time.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.011, subdivision 21, is amended to read:

Subd. 21. "Charter carrier" means a person who engages in the business of transporting the public by motor buses vehicle under charter. The term "charter carrier" does not include regular route common carriers of passengers and, school buses described in section 221.025, clause (a), or persons providing limousine service described in section 221.84.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.011, subdivision 25, is amended to read:

Subd. 25. "Courier services carrier" means any person who offers expedited door-to-door transportation of packages and articles less than 100 pounds in weight in vehicles a vehicle with a registered gross vehicle weight and gross vehicle weight rating not exceeding of 15,000 pounds or less.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.011, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 33. "Gross vehicle weight" has the meaning given it in section 169.01. subdivision 46.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.021, is amended to read:

221.021 [OPERATION CERTIFICATE OR PERMIT REQUIRED.]

No person shall may operate as a motor carrier or advertise or otherwise hold out as a motor carrier without a certificate or permit in full force and effect. A certificate or permit may be suspended or revoked upon conviction of violating a provision of sections 221.011 to 221.296 or an order or rule of the commissioner or board governing the operation of motor carriers, and upon a finding by the court that the violation was willful. The board may, for good cause after a hearing, suspend or revoke a *certificate or* permit for a violation of a provision of sections 221.011 to 221.296 or an order *issued* or rule of adopted by the commissioner or board issued under this chapter.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 221.025, is amended to read:

221.025 [EXEMPTIONS.]

Except as provided in sections 221.031 and 221.033, The provisions of

this chapter *requiring a certificate or permit to operate as a motor carrier* do not apply to the intrastate transportation described below:

(a) the transportation of students to or from school or school activities in a school bus inspected and certified under section 169.451;

(b) the transportation of rubbish as defined in section 443.27 solid waste, as defined in section 116.06, subdivision 10, including recyclable materials and waste tires, except that the term "hazardous waste" has the meaning given it in section 221.011, subdivision 31;

(c) a commuter van as defined in section 221.011, subdivision 27;

(d) authorized emergency vehicles as defined in section 169.01, subdivision 5, including ambulances, and tow trucks when picking up and transporting disabled or wrecked motor vehicles and when carrying proper and legal warning devices;

(e) the transportation of grain samples under conditions prescribed by the board;

(f) the delivery of agricultural lime;

(g) the transportation of dirt and sod within an area having a 50-mile radius from the home post office of the person performing the transportation;

(h) a person while exclusively engaged in the transportation of sand, gravel, bituminous asphalt mix, concrete ready mix, concrete blocks or tile and the mortar mix to be used with the concrete blocks or tile, or crushed rock to or from the point of loading or a place of gathering within an area having a 50-mile radius from that person's home post office or a 50-mile radius from the site of construction or maintenance of public roads and streets;

(i) the transportation of pulpwood, cordwood, mining timber, poles, posts, decorator evergreens, wood chips, sawdust, shavings, and bark from the place where the products are produced to the point where they are to be used or shipped;

(j) a person while engaged exclusively in transporting the transportation of fresh vegetables from farms to canneries or viner stations, from viner stations to canneries, or from canneries to canneries during the harvesting, canning, or packing season, or transporting potatoes, sugar beets, wild rice, or rutabagas from the field of production to the first place of delivery or unloading, including a processing plant, warehouse, or railroad siding;

(k) a person engaged in transporting the transportation of property or freight, other than household goods and petroleum products in bulk, entirely within the corporate limits of a city or between contiguous cities except as provided in section 221.296;

(1) the transportation of unprocessed dairy products in bulk within an area having a 100-mile radius from the home post office of the person providing the transportation;

(m) a person engaged in transporting the transportation of agricultural, horticultural, dairy, livestock, or other farm products within an area having a 25-mile radius from the person's home post office and the carrier may transport other commodities within the 25-mile radius if the destination of each haul is a farm;

(n) passenger transportation service that is not charter service and that is under contract to and with operating assistance from the department or

the regional transit board; and

(o) the transportation of newspapers, as defined in section 331A.01, subdivision 5, telephone books, handbills, circulars, or pamphlets in a vehicle with a gross vehicle weight of 10,000 pounds or less.

The exemptions provided in this section apply to a person only while the person is exclusively engaged in exempt transportation.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.031, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [POWERS, DUTIES, REPORTS, LIMITATIONS.] (a) This subdivision applies to motor carriers engaged in intrastate commerce.

(b) The commissioner shall prescribe rules for the operation of motor carriers, including their facilities₇; accounts₇; leasing of vehicles and drivers₇; service₇; safe operation of vehicles₇; equipment, parts, and accessories₇ maximum; hours of service of drivers₇; driver qualifications₇; accident reporting₇; identification of vehicles₇; installation of safety devices₇; inspection, repair, and maintenance₇; and proper automatic speed regulators if, in the opinion of the commissioner, there is a need for the rules.

(c) The commissioner shall direct the repair and reconstruction or replacement of an inadequate or unsafe motor carrier vehicle or facility. The commissioner may require the construction and maintenance or furnishing of suitable and proper freight terminals, passenger depots, waiting rooms, and accommodations or shelters in a city in this state or at a point on the highway traversed which the commissioner, after investigation by the department, may deem just and proper for the protection of passengers or property.

(d) The commissioner shall require the filing of annual and other reports including annual accounts of motor carriers, schedules of rates and charges, or other data by motor carriers, regulate motor carriers in matters affecting the relationship between them and the traveling and shipping public, and prescribe other rules as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

(e) A motor carrier having gross revenues from for-hire transportation in a calendar year of less than \$50,000 may, at the discretion of the commissioner, be exempted from the filing of an annual report, if instead of filing the report the motor carrier files an affidavit, in a form as may be prescribed by the commissioner, attesting that the motor carrier's gross revenues did not exceed \$50,000 in the previous calendar year. Motor carrier gross revenues from for-hire transportation, for the purposes of this subdivision only, do not include gross revenues received from the operation of school buses as defined in section 169.01, subdivision 6.

(f) The commissioner shall enforce sections 169.781 to 169.783.

(g) The commissioner shall make no rules relating to the granting, limiting, or modifying of permits or certificates of convenience and necessity, which are powers granted to the board.

(h) The board may extend the termini of a route or alter or change the route of a regular route common carrier upon petition and after finding that public convenience and necessity require an extension, alteration, or change.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.031, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PRIVATE CARRIERS.] This subdivision applies to private carriers engaged in intrastate commerce.

(a) Private carriers operating vehicles licensed and registered for with a gross vehicle weight of more than $\frac{12,000}{10,000}$ pounds, shall comply with rules adopted under this section applying to maximum for driver qualifications; hours of service of drivers, safe operation of vehicles, equipment, parts, and accessories, leasing of vehicles or vehicles and drivers; and inspection, repair, and maintenance. Private carriers not subject to the rules of the commissioner for driver qualifications on August 1, 1992, must comply with those rules on and after August 1, 1994.

(b) In addition to the requirements in paragraph (a), private carriers operating vehicles licensed and registered for a gross weight in excess of 26,000 pounds shall comply with rules adopted under this section relating to driver qualifications.

(c) The requirements as to driver qualifications and maximum rules for hours of service for of drivers do not apply to private carriers who are (1) public utilities as defined in section 216B.02, subdivision 4; (2) cooperative electric associations organized under chapter 308A; (3) telephone companies as defined in section 237.01, subdivision 2; or (4) who are engaged in the transportation of construction materials, tools and equipment from shop to job site or job site to job site, for use by the private carrier in the new construction, remodeling, or repair of buildings, structures or their appurtenances.

(d) (c) The rules for driver qualification rule qualifications and the hours of service rules of drivers do not apply to vehicles controlled by a farmer and operated by a farmer or farm employee to transport agricultural products or, farm machinery, or supplies to or from a farm if the vehicle is not used in the operations of a motor carrier and not carrying hazardous materials of a type or quantity that requires the vehicle to be marked or placarded in accordance with section 221.033.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.031, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. [AGRICULTURAL EXEMPTIONS.] (a) Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision 2, private carriers engaged in intrastate commerce and operating vehicles transporting agricultural and other farm products within an area having a 50-mile radius from the business location of the private carrier must comply only with the commissioner's rules for driver qualifications and safety of operations; safe operation of vehicles; and equipment, parts, and accessories, except as provided in paragraphs (b) and (c).

(b) A rear-end dump truck or other rear-unloading truck while being used for hauling agricultural and other farm products from a place of production or on-farm storage site to a place of processing or storage, is not subject to any rule of the commissioner requiring rear-end protection, including a federal regulation adopted by reference.

(c) A private carrier operating a commercial motor vehicle as defined in section 169.781, subdivision 1, must comply with sections 169.781 to 169.783.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.031, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2b. [OTHER EXEMPTIONS.] From August 1, 1992, to August 1,

1994, the rules of the commissioner for hours of service for drivers do not apply to a person exclusively engaged in the transportation of asphalt cement, cementitious material, fly ash, or sod, when the transportation is provided within a radius of 100 miles from (1) the person's home post office, or (2) a highway construction or maintenance site where the asphalt cement, cementitious material, fly ash, or sod is being used.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.031, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [VEHICLES OVER 12,000 10,000 POUNDS NOT EXEMPT.] (a) This subdivision applies to vehicles persons engaged in intrastate commerce- who operate vehicles providing transportation described in section 221.025 which are registered and licensed for with a gross vehicle weight in excess of 12,000 10,000 pounds, except school buses, commuter vans, and authorized emergency vehicles₇.

(b) Persons providing transportation described in section 221.025, clause (f), (j), (l), or (m), must comply with the rules of the commissioner for safety of operations safe operation of vehicles and for equipment, parts, and accessories.

(c) Persons providing transportation described in section 221.025, except for persons providing transportation described in clause (f), (j), (l), or (m), must comply with the rules of the commissioner for safe operation of vehicles; equipment, parts, and accessories; and, after August 1, 1994, the rules of the commissioner for driver qualifications.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.031, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. [CONTRACTORS OR RECIPIENTS OF TRANSPORTATION ASSISTANCE.] Notwithstanding subdivision 3, providers of passenger transportation service under contract to and with operating assistance from the department or the regional transit board must comply with rules of the commissioner for driver qualifications₇; safe operation of vehicles₇; equipment, parts, and accessories₇ maximum; hours of service of drivers₇; inspection, repair, and maintenance₇; and accident reporting.

This subdivision does not apply to (1) a local transit commission. (2) a transit authority created by the legislature, (3) special transportation service certified by the commissioner under section 174.30, or (4) special transportation service defined in section 174.29, subdivision 1, when provided by a volunteer driver operating a private passenger vehicle defined in section 169.01, subdivision 3a.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.031, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3b. [SOLID WASTE TRANSPORTERS NOT EXEMPT.] Persons providing transportation described in section 221.025, clause (b), must comply with the rules of the commissioner for driver qualifications after August 1, 1994; hours of service of drivers; safe operation of vehicles; equipment, parts, and accessories; and inspection, repair, and maintenance. A local government unit, as defined in section 115A.03, subdivision 17, shall not enact or enforce laws, ordinances, or regulations for the operation of solid waste transporters that are inconsistent with the rules of the commissioner.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.031, subdivision 6, is

amended to read:

Subd. 6. [VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION RULE.] (a) The following carriers shall display the carrier's name and address on the power unit of each vehicle:

(1) motor carriers, regardless of the weight of the vehicle;

(2) interstate and intrastate private carriers operating vehicles licensed and registered for with a gross vehicle weight of 12,000 10,000 pounds or more; and

(3) vehicles providing transportation described in section 221.025 which are licensed and registered for with a gross vehicle weight of 12,000 10,000 pounds or more except those providing transportation described in section 221.025, clauses (a), (c), and (d).

Vehicles described in clauses (2) and (3) that are operated by farmers or farm employees and have four or fewer axles are not required to comply with the vehicle identification rule of the commissioner.

(b) Vehicles subject to this subdivision must show the name or "doing business as" name of the carrier operating the vehicle and the eity or community and state abbreviation of the state in which the carrier maintains its principal office or in which the vehicle is customarily based. If the carrier operates a leased vehicle, it may show its name and the name of the lessor on the vehicle, if the lease relationship is clearly shown. If the name of a person other than the operating carrier appears on the vehicle, the words "operated by" must immediately precede the name of the carrier.

(c) The name and address must be in letters that contrast sharply in color with the background, be readily legible during daylight hours from a distance of 50 feet while the vehicle is stationary, and be maintained in a manner that retains the legibility of the markings. The name and address may be shown by use of a removable device if that device meets the identification and legibility requirements of this subdivision.

Sec. 23. [221.0313] [CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES TESTING AND PROCEDURES.]

Subdivision 1. [PURPOSE; INTENT; EXEMPTION.] (a) The purpose of this section is to adopt federal regulations governing testing for controlled substances.

(b) The legislature intends that the adopted federal regulations be applied:

(1) to persons who provide intrastate transportation, who are subject to the rules of the commissioner for driver qualifications, and who operate commercial motor vehicles, as defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 391.85; and

(2) in the same manner that the federal regulations apply to interstate transportation.

(c) Intrastate carriers who are required to comply with the adopted federal regulations are exempt from the requirements of sections 181.950 to 181.957. This exemption applies only to the testing of drivers.

Subd. 2. [DEFINITIONS.] For purposes of this section, the following terms used in the federal regulations adopted in subdivisions 4 and 5 have the meanings given them in this subdivision:

(a) "DOT agency" means the commissioner of transportation.

(b) "DOT agency regulations" means the federal regulations adopted in subdivisions 4 and 5.

(c) "Motor carrier" means:

(1) a motor carrier as defined in section 221.011, subdivision 15; and

(2) a private carrier as defined in section 221.011, subdivision 26, or a person providing transportation described in section 221.025 when the private carrier or person:

(i) is subject to the rules of the commissioner for driver qualifications under section 221.031; and

(ii) is operating a commercial motor vehicle.

The term "motor carrier" includes a motor carrier's agents; officers; representatives; employees responsible for hiring, supervising, training, assigning, or dispatching drivers; and employees concerned with installing, inspecting, and maintaining motor vehicle equipment or accessories. The definition of motor carrier includes the term "employer."

Subd. 3. [APPLICABILITY.] The regulations adopted in subdivisions 4 and 5 apply to a motor carrier providing transportation by commercial motor vehicle in intrastate commerce.

Subd. 4. [DRIVER QUALIFICATIONS; FEDERAL REGULATIONS ADOPTED.] Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, sections 391.41, paragraph (c); 391.43, paragraph (a)(2); 391.81, paragraphs (a) and (b); 391.85; 391.87; 391.89; 391.95 to 391.123; and part 391, appendix D, are incorporated by reference.

Subd. 5. [CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES TESTING; FEDERAL REG-ULATIONS ADOPTED.] Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, sections 40.1; 40.3; 40.21, paragraphs (a), (c), and (d); 40.23 to 40.39; and part 40, appendix A, are incorporated by reference.

Subd. 6. [APPLICABILITY OF OTHER TESTING PROGRAMS.] (a) If a drug testing program established under this section is limited to testing for the controlled substances listed in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 40.21, paragraph (a), sections 181.950 to 181.957 do not apply.

(b) Persons subject to this section may test for drugs, in addition to those listed in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 40.21, paragraph (a), or for alcohol, only in accordance with sections 181.950 to 181.957, and rules adopted under those sections.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.033, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [REQUIREMENTS.] Except as provided in subdivisions 2 and 3 to 4, no person may transport or have transported offer or shipped accept for transportation within the state of Minnesota a hazardous material, hazardous substance, or hazardous waste except in compliance with United States Code, title 49, sections 1801 to 1811 and the provisions of Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, sections parts 171 to 199. Those provisions apply to transportation in intrastate commerce to the same extent they apply to transportation in interstate commerce.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.033, subdivision 2, is

amended to read:

Subd. 2. [EXCEPTION EXEMPTION FOR FARMERS.] (a) This subdivision applies to persons engaged in intrastate commerce.

(b) Farmers or their employees transporting diesel fuel, gasoline, agricultural chemicals, or agricultural fertilizers for use on the transporter's farm are not required to comply with the driver qualification rules of the commissioner or with the shipping paper requirements of the Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, sections 172.200 and 177.817 or with section 397.7(B) or 397.9(A) of the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations when:

(1) transporting diesel fuel or gasoline in motorized tank truck vehicles of less than 1,500-gallon capacity owned by the transporter, or in tanks securely mounted in other motor vehicles with a gross vehicle weight of less than 12,000 10,000 pounds and owned by the transporter; or

(2) transporting agricultural chemicals and agricultural fertilizers.

(b) Fertilizer and agricultural chemical retailers or their employees are exempt from the rule of the commissioner requiring that drivers must be at least 21 years of age when:

(1) the retailer or its employee is transporting fertilizer or agricultural chemicals directly to a farm for on farm use within a radius of 50 miles of the retailer's business location; and

(2) the driver employed by the retailer is at least 18 years of age.

Fertilizer and agricultural chemical retailers or their employees are also exempt, during the period from April 1, 1991, to June 1, 1991, from the commissioner's rules governing maximum hours of service of drivers, when transporting fertilizer or agricultural chemicals directly to a farm for on farm use within a radius of 50 miles of the retailer's business location.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.033, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. [AGRICULTURALLY RELATED EXEMPTION.] (a) This subdivision applies to persons engaged in intrastate commerce.

(b) Fertilizer and agricultural chemical retailers or their employees are exempt from the rule of the commissioner requiring that drivers must be at least 21 years of age when:

(1) the retailer or its employee is transporting fertilizer or agricultural chemicals directly to a farm for on-farm use within a radius of 50 miles of the retailer's business location; and

(2) the driver employed by the retailer is at least 18 years of age.

(c) A fertilizer or agricultural chemical retailer, or a driver employed by a fertilizer or agricultural chemical retailer, is exempt from the rule of the commissioner adopting Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 395.3, paragraph (b), relating to hours of service of drivers, and section 395.8, requiring a driver's record of duty status, while exclusively engaged in the transportation of fertilizer or agricultural chemicals between April 1 and July 1 of each year when:

(1) the transportation is from the retailer's place of business directly to a farm within a 50-mile radius of the retailer's place of business;

(2) the fertilizer or agricultural chemicals are for use on the farm to

which they are transported; and

(3) the employer maintains a daily record for each driver showing the time a driver reports for duty, the total number of hours a driver is on duty, and the time a driver is released from duty.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.033, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2b. [CARGO TANKS.] The leakage test requirement in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 180.407, paragraph (h), does not apply to cargo tanks of up to 3,000 gallons capacity that transport gasoline in intrastate commerce.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.034, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [NOTICE REQUIRED.] At the earliest practicable moment, each person who transports hazardous materials, including hazardous wastes, shall give notice in accordance with subdivision 2 after each incident that occurs during the course of transportation including loading, unloading, and temporary storage, in which as a direct result of hazardous materials:

(1) a person is killed;

(2) a person receives injuries requiring hospitalization;

(3) estimated carrier or other property damage exceeds \$50,000;

(4) an evacuation of the general public occurs lasting one or more hours:

(5) one or more major transportation arteries or facilities are closed or shut down for one hour or more;

(6) the operational flight pattern or routine of an aircraft is altered;

(7) fire, breakage, spillage, or suspected radioactive contamination occurs involving shipment of radioactive material;

(5) (8) fire, breakage, spillage, or suspected contamination occurs involving shipment of etiologic agents; or

(6) (9) a situation exists of such a nature that, in the judgment of the carrier, it should be reported in accordance with subdivision 2 even though it does not meet the criteria of subdivision 1, clause (1), (2), or (3), but a continuing danger to life exists at the scene of the incident.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.034, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [TIME LIMIT.] Each carrier who transports hazardous materials shall report in writing in duplicate on a form prescribed by the commissioner within 15 30 days of the date of discovery, each incident that occurs during the course of transportation, including loading, unloading, or temporary storage, in which, as a direct result of the hazardous materials, any of the circumstances set forth in subdivision 1 occurs or there has been an unintentional release of hazardous materials from a package, including a tank, or any quantity of hazardous waste has been discharged during transportation.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.035, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [LICENSE REQUIREMENT.] (a) A person may not transport hazardous waste that is required to have a manifest under Minnesota Rules, part 7045.0261, or is required to have shipping papers under Minnesota Rules, part 7045.0125, without a license issued under this section.

(b) If the applicant complies with the requirements of this section, the commissioner shall issue the license and shall issue a vehicle identification decal for each single unit vehicle or trailer that the licensee will use to transport hazardous waste. The applicant shall pay a fee of \$500 for a three-year license and an annual fee of \$25 for each vehicle identification decal. The license must be maintained at the licensee's principal place of business. The name and address of the licensee must be displayed on both sides of each unit of the vehicle. The vehicle identification decal must be displayed on the single unit vehicle or trailer to which it is assigned, as prescribed by the commissioner, *unless the vehicle carries a trip permit under sub-division 1a*. The decal is effective only when the license is effective. The license must be renewed in the third year following the date of the issuance of the license. The license must obtain new decals each year. The license may not be transferred to another person. All decals issued during the year expire each year on the anniversary date of the license.

(c) An applicant for a license under this section, who is not otherwise subject to section 221.141, shall file a certificate of insurance with the commissioner as provided in section 221.141. The certificate must state that the insurer has issued to the applicant a policy that by endorsement provides public liability insurance in the amount required by Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, part 387.

(d) The commissioner may not issue a license to an applicant or renew a license if the commissioner determines the applicant's record of violations of federal and state motor carrier safety and hazardous material, hazardous waste, and hazardous substance requirements meets the standard for suspension or revocation of a license under subdivision 3 or if the applicant has an unsatisfactory or conditional safety rating from the United States Department of Transportation.

(e) Before issuing or renewing a license, the commissioner shall conduct a criminal record check of an applicant. If the applicant is a corporation, the commissioner may conduct a criminal record check of the applicant's owners, officers, or controlling agents. The commissioner may also conduct a criminal record check at any time while a person is licensed under this section. The criminal record check must consist of an examination of the state criminal records repository for violations of federal and state motor carrier safety and hazardous material, hazardous waste, and hazardous substance statutes, regulations, or rules. The bureau of criminal apprehension shall provide the commissioner, upon request, conviction information it has about an applicant. The conviction information must include convictions for violations of section 609.671 and, when available, similar statutes or rules of other states. An applicant's failure to cooperate with the commissioner in conducting a criminal record check is reasonable cause to denv an application or revoke a license. The commissioner may not release the results of a criminal record check to any person except the applicant.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.035, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 1a. [TRIP PERMIT REQUIREMENTS; FEE.] A hazardous waste trip permit valid for ten days from the date of issue may be issued to a person licensed under subdivision 1 who also complies with section 221.141. The fee for a trip permit is \$10.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.035, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [OPERATION REQUIREMENTS.] A vehicle operated under a license issued under this section must be operated in compliance with the rules of the commissioner adopted under this chapter governing: driver qualifications; safety of safe operation of vehicles; equipment, parts, and accessories; inspection, repair, and maintenance; and maximum hours of service of drivers.

Sec. 33. [221.037] [HAZARDOUS MATERIALS; INFORMATION, INSPECTION.]

Subdivision 1. [REQUIRED TO PROVIDE INFORMATION.] A person who generates, stores, treats, transports, disposes of, or otherwise handles or has handled hazardous materials, hazardous substances, or hazardous waste shall (1) give to transportation representatives and hazardous material specialists of the department information relating to the materials, substances, or waste, or (2) permit them access to and copying of records relating to the materials, substances, or waste, or both.

Subd. 2. [AUTHORITY TO INSPECT.] Transportation representatives and hazardous material specialists of the department have the authority to enter, at a reasonable time and place, any vehicle, cargo tank, or other container used to transport hazardous materials, hazardous substances, or hazardous waste and any treatment, storage, or disposal facility or other place where the materials, substances, or waste are or have been generated, stored, treated, disposed of, or transported from. They may inspect the vehicle, cargo tank, or container and obtain from any person samples of the materials, substances, or waste for enforcing sections 221.033 to 221.036 or rules adopted under those sections. The authority granted under this subdivision includes the right to break and replace seals.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.121, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PERMIT CARRIERS.] A person desiring to operate as a permit carrier, except as a livestock carrier, or a local cartage carrier shall file a petition with the commissioner specifying the kind of permit desired, the name and address of the petitioner and the names and addresses of the officers, if a corporation, and other information as the board and commissioner may require. Letters of shipper support must be filed with the petition. No person shall knowingly make a false or misleading statement in a petition. The board, after notice to interested parties and a hearing, shall issue the permit upon compliance with the laws and rules relating to it, if it finds that petitioner is fit and able to conduct the proposed operations, that petitioner's vehicles meet the safety standards established by the department, that the area to be served has a need for the transportation services requested in the petition, and that existing permit and certificated carriers in the area to be served have failed to demonstrate that they offer sufficient transportation services to meet fully and adequately those needs, provided that no person who holds a permit at the time sections 221.011 to 221.291 take effect may be denied a renewal of the permit upon compliance with other provisions of sections 221.011 to 221.291. A permit once granted continues in full force and effect until abandoned or unless suspended or revoked, subject to compliance by the permit holder with the applicable provisions of law and the rules of the commissioner or board governing permit carriers. No permit may be issued to a common carrier by rail permitting the common carrier to operate trucks for hire within this state, nor may a common carrier by rail be permitted to own, lease, operate, control, or have an interest in a permit carrier by truck, either by stock ownership or otherwise, directly, indirectly, through a holding company, or by stockholders or directors in common, or in any other manner. Nothing in sections 221.011 to 221.291 prevents the board from issuing a permit to a common carrier by rail authorizing the carrier to operate trucks wholly within the limits of a municipality or within adjacent or contiguous municipalities or a common rate point served by the railroad and only as a service supplementary to the rail service now established by the carriers.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.121, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. [FEES.] The permit holder petitioner shall pay a fee of \$150 into the treasury of the state of Minnesota for each kind of permit or extension of authority for which a petition is filed under this section.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.131, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [PERMIT RENEWAL.] Permits issued under section 221.121 are effective for a 12-month period. Each A permit must be renewed holder shall renew the permit annually and each by registration of the vehicles operated under authority of that permit as required by subdivision 2. A permit holder shall have has one annual renewal date encompassing all of the permits held by the holder.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.131, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PERMIT CARRIERS; ANNUAL VEHICLE REGISTRA-TION] (a) The permit holder shall pay an annual registration fee of \$20 on each vehicle, including pickup and delivery vehicles, operated by the holder under authority of the permit during the 12-month period or fraction of the 12-month period. Trailers and semitrailers used by a permit holder in combination with power units may not be counted as vehicles in the computation of fees under this section if the permit holder pays the fees for power units.

(b) The commissioner shall furnish a distinguishing annual identification card for each vehicle or power unit for which a fee has been paid. The identification card must at all times be carried in the vehicle or power unit to which it has been assigned. An identification card may be reassigned to another vehicle or power unit upon application of the permit holder and payment of a transfer fee of \$10. An identification card issued under the provisions of this section is valid only for the period for which the permit is effective.

(c) The name and residence of the permit holder must be steneiled or otherwise shown identified on the outside of both doors power unit of each registered vehicle operated under the permit. Vehicles must show the name or the "doing business as" name of the permit holder operating the vehicle and the community and abbreviation of the state in which the permit holder maintains its principal office or in which the vehicle is customarily based. If the permit holder operates a leased vehicle, it may show its name and the name of the lessor on the vehicle, if the lease relationship is clearly shown. If the name of a person other than the operating permit holder appears on the vehicle, the words "operated by" must immediately precede the name of the permit holder. The name and address must be in letters that contrast sharply in color with the background, be readily legible during daylight hours from a distance of 50 feet while the vehicle is stationary, and be maintained in a manner that retains the legibility of the markings. The name and address may be shown by use of a removable device if that device meets the identification and legibility requirements of this subdivision.

(d) A fee of 10 is charged for the replacement of an unexpired identification card that has been lost or damaged.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.131, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. [COURIER SERVICE CARRIERS; IDENTIFICATION CARDS.] The commissioner shall issue distinct annual identification cab cards for vehicles that provide courier service under a permit issued by the board. A courier service identification cab card may not be issued for a vehicle that has a registered gross vehicle weight or gross vehicle weight rating in excess of 15,000 pounds.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.161, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [FILING; HEARING UPON BOARD INITIATIVE.] Every A permit carrier, including a livestock carrier but not including a local cartage carrier, shall file and maintain with the commissioner a tariff showing rates and charges for the transportation of transporting persons or property. The filing with and acceptance by the commissioner of these tariffs, in accordance with the rules relating to the tariffs, constitutes notice to the public and interested parties of the contents of the tariffs. Tariffs must be prepared and filed in accordance with the rules of the commissioner. When tariffs are filed in accordance with the rules and accepted by the commissioner, the filing constitutes notice to the public and interested parties of the contents of the tariffs. The commissioner shall not accept for filing tariffs which that are unjust and, unreasonable or, unjustly discriminatory or, unduly preferential or prejudicial, or otherwise in violation of the provisions of this section or rules adopted under this section. If the tariffs appear to be unjust or, unreasonable or, unjustly discriminatory or, unduly preferential or prejudicial, or otherwise in violation of this section, the board or rules adopted under this section, after notification and investigation by the department, the board may suspend and postpone the effective date of the tariffs and assign the tariffs for hearing upon notice to the permit carrier filing the proposed tariffs and to other interested parties, including users of the service and competitive carriers by motor vehicle and rail. At the hearing, the burden of proof is on the permit carrier filing the proposed tariff to sustain the validity of the proposed schedule of rates and charges. Tariffs for the transportation of transporting livestock are not subject to rejection, suspension, or postponement by the board, except as provided in subdivisions 2 and 3. The tariffs and subsequent supplements to them or reissues of them must state the effective date, which may not be less than ten days following the date of filing, unless the period of time is reduced by special permission of the commissioner.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.60, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [FORM AND FEES.] A motor carrier engaged in interstate commerce shall register its interstate transportation authority or exemption before February 1 of each year on a form prescribed by the commissioner. The fee for the initial registration is \$25. The fee for each identification stamp is \$5; however, a lesser fee may be collected pursuant to a reciprocal agreement authorized by section 221.65. In addition to the fees required by this subdivision, a motor carrier shall pay a service charge of 45 cents for each stamp or card issued.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.605, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [FEDERAL REGULATIONS.] (a) Interstate carriers and private carriers engaged in interstate commerce shall comply with the federal motor carrier safety regulations, Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, parts 390 to 398_7 ; with Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, part 40; and with the rules of the commissioner concerning inspections, vehicle and driver out-of-service restrictions and requirements, and vehicle, driver, and equipment checklists. For purposes of regulating commercial motor vehicles as defined in section 169.781, subdivision 1, the exemption provided in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 396.11, paragraph (d), applies in Minnesota only to driveaway-towaway operations.

(b) An interstate carrier or private carrier engaged in interstate commerce who complies with federal regulations governing testing for controlled substances is exempt from the requirements of sections 181.950 to 181.957 unless the carrier's drug testing program provides for testing for controlled substances in addition to those listed in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 40.21, paragraph (a), or for alcohol. Persons subject to this section may test for drugs, in addition to those listed in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 40.21, paragraph (a), or for alcohol, only in accordance with sections 181.950 to 181.957 and rules adopted under those sections.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.81, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [LICENSE.] No person may operate as a building mover in this state unless licensed by the commissioner. The commissioner may inspect a building mover's vehicles or records to determine compliance with this section.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.81, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3d. [IDENTIFICATION.] (a) A building mover's name and address must be displayed on the power unit of a vehicle used to move buildings and on buildings being moved.

(b) Vehicles and buildings must show the name or "doing business as" name of the license holder operating the vehicle and the community and abbreviation of the state in which the license holder maintains its principal office or in which the vehicle is customarily based. If the building mover operates a leased vehicle, it may show its name and the name of the lessor on the vehicle, if the lease relationship is clearly shown. If the name of a person other than the building mover appears on the vehicle, the words "operated by" must immediately precede the name of the building mover.

(c) The name and address must be in letters that contrast sharply in color with the background, be readily legible during daylight hours from a distance of 50 feet while the vehicle or building is stationary, and be maintained in a manner that retains the legibility of the markings. The name and address may be shown by use of a removable device if that device meets the identification and legibility requirements of this subdivision.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.81, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 3e. [SAFETY RULES.] (a) A building mover must comply with the rules of the commissioner for safe operation of vehicles; equipment, parts, and accessories, except as provided in paragraph (b); inspection, repair, and maintenance; accident reporting; and, on and after August 1, 1994, driver qualifications.

(b) A towed vehicle, other than a full trailer, pole trailer, or semitrailer, as those terms are defined in Code of Federal Regulations, title 49, section 390.5, used by a building mover to move a building on a highway is not required to comply with rules of the commissioner for equipment, parts, and accessories.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 221.81, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [LICENSE REVOCATION, SUSPENSION, DENIAL.] The commissioner, after notice and a hearing, may revoke, suspend, or deny a license for:

(a) failure of the applicant or license holder to reimburse the road authority for damage to public highways, roads, streets, or utilities which that are not paid for by the license holder's insurer;

(b) conduct of the applicant or license holders holder that endangers the health and safety of users of the public highways, roads, streets, or utilities;

(c) conduct of the applicant or license holder that obstructs traffic in a manner other than as authorized in the permit;

(d) violation of the provisions of this section; or

(e) failure to obtain *or comply with* required local moving permits or permits required by section 169.86;

(f) placing or leaving a building on property without the permission of the owner of the property or in violation of local ordinances; or

(g) abandoning a building after it is first moved under the road permit. For purposes of this subdivision, "abandon" means conduct that shows that a building mover has failed to use reasonable diligence in moving a building to the location described in the road permit.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 364.09, is amended to read:

364.09 [EXCEPTIONS.]

(a) This chapter shall does not apply to the practice of law enforcement_{τ}; to fire protection agencies_{τ}; to eligibility for a private detective or protective agent license_{τ}; to eligibility for a family day care license, a family foster care license, or a home care provider license_{τ}; to eligibility for a license

issued or renewed by the board of teaching or state board of education; to eligibility for school bus driver endorsements; to eligibility for special transportation service endorsements; or to eligibility for juvenile corrections employment, where the offense involved child physical or sexual abuse or criminal sexual conduct.

(b) This chapter does not apply to a school district.

(c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to preclude precludes the Minnesota police and peace officers training board or the state fire marshal from recommending policies set forth in this chapter to the attorney general for adoption in the attorney general's discretion to apply to law enforcement or fire protection agencies.

Sec. 47. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Sections 6 and 7 are effective July 1, 1992. Section 23 is effective August 1, 1993."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to transportation; making technical and clarifying changes; defining terms; providing for maximum weight per inch of tire width; modifying axle weight limitations; allowing commissioner of transportation to adopt rules assessing administrative penalties for violations of special transportation service standards; providing for regulation of motor vehicles having a gross vehicle weight of 10,000 pounds or more and operated by motor carriers; requiring certain carriers to comply with rules on driver qualifications and maximum hours of service after August 1. 1994; applying federal regulations on drug testing to intrastate motor carriers; regulating transportation of hazardous materials, substances, and waste: specifying identification information required on power units; authorizing small fee for motor carrier identification stamps; regulating building movers; authorizing release of criminal history data for purposes of special transportation license endorsements; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, sections 169.825, subdivisions 11 and 14; 174.30, subdivision 2; 221.011, subdivisions 20, 21, 25, and by adding a subdivision; 221.021; 221.031, subdivisions 1, 2, 2a, 3, 3a, 6, and by adding subdivisions; 221.033. subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding subdivisions; 221.034, subdivisions 1 and 3: 221.035, subdivisions 1, 2, and by adding a subdivision; 221.121, subdivisions 1 and 7; 221.131, subdivisions 1, 2, and 6; 221.161, subdivision 1; 221.60, subdivision 2; 221.605, subdivision 1; and 221.81, subdivisions 2, 4, and by adding subdivisions; Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, sections 169.781, subdivisions 1 and 5; 169.825, subdivisions 8 and 10; 169.86, subdivision 5; 221.025; and 364.09; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 221."

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. Amendments adopted Report adopted.

Mr. DeCramer from the Committee on Transportation, to which was referred

S.E. No. 1575: A bill for an act relating to railroads; authorizing expenditure of rail service improvement account money for maintenance of rail lines and rights-of-way in the rail bank; authorizing the commissioner of transportation to acquire abandoned rail lines and rights-of-way by eminent domain; eliminating requirement to offer state rail bank property to adjacent land owners; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, sections 222.50, subdivision 7; 222.63, subdivisions 2, 2a, and 4; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 222.63, subdivision 5.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 2, line 5, delete "or"

Page 2, line 8, before the period, insert "; and

(g) to pay the state matching portion for federal grants for rail-highway grade crossing improvement projects"

Page 2, line 19, reinstate the stricken language

Page 3, delete section 4

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 10, delete ", 2a, and 4" and insert "and 2a"

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Mr. DeCramer from the Committee on Transportation. to which was referred

S.E. No. 2520: A bill for an act relating to motor vehicles; allowing registrar to recover the cost of manufacturing and issuing motor vehicle license plates and stickers; crediting fees from the sale of license plates to the highway user tax distribution fund; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, sections 168.012, by adding a subdivision; 168.042, by adding a subdivision; 168.12, subdivisions 2 and 5; 168.128, by adding a subdivision; and 168.29; Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 168.041, by adding a subdivision.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, after line 12, insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 168.012, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. (a) The following vehicles are exempt from the provisions of this chapter requiring payment of tax and registration fees, except as provided in subdivision 1c:

(1) vehicles owned and used solely in the transaction of official business by representatives of foreign powers, by the federal government, the state, or any political subdivision;

(2) vehicles owned and used exclusively by educational institutions and used solely in the transportation of pupils to and from such institutions:

(3) vehicles used solely in driver education programs at nonpublic high schools;

(4) vehicles owned by nonprofit charities and used exclusively to transport disabled persons for educational purposes;

(5) vehicles owned and used by honorary consul or consul general of foreign governments; and

(6) ambulances owned by ambulance services licensed under section 144.802, the general appearance of which is unmistakable.

(b) Vehicles owned by the federal government, municipal fire apparatus, police patrols and ambulances, the general appearance of which is unmistakable, shall not be required to register or display number plates.

(c) Unmarked vehicles used in general police work and arson investigations, and passenger automobiles, pickup trucks, and buses owned or operated by the department of corrections shall be registered and shall display appropriate license number plates which shall be furnished by the registrar at cost. Original and renewal applications for these license plates authorized for use in general police work and for use by the department of corrections must be accompanied by a certification signed by the appropriate chief of police if issued to a police vehicle, the appropriate sheriff if issued to a sheriff's vehicle, the commissioner of corrections if issued to a department of corrections vehicle, or the appropriate officer in charge if issued to a vehicle of any other law enforcement agency. The certification must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicle will be used exclusively for a purpose authorized by this section.

(d) Unmarked vehicles used by the department of revenue in conducting seizures or criminal investigations must be registered and must display passenger vehicle classification license number plates which shall be furnished at cost by the registrar. Original and renewal applications for these passenger vehicle license plates must be accompanied by a certification signed by the commissioner of revenue. The certification must be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and state that the vehicles will be used exclusively for the purposes authorized by this section.

(e) All other motor vehicles shall be registered and display tax-exempt number plates which shall be furnished by the registrar at cost, except as provided in subdivision 1c. All vehicles required to display tax-exempt number plates shall have the name of the state department or political subdivision, or the nonpublic high school operating a driver education program, on the vehicle plainly displayed on both sides thereof in letters not less than 2-1/2 inches high and one-half inch wide; except that each state hospital and institution for the mentally ill and mentally retarded may have one vehicle without the required identification on the sides of the vehicle, and county social service agencies may have vehicles used for child and vulnerable adult protective services without the required identification on the sides of the vehicle. Such identification shall be in a color giving contrast with that of the part of the vehicle on which it is placed and shall endure throughout the term of the registration. The identification must not be on a removable plate or placard and shall be kept clean and visible at all times; except that a removable plate or placard may be utilized on vehicles leased or loaned to a political subdivision or to a nonpublic high school driver education program."

Renumber the sections in sequence

Amend the title as follows:

Page 1, line 2, after the semicolon, insert "allowing certain unmarked tax-exempt vehicles;"

Page 1, line 7, after the second comma, insert "subdivision 1, and"

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Mr. DeCramer from the Committee on Transportation, to which was referred

S.F. No. 1999: A bill for an act relating to traffic regulations; authorizing the operation of flashing lights and stop arms on school buses transporting persons age 18 and under to and from certain activities; requiring school bus sign on school bus providing such transportation; amending Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, sections 169.441, subdivision 3; 169.443, subdivision 3, and by adding a subdivision.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 169.441, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [SIGN ON BUS; APPLICATION OF OTHER LAW.] Sections 169.442, subdivisions 2 and 3; 169.443, subdivision 2; and 169.444, subdivisions 1, 4, and 5, apply only if the school bus bears on its front and rear a plainly visible sign containing the words "school bus" in letters at least eight inches in height.

Except as provided in section 169.443, subdivision 8, the sign must be removed or covered when the vehicle is being used as other than a school bus.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 169.443, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [WHEN SIGNALS NOT USED.] School bus drivers shall not activate the prewarning flashing amber signals or flashing red signals:

(1) in special school bus loading areas where the bus is entirely off the traveled portion of the roadway and where no other motor vehicle traffic is moving or is likely to be moving within 20 feet of the bus;

(2) in residential or business districts of home rule or statutory cities when directed not to do so by the local school administrator;

(3) when a school bus is being used on a street or highway for purposes other than the actual transportation of school children to or from school or a school-approved activity, *except as provided in subdivision 8*;

(4) at railroad grade crossings; and

(5) when loading and unloading people while the bus is completely off the traveled portion of a separated, one-way roadway that has adequate shoulders. The driver shall drive the bus completely off the traveled portion of this roadway before loading or unloading people.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 169.443, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 8. [SCHOOL BUSES USED FOR RECREATIONAL AND EDU-CATIONAL ACTIVITY.] A school bus that transports over regular routes and on regular schedules persons age 18 or under to and from a regularly scheduled recreational or educational activity must comply with subdivisions 1 and 7. Notwithstanding section 169.441, subdivision 3, a school bus may provide such transportation only if (1) the "school bus" sign required by section 169.443, subdivision 3, is plainly visible; (2) the school bus has a valid certificate of inspection under section 169.451; (3) the driver of the school bus possesses a driver's license with a valid school bus endorsement under section 171.10; and (4) the entity that organizes the recreational or educational activity, or the contractor who provides the school buses to the entity, consults with the superintendent of the school district in which the activity is located or the superintendent's designee on the safety of the regular routes used."

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Mr. Novak from the Committee on Energy and Public Utilities, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2320: A bill for an act relating to utilities; requiring more efficient customer service by telephone companies; requiring companies to honor a request for tracing calls made to a household that has received harassing calls; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 237.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"Section 1. [237.069] [TRACERS; HARASSING TELEPHONE CALLS.]

The commission shall adopt rules to govern how telephone companies respond to requests for tracers made by persons who allege receiving harassing telephone calls. The rules must address when a request for a tracer may be denied or delayed.

Sec. 2. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 1 is effective the day following final enactment."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to utilities; requiring the public utilities commission to adopt rules governing telephone companies' responses to requests for tracing calls made to households that have received harassing calls; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 237."

And when so amended the bill do pass. Amendments adopted. Report adopted.

Mr. Dahl from the Committee on Education, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2219: A bill for an act relating to education; transferring powers and responsibilities for licensing private business, trade, and correspondence schools to the higher education coordinating board; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 141.21, by adding a subdivision; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 141.21, subdivision 2.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance. Report adopted.

. . .

Mr. Novak from the Committee on Energy and Public Utilities, to which was referred

S.F. No. 2349: A bill for an act relating to energy; providing incentives for the use of renewable energy sources; providing tax exemptions for photovoltaic devices; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, sections 216C.06, by adding a subdivision; and 297A.25, by adding a subdivision; Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 272.02, subdivision 1.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill be amended as follows:

Page 8, line 3, delete everything after "exempt"

Page 8, line 4, delete everything before the period

And when so amended the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Taxes and Tax Laws.

Pursuant to Joint Rule 2.03, the bill was referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

Mr. Moe, R.D. from the Committee on Rules and Administration, to which was referred

H.F. No. 2572 for comparison with companion Senate File, reports the following House File was found identical and recommends the House File be given its second reading and substituted for its companion Senate File as follows:

GENERAL ORDERS		CONSENT CALENDAR		CALENDAR	
		H.F. No.		H.F. No.	S.F. No.
2572	2309				

and that the above Senate File be indefinitely postponed.

Pursuant to Rule 49, this report was prepared and submitted by the Secretary of the Senate on behalf of the Committee on Rules and Administration. Report adopted.

Mr. Frank from the Committee on Metropolitan Affairs, to which was re-referred

S.F. No. 2145: A bill for an act relating to metropolitan government; permitting the metropolitan council to issue bonds for development of light rail transit; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 473.39.

Reports the same back with the recommendation that the bill do pass and be re-referred to the Committee on Finance.

Pursuant to Joint Rule 2.03, the bill was referred to the Committee on Rules and Administration.

SECOND READING OF SENATE BILLS

S.F. Nos. 2049, 2622, 2368, 1821, 2380, 1575, 1999 and 2320 were read the second time.

SECOND READING OF HOUSE BILLS

H.F. Nos. 2034, 2081, 1249 and 2572 were read the second time.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS

Mr. Pogemiller moved that his name be stricken as chief author and the name of Mr. Morse be added as chief author to S.F. No. 410. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Dicklich moved that the name of Mr. Lessard be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 2193. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Samuelson moved that the name of Mr. Chmielewski be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 2433. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Morse moved that the name of Mr. Mondale be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 2638. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Luther moved that the name of Mr. Merriam be added as a co-author to S.F. No. 2746. The motion prevailed.

Without objection, remaining on the Order of Business of Motions and Resolutions, the Senate reverted to the Order of Business of Reports of Committees.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

SUSPENSION OF RULES

Mr. Moe, R.D. moved that Joint Rule 2.03 be suspended as to the Committee Report on S.F. No. 2145. The motion prevailed.

Mr. Moe, R.D. moved the adoption of the Committee Report on S.F. No. 2145. The motion prevailed. Report adopted.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

S.F. No. 720 and the Conference Committee Report thereon were reported to the Senate.

CONFERENCE COMMITTEE REPORT ON S.F. NO. 720

A bill for an act relating to housing and economic development: modifying procedures relating to rent escrow actions; modifying procedures relating to the tenant's loss of essential services; modifying provisions relating to tenant remedy actions, retaliatory eviction proceedings, and receivership proceedings; modifying provisions relating to Minnesota housing finance agency low- and moderate-income housing programs; requiring counseling for reverse mortgage loans; modifying certain receivership, assignment of rents and profits, and landlord and tenant provisions; modifying provisions relating to housing and redevelopment authorities; providing for the issuance of general obligation bonds for housing by the cities of Minneapolis and St. Paul; authorizing the city of Minneapolis to make small business loans; authorizing certain economic development activities within the city of St. Paul; excluding housing districts from the calculation of local government aid reductions; modifying the interest rate reduction program; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, sections 47.58, by adding a subdivision; 268.39; 273.1399, subdivision 1; 462A.03, subdivisions 10, 13, and 16; 462A.05, subdivision 20, and by adding a subdivision; 462A.08, subdivision 2; 462A.21, subdivisions 4k, 12a, and 14; 462A.22, subdivision 9; 462A.222, subdivision 3; 462C.03, subdivision 10; 469.002, subdivision

24: 469.011, subdivision 4: 469.012, subdivisions 1 and 3: 469.015, subdivisions 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision: 469.176, subdivision 4f; 474A.048, subdivision 2: 481.02, subdivision 3: 504.02; 504.18, subdivision 1: 504.185, subdivision 2: 504.20, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, and 7; 504.27; 559.17, subdivision 2: 566.03, subdivision 1: 566.17, by adding a subdivision; 566.175, subdivision 6: 566.18, subdivision 9: 566.29, subdivisions 2 and 4: and 576.01, subdivision 2: Laws 1974, chapter 285, section 4, as amended; Laws 1987, chapter 404, section 28, subdivision 1; Laws 1988, chapter 594, section 6: Laws 1989, chapter 335, article 1, section 27, subdivision 1, as amended; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 609; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 462A.05, subdivisions 28 and 29.

March 11, 1992

The Honorable Jerome M. Hughes President of the Senate

The Honorable Dee Long Speaker of the House of Representatives

We, the undersigned conferees for S.F. No. 720, report that we have agreed upon the items in dispute and recommend as follows:

That the House recede from its amendments and that S.F. No. 720 be further amended as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1

LANDLORD AND TENANT

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 481.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [PERMITTED ACTIONS.] The provisions of this section shall not prohibit:

(1) any person from drawing, without charge, any document to which the person, an employer of the person, a firm of which the person is a member, or a corporation whose officer or employee the person is, is a party, except another's will or testamentary disposition or instrument of trust serving purposes similar to those of a will;

(2) a person from drawing a will for another in an emergency if the imminence of death leaves insufficient time to have it drawn and its execution supervised by a licensed attorney-at-law;

(3) any insurance company from causing to be defended, or from offering to cause to be defended through lawyers of its selection, the insureds in policies issued or to be issued by it, in accordance with the terms of the policies;

(4) a licensed attorney-at-law from acting for several common-carrier corporations or any of its subsidiaries pursuant to arrangement between the corporations;

(5) any bona fide labor organization from giving legal advice to its members in matters arising out of their employment;

(6) any person from conferring or cooperating with a licensed attorneyat-law of another in preparing any legal document, if the attorney is not, directly or indirectly, in the employ of the person or of any person, firm, or corporation represented by the person;

(7) any licensed attorney-at-law of Minnesota, who is an officer or employee of a corporation, from drawing, for or without compensation, any document to which the corporation is a party or in which it is interested personally or in a representative capacity, except wills or testamentary dispositions or instruments of trust serving purposes similar to those of a will, but any charge made for the legal work connected with preparing and drawing the document shall not exceed the amount paid to and received and retained by the attorney, and the attorney shall not, directly or indirectly, rebate the fee to or divide the fee with the corporation;

(8) any person or corporation from drawing, for or without a fee, farm or house leases, notes, mortgages, chattel mortgages, bills of sale, deeds, assignments, satisfactions, or any other conveyances except testamentary dispositions and instruments of trust;

(9) a licensed attorney-at-law of Minnesota from rendering to a corporation legal services to itself at the expense of one or more of its bona fide principal stockholders by whom the attorney is employed and by whom no compensation is, directly or indirectly, received for the services;

(10) any person or corporation engaged in the business of making collections from engaging or turning over to an attorney-at-law for the purpose of instituting and conducting suit or making proof of claim of a creditor in any case in which the attorney-at-law receives the entire compensation for the work;

(11) any regularly established farm journal or newspaper, devoted to general news, from publishing a department of legal questions and answers to them, made by a licensed attorney-at-law, if no answer is accompanied or at any time preceded or followed by any charge for it, any disclosure of any name of the maker of any answer, any recommendation of or reference to any one to furnish legal advice or services, or by any legal advice or service for the periodical or any one connected with it or suggested by it, directly or indirectly;

(12) any authorized management agent of an owner of rental property used for residential purposes, whether the management agent is a natural person, corporation, partnership, limited partnership, or any other business entity, from commencing, maintaining, conducting, or defending in its own behalf any action in any court in this state to recover or retain possession of the property, except that the provision of this clause does not authorize a person who is not a licensed attorney-at-law to conduct a jury trial or to appear before a district court or the court of appeals or supreme court pursuant to an appeal;

(13) any person from commencing, maintaining, conducting, or defending on behalf of the plaintiff or defendant any action in any court of this state pursuant to the provisions of section 566.175 or sections 566.18 to 566.33566.35 or from commencing, maintaining, conducting, or defending on behalf of the plaintiff or defendant any action in any court of this state for the recovery of rental property used for residential purposes pursuant to the provisions of section 566.02 or 566.03, subdivision 1, except that the provision of this clause does not authorize a person who is not a licensed attorney-at-law to conduct a jury trial or to appear before a district court or the court of appeals or supreme court pursuant to an appeal, and provided that, except for a nonprofit corporation, a person who is not a licensed attorney-at-law shall not charge or collect a separate fee for services rendered pursuant to this clause; or

(14) the delivery of legal services by a specialized legal assistant in accordance with a specialty license issued by the supreme court before July 1, 1995.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 504.02, is amended to read:

504.02 [CANCELLATION OF LEASES IN CERTAIN CASES: ABAN-DONMENT OR SURRENDER OF POSSESSION.]

Subdivision 1. [ACTION TO RECOVER.] (a) In case of a lease of real property, when the landlord has a subsisting right of reentry for the failure of the tenant to pay rent the landlord may bring an action to recover possession of the property and such action is equivalent to a demand for the rent and a reentry upon the property; but if, at any time before possession has been delivered to the plaintiff on recovery in the action, the lessee or a successor in interest as to the whole or any part of the property pays to the plaintiff or brings into court the amount of the rent then in arrears, with interest and costs of the action, and an attorney's fee not exceeding \$5, and performs the other covenants on the part of the lessee, the lessee or successor may be restored to the possession and hold the property according to the terms of the original lease.

(b) If the tenant has paid to the plaintiff or brought into court the amount of rent in arrears but is unable to pay the interest, costs of the action, and attorney fees required by this subdivision, the court may permit the defendant to pay these amounts into court and be restored to possession within the same period of time, if any, which the court stays the issuance of the writ of restitution pursuant to section 566.09.

(c) Prior to or after commencement of an action to recover possession for nonpayment of rent, the parties may agree only in writing that partial payment of rent in arrears which is accepted by the landlord prior to issuance of the order granting restitution of the premises pursuant to section 566.09 may be applied to the balance due and does not waive the landlord's action to recover possession of the premises for nonpayment of rent.

(d) Rental payments under this subdivision must first be applied to rent claimed as due in the complaint from prior rental periods before applying any payment toward rent claimed in the complaint for the current rental period, unless the court finds that under the circumstances the claim for rent from prior rental periods has been waived.

Subd. 2. [LEASE GREATER THAN 20 YEARS.] (a) If the lease under which the right of reentry is claimed is a lease for a term of more than 20 years, reentry cannot be made into the land or such action commenced by the landlord unless, after default, the landlord shall serve upon the tenant, also upon all creditors having a lien of record legal or equitable upon the leased premises or any part thereof, a written notice that the lease will be canceled and terminated unless the payment or payments in default shall be made and the covenants in default shall be performed within 30 days after the service of such notice, or within such greater period as the lessor shall specify in the notice, and if such default shall not be removed within the period specified within the notice, then the right of reentry shall be complete at the expiration of the period and may be exercised as provided by law. If any such lease shall provide that the landlord, after default, shall give more then 30 days' notice in writing to the tenant of the landlord intention to terminate the tenancy by reason of default in terms thereof, then the length of the notice to terminate shall be the same as provided for and required by the lease.

(b) As to such leases for a term of more than 20 years, if at any time before the expiration of six months after possession obtained by the plaintiff by abandonment or surrender of possession by the tenant or on recovery in the action, the lessee or a successor in interest as to the whole or part of the property, or any creditor having a lien legal or equitable upon the leased premises or any part thereof, pays to the plaintiff, or brings into court, the amount of rent then in arrears, with interest and the costs of the action, and performs the other covenants on the part of the lessee, the lessee or successor may be restored to the possession and hold the property according to the terms of the original lease. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any action or proceeding now pending in any of the courts of this state.

Subd. 3. [JUDGMENT TO BE RECORDED.] Upon recovery of possession by the landlord in the action a certified copy of the judgment shall be recorded in the office of the county recorder of the county where the land is situated if unregistered land or in the office of the registrar of titles of such county if registered land and upon recovery of possession by the landlord by abandonment or surrender by the tenant an affidavit by the landlord or the landlord's attorney setting forth such fact shall be recorded in a like manner and such recorded certified copy of such judgment or such recorded affidavit shall be prima facie evidence of the facts stated therein in reference to the recovery of possession by such landlord.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 504.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. In every lease or license of residential premises, whether in writing or parol, the lessor or licensor covenants:

(a) That the premises and all common areas are fit for the use intended by the parties.

(b) To keep the premises in reasonable repair during the term of the lease or license, except when the disrepair has been caused by the willful, malicious, or irresponsible conduct of the lessee or licensee or a person under the direction or control of the lessee or licensee.

(c) To maintain the premises in compliance with the applicable health and safety laws of the state, *including the weatherstripping*, *caulking*, *storm window*, and storm door energy efficiency standards for renter-occupied *residences prescribed by section 216C.27*, *subdivisions 1 and 3*, and of the local units of government where the premises are located during the term of the lease or license, except when violation of the health and safety laws has been caused by the willful, malicious, or irresponsible conduct of the lessee or licensee or a person under the direction or control of the lessee or licensee.

The parties to a lease or license of residential premises may not waive or modify the covenants imposed by this section.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 504.185, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PROCEDURE.] When a municipality, utility company, or other

company supplying home heating oil, propane, natural gas, electricity, or water to a building has *issued a final notice or has posted the building proposing to disconnect or* discontinued the service to the building because an owner who has contracted for the service has failed to pay for it or because an owner is required by law or contract to pay for the service and fails to do so, a tenant or group of tenants may pay to have the service continued or reconnected as provided under this section. Before paying for the service, the tenant or group of tenants shall give oral or written notice to the owner of the tenant's intention to pay after 48 hours, or a shorter period that is reasonable under the circumstances, if the owner has not already paid for the service. In the case of oral notification, written notice shall be mailed or delivered to the owner within 24 hours after oral notice is given.

(a) In the case of natural gas, electricity, or water, if the owner has not yet paid the bill by the time of the tenant's intended payment, or if the service remains discontinued, the tenant or tenants may pay the outstanding bill for the most recent billing period, if the utility company or municipality will restore the service for at least one billing period.

(b) In the case of home heating oil or propane, if the owner has not yet paid the bill by the time of the tenant's intended payment, or if the service remains discontinued, the tenant or tenants may order and pay for one month's supply of the proper grade and quality of oil or propane.

After submitting receipts for the payment to the owner, a tenant may deduct the amount of the tenant's payment from the rental payment next paid to the owner. Any amount paid to the municipality, utility company, or other company by a tenant under this subdivision is considered payment of rent to the owner for purposes of section 504.02.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 504.20, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. (a) Every landlord shall;

(1) within three weeks after termination of the tenancy; or

(2) within five days of the date when the tenant leaves the building or dwelling due to the legal condemnation of the building or dwelling in which the tenant lives for reasons not due to willful, malicious, or irresponsible conduct of the tenant,

and *after* receipt of the tenant's mailing address or delivery instructions, return the deposit to the tenant, with interest thereon as above provided, or furnish to the tenant a written statement showing the specific reason for the withholding of the deposit or any portion thereof.

(b) It shall be sufficient compliance with the time requirement of this subdivision if the deposit or written statement required by this subdivision is placed in the United States mail as first class mail, postage prepaid, in an envelope with a proper return address, correctly addressed according to the mailing address or delivery instructions furnished by the tenant, within the time required by this subdivision. The landlord may withhold from the deposit only amounts reasonably necessary:

(a) (1) to remedy tenant defaults in the payment of rent or of other funds due to the landlord pursuant to an agreement; or

(b) (2) to restore the premises to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, ordinary wear and tear excepted.

(c) In any action concerning the deposit, the burden of proving, by a fair preponderance of the evidence, the reason for withholding all or any portion of the deposit shall be on the landlord.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 504.20, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Any landlord who fails to:

(1) provide a written statement within three weeks of termination of the tenancy and;

(2) provide a written statement within five days of the date when the tenant leaves the building or dwelling due to the legal condemnation of the building or dwelling in which the tenant lives for reasons not due to willful, malicious, or irresponsible conduct of the tenant, or

(3) transfer or return a deposit as required by subdivision 5,

after receipt of the tenant's mailing address or delivery instructions, as required in subdivision 3, shall be liable to the tenant for damages in an amount equal to the portion of the deposit withheld by the landlord and interest thereon as provided in subdivision 2, as a penalty, in addition to the portion of the deposit wrongfully withheld by the landlord and interest thereon.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 504.20, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Upon termination of the landlord's interest in the premises, whether by sale, assignment, death, appointment of receiver or otherwise, the landlord or the landlord's agent shall, within a reasonable time 60 days of termination of the interest or when the successor in interest is required to return or otherwise account for the deposit to the tenant, whichever occurs first, do one of the following acts, either of which shall relieve the landlord or agent of further liability with respect to such deposit:

(a) Transfer such deposit, or any remainder after any lawful deductions made under subdivision 3, with interest thereon as provided in subdivision 2, to the landlord's successor in interest and thereafter notify the tenant of such transfer and of the transferee's name and address; or

(b) Return such deposit, or any remainder after any lawful deductions made under subdivision 3, with interest thereon as provided in subdivision 2, to the tenant.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 504.20, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. The bad faith retention by a landlord of the *a* deposit, the interest thereon, or any portion thereof, in violation of this section shall subject the landlord to punitive damages not to exceed \$200 for each deposit in addition to the damages provided in subdivision 4. If the landlord has failed to comply with the provisions of subdivision 3 or 5, retention of the *a* deposit shall be presumed to be in bad faith unless the landlord returns the deposit within two weeks after the commencement of any action for the recovery of the deposit.

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Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 504.27, is amended to read:

504.27 [REMEDIES ARE ADDITIONAL.]

The remedies provided in sections 504.24 to 504.26 are in addition to and shall not limit other rights or remedies available to landlords and tenants. Any provision, whether oral or written, of any lease or other agreement, whereby any provision of sections 504.24 to 504.27 is waived by a tenant is contrary to public policy and void. The provisions of sections 504.24 to 504.27 shall apply only to tenants as that term is defined in section 566.18, subdivision 2, and buildings as that term is defined in section 566.18, subdivision 7. The provisions of sections 504.24, 504.25, 504.255, and 504.26 apply to occupants and owners of residential real property which is the subject of a mortgage foreclosure or contract for deed cancellation and as to which the period for redemption or reinstatement of the contract has expired.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 566.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The person entitled to the premises may recover possession in the manner provided in this section when:

(1) any person holds over lands or tenements after a sale thereof on an execution or judgment, or on foreclosure of a mortgage, and expiration of the time for redemption, or after termination of contract to convey the same, provided that if the person holding such lands or tenements after the sale, foreclosure. expiration of the time for redemption or termination is a tenant, the person has received:

(i) at least one month's written notice of the termination of tenancy as a result of to vacate no sooner than one month after the sale, foreclosure, expiration of the time for redemption or termination, provided that the tenant pays the rent and abides by all terms of the lease; or when

(ii) at least one month's written notice to vacate no later than the date of the expiration of the time for redemption or termination, which notice shall also state that the sender will hold the tenant harmless for breaching the lease by vacating the premises if the mortgage is redeemed or the contract is reinstated;

(2) any person holds over lands or tenements after termination of the time for which they are demised or let to that person or to the persons under whom that person holds possession, or contrary to the conditions or covenants of the lease or agreement under which that person holds, or after any rent becomes due according to the terms of such lease or agreement; or when

(3) any tenant at will holds over after the determination of any such the estate by notice to quit; in all such eases the person entitled to the premises may recover possession thereof in the manner hereinafter provided.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 566.17, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. In the second and fourth judicial districts, the housing calendar consolidation project shall retain jurisdiction in matters relating to removal of property under this section. If the plaintiff refuses to return the property after proper demand is made as provided in section 504.24, the court shall enter an order requiring the plaintiff to return the property to the defendant and awarding reasonable expenses including attorney fees to the defendant.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 566.175, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. The provisions of This section shall apply only applies to:

(1) tenants as that term is defined in section 566.18, subdivision 2, and including occupants and owners of residential real property which is the subject of a mortgage foreclosure or contract for deed cancellation and as to which the period for redemption or reinstatement of the contract has expired;

(2) buildings as that term is defined in section 566.18, subdivision 7; and

(3) landlords as the term "owner" is defined in section 566.18, subdivision 3, but also including mortgagees and contract for deed vendors.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 566.18, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. [NEIGHBORHOOD ORGANIZATION.] "Neighborhood organization" means a nonprofit corporation incorporated under chapter 317A that satisfies clauses (1) and (2).

The corporation shall:

(1) designate in its articles of incorporation or bylaws a specific geographic community to which its activities are limited; and

(2) be formed for the purposes of promoting community safety, crime prevention, and housing quality in a nondiscriminatory manner.

For purposes of this chapter, an action taken by a neighborhood organization with the written permission of a tenant means, with respect to a building with multiple dwelling units, an action taken by the neighborhood organization with the written permission of the tenants of a majority of the *occupied* units.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 566.29, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Such person *or neighborhood organization* shall post bond to the extent of the rents expected by the court to be necessary to be collected to correct the violation or violations. Administrators appointed from the governmental agencies shall not be required to give bond.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 566.29, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [POWERS.] The administrator is authorized to:

(a) Collect rents from tenants and commercial tenants, evict tenants and commercial tenants for nonpayment of rent or other cause, enter into leases for vacant dwelling units, rent vacant commercial units with the consent of the owner and exercise all other powers necessary and appropriate to carry out the purposes of Laws 1973, chapter 611;

(b) Contract for the reasonable cost of materials, labor and services necessary to remedy the violation or violations found by the court to exist and for the rehabilitation of the property in order to maintain safe and

habitable conditions over the useful life of the property, and make disbursements for payment therefor from funds available for the purpose;

(c) Provide any services to the tenants which the owner is obligated to provide but refuses or fails to provide, and pay for them from funds available for the purpose;

(d) Petition the court, after notice to the parties, for an order allowing the administrator to encumber the premise premises to secure funds to the extent necessary to cover the cost of materials, labor, and services, including reasonable fees for the administrator's services, necessary to remedy the violation or violations found by the court to exist and for rehabilitation of the property in order to maintain safe and habitable conditions over the useful life of the property, and to pay for them from funds derived from the encumbrance; and

(e) Petition the court, after notice to the parties, for an order allowing the administrator to receive funds made available for this purpose by the *federal or state governing body or the* municipality to the extent necessary to cover the cost of materials, labor, and services necessary to remedy the violation or violations found by the court to exist and for rehabilitation of the property in order to maintain safe and habitable conditions over the useful life of the property, and pay for them from funds derived from the municipal sources this source. The municipality shall recover disbursements by special assessment on the real estate affected, bearing interest at the rate determined by the municipality, not exceeding the rate established for finance charges for open-end credit sales under section 334.16, subdivision 1. clause (b), with the assessment, interest and any penalties to be collected the same as special assessments made for other purposes under state statute or municipal charter.

Sec. 16. [609.606] [UNLAWFUL OUSTER OR EXCLUSION.]

A landlord, agent of the landlord, or person acting under the landlord's direction or control who unlawfully and intentionally removes or excludes a tenant from lands or tenements or intentionally interrupts or causes the interruption of electrical, heat, gas, or water services to the tenant with intent to unlawfully remove or exclude the tenant from lands or tenements is guilty of a misdemeanor.

ARTICLE 2

ASSIGNMENT OF RENTS AND RECEIVERSHIP

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 559.17, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. A mortgagor may assign, as additional security for the debt secured by the mortgage, the rents and profits from the mortgaged real property, if the mortgage:

(1) Was executed, modified or amended subsequent to August 1, 1977;

(2) Secured an original principal amount of \$500,000 \$100,000 or more or is a lien upon residential real estate containing more than four dwelling units; and

(3) Is not a lien upon property which was entirely homesteaded as, residential real estate containing four or less dwelling units where at least one of the units is homesteaded, or agricultural property. The assignment may be enforced as follows:

(a) If, by the terms of an assignment, a receiver is to be appointed upon the occurrence of some specified event, and a showing is made that the event has occurred, the court shall, without regard to waste, adequacy of the security, or solvency of the mortgagor, appoint a receiver who shall, with respect to the excess cash remaining after application as provided in section 576.01, subdivision 2, apply it as prescribed by the assignment. If the assignment so provides, the receiver shall apply the excess cash in the manner set out herein from the date of appointment through the entire redemption period from any foreclosure sale. Subject to the terms of the assignment, the receiver shall have the powers and duties as set forth in section 576.01, subdivision 2π ; or

(b) If no provision is made for the appointment of a receiver in the assignment or if by the terms of the assignment a receiver may be appointed, the assignment shall be binding upon the assignor unless or until a receiver is appointed without regard to waste, adequacy of the security or solvency of the mortgagor, but only in the event of default in the terms and conditions of the mortgage, and only in the event the assignment requires the holder thereof to first apply the rents and profits received as provided in section 576.01, subdivision 2, in which case the same shall operate against and be binding upon the occupiers of the premises from the date of filing by the holder of the assignment in the office of the county recorder or the office of the registrar of titles for the county in which the property is located of a notice of default in the terms and conditions of the mortgage and service of a copy of the notice upon the occupiers of the premises. The holder of the assignment shall apply the rents and profits received in accordance with the terms of the assignment, and, if the assignment so provides, for the entire redemption period from any foreclosure sale. A holder of an assignment who enforces it in accordance with this clause shall not be deemed to be a mortgagee in possession with attendant liability.

Nothing contained herein shall prohibit the right to reinstate the mortgage debt granted pursuant to section 580.30, nor the right to redeem granted pursuant to sections 580.23 and 581.10, and any excess cash, as that term is used herein, collected by the receiver under clause (a), or any rents and profits taken by the holder of the assignment under clause (b), shall be credited to the amount required to be paid to effect a reinstatement or redemption.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 576.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. A receiver shall be appointed in the following case:

After the first publication of notice of sale for the foreclosure of a mortgage pursuant to chapter 580, or with the commencement of an action to foreclose a mortgage pursuant to chapter 581, and during the period of redemption, if the mortgage being foreclosed secured an original principal amount of \$500,000 \$100,000 or more or is a lien upon residential real estate containing more than four dwelling units and was not a lien upon property which was entirely homesteaded, residential real estate containing four or less dwelling units where at least one unit is homesteaded, or agricultural property, the foreclosing mortgagee or the purchaser at foreclosure sale may at any time bring an action in the district court of the county in which the mortgaged premises or any part thereof is located for the appointment of a receiver; provided, however, if the foreclosure is by action under chapter 581, a separate action need not be filed. Pending trial of the action on the

merits, the court may make a temporary appointment of a receiver following the procedures applicable to temporary injunctions under the rules of civil procedure. If the motion for temporary appointment of a receiver is denied, the trial of the action on the merits shall be held as early as practicable, but not to exceed 30 days after the motion for temporary appointment of a receiver is heard. The court shall appoint a receiver upon a showing that the mortgagor has breached a covenant contained in the mortgage relating to any of the following:

(1) Application of tenant security deposits as required by section 504.20;

(2) Payment when due of prior or current real estate taxes or special assessments with respect to the mortgaged premises, or the periodic escrow for the payment of the taxes or special assessments;

(3) Payment when due of premiums for insurance of the type required by the mortgage, or the periodic escrow for the payment of the premiums;

(4) Keeping of the covenants required of a lessor or licensor pursuant to section 504.18, subdivision 1.

The receiver shall be an experienced property manager. The court shall determine the amount of the bond to be posted by the receiver.

The receiver shall collect the rents, profits and all other income of any kind, manage the mortgaged premises so to prevent waste, execute leases within or beyond the period of the receivership if approved by the court, pay the expenses listed in clauses (1), (2), and (3) in the priority as numbered, pay all expenses for normal maintenance of the mortgaged premises and perform the terms of any assignment of rents which complies with section 559.17, subdivision 2. Reasonable fees to the receiver shall be paid prior thereto. The receiver shall file periodic accountings as the court determines are necessary and a final accounting at the time of discharge.

The purchaser at foreclosure sale shall have the right, at any time and without limitation as provided in section 582.03, to advance money to the receiver to pay any or all of the expenses which the receiver should otherwise pay if cash were available from the mortgaged premises. Sums so advanced, with interest, shall be a part of the sum required to be paid to redeem from the sale. The sums shall be proved by the affidavit of the purchaser, an agent or attorney, stating the expenses and describing the mortgaged premises. The affidavit must be filed for record with the county recorder or the registrar of titles, and a copy thereof shall be furnished to the sheriff and the receiver at least ten days before the expiration of the period of redemption.

Any sums collected which remain in the possession of the receiver at termination of the receivership shall, in the event the termination of the receivership is due to the reinstatement of the mortgage debt or redemption of the mortgaged premises by the mortgagor, be paid to the mortgagor; and in the event termination of the receivership occurs at the end of the period of redemption without redemption by the mortgagor or any other party entitled to redeem, interest accrued upon the sale price pursuant to section 580.23 or section 581.10 shall be paid to the mortgagor, except if the receiver was enforcing an assignment of rents which complies with section 559.17, subdivision 2, in which case any net sum remaining shall be paid pursuant to the terms of the assignment.

This subdivision shall apply to all mortgages executed on or after August 1, 1977, and to amendments or modifications of such mortgages, and to amendments or modifications made on or after August 1, 1977, to mortgages executed before August 1, 1977, if the amendment or modification is duly recorded and is for the principal purpose of curing a default.

ARTICLE 3

HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITIES

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 469.002, subdivision 24, is amended to read:

Subd. 24. [SECTION 8 PROGRAM.] "Section 8 program" means an existing housing assistance payments program under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, United States Code, title 42, section 1437f, as amended through December 31, 1989.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 469.011, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [EXPENSES; COMPENSATION.] Each commissioner may receive necessary expenses, including traveling expenses, incurred in the performance of duties. Each commissioner may be paid \$35 up to \$55 for attending each regular and special meeting of the authority. The aggregate of all payments to each commissioner for any one year shall not exceed \$2,500. Commissioners who are elected officials or full-time state employees or full-time employees of the political subdivisions of the state may not receive the daily payment, but they may suffer no loss in compensation or benefits from the state or a political subdivision as a result of their service on the board. Commissioners who are full-time state employees or full-time employees of the political subdivisions of the state may receive the expenses provided for in this subdivision unless the expenses are reimbursed by another source.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 469.012, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. [SCHEDULE OF POWERS.] An authority shall be a public body corporate and politic and shall have all the powers necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes of sections 469.001 to 469.047, except that the power to levy and collect taxes or special assessments is limited to the power provided in sections 469.027 to 469.033. Its powers include the following powers in addition to others granted in sections 469.001 to 469.047:

(1) to sue and be sued; to have a seal, which shall be judicially noticed, and to alter it; to have perpetual succession; and to make, amend, and repeal rules consistent with sections 469,001 to 469,047;

(2) to employ an executive director, technical experts, and officers, agents, and employees, permanent and temporary, that it requires, and determine their qualifications, duties, and compensation; for legal services it requires, to call upon the chief law officer of the city or to employ its own counsel and legal staff; so far as practicable, to use the services of local public bodies in its area of operation, provided that those local public bodies, if requested, shall make the services available;

(3) to delegate to one or more of its agents or employees the powers or duties it deems proper;

(4) within its area of operation, to undertake, prepare, carry out, and operate projects and to provide for the construction, reconstruction, improvement, extension, alteration, or repair of any project or part thereof;

(5) subject to the provisions of section 469.026, to give, sell, transfer, convey, or otherwise dispose of real or personal property or any interest therein and to execute leases, deeds, conveyances, negotiable instruments, purchase agreements, and other contracts or instruments, and take action that is necessary or convenient to carry out the purposes of these sections;

(6) within its area of operation, to acquire real or personal property or any interest therein by gifts, grant, purchase, exchange, lease, transfer, bequest, devise, or otherwise, and by the exercise of the power of eminent domain, in the manner provided by chapter 117, to acquire real property which it may deem necessary for its purposes, after the adoption by it of a resolution declaring that the acquisition of the real property is necessary to eliminate one or more of the conditions found to exist in the resolution adopted pursuant to section 469.003 or to provide decent, safe, and sanitary housing for persons of low and moderate income, or is necessary to carry out a redevelopment project. Real property needed or convenient for a project may be acquired by the authority for the project by condemnation pursuant to this section. This includes any property devoted to a public use, whether or not held in trust, notwithstanding that the property may have been previously acquired by condemnation or is owned by a public utility corporation, because the public use in conformity with the provisions of sections 469.001 to 469.047 shall be deemed a superior public use. Property devoted to a public use may be so acquired only if the governing body of the municipality has approved its acquisition by the authority. An award of compensation shall not be increased by reason of any increase in the value of the real property caused by the assembly, clearance or reconstruction, or proposed assembly, clearance or reconstruction for the purposes of sections 469.001 to 469.047 of the real property in an area;

(7) within its area of operation, and without the adoption of an urban renewal plan, to acquire, by all means as set forth in clause (6) but without the adoption of a resolution provided for in clause (6), real property, and to demolish, remove, rehabilitate, or reconstruct the buildings and improvements or construct new buildings and improvements thereon, or to so provide through other means as set forth in Laws 1974, chapter 228, or to grade, fill, and construct foundations or otherwise prepare the site for improvements. The authority may dispose of the property pursuant to section 469.029, provided that the provisions of section 469.029 requiring conformance to an urban renewal plan shall not apply. The authority may finance these activities by means of the redevelopment project fund or by means of tax increments or tax increment bonds or by the methods of financing provided for in section 469.033 or by means of contributions from the municipality provided for in section 469.041, clause (9), or by any combination of those means. Real property with buildings or improvements thereon shall only be acquired under this clause when the buildings or improvements are substandard. The exercise of the power of eminent domain under this clause shall be limited to real property which contains, or has contained within the three years immediately preceding the exercise of the power of eminent domain and is currently vacant, buildings and improvements which are vacated and substandard. For the purpose of this clause, substandard buildings or improvements mean hazardous buildings as defined in section 463.15, subdivision 3, or buildings or improvements that are

dilapidated or obsolescent, faultily designed, lack adequate ventilation, light, or sanitary facilities, or any combination of these or other factors that are detrimental to the safety or health of the community;

(8) within its area of operation, to determine the level of income constituting low or moderate family income. The authority may establish various income levels for various family sizes. In making its determination, the authority may consider income levels that may be established by the Department of Housing and Urban Development or a similar or successor federal agency for the purpose of federal loan guarantees or subsidies for persons of low or moderate income. The authority may use that determination as a basis for the maximum amount of income for admissions to housing development projects or housing projects owned or operated by it;

(9) to provide in federally assisted projects any relocation payments and assistance necessary to comply with the requirements of the Federal Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, and any amendments or supplements thereto;

(10) to make an agreement with the governing body or bodies creating the authority which provides exemption from all real and personal property taxes levied or imposed by the state, city, county, or other political subdivisions, for which the authority shall make payments in lieu of taxes to the state, city, county, or other political subdivisions as provided in section 469.040. The governing body shall agree on behalf of all the applicable governing bodies affected that local cooperation as required by the federal government shall be provided by the local governing body or bodies in whose jurisdiction the project is to be located, at no cost or at no greater cost than the same public services and facilities furnished to other residents:

(11) to cooperate with or act as agent for the federal government, the state or any state public body, or any agency or instrumentality of the foregoing, in carrying out any of the provisions of sections 469.001 to 469.047 or of any other related federal, state, or local legislation; and upon the consent of the governing body of the city to purchase, lease, manage, or otherwise take over any housing project already owned and operated by the federal government;

(12) to make plans for carrying out a program of voluntary repair and rehabilitation of buildings and improvements, and plans for the enforcement of laws, codes, and regulations relating to the use of land and the use and occupancy of buildings and improvements, and to the compulsory repair, rehabilitation, demolition, or removal of buildings and improvements. The authority may develop, test, and report methods and techniques, and carry out demonstrations and other activities for the prevention and elimination of slums and blight;

(13) to borrow money or other property and accept contributions, grants, gifts, services, or other assistance from the federal government, the state government, state public bodies, or from any other public or private sources;

(14) to include in any contract for financial assistance with the federal government any conditions that the federal government may attach to its financial aid of a project, not inconsistent with purposes of sections 469.001 to 469.047, including obligating itself (which obligation shall be specifically enforceable and not constitute a mortgage, notwithstanding any other laws) to convey to the federal government the project to which the contract relates upon the occurrence of a substantial default with respect to the covenants

or conditions to which the authority is subject: to provide in the contract that, in case of such conveyance, the federal government may complete, operate, manage, lease, convey, or otherwise deal with the project until the defaults are cured if the federal government agrees in the contract to reconvey to the authority the project as then constituted when the defaults have been cured:

(15) to issue bonds for any of its corporate purposes and to secure the bonds by mortgages upon property held or to be held by it or by pledge of its revenues, including grants or contributions;

(16) to invest any funds held in reserves or sinking funds, or any funds not required for immediate disbursement, in property or securities in which savings banks may legally invest funds subject to their control or in the manner and subject to the conditions provided in section 475.66 for the deposit and investment of debt service funds;

(17) within its area of operation, to determine where blight exists or where there is unsafe, unsanitary, or overcrowded housing;

(18) to carry out studies of the housing and redevelopment needs within its area of operation and of the meeting of those needs. This includes study of data on population and family groups and their distribution according to income groups, the amount and quality of available housing and its distribution according to rentals and sales prices, employment, wages, desirable patterns for land use and community growth, and other factors affecting the local housing and redevelopment needs and the meeting of those needs: to make the results of those studies and analyses available to the public and to building, housing, and supply industries;

(19) if a local public body does not have a planning agency or the planning agency has not produced a comprehensive or general community development plan, to make or cause to be made a plan to be used as a guide in the more detailed planning of housing and redevelopment areas:

(20) to lease or rent any dwellings, accommodations, lands, buildings, structures, or facilities included in any project and, subject to the limitations contained in sections 469.001 to 469.047 with respect to the rental of dwellings in housing projects, to establish and revise the rents or charges therefor;

(21) to own, hold, and improve real or personal property and to sell, lease, exchange, transfer, assign, pledge, or dispose of any real or personal property or any interest therein;

(22) to insure or provide for the insurance of any real or personal property or operations of the authority against any risks or hazards:

(23) to procure or agree to the procurement of government insurance or guarantees of the payment of any bonds or parts thereof issued by an authority and to pay premiums on the insurance:

(24) to make expenditures necessary to carry out the purposes of sections 469.001 to 469.047;

(25) to enter into an agreement or agreements with any state public body to provide informational service and relocation assistance to families, individuals, business concerns, and nonprofit organizations displaced or to be displaced by the activities of any state public body:

(26) to compile and maintain a catalog of all vacant, open and undeveloped

land, or land which contains substandard buildings and improvements as that term is defined in clause (7), that is owned or controlled by the authority or by the governing body within its area of operation and to compile and maintain a catalog of all authority owned real property that is in excess of the foreseeable needs of the authority, in order to determine and recommend if the real property compiled in either catalog is appropriate for disposal pursuant to the provisions of section 469.029, subdivisions 9 and 10:

(27) to recommend to the city concerning the enforcement of the applicable health. housing, building, fire prevention, and housing maintenance code requirements as they relate to residential dwelling structures that are being rehabilitated by low- or moderate-income persons pursuant to section 469.029, subdivision 9, for the period of time necessary to complete the rehabilitation, as determined by the authority;

(28) to recommend to the city the initiation of municipal powers, against certain real properties, relating to repair, closing, condemnation, or demolition of unsafe, unsanitary, hazardous, and unfit buildings, as provided in section 469.041, clause (5);

(29) to sell, at private or public sale, at the price or prices determined by the authority, any note, mortgage, lease, sublease, lease purchase, or other instrument or obligation evidencing or securing a loan made for the purpose of economic development, job creation, redevelopment, or community revitalization by a public agency to a business, for-profit or nonprofit organization, or an individual;

(30) within its area of operation, to acquire and sell real property that is benefited by federal housing assistance payments, other rental subsidies, interest reduction payments, or interest reduction contracts for the purpose of preserving the affordability of low- and moderate-income multifamily housing; and

(31) to apply for, enter into contracts with the federal government, administer, and carry out a section 8 program. Authorization by the governing body creating the authority to administer the program at the authority's initial application is sufficient to authorize operation of the program in its area of operation for which it was created without additional local governing body approval. Approval by the governing body or bodies creating the authority constitutes approval of a housing program for purposes of any special or general law requiring local approval of section 8 programs undertaken by city, county, or multicounty authorities; and

(32) to secure a mortgage or loan for a rental housing project by obtaining the appointment of receivers or assignments of rents and profits under sections 559.17 and 576.01, except that the limitation relating to the minimum amounts of the original principal balances of mortgages specified in sections 559.17, subdivision 2, clause (2); and 576.01, subdivision 2, does not apply.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 469.012, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [EXERCISE OF POWERS.] An authority may exercise all or any part or combination of the powers granted by sections 469.001 to 469.047 within its area of operation. Any two or more authorities may join with one another in the exercise, either jointly or otherwise, of any or all of their powers for the purpose of financing, including the issuance of bonds and giving security therefor, planning, undertaking, owning, constructing, operating, or contracting with respect to a housing project located within the area of operation of any one or more of the authorities. For that purpose an authority may by resolution prescribe and authorize any other housing authority, so joining with it, to act on its behalf with respect to any or all powers, as its agent or otherwise, in the name of the authority so joining or in its own name.

A city, county, or multicounty authority may by resolution authorize another housing authority to exercise its powers within the authorizing authority's area of operation at the same time that the authorizing authority is exercising the same powers.

A county or city may join with any authority to permit the authority, on behalf of the county, town within the county, or city, to plan, undertake, administer, and carry out a leased existing housing assistance payments program, pursuant to section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 as amended. 42 United States Code, section 1437f. A city may so join with an authority unless there is an authority in the city which has been authorized by resolution under section 469.003 to transact business or exercise powers. A county may so join with an authority unless (a) there is a county authority which has been authorized by resolution under section 469.004 to exercise powers, or the county is a member of a multicounty authority, and (b) the authority has initiated or has in progress an active program or has applied for federal assistance in a public housing, section 8, or redevelopment program within 12 months after its establishment.

Notwithstanding the other provisions of this subdivision, an authority administering and carrying out a leased existing housing assistance payments program, under section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, United States Code, title 42, section 1437f, as amended, may administer the leased existing housing assistance payments program under the statutory and regulatory portability provisions of the federal section 8 existing housing assistance payments program, United States Code, title 42, section 1437f(r), as amended.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 469.015, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. [PERFORMANCE BONDS.] Performance bonds shall be required from contractors for any works of construction as provided in and subject to all the provisions of sections 574.26 to 574.31 except for contracts entered into by an authority for an expenditure of less than \$15,000 \$25,000.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 469.015, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [EXCEPTIONS.] (a) An authority need not require competitive bidding in the following circumstances:

(1) in the case of a contract for the acquisition of a low-rent housing project:

(i) for which financial assistance is provided by the federal government:

(ii) which does not require any direct loan or grant of money from the municipality as a condition of the federal financial assistance; and

(iii) for which the contract provides for the construction of the project upon land not owned by the authority at the time of the contract, or owned by the authority for redevelopment purposes, and provides for the conveyance or lease to the authority of the project or improvements upon completion of construction;

(2) with respect to a structured parking facility:

(i) constructed in conjunction with, and directly above or below, a development; and

(ii) financed with the proceeds of tax increment or parking ramp revenue bonds; and

(3) in the case of a housing development project if:

(i) the project is financed with the proceeds of bonds issued under section 469.034;

(ii) the project is located on land that is not owned by the authority at the time the contract is entered into, or is owned by the authority only for development purposes, and provides for conveyance or lease to the authority of the project or improvements upon completion of construction; and

(iii) the authority finds and determines that elimination of the public bidding requirements is necessary in order for the housing development project to be economical and feasible.

(b) An authority need not require a performance bond in the case of for the following projects:

(1) a contract described in paragraph (a), clause (1):

(2) a construction change order for a housing project in which 30 percent of the construction has been completed;

(3) a construction contract for a single-family housing project in which the authority acts as the general construction contractor; or

(4) a services or materials contract for a housing project.

For purposes of this paragraph, "services or materials contract" does not include construction contracts.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 469.015, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. [SECURITY IN LIEU OF BOND.] The authority may accept a certified check or cashier's check in the same amount as required for a bond in lieu of a performance bond for contracts entered into by an authority for an expenditure of less than \$25,000. The check must be held by the authority for 90 days after the contract has been completed. If no suit is brought within the 90 days, the authority must return the amount of the check to the person making it. If a suit is brought within the 90-day period, the authority must disburse the amount of the check pursuant to the order of the court.

ARTICLE 4

LOCAL HOUSING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

Section 1. [ST. PAUL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.]

Subdivision 1. [AUTHORIZATION.] The city of St. Paul and the housing and redevelopment authority of the city of St. Paul may implement a citywide economic development program. The program may: (1) provide working capital financing, except from the proceeds of bonds or other obligations which may be issued only to provide the capital costs of a project;

(2) apply funds of the city or housing and redevelopment authority within or without the boundaries of a presently existing or future redevelopment project area, housing development project, housing project, municipal development district, economic development district, development district, mined underground space development, industrial development district, or tax increment district, except that tax increments shall only be applied in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.174 to 469.179;

(3) exercise the powers of an economic development authority under Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.090 to 469.108, and the powers granted to a city by Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.090 to 469.108, or Minnesota Statutes, sections 469.048 to 469.068, or other law, provided that: (i) only the city shall have the power under Minnesota Statutes, section 469.084, subdivision 11, to approve the issuance of revenue bonds by the port authority; and (ii) the housing and redevelopment authority shall not exercise the other powers of the city under sections 469.090 to 469.108 or sections 469.048 to 469.068 until and unless the city, by resolution, delegates the exercise of all or some of those powers to the housing and redevelopment authority; and

(4) apply funds as permitted by clauses (1) to (3) for the financing of a public or private parking facility, child care facility, or a project as defined by Minnesota Statutes, section 469.153, subdivision 2.

Subd. 2. [SUPPLEMENTAL POWERS.] The powers authorized under this section are in addition and supplemental to any other provisions of general or special law or charter.

Sec. 2. [EFFECTIVE DATE.]

Section 1 is effective on the day after compliance with Minnesota Statutes, section 645.021, subdivision 3, by the governing body of the city of St. Paul.

ARTICLE 5

MISCELLANEOUS

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 268.362, is amended to read:

268.362 [GRANTS.]

Subdivision 1. [GENERALLY.] The commissioner shall make grants to eligible organizations for programs to provide education and training services to targeted youth. The purpose of these programs is to provide specialized training and work experience to at-risk targeted youth who have not been served effectively by the current educational system. The programs are to include a work experience component with work projects that result in the rehabilitation or construction of residential units for the homeless. Two or more eligible organizations may jointly apply for a grant. The commissioner shall administer the grant program.

Subd. 2. [GRANT APPLICATIONS; AWARDS.] Interested eligible organizations must apply to the commissioner for the grants. The advisory committee must review the applications and provide to the commissioner a list of recommended eligible organizations that the advisory committee determines meet the requirements for receiving a grant. The total grant award for any program may not exceed \$50,000 per year. In awarding grants, the commissioner must give priority to (1) organizations that are operating or have operated successfully a program; and (2) to distributing programs throughout the state. To receive a grant under this section, the eligible organization must match the grant money with at least an equal amount of nonstate money. The commissioner must verify that the eligible organization has matched the grant money.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 268.364, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. [JOB READINESS SKILLS COMPONENT.] A job readiness skills component must be included in comprise at least 20 percent of each program. The component must provide program participants with job search skills, placement assistance, and other job readiness skills to ensure that participants will have an understanding of the building trades, unions, self-employment, and other employment opportunities and be able to compete in the employment market.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 268.365, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [PRIORITY FOR HOUSING.] Any residential units that become available through the program must be allocated in the following order:

(1) homeless individuals who have participated in constructing, rehabilitating, or improving the unit;

(2) homeless families with at least one dependent;

(2) (3) other homeless individuals;

(3) (4) other very low income families and individuals; and

(4) (5) families or individuals that receive public assistance and that do not qualify in any other priority group.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 566.34, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. [ESCROW OF RENT.] If a violation exists in a building, a tenant may deposit the amount of rent due to the owner with the court administrator using the following procedure:

(a) For a violation of section 566.18, subdivision 6, clause (a), the tenant may deposit with the court administrator the rent due the owner along with a copy of the written notice of the code violation as provided in section 566.19, subdivision 2. The tenant may not deposit the rent or file the written notice of the code violation until the time granted to make repairs has expired without satisfactory repairs being made, unless the tenant alleges that the time granted is excessive.

(b) For a violation of section 566.18, subdivision 6, clause (b) or (c), the tenant must give written notice to the owner specifying the violation. The notice must be delivered personally or sent to the person or place where rent is normally paid. If the violation is not corrected within 14 days, the tenant may deposit the amount of rent due to the owner with the court administrator along with an affidavit specifying the violation. The court must provide a simplified form affidavit for use under this clause.

(c) The tenant need not deposit rent if none is due to the owner at the time the tenant otherwise files the notice required by this subdivision. All

rent which thereafter becomes due to the owner prior to the hearing under this section must be deposited with the court administrator. As long as proceedings are pending under this section, the tenant must pay rent to the owner or as directed by the court and may not withhold rent to remedy a violation.

ARTICLE 6

HOUSING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS

Section 1. [TRAINING AND HOUSING PROGRAM FOR HOMELESS ADULTS.]

Subdivision 1. [DEFINITIONS.] The definitions in this subdivision apply to this section.

(a) "Eligible organization" means a nonprofit organization run by or for the homeless.

(b) "Homeless individual" or "homeless person" has the meaning given in United States Code, title 42, section 11302.

Subd. 2. [PLANNING GRANT.] The commissioner of the housing finance agency may make a planning grant to eligible organizations for programs to provide homeownership opportunities, education and training, or services to homeless adults. The program must promote individual stability and responsibility of homeless adults through training for jobs that pay a living wage, job placement, life skills development, and access to community support services including health services, counseling, and drug rehabilitation. The program must include a work experience and training component, job skills component, and life skills component.

Subd. 3. [WORK EXPERIENCE AND TRAINING COMPONENT.] The work experience and training component must provide vocational skill training in an industry where there are potential opportunities for jobs that pay a living wage. A monetary compensation may be provided to program participants. The compensation must be provided to participants who are recipients of public assistance in a manner or amount which will not reduce public assistance benefits. The work experience component must be designed so that work projects result in the expansion of residential units for homeless persons and very low-income individuals and families. The work experience component must include work projects that provide residential units through construction or rehabilitation for the homeless and families with income that does not exceed 50 percent of the median income for the metropolitan area. The program design must include an examination of how program participants may achieve certification as a part of the work experience and training component by entering licensing, apprenticeship, or other educational programs.

Subd. 4. [JOB SKILLS COMPONENT.] The job skills component must provide program participants with job search skills, placement assistance, and other job readiness skills to ensure that participants will be able to compete in the employment market.

Subd. 5. [LIFE SKILLS COMPONENT.] The life skills component must include mentoring to develop homeownership skills, and offer or coordinate participation in parenting and citizenship classes and leadership development to encourage community involvement and responsibility."

Delete the title and insert:

"A bill for an act relating to housing and economic development; modifying procedures relating to rent escrow actions; modifying procedures relating to the tenant's loss of essential services; modifying provisions relating to tenant remedy actions, retaliatory eviction proceedings, and receivership proceedings; modifying provisions relating to Minnesota housing finance agency low- and moderate-income housing programs; modifying certain receivership, assignment of rents and profits, and landlord and tenant provisions; modifying provisions relating to housing and redevelopment authorities; authorizing certain economic development activities within the city of St. Paul; providing for job training for homeless persons; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, sections 268.362; 268.364, subdivision 4; 268.365, subdivision 2; 469.002, subdivision 24; 469.011, subdivision 4; 469.012, subdivisions 1 and 3; 469.015, subdivisions 3, 4, and by adding a subdivision; 504.02; 504.18, subdivision 1; 504.185, subdivision 2; 504.20, subdivisions 3, 4, 5, and 7; 504.27; 559.17, subdivision 2; 566.03, subdivision 1; 566.17, by adding a subdivision; 566.175, subdivision 6; 566.18, subdivision 9; 566.29, subdivisions 2 and 4; 566.34, subdivision 2; 576.01, subdivision 2; Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, sections 481.02, subdivision 3; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 609."

We request adoption of this report and repassage of the bill.

Senate Conferees: (Signed) James P. Metzen, Randy C. Kelly, John Bernhagen

House Conferees: (Signed) Karen Clark, Richard H. Jefferson, Connie Morrison

Mr. Metzen moved that the foregoing recommendations and Conference Committee Report on S.F. No. 720 be now adopted, and that the bill be repassed as amended by the Conference Committee. The motion prevailed. So the recommendations and Conference Committee Report were adopted.

S.F. No. 720 was read the third time, as amended by the Conference Committee, and placed on its repassage.

The question was taken on the repassage of the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 60 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Adkins	Davis	Johnson, D.E.	McGowan	Ranum
Beckman	Day	Johnson, D.J.	Mehrkens	Reichgott
Belanger	DeCramer	Johnson, J.B.	Metzen	Renneke
Benson, D.D.	Dicklich	Johnston	Moe, R.D.	Riveness
Benson, J.E.	Finn	Kelly	Morse	Sams
Berg	Flynn	Knaak	Neuville	Samuelson
Berglin	Frank	Kroening	Novak	Spear
Bernhagen	Frederickson, D.J.	Langseth	Olson	Stumpf
Bertram	Frederickson, D.R	.Larson	Pappas	Terwilliger
Brataas	Gustafson	Lessard	Pariseau	Traub
Chmielewski	Hottinger	Luther	Piper	Vickerman
Cohen	Hughes	Marty	Price	Waldorf

So the bill, as amended by the Conference Committee, was repassed and its title was agreed to.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS - CONTINUED

Mr. DeCramer moved that S.F. No. 1575, on General Orders, be stricken and re-referred to the Committee on Finance. The motion prevailed.

CALENDAR

S.F. No. 1722: A bill for an act relating to state lands; providing for the release of a state interest in certain property in the city of Minneapolis.

Was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 62 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Adkins	Day	Johnson, J.B.	Metzen	Riveness
Beckman	DeCramer	Johnston	Moe, R.D.	Sams
Belanger	Dicklich	Kelly	Morse	Samuelson
Benson, D.D.	Finn	Кпаак	Neuville	Solon
Benson, J.E.	Flynn	Kroening	Novak	Spear
Berg	Frank	Laidig	Olson	Stumpt
Berglin	Frederickson, D.J.	Larson	Pappas	Terwilliger
Bernhagen	Frederickson, D.R	.Lessard	Pariseau	Traub
Bertram	Gustafson	Luther	Piper	Vickerman
Brataas	Hottinger	Marty	Price	Waldorf
Chmielewski	Hughes	McGowan	Ranum	
Cohen	Johnson, D.E.	Mehrkens	Reichgott	
Davis	Johnson, D.J.	Merriam	Renneke	

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

H.F. No. 1862: A bill for an act relating to the city of Minneapolis; extending authority to guarantee certain loans: amending Laws 1988, chapter 594, section 6.

Was read the third time and placed on its final passage.

The question was taken on the passage of the bill.

The roll was called, and there were yeas 62 and nays 0, as follows:

Those who voted in the affirmative were:

Adkins Beckman	Day	Johnson, J.B.	Metzen	Riveness
	DeCramer	Johnston Kalla	Moe, R.D.	Sams
Belanger	Dicklich	Kelly	Morse	Samuelson
Benson, D.D.	Finn	Knaak	Neuville	Solon
Benson, J.E.	Flynn	Kroening	Novak	Spear
Berg	Frank	Laidig	Olson	Stumpf
Berglin	Frederickson, D.J.	Langseth	Pappas	Terwilliger
Bernhagen	Frederickson, D.R.	Larson	Pariseau	Traub
Bertram	Gustafson	Lessard	Piper	Vickerman
Brataas	Hottinger	Luther	Price	Waldori
Chmielewski	Hughes	Marty	Ranum	
Cohen	Johnson, D.E.	McGowan	Reichgott	
Davis	Johnson, D.J.	Mehrkens	Renneke	

So the bill passed and its title was agreed to.

GENERAL ORDERS

The Senate resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole, with Mr. Hughes in the chair.

After some time spent therein, the committee arose, and Mr. Hughes

reported that the committee had considered the following:

S.F. Nos. 512, 2208, 1803, 1252, 1298, 2009, 2013, 2171, 1671, 2185, 1767, 1288, 2336, 2293, 2310, 2286, 2421, 2175, 1991, 1784, 2162, 2301, 2117, 2475, 878, 2399, 2002, 2001, 2186, 1997, 1900, 2637, 2382, 2231, 2311, 2069, 2308, 2182, 2115 and H.F. Nos. 1948, 1567, which the committee recommends to pass.

On motion of Mr. Moe, R.D., the report of the Committee of the Whole, as kept by the Secretary, was adopted.

Without objection, the Senate reverted to the Order of Business of Motions and Resolutions.

MOTIONS AND RESOLUTIONS -

Mr. Moe, R.D. moved that S.F. No. 2349 be withdrawn from the Committee on Rules and Administration and re-referred to the Committee on Taxes and Tax Laws. The motion prevailed.

Without objection, the Senate proceeded to the Order of Business of Introduction and First Reading of Senate Bills.

INTRODUCTION AND FIRST READING OF SENATE BILLS

The following bills were read the first time and referred to the committees indicated.

Messrs. Lessard, Morse, Merriam and Moe, R.D. introduced-

S.F. No. 2766: A resolution memorializing the President to take action at the Earth Summit to address global environmental concerns.

Referred to the Committee on Environment and Natural Resources.

Mr. Hughes introduced—

S.F. No. 2767: A bill for an act relating to education; repealing fiscal year 1991 requirements for education districts; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, sections 122.94, subdivision 1a; and 124.2721, subdivisions 1a, 2a, 3b, 4a, 5a, and 5b.

Referred to the Committee on Education.

Mr. Spear introduced—

S.F. No. 2768: A bill for an act relating to commerce; restraint of trade; providing an evidentiary presumption in resale price maintenance cases; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 325D.

Referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. Moe, R.D. moved that the Senate do now adjourn until 12:00 noon, Tuesday, March 24, 1992. The motion prevailed.

Patrick E. Flahaven, Secretary of the Senate